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Beam Technologies LLC SAR TEST REPORT

SCOPE OF WORK

Specific Absorption Rate - Beam Brush 3.0

REPORT NUMBER

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SPECIFIC ABSORBTION RATE TEST REPORT

Report Number: 104860298LEX-005.1

Project Number: G104860298

Report Issue Date: 12/27/2021

Report Revised Date: 6/8/2022

Product Name: Beam Brush 3.0

Standards: FCC Part 2.1093

RSS-102 Issue 5

Tested by:

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Date: 6/8/2022

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Evaluation For: Beam Technologies LLC

Product: Beam Brush 3.0

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1 INTRODUCTION

SAR Test Report

At the request of Beam Technologies LLC the Beam Brush 3.0 was evaluated for SAR in accordance with the requirements for FCC Part 2.1093 and RSS-102 Issue 5. Testing was performed in accordance with IEEE Std 1528:2013, IEC62209-2:2010, and the Office of Engineering and Technology KDB 447498. Testing was performed at the Intertek facility in Lexington, Kentucky.

For the evaluation, the dosimetric assessment system DASY52 was used. The total uncertainty for the evaluation of the spatial peak SAR values averaged over a cube of 1g tissue mass had been assessed for this system to be $\pm 22.2\%$ from 300MHz – 3GHz and 24.6% from 3GHz – 6GHz.

The Beam Brush 3.0 was tested at the maximum output power measured by Intertek. Maximum output power measurements are tabulated under Section 8 Test Results. The maximum spatial peak SAR value for the sample device averaged over 1g (for body worn mode) and 10g (for hand-held mode) is shown below.

Based on the worst-case data presented below, the Beam Brush 3.0 was found to be **compliant** with the 1.6 W/kg requirements for general population / uncontrolled exposure.

Table 1: Worst Case Reported SAR per Exposure Condition

Device Position	Transmit Mode	Separation Distance	Channel	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Left Cheek Touch	802.11b	0mm	6	22.97	0.983	1.6W/kg
Right Cheek Touch	802.11b	0mm	11	23.41	1.010	1.6W/kg



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TEST SITE DESCRIPTION 2

The SAR test site located at 731 Enterprise Drive, Lexington KY 40510 is comprised of the SPEAG model DASY 5.2 automated near-field scanning system, which is a package, optimized for dosimetric evaluation of mobile radios [3]. This system is installed in an ambient-free shielded chamber. The ambient temperature is controlled to 22.0 ±2°C. During the SAR evaluations, the RF ambient conditions are monitored continuously for signals that might interfere with the test results. The tissue simulating liquid is also stored in this area in order to keep it at the same constant ambient temperature as the room.

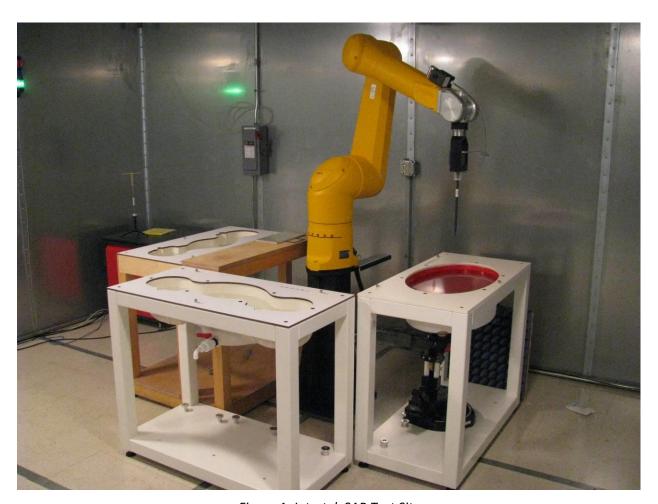


Figure 1: Intertek SAR Test Site

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2.1 Measurement Equipment

The following major equipment/components were used for the SAR evaluation:

Table 2: Test Equipment Used for SAR Evaluation

Description	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Model	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
SAR Probe	3516	Speag	EXDV3	11/12/2021	11/12/2022
2450MHz Dipole	718	Speag	D240V2	11/9/2021	11/9/2022
DAE	358	Speag	DAE4	11/10/2021	11/10/2022
Vector Signal Generator	3884	Rohde&Schwarz	SMBV100A	9/22/2021	9/22/2022
Network Analyzer	US39173983	Agilent	8753ES	2/18/2021	2/18/2022
USB Power Sensor	100155	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP-Z81	9/17/2021	9/17/2022
Dielectric Probe Kit	1111	Speag	DAK-3.5	11/9/2021	11/9/2022
Spectrum Analyzer	3727	Rohde & Schwarz	FSQ	9/17/2021	9/17/2022
SAM Twin Phantom	1663	Speag	QD 000 P40 C	NCR	NCR
6-axis robot	F11/5H1YA/A/01	Staubli	RX-90	NCR	NCR

^{*}NCR - No Calibration Required



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2.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The Tables below includes the uncertainty budget suggested by the IEEE Std 1528-2013 and IEC62209-2: 2010 as determined by SPEAG for the DASY5 measurement System.

		Prob.				Std.Unc.	Std.Unc.	(v _i)
Error Description	Uncertainty Value	Dist.	Div.	c _i (1g)	c _i (10g)	(1g)	(10g)	V _{eff}
		l	Measuremer	nt System				<u> </u>
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	~
Boundary Effect	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
			Test sample	Related				
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0%	±0%	∞
			Phantom ar	nd Setup				
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	√3	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR Correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
			,					
Liquid Permittivity(mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	~
Combined Standard Uncertainty						±11.2%	±11.1%	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±22.3%	±22.2%	

Notes:

Worst Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE 1528-2013. The budget is valid for the frequency range 300 MHz – 3 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.



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		Prob.				Std.Unc.	Std.Unc.	(v _i)
Error Description	Uncertainty Value	Dist.	Div.	c _i (1g)	c _i (10g)	(1g)	(10g)	(V _i) V _{eff}
			Measurement	System				
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effect	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	√3	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
			Test sample R	elated				
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0%	±0%	∞
			Phantom and	Setup				
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6%	R	√3	1	1	±3.8%	±3.8%	∞
SAR Correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity(mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						±12.3%	±12.2%	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±24.6%	±24.5%	

Notes.

Worst Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE 1528-2013. The budget is valid for the frequency range 3 GHz – 6 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. Probe calibration error reflects uncertainty of the EX3D probe. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.



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		Prob.				Std.Unc.	Std.Unc.	(v _i)
Error Description	Uncertainty Value	Dist.	Div.	c _i (1g)	c _i (10g)	(1g)	(10g)	V _{eff}
		<u>'</u>	Measuremer	nt System	<u> </u>	_		<u> </u>
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	~
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effect	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	~
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	√3	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Post-Processing	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	~
			Test sample	Related	1		L	
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0%	±0%	∞
			Phantom ar	nd Setup				
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.9%	R	√3	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%	~
SAR Correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	~
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	
		_	le .		0.0-			
Liquid Permittivity(mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	
Temp unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	- 8
Temp unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	
Combined Standard Uncertainty						±12.5%	±12.5%	748

Notes.

Expanded STD Uncertainty

Worst Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEC62209-2: 2010. The budget is valid for the frequency range 30MHz – 6 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. Probe calibration error reflects uncertainty of the EX3D probe. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.

±25.1%

±25.0%



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3 DESCRIPTION OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

	Equipment Under Test
Product Name	Beam Brush 3.0
Model Number	Beam Brush 3.0
Serial Number	LX-00087856
Supported Transmit Bands	Bluetooth Low Energy
	2402 – 2480MHz
	802.11b, g, n
	2412 – 2462MHz
Embedded Module	Inventek Systems ISM4343-X
Embedded Module FCCID / ICID	FCCID: 07P-4343
	ICID: 10147A-4343
Receive Date	12/12/2021
Test Start Date	12/12/2021
Test End Date	12/14/2021
Device Received Condition	Good
Test Sample Type	Production
Rated Voltage	3.6VDC (Battery)
Antenna Gains	1.4dBi
	(Note: antenna gain information was provided by Beam Technologies LLC and may affect compliance)
Doccrin	tion of Equipment Under Test (provided by client)

Description of Equipment Under Test (provided by client)

The Beam Brush 3.0 toothbrush with WiFi and Bluetooth functionality. The Bluetooth is activated when placed on the charging stand. WiFi and Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously.

Operating Band	Technology	Modulation	Frequency Range (MHz)	Maximum Output Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle
2.4GHz ISM	WiFi	DSSS, OFDM	2412 – 2462MHz	23.45dBm	1:1
2.4GHz ISM	BLE	GFSK	2402 – 2480MHz	8dBm	1:1



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4 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

System Validation

SAR Test Report

Prior to the assessment, the system was verified to be within ±10% of the specifications by using the system validation kit. The system validation procedure tests the system against reference SAR values and the performance of probe, readout electronics and software. The test setup utilizes a phantom and reference dipole.

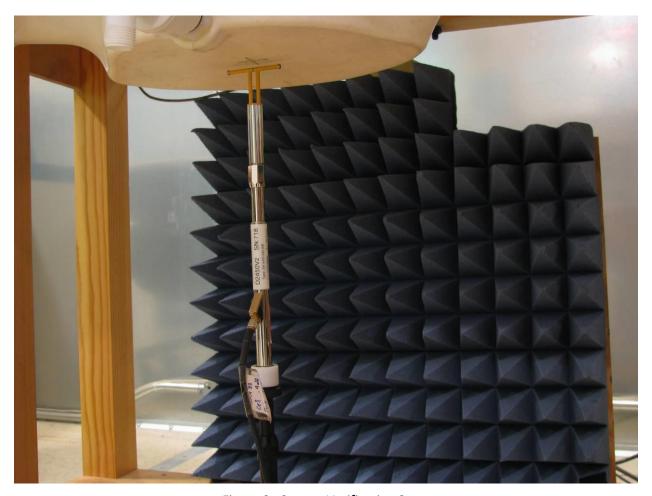


Figure 2: System Verification Setup



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Table 3: Dipole Validations

	Reference Dipole Validation													
Ambient Temp (ºC)	Fluid Temp (ºC)	Frequency (MHz)	Dipole	Fluid Type	Dipole Power Input	Cal. Lab SAR (1g)	Measured SAR (1g)	% Error SAR (1g)	Date					
23.2	23.1	2450	D2450V2	2450HSL	1W	54.20	51.60	4.80	12/12/2021					
			Re	ference Dipo	le Validatio	n								
					Dipole									
Ambient	Fluid Temp	Frequency			Power	Cal. Lab	Measured	% Error						
Temp (ºC)	(ºC)	(MHz)	Dipole	Fluid Type	Input	SAR (10g)	SAR (10g)	SAR (10g)	Date					
23.2	23.1	2450	D2450V2	2450HSI	1\//	25.60	24 10	5.86	12/12/2021					



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Measurement Uncertainty for System Validation

Source of Uncertainty	Value(dB)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci	u _i (y)	(u _i (y))^2
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	5.50	n1	1	1	5.50	30.250
Axial Isotropy	4.70	r	1.732	0.7	2.71	7.364
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	r	1.732	0.7	5.54	30.722
Boundary Effect	1.00	r	1.732	1	0.58	0.333
Linearity	4.70	r	1.732	1	2.71	7.364
System Detection Limits	1.00	r	1.732	1	0.58	0.333
Readout Electronics	0.30	n1	1	1	0.30	0.090
Response Time	0.80	r	1.732	1	0.46	0.213
Integration Time	2.60	r	1.732	1	1.50	2.253
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	r	1.732	1	1.73	3.000
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	r	1.732	1	1.73	3.000
Probe Positioner	0.40	r	1.732	1	0.23	0.053
Probe Positioning	2.90	r	1.732	1	1.67	2.803
Max. SAR Eval.	1.00	r	1.732	1	0.58	0.333
Dipole / Generator / Power Meter Related						
Dipole positioning	2.90	n1	1	1	2.90	8.410
Dipole Calibration Uncertainty	0.68	r	1.732	1	0.39	0.154
Power Meter 1 Uncertainty (+20C to +25C)	0.13	n1	1	2	0.13	0.017
Power Meter 2 Uncertainty (+20C to +25C)	0.04	n1	1	3	0.04	0.002
Sig Gen VSWR Mismatch Error	1.80	n1	1	5	1.80	3.240
Sig Gen Resolution Error	0.01	n1	1	6	0.01	0.000
Sig Gen Level Error	0.90	n1	1	1	0.90	0.810
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	r	1.732	1	2.31	5.334
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	r	1.732	0.43	2.89	8.334
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	2.50	n1	1	0.43	2.50	6.250
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	r	1.732	0.49	2.89	8.334
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.50	n1	1	0.49	2.50	6.250
Combined Standard Uncertainty		N1	1	1	11.63	135.247
Expanded Uncertainty		Normal k=	2		23.26	
Expanded Uncertainty	is	23.3	for	Normal	k=	2



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Tissue Simulating Liquid Description and Validation

The dielectric parameters were verified to be within 5% of the target values prior to assessment. The dielectric parameters (ε_r , σ) are shown in Table 4. A recipe for the tissue simulating fluid used is shown in Table 5.

Table 4: Dielectric Parameter Validations

	Measured Tissue Properties														
Tissue Type	Frequency Measure (MHz)	Dielectric Constant Target	Conductivity Target	Dielectric Constant Measure	Imaginary Part	Conductivity Measure	Dielectric % Deviation	Conductivity % Deviation	Date						
	2402	39.2	1.8	38.7	13.9	1.86	1.28	3.12	12/12/2021						
	2450	39.2	1.8	38.8	13.8	1.8797	1.02	4.43	12/12/2021						
2450HSL	2480	39.2	1.8	39.1	13.6	1.8751	0.26	4.17	12/12/2021						



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Table 5: Tissue Simulating Fluid Recipe

Comp	Composition of Ingredients for Liquid Tissue Phantoms (450MHz to 2450 MHz data only)											
Ingredient	f (MHz)											
(% by weight)	450		835		915	915		1900		2450		
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56	54.9	70.45	62.7	68.64	65.53	78.67
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.36	0.5	0	0	0
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56	45	56.5	41.76	0	0	0	0	0	0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1	1	1	1.21	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0	0	0	0	0	0
Triton X-100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36.8	0	17.235	10.665
DGBE	0	0	0	0	0	0	44.92	29.18	0	31.37	0	0
DGHE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17.235	10.665
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58	42.54	56.1	42	56.8	39.9	53.3	39.8	52.7		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1	1.07	1.42	1.52	1.88	1.95		

Tissue Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, MBBL3500-5800V5 Manufactured by SPEAG (proprietary mixture)

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	78
Mineral oil	11
Emulsifiers	9
Additives and Salt	2



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Evaluation For: Beam Technologies LLC

5 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

Prior to any testing, the appropriate fluid was used to fill the phantom to a depth of 15 cm \pm 0.2cm. The fluid parameters were verified and the dipole validation was performed as described in the previous sections.

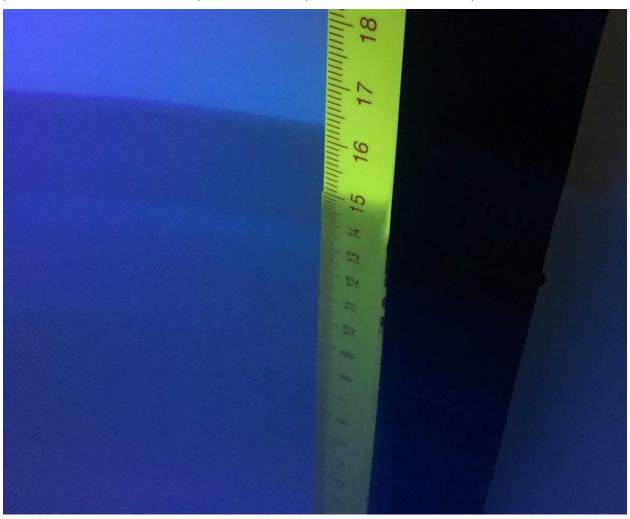


Figure 3: Fluid Depth 15cm



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Test Positions:

SAR Test Report

The Device was positioned against the SAM and flat phantom using the exact procedure described in IEEE Std 1528:2013, IEC62209-2:2010, and the Office of Engineering and Technology KDB 447498.

Reference Power Measurement:

The measurement probe was positioned at a fixed location above the reference point. A power measurement was made with the probe above this reference position so it could used for the assessing the power drift later in the test procedure.

Area Scan:

A coarse area scan was performed in order to find the approximate location of the peak SAR value. This scan was performed with the measurement probe at a constant height in the simulating fluid. A two dimensional spline interpolation algorithm was then used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. The area scan resolution conformed to the requirements of KDB 865664 as shown in Table 6.

Zoom Scan:

A zoom scan was performed around the approximate location of the peak SAR as determined from the area scan. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure. The zoom scan resolution conformed to the requirements of KDB 865664 as shown in Table 6.



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Table 6: SAR Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr		-	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan s	Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}			3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	spatial resolution, 1st two points closest to phantom surface		≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
			$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



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Interpolation, Extrapolation and Detection of Maxima:

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors which is located 1 to 2.7 mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated.

In DASY5, the choice of the coordinate system defining the location of the measurement points has no influence on the uncertainty of the interpolation, Maxima Search and extrapolation routines. The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method.

Thereby, the interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation. The DASY5 routines construct a once-continuously differentiable function that interpolates the measurement values as follows:

- For each measurement point a trivariate (3-D) / bivariate (2-D) quadratic is computed. It interpolates the measurement values at the data point and forms a least-square fit to neighboring measurement values.
- The spatial location of the quadratic with respect to the measurement values is attenuated by an inverse distance weighting. This is performed since the calculated quadratic will fit measurement values at nearby points more accurate than at points located further away.
- After the quadratics are calculated for at all measurement points, the interpolating function is calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

There are two control parameters that govern the behavior of the interpolation method. One specifies the number of measurement points to be used in computing the least-square fits for the local quadratics. These measurement points are the ones nearest the input point for which the quadratic is being computed. The second parameter specifies the number of measurement points that will be used in calculating the weights for the quadratics to produce the final function. The input data points used there are the ones nearest the point at which the interpolation is desired. Appropriate defaults are chosen for each of the control parameters.

The trivariate quadratics that have been previously computed for the 3-D interpolation and whose input data are at the closest distance from the phantom surface, are used in order to extrapolate the fields to the surface of the phantom.

In order to determine all the field maxima in 2-D (Area Scan) and 3-D (Zoom Scan), the measurement grid is refined by a default factor of 10 and the interpolation function is used to evaluate all field values between corresponding measurement points. Subsequently, a linear search is applied to find all the candidate maxima. In a last step, non-physical maxima are removed and only those maxima which are within 2 dB of the global maximum value are retained.



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Averaging and Determination of Spatial Peak SAR

The interpolated data is used to average the SAR over the 1g and 10g cubes by spatially discretizing the entire measured volume. The resolution of this spatial grid used to calculate the averaged SAR is 1mm or about 42875 interpolated points. The resulting volumes are defined as cubical volumes containing the appropriate tissue parameters that are centered at the location. The location is defined as the center of the incremental volume.

The spatial-peak SAR must be evaluated in cubical volumes containing a mass that is within 5% of the required mass. The cubical volume centered at each location, as defined above, should be expanded in all directions until the desired value for the mass is reached, with no surface boundaries of the averaging volume extending beyond the outermost surface of the considered region. In addition, the cubical volume should not consist of more than 10% of air. If these conditions are not satisfied then the center of the averaging volume is moved to the next location. Otherwise, the exact size of the final sampling cube is found using an inverse polynomial approximation algorithm, leading to results with improved accuracy. If one boundary of the averaging volume reaches the boundary of the measured volume during its expansion, it will not be evaluated at all. Reference is kept of all locations used and those not used for averaging the SAR. All average SAR values are finally assigned to the centered location in each valid averaging volume.

All locations included in an averaging volume are marked to indicate that they have been used at least once. If a location has been marked as used, but has never been assigned to the center of a cube, the highest averaged SAR value of all other cubical volumes which have used this location for averaging is assigned to this location. Only those locations that are not part of any valid averaging volume should be marked as unused. For the case of an unused location, a new averaging volume must be constructed which will have the unused location centered at one surface of the cube. The remaining five surfaces are expanded evenly in all directions until the required mass is enclosed, regardless of the amount of included air. Of the six possible cubes with one surface centered on the unused location, the smallest cube is used, which still contains the required mass.

If the final cube containing the highest averaged SAR touches the surface of the measured volume, an appropriate warning is issued within the post processing engine.

Power Drift Measurement:

The probe was positioned at precisely the same reference point and the reference power measurement was repeated. The difference between the initial reference power and the final one is referred to as the power drift. This value should not exceed 5%. The power drift measurement was used to assess the output power stability of the test sample throughout the SAR scan.

RF Ambient Activity:

During the entire SAR evaluation, the RF ambient activity was monitored using a spectrum analyzer with an antenna connected to it. The spectrum analyzer was tuned to the frequency of measurement and with one trace set to max hold mode. In this way, it was possible to determine if at any point during the SAR measurement there was an interfering ambient signal. If an ambient signal was detected, then the SAR measurement was repeated.



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6 CRITERIA

SAR Test Report

The following ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 limits for SAR apply to portable devices operating in the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure environment. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Exposure Type	SAR Limit
(General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure environment)	(W/kg or mW/g)
Average over the whole body	0.08
Spatial Peak (1g)	1.60
Spatial Peak for hands, wrists, feet and ankles (10g)	4.00

7 TEST CONFIGURATION

The Beam Brush 3.0 was designed to be used against the head while brushing your teeth. It could be used against either the right side of the head or the left side of the head. Therefore, SAR testing was performed in both left and right cheek touch positions with the area near the antenna touching the SAR phantom.

The device was evaluated according to the specific requirements found in the following KDBs and Standards:

- FCC KDB 447498D01 v06, General RF Exposure Guidance
- FCC KDB 865664D01 v01r04, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100MHz to 6GHz
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 wi-Fi SAR v02r02, SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters
- RSS-102 Issue 5, Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)



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8 TEST RESULTS

SAR Test Report

The worst case 1g SAR value for head exposure was less than the 1.6W/kg limit.

9 SAR DATA:

The results on the following page(s) were obtained when the device was transmitting at maximum output power. The worst case plots, which reveal information about the location of the maximum SAR with respect to the device, are referenced are shown in APPENDIX B — Worst Case SAR Plot. The measured conducted output power was compared to the power declared by the manufacturer and used for scaling the measured SAR values.



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Table 7: SAR Results

2.4GHz Band Head SAR Results								
TX Mode	Spacing	Channel	Position	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Measured Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Maximum Conducted Output Power (dBm)
			left cheek					
			touch	0.09	0.8840	0.8840	22.28	22.28
		1	right cheek					
			touch	0.17	0.9730	0.9730	22.28	22.28
			left cheek					
802.11b	cheek touching	6	touch	0.13	0.9830	0.9830	22.97	22.66
002.115			right cheek					
			touch	0.08	0.9870	0.9870	22.97	22.66
			left cheek					
			touch	0.35	0.9220	0.9220	23.41	23.30
		11	right cheek					
			touch	0.35	1.0100	1.0100	23.41	23.30
	cheek	Middle	left cheek					
Bluetooth			touch	-0.02	0.0240	0.0260	7.66	8.00
	touching		right cheek					
			touch	-0.12	0.0220	0.0238	7.66	8.00
			1g S/	AR Limit = 1.6W/k	g			

Test Personnel:	Bryan Taylor	Test Date:	12/13/2021 – 12/14/2021
Supervising/Reviewing Engineer:	NA	Tissue Depth:	15cm
Signal Setup:	Test Commands	Ambient Temperature:	22.4C
Power Method:	Fully Charged Battery	Relative Humidity:	48.6%
Pretest Dipole Verification:	Yes	Atmospheric Pressure:	989.2mbar

Deviations, Additions, or Exclusions:

- 1) Per KDB 248227D01 Section 5.2.2, the OFDM SAR measurements were excluded since the reported SAR for DSSS was less than 1.2W/kg and the OFDM specified maximum output power was the same as DSSS specified maximum output power.
- 2) The worst case measured SAR was >0.8W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01 this SAR measurement was repeated and found to vary by less than 20%.



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10 APPENDIX A – SYSTEM VALIDATION SUMMARY

Per FCC KDB 865664, a tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters have been included in the summary table below. The validation was performed with reference dipoles using the required tissue equivalent media for system validation according to KDB 865664. Each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point. All measurements were performed using probes calibrated for CW signals. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the SAR system has been validated. The SAR system was also validated with modulated signals per KDB 865664.

Table 8: SAR System Validation Summary

				Probe Calibr	ration Point	Point Dielectric Properties CW Validation		Modulation Validation					
Frequency (MHz)	Date	Probe (SN#)	Probe (Model#)	Frequency (MHz)	Fluid Type	σ	€r	Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Mod. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
2450	1/10/2021	3516	EX3DV3	2450	Body	50.65	2.02	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
5200	1/10/2021	3516	EX3DV3	5200	Body	48.71	5.54	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
5500	1/10/2021	3516	EX3DV3	5500	Body	47.68	6.29	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
5800	1/10/2021	3516	EX3DV3	5800	Body	48.71	5.54	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
				Probe Calibr	ration Point	int Dielectric Properties		CW Validation		Modulation Validation			
Frequency		Probe	Probe	Frequency					Probe	Probe		Duty	
(MHz)	Date	(SN#)	(Model#)	(MHz)	Fluid Type	σ	€r	Sensitivity	Linearity	Isotropy	Mod. Type	Factor	PAR
835	1/10/2021	3516	EX3DV3	835	Body	54.2	0.98	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
900	1/10/2021	3516	EX3DV3	900	Body	54	1.02	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
1750	1/10/2021	3516	EX3DV3	1800	Body	52.9	1.41	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
1900	1/10/2021	3516	EX3DV3	1900	Body	52.7	1.48	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A



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11 APPENDIX B – WORST CASE SAR PLOT

Date/Time: 12/14/2021 1:35:28 PM

Evaluation For: Beam Technologies LLC

Test Laboratory: Intertek

File Name: SAR FCC 2.4GHz Band.da52:2

SAR_FCC_2.4GHz Band

Procedure Notes:

SAR Test Report

DUT: Brush; Serial:

Communication System: UID 0, Generic 802.11b/g/n (0); Communication System Band: 2.4 GHz Band; Frequency:

2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.88 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 37.862$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(8.46, 8.46, 8.46); Calibrated: 11/12/2021;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 11/10/2021

Phantom: SAM 2 with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1663

DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Right-Hand-Side HSL/Right Hand Side High/Area Scan (61x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.41 W/kg

Right-Hand-Side HSL/Right Hand Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.679 V/m; Power Drift = 0.35 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg

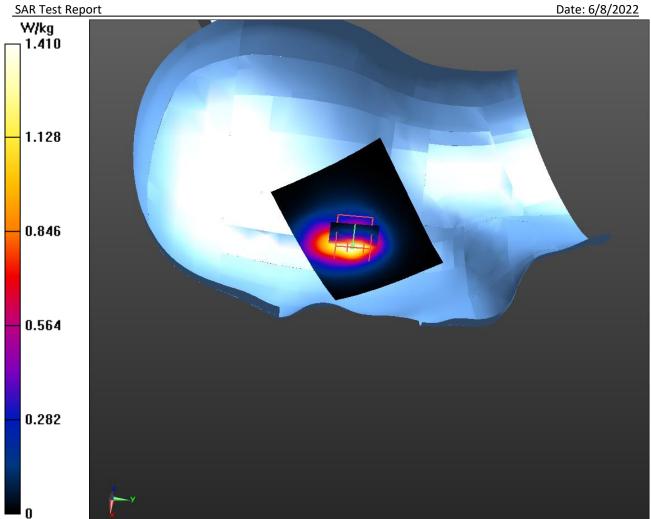
SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.519 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



Evaluation For: Beam Technologies LLC Product: Beam Brush 3.0

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12 APPENDIX C - DIPOLE VALIDATION PLOTS

Date/Time: 12/12/2021 4:47:44 PM

Evaluation For: Beam Technologies LLC

Test Laboratory: Intertek File Name: Dipole 2450.da52:4

12.1.1 Dipole 2450

Procedure Notes:

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:xxx

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.905 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.602$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(8.46, 8.46, 8.46); Calibrated: 11/12/2021;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 11/10/2021

Phantom: SAM 2 with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1663

DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

WWAN Flat-Section HSL Testing/2450MHz Dipole/Area Scan 2 (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dv=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0977 W/kg

WWAN Flat-Section HSL Testing/2450MHz Dipole/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.569 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 105 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 51.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 24.1 W/kg

Normalized to target power = 1 W and actual power = 0.001 W

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 85.1 W/kg



Evaluation For: Beam Technologies LLC

Product: Beam Brush 3.0

Date: 6/8/2022

13 REVISION HISTORY

SAR Test Report

Revision Level	Date	Report Number	Prepared By	Reviewed By	Notes
0	12/27/2021	104860298LEX-005	ВСТ	JTS	Original Issue
1	6/8/2022	104860298LEX-005.1	BL	JTS	Updated ICID