LIONDA TECHNOLOGY COMPANY LIMITED

Lionda Research and Development Center

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION Model: 1029 (CTCSS)

a. Receiver Section

Radio Frequency signal received by the antenna (ANT1), passing through the Low Pass Filter (L2-L3, C2-C4). The RF signal is then amplified by Low Noise Amplifier Q1 and passes through a Band Pass Filter FL1 (465MHz). The filtered signal within the range of 462 MHz - 467 MHz is then mixed with the first local oscillator signal from the Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO) circuit (Q9-Q11, D7, L18) through Q3, a portion of VCO signal is then feedback to the PLL IC (IC2) for phase comparison generating a stable RX Frequency, the output signal is filtered by FL2 (21.7 MHz) which is the first Intermediate Frequency (IF) and is then amplified by Q4. The IF signal is fed to the discriminator IC (IC1) pin 16 which is then mixed with the second local oscillator supplied by crystal X1 (21.25 MHz) to produced a reduced second IF signal which is then filtered by FL3 (CFW450HTW). Demodulated signal is recovered through correct adjustment of IF tank coil (IFT1) and the internal discriminator circuit of IC1. The recovered Audio signal is outputted at pin 9 of IC1 and then processed through filtering done by IC103B circuit, the fully recovered audio signal is then further amplified by Power Amplifier IC101. An audible sound is therefore produce by the speaker SPK1, which can be varied from minimum to maximum through the key function (up/down) and process by the CPU IC6.

b. Transmitter Section

PTT switch (SW100) when pushed triggers the Transmitter Circuit "ON", the voice signal generates by the surrounding noise passes through the Microphone MIC1 where mechanical to electrical transformation occurs, the electrical transformed signal is then filtered by a Band Pass Filter IC103A, D, and C. The output signal is Modulated by a modulator circuit with a varactor diode D7 and L18. The external components from Q9-Q11 form a VCO Circuit, which generates the required oscillating frequency for transmission; a portion of this signal is feedback to the PLL IC2 pin 14 for phase comparison in order to produce a stabilized TX frequency. The modulated signal is then amplified by a Cascaded Amplifier Circuit Q7 and Q8 and again amplified by Q5 and Q6 to produce a sufficient Radio Frequency signal emitted by the Antenna (ANT1).

c. Call Transmission

By pushing the **CALL** key, a signal is detected by the CPU (IC6), a **CALL data** is then produced by the CPU. This data passes through the Band Pass Filter IC103C and modulated by the varactor diode D4 and L1. The signal follows it's conventional transmission section path through the antenna.

d. Continuous Tone Coded Squelch Signal Protocol

Once the unit is set to the corresponding Channel and CTCSS code at TX mode a tone is continuously generated from CPU through R96 and R103 and then passes through U1C for filtering and amplification. Then the Coded Tone signal follows its conventional transmission section path. During receiving mode once the Coded Tone signal matched with the set Code the CPU acknowledges and RX mute will disabled and RX will be active

e. Battery Low Detection

Battery Low Detection is controlled by the CPU IC3 as detected on the FRSLCD, however a voltage divider circuit R50 and R51 serve as the stabilize reference voltage for the CPU IC3 to process its detection.

f. Squelch Detection

Supported by the linear IC circuit (IC2), a variable resistor VR1 sets the level of detection and Diode D11 acts as a comparator circuit interface with the CPU IC3.

g. Power Supply

Supply voltage of 6 Volts dc is needed to power "ON" the whole circuitry, by four (4) batteries "AAA" size.

FREQUENCY CHART

CHANNEL	FREQUENCY (MHz)	CHANNEL	FREQUENCY (MHz)
1	462.5625	8	467.5625
2	462.5875	9	467.5875
3	462.6125	10	467.6125
4	462.6375	11	467.6375
5	462.6625	12	467.6625
6	462.6875	13	467.6875
7	462.7125	14	467.7125

CTCSS CODE FREOUENCY CHART

CODE	FREQUENCY (Hz)	CODE	FREQUENCY (Hz)
1	67.0	20	131.8
2	71.9	21	136.5
3	74.4	22	141.3
4	77.0	23	146.2
5	79.7	24	151.4
6	82.5	25	156.7
7	85.4	26	162.2
8	88.5	27	167.9
99	91.5	28	173.8
10	94.8	29	179.9
11	97.4	30	186.2
12	100.0	31	192.8
13	103.5	32	203.5
14	107.2	33	210.7
15	110.9	34	218.1
16	114.8	35	225.7
17	118.8	36	233.6
18	123.0	37	241.8
19	127.3	38	250.3