
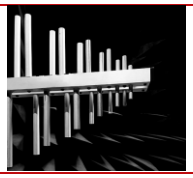
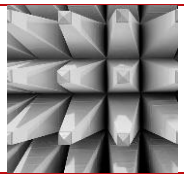

CETECOM™
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consulting - testing - certification

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-9947/15-01-02-B

DAkkS Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle D-PL-12076-01-01

Testing laboratory

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH
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Accredited Testing Laboratory:
The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)
The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-01

Applicant

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41238 Mönchengladbach / GERMANY
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Fax: +49 2166 266 699
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Manufacturer

Scheidt & Bachmann GmbH
Breite Str. 132
41238 Mönchengladbach / GERMANY

Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 22	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 22 - Public mobile services
47 CFR Part 24	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 24 - Personal communications services
RSS - 132 Issue 3	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification - Cellular Telephone Systems Operating in the Bands 824-849 MHz and 869-894 MHz

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item:	**Multifunctional Ticketing Handheld (Inspection device)**
Model name:	**FareGo Move MT60**
FCC ID:	**O5KMT60**
IC:	**8312A-MT60**
Frequency:	GSM: 824.2 – 848.8 MHz, 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz UMTS: 826.4 – 846.6 MHz, 1852.4 – 1907.6 MHz
Technology tested:	GSM / EDGE, UMTS
Antenna:	Integrated antenna
Power supply:	7.2 V DC by battery
Temperature range:	-10°C to +40°C

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwriting signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:

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2016.07.01 12:40:16 +02'00'

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Test performed:

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Christoph Schneider
Testing Manager
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1 Table of contents

1 Table of contents 2

2 General information 4

2.1 Notes and disclaimer 4
2.2 Application details 4

3 Test standard/s and references 5

4 Test environment 6

5 Test item 6

5.1 General description 6
5.2 Additional information 6

6 Test laboratories sub-contracted 6

7 Description of the test setup 7

7.1 Radiated measurements chamber C 8
7.2 Radiated measurements 12.75 GHz to 26 GHz 9
7.3 Conducted measurements normal and extreme conditions 10

8 Measurement uncertainty 11

9 Sequence of testing 12

9.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz 12
9.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz 13
9.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz 14
9.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 12.75 GHz 15

10 Summary of measurement results 16

10.1 GSM 850 16
10.2 PCS 1900 16
10.3 UMTS band II 17
10.4 UMTS band V 17

11 RF measurements 18

11.1 Results GSM 850 18
11.1.1 RF output power 18
11.1.2 Frequency stability 24
11.1.3 Spurious emissions radiated 26
11.1.4 Spurious emissions conducted 29
11.1.5 Block edge compliance 35
11.1.6 Occupied bandwidth 38
11.2 Results PCS 1900 46
11.2.1 RF output power 46
11.2.2 Frequency stability 52
11.2.3 Spurious emissions radiated 54
11.2.4 Spurious emissions conducted 58
11.2.5 Block edge compliance 64
11.2.6 Occupied bandwidth 67
11.3 Results UMTS band II 75
11.3.1 RF output power 75
11.3.2 Frequency stability 79
11.3.3 Spurious emissions radiated 81
11.3.4 Spurious emissions conducted 85
11.3.5 Block edge compliance 89
11.3.6 Occupied bandwidth 91
11.4 Results UMTS band V 95

11.4.1 RF output power 95
11.4.2 Frequency stability 99
11.4.3 Spurious emissions radiated 101
11.4.4 Spurious emissions conducted 104
11.4.5 Block edge compliance 108
11.4.6 Occupied bandwidth 110

Annex A Document history 114

Annex B Further information 114

Annex C Accreditation Certificate 115

2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CETECOM ICT Services GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.
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This test report replaces the test report with the number 1-9947/15-01-02-A and dated 2016-05-11

2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2015-08-06
Date of receipt of test item:	2015-09-01
Start of test:	2015-09-14
End of test:	2015-09-15
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

3 Test standard/s and references

Test standard	Date	Description
47 CFR Part 22	-/-	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 22 - Public mobile services
47 CFR Part 24	-/-	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 24 - Personal communications services
RSS - 132 Issue 3	January 2013	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification - Cellular Telephone Systems Operating in the Bands 824-849 MHz and 869-894 MHz
RSS - 133 Issue 6	January 2013	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Policy - Radio Standards Specifications, 2 GHz Personal Communication Services

Guidance	Version	Description
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American national standard for methods of measurement of radio-noise emissions from low-voltage electrical and electronic equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz

4 Test environment

Temperature	:	T_{nom} T_{max} T_{min}	+20 °C during room temperature tests +50°C during high temperature tests -30°C during low temperature tests
Relative humidity content	:		55 %
Barometric pressure	:		not relevant for this kind of testing
Power supply	:	V_{nom} V_{max} V_{min}	7.2 V DC by battery 8.4 V 6.1 V

5 Test item

5.1 General description

Kind of test item	:	Multifunctional Ticketing Handheld (Inspection device
Type identification	:	FareGo Move MT60
HMN	:	FareGo Move MT60
PMN	:	00330600
HVIN	:	07335350
FVIN	:	-/-
S/N serial number	:	-/-
HW hardware status	:	00320600
SW software status	:	SW-storage MT60
Frequency band	:	GSM: 824.2 – 848.8 MHz, 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz UMTS: 826.4 – 846.6 MHz, 1852.4 – 1907.6 MHz
Type of modulation	:	GMSK, 8-PSK, QPSK
Antenna	:	Integrated antenna
Power supply	:	7.2 V DC by battery
Temperature range	:	-10°C to +40°C

5.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in test report: 1-9947_15-01-01_AnnexA
1-9947_15-01-01_AnnexB
1-9947_15-01-01_AnnexD

6 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

7 Description of the test setup

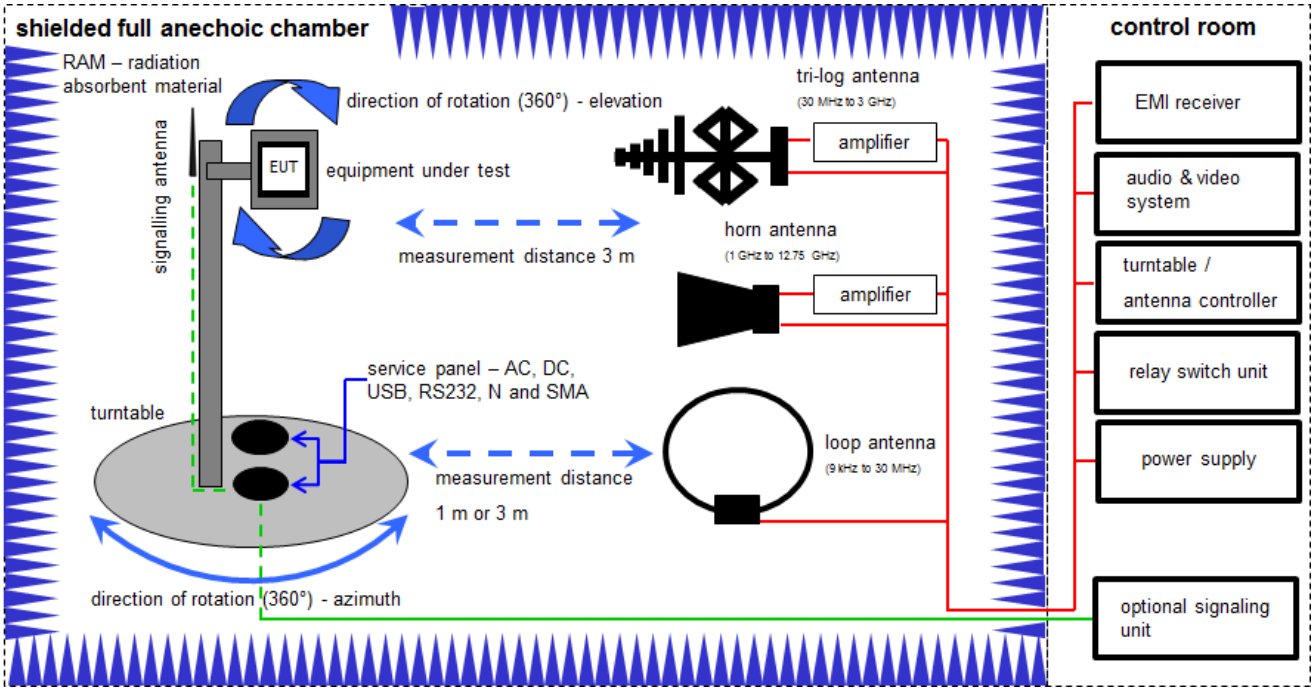
Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlkl!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

7.1 Radiated measurements chamber C



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna and horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter

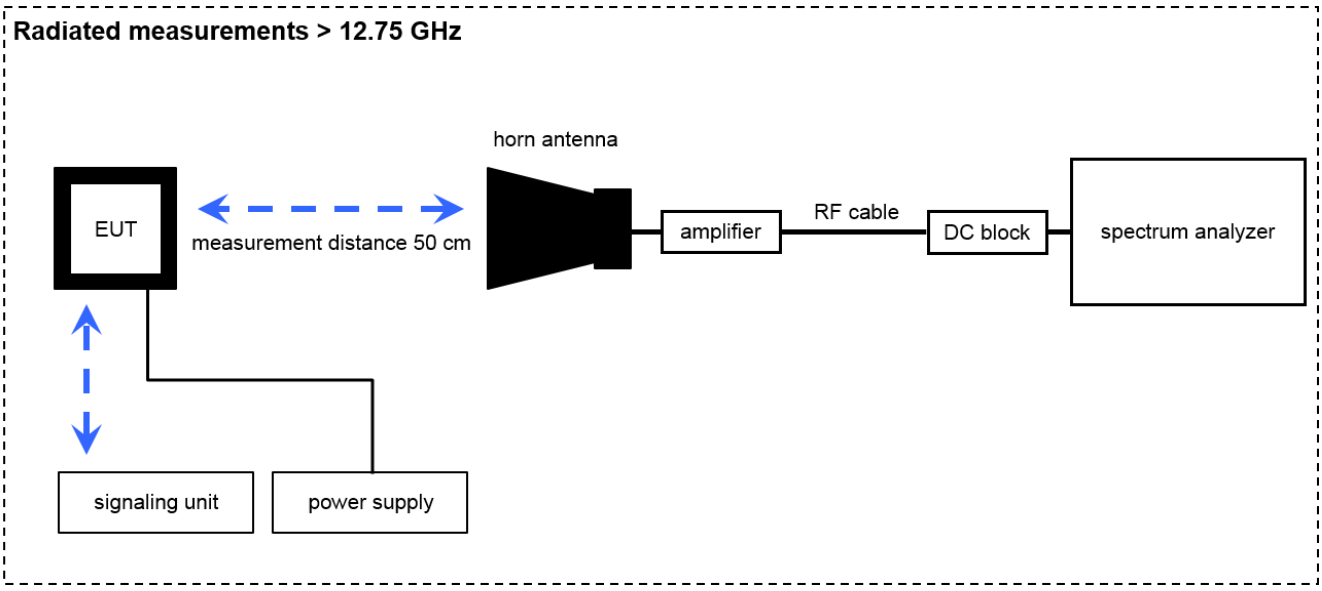
OP = AV + D - G + CA
(OP-radiated output power; AV-analyzer value; D-free field attenuation of measurement distance; G-antenna gain+amplifier gain; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:
OP [dBm] = -65.0 [dBm] + 50 [dB] - 20 [dBi] + 5 [dB] = -30 [dBm] (1 µW)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufact.	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A,C	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9709-5290	300000212	k	23.07.2013	23.07.2015
2	A,B	EMI Test Receiver 20Hz- 26,5GHz	ESU26	R&S	100037	300003555	k	22.01.2015	22.01.2016
3	A,C	Highpass Filter	WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright	37	400000148	ne	22.04.2014	22.04.2017
4	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	318	300003696	k	22.04.2014	22.04.2017
5	A,C	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22050	300004482	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	Broadband Amplifier	CBLU5135235	CERNEX	22011	300004492	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A,C	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000032	300004510	ne	-/-	-/-
8	A,B,C	Messrechner und Monitor	Intel Core i3 3220/3,3 GHz, Prozessor	Agilent Technologies	2V2403033A54 21	300004591	ne	-/-	-/-
9	A,B,C	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC	EMCO	2V2403033A54 21	300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
10	B	Active Loop Antenna 10 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	Kontron Psychotech	8905-2342	300000256	k	24.06.2015	24.06.2017
11	A, B, C	Universal Communication Tester	CMU200	R&S	106240	300003321	vIKI!	10.02.2016	10.02.2018

7.2 Radiated measurements 18 GHz to 26 GHz



OP = AV + D - G + CA
(OP-radiated output power; AV-analyzer value; D-free field attenuation of measurement distance; G-antenna gain+amplifier gain; CA-loss signal path)

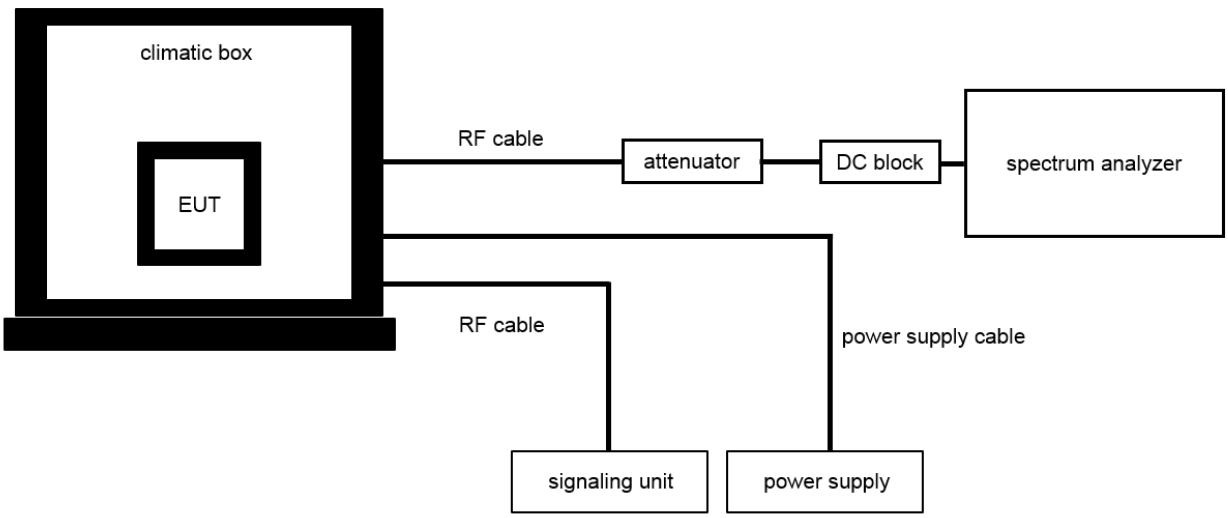
Example calculation:
OP [dBm] = -59.0 [dBm] + 44.0 [dB] - 20.0 [dBi] + 5.0 [dB] = -30 [dBm] (1 µW)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufact.	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 12.4 to 18.0 GHz	639	Narda	8402	300000787	k	22.07.2015	22.07.2017
2	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0 to 26.5 GHz	638	Narda	8205	300002442	k	19.07.2015	19.07.2017
3	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	22.01.2016	22.01.2017
4	A	Amplifier 2-40 GHz	JS32-02004000-57-5P	MITEQ	1777200	300004541	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 127377	400001183	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet	Batch no. 127377	400001185	ev	-/-	-/-
8	A	Universal Communication Tester	CMU200	R&S	106240	300003321	vlKl!	10.02.2016	10.02.2018

7.3 Conducted measurements normal and extreme conditions

Conducted measurements normal & extreme conditions



OP = AV + CA
(OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:
OP [dBm] = 6.0 [dBm] + 11.7 [dB] = 17.7 [dBm] (58.88 mW)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufact.	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A, B	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	2605e08770	300001443	ne	-/-	-/-
2	A, B	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	22.01.2016	22.01.2017
3	A, B	Power Supply 0-20V, 0-5A	6632B	Agilent Technologies	GB42110541	400000562	vlKI!	26.01.2016	26.01.2019
4	A,B	Universal Communication Tester	CMU200	R&S	106240	300003321	vlKI!	12.06.2015	12.06.2017
5	B	Temperature Test Chamber	VT 4002	Heraeus Voetsch	521/83761	300002326	Ve	26.09.2015	26.09.2017
6	A, B	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/72	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 699714	400001184	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A, B	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet		400001185	ev	-/-	-/-
8	A, B	Coax Attenuator 10 dB 2W 0-40 GHz	MCL BW-K10-2W44+	Mini Circuits		400001186	ev	-/-	-/-

8 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty	
Test case	**Uncertainty**
RF output power conducted	± 1 dB
RF output power radiated	± 3 dB
Frequency stability	± 20 Hz
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB
Spurious emissions conducted	± 3 dB
Block edge compliance	± 3 dB
Occupied bandwidth	± RBW

9 Sequence of testing

9.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. In case of the 2-axis positioner is used the elevation axis is also rotated from 0° to 360°.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

9.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ± 45° and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

9.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

9.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

10 Summary of measurement results

☒	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☐	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC identifier	Description	verdict	date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 22, 24 RSS 132, 133	See table!	2016-07-01	-/-

10.1 GSM 850

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-

Note: C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

10.2 PCS 1900

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-

Note: C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

10.3 UMTS band II

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-

Note: C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

10.4 UMTS band V

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-

Note: C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

11 RF measurements

11.1 Results GSM 850

All GSM-band measurements are done in GSM mode only (circuit switched).
All relevant tests have been repeated using 8-PSK modulation if EDGE mode is supported. All tests were performed with one timeslot in uplink activated and one timeslot in downlink activated. For each mode the highest output power was determined and used.

11.1.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power, PAPR and ERP measurements for the mobile station.

The plots in this test report represents only an example of the measurements. All plots of this chapter are available on request.
The red line in the measurements indicates the ideal Gaussian distribution for the measured amplitude range.

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Sample
AQT:	15.6 ms
Resolution bandwidth:	40 MHz
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.1 – A and chapter 7.3 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+38.45 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

Results:

Output Power (conducted) GMSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	**Peak Output Power (dBm)**	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB) CCDF**
824.2	31.18	31.02	0.17
836.4	31.29	31.10	0.10
848.8	31.32	31.18	0.15

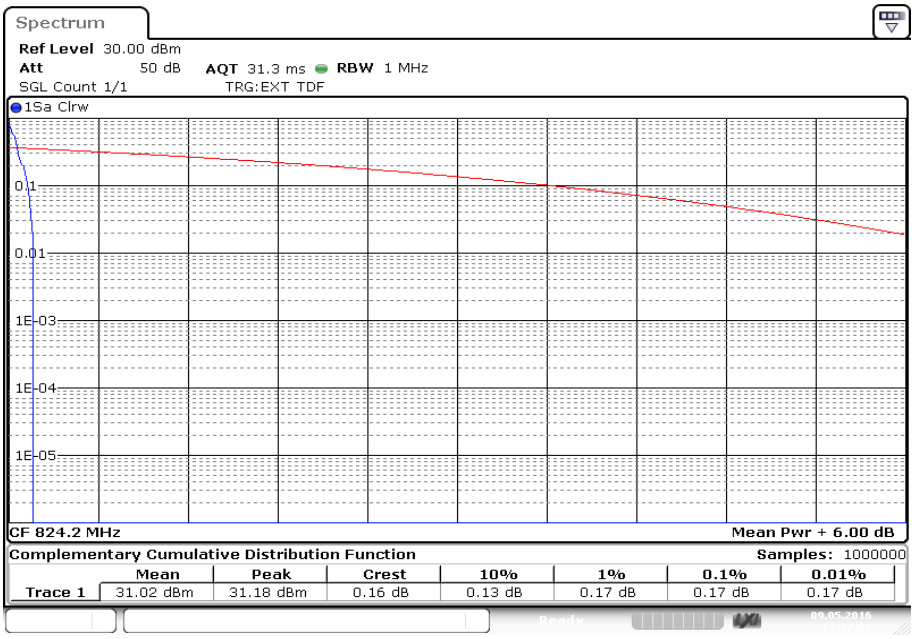
Output Power (conducted) 8-PSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	**Peak Output Power (dBm)**	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB) CCDF**
824.2	28.74	24.96	3.70
836.4	28.85	25.62	3.14
848.8	28.97	25.48	3.39

Output Power (radiated) GMSK mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP**
824.2	25.9
836.4	27.1
848.8	28.9

Output Power (radiated) 8-PSK mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP**
824.2	19.9
836.4	21.6
848.8	23.2

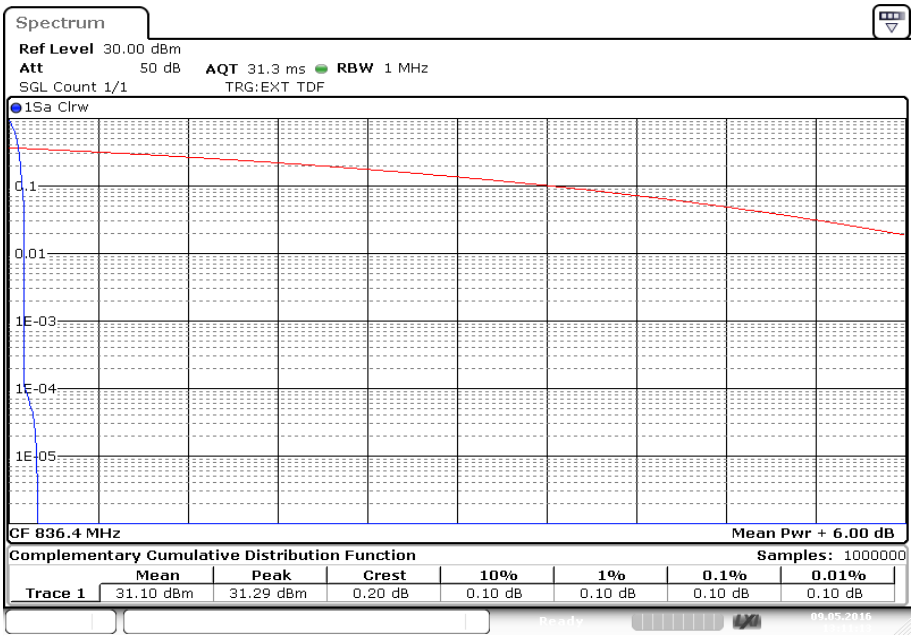
Plots: GPRS

Plot 1: CCDF, channel 128



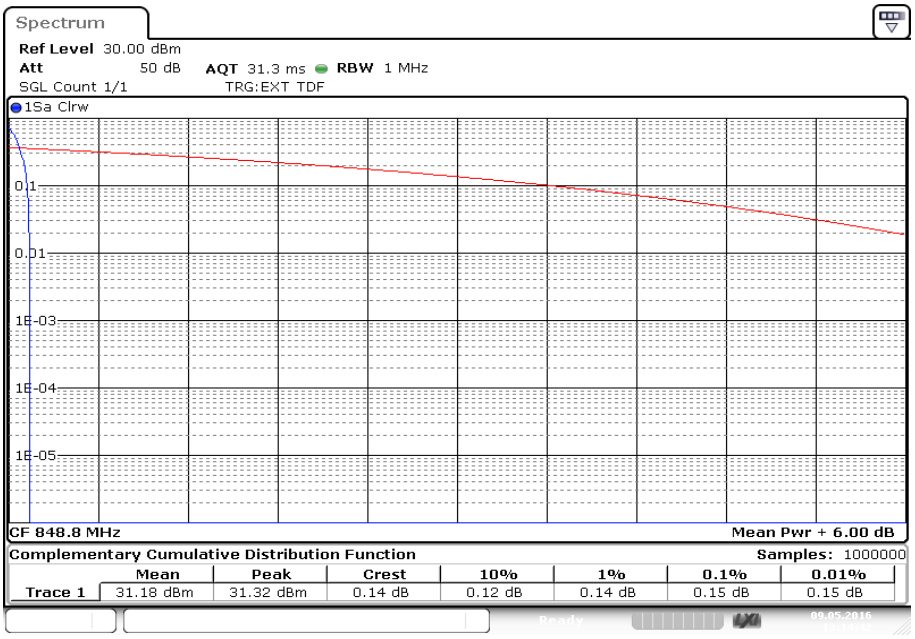
Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:07:10

Plot 2: CCDF, channel 189



Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:11:14

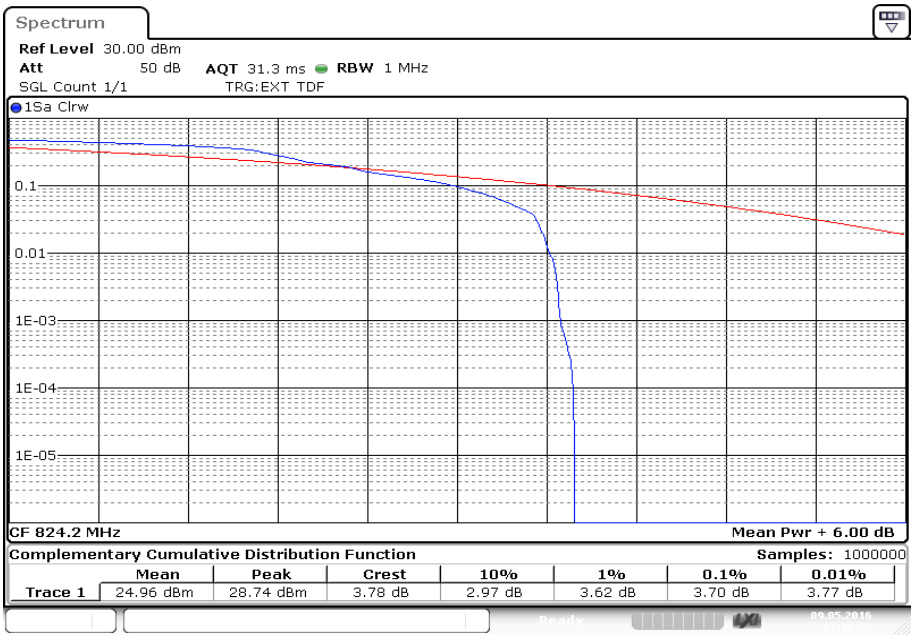
Plot 3: CCDF, channel 251



Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:14:42

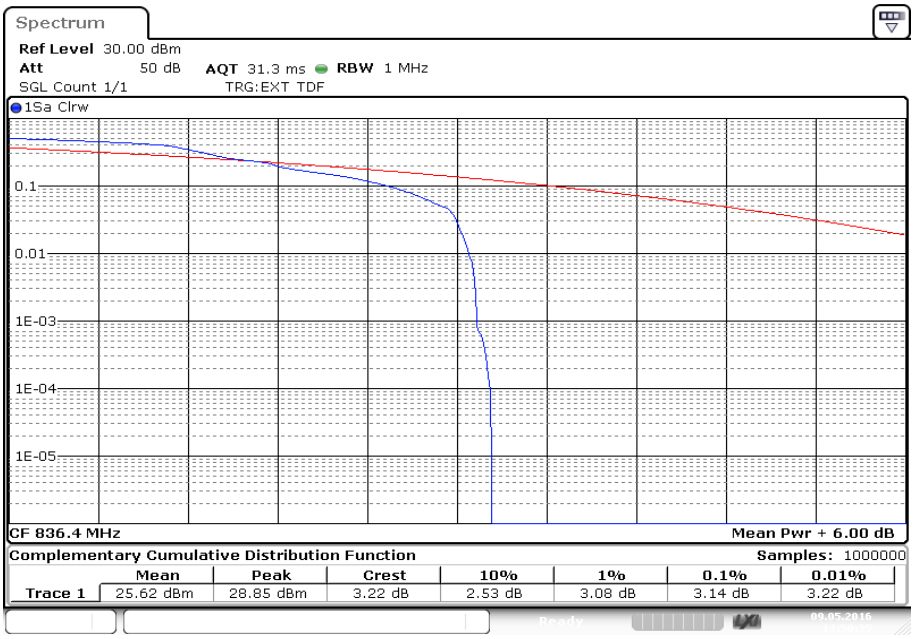
Plots: EDGE

Plot 1: CCDF, channel 128



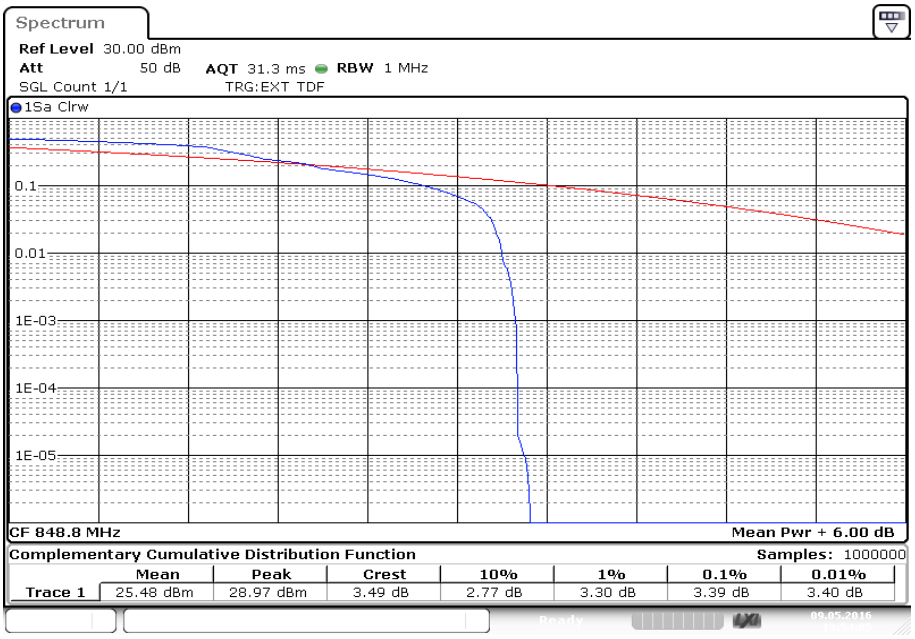
Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:46:33

Plot 2: CCDF, channel 189



Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:50:36

Plot 3: CCDF, channel 251



Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:54:04

11.1.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under normal conditions it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station connected to R&S CMU200 Wideband Radio Communication Tester.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station powered with V_{nom} connected to the CMU200 on the centre channel. Measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +50°C. Allow at least 15 minutes at each temperature unpowered before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom}. Vary supply voltage to V_{min} and measure the carrier frequency then setup V_{max} and repeat the measurement.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMU200
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	
Test setup:	see chapter chapter 7.3 – B
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Frequency Stability	
± 2.5 ppm	

Results:

AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
6.1	+10	0.0000012	0.0120
7.2	+11	0.0000013	0.0132
8.4	+6	0.0000007	0.0072

AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	+10	0.0000012	0.0120
-20	+10	0.0000012	0.0120
-10	+10	0.0000012	0.0120
± 0	+14	0.0000017	0.0167
10	+15	0.0000017	0.0167
20	+14	0.0000017	0.0167
30	+11	0.0000013	0.0132
40	+14	0.0000017	0.0167
50	+12	0.0000014	0.0143

11.1.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 848.8 MHz. This was rounded up to 12 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 22.917. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the GSM-850 band.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.1 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Spurious Emissions Radiated	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results GPRS & EGPRS:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the GSM-850 band (824.2 MHz, 836.4 MHz and 848.8 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the GSM-850 band into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

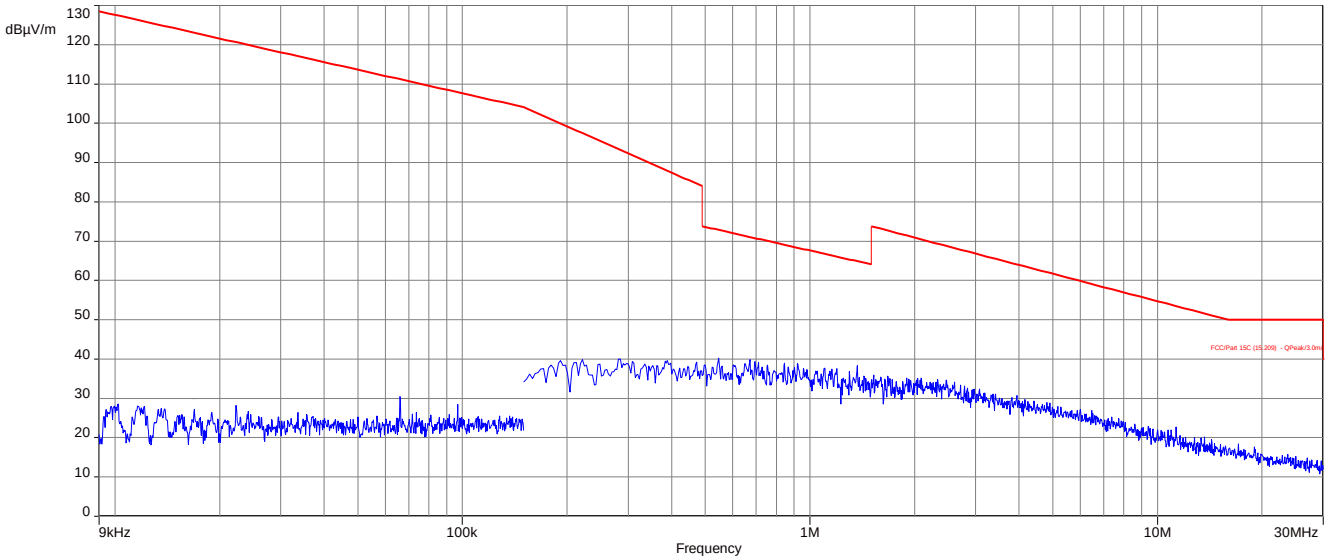
The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.
All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.
The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

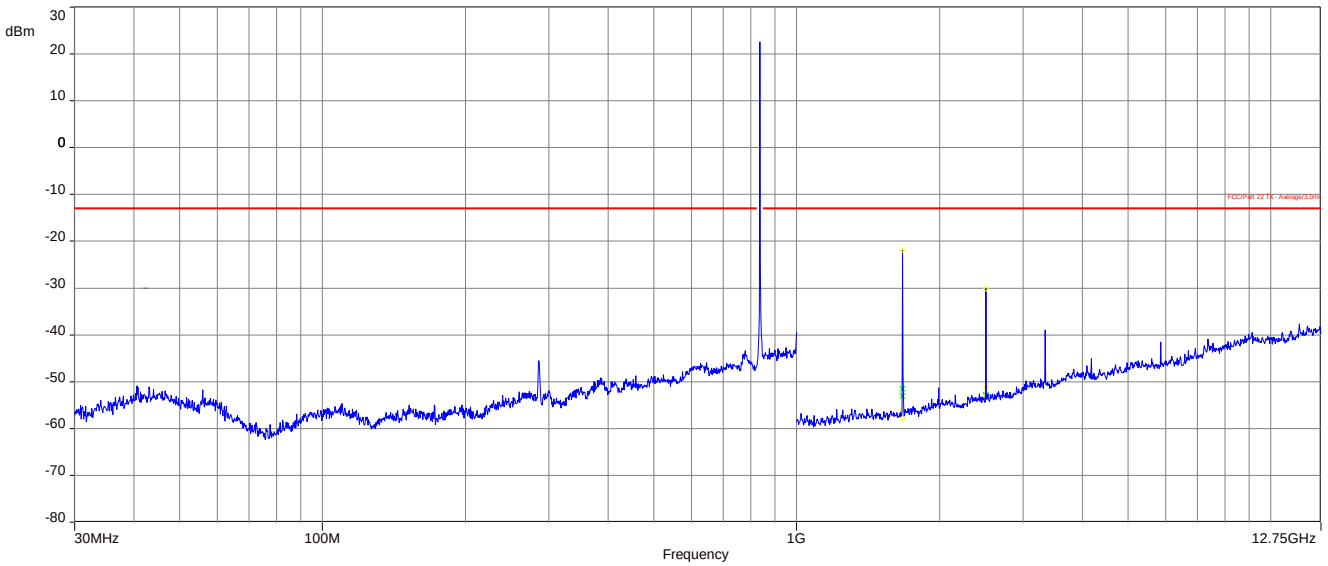
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 128 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 189 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 251 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1648.4	-	2	1672.8	-20.96	2	1697.6	-
3	2472.6	-	3	2509.2	-27.07	3	2546.4	-
4	3296.8	-	4	3345.6	-	4	3395.2	-
5	4121.0	-	5	4182.0	-	5	4244.0	-
6	4945.2	-	6	5018.4	-	6	5092.8	-
7	5769.4	-	7	5854.8	-	7	5941.6	-
8	6593.6	-	8	6691.2	-	8	6790.4	-
9	7417.8	-	9	7527.6	-	9	7639.2	-
10	8242.0	-	10	8364.0	-	10	8488.0	-

Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 189 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



Plot 2: Channel 189 (30 MHz – 12.75 GHz)



11.1.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.
1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 9 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 26 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

GSM-850 Transmitter Channel Frequency
128 824.2 MHz
189 836.4 MHz
251 848.8 MHz

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	10 MHz – 26 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.3 - A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

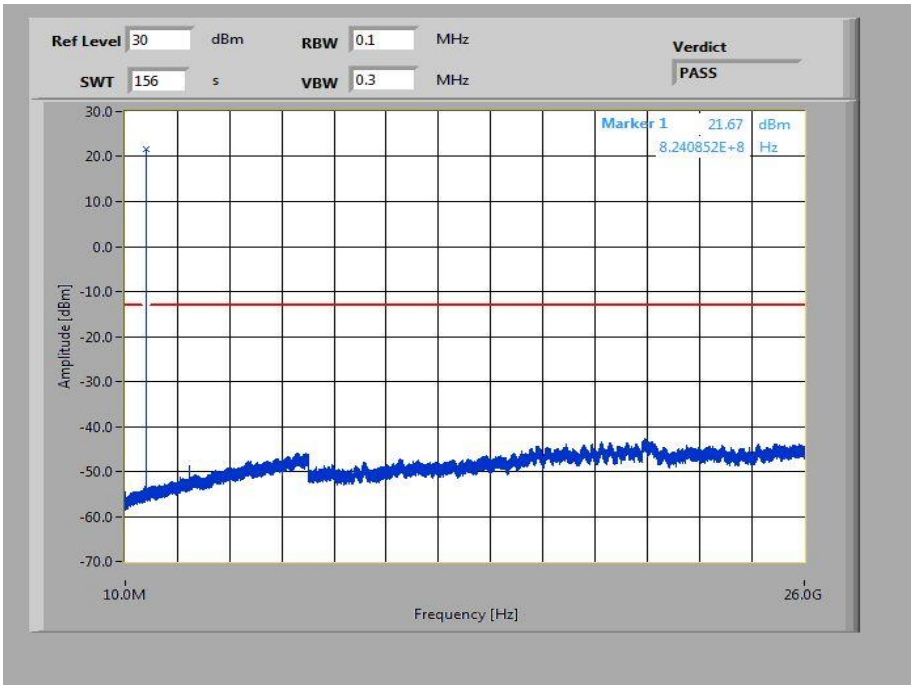
FCC	IC
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

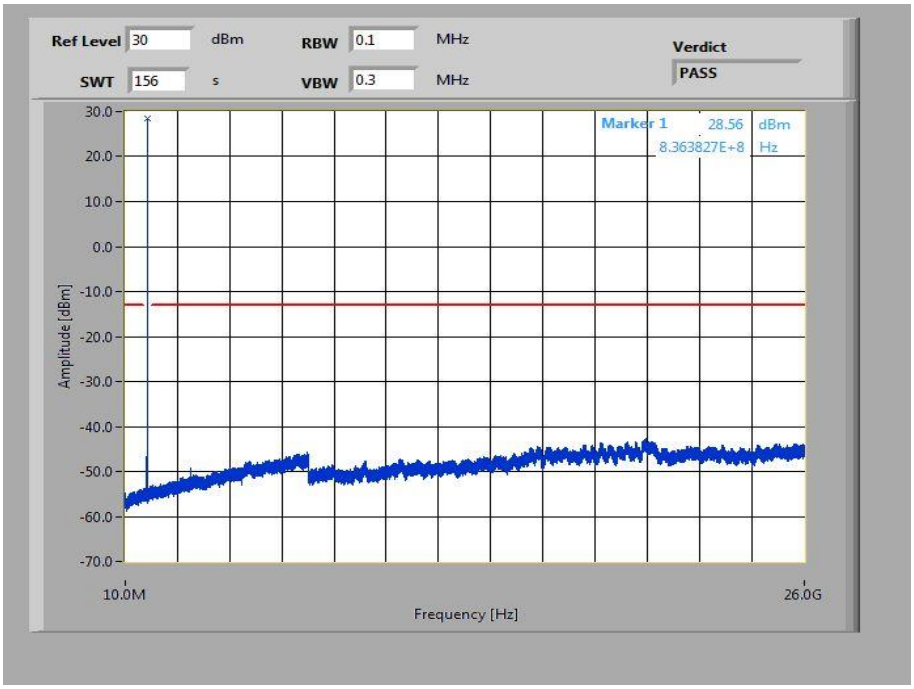
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (DBM)								
Harmonic	Ch. 128 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 189 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 251 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1648.4	-	2	1672.8	-	2	1697.6	-
3	2472.6	-	3	2509.2	-	3	2546.4	-
4	3296.8	-	4	3345.6	-	4	3395.2	-
5	4121.0	-	5	4182.0	-	5	4244.0	-
6	4945.2	-	6	5018.4	-	6	5092.8	-
7	5769.4	-	7	5854.8	-	7	5941.6	-
8	6593.6	-	8	6691.2	-	8	6790.4	-
9	7417.8	-	9	7527.6	-	9	7639.2	-
10	8242.0	-	10	8364.0	-	10	8488.0	-

Plots: GPRS

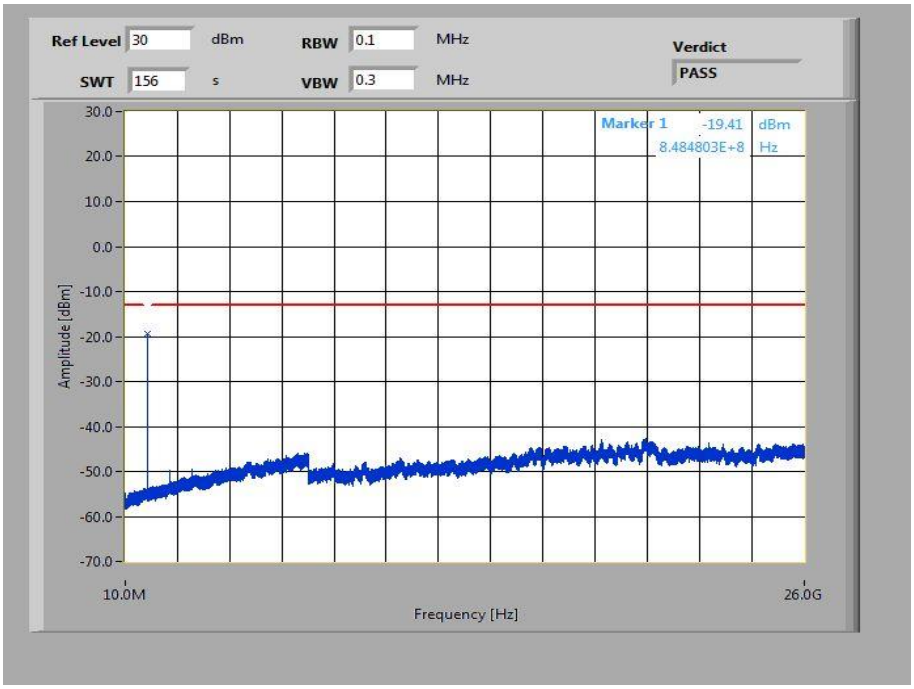
Plot 1: Channel 128 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



Plot 2: Channel 189 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)

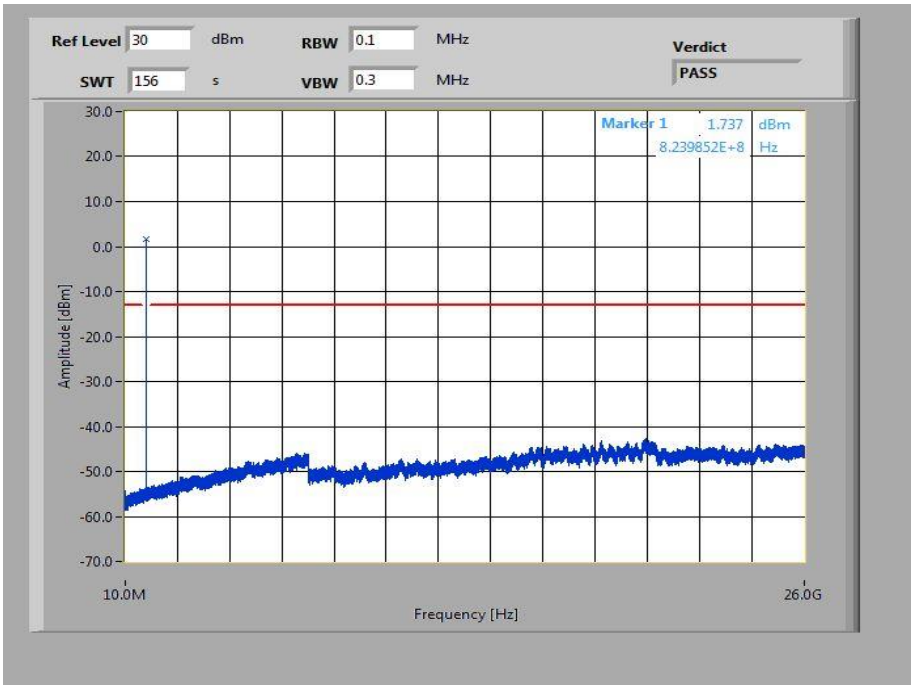


Plot 3: Channel 251 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)

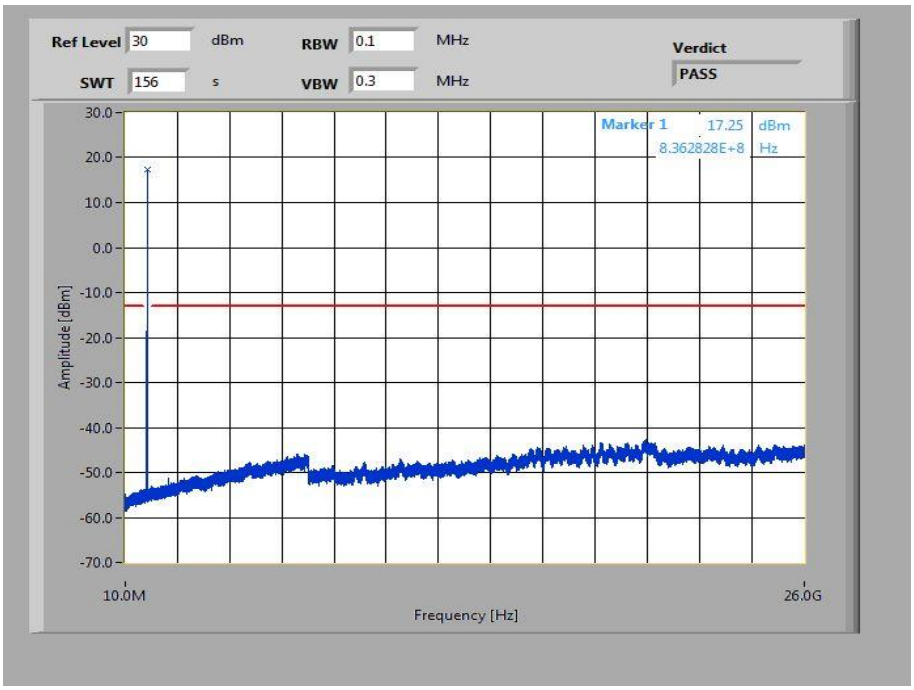


Plots: EDGE

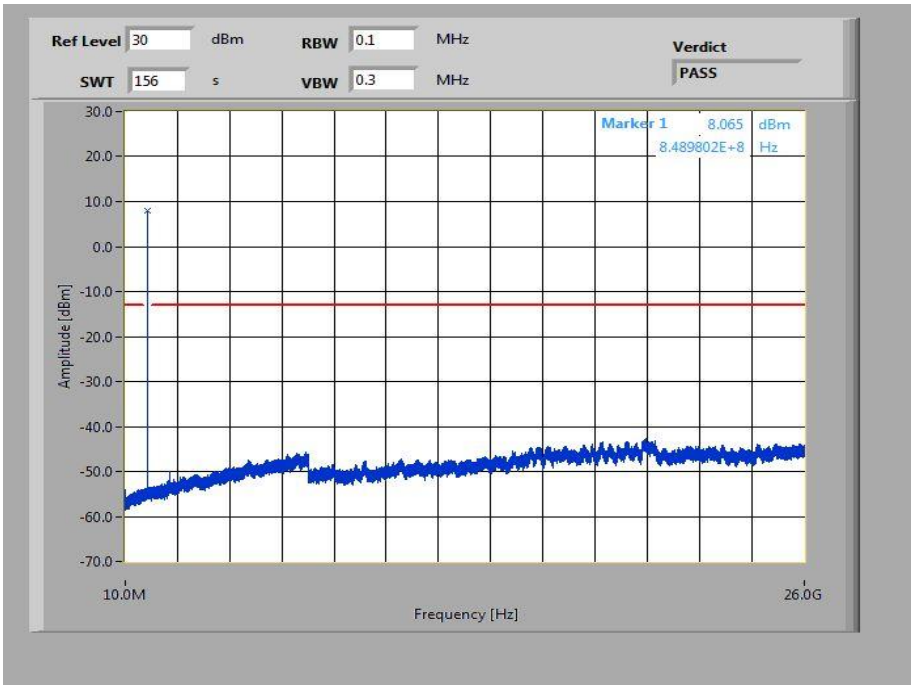
Plot 1: Channel 128 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



Plot 2: Channel 189 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



Plot 3: Channel 251 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



11.1.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

Measurement:

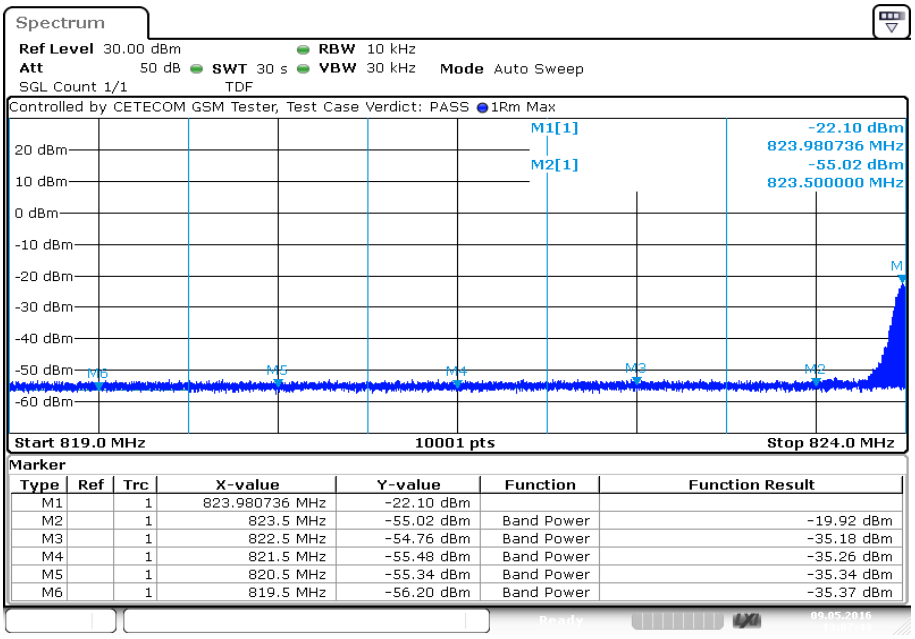
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	30 sec.
Video bandwidth:	1% - 5% of the OBW
Resolution bandwidth:	≥ 3xRBW
Span:	5 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.3 - A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Block Edge Compliance	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 128 (GPRS)

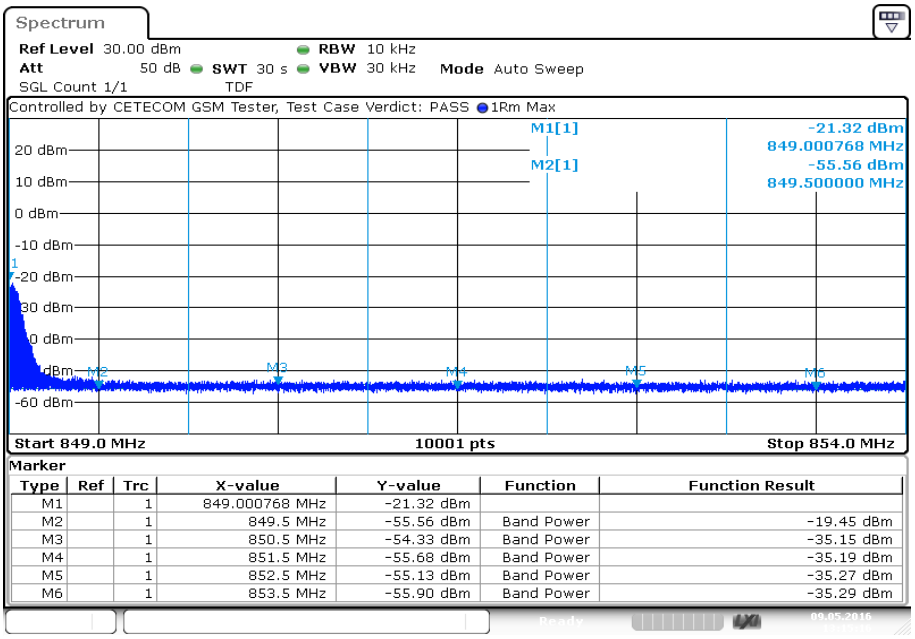


Marker

Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1		1	823.980736 MHz	-22.10 dBm		
M2		1	823.5 MHz	-55.02 dBm	Band Power	-19.92 dBm
M3		1	822.5 MHz	-54.76 dBm	Band Power	-35.18 dBm
M4		1	821.5 MHz	-55.48 dBm	Band Power	-35.26 dBm
M5		1	820.5 MHz	-55.34 dBm	Band Power	-35.34 dBm
M6		1	819.5 MHz	-56.20 dBm	Band Power	-35.37 dBm

Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:07:44

Plot 2: Channel 251 (GPRS)

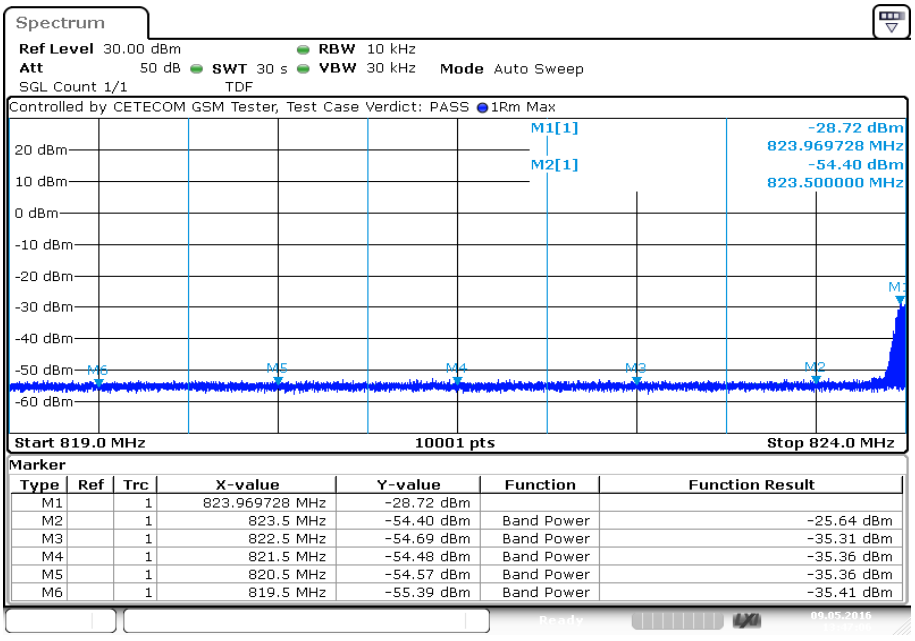


Marker

Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1		1	849.000768 MHz	-21.32 dBm		
M2		1	849.5 MHz	-55.56 dBm	Band Power	-19.45 dBm
M3		1	850.5 MHz	-54.33 dBm	Band Power	-35.15 dBm
M4		1	851.5 MHz	-55.68 dBm	Band Power	-35.19 dBm
M5		1	852.5 MHz	-55.13 dBm	Band Power	-35.27 dBm
M6		1	853.5 MHz	-55.90 dBm	Band Power	-35.29 dBm

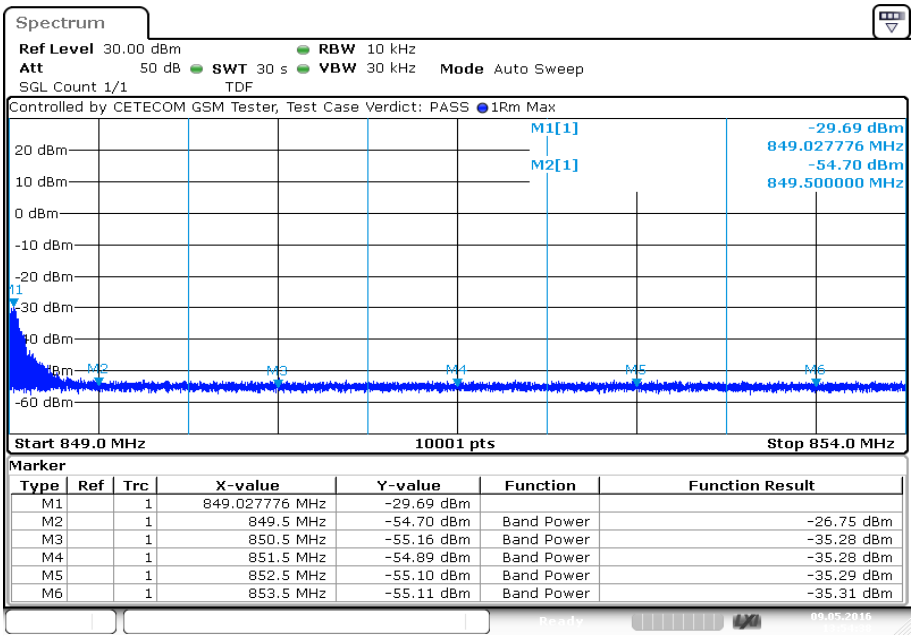
Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:15:16

Plot 3: Channel 128 (EDGE)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:47:07

Plot 4: Channel 251 (EDGE)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:54:39

11.1.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the GSM-850 frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1% - 5% of the OBW
Video bandwidth:	≥ 3xRBW
Span:	2 x nominal BW
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.3
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Occupied Bandwidth	
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	

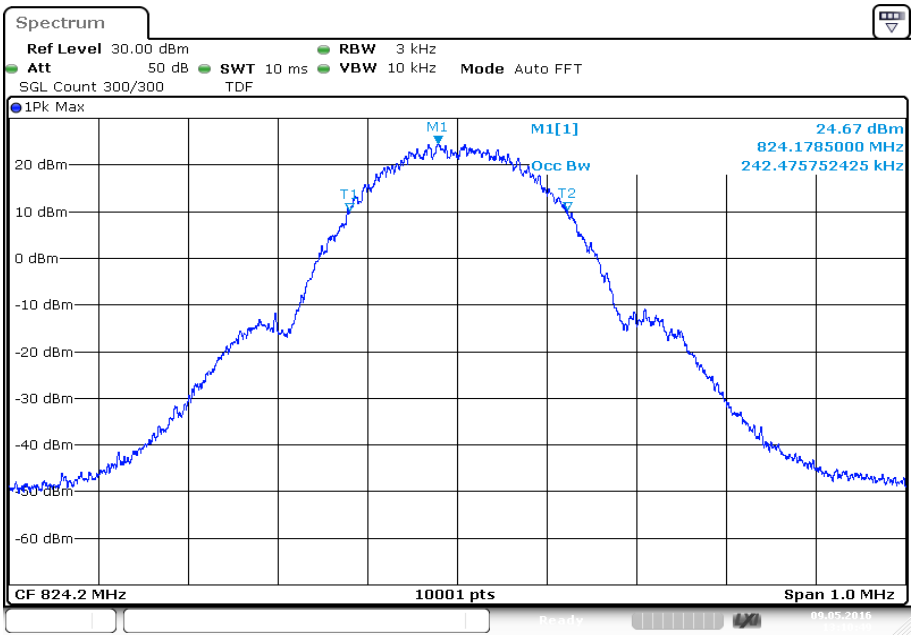
Results:

Occupied Bandwidth - GMSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**99% OBW (kHz)**	**-26 dBc BW (kHz)**
824.2	242.5	315.9
836.4	242.1	314.9
848.8	241.6	316.2

Occupied Bandwidth – 8-PSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**99% OBW (kHz)**	**-26 dBc BW (kHz)**
824.2	238.6	310.7
836.4	238.1	313.1
848.8	237.8	310.0

Plots: GPRS

Plot 1: Channel 128 (99%)



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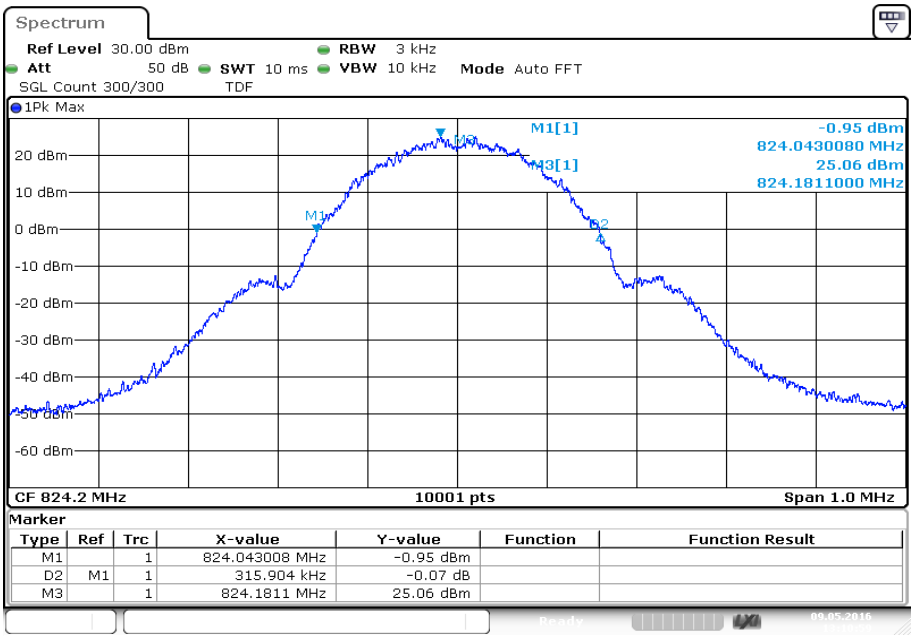
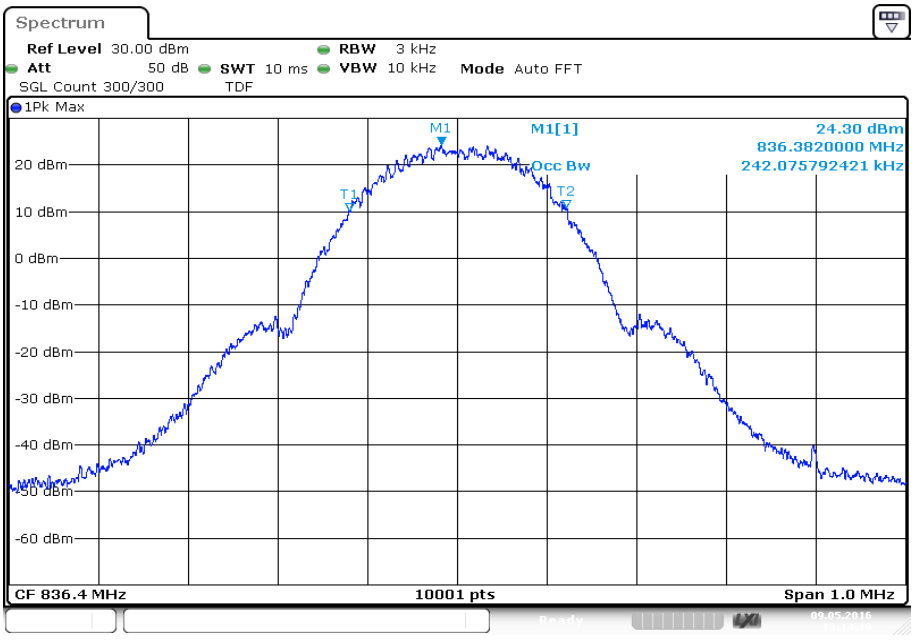
Plot 2: Channel 128 (-26 dBc)

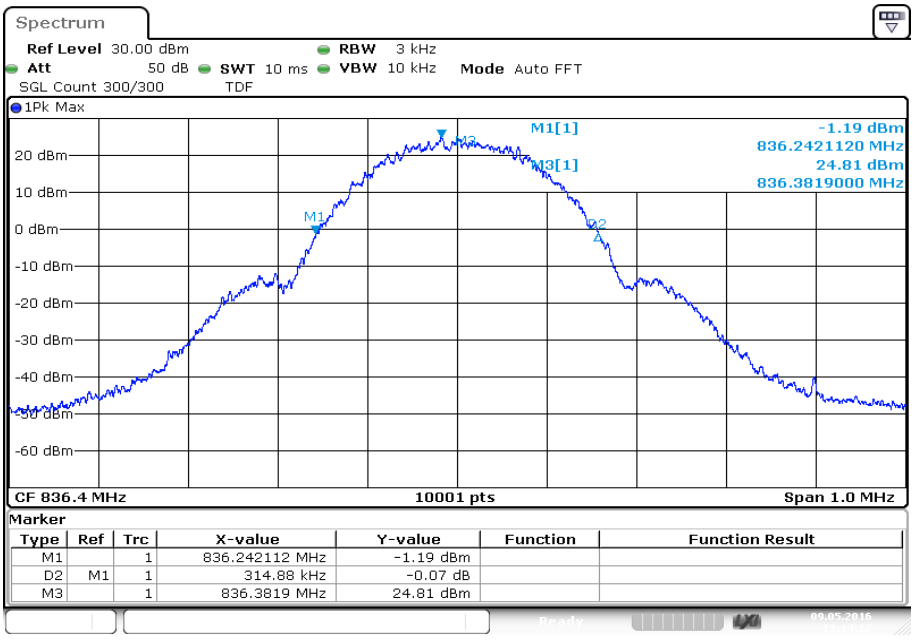


Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:11:00

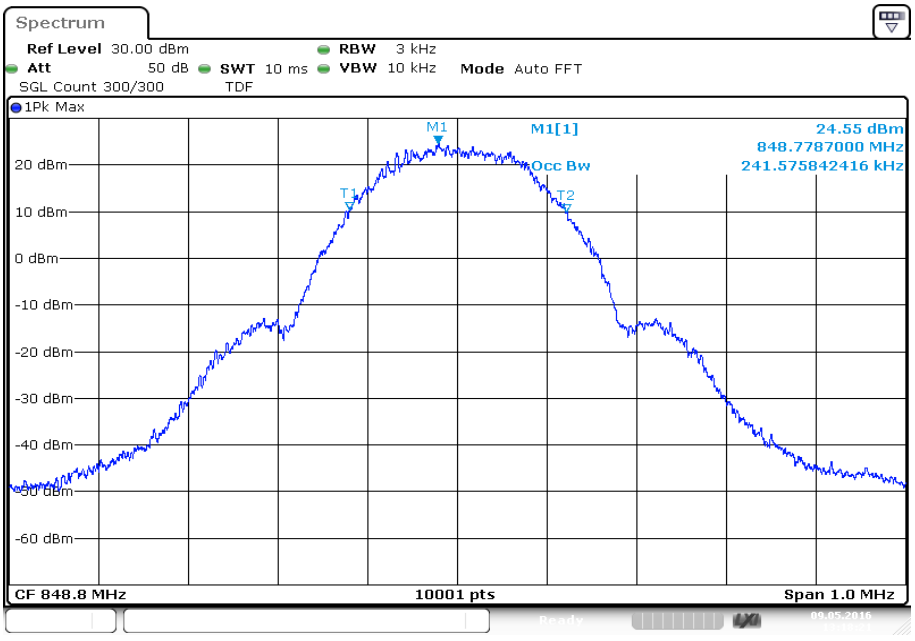
Plot 3: Channel 189 (99%)



Plot 4: Channel 189 (-26 dBc)

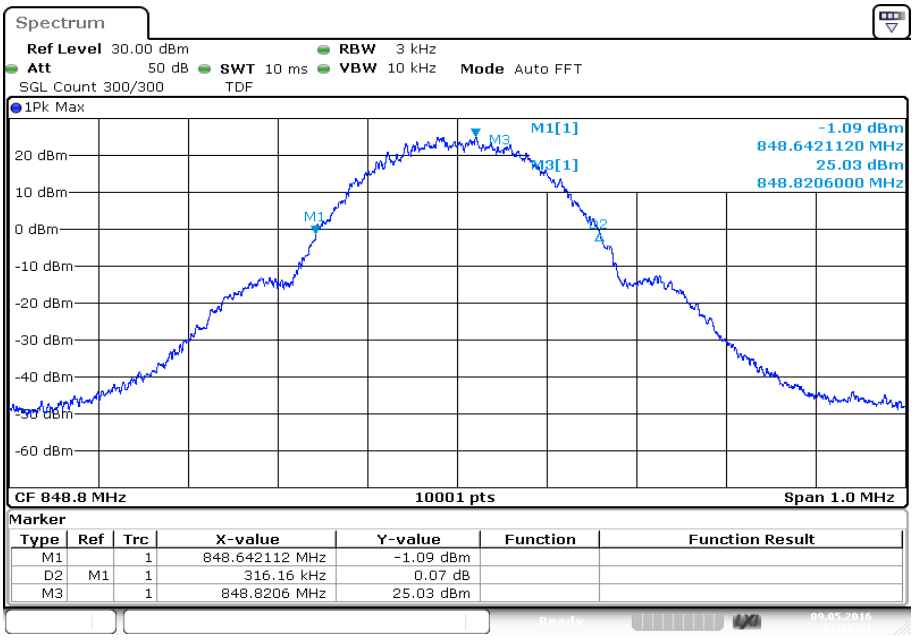


Plot 5: Channel 251 (99%)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:18:22

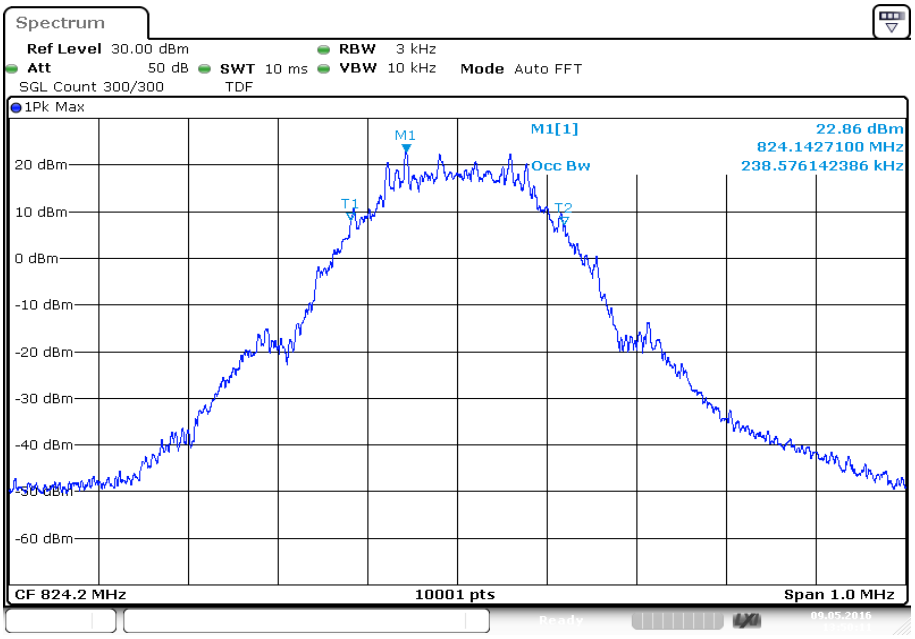
Plot 6: Channel 251 (-26 dBc)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:18:31

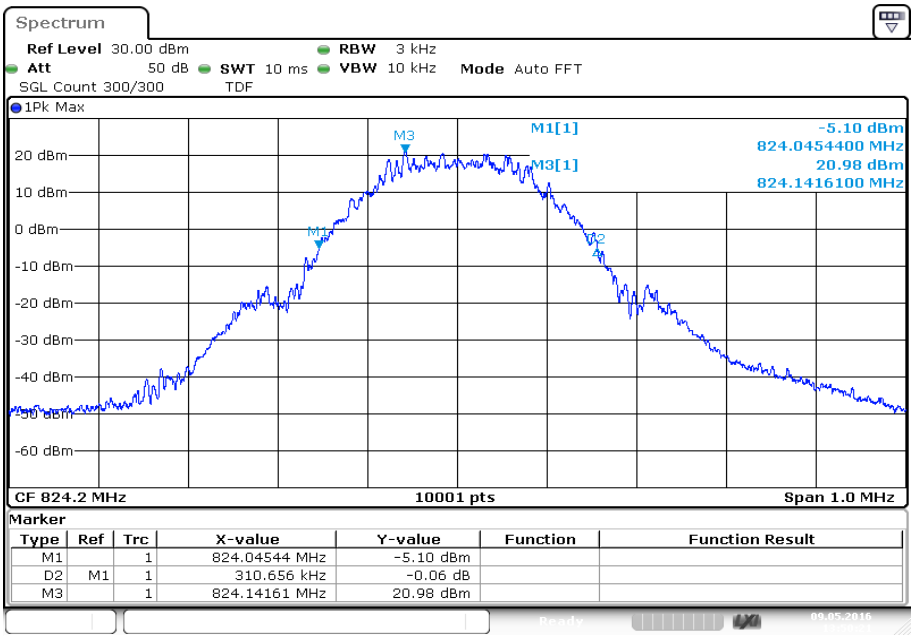
Plots: EDGE

Plot 1: Channel 128 (99%)



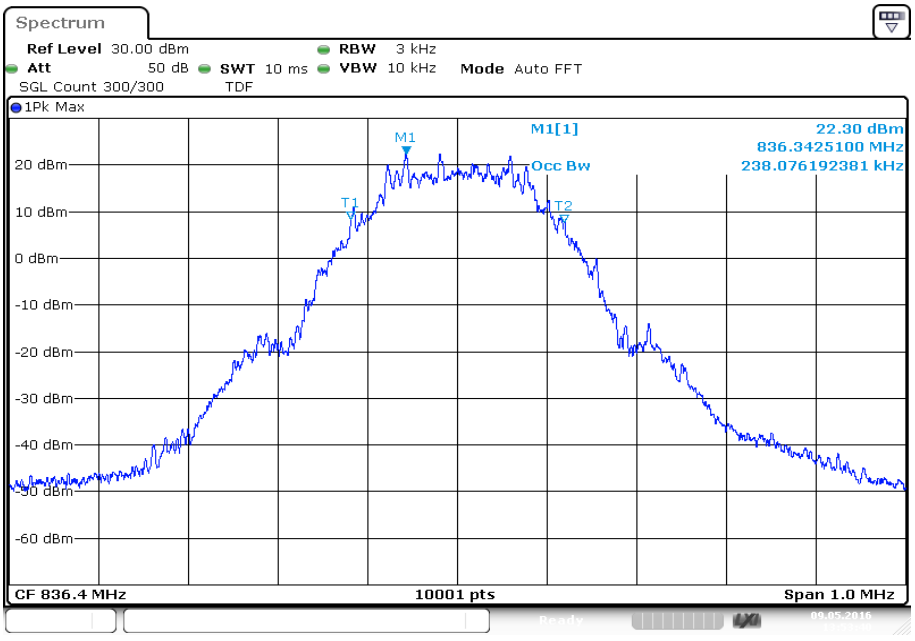
Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:50:12

Plot 2: Channel 128 (-26 dBc)

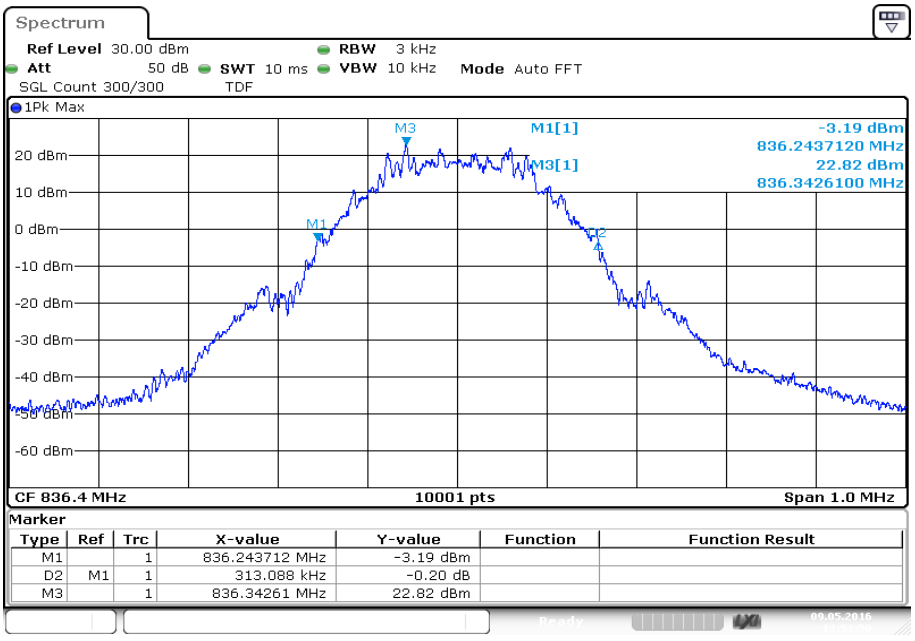


Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:50:22

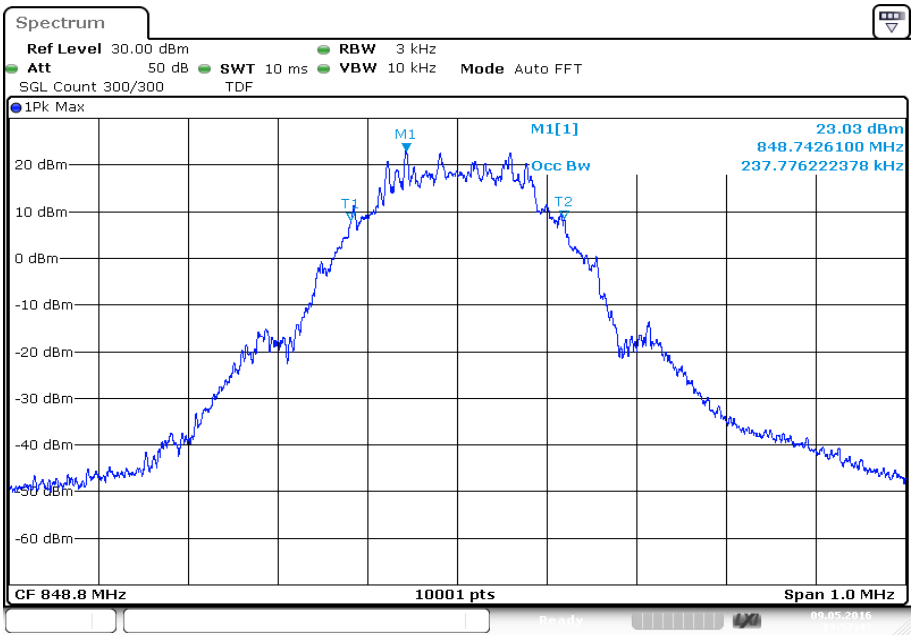
Plot 3: Channel 189 (99%)



Plot 4: Channel 189 (-26 dBc)

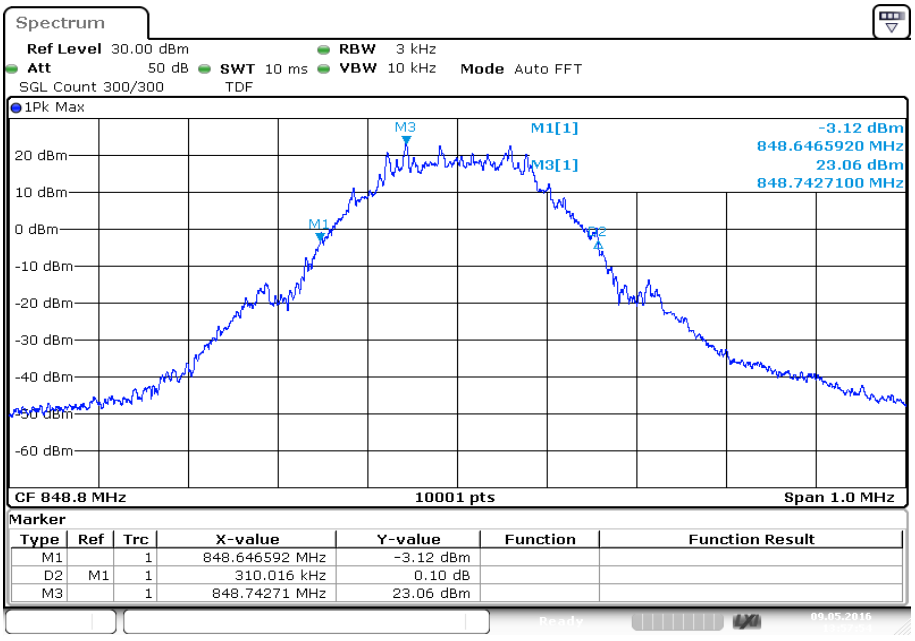


Plot 5: Channel 251 (99%)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:57:44

Plot 6: Channel 251 (-26 dBc)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 13:57:53

11.2 Results PCS 1900

All GSM-band measurements are done in GSM mode only (circuit switched).
All relevant tests have been repeated using 8-PSK modulation if EDGE mode is supported. All tests were performed with one timeslot in uplink activated and one timeslot in downlink activated. For each mode the highest output power was determined and used.

11.2.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power, PAPR and ERP measurements for the mobile station.

The plots in this test report represents only an example of the measurements. All plots of this chapter are available on request.
The red line in the measurements indicates the ideal Gaussian distribution for the measured amplitude range.

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Sample
AQT:	15.6 ms
Resolution bandwidth:	40 MHz
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.1 – A and chapter 7.3 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+33.00 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

Results:

Output Power (conducted) GMSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	**Peak Output Power (dBm)**	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB) CCDF**
1850.2	28.38	27.46	0.93
1880.0	28.11	27.67	0.40
1909.8	28.09	27.17	0.90

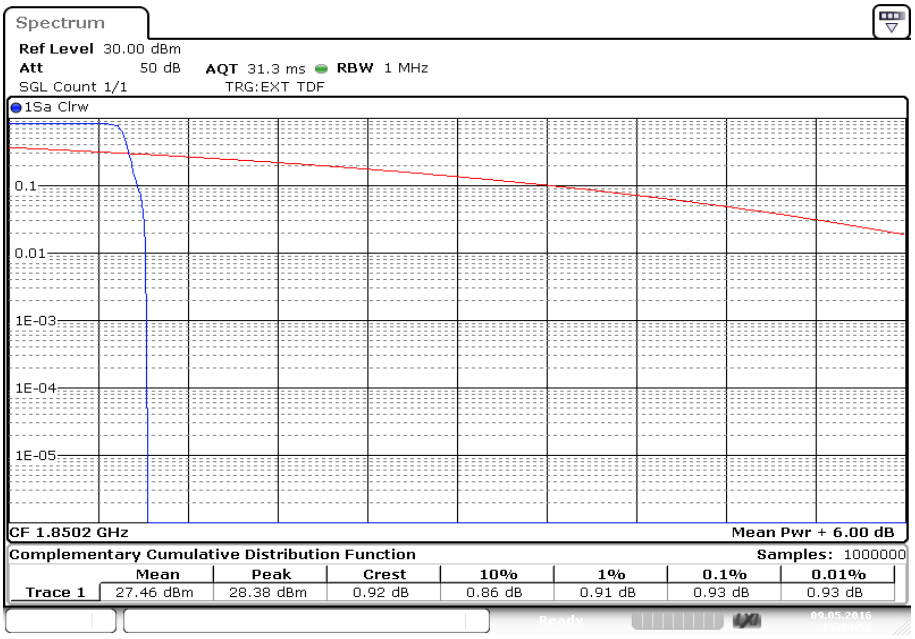
Output Power (conducted) 8-PSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	**Peak Output Power (dBm)**	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB) CCDF**
1850.2	28.10	24.03	3.97
1880.0	28.11	24.83	3.17
1909.8	28.09	23.91	4.06

Output Power (radiated) GMSK mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP**
1850.2	30.3
1880.0	29.7
1909.8	29.8

Output Power (radiated) 8-PSK mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP**
1850.2	27.7
1880.0	26.9
1909.8	26.6

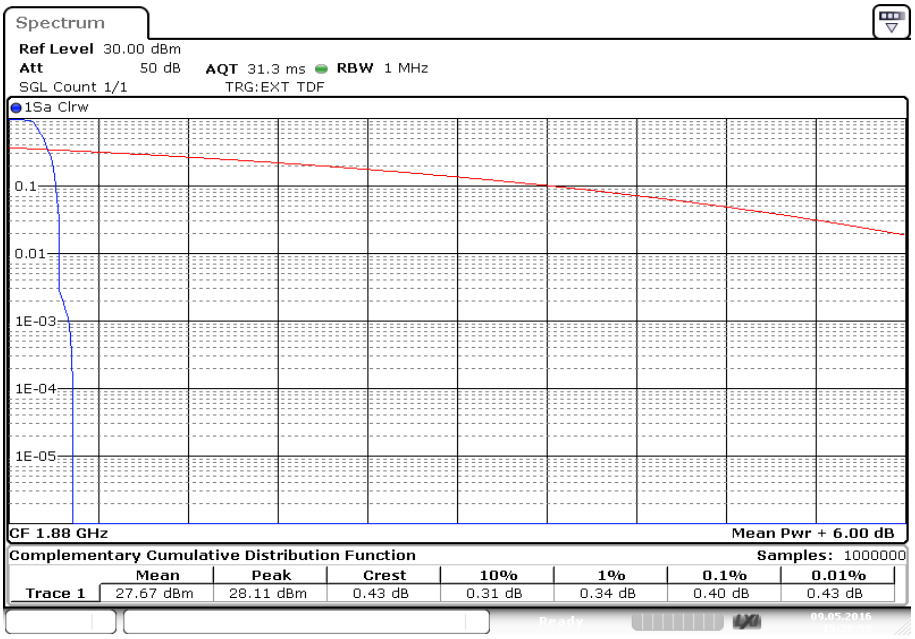
Plots: GPRS

Plot 1: CCDF, channel 512



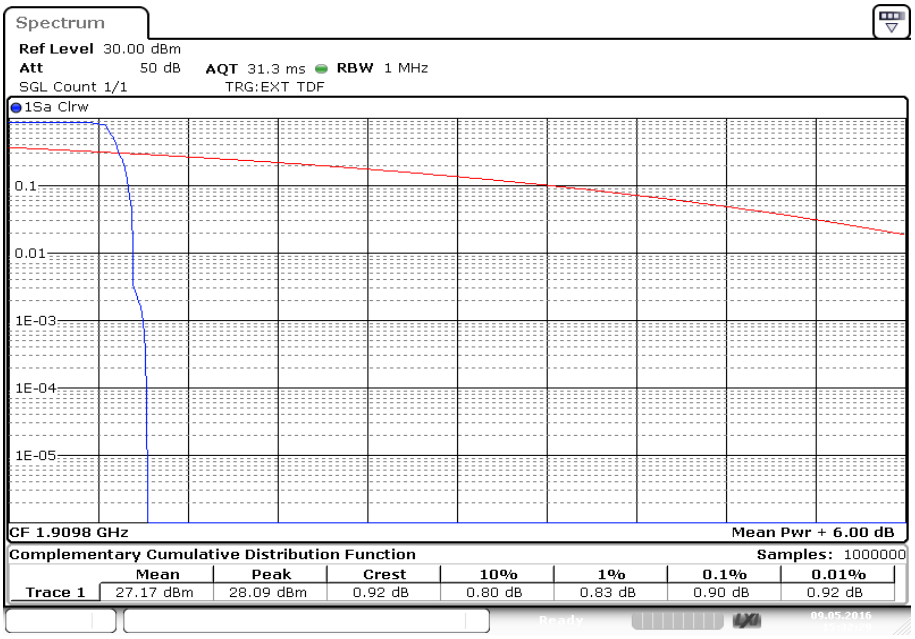
Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:24:52

Plot 2: CCDF, channel 661



Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:28:59

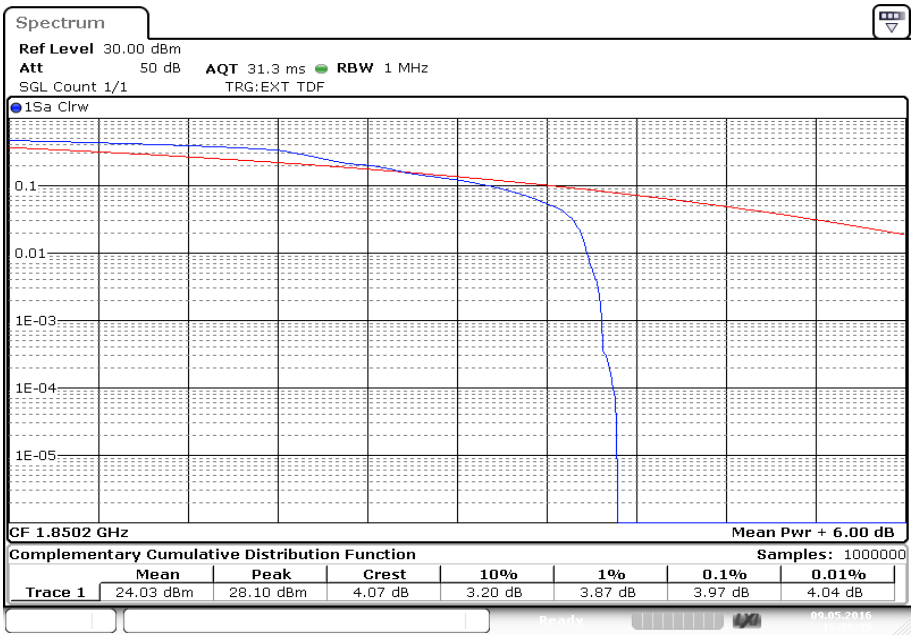
Plot 3: CCDF, channel 810



Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:32:29

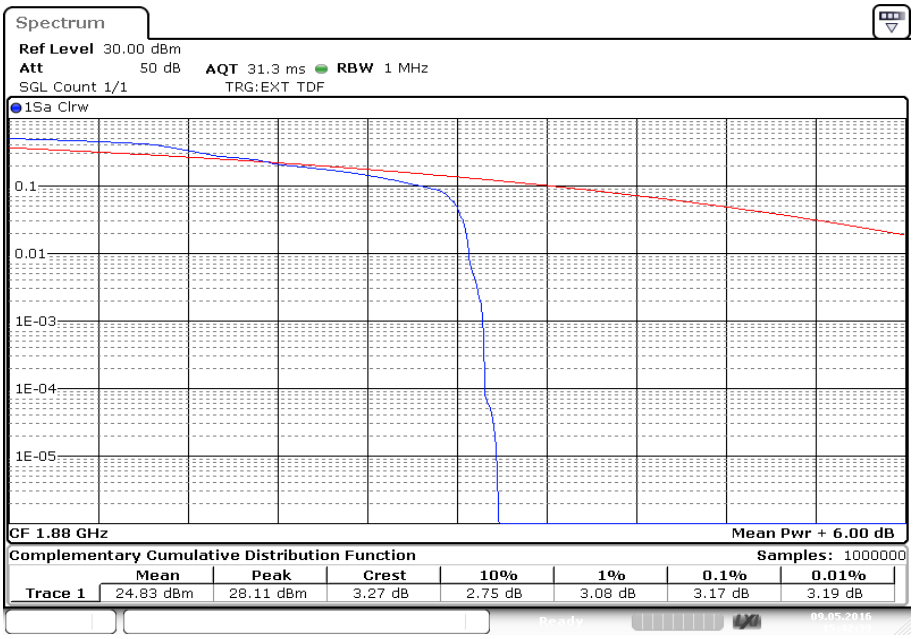
Plots: EDGE

Plot 1: CCDF, channel 512



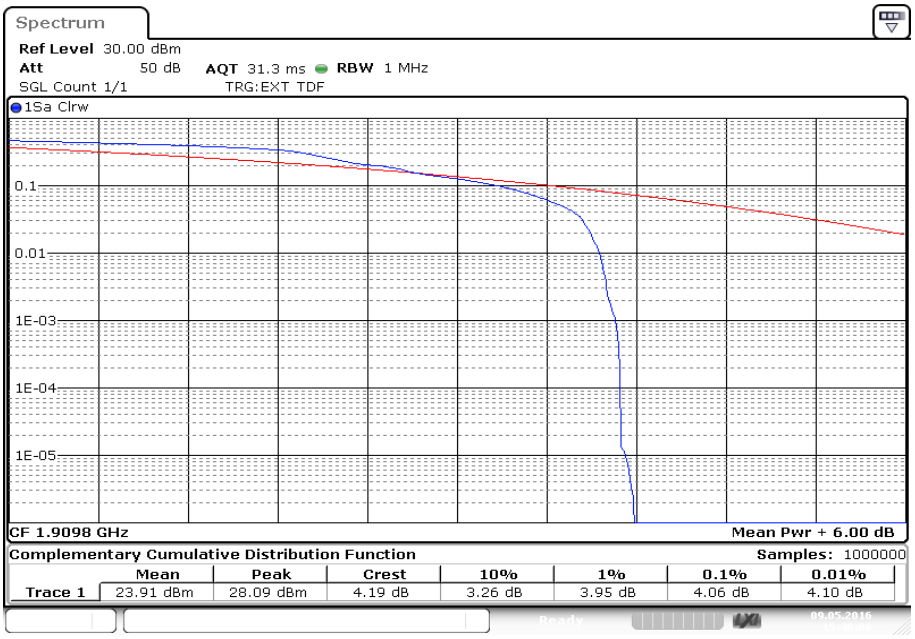
Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:38:35

Plot 2: CCDF, channel 661



Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:42:39

Plot 3: CCDF, channel 810



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11.2.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under normal conditions it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station connected to a R&S CMU200 Wideband Radio Communication Tester.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station powered with V_{nom} connected to the CMU200 on the centre channel. Measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +50°C. Allow at least 15 minutes at each temperature unpowered before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom}. Vary supply voltage to V_{min} and measure the carrier frequency then setup V_{max} and repeat the measurement.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMU200
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	
Test setup:	see chapter chapter 7.3 – B
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Frequency Stability	
The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.	

Results:

AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
6.1	-4	-0.00000021	-0.0021
7.2	-8	-0.00000043	-0.0043
8.4	-10	-0.00000053	-0.0053

AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-16	-0.00000085	-0.0085
-20	-11	-0.00000059	-0.0059
-10	-12	-0.00000064	-0.0064
± 0	-12	-0.00000064	-0.0064
10	-13	-0.00000069	-0.0069
20	-13	-0.00000069	-0.0069
30	-14	-0.00000074	-0.0074
40	-15	-0.00000080	-0.0080
50	-16	-0.00000085	-0.0085

11.2.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1910 MHz. Measurement made up to 25 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the PCS1900 band.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.1 – A & 7.2A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Spurious Emissions Radiated	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results GPRS & EGPRS:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the PCS1900 band (1850.2 MHz, 1880.0 MHz and 1909.8 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the PCS1900 band into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.
All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.
The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

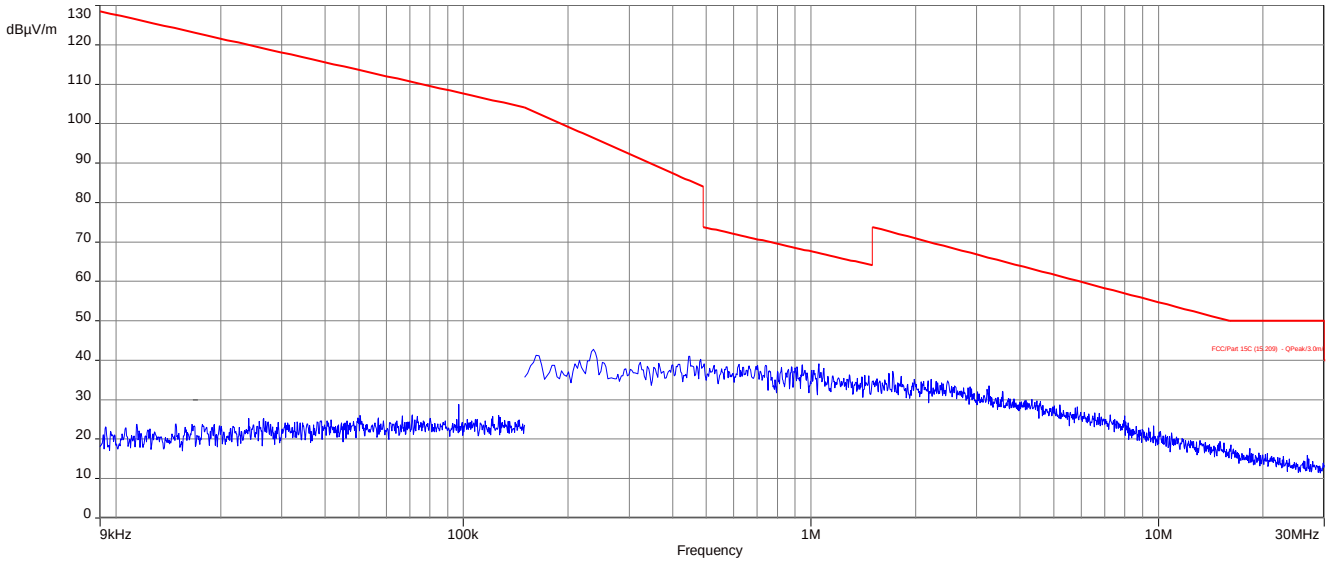
As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

Results:

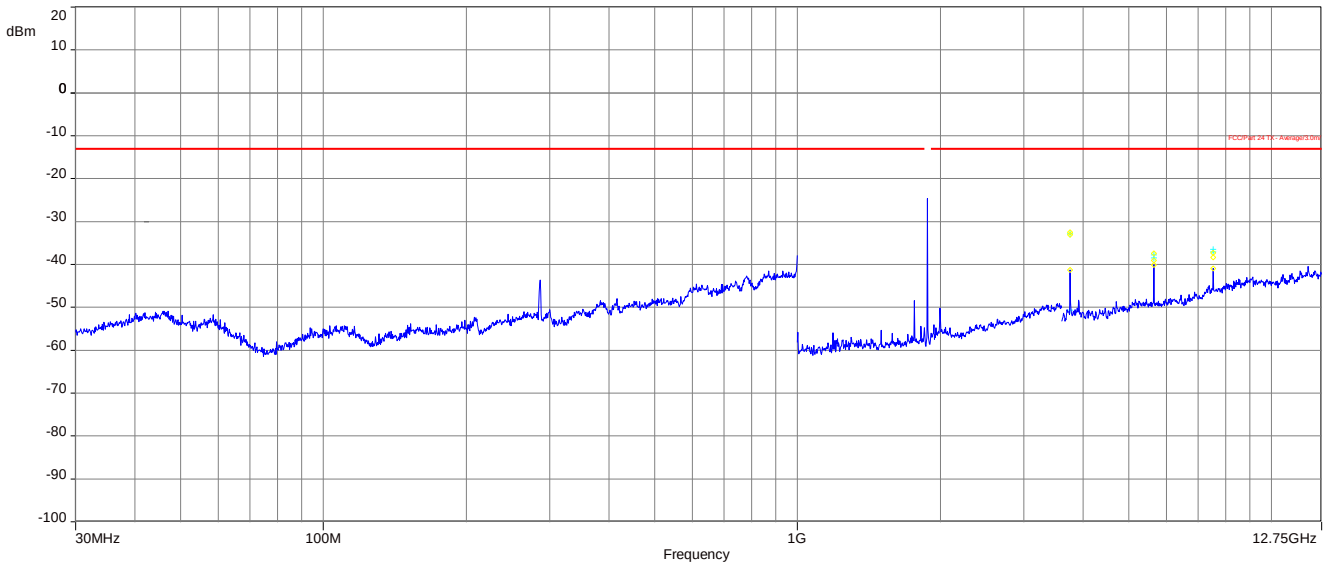
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (DBM)								
Harmonic	Ch. 512 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 661 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 810 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3700.4	-	2	3760.0	-32.48	2	3819.6	-
3	5550.6	-	3	5640.0	-37.45	3	5729.4	-
4	7400.8	-	4	7520.0	-36.49	4	7639.2	-
5	9251.0	-	5	9400.0	-	5	9549.0	-
6	11101.2	-	6	11280.0	-	6	11458.8	-
7	12951.4	-	7	13160.0	-	7	13368.6	-
8	14801.6	-	8	15040.0	-	8	15278.4	-
9	16651.8	-	9	16920.0	-	9	17188.2	-
10	18502.0	-	10	18800.0	-	10	19098.0	-

Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 661 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)

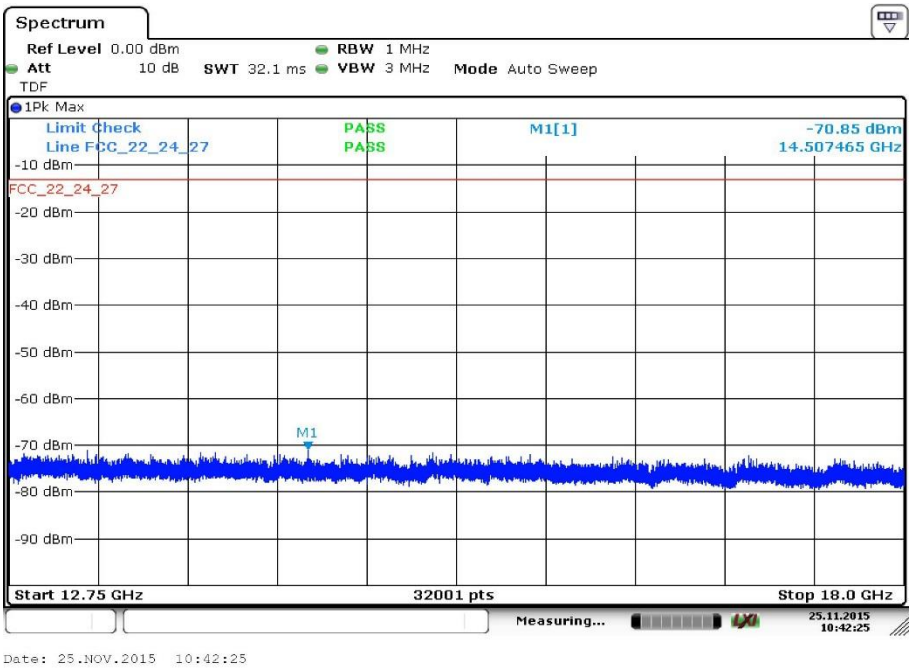


Plot 2: Channel 661 (30 MHz – 12.75 GHz)



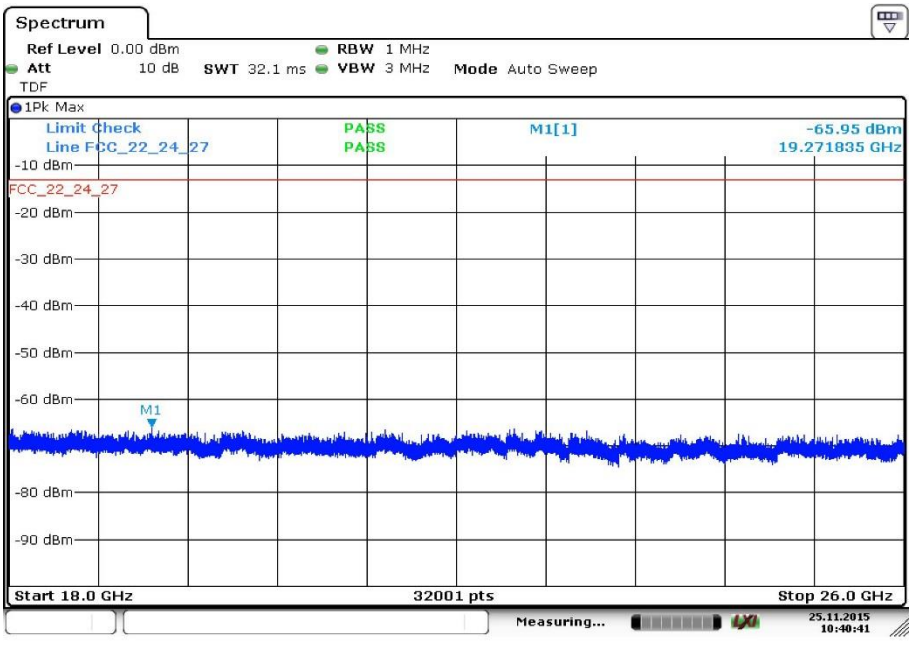
Carrier notched with 1.9 GHz rejection filter

Plot 3: Channel 661 (12.75 GHz - 18 GHz)



Date: 25.NOV.2015 10:42:25

Plot 4: Channel 661 (18 GHz - 26 GHz)



Date: 25.NOV.2015 10:40:41

11.2.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.
1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 25 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

PCS1900 Transmitter Channel Frequency
512 1850.2 MHz
661 1880.0 MHz
810 1909.8 MHz

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	10 MHz – 26 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.3 - A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

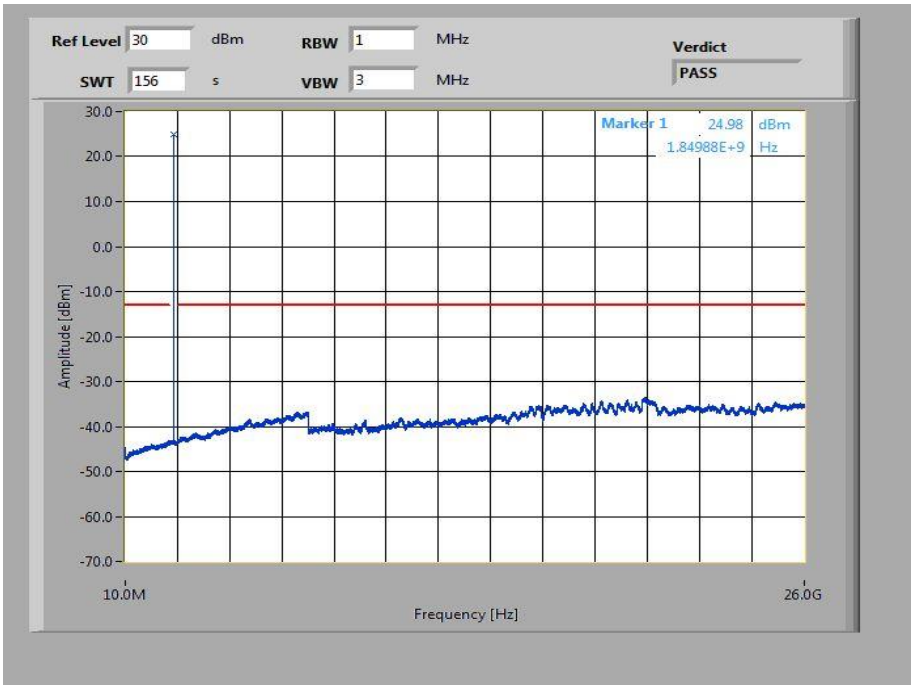
FCC	IC
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

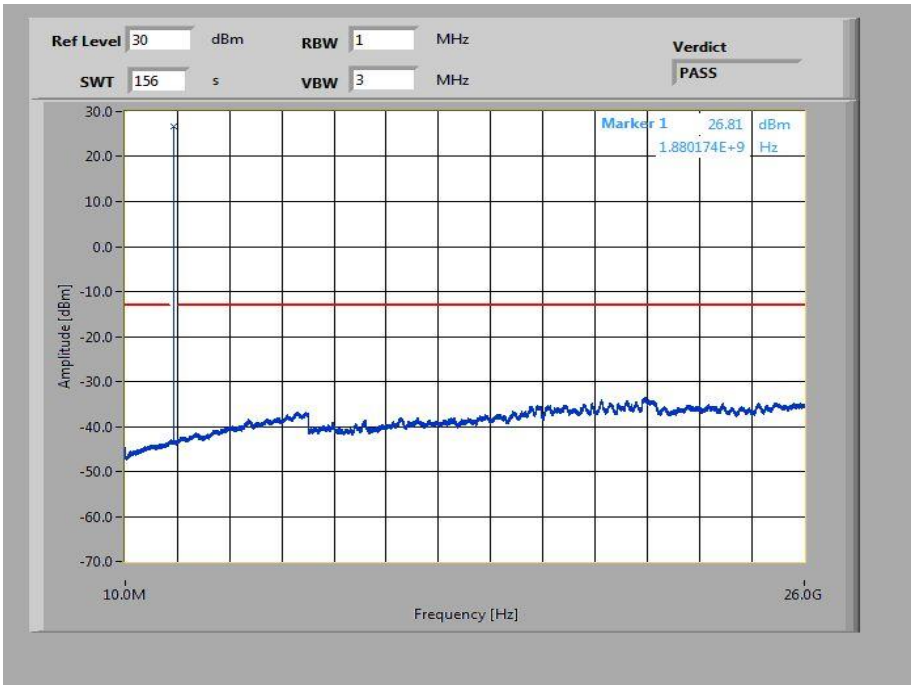
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (DBM)								
Harmonic	Ch. 512 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 661 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 810 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3700.4	-	2	3760.0	-	2	3819.6	-
3	5550.6	-	3	5640.0	-	3	5729.4	-
4	7400.8	-	4	7520.0	-	4	7639.2	-
5	9251.0	-	5	9400.0	-	5	9549.0	-
6	11101.2	-	6	11280.0	-	6	11458.8	-
7	12951.4	-	7	13160.0	-	7	13368.6	-
8	14801.6	-	8	15040.0	-	8	15278.4	-
9	16651.8	-	9	16920.0	-	9	17188.2	-
10	18502.0	-	10	18800.0	-	10	19098.0	-

Plots: GPRS

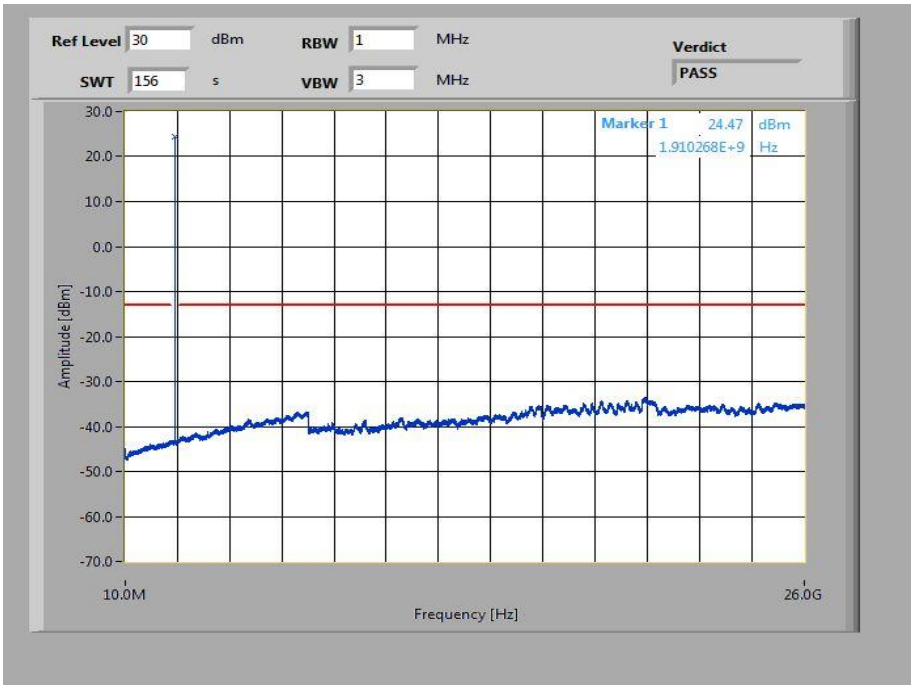
Plot 1: Channel 512 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



Plot 2: Channel 661 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)

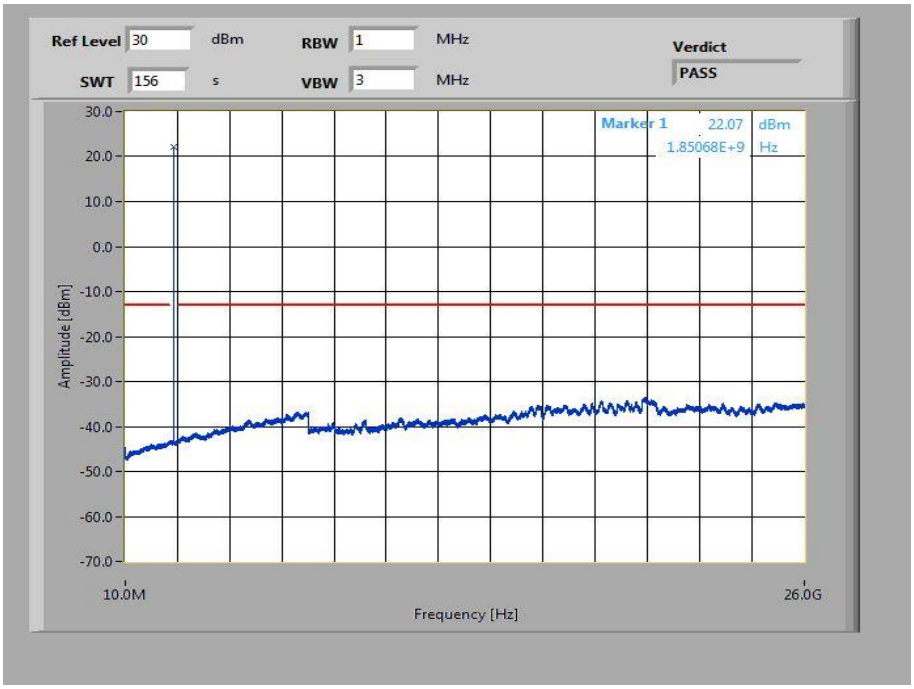


Plot 3: Channel 810 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)

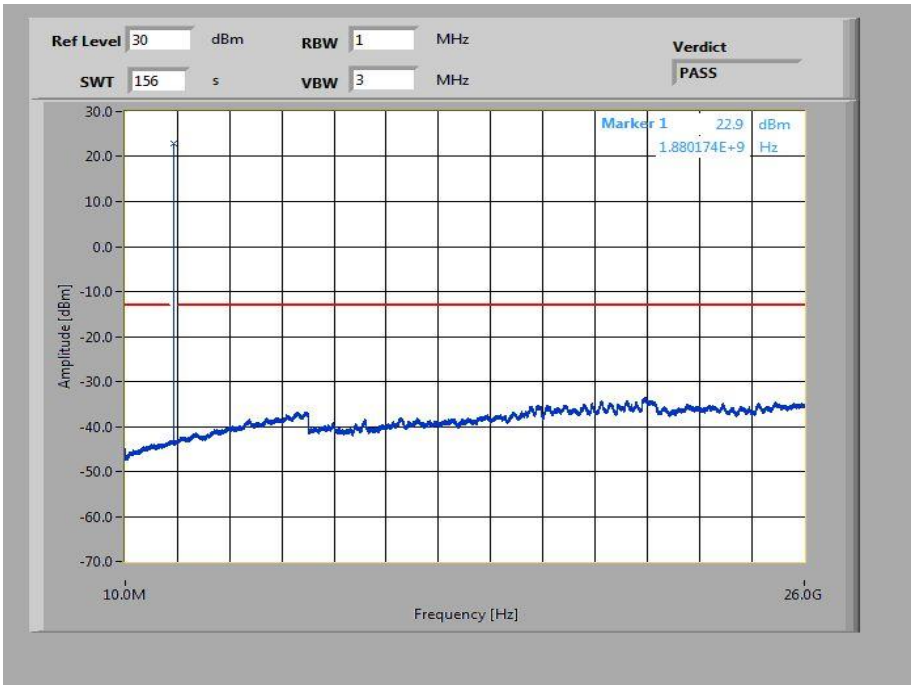


Plots: EDGE

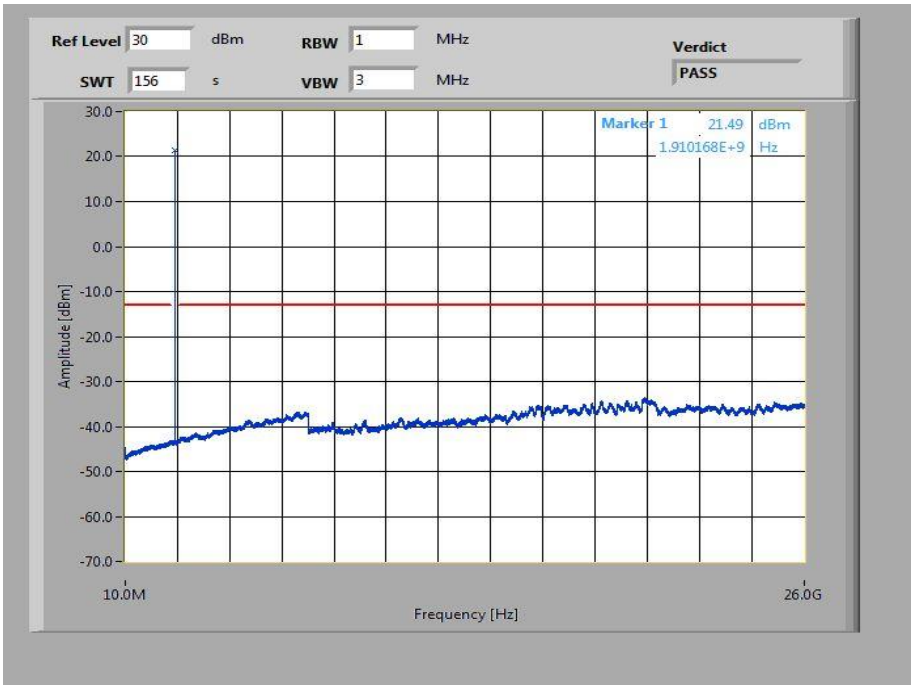
Plot 1: Channel 512 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



Plot 2: Channel 661 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



Plot 3: Channel 810 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



11.2.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

Measurement:

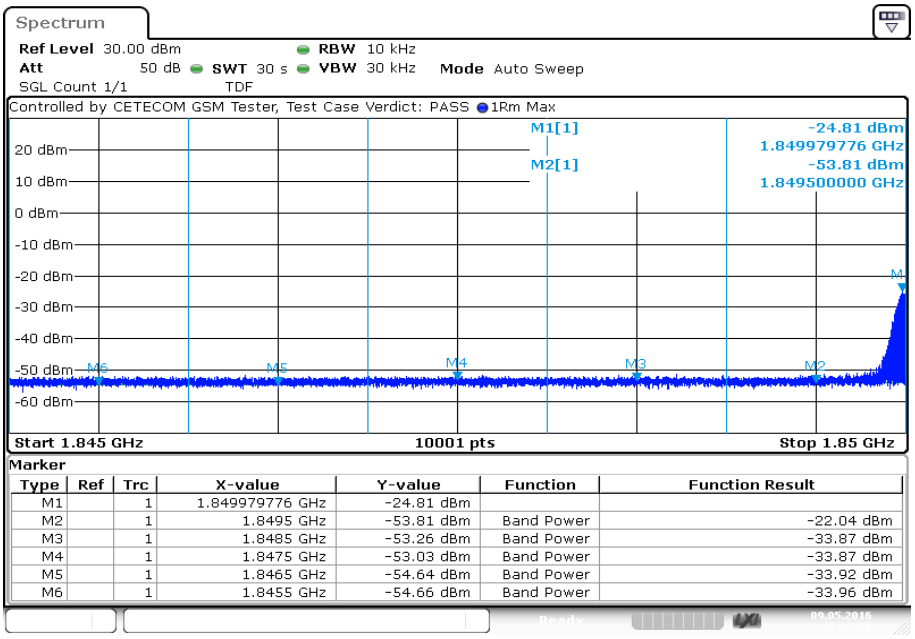
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	30 sec.
Video bandwidth:	1% - 5% of the OBW
Resolution bandwidth:	≥ 3xRBW
Span:	5 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.3 - A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Block Edge Compliance	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 512 (GPRS)



Marker

Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1		1	1.849979776 GHz	-24.81 dBm		
M2		1	1.8495 GHz	-53.81 dBm	Band Power	-22.04 dBm
M3		1	1.8485 GHz	-53.26 dBm	Band Power	-33.87 dBm
M4		1	1.8475 GHz	-53.03 dBm	Band Power	-33.87 dBm
M5		1	1.8465 GHz	-54.64 dBm	Band Power	-33.92 dBm
M6		1	1.8455 GHz	-54.66 dBm	Band Power	-33.96 dBm

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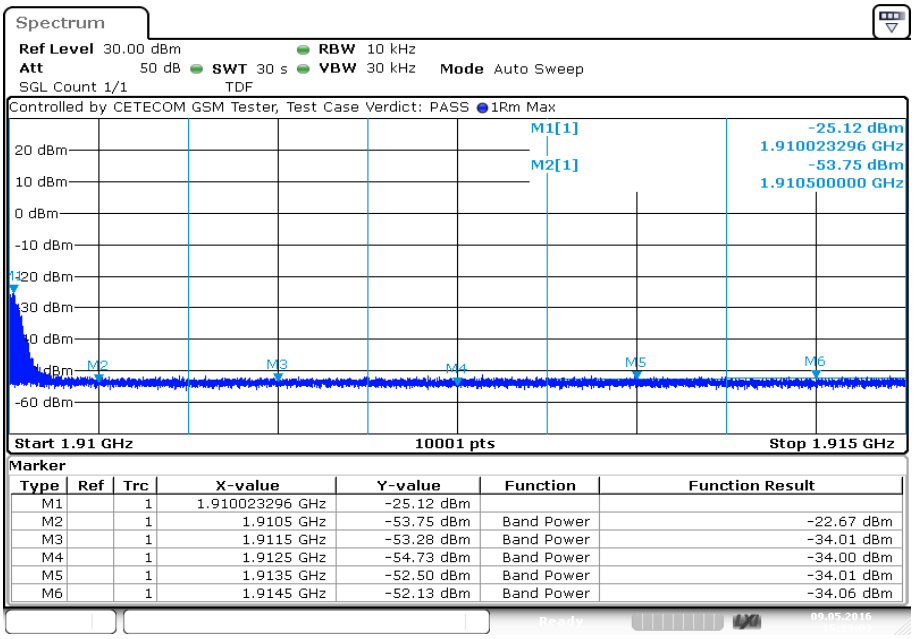
Plot 2: Channel 810 (GPRS)



Marker

Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1		1	1.910023296 GHz	-25.12 dBm		
M2		1	1.9105 GHz	-53.75 dBm	Band Power	-22.67 dBm
M3		1	1.9115 GHz	-53.28 dBm	Band Power	-34.01 dBm
M4		1	1.9125 GHz	-54.73 dBm	Band Power	-34.00 dBm
M5		1	1.9135 GHz	-52.50 dBm	Band Power	-34.01 dBm
M6		1	1.9145 GHz	-52.13 dBm	Band Power	-34.06 dBm

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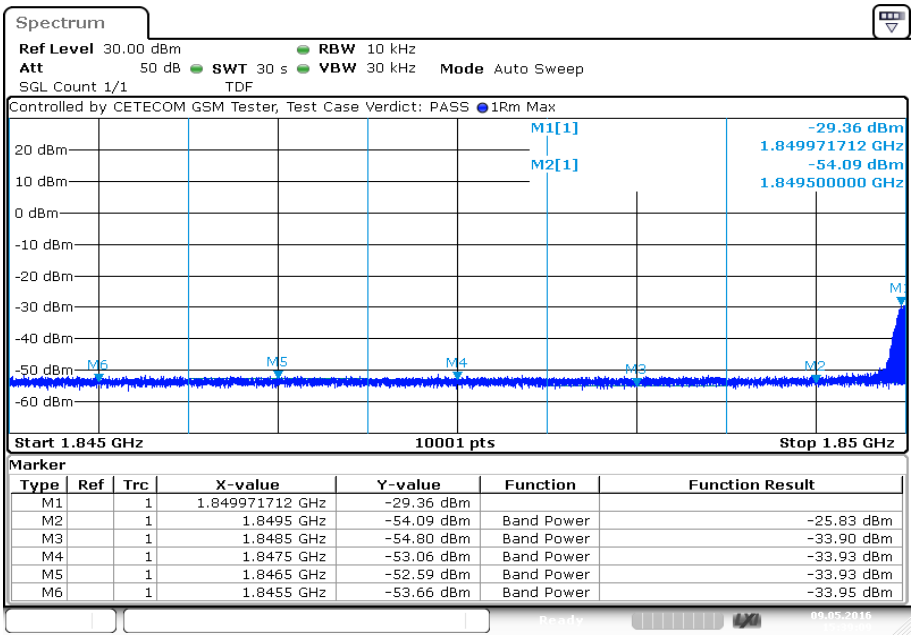
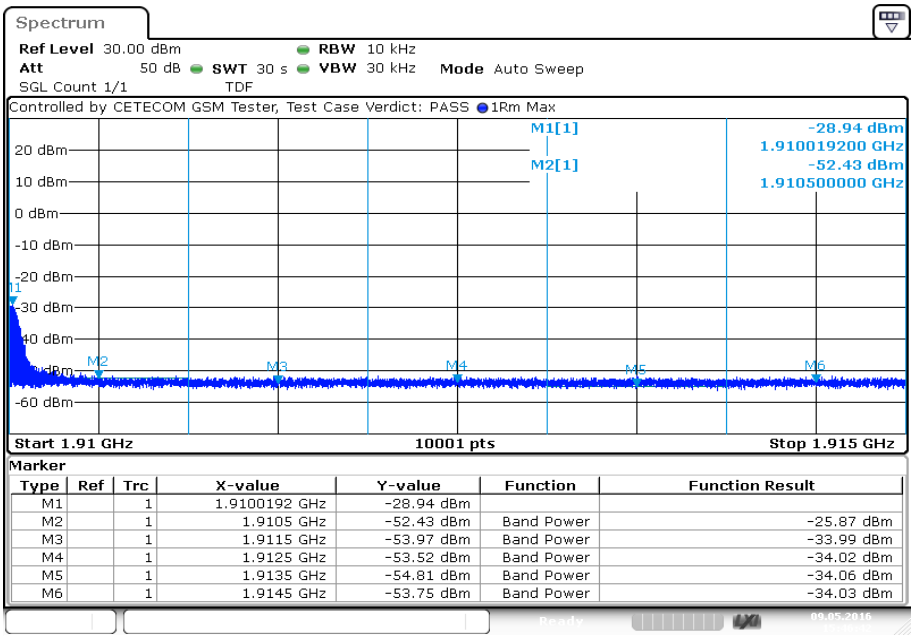
Plot 3: Channel 512 (EDGE)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:39:09

Plot 4: Channel 810 (EDGE)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:46:42

11.2.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the PCS1900 frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1% - 5% of the OBW
Video bandwidth:	≥ 3xRBW
Span:	2 x nominal BW
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.3-A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Occupied Bandwidth	
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	

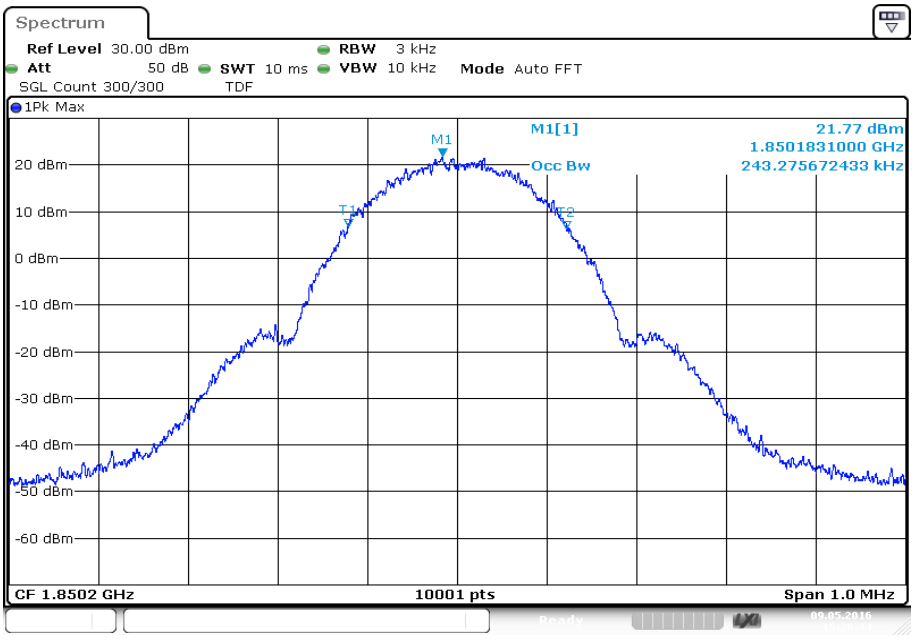
Results:

Occupied Bandwidth - GMSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**99% OBW (kHz)**	**-26 dBc BW (kHz)**
1850.2	243.3	318.1
1880.0	242.6	314.4
1909.8	243.2	315.0

Occupied Bandwidth – 8-PSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**99% OBW (kHz)**	**-26 dBc BW (kHz)**
1850.2	242.4	312.6
1880.0	241.1	310.1
1909.8	240.7	313.5

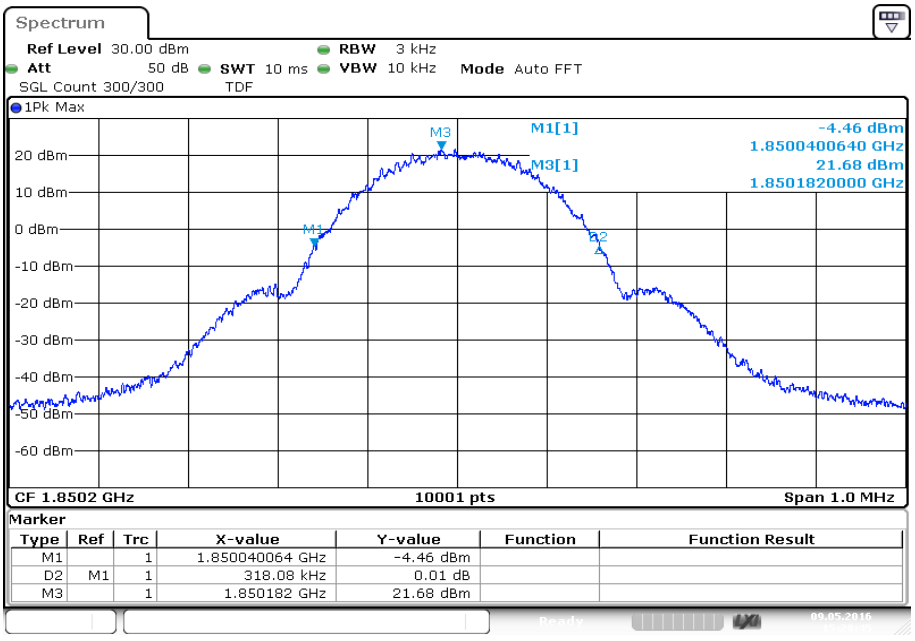
Plots: GPRS

Plot 1: Channel 512 (99%)



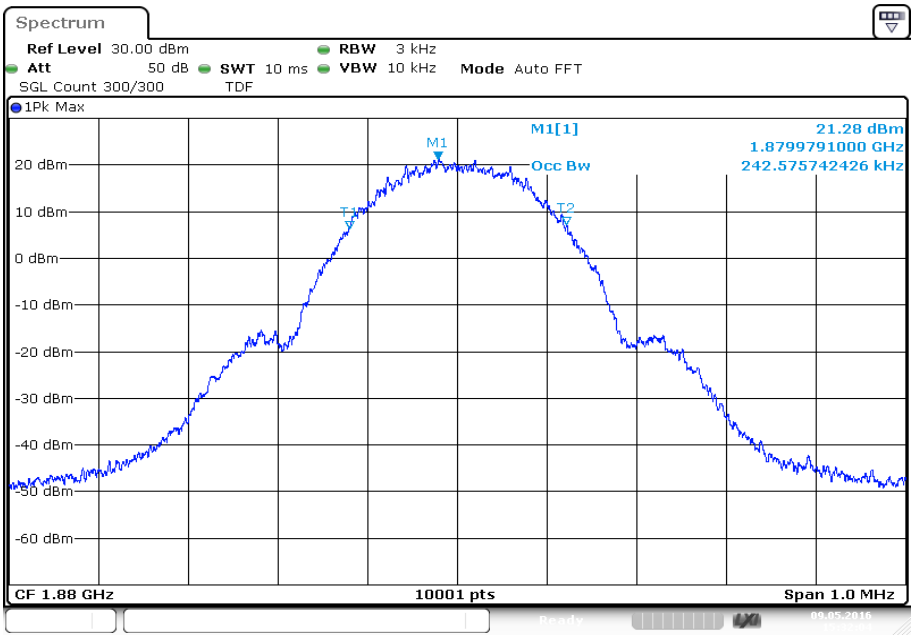
Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:28:35

Plot 2: Channel 512 (-26 dBc)



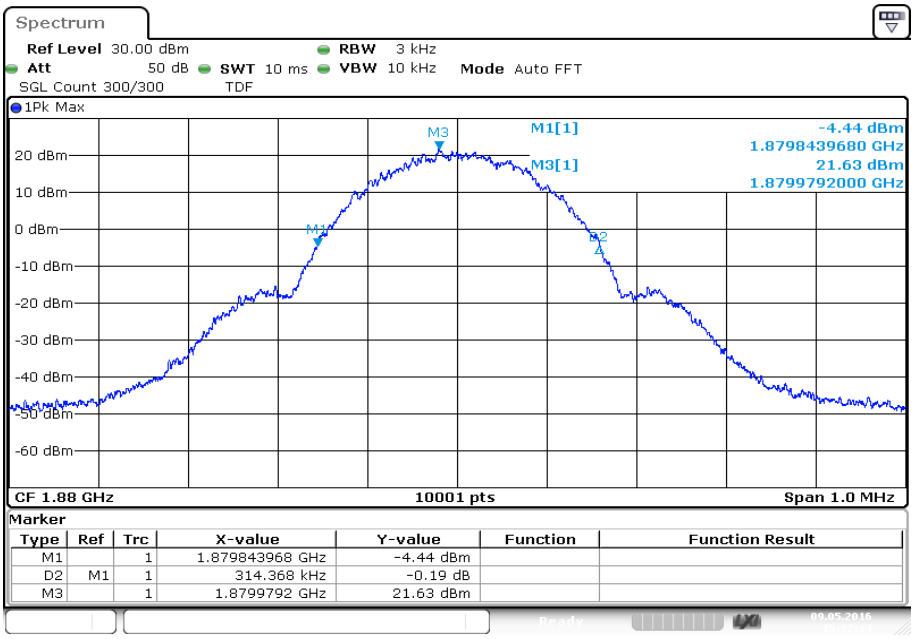
Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:28:45

Plot 3: Channel 661 (99%)



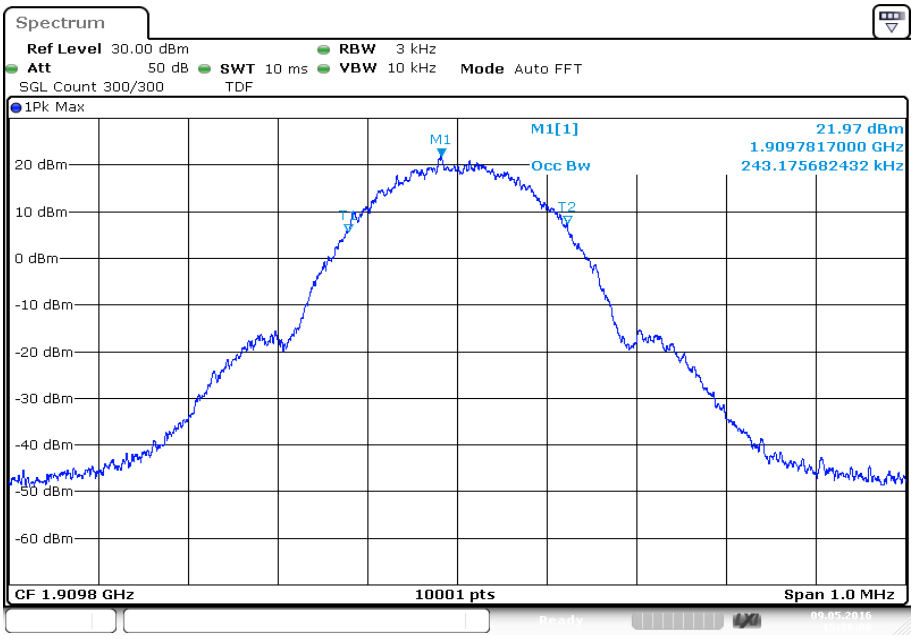
Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:32:05

Plot 4: Channel 661 (-26 dBc)



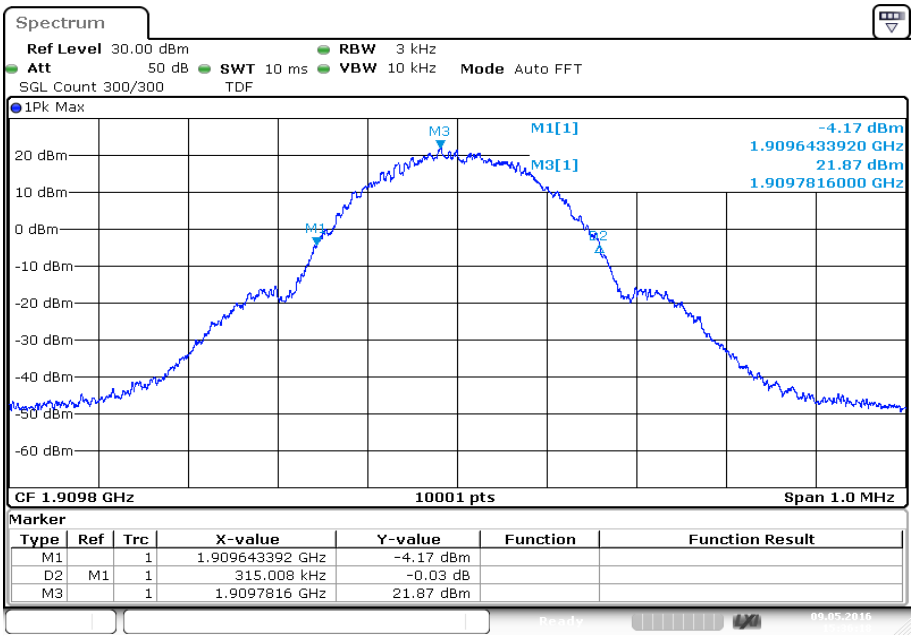
Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:32:15

Plot 5: Channel 810 (99%)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:36:09

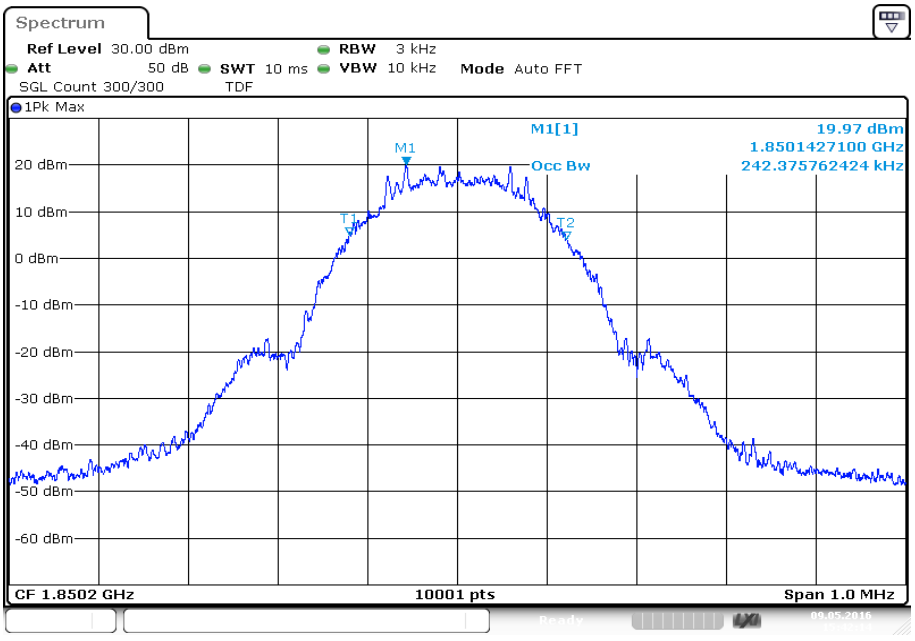
Plot 6: Channel 810 (-26 dBc)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:36:19

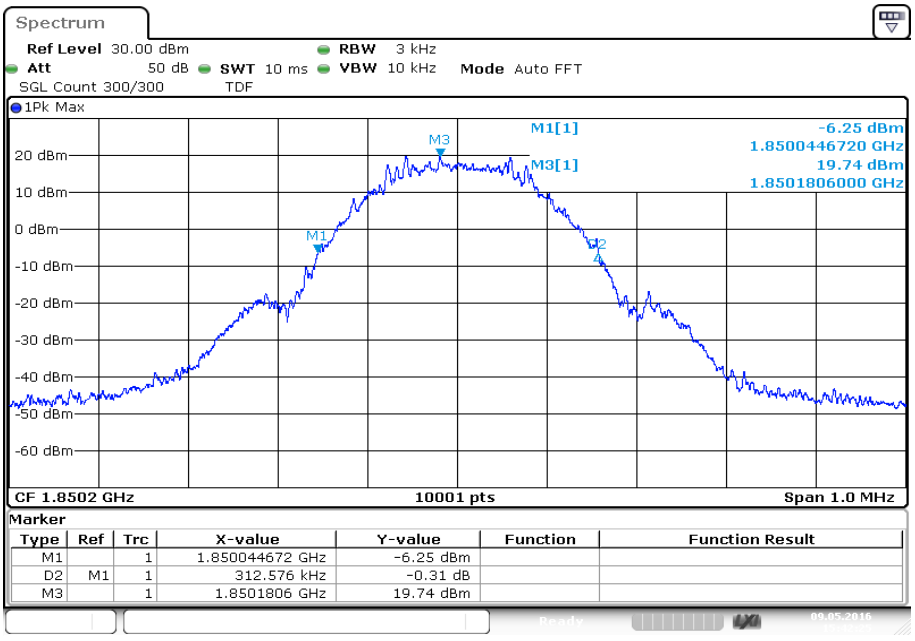
Plots: EDGE

Plot 1: Channel 512 (99%)



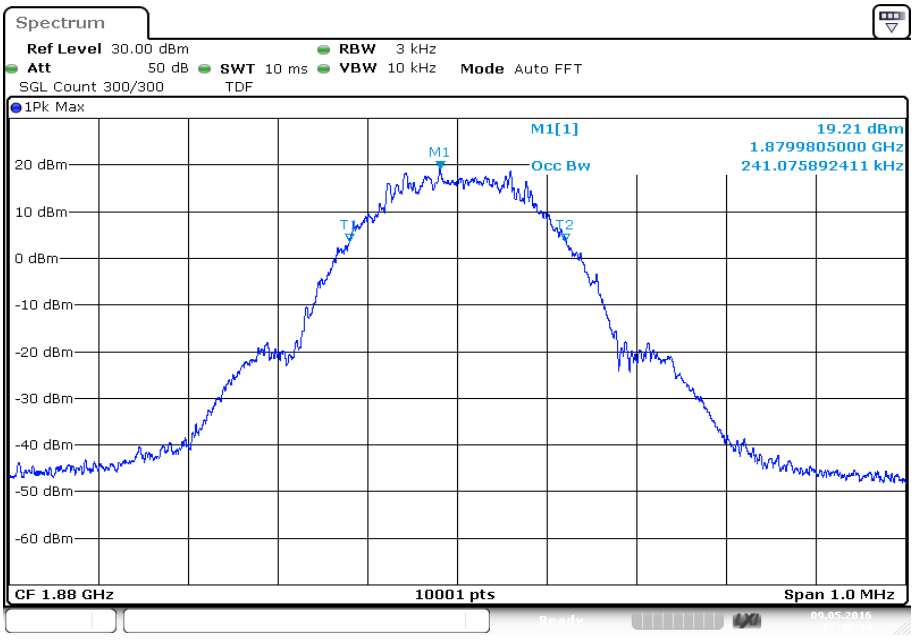
Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:42:15

Plot 2: Channel 512 (-26 dBc)



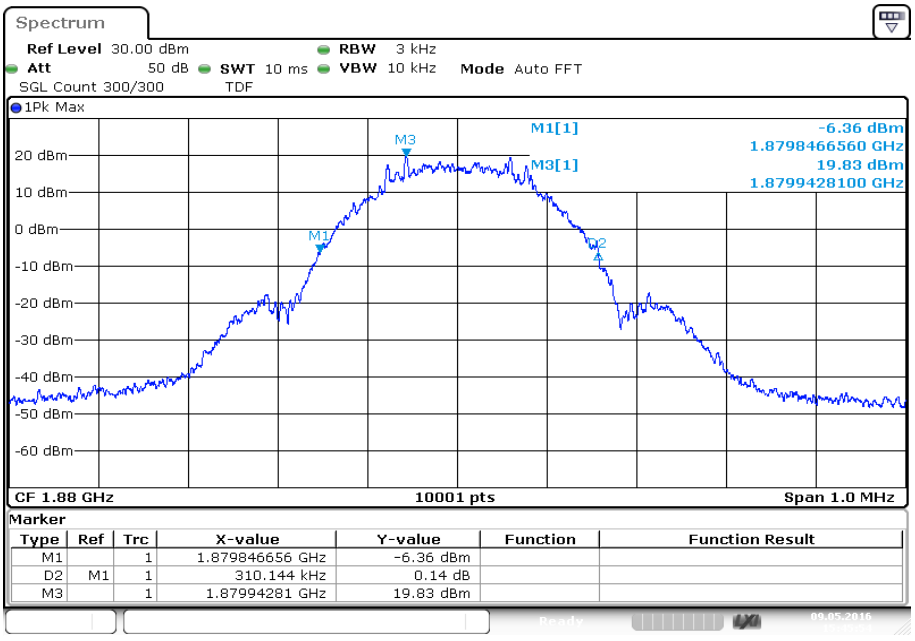
Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:42:25

Plot 3: Channel 661 (99%)



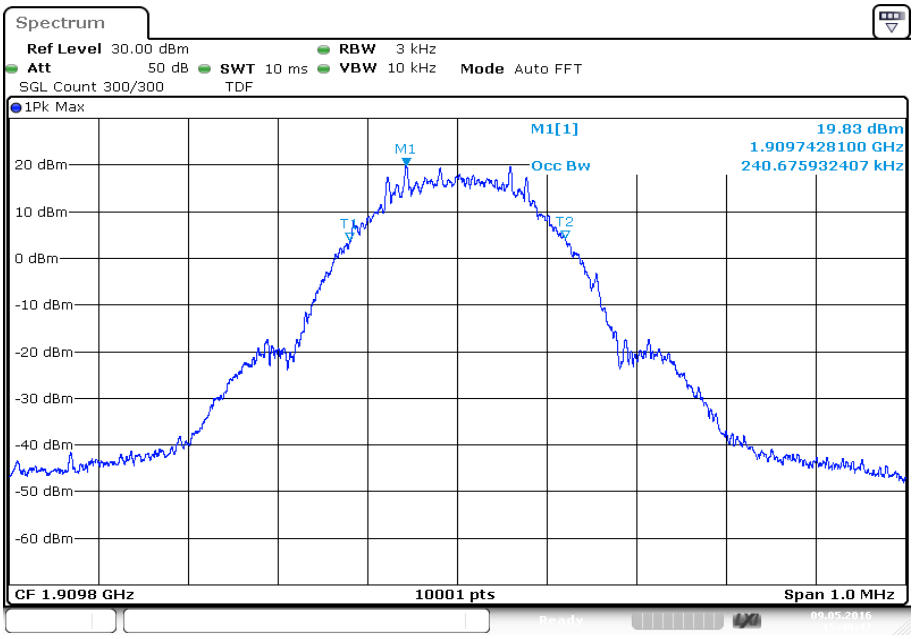
Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:45:44

Plot 4: Channel 661 (-26 dBc)

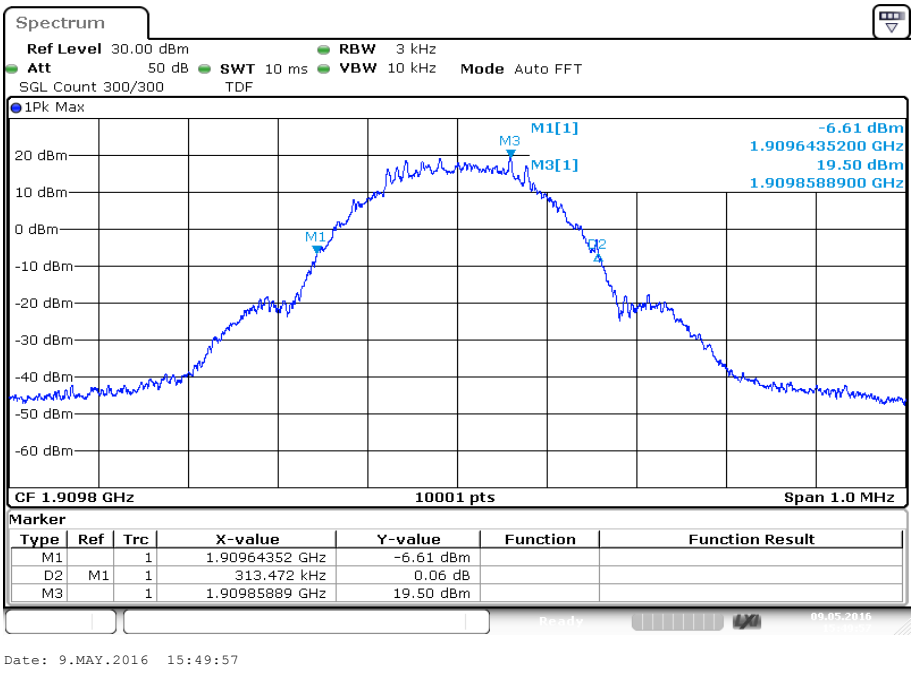


Date: 9.MAY.2016 15:45:54

Plot 5: Channel 810 (99%)



Plot 6: Channel 810 (-26 dBc)



11.3 Results UMTS band II

All UMTS-band measurements are done in WCDMA mode only.
The connection was established with the following setup: WCDMA CS-RMC, Max Power (All Bit up)

11.3.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power, PAPR and ERP measurements for the mobile station.

The plots in this test report represents only an example of the measurements. All plots of this chapter are available on request.
The red line in the measurements indicates the ideal Gaussian distribution for the measured amplitude range.

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Sample
AQT:	15.6 ms
Resolution bandwidth:	40 MHz
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.1 – A and chapter 7.3 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+33.00 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

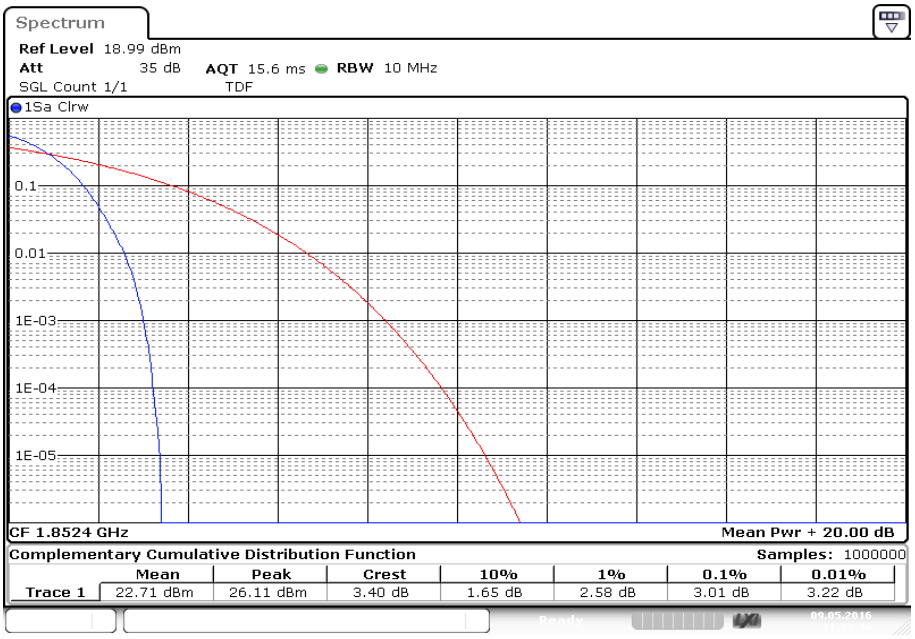
Results:

Output Power (conducted) WCDMA mode			
Frequency (MHz)	**Peak Output Power (dBm)**	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB) CCDF**
1852.4	26.11	22.71	3.01
1880.0	26.05	22.58	3.13
1907.6	24.90	21.67	2.90

Output Power (radiated) WCDMA mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP**
1852.4	25.5
1880.0	24.6
1907.6	24.3

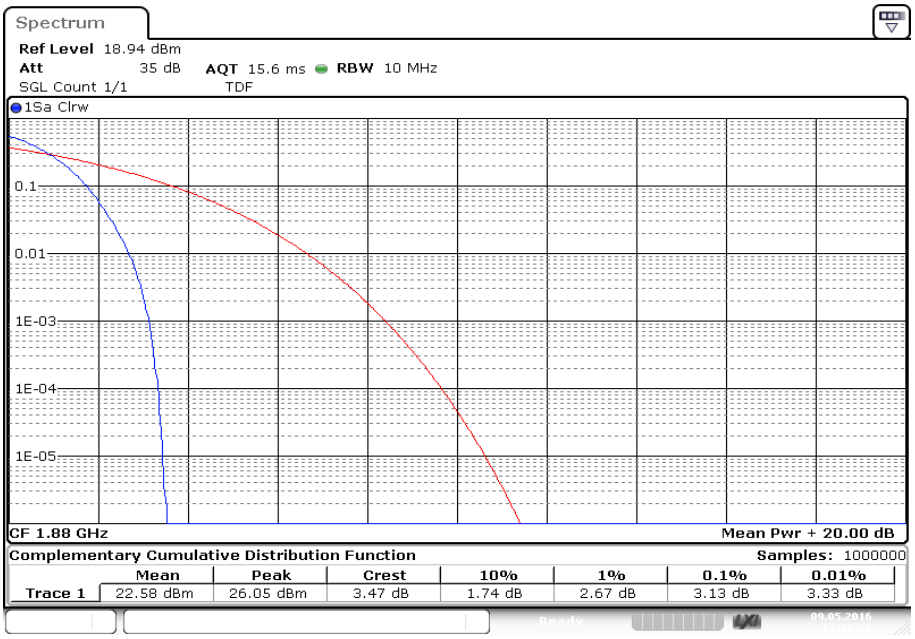
Plots:

Plots 1: channel 9262



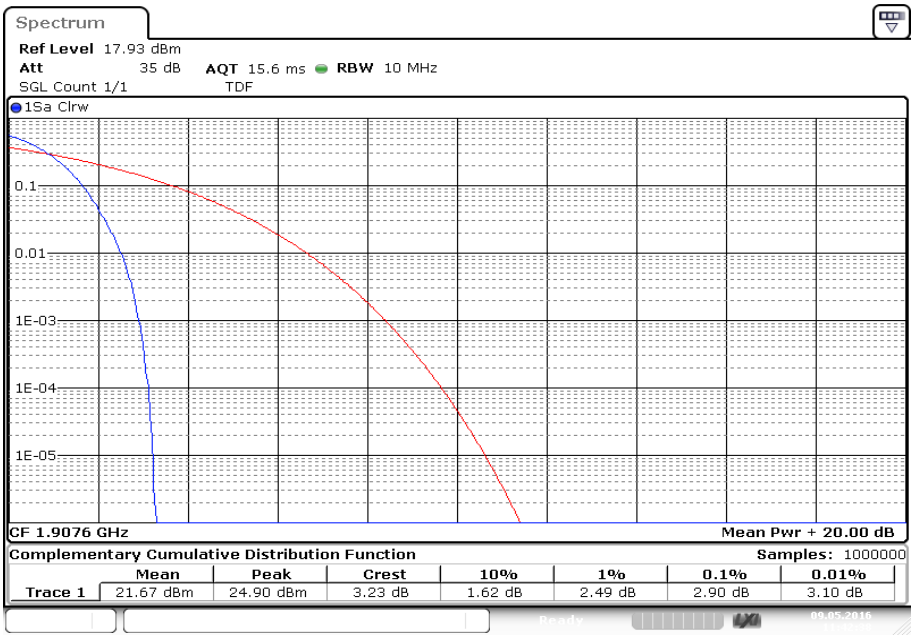
Date: 9.MAY.2016 11:33:31

Plots 2: channel 9400



Date: 9.MAY.2016 11:38:23

Plots 3: channel 9538



Date: 9.MAY.2016 11:42:39

11.3.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under normal conditions it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station connected to a R&S CMU200 Wideband Radio Communication Tester.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station powered with V_{nom} connected to the CMU200 on the centre channel. Measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +50°C. Allow at least 15 minutes at each temperature unpowered before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom}. Vary supply voltage to V_{min} and measure the carrier frequency then setup V_{max} and repeat the measurement.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMU200
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	
Test setup:	see chapter chapter 7.3 – B
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Frequency Stability	
The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.	

Results:

AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
6.1	-14	-0.00000074	-0.0074
7.2	-16	-0.00000085	-0.0085
8.4	-13	-0.00000069	-0.0069

AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-11	-0.00000059	-0.0059
-20	-11	-0.00000059	-0.0059
-10	-14	-0.00000074	-0.0074
± 0	-12	-0.00000064	-0.0064
10	-12	-0.00000064	-0.0064
20	-16	-0.00000085	-0.0085
30	-13	-0.00000069	-0.0069
40	-13	-0.00000069	-0.0069
50	-12	-0.00000064	-0.0064

11.3.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1910 MHz. Measurement made up to 25 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the PCS1900 band.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.1 – A & 7.2A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Spurious Emissions Radiated	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the PCS1900 band (1850.2 MHz, 1880.0 MHz and 1909.8 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the PCS1900 band into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.
All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.
The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

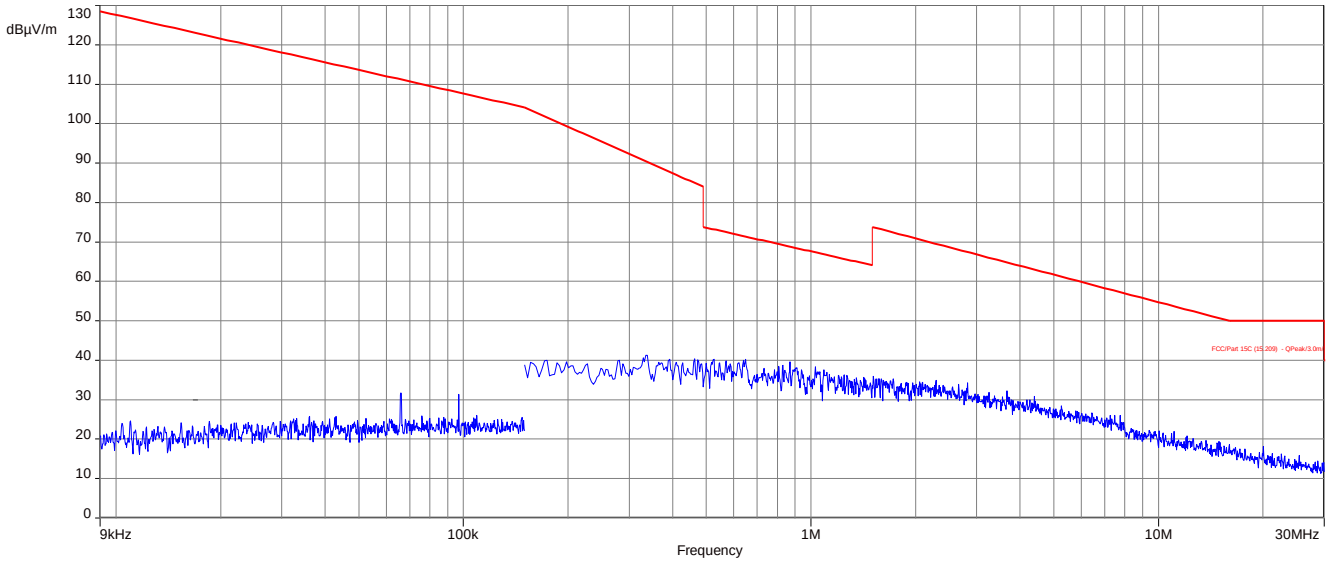
As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

Results:

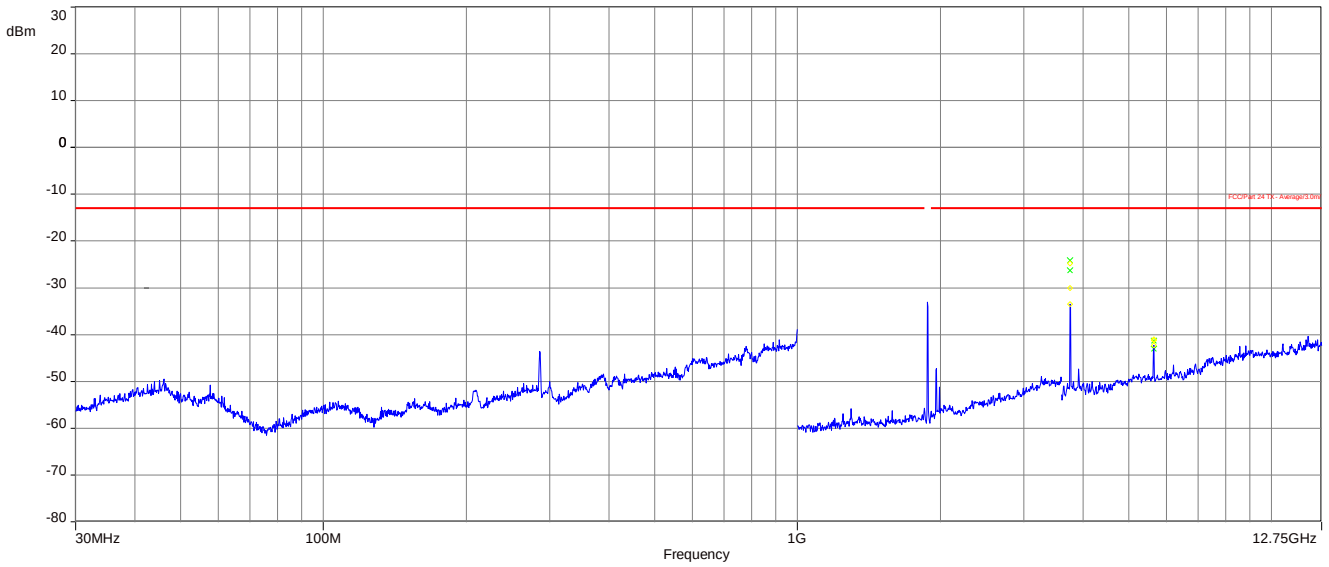
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (DBM)								
Harmonic	Ch. 9262 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9400 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9538 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3704.8	-	2	3760.0	-	2	3815.2	-
3	5557.2	-	3	5640.0	-	3	5722.8	-
4	7409.6	-	4	7520.0	-	4	7630.4	-
5	9262.0	-	5	9400.0	-	5	9538.0	-
6	11114.4	-	6	11280.0	-	6	11445.6	-
7	12966.8	-	7	13160.0	-	7	13353.2	-
8	14819.2	-	8	15040.0	-	8	15260.8	-
9	16671.6	-	9	16920.0	-	9	17168.4	-
10	18524.0	-	10	18800.0	-	10	19076.0	-

Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 9400 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)

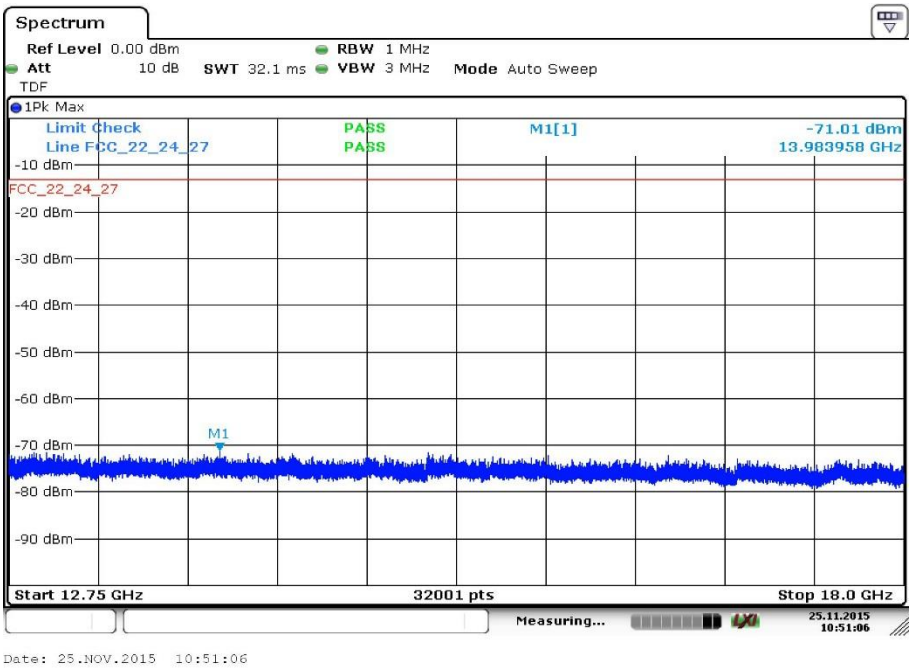


Plot 2: Channel 9400 (30 MHz – 12.75 GHz)



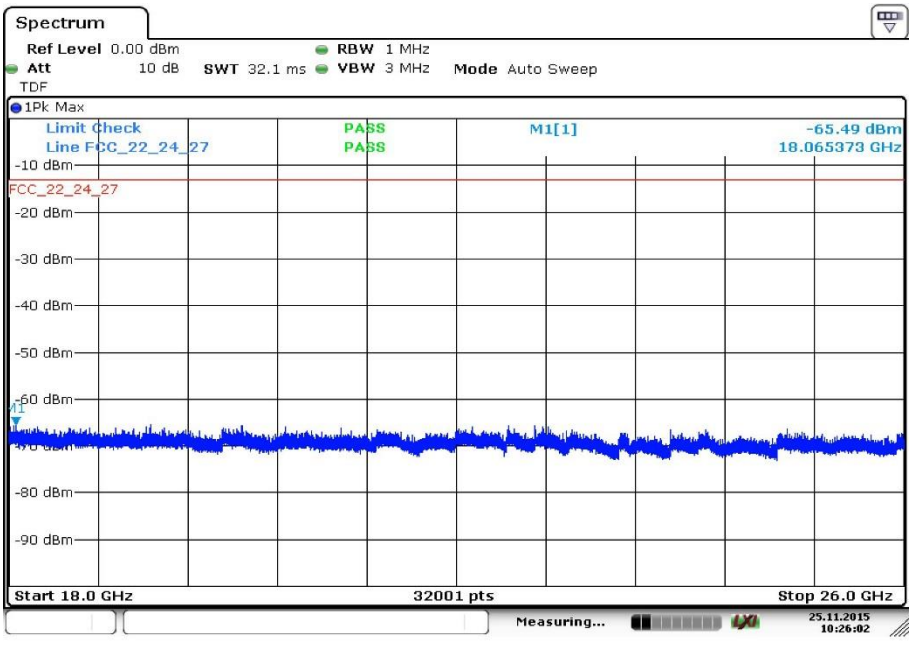
Carrier notched with 1.9 GHz rejection filter

Plot 3: Channel 9400 (12.75 GHz - 18 GHz)



Date: 25.NOV.2015 10:51:06

Plot 4: Channel 9400 (18 GHz - 26 GHz)



Date: 25.NOV.2015 10:26:02

11.3.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.
1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 25 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

PCS1900 Transmitter Channel Frequency
512 1850.2 MHz
661 1880.0 MHz
810 1909.8 MHz

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	10 MHz – 26 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.3 - A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

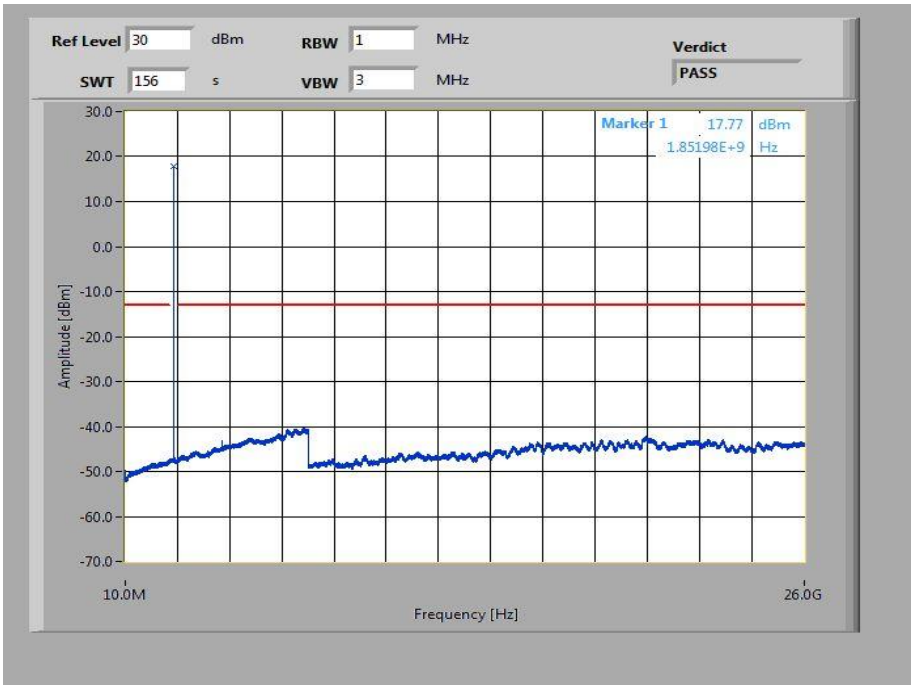
FCC	IC
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

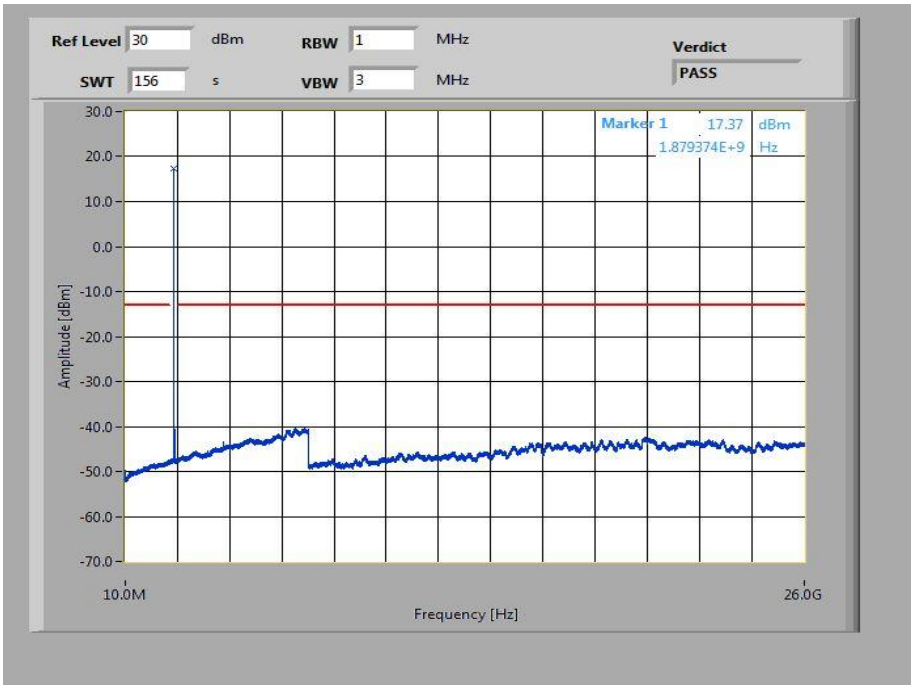
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (DBM)								
Harmonic	Ch. 9262 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9400 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9538 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3704.8	-	2	3760.0	-	2	3815.2	-
3	5557.2	-	3	5640.0	-	3	5722.8	-
4	7409.6	-	4	7520.0	-	4	7630.4	-
5	9262.0	-	5	9400.0	-	5	9538.0	-
6	11114.4	-	6	11280.0	-	6	11445.6	-
7	12966.8	-	7	13160.0	-	7	13353.2	-
8	14819.2	-	8	15040.0	-	8	15260.8	-
9	16671.6	-	9	16920.0	-	9	17168.4	-
10	18524.0	-	10	18800.0	-	10	19076.0	-

Plots:

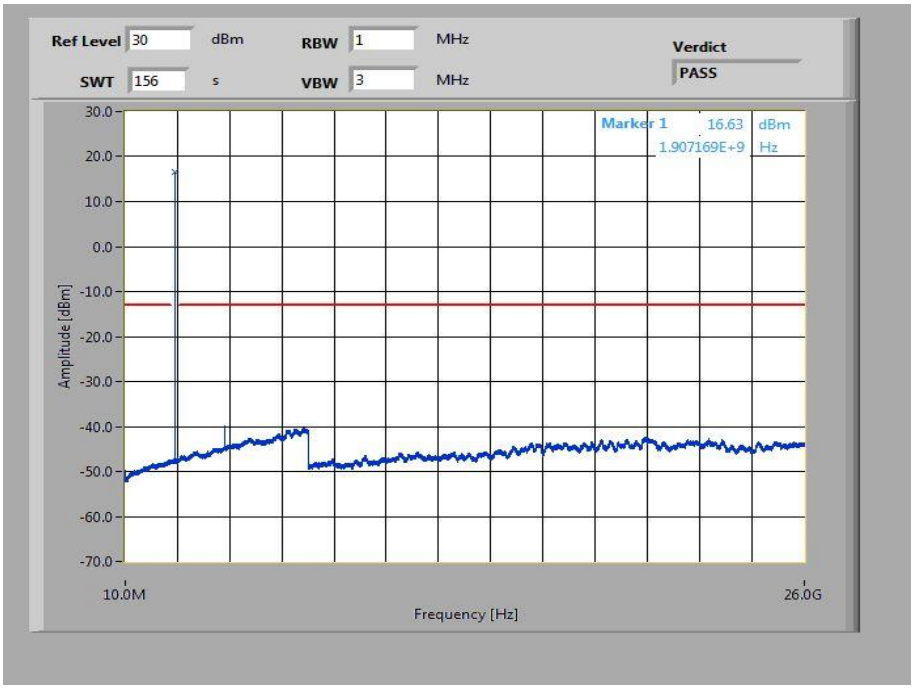
Plot 1: Channel 9262 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



Plot 2: Channel 9400 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



Plot 3: Channel 9538 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



11.3.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

Measurement:

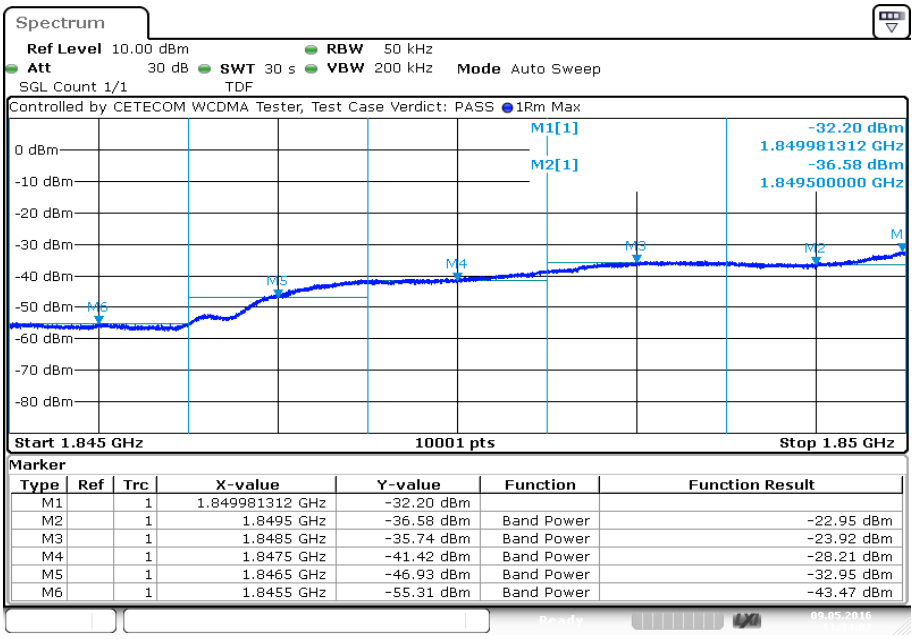
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	30 sec.
Video bandwidth:	1% - 5% of the OBW
Resolution bandwidth:	≥ 3xRBW
Span:	5 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.3 - A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Block Edge Compliance	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 9262



Marker

Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1		1	1.849981312 GHz	-32.20 dBm		
M2		1	1.8495 GHz	-36.58 dBm	Band Power	-22.95 dBm
M3		1	1.8485 GHz	-35.74 dBm	Band Power	-23.92 dBm
M4		1	1.8475 GHz	-41.42 dBm	Band Power	-28.21 dBm
M5		1	1.8465 GHz	-46.93 dBm	Band Power	-32.95 dBm
M6		1	1.8455 GHz	-55.31 dBm	Band Power	-43.47 dBm

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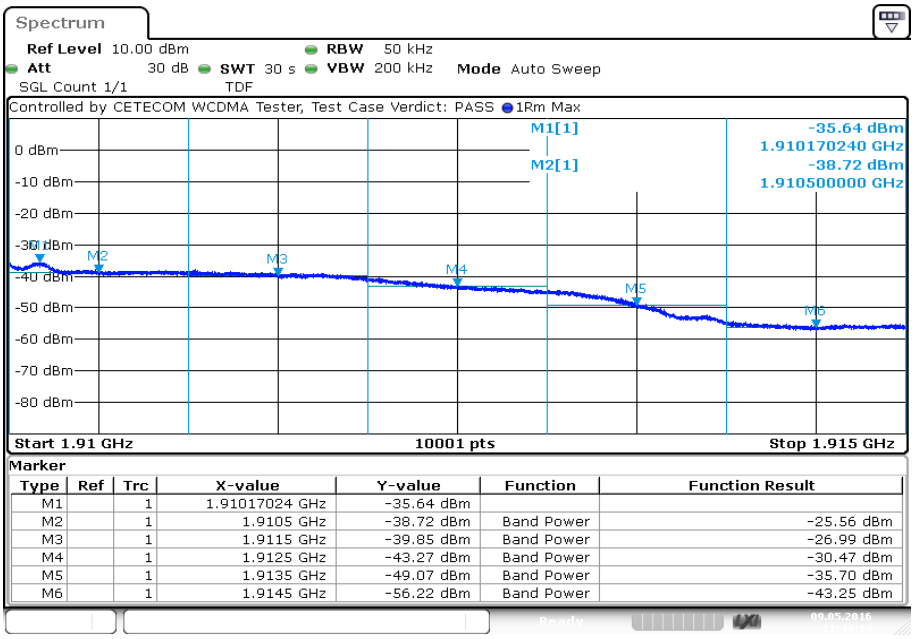
Plot 2: Channel 9538



Marker

Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1		1	1.91017024 GHz	-35.64 dBm		
M2		1	1.9105 GHz	-38.72 dBm	Band Power	-25.56 dBm
M3		1	1.9115 GHz	-39.85 dBm	Band Power	-26.99 dBm
M4		1	1.9125 GHz	-43.27 dBm	Band Power	-30.47 dBm
M5		1	1.9135 GHz	-49.07 dBm	Band Power	-35.70 dBm
M6		1	1.9145 GHz	-56.22 dBm	Band Power	-43.25 dBm

Date: 9.MAY.2016 11:43:15

11.3.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the PCS1900 frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1% - 5% of the OBW
Video bandwidth:	≥ 3xRBW
Span:	2 x nominal BW
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.3-A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

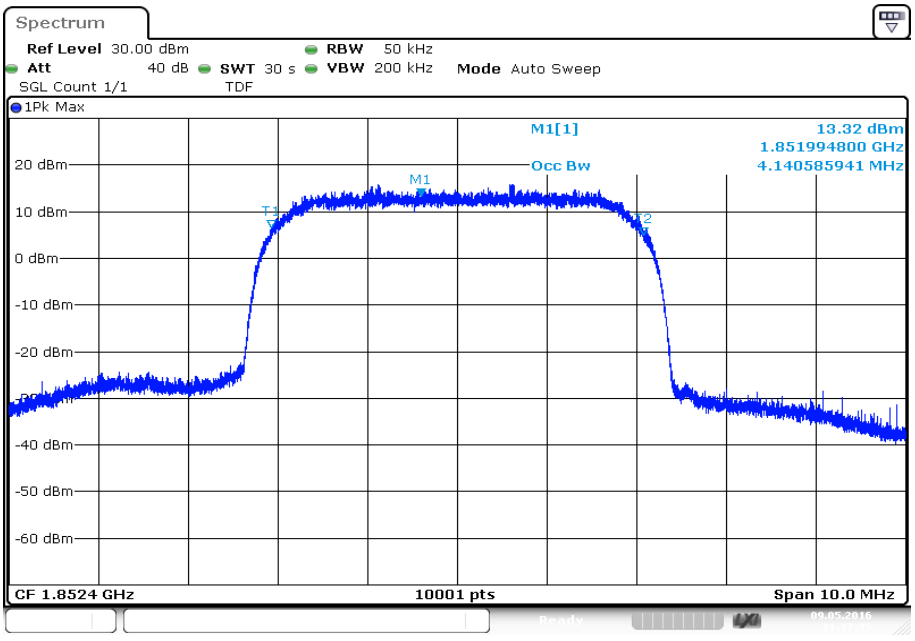
FCC	IC
Occupied Bandwidth	
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	

Results:

Occupied Bandwidth		
Frequency (MHz)	**99% OBW (kHz)**	**-26 dBc BW (kHz)**
1852.4	4141	4627
1880.0	4139	4607
1907.6	4138	4622

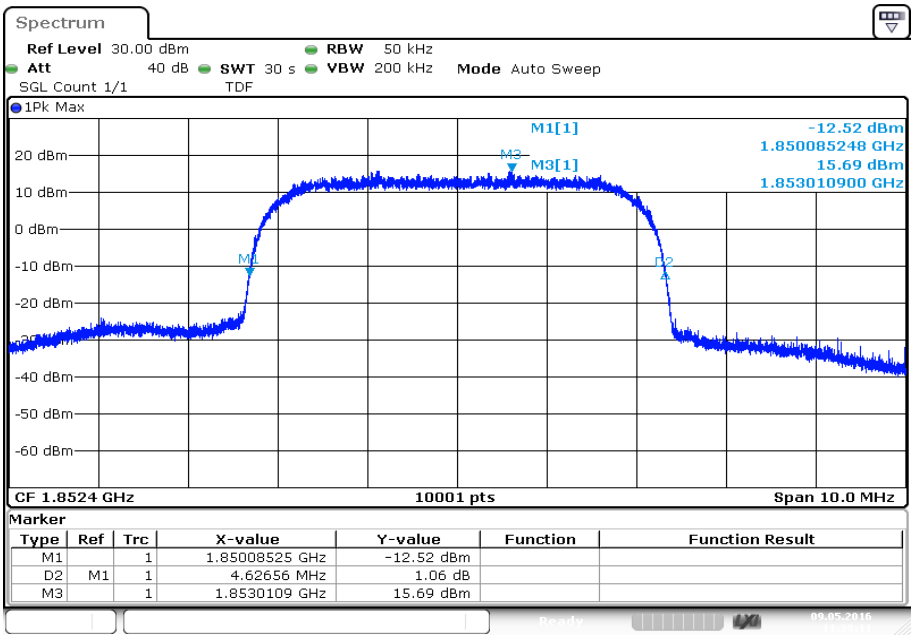
Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 9262 (99%)



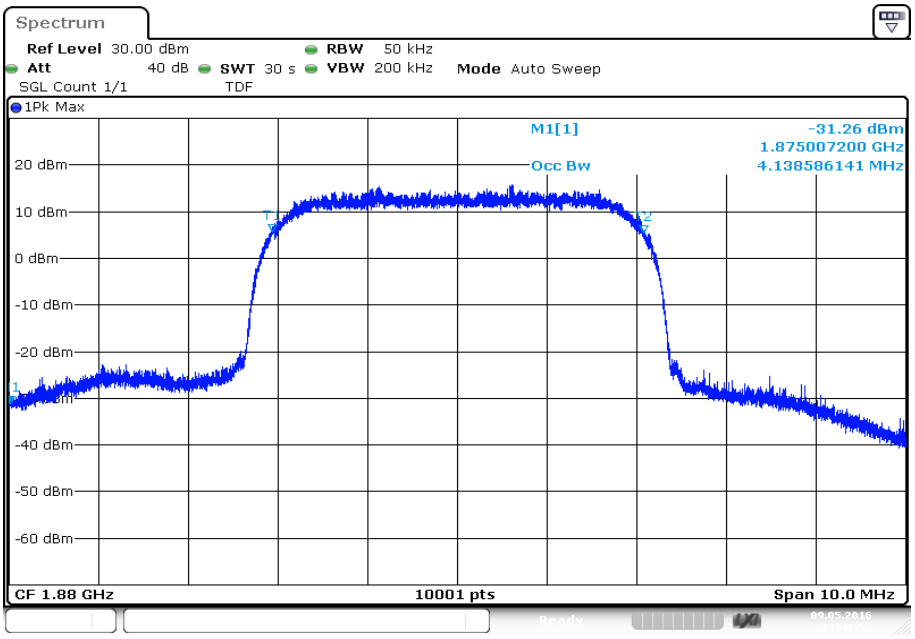
Date: 9.MAY.2016 11:37:36

Plot 2: Channel 9262 (-26 dBc)

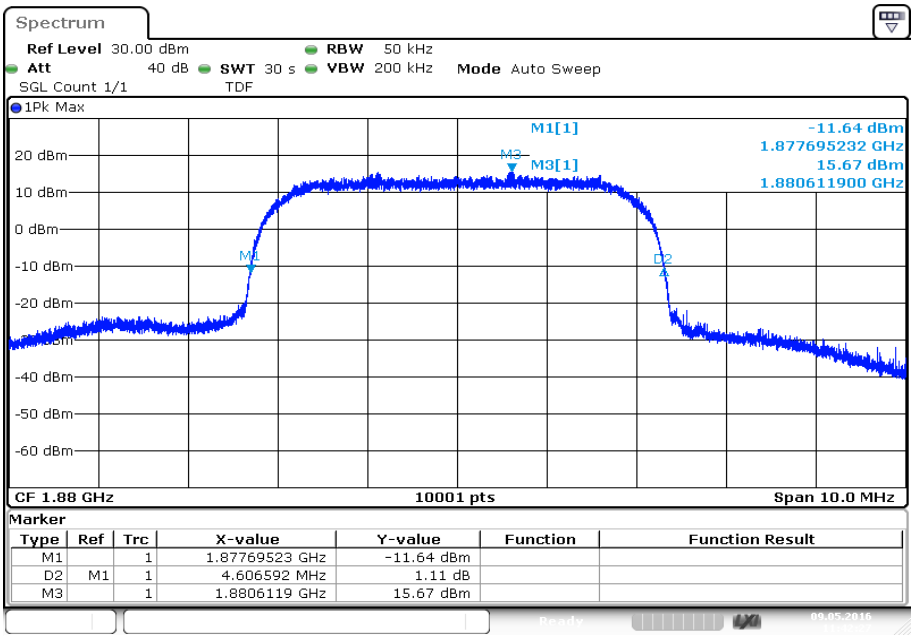


Date: 9.MAY.2016 11:38:11

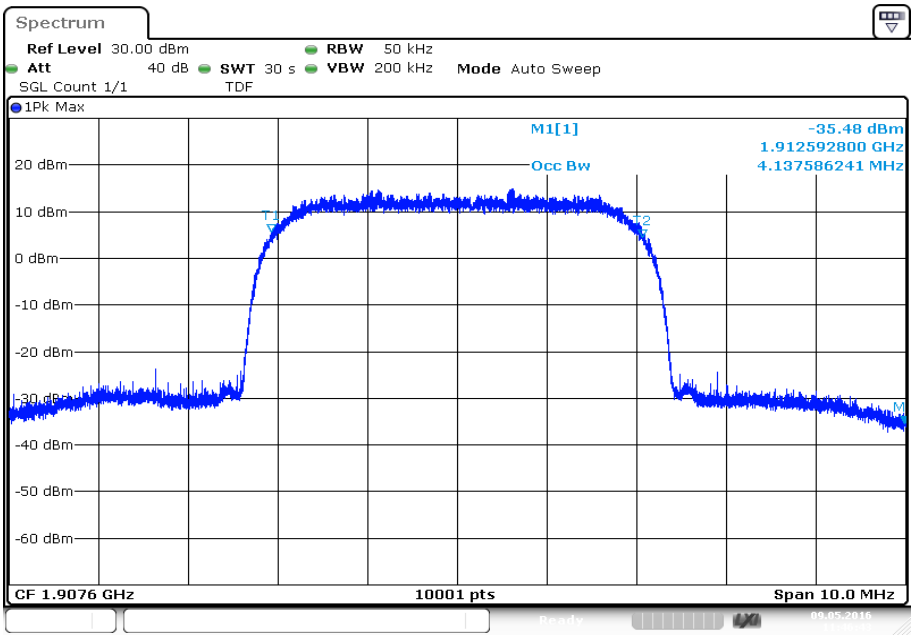
Plot 3: Channel 9400 (99%)



Plot 4: Channel 9400 (-26 dBc)

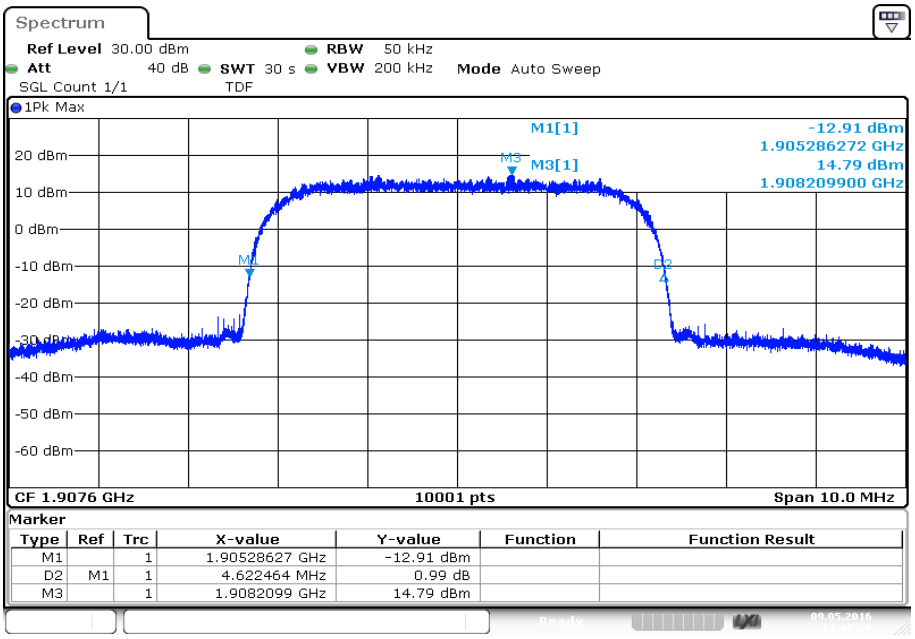


Plot 5: Channel 9538 (99%)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 11:46:44

Plot 6: Channel 9538 (-26 dBc)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 11:47:19

11.4 Results UMTS band V

All UMTS-band measurements are done in WCDMA mode only.
The connection was established with the following setup: WCDMA CS-RMC, Max Power (All Bit up)

11.4.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power, PAPR and ERP measurements for the mobile station.

The plots in this test report represents only an example of the measurements. All plots of this chapter are available on request.
The red line in the measurements indicates the ideal Gaussian distribution for the measured amplitude range.

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Sample
AQT:	15.6 ms
Resolution bandwidth:	40 MHz
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.1 – A and chapter 7.3 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+38.45 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

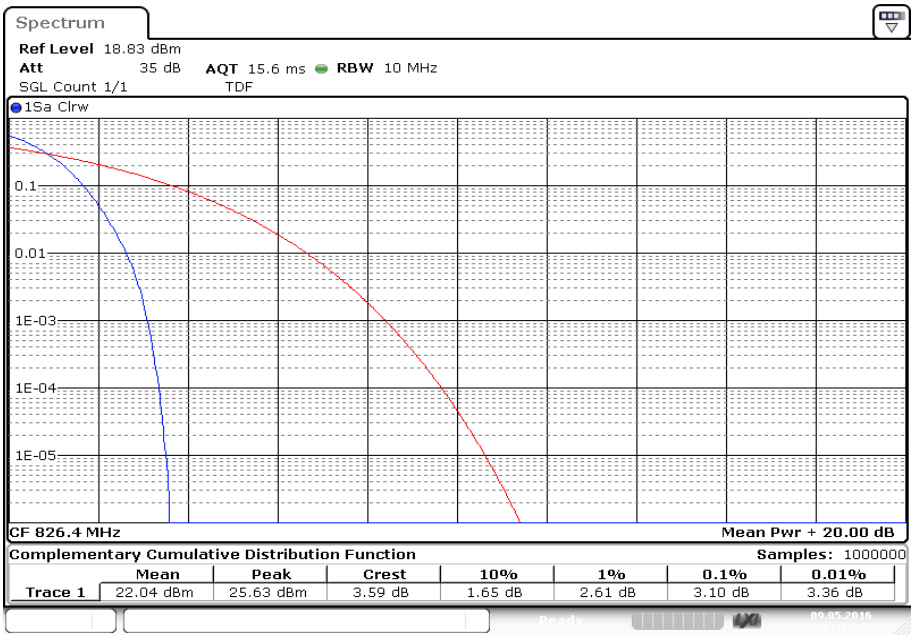
Results:

Output Power (conducted) WCDMA mode			
Frequency (MHz)	**Peak Output Power (dBm)**	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB) CCDF**
826.4	25.63	22.04	3.10
836.0	25.89	22.43	3.07
846.6	25.79	22.28	3.10

Output Power (radiated) WCDMA mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP**
826.4	16.9
836.0	18.4
846.6	20.0

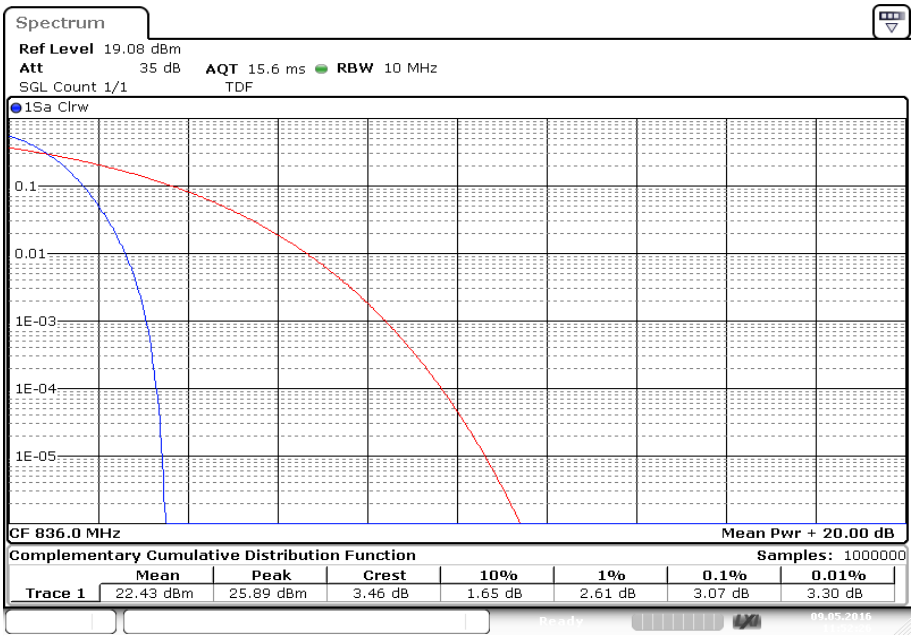
Plots:

Plot 1: CCDF, channel 4132



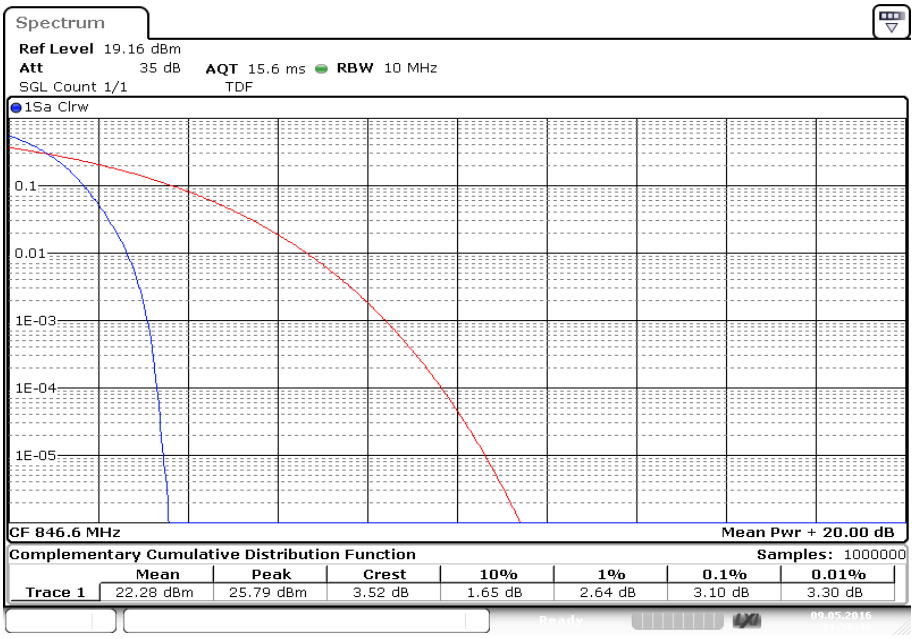
Date: 9.MAY.2016 11:47:36

Plot 2: CCDF, channel 4180



Date: 9.MAY.2016 11:52:27

Plot 3: CCDF, channel 4233



Date: 9.MAY.2016 11:56:41

11.4.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under normal conditions it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station connected to a R&S CMU200 Wideband Radio Communication Tester.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom}, connected to the CMU200 on the centre channel. Measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +50°C. Allow at least 15 minutes at each temperature, unpowered before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom}. Vary supply voltage to V_{min} and measure the carrier frequency then setup V_{max} and repeat the measurement.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMU200
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	
Test setup:	see chapter chapter 7.3 – B
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Frequency Stability	
± 0.1 ppm	

Results:

AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
6.1	-5	-0.00000060	-0.0060
7.2	-4	-0.00000048	-0.0048
8.4	-3	-0.00000036	-0.0036

AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-9	-0.00000108	-0.0108
-20	-4	-0.00000048	-0.0048
-10	-5	-0.00000060	-0.0060
± 0	-7	-0.00000084	-0.0084
10	-7	-0.00000084	-0.0084
20	-6	-0.00000072	-0.0072
30	-5	-0.00000060	-0.0060
40	-6	-0.00000072	-0.0072
50	-4	-0.00000048	-0.0048

11.4.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 846.6 MHz. This was rounded up to 12 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 22.917. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the UMTS band V.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.1 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Spurious Emissions Radiated	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the UMTS band V (826.4 MHz, 836.0 MHz and 846.6 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the UMTS band V into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.
All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.
The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

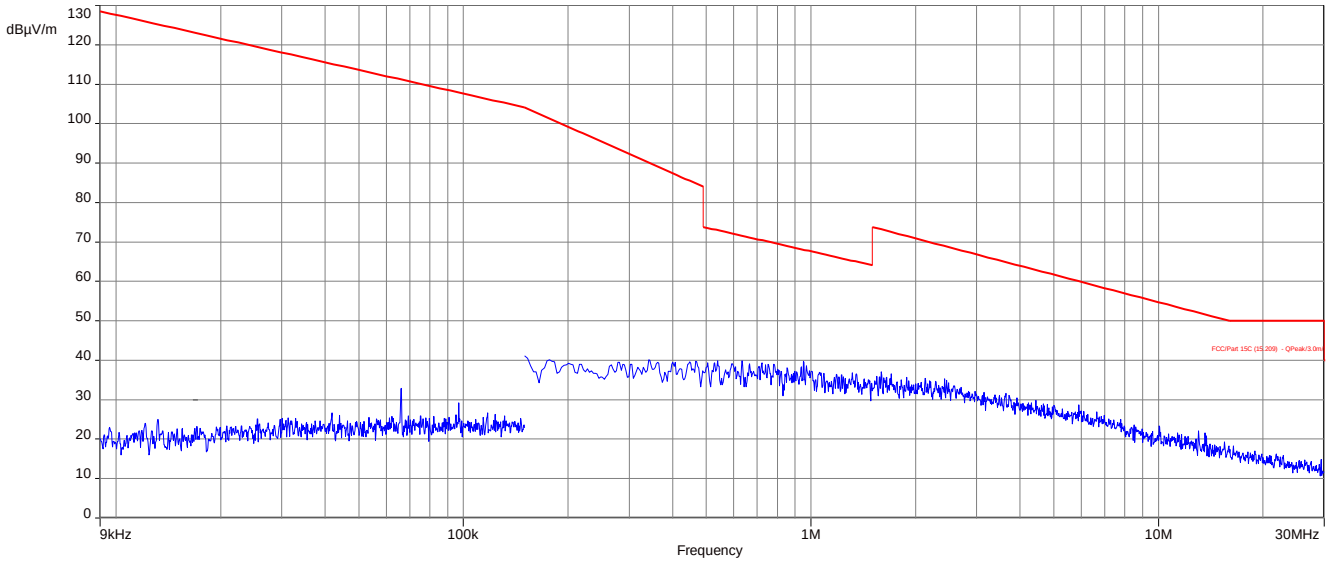
As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

Results:

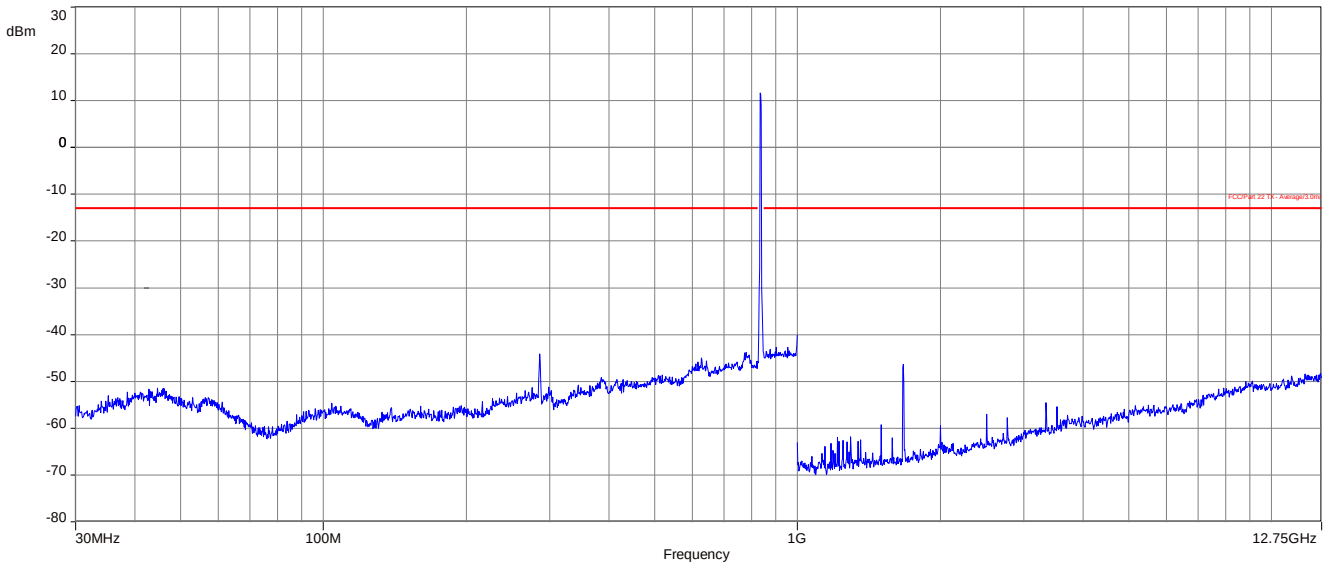
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 4132 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4180 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4233 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1652.8	-	2	1672.0	-	2	1693.2	-
3	2479.2	-	3	2508.0	-	3	2539.8	-
4	3305.6	-	4	3344.0	-	4	3386.4	-
5	4132.0	-	5	4180.0	-	5	4233.0	-
6	4958.4	-	6	5016.0	-	6	5079.6	-
7	5784.8	-	7	5852.0	-	7	5926.2	-
8	6611.2	-	8	6688.0	-	8	6772.8	-
9	7437.6	-	9	7524.0	-	9	7619.4	-
10	8264.0	-	10	8360.0	-	10	8466.0	-

Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 4180 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



Plot 2: Channel 4180 (30 MHz – 12.75 GHz)



11.4.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.
1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 9 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 12 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

UMTS band V Transmitter Channel Frequency
4132 826.4 MHz
4180 836.0 MHz
4233 846.6 MHz

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	10 MHz – 26 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.3 - A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

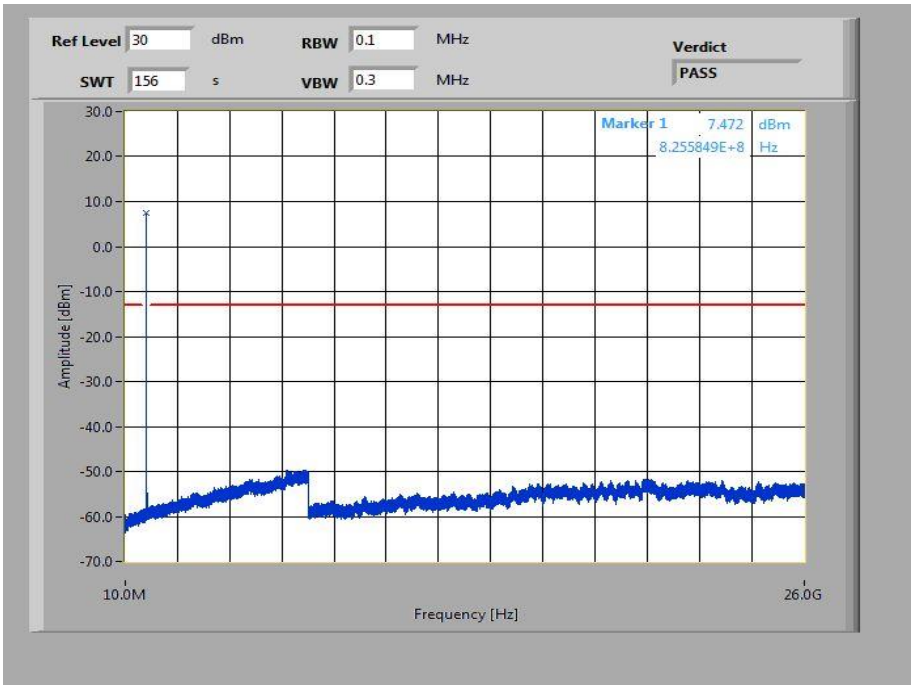
FCC	IC
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

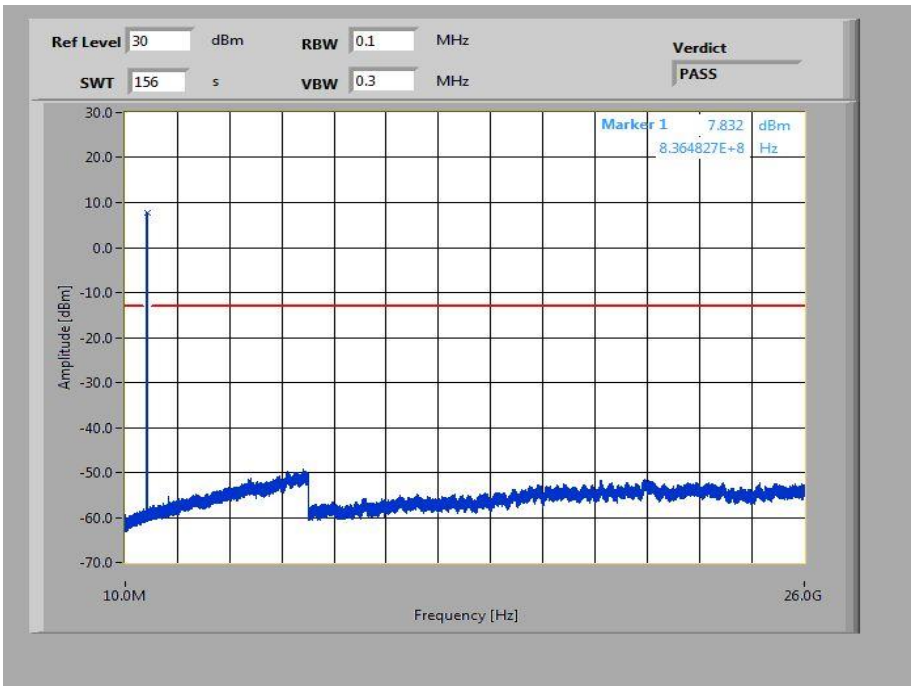
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 4132 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4180 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4233 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1652.8	-	2	1672.0	-	2	1693.2	-
3	2479.2	-	3	2508.0	-	3	2539.8	-
4	3305.6	-	4	3344.0	-	4	3386.4	-
5	4132.0	-	5	4180.0	-	5	4233.0	-
6	4958.4	-	6	5016.0	-	6	5079.6	-
7	5784.8	-	7	5852.0	-	7	5926.2	-
8	6611.2	-	8	6688.0	-	8	6772.8	-
9	7437.6	-	9	7524.0	-	9	7619.4	-
10	8264.0	-	10	8360.0	-	10	8466.0	-

Plots:

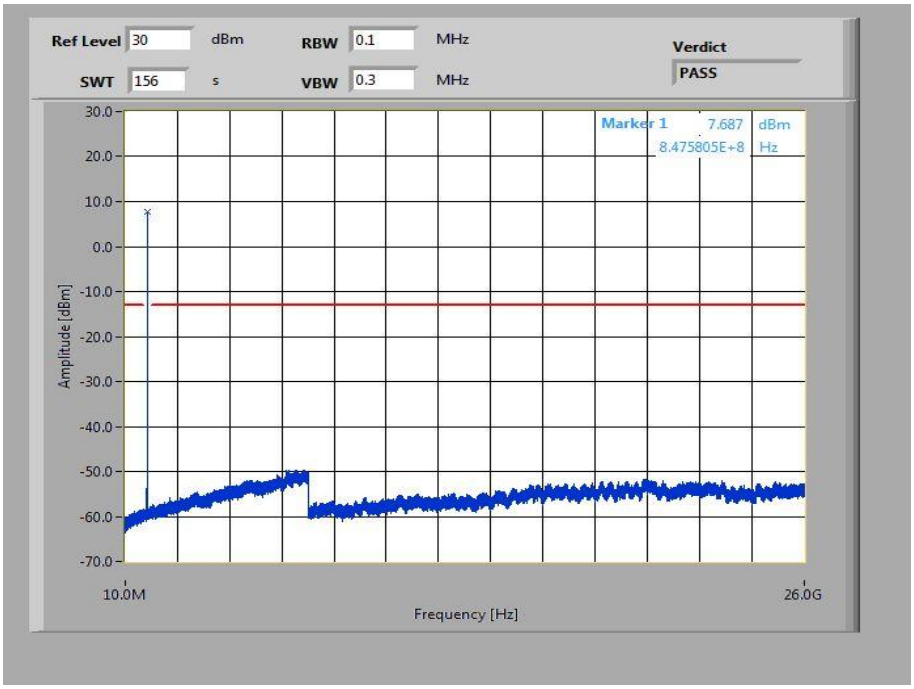
Plot 1: Channel 4132 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



Plot 2: Channel 4180 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



Plot 3: Channel 4233 (10 MHz - 26 GHz)



11.4.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

Measurement:

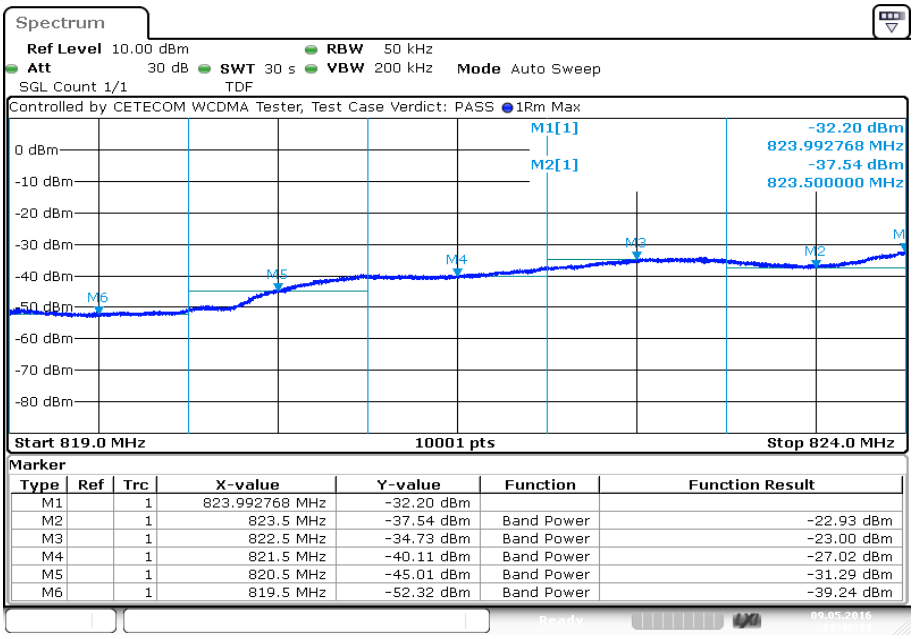
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	30 sec.
Video bandwidth:	1% - 5% of the OBW
Resolution bandwidth:	≥ 3xRBW
Span:	5 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.3 - A
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Block Edge Compliance	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 4132



Marker

Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1		1	823.992768 MHz	-32.20 dBm		
M2		1	823.5 MHz	-37.54 dBm	Band Power	-22.93 dBm
M3		1	822.5 MHz	-34.73 dBm	Band Power	-23.00 dBm
M4		1	821.5 MHz	-40.11 dBm	Band Power	-27.02 dBm
M5		1	820.5 MHz	-45.01 dBm	Band Power	-31.29 dBm
M6		1	819.5 MHz	-52.32 dBm	Band Power	-39.24 dBm

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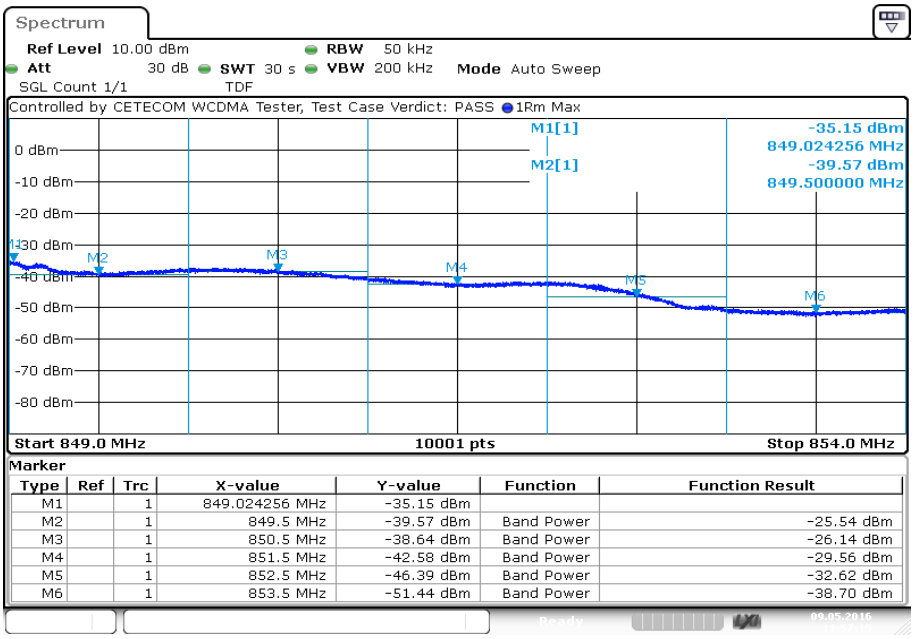
Plot 2: Channel 4233



Marker

Type	Ref	Trc	X-value	Y-value	Function	Function Result
M1		1	849.024256 MHz	-35.15 dBm		
M2		1	849.5 MHz	-39.57 dBm	Band Power	-25.54 dBm
M3		1	850.5 MHz	-38.64 dBm	Band Power	-26.14 dBm
M4		1	851.5 MHz	-42.58 dBm	Band Power	-29.56 dBm
M5		1	852.5 MHz	-46.39 dBm	Band Power	-32.62 dBm
M6		1	853.5 MHz	-51.44 dBm	Band Power	-38.70 dBm

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11.4.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the UMTS band V. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyser plots are included on the following pages.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1% - 5% of the OBW
Video bandwidth:	≥ 3xRBW
Span:	2 x nominal BW
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	see chapter 7.3
Measurement uncertainty:	see chapter 8

Limits:

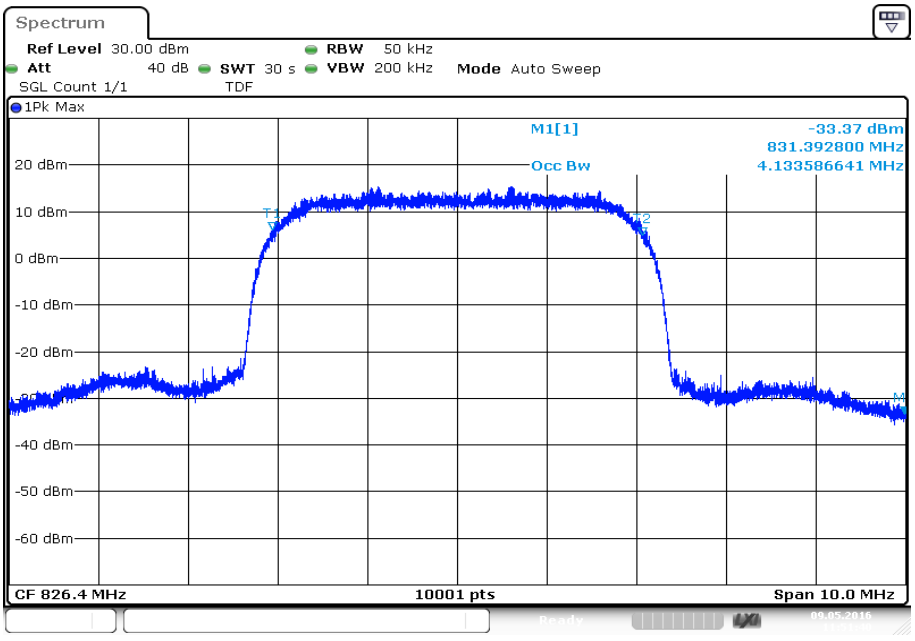
FCC	IC
Occupied Bandwidth	
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	

Results:

Occupied Bandwidth		
Frequency (MHz)	**99% OBW (kHz)**	**-26 dBc BW (kHz)**
826.4	4134	4618
836.0	4133	4611
846.6	4123	4615

Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 4132 (99%)



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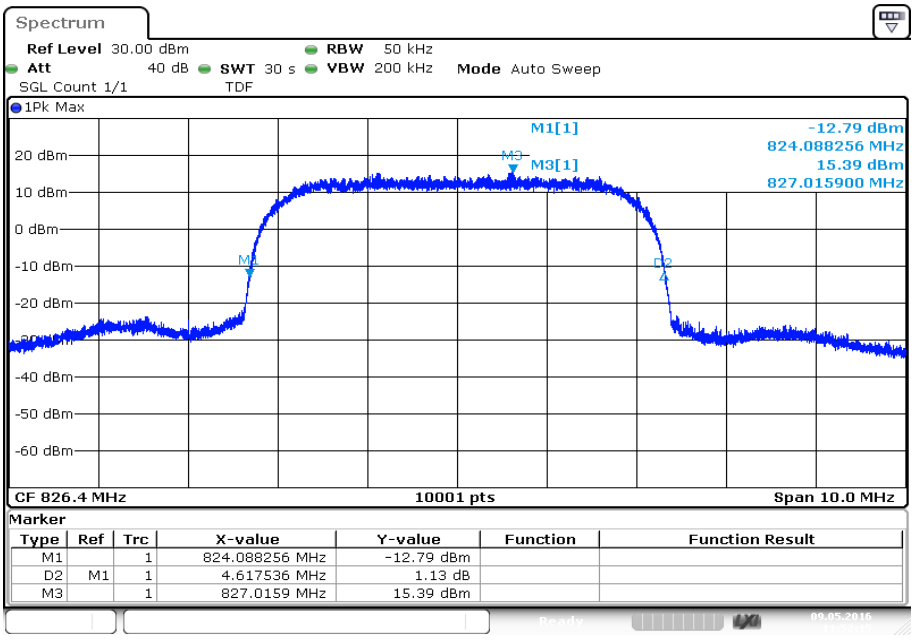
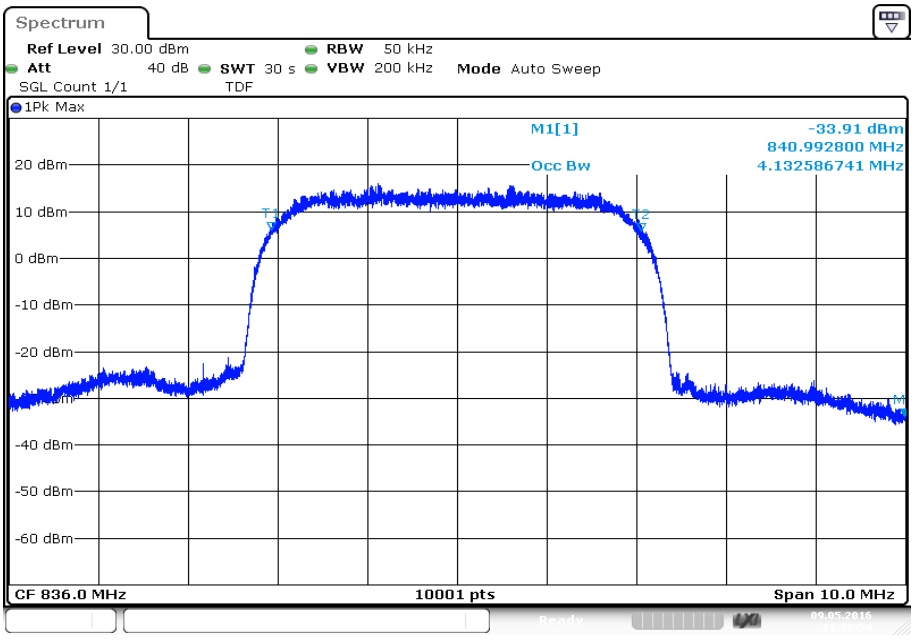
Plot 2: Channel 4132 (-26 dBc)

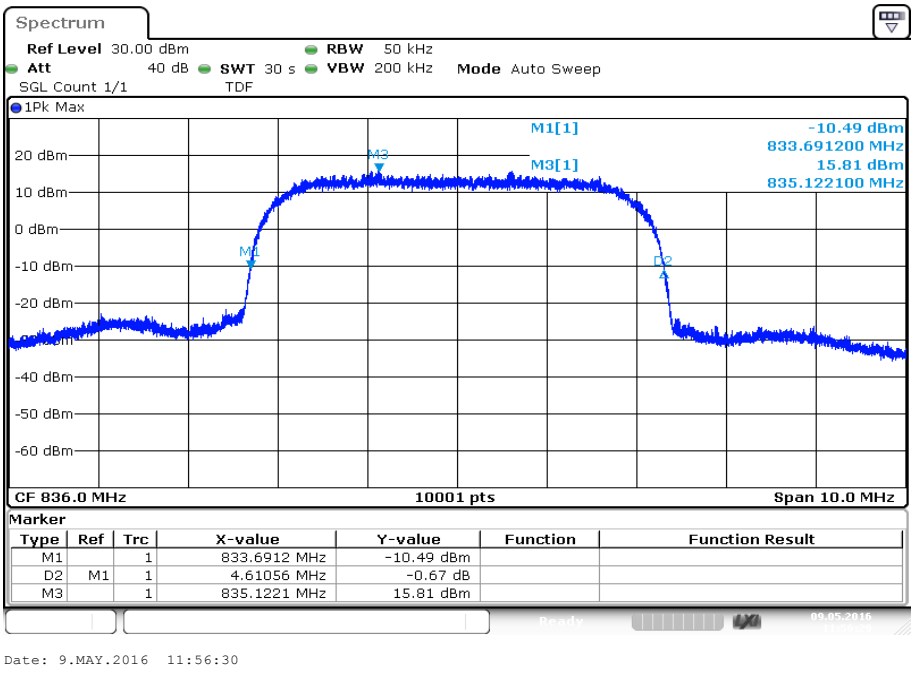


Date: 9.MAY.2016 11:52:16

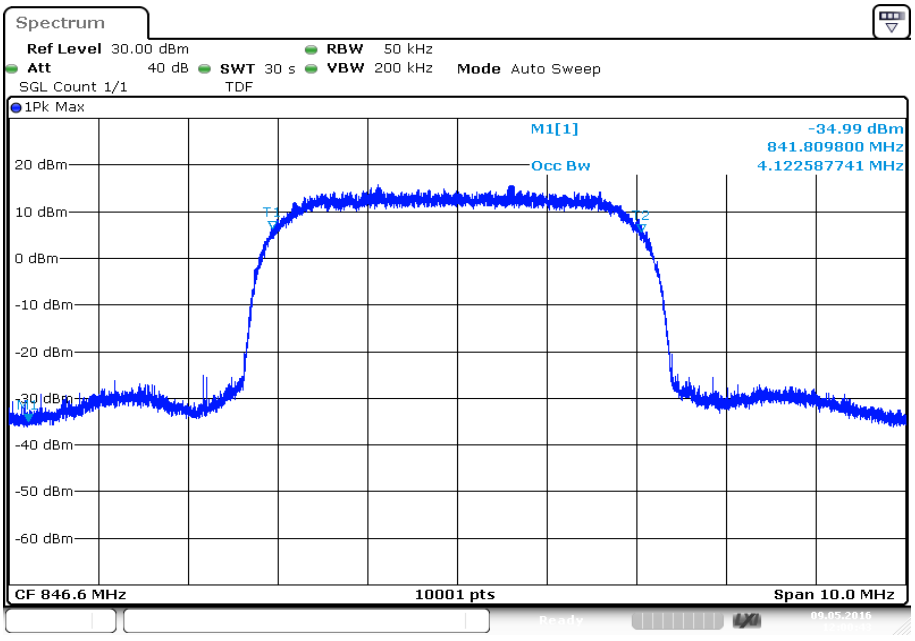
Plot 3: Channel 4180 (99%)



Plot 4: Channel 4180 (-26 dBc)

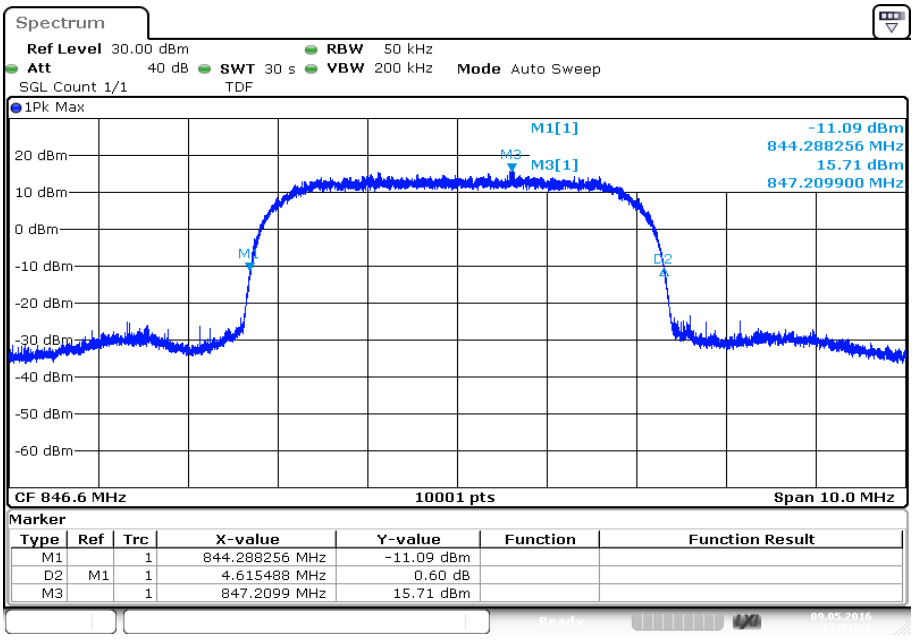


Plot 5: Channel 4233 (99%)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 12:00:44

Plot 6: Channel 4233 (-26 dBc)



Date: 9.MAY.2016 12:01:19

Annex A Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
	Initial release	2016-04-20
A	Add conducted measurements + editorial changes	2016-05-11
B	Updated HVIN, FVIN	2016-07-01

Annex B Further information

Glossary

AVG	-	Average
DUT	-	Device under test
EMC	-	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EN	-	European Standard
EUT	-	Equipment under test
ETSI	-	European Telecommunications Standard Institute
FCC	-	Federal Communication Commission
FCC ID	-	Company Identifier at FCC
HW	-	Hardware
IC	-	Industry Canada
Inv. No.	-	Inventory number
N/A	-	Not applicable
PP	-	Positive peak
QP	-	Quasi peak
S/N	-	Serial number
SW	-	Software
PMN	-	Product marketing name
HMN	-	Host marketing name
HVIN	-	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	-	Firmware version identification number

Annex C Accreditation Certificate

Front side of certificate

DAkkS
Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Beliehene gemäß § 8 Absatz 1 AkkStelleG i.V.m. § 1 Absatz 1 AkkStelleGBV
Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen
von EA, ILAC und IAF zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung

Akkreditierung

Die Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH bestätigt hiermit, dass das Prüflaboratorium

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH
Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken

die Kompetenz nach DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 besitzt, Prüfungen in folgenden Bereichen durchzuführen:

Funk
Mobilfunk (GSM / DCS) + OTA
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Produktsicherheit
SAR / EMF
Umwelt
Smart Card Technology
Bluetooth*
Automotive
Wi-Fi-Services
Kanadische Anforderungen
US-Anforderungen
Akustik
Near Field Communication (NFC)

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Registrierungsnummer der Urkunde: **D-PL-12076-01-01**

Frankfurt, 04.05.2016

Im Auftrag Dipl.-Ing. (FH) Ralf Egner
Abteilungsleiter

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