# **FCC SAR TEST REPORT**

APPLICANT: Lenovo(Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

**EQUIPMENT**: Portable Tablet Computer

**BRAND NAME**: Lenovo

Model Name : Lenovo TB-J616X

FCC ID : O57TBJ616X

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Nick Hu / Supervisor

Nick Hu

Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager

Kat lin

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# History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA152109	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jul. 07, 2021

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# 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Lenovo(Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd., Portable Tablet Computer, Lenovo TB-J616X,** are as follows.

Highest Standalone 1g SAR Summary					
			Body	Highest	
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		1g SAR (W/kg)	Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)	
	GSM	GSM850	1.03		
	GSIVI	GSM1900	1.02		
	VA/ODA44	Band II	1.01		
WCDMA	WCDIVIA	Band V	1.02		
Licensed		Band 2	1.14	1.59	
		Band 4	0.92		
	LTE	Band 5	0.88		
		Band 7	1.12		
		Band 41/38	1.17		
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.92	1.57	
NII	WLAIN	5GHz WLAN	0.71	1.59	
DSS	Bluetooth	Bluetooth	0.38	1.54	
Date of	Testing:		2021/5/30 ~ 2021/6/23		

**Remark:** This device supports LTE B38 and B41. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B38 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B41, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for B41.

#### Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

#### Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

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# 2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

**Report No. : FA152109** 

Testing Laboratory					
Test Firm	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.				
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL: +86-512-57900158 FAX: +86-512-57900958				
Took Site No	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.			
Test Site No.	CN1257	314309			

Applicant					
<b>Company Name</b>	Lenovo (Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.				
Address	Section 304-305, Building No. 4, # 222, Meiyue Road, China (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone				

Manufacturer						
<b>Company Name</b>	Company Name Lenovo PC HK Limited					
Address	23/F, Lincoln House, Taikoo Place 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong, China					

# 3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- · FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- · ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02

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# 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

#### 4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Portable Tablet Computer
Brand Name	Lenovo
Model Name	Lenovo TB-J616X
FCC ID	O57TBJ616X
IMEI Code	Sample 1: 865736050005720 Sample 4: 865736050006298
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5750 MHz ~ 5755 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5755 MHz ~ 5755 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5755 MHz ~ 5755 MHz WLAN 5.6GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM(Downlink Only) WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	Lenovo Tablet TB-J616X
SW Version	Lenovo TB-J616X_RF01_210516
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	

#### Remark:

- 1. This device has voice function, but limited to speakerphone mode.
- 2. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
- 3. The device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body also a finger or hand near the bottom face, edge 1 of the device, reduced power will be active for all WWAN bands. (P-sensor can't work at detecting presence of the user's body at other edges of the device.)
- 4. The device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body also a finger or hand near the bottom face, edge 1 of the device, reduced power will be active for all WLAN bands. (P-sensor can't work at detecting presence of the user's body at other edges of the device.)
- 5. There are five different types of EUT. For model change note, please refer the product equality declaration exhibit submitted. According to the difference, we choose the sample 1 to full test and the sample 4 to verify.
- 6. This device will be equipped with keyboard, and its working modes are laptop and tablet, for the tablet mode test is more conservatively, so no need to evaluate laptop mode separately.

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# 4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarize	d necessary ite	ms addres	sed in KD	B 94122	5 D05 v02	r <b>0</b> 5		
FCC ID	O57TBJ616X							
Equipment Name	Portable Tablet	Computer						
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 41: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz							
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM							
LTE release	R12, Cat 4							
CA support	Yes, Downlink only							
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data							
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3         Modulation       Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (NRB)       MPR (dB)         1.4       3.0       5       10       15       20       MPR (dB)         MHz       MHz       MHz       MHz       MHz       MHz       MI         QPSK       > 5       > 4       > 8       > 12       > 16       > 18       ≤ 1         16 QAM       ≤ 5       ≤ 4       ≤ 8       ≤ 12       ≤ 16       ≤ 18       ≤ 1         16 QAM       ≤ 5       ≤ 4       ≤ 8       ≤ 12       ≤ 16       ≤ 18       ≤ 2         64 QAM       ≤ 5       ≤ 4       ≤ 8       ≤ 12       ≤ 16       ≤ 18       ≤ 2         64 QAM       > 5       > 4       > 8       ≥ 12       ≥ 16       ≥ 18       ≤ 2         64 QAM       > 5       > 4       > 8       ≥ 12       ≥ 16       ≥ 18       ≤ 2         64 QAM       > 5       > 4       > 8       > 12       ≥ 16       ≥ 18       ≤ 3         256 QAM       ≥ 6       ≥ 7       ≥ 8       ≥ 12       ≥ 16       ≥ 18       ≥ 3					MPR (dB)  ≤ 1  ≤ 1  ≤ 2  ≤ 2  ≤ 3  ≤ 5		
LTE A-MPR	In the base stati A-MPR during (Maximum TTI)	SAR testin	g and the	LTE SA	AR tests w	as transmi	tting on a	I TTI frames
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.							
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	bands.							
LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations	13.							
LTE Carrier Aggregation Additional Information	This device supports maximum of 2 carriers in the downlink. Additional following LTE Release features are not supported: Relay, HetNet, Enhanced MIMO, eICI, WiFi Offloading, MDH, eMBMA, Cross-Carrier Scheduling, Enhanced SC-FDMA.							

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Report No.: FA152109 Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band LTE Band 2 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Freq. Freq. Freq. Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) 18607 1850.7 18615 1851.5 18625 1852.5 18650 1855 18675 1857.5 18700 1860 18900 1880 18900 1880 18900 1880 18900 1880 18900 1880 18900 1880 Н 19193 1909.3 19185 1908.5 19175 1907.5 19150 1905 19125 1902.5 19100 1900 LTE Band 4 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Freq. Freq. Freq. Freq. Freq. Freq. Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # Ch. # (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) 19957 19965 19975 20000 20025 20050 1710.7 1711.5 1712.5 1715 1717.5 1720 Μ 20175 1732.5 20175 1732.5 20175 1732.5 20175 1732.5 20175 1732.5 20175 1732.5 Н 20393 1754.3 20385 1753.5 20375 1752.5 20350 1750 20325 1747.5 20300 1745 LTE Band 5 Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) 20407 824.7 20415 825.5 20425 826.5 20450 829 Μ 20525 836.5 20525 836.5 20525 836.5 20525 836.5 Н 20643 848.3 20635 847.5 20625 846.5 20600 844 LTE Band 7 Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) 2502.5 2510 20775 20800 2505 20825 2507.5 20850 М 2535 2535 21100 2535 21100 21100 2535 21100 Н 21425 2567.5 21400 2565 21375 2562.5 21350 2560 LTE Band 38 Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Freq. (MHz) Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Ch. # 2580 37775 2572.5 37800 2575 37825 2577.5 37850 38000 2595 38000 2595 38000 2595 38000 2595 I 38225 2617.5 38200 2615 38175 2612.5 38150 2610 LTE Band 41

	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidt	h 10 MHz	Bandwidt	h 15 MHz	Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
	L 39675	2498.5	39700	2501	39725	2503.5	39750	2506
1	L 40148	2545.8	40160	2547	40173	2548.3	40185	2549.5
ſ	M 40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593
	H M 41093	2640.3	41080	2639	41068	2637.8	41055	2636.5
I	H 41565	2687.5	41540	2685	41515	2682.5	41490	2680

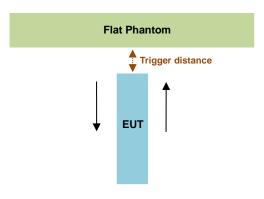
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# 5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

# 5.1 < Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2)>:

- Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency 5825MHz and lowest 835MHz frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.
- 2. Capacitive proximity sensor placed coincident with antenna elements at the Bottom Face and Edge 1 of the device are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the Bottom Face or Edge 1 side of the device. There is no need to do sensor coverage testing for the proximity sensor is designed to support sufficient detection range and sensitivity to cover regions of the sensors in all applicable directions since the proximity sensor entirely covers the antenna.
- 3. When the sensor is active, all WWAN/WLAN bands reduced power will be active.
- 4. The sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body at the Bottom Face or Edge 1 for WWAN, Bottom Face or Edge 1 side for WLAN of the device use a detection threshold distance. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s).



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#### <WWAN Frequency Bands for Antenna 1>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)							
Bottom Face Edge 1							
Position	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards			
Minimum	Minimum 29 22 27 25						

#### <WWAN Frequency Bands for Antenna 2>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Position	Botto	m Face	Edge 1			
FUSILIUIT	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards		
Minimum 27 21 30 26						

#### <WLAN Frequency Bands for Antenna 3>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Position	Botto	m Face	Edge 1			
Position	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards		
Minimum 10 8 17 10						

#### 5.2 < Proximity Sensor Triggering Coverage (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.3)>:

If a sensor is spatially offset from the antenna(s), it is necessary to verify sensor triggering for conditions where the antenna is next to the user but the sensor is laterally further away to ensure sensor coverage is sufficient for reducing the power to maintain compliance. For p-sensor coverage testing, the device is moved and "along the direction of maximum antenna and sensor offset".

Illustrated in the internal photo exhibit, although the senor is spatially offset, there is no trigger condition where the antenna is next to the user but the sensor is laterally further away, therefore proximity sensor coverage testing is not required.

This procedure is not required because antenna and sensor are collocated and the peak SAR location is overlapping with the sensor.

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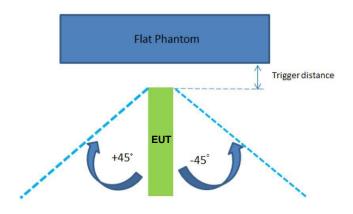
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# 5.3 < Tablet Tilt angle influences to proximity sensor triggering (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.4)>:

The influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering was determined by positioning each tablet edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at 25 mm at Edge 1 separation for WWAN Antenna 1, at 26 mm at Edge 1 separation for WWAN Antenna 2 and 10mm at Edge 1 for WLAN Antenna 3. Rotating the tablet around the edge next to the phantom in  $\leq 10^{\circ}$  increments until the tablet is  $\pm 45^{\circ}$  from the vertical position at  $0^{\circ}$ , and the maximum output power remains in the reduced mode.

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#### <WWAN Frequency Bands for Antenna 1>

The Sensor Trigger Distance (mm)		
Position Edge 1		
Minimum	25	

#### <WWAN Frequency Bands for Antenna 2>

The Sensor Trigger Distance (mm)		
Position	Edge 1	
Minimum	26	

#### <WLAN Frequency Bands for Antenna 3>

The Sensor Trigger Distance (mm)		
Position Edge 1		
Minimum	10	

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#### **Proximity sensor power reduction**

Exposure Position / wireless mode	Bottom Face <sup>(1)</sup>	Edge 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Edge 2	Edge 3	Edge 4
GSM850 GPRS 2 Tx slots	5.5 dB	5.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
GSM1900 GPRS 2 Tx slots	8.5 dB	8.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WCDMA Band II	9.5 dB	9.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WCDMA Band V	4.5 dB	4.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
LTE Band 2	8.5 dB	8.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
LTE Band 4	7.5 dB	7.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
LTE Band 5	4.0 dB	4.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
LTE Band 7	11.0 dB	11.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
LTE Band 41/38	8.5 dB	8.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WLAN 2.4GHz	11.0 dB	11.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WLAN 5.2GHz	7.0 dB	7.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WLAN 5.3GHz	7.0 dB	7.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WLAN 5.5GHz	6.5 dB	6.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WLAN 5.8GHz	8.5 dB	8.5 dB	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB

#### Remark:

- 1. (1): Reduced maximum limit applied by activation of proximity sensor.
- 2. Power reduction is not applicable for Bluetooth.
- 3. Tests were performed in accordance with KDB 616217 D04 section 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4 and 6.5 and compliant results are shown and described in exhibit "P-Sensor operational description
- 4. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance was performed:

#### For WWAN Antenna 1:

- · Bottom Face: 19 mm (Manufacturer declared)
- · Edge 1: 23 mm (Manufacturer declared)

#### For WWAN Antenna 2:

- Bottom Face: <u>18 mm</u> (Manufacturer declared)
- Edge 1: 18 mm (Manufacturer declared)

#### For WLAN Antenna 3:

- · Bottom Face: 6 mm (Manufacturer declared)
- · Edge 1: 8 mm (Manufacturer declared)

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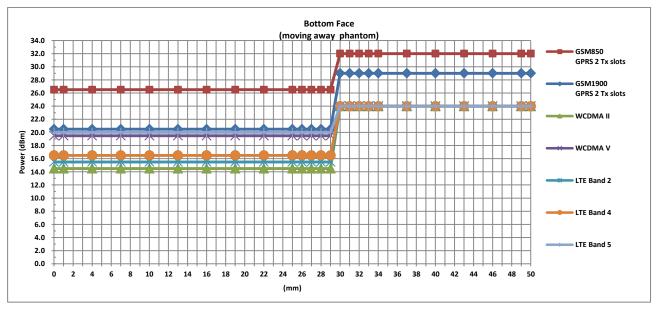
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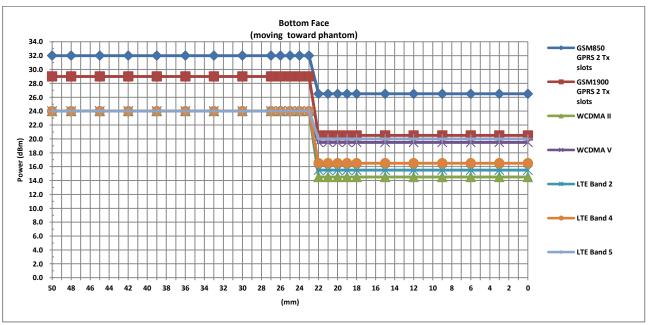
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# Power Measurement during Sensor Trigger distance testing

#### <WWAN Frequency Bands for Antenna 1>

Band/Mode	Measured power	Reduction Levels	
Dariu/Mode	w/o power back-off	w/ power back-off	(dB)
GSM850 GPRS 2 Tx slots	32.00	26.50	5.5
GSM1900 GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.00	20.50	8.5
WCDMA Band II	24.00	14.50	9.5
WCDMA Band V	24.00	19.50	4.5
LTE Band 2	24.00	15.50	8.5
LTE Band 4	24.00	16.50	7.5
LTE Band 5	24.00	20.00	4.0



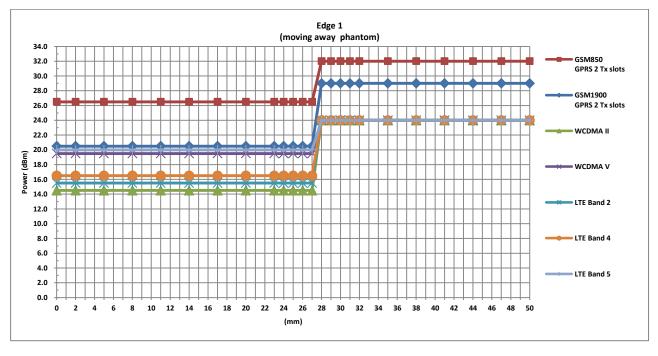


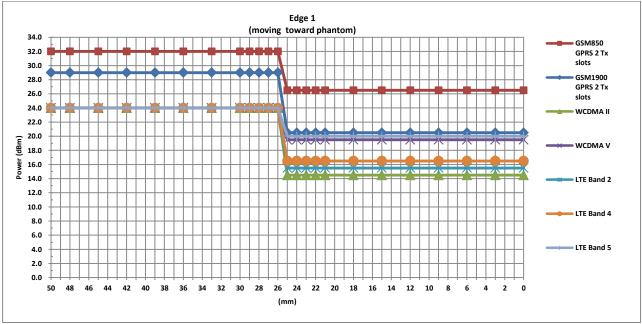
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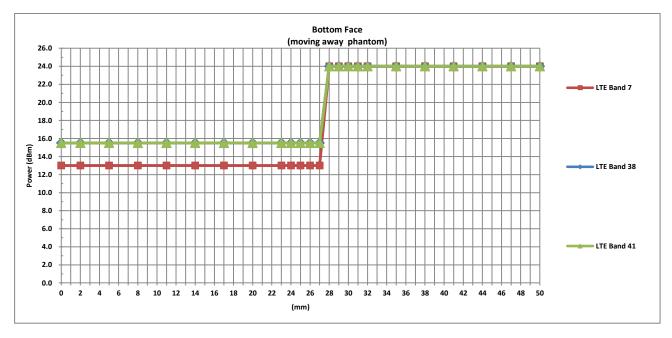
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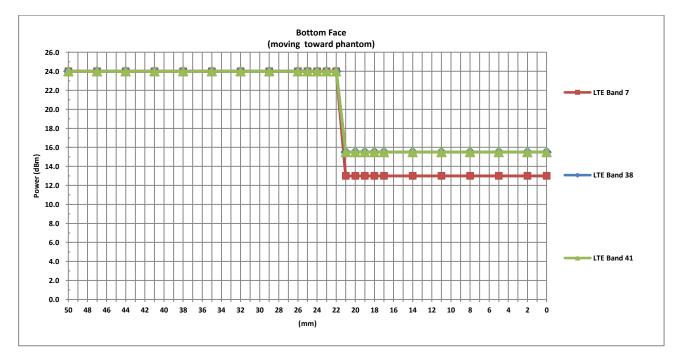
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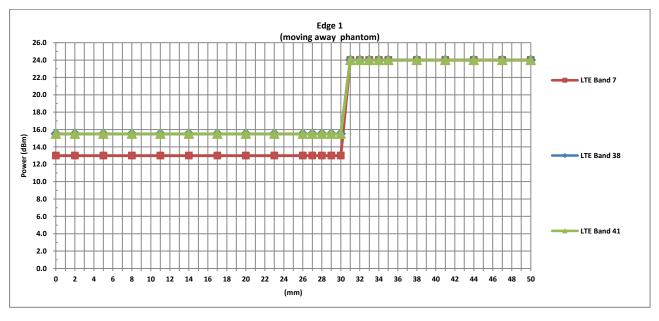


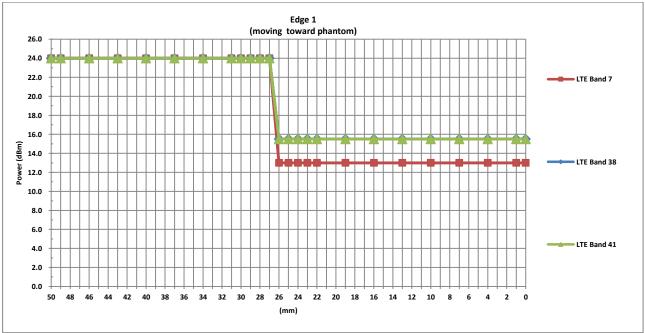
Band/Mode	Measured power	Reduction Levels	
Ballu/Moue	w/o power back-off	w/ power back-off	(dB)
LTE Band 7	24.00	13.00	11.00
LTE Band 41/38	24.00	15.50	8.5











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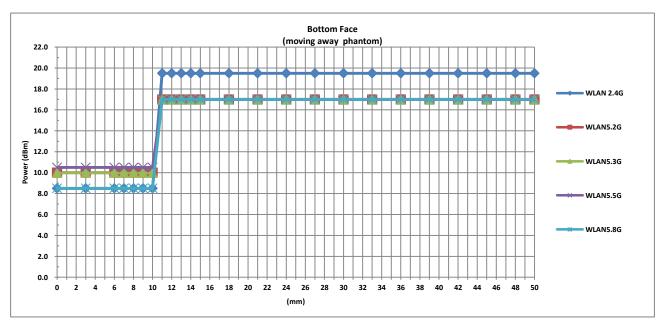
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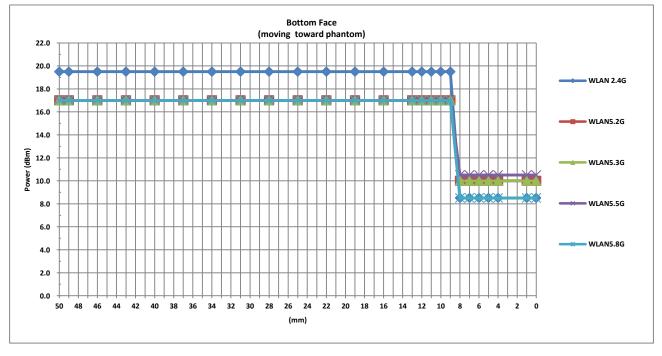
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## Power Measurement during Sensor Trigger distance testing

< WWAN Frequency Bands for Antenna 3>

Band/Mode	Measured power	Reduction Levels	
Dalla/Mode	w/o power back-off	w/ power back-off	(dB)
WLAN 2.4GHz	19.50	8.50	11.0
WLAN 5.2GHz	17.00	10.00	7.0
WLAN 5.3GHz	17.00	10.00	7.0
WLAN 5.5GHz	17.00	10.50	6.5
WLAN 5.8GHz	17.00	8.50	8.5



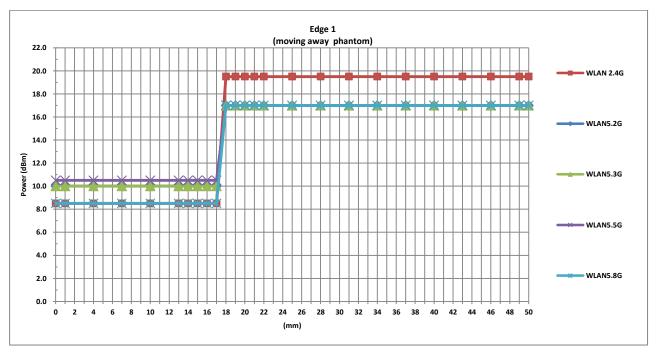


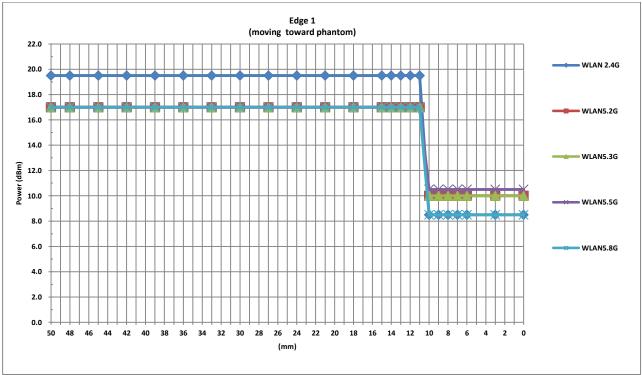
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# 6. RF Exposure Limits

#### 6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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#### 6.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

#### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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# 7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

#### 7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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#### 7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

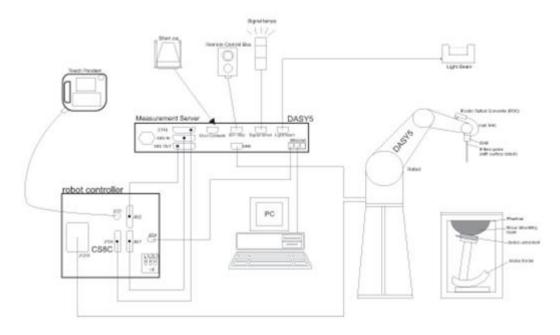
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# 8. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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#### 8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	



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### 8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

#### 8.3 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	J
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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## 8.4 Device Holder

#### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

#### <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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# 9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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#### 9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

#### 9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}},\Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution in x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be $\leq$ the corresponding levice with at least one

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#### 9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between $1^{st}$ two points closest to phantom surface		3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### 9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

#### 9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}, \leq 8 \text{ mm}, \leq 7 \text{ mm}$  and  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

# 10. Test Equipment List

	N	- "-	0 : 111 1	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d258	2020/5/7	2023/5/6
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2019/3/27	2022/3/25
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2019/3/26	2022/3/24
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2019/3/25	2022/3/24
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2020/11/26	2021/11/25
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2019/9/24	2022/9/23
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1649	2021/2/3	2022/2/2
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7627	2021/2/10	2022/2/9
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	ELI V8.0	TP-2135	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201432831	2021/4/13	2022/4/12
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46106933	2020/8/1	2021/7/31
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1144	2020/12/2	2021/12/1
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2020/8/13	2021/8/12
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2020/8/13	2021/8/12
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2020/8/13	2021/8/12
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2021/4/12	2022/4/11
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101632	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2020/8/14	2021/8/13
Testo	Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	No	te 1
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	No	te 1

#### Note:

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

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# 11. System Verification

# 11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1.



Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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#### 11.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

#### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

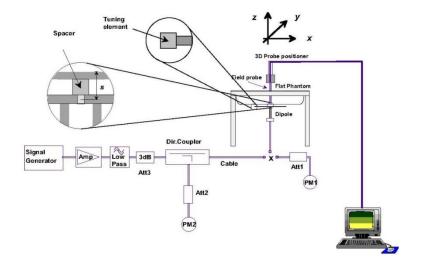
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.8	0.935	42.534	0.90	41.50	3.89	2.49	±5	2021/5/30
1750	Head	22.9	1.340	40.360	1.37	40.10	-2.19	0.65	±5	2021/6/1
1900	Head	22.8	1.436	40.117	1.40	40.00	2.57	0.29	±5	2021/6/4
2450	Head	22.6	1.872	40.823	1.80	39.20	4.00	4.14	±5	2021/6/12
2600	Head	22.7	1.980	40.621	1.96	39.00	1.02	4.16	±5	2021/6/8
5250	Head	22.7	4.593	36.280	4.71	35.90	-2.48	1.06	±5	2021/6/15
5600	Head	22.9	5.037	35.814	5.07	35.50	-0.65	0.88	±5	2021/6/19
5750	Head	22.8	5.146	35.536	5.22	35.40	-1.42	0.38	±5	2021/6/23

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# 11.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021/5/30	835	Head	50	4d258	7627	1649	0.486	9.44	9.72	2.97
2021/6/1	1750	Head	50	1090	7627	1649	1.810	36.40	36.2	-0.55
2021/6/4	1900	Head	50	5d170	7627	1649	2.070	39.00	41.4	6.15
2021/6/12	2450	Head	50	908	7627	1649	2.580	52.80	51.6	-2.27
2021/6/8	2600	Head	50	1061	7627	1649	2.820	56.60	56.4	-0.35
2021/6/15	5250	Head	50	1113	7627	1649	3.980	80.50	79.6	-1.12
2021/6/19	5600	Head	50	1113	7627	1649	4.390	83.40	87.8	5.28
2021/6/23	5750	Head	50	1113	7627	1649	4.310	80.00	86.2	7.75





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Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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# 12. RF Exposure Positions

## 12.1 SAR Testing for Tablet

This device can be used also in full sized tablet exposure conditions, due to its size. Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

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#### <EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

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# 13. GSM/UMTS/LTE Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

#### <GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- 3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

#### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 3. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
- 4. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

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#### Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βd	βd (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1:

 $\Delta_{\rm ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{\rm NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{\rm CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{\it hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_{\it c}$ . For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase Note 2: discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\triangle_{ACK}$  and  $\triangle_{NACK}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ , and  $\triangle_{CQI}$  = 24/15 with  $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$ .

CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-Note 3: DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

For subtest 2 the  $\beta_0/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is Note 4: achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$ 

**Setup Configuration** 



#### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	β₀/βа	βнs (Note1)	Вес	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 4) (Note 5)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4,  $\Delta_{\text{NACK}}$ ,  $\Delta_{\text{NACK}}$  and  $\Delta_{\text{CQI}}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$  . For sub-test 5,  $\Delta_{\text{ACK}}$ ,  $\Delta_{\text{NACK}}$  and  $\Delta_{\text{CQI}}$  = 5/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 5/15 \*  $\beta_c$  .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{he}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the βc/βd ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 10/15 and βd = 15/15.
- Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 5: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
- Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

**Setup Configuration** 

#### DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - Set Cell Power = -25 dBm ii.
  - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK) iii.
  - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- a). Subtest 1:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
- b). Subtest 2:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$  c). Subtest 3:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$

- d). Subtest 4:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$ Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
- Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3 vii.
- Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms viii.
- ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
- Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter I									
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60							
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTI's	1							
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces	6							
		ses	O							
Informati	on Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )	Bits	120							
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1							
Binary C	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960							
Total Ava	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200							
Number	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200							
Coding F	Rate		0.15							
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1							
Modulati	on		QPSK							
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used f	or DC-HSD	PA							
	mode and both cells shall transmit	with identi	ical							
parameters as listed in the table.										
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to										
retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and										
	constellation version 0 shall be us	ed.								



Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

#### **Setup Configuration**



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#### HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E

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- iii. Set Channel Parms
- iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- v. Set Channel Type = HSPA
- vi. Set UE Target Power =21 dBm
- vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
- viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
- ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
- x. Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
- xi. Set HS-SCCH Configs
- xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
- xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
- xiv. Set Serving Grant
- xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

#### Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub-	βc	βd	β <sub>HS</sub>	βec	$\beta_{ed}$	$\beta_{ed}$	CM	MPR	AG	E-TFCI	E-TFCI
test	(Note3)		(Note1)		(2xSF2)	(2xSF4)	(dB)	(dB)	Index	(Note 5)	(boost)
					(Note 4)	(Note 4)	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	(Note 4)		
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 30/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 3: 24/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
						0					

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the  $\beta_c$  is set to 1 and  $\beta_d$  = 0 by default.

Note 4:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

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#### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

 Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

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2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.

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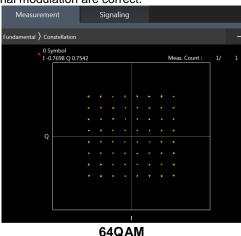
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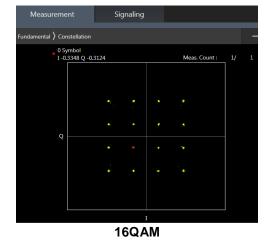
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### <LTE Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

- Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 9. LTE band 38 SAR test was covered by Band 41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
  - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
- 10 According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.





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# 14. <u>WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)</u>

#### **General Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
  - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.

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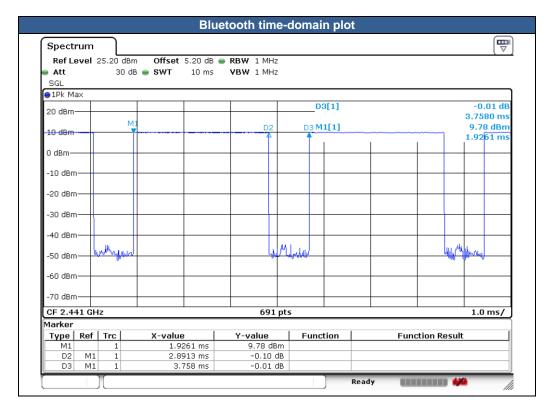
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#### <2.4GHz Bluetooth>

#### **General Note:**

- 1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- 2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.94 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation



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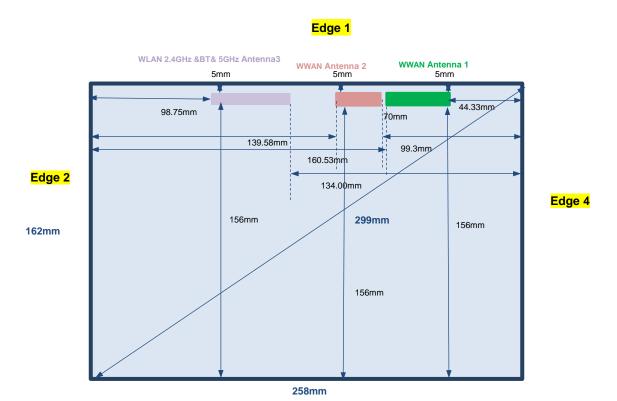
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# 15. Antenna Location



Edge 3 Bottom Face

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#### <SAR test exclusion table>

#### **General Note:**

1. The below table, when the distance is < 50 mm exclusion threshold is "Ratio", when the distance is > 50 mm exclusion threshold is "mW"

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- 2. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the test separation distance is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold.
- 5. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
  - a) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)-(f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
  - b) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm) 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

Exposure	Wireless Interface	GPRS 850 Class 10 Ant1	GPRS 1900 Class 10 Ant1	WCDMA Band V Ant1	WCDMA Band II Ant1	LTE Band 5 Ant1	LTE Band 4 Ant1	LTE Band 2 Ant1	LTE Band 7 Ant2	LTE Band 38 Ant2	LTE Band 41 Ant2	BT ANT 3	2.4GHz WLAN ANT 3	5GHz WLAN ANT 3
Position	Calculated Frequency	848MHz	1909MHz	846MHz	1907MHz	848MHz	1754MHz	1909MHz	2567MHz	2617MHz	2687MHz	2480MHz	2462MHz	5825MHz
	Maximum power (dBm)	26.00	23.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	11.00	19.50	17.00
	Maximum rated power(mW)	398.0	200.0	251.0	251.0	251.0	251.0	251.0	251.0	251.0	251.0	13.0	89.0	50.0
	Separation distance(mm)				5.0					5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0
Bottom Face	exclusion threshold	73.3	55.3	46.2	69.3	46.2	66.5	69.4	80.4	81.2	82.3	4.1	27.9	24.1
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)				5.0					5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0
Edge 1	exclusion threshold	73.3	55.3	46.2	69.3	46.2	66.5	69.4	80.4	81.2	82.3	4.1	27.9	24.1
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)				160.53					139.58		98.75	98.75	98.75
Edge 2	exclusion threshold	788.0	1214.0	786.0	1214.0	788.0	1219.0	1214.0	989.0	989.0	987.0	583.0	583.0	550.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	Separation distance(mm)				156.00					156.00		156.0	156.0	156.0
Edge 3	exclusion threshold	762.0	1169.0	761.0	1169.0	762.0	1173.0	1169.0	1154.0	1153.0	1152.0	1155.0	1156.0	1122.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	Separation distance(mm)				44.33					99.30		134.00	134.00	134.00
Edge 4	exclusion threshold	8.3	6.2	5.2	7.8	5.2	7.5	7.8	587.0	586.0	585.0	935.0	936.0	902.0
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No

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# 16. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz

  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. The device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body also a finger or hand near the bottom face, edge 1 of the device, reduced power will be active for all WWAN bands. (P-sensor can't work at detecting presence of the user's body at other edges of the device.)
- 5. For WLAN, the device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body also a finger or hand near the bottom face, edge 1 of the device, reduced power will be active for all WLAN bands. (P-sensor can't work at detecting presence of the user's body at other edges of the device.)
- 6. There are five different types of EUT. For model change note, please refer the product equality declaration exhibit submitted. According to the difference, we choose the sample 1 to full test and the sample 4 is verified.

#### **GSM Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- 2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

#### **UMTS Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+. is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+. to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDP / HSPA+.A, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.) are less than 1/4 dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSDPA / HSDPA / HSDPA / HSPA+.

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### FCC SAR Test Report

#### LTE Note:

 Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- LTE band 38 SAR test was covered by Band 41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands
  can be reduced if
  - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
  - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

#### **WLAN Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
- 6. Bluetooth and WLAN share the same antenna, with similar work frequency, so for Bluetooth SAR testing, we chose the worst positon of WLAN to perform.

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# 16.1 Body SAR

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	•	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
						I	1		850MH	z	1					1			
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)			1	Ant1	Reduced	189	836.4	25.81	26.50	1.172	-0.03	0.737	0.864
01	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	128	824.2	25.78	26.50	1.180	0.03	0.874	1.032
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	0mm	4	Ant1	Reduced	128	824.2	25.78	26.50	1.180	0.14	0.788	0.930
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	6mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	128	824.2	25.78	26.50	1.180	0.09	0.486	0.574
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	251	848.8	25.70	26.50	1.202	0.02	0.650	0.781
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	189	836.4	25.81	26.50	1.172	0.12	0.324	0.380
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Edge 4	0mm	1	Ant1	Full	189	836.4	31.01	32.00	1.256	0.01	0.358	0.450
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	19mm	1	Ant1	Full	189	836.4	31.01	32.00	1.256	0.06	0.523	0.657
	GSM850					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	189	836.4	31.01	32.00	1.256	0.02	0.168	0.211
	WCDMA V					RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	4233	846.6	18.43	19.50	1.279	-0.11	0.730	0.934
02	WCDMA V					RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	4132	826.4	18.21	19.50	1.346	0.12	0.754	1.015
	WCDMA V					RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	6mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	4132	826.4	18.21	19.50	1.346	0.04	0.470	0.633
	WCDMA V					RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	4182	836.4	18.40	19.50	1.288	0.03	0.745	0.960
	WCDMA V					RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	4233	846.6	18.43	19.50	1.279	0.04	0.378	0.484
	WCDMA V					RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	0mm	1	Ant1	Full	4233	846.6	22.45	24.00	1.429	0.02	0.283	0.404
	WCDMA V					RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	19mm	1	Ant1	Full	4233	846.6	22.45	24.00	1.429	0.01	0.548	0.783
	WCDMA V					RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	4233	846.6	22.45	24.00	1.429	0.07	0.194	0.277
03	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	20525	836.5	19.49	20.00	1.125	-0.03	0.785	0.883
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12		Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	20525	836.5	19.44	20.00	1.138	0.04	0.720	0.819
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	50	0		Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	20525	836.5	19.40	20.00	1.148	0.02	0.672	0.772
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0		Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	20525	836.5	19.49	20.00	1.125	0.06	0.441	0.496
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12		Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	20525	836.5	19.44	20.00	1.138	0.02	0.428	0.487
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0		Edge 4	0mm	1	Ant1	Full	20525	836.5	23.16	24.00	1.213	0.06	0.489	0.593
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12		Edge 4	0mm	1	Ant1	Full	20525	836.5	22.26	23.00	1.186	0.02	0.389	0.461
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0		Bottom Face	19mm	1	Ant1	Full	20525	836.5	23.16	24.00	1.213	0.04	0.554	0.672
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12		Bottom Face	19mm	1	Ant1	Full	20525	836.5	22.26	23.00	1.186	-0.11	0.460	0.545
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0		Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	20525	836.5	23.16	24.00	1.213	0.02	0.264	0.320
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	12		Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	20525	836.5	22.26	23.00	1.186	0.09	0.212	0.251

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
									1750MH	łz								
04	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	20175	1732.5	16.14	16.50	1.086	0.18	0.850	0.923
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	4	Ant1	Reduced	20175	1732.5	16.14	16.50	1.086	-0.03	0.781	0.848
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	20175	1732.5	16.09	16.50	1.099	0.01	0.810	0.890
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	20175	1732.5	16.02	16.50	1.117	0.12	0.822	0.918
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	20175	1732.5	16.14	16.50	1.086	0.06	0.810	0.880
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	20175	1732.5	16.09	16.50	1.099	0.04	0.799	0.878
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	20175	1732.5	16.02	16.50	1.117	0.08	0.708	0.791
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 4	0mm	1	Ant1	Full	20175	1732.5	23.52	24.00	1.117	0.03	0.711	0.794
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Edge 4	0mm	1	Ant1	Full	20175	1732.5	22.53	23.00	1.114	0.04	0.616	0.686
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	19mm	1	Ant1	Full	20175	1732.5	23.52	24.00	1.117	0.12	0.805	0.899
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	19mm	1	Ant1	Full	20175	1732.5	22.53	23.00	1.114	0.02	0.704	0.784
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Face	19mm	1	Ant1	Full	20175	1732.5	22.43	23.00	1.140	0.01	0.722	0.823
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	20175	1732.5	23.52	24.00	1.117	0.06	0.716	0.800
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	20175	1732.5	22.53	23.00	1.114	0.06	0.661	0.737
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	20175	1732.5	22.43	23.00	1.140	0.01	0.624	0.712

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														Average	Tune-Un	Tung-un	Power	Measured	Paparted
Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Scaling		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		<u> </u>							1900M	Hz			, ,	(ubiii)	(ubili)	Factor	(ub)	(W/Kg)	(w/kg)
	GSM1900					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	661	1880	19.83	20.50	1.167	0.03	0.798	0.931
05	GSM1900					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	512	1850.2	19.61	20.50	1.227	-0.03	0.827	1.015
	GSM1900					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	6mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	512	1850.2	19.61	20.50	1.227	-0.12	0.329	0.404
	GSM1900					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	810	1909.8	19.76	20.50	1.186	-0.03	0.631	0.748
	GSM1900					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	661	1880	19.83	20.50	1.167	0.04	0.785	0.916
	GSM1900					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Edge 1	8mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	661	1880	19.83	20.50	1.167	0.06	0.341	0.398
	GSM1900					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	512	1850.2	19.61	20.50	1.227	0.05	0.686	0.842
	GSM1900					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	810	1909.8	19.76	20.50	1.186	0.02	0.699	0.829
	GSM1900					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Edge 4	0mm	1	Ant1	Full	661	1880	28.32	29.00	1.169	-0.07	0.530	0.620
	GSM1900					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Face	19mm	1	Ant1	Full	661	1880	28.32	29.00	1.169	0.06	0.611	0.715
	GSM1900					GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	661	1880	28.32	29.00	1.169	0.01	0.557	0.651
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	9400	1880	13.41	14.50	1.285	0.06	0.742	0.954
06	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	9262	1852.4	13.38	14.50	1.294	0.15	0.778	1.007
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face	6mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	9262	1852.4	13.38	14.50	1.294	0.02	0.364	0.471
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps			1	Ant1	Reduced	9538	1907.6	13.32	14.50	1.312	0.02	0.756	0.992
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	9400	1880	13.41	14.50	1.285	0.02	0.697	0.896
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	9262	1852.4	13.38	14.50	1.294	0.04	0.669	0.866
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	9538	1907.6	13.32	14.50	1.312	0.02	0.736	0.966
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	8mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	9538	1907.6	13.32	14.50	1.312	0.04	0.406	0.533
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	0mm	1	Ant1	Full	9538	1907.6	22.93	24.00	1.279	-0.03	0.503	0.644
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Full	9538	1907.6	22.93	24.00	1.279	0.06	0.672	0.860
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Full	9262	1852.4	22.78	24.00	1.324	0.11	0.654	0.866
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Full	9400	1880	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.02	0.592	0.764
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps		23mm	1	Ant1	Full	9538	1907.6	22.93	24.00	1.279	0.03	0.668	0.855
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Ŭ	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	9262	1852.4	22.78	24.00	1.324	0.08	0.591	0.783
	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps		23mm	1	Ant1	Full	9400	1880	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.02	0.544	0.702
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0		Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Reduced	18900	1880	15.09	15.50	1.099	0.02	1.020	1.121
07	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0		Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Reduced	18700	1860	15.06	15.50	1.107	0.02	1.030	1.140
01	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0		Bottom Face		4	Ant1	Reduced	18700	1860	15.06	15.50	1.107	-0.03	0.894	0.989
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0		Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Reduced	19100	1900	15.00	15.50	1.122	0.03	0.984	1.104
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0		Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Reduced	18700	1860	15.06	15.50	1.107	-0.03	0.448	0.496
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24		Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Reduced	18900	1880	15.04	15.50	1.112	0.03	0.912	1.014
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24		Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Reduced	18700	1860	15.04	15.50	1.114	0.04	0.935	1.042
	LTE Band 2		QPSK	50	24		Bottom Face		1	Ant1		19100		15.03	15.50	1.114	0.04	0.933	1.042
	LTE Band 2		QPSK	100	0		Bottom Face		1	Ant1		18900		14.91	15.50	1.146	-0.03	0.922	1.086
		20M	QPSK	1	0									15.09		-	0.02	0.944	1.037
$\vdash$	LTE Band 2 LTE Band 2		QPSK	1	0		Edge 1 Edge 1	0mm 0mm	1	Ant1 Ant1		18900 18700		15.09	15.50 15.50	1.099	0.02	0.944	1.037
	LTE Band 2		QPSK	1	0		Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1		19100		15.00	15.50	1.107	0.01	0.912	1.009
	LTE Band 2		QPSK	1	0		Edge 1			Ant1						1.122	-0.12	0.968	0.512
	LTE Band 2		QPSK	50	24		Edge 1	8mm 0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced Reduced	19100 18900		15.00 15.04	15.50 15.50	1.122	0.06	0.456	0.512
	LTE Band 2		QPSK	50	24		Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	18700		15.04	15.50		0.06	0.898	1.040
	LTE Band 2		QPSK	50	24		Edge 1		1		Reduced	19100		15.03	15.50	1.114	0.03	0.933	1.040
$\vdash$							·	0mm		Ant1						-			1
$\vdash$	LTE Band 2		QPSK	100	0		Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	18900		14.91	15.50	1.146	0.03	0.941	1.078
	LTE Band 2 LTE Band 2		QPSK	1	0		Edge 4	0mm	1	Ant1	Full	18900		23.72	24.00	1.067	-0.03	0.721	0.769
			QPSK	50	24		Edge 4	0mm	1	Ant1	Full	18900		22.75	23.00	1.059	0.06	0.647	0.685
	LTE Band 2		QPSK	1	0		Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Full	18900		23.72	24.00	1.067	0.12	0.758	0.808
	LTE Band 2		QPSK	1	0		Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Full	18700		23.58	24.00	1.102	0.03	0.712	0.784
	LTE Band 2		QPSK	1	0		Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Full	19100		23.58	24.00	1.102	0.06	0.703	0.774
	LTE Band 2		QPSK	50	24		Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Full	18900		22.75	23.00	1.059	0.03	0.623	0.660
	LTE Band 2		QPSK	50	24		Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Full	18700		22.71	23.00	1.069	0.1	0.612	0.654
	LTE Band 2		QPSK	50	24		Bottom Face		1	Ant1	Full	19100		22.71	23.00	1.069	0.02	0.603	0.645
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	24		Bottom Face	19mm	1	Ant1	Full	18900	1880	22.71	23.00	1.069	-0.12	0.596	0.637

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	SPORTON LA	B. F	CC S	4 <i>R</i>	<u>Te</u>	st Report										Repor	t No	.: FA1	<u>52109</u>
1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0		Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	18900	1880	23.72	24.00	1.067	0.02	0.788	0.840
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0		Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	18700	1860	23.58	24.00	1.102	0.09	0.703	0.774
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0		Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	19100	1900	23.58	24.00	1.102	0.12	0.722	0.795
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24		Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	18900	1880	22.75	23.00	1.059	0.03	0.652	0.691
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24		Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	18700	1860	22.71	23.00	1.069	0.01	0.634	0.678
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24		Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	19100	1900	22.71	23.00	1.069	0.15	0.618	0.661
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	24		Edge 1	23mm	1	Ant1	Full	18900	1880	22.71	23.00	1.069	0.07	0.623	0.666

Plot		вw		RB	RB	Test	Gap			Power	<b>.</b>	Freq.		Tune-Up			Duty Cycle		Measured	
No.	Band	(MHz)	Modulation	Size	offset	Position	(mm)	Sample	Antenna	Reduction	Ch.	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Cycle %	Scaling	Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
										2600MHz			(/	(/		, •	Factor	()	(*****3)	(3)
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2		21100	2535	12.62	13.00	1.091		1.000	-0.03	0.835	0.911
08	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	20850	2510	12.34	13.00	1.164		1.000	0.13	0.962	1.120
-	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	6mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	20850	2510	12.34	13.00	1.164		1.000	-0.12	0.239	0.278
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	21350	2560	12.19	13.00	1.205		1.000	0.04	0.912	1.099
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	21100	2535	12.57	13.00	1.104		1.000	0.02	0.812	0.897
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	20850	2510	12.43	13.00	1.140		1.000	0.12	0.901	1.027
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	21350	2560	12.39	13.00	1.151		1.000	0.06	0.854	0.983
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	21100	2535	12.54	13.00	1.112		1.000	0.02	0.803	0.893
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	21100	2535	12.62	13.00	1.091		1.000	0.03	0.410	0.447
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	21100		12.57	13.00	1.104		1.000	0.12	0.380	0.420
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	18mm	1	Ant2	Full	21100	2535	23.60	24.00	1.096		1.000	0.05	0.789	0.865
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	18mm	1	Ant2	Full	20850	2510	23.33	24.00	1.167		1.000	0.01	0.752	0.877
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	18mm	1	Ant2	Full	21350	2560	23.47	24.00	1.130		1.000	0.04	0.812	0.917
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	18mm	1	Ant2	Full	21100	2535	22.70	23.00	1.072		1.000	0.04	0.685	0.734
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	18mm	1	Ant2	Full	20850	2510	22.54	23.00	1.112		1.000	0.02	0.652	0.725
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	18mm	1	Ant2	Full	21350	2560	22.57	23.00	1.104		1.000	0.12	0.681	0.752
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Face	18mm	1	Ant2	Full	21100	2535	22.57	23.00	1.104		1.000	0.03	0.694	0.766
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	18mm	1	Ant2	Full	21100	2535	23.60	24.00	1.096		1.000	0.07	0.540	0.592
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	24	Edge 1	18mm	1	Ant2	Full	21100	2535	22.70	23.00	1.072		1.000	-0.12	0.440	0.471
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	40185	2549.5	15.09	15.50	1.099	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.824	0.911
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	39750	2506	14.86	15.50	1.159	62.9	1.006	0.12	0.969	1.130
09	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	40620	2593	14.73	15.50	1.194	62.9	1.006	-0.02	0.970	1.165
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	4	Ant2	Reduced	40620	2593	14.73	15.50	1.194	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.895	1.075
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	41055	2636.5	14.66	15.50	1.213	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.952	1.162
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	41490	2680	14.75	15.50	1.189	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.960	1.148
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	6mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	40620	2593	14.73	15.50	1.194	62.9	1.006	-0.12	0.226	0.271
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	40185	2549.5	15.05	15.50	1.109	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.804	0.897
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant1	Reduced	39750	2506	14.95	15.50	1.135	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.912	1.041
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	40620	2593	14.99	15.50	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.933	1.056
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	41055	2636.5	14.99	15.50	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.895	1.013
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	41490	2680	15.01	15.50	1.119	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.911	1.026
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	40185	2549.5	14.85	15.50	1.161	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.811	0.948
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	40185	2549.5	15.09	15.50	1.099	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.370	0.409
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant2	Reduced	40185	2549.5	15.05	15.50	1.109	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.355	0.396
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	18mm	1	Ant2	Full	40185	2549.5	23.71	24.00	1.069	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.517	0.556
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Face	18mm	1	Ant2	Full	40185	2549.5	22.75	23.00	1.059	62.9	1.006	-0.03	0.448	0.477
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Edge 1	18mm	1	Ant2	Full	40185	2549.5	23.71	24.00	1.069	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.336	0.361
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Edge 1	18mm	1	Ant2	Full	40185	2549.5	22.75	23.00	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.261	0.278

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
							WLAN										
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant3	Reduced	6	2437	7.32	8.50	1.312	99.31	1.007	0.11	0.273	0.361
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant3	Reduced	6	2437	7.32	8.50	1.312	99.31	1.007	0.06	0.140	0.185
10	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	6mm	1	Ant3	Full	6	2437	18.48	19.50	1.265	99.31	1.007	0.04	0.719	0.916
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	6mm	4	Ant3	Full	6	2437	18.48	19.50	1.265	99.31	1.007	0.03	0.597	0.760
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	6mm	1	Ant3	Full	4	2427	16.44	17.50	1.276	99.31	1.007	-0.11	0.504	0.648
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	8mm	1	Ant3	Full	6	2437	18.48	19.50	1.265	99.31	1.007	0.02	0.295	0.376
11	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant3	Full	0	2402	9.99	11.00	1.262	76.94	1.300	-0.03	0.229	0.376
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant3	Full	0	2402	9.99	11.00	1.262	76.94	1.300	0.05	0.117	0.192
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant3	Reduced	62	5310	8.53	10.00	1.403	93.32	1.072	0.04	0.030	0.045
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant3	Reduced	62	5310	8.53	10.00	1.403	93.32	1.072	0.03	0.205	0.308
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	6mm	1	Ant3	Full	52	5260	16.22	17.00	1.196	96.97	1.031	0.05	0.482	0.594
12	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	8mm	1	Ant3	Full	52	5260	16.22	17.00	1.196	96.97	1.031	0.03	0.492	0.607
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	8mm	4	Ant3	Full	52	5260	16.22	17.00	1.196	96.97	1.031	-0.15	0.473	0.583
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant3	Reduced	106	5530	9.04	10.50	1.400	88.19	1.134	0.02	0.030	0.048
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant3	Reduced	106	5530	9.04	10.50	1.400	88.19	1.134	0.07	0.232	0.368
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	6mm	1	Ant3	Full	132	5660	16.65	17.00	1.083	96.97	1.031	0.04	0.584	0.652
13	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	8mm	1	Ant3	Full	132	5660	16.65	17.00	1.083	96.97	1.031	0.06	0.612	0.683
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge 1	8mm	4	Ant3	Full	132	5660	16.65	17.00	1.083	96.97	1.031	-0.11	0.606	0.677
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	1	Ant3	Reduced	155	5775	7.08	8.50	1.387	88.19	1.134	0.08	0.028	0.044
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	1	Ant3	Reduced	155	5775	7.08	8.50	1.387	88.19	1.134	0.01	0.216	0.340
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	6mm	1	Ant3	Full	157	5785	16.84	17.00	1.037	96.97	1.031	0.02	0.456	0.487
14	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	8mm	1	Ant3	Full	157	5785	16.84	17.00	1.037	96.97	1.031	0.04	0.664	0.710
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Edge 1	8mm	4	Ant3	Full	157	5785	16.84	17.00	1.037	96.97	1.031	0.03	0.617	0.659

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# 16.2 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Sample	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor			Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	-	-	-	-	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	1	Reduced	128	824.2	25.78	26.50	1.180	-	1.000	0.03	0.874	1	1.032
2nd	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	-	-	-	-	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	1	Reduced	128	824.2	25.78	26.50	1.180	,	1.000	-0.03	0.791	1.105	0.934
1st	LTE Band 4	-	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	1	Reduced	20175	1732.5	16.14	16.50	1.086	-	1.000	0.18	0.850	1	0.923
2nd	LTE Band 4	-	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	1	Reduced	20175	1732.5	16.14	16.50	1.086	-	1.000	0.11	0.847	1.004	0.920
1st	LTE Band 2	-	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	1	Reduced	18700	1860	15.06	15.50	1.107	-	1.000	0.02	1.030	1	1.140
2nd	LTE Band 2	-	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant1	1	Reduced	18700	1860	15.06	15.50	1.107	,	1.000	0.17	0.958	1.075	1.060
1st	LTE Band 41	-	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant2	1	Reduced	40620	2593	14.73	15.50	1.194	62.9	1.006	-0.02	0.970	1	1.165
2nd	LTE Band 41	-	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant2	1	Reduced	40620	2593	14.73	15.50	1.194	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.953	1.018	1.145

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#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

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# 17. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body
1.	WWAN + 2.4GHz WLAN	Yes
2.	WWAN + 5GHz WLAN	Yes
3.	WWAN + Bluetooth	Yes

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#### **General Note:**

- EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not
  operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 2. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment though they have independent antenna.
- 3. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
- 4. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 5. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 6. All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 7. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 for 1g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg.

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# 17.1 Body Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4
WWAN Band	WWAN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN Ant3	5GHz WLAN Ant3	Bluetooth Ant3	Summed	Summed	Summed
			1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR
		Bottom Face at 19mm	(W/kg) 0.657	(W/kg) 0.648	(W/kg) 0.652	(W/kg) 0.376	(W/kg) 1.31	(W/kg) 1.31	(W/kg) 1.03
		Edge 1 at 23mm	0.037	0.376	0.710	0.370	0.59	0.92	0.40
		Bottom Face at 6mm	0.574	0.648	0.652	0.192	1.22	1.23	0.40
	GSM850Ant1	Edge 1 at 8mm	0.380	0.376	0.710	0.192	0.76	1.09	0.57
	GOMOSOAIRT	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.032	0.361	0.048	0.132	1.39	1.08	1.41
		Edge 1 at 0mm	0.380	0.185	0.368	0.192	0.57	0.75	0.57
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.450	0.100	0.000	0.102	0.45	0.45	0.45
GSM		Bottom Face at 19mm	0.715	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.36	1.37	1.09
		Edge 1 at 23mm	0.651	0.376	0.710	0.192	1.03	1.36	0.84
		Bottom Face at 6mm	0.404	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.05	1.06	0.78
	GSM1900Ant1	Edge 1 at 8mm	0.398	0.376	0.710	0.192	0.77	1.11	0.59
		Bottom Face at 0mm	1.015	0.361	0.048	0.376	1.38	1.06	1.39
		Edge 1 at 0mm	0.916	0.185	0.368	0.192	1.10	1.28	1.11
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.620		,,,,,,	,,,, <b>,</b>	0.62	0.62	0.62
		Bottom Face at 19mm	0.860	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.51	1.51	1.24
		Edge 1 at 23mm	0.855	0.376	0.710	0.192	1.23	1.57	1.05
		Bottom Face at 6mm	0.471	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.12	1.12	0.85
	WCDMA	Edge 1 at 8mm	0.533	0.376	0.710	0.192	0.91	1.24	0.73
	IIAnt1	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.007	0.361	0.048	0.376	1.37	1.06	1.38
	Ī	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.966	0.185	0.368	0.192	1.15	1.33	1.16
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.644				0.64	0.64	0.64
WCDMA		Bottom Face at 19mm	0.783	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.43	1.44	1.16
	Ī	Edge 1 at 23mm	0.277	0.376	0.710	0.192	0.65	0.99	0.47
	Ī	Bottom Face at 6mm	0.633	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.28	1.29	1.01
	WCDMA	Edge 1 at 8mm	0.484	0.376	0.710	0.192	0.86	1.19	0.68
	VAnt1	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.015	0.361	0.048	0.376	1.38	1.06	1.39
	Ī	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.484	0.185	0.368	0.192	0.67	0.85	0.68
	Ī	Edge 4 at 0mm	0.404				0.40	0.40	0.40
		Bottom Face at 19mm	0.808	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.46	1.46	1.18
		Edge 1 at 23mm	0.840	0.376	0.710	0.192	1.22	1.55	1.03
		Bottom Face at 6mm	0.496	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.14	1.15	0.87
	LTE Band 2Ant1	Edge 1 at 8mm	0.512	0.376	0.710	0.192	0.89	1.22	0.70
	ZAIILI	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.140	0.361	0.048	0.376	1.50	1.19	1.52
		Edge 1 at 0mm	1.086	0.185	0.368	0.192	1.27	1.45	1.28
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.769				0.77	0.77	0.77
		Bottom Face at 19mm	0.899	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.55	1.55	1.28
		Edge 1 at 23mm	0.800	0.376	0.710	0.192	1.18	1.51	0.99
		Bottom Face at 6mm	0.923	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.57	1.58	1.30
LTE	LTE Band 4Ant1	Edge 1 at 8mm	0.880	0.376	0.710	0.192	1.26	1.59	1.07
LIE	[	Bottom Face at 0mm	0.923	0.361	0.048	0.376	1.28	0.97	1.30
	[	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.891	0.185	0.368	0.192	1.08	1.26	1.08
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.794				0.79	0.79	0.79
		Bottom Face at 19mm	0.672	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.32	1.32	1.05
		Edge 1 at 23mm	0.320	0.376	0.710	0.192	0.70	1.03	0.51
	ITE Dand	Bottom Face at 6mm	0.883	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.53	1.54	1.26
	LTE Band 5Ant1	Edge 1 at 8mm	0.496	0.376	0.710	0.192	0.87	1.21	0.69
	[	Bottom Face at 0mm	0.883	0.361	0.048	0.376	1.24	0.93	1.26
	[	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.496	0.185	0.368	0.192	0.68	0.86	0.69
		Edge 4 at 0mm	0.593				0.59	0.59	0.59
	LTE Band	Bottom Face at 18mm	0.917	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.57	1.57	1.29

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7Ant2	Edge 1 at 18mm	0.592	0.376	0.710	0.192	0.97	1.30	0.78
	Bottom Face at 6mm	0.278	0.648	0.652	0.376	0.93	0.93	0.65
	Edge 1 at 8mm	0.447	0.376	0.710	0.192	0.82	1.16	0.64
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.120	0.361	0.048	0.376	1.48	1.17	1.50
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.447	0.185	0.368	0.192	0.63	0.82	0.64
	Bottom Face at 18mm	0.556	0.648	0.652	0.376	1.20	1.21	0.93
	Edge 1 at 18mm	0.361	0.376	0.710	0.192	0.74	1.07	0.55
LTE Band	Bottom Face at 6mm	0.271	0.648	0.652	0.376	0.92	0.92	0.65
41Ant2	Edge 1 at 8mm	0.409	0.376	0.710	0.192	0.79	1.12	0.60
	Bottom Face at 0mm	1.165	0.361	0.048	0.376	1.53	1.21	1.54
	Edge 1 at 0mm	0.409	0.185	0.368	0.192	0.59	0.78	0.60

#### General Note:

- For ANT1: Chose WLAN2.4GHz/WLAN5GHz/ Bluetooth Bottom and Edge 1 at 0mm as Bottom at 19 mm and Edge 1 at 23 mm SAR to do co-located.
- For ANT2: Chose WLAN2.4GHz/WLAN5GHz/ Bluetooth Bottom and Edge 1 at 0mm as Bottom at 18 mm and Edge 1 at 18 mm SAR to do co-located.
- 3. For ANT3: Chose WWAN GSM850, WCDMA BV and LTE B4/5/7/41 Edge 1 at 0mm as Edge 1 at 8 mm SAR to do co-located.
- 4. For ANT3: Chose WWAN LTE B4/5 Bottom at 0mm as Bottom at 6 mm SAR to do co-located.

Test Engineer: Nick Hu, Seven Xu, Yuankai Kong

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# 18. <u>Uncertainty Assessment</u>

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\le 30\%$ , for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

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# 19. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D05A v01r02, "Rel. 10 LTE SAR Test Guidance and KDB Inquiries", Oct 2015

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# Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

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### System Check\_Head\_835MHz

#### **DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d258**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_835 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.935$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.534$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2021.5.30

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

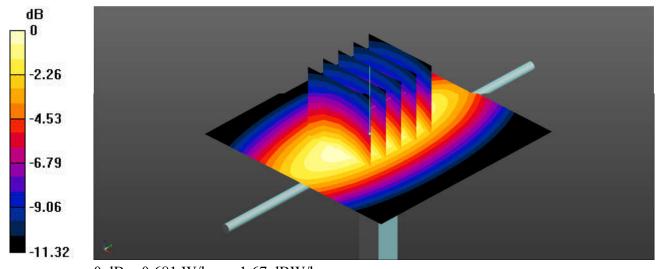
**Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.710 W/kg

**Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 28.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.780 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.486 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.312 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.681 W/kg



0 dB = 0.681 W/kg = -1.67 dBW/kg

### System Check\_Head\_1750MHz

#### **DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.34$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.36$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2021.6.1

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.73, 8.73, 8.73) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

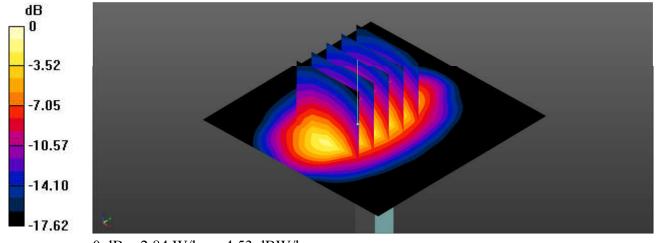
**Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.88 W/kg

**Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 45.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.953 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.84 W/kg



0 dB = 2.84 W/kg = 4.53 dBW/kg

# System Check\_Head\_1900MHz

#### **DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.436$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.117$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.6.4

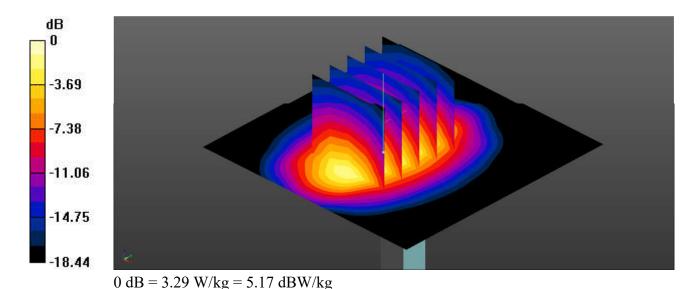
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.46, 8.46, 8.46) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.40 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 46.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.01 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.07 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.29 W/kg



### System Check\_Head\_2450MHz

#### **DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.872$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.823$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2021.6.12

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8, 8, 8) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Pin=50mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.26 W/kg

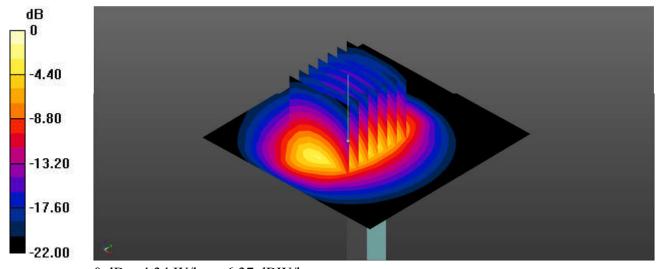
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.34 W/kg



0 dB = 4.34 W/kg = 6.37 dBW/kg

### System Check\_Head\_2600MHz

#### **DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.98$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.621$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2021.6.8

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

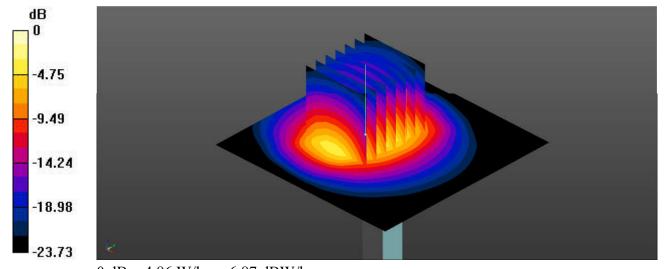
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Pin=50mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.93 W/kg

**Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 38.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.26 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.86 W/kg



0 dB = 4.86 W/kg = 6.87 dBW/kg

### System Check\_Head\_5250MHz

#### **DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.593$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.28$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2021.6.15

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

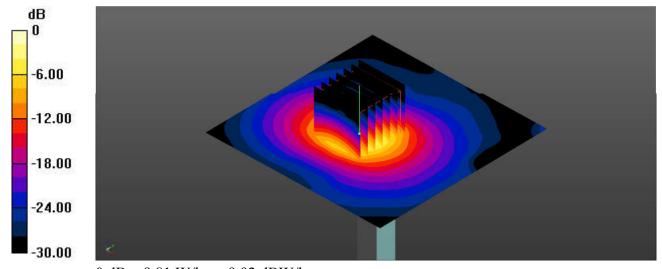
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Pin=50mW/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.53 W/kg

**Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 39.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.16 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.81 W/kg



0 dB = 9.81 W/kg = 9.92 dBW/kg

### System Check\_Head\_5600MHz

#### **DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.037$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.814$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2021.6.19

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

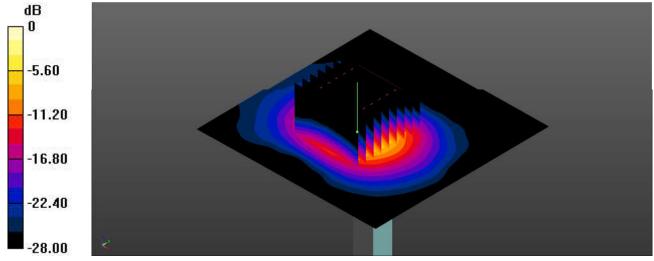
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89) @ 5600 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Pin=50mW/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.4 W/kg

**Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 44.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.24 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.1 W/kg



0 dB = 12.1 W/kg = 10.83 dBW/kg

### System Check\_Head\_5750MHz

#### **DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.146$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 35.536$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2021.6.23

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

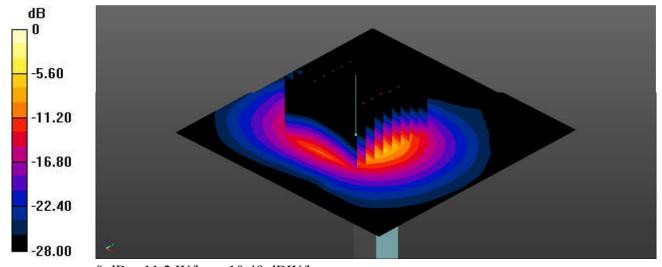
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Pin=50mW/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.0 W/kg

**Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 39.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.22 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 W/kg



0 dB = 11.2 W/kg = 10.49 dBW/kg

# Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

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# 01\_GSM850\_GPRS (2 Tx slots)\_Bottom Face\_0mm\_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium: HSL\_835 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.93$  S/m;  $\epsilon = 42.56$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.5.30

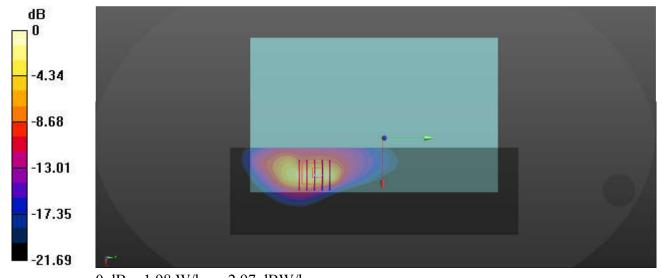
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21) @ 824.2 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (61x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.29 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 39.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.02 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.874 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.374 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.98 W/kg



0 dB = 1.98 W/kg = 2.97 dBW/kg

# 02\_WCDMA V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Bottom Face\_0mm\_Ch4132

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_835 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.931$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.5.30

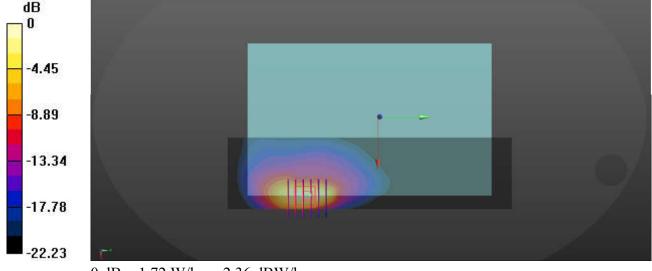
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21) @ 826.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (51x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.79 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 43.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.45 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.754 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.333 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.72 W/kg



0 dB = 1.72 W/kg = 2.36 dBW/kg

### 03 LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Bottom Face 0mm Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.936$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.511$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.5.30

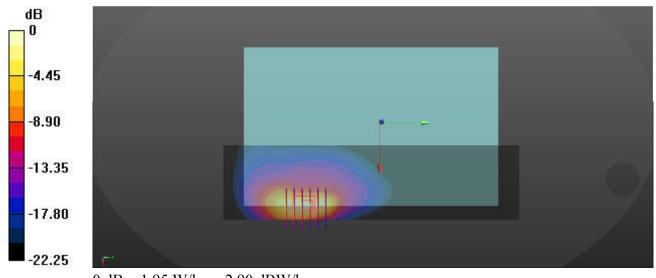
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21) @ 836.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (51x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.04 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 47.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.75 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.785 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.383 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.95 W/kg



0 dB = 1.95 W/kg = 2.90 dBW/kg

### 04 LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Bottom Face 0mm Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_1750 Medium parameters used: f=1733 MHz;  $\sigma=1.329$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=40.375$ ;  $\rho=1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.6.1

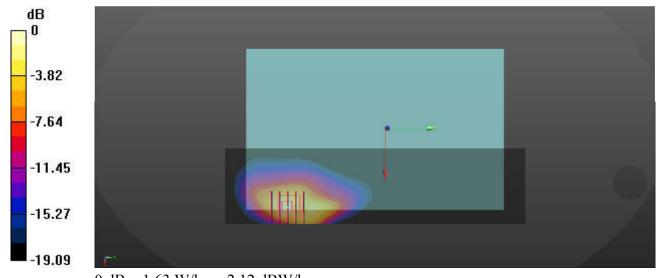
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.73, 8.73, 8.73) @ 1732.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (51x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.68 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 24.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.12 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.850 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.436 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.63 W/kg



0 dB = 1.63 W/kg = 2.12 dBW/kg

# 05\_GSM1900\_GPRS (2Tx slots)\_Bottom Face\_0mm\_Ch512

Communication System: UID 0, PCS (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium: HSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.405$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.169$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.6.4

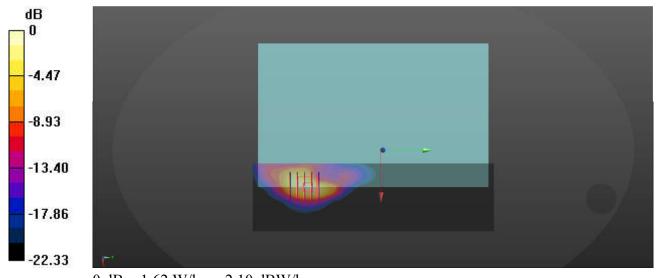
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.46, 8.46, 8.46) @ 1850.2 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (51x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.41 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 33.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.05 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.827 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.379 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.62 W/kg



0 dB = 1.62 W/kg = 2.10 dBW/kg

# 06\_WCDMA II\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Bottom Face\_0mm\_Ch9262

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.407$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.156$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.6.4

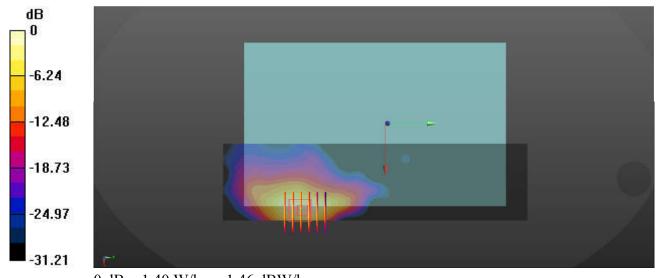
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.46, 8.46, 8.46) @ 1852.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (51x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 30.03 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.86 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.778 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.354 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.40 W/kg



0 dB = 1.40 W/kg = 1.46 dBW/kg

### 07 LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Bottom Face 0mm Ch18700

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1860 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.412$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.157$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.6.4

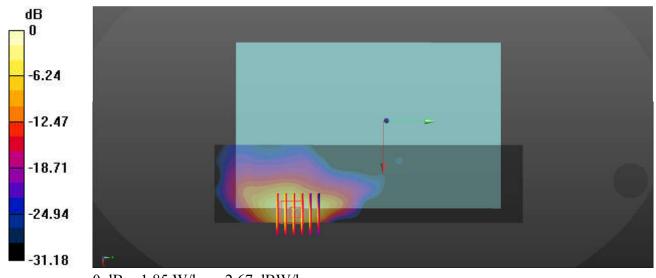
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.46, 8.46, 8.46) @ 1860 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Area Scan (51x201x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.47 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 34.63 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.44 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.470 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.85 W/kg



0 dB = 1.85 W/kg = 2.67 dBW/kg

### 08 LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Bottom Face 0mm Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.914$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.757$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.6.8

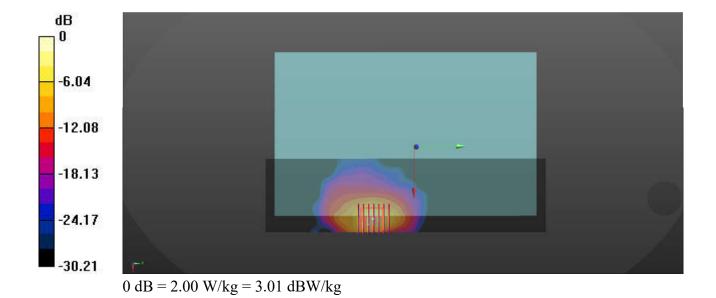
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71) @ 2510 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Area Scan (61x231x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.62 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 24.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.24 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.962 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.356 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.00 W/kg



# 09\_LTE Band 41\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0Offset\_Bottom Face\_0mm\_Ch40620

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD (0); Frequency: 2593 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59 Medium: HSL\_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2593 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.977$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.648$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.6.8

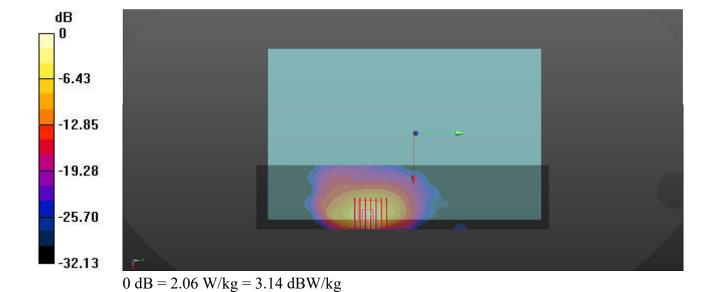
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71) @ 2593 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (51x231x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.12 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.38 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.970 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.351 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.06 W/kg



# 10\_WLAN2.4GHz\_802.11b 1Mbps\_Bottom Face\_6mm\_Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN2.4GHz (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.007 Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.863$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.847$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.6.12

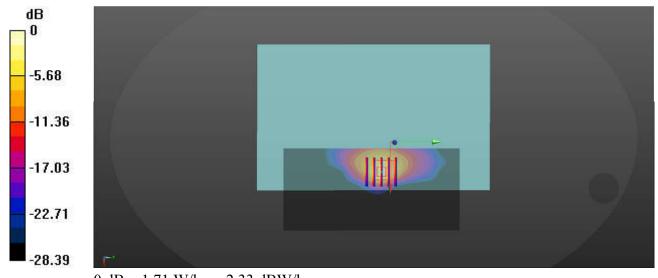
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8, 8, 8) @ 2437 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Area Scan (61x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.72 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.66 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.43 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.719 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.303 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.71 W/kg



0 dB = 1.71 W/kg = 2.33 dBW/kg

# 11\_Bluetooth\_1Mbps\_Bottom Face\_0mm\_Ch0

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.3 Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.834$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.934$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.6.12

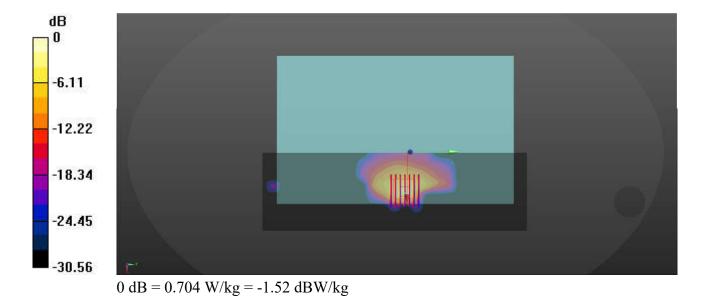
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8, 8, 8) @ 2402 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x241x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.819 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (8x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.229 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.127 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.704 W/kg



# 12\_WLAN5GHz\_802.11a 6Mbps\_Edge 1\_8mm\_Ch52

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN5GHz (0); Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.031 Medium: HSL\_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.714$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.452$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.6.15

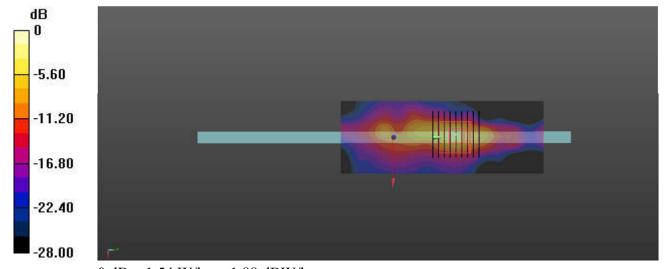
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69) @ 5260 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (51x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 26.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.50 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.492 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.54 W/kg



0 dB = 1.54 W/kg = 1.88 dBW/kg

### 13\_WLAN5GHz\_802.11a 6Mbps\_Edge 1\_8mm\_Ch132

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN5GHz (0); Frequency: 5660 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.031 Medium: HSL\_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5660 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.167$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.77$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.6.19

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

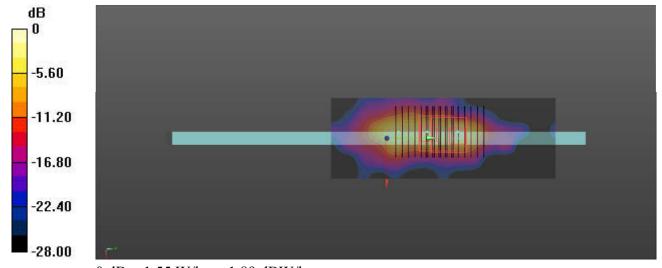
#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89) @ 5660 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (51x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.44 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (9x10x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 30.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.21 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.612 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.79 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (9x10x7)/Cube 1:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 30.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.85 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.417 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.55 W/kg



0 dB = 1.55 W/kg = 1.89 dBW/kg

# 14\_WLAN5GHz\_802.11a 6Mbps\_Edge 1\_8mm\_Ch157

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN5GHz (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.031 Medium: HSL\_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.18$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 35.488$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2021.6.23

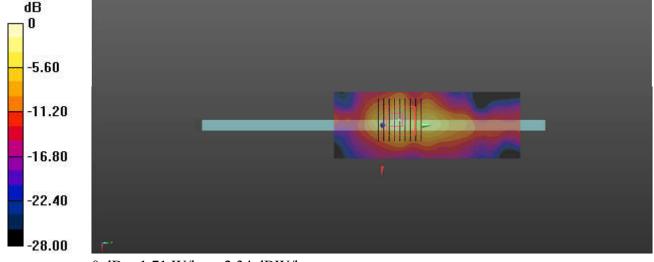
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92) @ 5785 MHz; Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1649; Calibrated: 2021.2.3
- Phantom: ELI Phantom; Type: ELI V8.0; Serial: TP-2135
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (51x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.52 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 27.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.36 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.664 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.71 W/kg



0 dB = 1.71 W/kg = 2.34 dBW/kg

# Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TBJ616X

Page: C1 of C1 Issued Date: Jul. 07, 2021 Form version: 200414

Report No.: FA152109

# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Wiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

Sporton

Certificate No: D835V2-4d258\_May20

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D835V2 - SN:4d258

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v11

Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date:

May 07, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22  $\pm$  3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104)	Apr-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19)	Dec-20
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19)	Dec-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20
	Nama		
Calibratad	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeffrey Katzman	Laboratory Technician	1/11
			O. Kom
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	MILL
			many.

Issued: May 7, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d258\_May20

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Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
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S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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# **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.2 ± 6 %	0.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# **SAR** result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.39 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.44 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.55 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.13 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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