





# TEST REPORT No. I20Z61670-WMD01

for

Lenovo (Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

**Portable Tablet Computer** 

Model Name: Lenovo TB-J606L

FCC ID: O57TBJ606L

with

Hardware Version: Lenovo TB-J606L

Software Version: TB-J606L RF01 200908

Issued Date: 2020-11-20

#### Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the U.S.Government.

#### **Test Laboratory:**

### CTTL, Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT

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# **REPORT HISTORY**

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
I20Z61670-WMD01	Rev.0	1st edition	2020-11-20

Note: the latest revision of the test report supersedes all previous version.





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## 1. Test Laboratory

### 1.1. Introduction & Accreditation

Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 accredited test laboratory under NATIONAL VOLUNTARY LABORATORY ACCREDITATION PROGRAM (NVLAP) with lab code 600118-0 and is also an FCC accredited test laboratory (CN5017), and ISED accredited test laboratory (CN0066). The detail accreditation scope can be found on NVLAP website.

### 1.2. Testing Location

Location 1: CTTL (huayuan North Road)

Address: No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing,

P. R. China 100191

Location 2: CTTL(Shouxiang)

Address: No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road,

Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China 100191





## 1.3. <u>Testing Environment</u>

Normal Temperature:  $15-35^{\circ}$ C Relative Humidity: 20-75%

### 1.4. Project Data

Testing Start Date: 2020-09-28
Testing End Date: 2020-11-20

### 1.5. Signature



Dong Yuan
(Prepared this test report)



Zhou Yu (Reviewed this test report)

赵慧麟

Zhao Hui Lin
Deputy Director of the laboratory
(Approved this test report)





## 2. Client Information

Address /Post:

Address /Post:

### 2.1. Applicant Information

Company Name: Lenovo (Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

Section 304-305, Building No. 4, # 222, Meiyue Road, China

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### 2.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name: Lenovo PC HK Limited

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Hong Kong, P.R.China

Contact: Spring Zhou

Email: zhoucb1@lenovo.com Telephone: +86 18116118237





## 3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

### 3.1. About EUT

Description Portable Tablet Computer

Model Name
Lenovo TB-J606L
FCC ID
O57TBJ606L
Antenna
Embedded

Output power 31.85dBm maximum EIRP measured for PCS1900

Extreme vol. Limits 3.6VDC to 4.4VDC (nominal: 3.8VDC)

Extreme temp. Tolerance -10°C to +55°C

Note: Components list, please refer to documents of the manufacturer; it is also included in the original test record of CTTL.

### 3.2. Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	<b>HW Version</b>	SW Version	Date of receipt
UT24a	863025050008773	Lenovo TB-J606L	TB-J606L_RF01_200908	2020-09-24
UT15a	863025050008351	Lenovo TB-J606L	TB-J606L_RF01_200908	2020-09-28
*FUT ID '		(	. ( 11	

<sup>\*</sup>EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

### 3.3. Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description
AE1	Battery
AE2	Battery

### AE1

Model L20D2P32
Manufacturer SCUD
Capacitance 7500mAh

AE2

Model L20D2P32
Manufacturer Sunwoda
Capacitance 7500mAh

<sup>\*</sup>AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.





## 4. Reference Documents

### 4.1. Documents supplied by applicant

EUT parameters, referring to Annex A for detailed information, is supplied by the client or manufacturer, which is the basis of testing.

### 4.2. Reference Documents for testing

The following documents listed in this section are referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
FCC Part 22	PUBLIC MOBILE SERVICES	10-1-19
		Edition
FCC Part 24	PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES	10-1-19
		Edition
ANSI/TIA-603-E	Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment	2016
	Measurement and Performance Standards	
ANSI C63.26	American National Standard for Compliance Testing of	2015
	Transmitters Used in Licensed Radio Services	
KDB 971168 D01	MEASUREMENT GUIDANCE FOR CERTIFICATION OF	v03r01
	LICENSED DIGITAL TRANSMITTERS	





# 5. Laboratory Environment

**Fully-anechoic chamber FAC-3** (9 meters  $\times$  6.5 meters  $\times$  4 meters) did not exceed following limits along the EMC testing:

3	
Temperature	Min. = 15 °C, Max. = 35 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 15 %, Max. = 75 %
Shielding effectiveness	0.014MHz - 1MHz, >60dB;
	1MHz - 1000MHz, >90dB.
Electrical insulation	> 2 M
Ground system resistance	< 4
Site voltage standing-wave ratio (S <sub>VSWR</sub> )	Between 0 and 6 dB, from 1GHz to 18GHz
Uniformity of field strength	Between 0 and 6 dB, from 80 to 4000 MHz





# 6. Summary Of Test Result

#### **GSM850**

Items	List	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	Output Power	22.913	Р
2	Emission Limit	2.1051/22.917	Р
3	Frequency Stability	2.1055	Р
4	Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049	Р
5	Emission Bandwidth	22.917	Р
6	Band Edge Compliance	22.917	Р
7	Conducted Spurious Emission	22.917	Р

### PCS1900

Items	List	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	Output Power	24.232	Р
2	Emission Limit	2.1051/24.238	Р
3	Frequency Stability	2.1055	Р
4	Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049	Р
5	Emission Bandwidth	24.238	Р
6	Band Edge Compliance	24.238	Р
7	Conducted Spurious Emission	24.238	Р
8	Peak-to-Average Power Ratio	24.232	Р

### Terms used in Verdict column

Р	Pass. The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard.	
NP	Not Performed. The test was not performed by CTTL.	
NA	Not Applicable. The test was not applicable.	
BR	Re-use test data from basic model report.	
F	Fail. The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the	
	standard.	

### Explanation of worst-case configuration

The worst-case scenario for all measurements is based on the conducted output power measurement investigation results unless otherwise stated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emission.





# 7. Test Equipments Utilized

Description	Туре	Series Number	Manufacture	Cal Due Date	Calibration Interval
Universal Radio					
Communication	CMU200	108646	R&S	2020-12-24	1 year
Tester					
Spectrum Analyzer	FSU	200030	R&S	2021-06-01	1 year
Climate chamber	SH-242	93008556	ESPEC	2020-12-21	3 years
EMI Antenna	VULB9163	9163-235	Schwarzbeck	2020-11-24	1 year
EMI Antenna	3117	00058889	ETS-Lindgren	2021-11-18	1 year
EMI Antenna	3117	00119024	ETS-Lindgren	2021-05-08	1 year
EMI Antenna	9117	167	Schwarzbeck	2021-08-19	1 year
Signal Generator	N5183A	101295	Agilent	2021-07-01	1 year
Test Receiver	E4440A	MY48250642	Agilent	2021-03-12	1 year
Universal Radio					
Communication	CMW500	143008	R&S	2020-11-26	1 year
Tester					





## **Annex A: Measurement Results**

### A.1 Output Power

#### A.1.1 Summary

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via communication tester to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation.

In all cases, output power is within the specified limits.

#### A.1.2 Conducted

#### A.1.2.1 Method of Measurements

The EUT was set up for the max output power with pseudo random data modulation.

These measurements were done at 3 frequencies (bottom, middle and top of operational frequency range) for each bandwidth.

#### A.1.2.2 Measurement Result

#### GSM850

#### GPRS(GMSK,1Slot)

Frequency (MHz)	Power Step	Output power (dBm)
824.2	3	32.07
836.6	3	32.30
848.8	3	32.29

Frequency (MHz)	Power Step	Output power (dBm)
824.2	6	25.86
836.6	6	26.03
848.8	6	25.88





### PCS1900

### GPRS(GMSK,1Slot)

Frequency (MHz)	Power Step	Output power (dBm)
1850.2	3	29.44
1880.0	3	29.43
1909.8	3	29.55

Frequency (MHz)	Power Step	Output power (dBm)	
1850.2	5	24.85	
1880.0	5	24.95	
1909.8	5	25.67	





#### A.1.3 Radiated

#### A.1.3.1 Description

This is the test for the maximum radiated power from the EUT.

Part 27.50(h)(2) specifies "Mobile stations are limited to 2.0 watts EIRP".

#### A.1.3.2 Method of Measurement

According to KDB 412172 D01 and ANSI C63.26 the relevant equation for determining the maximum ERP or EIRP from the measured RF output power is given in Equation as follows:

ERP or EIRP =  $P_T$  +  $G_T$  –  $L_C$ , ERP = EIRP -2.15, where

ERP or EIRP effective radiated power or equivalent isotropically radiated power,

respectively

(expressed in the same units as P<sub>Mea</sub>, e.g., dBm or dBW)

 $P_T$  = transmitter output power in dBm;

 $G_T$  = gain of the transimitting antenna, in dBd(ERP) or dBi(EIRP);

L<sub>C</sub> = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna, in dB.

Disclaimer: The antenna gain provided by the client may affect the validity of the measurement results in this report, and the client shall bear the impact and consequences arising therefrom.

### A.1.3.3 Measurement result

#### **GSM 850-ERP**

#### Limits

	Power Step	Burst Peak ERP (dBm)
GSM	5	≤38.45dBm (7W)
GPRS	3	≤38.45dBm (7W)
EGPRS	6	≤38.45dBm (7W)

# Measurement result GPRS(GMSK,1Slot)

Frequency (MHz)	Power Step	Output power (dBm)	ERP(dBm)
1 (oquonoy (iiii iz)	. one stop	Catput porrol (a.z.ii.)	$(G_T - L_C = 0.37)$
824.2	3	32.07	30.29
836.6	3	32.30	30.52
848.8	3	32.29	30.51

Frequency (MHz)	Power Step	Output power (dBm)	ERP(dBm) $(G_T - L_C = 0.37)$
824.2	6	25.86	24.08
836.6	6	26.03	24.25
848.8	6	25.88	24.10





### PCS1900-EIRP

### Limits

	Power Step Burst Peak EIRP (dB			
GSM	0	≤33dBm (2W)		
GPRS	3	≤33dBm (2W)		
EGPRS	5	≤33dBm (2W)		

# Measurement result GPRS(GMSK,1Slot)

Frequency (MHz)	Power Step	Output power (dBm)	EIRP(dBm) $(G_T - L_C = 2.3)$
1850.2	3	29.44	31.74
1880.0	3	29.43	31.73
1909.8	3	29.55	31.85

Frequency (MHz)	Power Step	Output power (dBm)	EIRP(dBm) $(G_T - L_C = 2.3)$
1850.2	5	24.85	27.15
1880.0	5	24.95	27.25
1909.8	5	25.67	27.97





#### **A.2 Emission Limit**

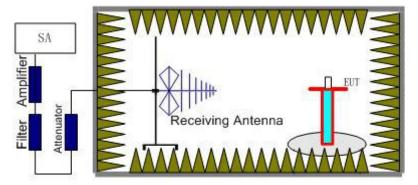
#### A.2.1 Measurement Method

The measurement procedures in TIA-603E-2016 are used.

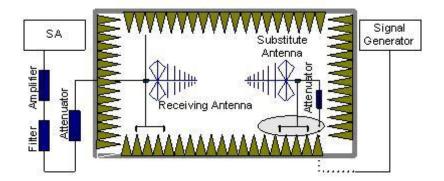
The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238 and Part 22.917. The spectrum is scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of PCS1900 and GSM850.

#### The procedure of radiated spurious emissions is as follows:

1. EUT was placed on a 1.5-meter-high non-conductive stand at a 3-meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUT for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 1.5m. The test setup refers to figure below. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT through 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all non-harmonic and harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector.



- 2. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).
- 3. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. The test setup refers to figure below.



In the chamber, a substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power ( $P_{Mea}$ ) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna and adjusts the level of the signal generator output until the value of the





receiver reach the previously recorded  $(P_r)$ . The power of signal source  $(P_{Mea})$  is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.

4. The Path loss (P<sub>pl</sub>) between the Signal Source with the Substitution Antenna and the Substitution Antenna Gain (G<sub>a</sub>) should be recorded after test.

A amplifier should be connected in for the test.

The Path loss (Ppi) is the summation of the cable loss and the gain of the amplifier.

The measurement results are obtained as described below:

Power (EIRP) =  $P_{Mea} - P_{pl} - G_a$ 

- 5. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power.
- 6. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP -2.15dBi.

#### A.2.2 Measurement Limit

Part 22.917 and Part 24.238 specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

#### A.2.3 Measurement Results

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, middle, and lower carrier frequencies of the PCS1900 band (1850.2 MHz, 1880 MHz and 1909.8 MHz) and GSM850 band (824.2MHz, 836.6MHz, 848.8MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the PCS1900 ,GSM850 into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.





### A.2.4 Measurement Results Table

Frequency	Channel	Frequency Range	Result
GSM 850MHz	Low	30MHz-10GHz	Pass
	Middle	30MHz-10GHz	Pass
	High	30MHz-10GHz	Pass
GSM 1900MHz	Low	30MHz-20GHz	Pass
	Middle	30MHz-20GHz	Pass
	High	30MHz-20GHz	Pass

### A.2.5 Sweep Table

Working Frequency	Subrange (GHz)	RBW	VBW	Sweep time (s)
	0.03~1	100KHz	300KHz	10
	1-2	1 MHz	3 MHz	2
850MHz	2~5	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	5~8	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	8~10	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	0.03~1	100KHz	300KHz	10
	1-2	1 MHz	3 MHz	2
	2~5	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
1900MHz	5~8	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
1900IVITZ	8~11	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	11~14	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	14~18	1 MHz	3 MHz	3
	18~20	1 MHz	3 MHz	2





### **GSM Mode Channel 128/824.2MHz**

Frequency	P <sub>Mea</sub>	Path	Antenna	Correction	Peak ERP	Limit	Margin	Polarization
(MHz)	(dBm)	Loss(dB)	Gain(dBi)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Polarization
1648.01	-58.47	3.56	5.23	2.15	-58.95	-13.00	46.00	Н
2472.00	-44.53	4.59	6.02	2.15	-45.25	-13.00	32.30	Н
3297.02	-53.39	5.29	7.71	2.15	-53.12	-13.00	40.10	Н
4110.02	-55.15	6.04	9.01	2.15	-54.33	-13.00	41.30	V
4951.01	-54.29	6.69	9.85	2.15	-53.28	-13.00	40.30	V
5771.01	-53.48	7.23	10.55	2.15	-52.31	-13.00	39.30	V

### GSM Mode Channel 190/836.6MHz

Frequency	P <sub>Mea</sub>	Path	Antenna	Correction	Peak ERP	Limit	Margin	Dalamination
(MHz)	(dBm)	Loss(dB)	Gain(dBi)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Polarization
1674.01	-58.76	3.58	5.19	2.15	-59.30	-13.00	46.30	Н
2510.00	-45.26	4.63	6.12	2.15	-45.92	-13.00	32.90	Н
3347.02	-53.19	5.32	7.83	2.15	-52.83	-13.00	39.80	Н
4198.02	-54.00	6.20	9.10	2.15	-53.25	-13.00	40.20	V
5034.01	-53.39	6.59	9.95	2.15	-52.18	-13.00	39.20	V
5867.01	-52.63	7.29	10.53	2.15	-51.54	-13.00	38.50	V

### **GSM Mode Channel 251/848.8MHz**

Frequency	P <sub>Mea</sub>	Path	Antenna	Correction	Peak ERP	Limit	Margin	Delerization
(MHz)	(dBm)	Loss(dB)	Gain(dBi)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Polarization
1702.01	-58.77	3.60	5.14	2.15	-59.38	-13.00	46.40	Н
2546.00	-45.38	4.66	6.18	2.15	-46.01	-13.00	33.00	Н
3380.02	-54.67	5.34	7.91	2.15	-54.25	-13.00	41.20	Н
4224.02	-54.31	6.26	9.12	2.15	-53.60	-13.00	40.60	V
5092.01	-53.96	6.75	10.03	2.15	-52.83	-13.00	39.80	Н
5936.01	-52.53	7.47	10.51	2.15	-51.64	-13.00	38.60	Н





### GPRS Mode Channel 512/1850.2MHz

Frequency	P <sub>Mea</sub>	Path	Antenna	Peak EIRP	Limit	Margin	Polarization
(MHz)	(dBm)	Loss(dB)	Gain(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Polarization
3700.02	-52.67	6.43	8.48	-50.62	-13.00	37.62	V
5552.02	-34.65	7.18	10.59	-31.24	-13.00	18.24	Н
7400.01	-54.60	8.12	12.08	-50.64	-13.00	37.64	Н
9244.01	-53.48	9.03	13.25	-49.26	-13.00	36.26	Н
11096.01	-51.01	9.84	13.18	-47.67	-13.00	34.67	V
12958.01	-48.74	10.48	13.47	-45.75	-13.00	32.75	Н

#### GPRS Mode Channel 661/1880.0MHz

Frequency	P <sub>Mea</sub>	Path	Antenna	Peak EIRP	Limit	Margin	Polarization
(MHz)	(dBm)	Loss(dB)	Gain(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Polarization
3760.02	-53.54	6.26	8.56	-51.24	-13.00	38.24	Н
5646.02	-41.34	7.27	10.57	-38.04	-13.00	25.04	Н
7531.01	-54.29	8.26	12.22	-50.33	-13.00	37.33	Н
9402.01	-52.15	9.05	13.34	-47.86	-13.00	34.86	V
11273.01	-50.49	9.83	13.15	-47.17	-13.00	34.17	V
13171.01	-48.21	10.62	13.74	-45.09	-13.00	32.09	Н

### **GPRS Mode Channel 810/1909.8MHz**

Frequency	P <sub>Mea</sub>	Path	Antenna	Peak EIRP	Limit	Margin	Polarization
(MHz)	(dBm)	Loss(dB)	Gain(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	Polarization
3824.02	-55.94	6.06	8.65	-53.35	-13.00	40.35	Н
5739.02	-55.40	7.28	10.55	-52.13	-13.00	39.13	Н
7635.01	-54.52	8.13	12.31	-50.34	-13.00	37.34	V
9547.01	-52.95	9.37	13.35	-48.97	-13.00	35.97	V
11456.01	-50.76	9.92	13.11	-47.57	-13.00	34.57	V
13373.01	-48.03	10.57	14.02	-44.58	-13.00	31.58	Н

Note: Expanded measurement uncertainty is U = 5.16 dB, k = 2.





### **A.3 Frequency Stability**

#### A.3.1 Method of Measurement

Frequency stability is a measure of the frequency drift due to temperature and supply voltage variations, with reference to the frequency measured at +20 °C and rated supply voltage. Two reference points are established at the applicable unwanted emissions limit using a RBW equal to the RBW required by the unwanted emissions specification of the applicable regulatory standard. These reference points measured using the lowest and highest channel of operation shall be identified as  $F_L$  and  $F_H$  respectively.

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the EUT in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of CMU200.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at -30 °C.
- 3. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on mid channel of each band, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10 °C increments from -30 °C to +50 °C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal voltage. Vary supply voltage from minimum voltage to maximum voltage, in 0.1Volt increments remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at nominal voltage for 1 1/2 hours unpowered, to allow any self-heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at +50°C.
- 7. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on the centre channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
- 8. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +50°C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 9. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5 °C during the measurement procedure.

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. As this transceiver is considered "Hand carried, battery powered equipment" Section 2.1055(d)(2) applies. This requires that the lower voltage for frequency stability testing be specified by the manufacturer. This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of the lower, higher and nominal voltage. Operation above or below these voltage limits is prohibited by transceiver software in order to prevent improper operation as well as to protect components from overstress.





# A.3.2 Measurement results GPRS 850

### **Frequency Error vs Temperature**

Temperature(°C)	Voltage(V)	F <sub>L</sub> (MHz)	F <sub>H</sub> (MHz)	Offset(Hz)	Fraguanov arrar(nam)
20				Olisel(nz)	Frequency error(ppm)
50				0.00	0.0000
40				1.16	0.0014
30	3.8	824.032	848.960	0.13	0.0002
10				3.94	0.0047
0				2.26	0.0027
-10				0.26	0.0003
-20				2.39	0.0029
-30				-1.23	0.0015

### **Frequency Error vs Voltage**

Voltage(V)	Temperature(°C)	F <sub>L</sub> (MHz)	F <sub>H</sub> (MHz)	Offset(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.6	20	924 022	949.060	1.94	0.0023
4.4	20	824.032	848.960	0.71	0.0008

# **GPRS 1900** Frequency Error vs Temperature

Temperature(°C)	Voltage(V)	F <sub>L</sub> (MHz)	F <sub>H</sub> (MHz)	Offset(Hz)	Fraguency arrar(nam)
20				Olisel(HZ)	Frequency error(ppm)
50				3.81	0.0020
40				-0.77	0.0004
30	3.8	1850.040	1909.957	1.55	0.0008
10				0.13	0.0001
0				-1.93	0.0010
-10				0.71	0.0004
-20				-1.09	0.0006
-30				-4.45	0.0024

# Frequency Error vs Voltage

Voltage(V)	Temperature(°C)	F <sub>L</sub> (MHz)	F <sub>H</sub> (MHz)	Offset(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.6	20	1950 040	1909.957	1.42	0.0008
4.4	20	1850.040	1909.937	-4.52	0.0024





### A.4 Occupied Bandwidth

Occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequency. The table below lists the measured 99% BW. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

The measurement method is from ANSI C63.26:

- a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be set wide enough to capture all modulation products including the emission skirts.
- b) The nominal IF filter 3 dB bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be set  $\ge 3 \times RBW$ .
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to prevent the signal amplitude from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation.
- d) Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max-hold.



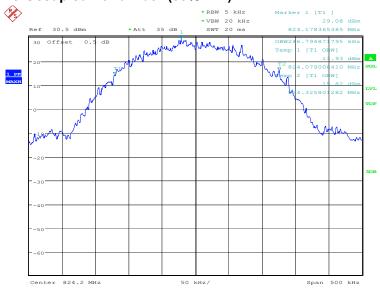


### **GPRS 850(99% BW)**

Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW) (kHz)
824.2	246.79
836.6	245.99
848.8	244.39

#### **GPRS 850**

### Channel 128-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)

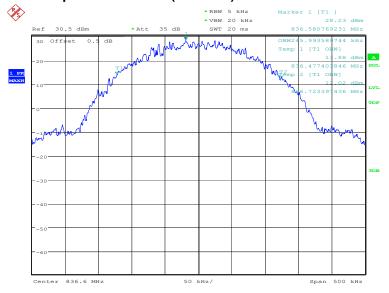


Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:29:24



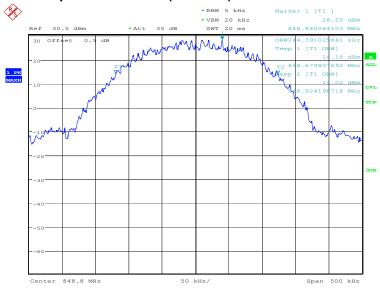


### Channel 190-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:29:50

### Channel 251-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:30:16



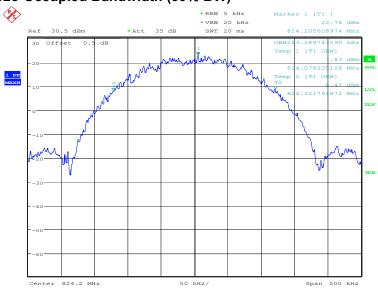


### EGPRS 850-8PSK (99% BW)

Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW) (kHz)
824.2	243.59
836.6	245.19
848.8	245.99

#### EGPRS 850-8PSK

### Channel 128-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)

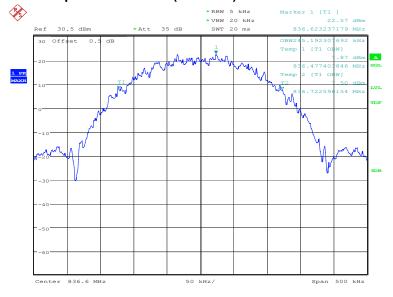


Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:49:38



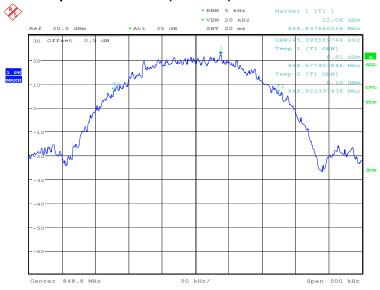


### Channel 190-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:50:04

### Channel 251-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:50:30



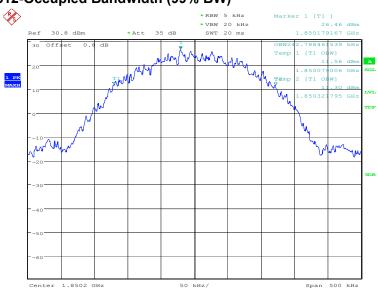


### GPRS 1900(99% BW)

Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW) (kHz)
1850.2	242.79
1880.0	245.99
1909.8	242.79

### **GPRS 1900**

### Channel 512-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)

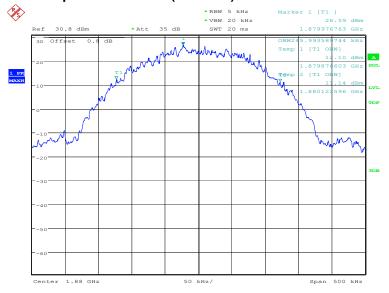


Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:31:21



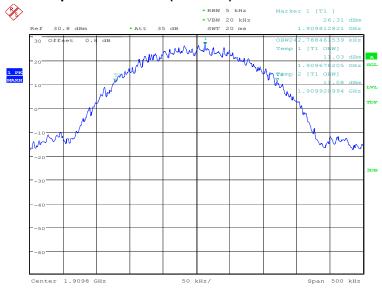


### Channel 661-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:31:47

### Channel 810-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:32:13



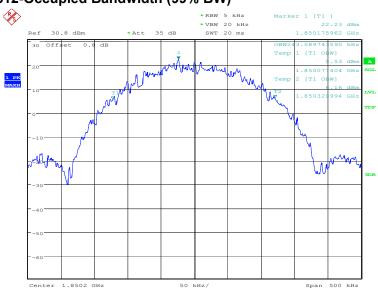


### EGPRS 1900-8PSK (99% BW)

Frequency (MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW) (kHz)
1850.2	243.59
1880.0	244.39
1909.8	242.79

### **EGPRS 1900-8PSK**

### Channel 512-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)

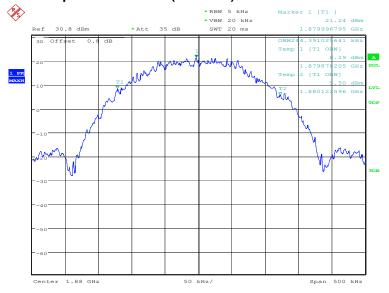


Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:51:35





### Channel 661-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:52:01

### Channel 810-Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:52:27





### A.5 Emission Bandwidth

The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

The measurement method is from ANSI C63.26:

- a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the spectrum analyzer shall be wide enough to see sufficient roll off of the signal to make the measurement.
- b) The nominal RBW shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be set  $\geq$  3 × RBW.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to prevent the signal amplitude from exceeding the maximum spectrum analyzer input mixer level for linear operation.
- d) The dynamic range of the spectrum analyzer at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target "-X dB" requirement, i.e., if the requirement calls for measuring the -26 dB OBW, the spectrum analyzer noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 36 dB below the reference level.
- e) Set spectrum analyzer detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold.



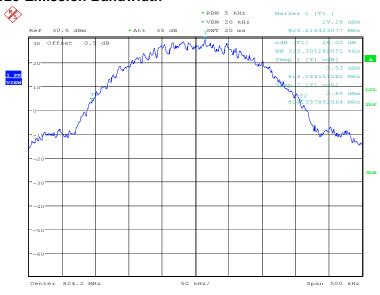


### **GPRS 850**

Frequency (MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (kHz)
824.2	313.30
836.6	317.31
848.8	314.10

#### **GPRS 850**

### **Channel 128-Emission Bandwidth**

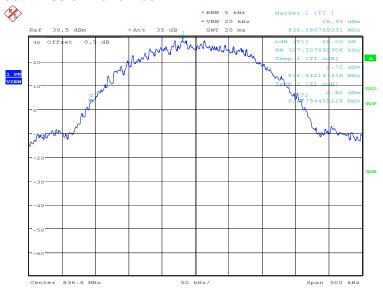


Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:33:25



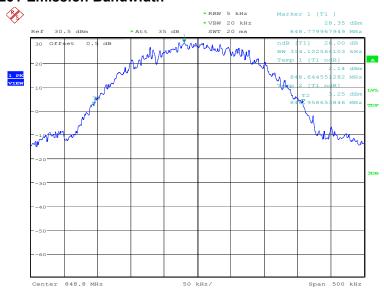


### **Channel 190-Emission Bandwidth**



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:33:52

### **Channel 251-Emission Bandwidth**



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:34:18



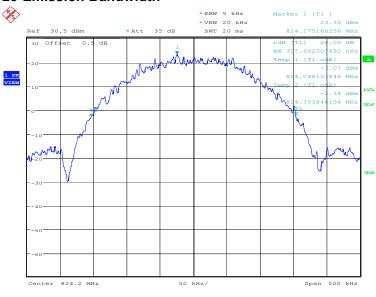


#### EGPRS 850-8PSK

Frequency (MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (kHz)
824.2	307.69
836.6	299.68
848.8	311.70

### EGPRS 850-8PSK

### **Channel 128-Emission Bandwidth**

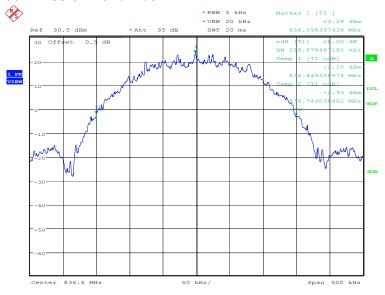


Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:53:40



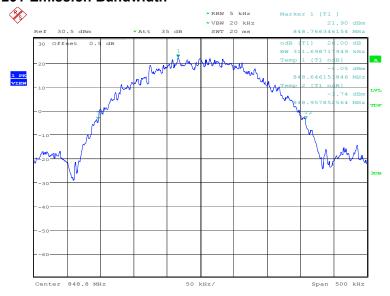


### **Channel 190-Emission Bandwidth**



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:54:06

### **Channel 251-Emission Bandwidth**



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:54:32



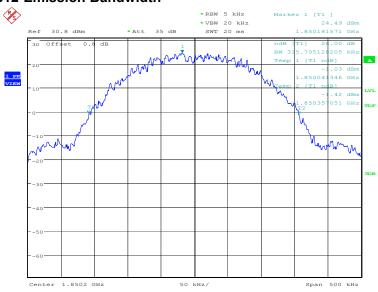


# **GPRS 1900**

Frequency (MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (kHz)	
1850.2	315.71	
1880.0	314.10	
1909.8	310.90	

# **GPRS 1900**

# **Channel 512-Emission Bandwidth**

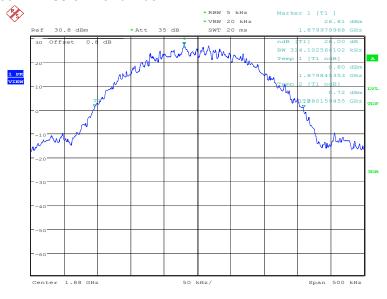


Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:35:24



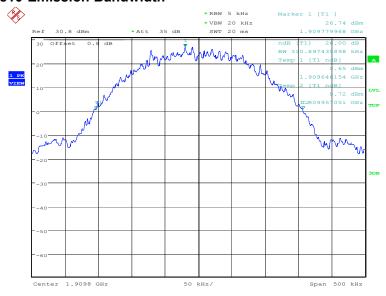


# **Channel 661-Emission Bandwidth**



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:35:50

# **Channel 810-Emission Bandwidth**



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:36:16



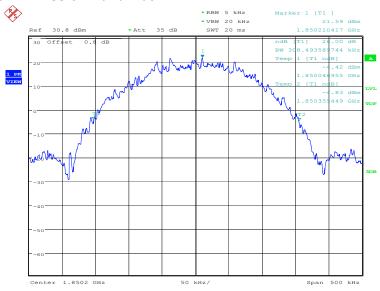


# **EGPRS 1900-8PSK**

Frequency (MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (kHz)	
1850.2	308.49	
1880.0	313.30	
1909.8	307.69	

# **EGPRS 1900-8PSK**

# **Channel 512-Emission Bandwidth**

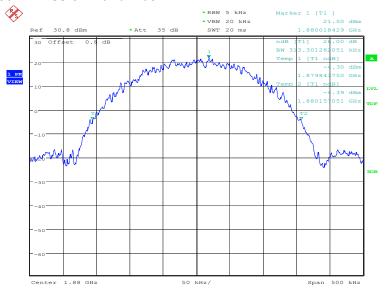


Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:55:38



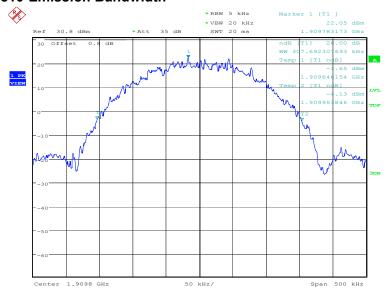


# **Channel 661-Emission Bandwidth**



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:56:04

# **Channel 810-Emission Bandwidth**



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:56:31





# A.6 Band Edge Compliance

#### A.6.1 Measurement limit

Part 22.917 and Part 24.238 specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

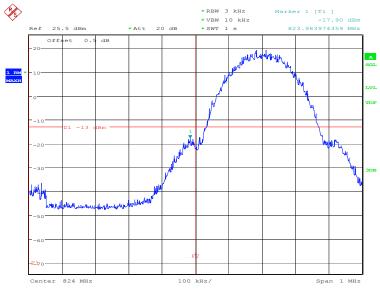
According to KDB 971168, a relaxation of the reference bandwidth is often provided for measurements within a specified frequency range at the edge of the authorized frequency block/band. This is often implemented by permitting the use of a narrower RBW (typically limited to a minimum RBW of 1% of the OBW) for measuring the out-of-band emissions without a requirement to integrate the result over the full reference bandwidth.





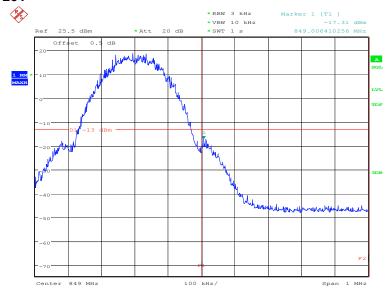
# A.6.2 Measurement result GPRS 850

# Channel 128



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:38:12

# Channel 251

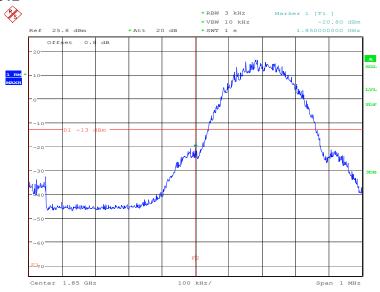


Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:39:21



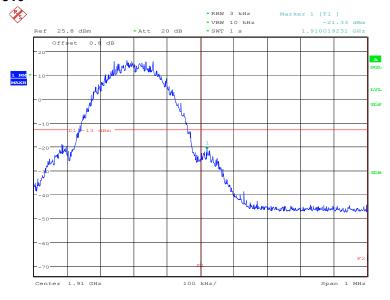


# GPRS 1900 Channel 512



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:41:09

# Channel 810



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:42:18





# A.7 Conducted Spurious Emission

#### A.7.1 Measurement Method

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the EUT.

- 1. In measuring unwanted emissions, the spectrum shall be investigated from 30 MHz or the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, whichever is lower, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency given below:
  - (a) If the equipment operates below 10 GHz: to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.
  - (b) If the equipment operates at or above 10 GHz: to the fifth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 100 GHz, whichever is lower.
- 2. Determine EUT transmit frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.
- 3. The number of sweep points of spectrum analyzer is set to 30001 which is greater than span/RBW.

#### A. 7.2 Measurement Limit

Part 22.917 and Part 24.238 specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.



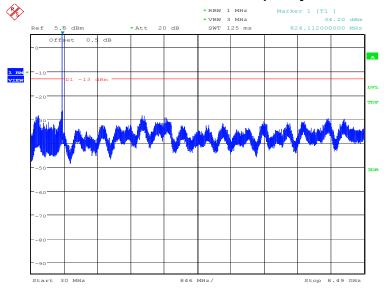


#### A.7.3 Measurement result

## **GPRS 850**

Channel 128: 30MHz - 8.49GHz

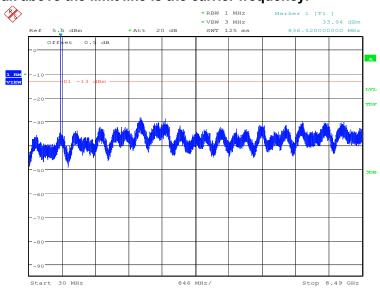
NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:43:34

## Channel 190: 30MHz - 8.49GHz

NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



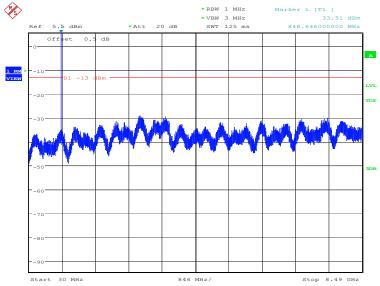
Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:44:03





# Channel 251: 30MHz - 8.49GMHz

NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:44:32

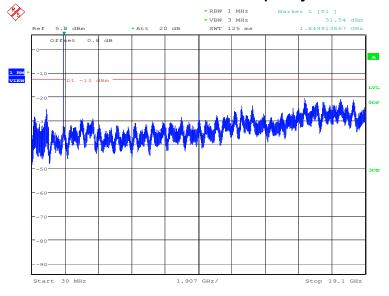




**GPRS 1900** 

Channel 512: 30MHz - 19.10GHz

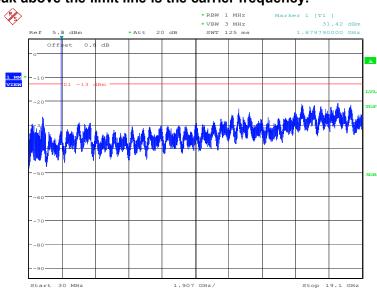
NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:45:40

# Channel 661: 30MHz - 19.10GHz

NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



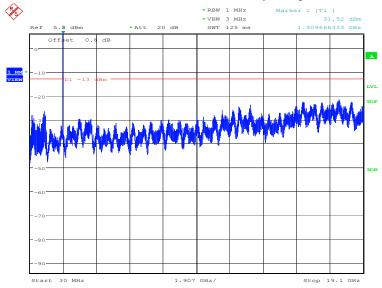
Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:46:09





# Channel 810: 30MHz - 19.10GHz

NOTE: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.



Date: 28.SEP.2020 16:46:39





# A.8 Peak-to-Average Power Ratio

The peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB

- a) Refer to instrument's analyzer instruction manual for details on how to use the power statistics/CCDF function;
- b) Set resolution/measurement bandwidth ≥ signal's occupied bandwidth;
- c) Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve;
- d) Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1%.

#### **Measurement results**

	Frequency (MHz)	PAPR (dB)
GPRS1900	1880.0	7.85
EGPRS1900(8PSK)	1880.0	10.67





# **Annex B: Accreditation Certificate**

United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology



# Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2017

NVLAP LAB CODE: 600118-0

# Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT

Beijing China

is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:

### Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017.

This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).

2020-09-29 through 2021-09-30

Effective Dates

CANTING OF MARKET

For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

\*\*\*END OF REPORT\*\*\*