# FCC SAR TEST REPORT

**APPLICANT** : Lenovo(Shanghai) Electronics

Technology Co., Ltd.

**EQUIPMENT** : Portable Tablet Computer

**BRAND NAME** : Lenovo

Model Name : Lenovo TB-8505FS

FCC ID : O57TB8505FS

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992** 

IEEE 1528-2013

The product was received on Aug. 12, 2019 and testing was started from Aug. 29, 2019 and completed on Sep. 15, 2019. We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Rose Wang / Supervisor

Lat Kin

Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager



Report No.: FA981204-03

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: 057TB8505FS

Page 1 of 47 Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019

Form version: 181113

# **Table of Contents**

1. S	Statement of Compliance	4
2. A	Administration Data	5
3. G	Guidance Applied	5
4. E	equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	6
	4.1 General Information	6
5. P	Proximity Sensor Triggering Test	7
6. R	RF Exposure Limits	13
	6.1 Uncontrolled Environment	13
	6.2 Controlled Environment	
7. S	Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	
	7.1 Introduction	14
	7.2 SAR Definition	
8. S	System Description and Setup	15
	8.1 E-Field Probe	
	8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	16
	8.3 Phantom	17
	8.4 Device Holder	
9. M	Measurement Procedures	
	9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	19
	9.2 Power Reference Measurement	
	9.3 Area Scan	
	9.4 Zoom Scan	
	9.5 Volume Scan Procedures	
	9.6 Power Drift Monitoring	
	Test Equipment List	
11.	System Verification	23
	11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids	23
	11.2 Tissue Verification	24
	11.3 System Performance Check Results	
12.	RF Exposure Positions	
	12.1 SAR Testing for Tablet	
	Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	
	Antenna Location	
15.	SAR Test Results	
	15.1 Body SAR	
	15.2 Repeated SAR Measurement	
	Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	
	Uncertainty Assessment	
	References	47
	pendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
	pendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement	
	pendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
App	pendix D. Test Setup Photos	

# History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA981204-03	01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 16, 2019

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 3 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

## 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Lenovo(Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd., Portable Tablet Computer, Lenovo TB-8505FS,** are as follows.

Highest Standalone 1g SAR Summary					
Equipment Class Frequency Band Body					
Equipment Class	Frequ	епсу вапи	1g SAR (W/kg)		
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.15		
NII	VVLAIN	5GHz WLAN	1.00		
DSS	Bluetooth	Bluetooth <0.10			
Date of T	esting:	2019/8	/29~2019/9/15		

#### Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

#### Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

**Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.**TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 4 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

### 2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory					
Test Firm	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.			
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL: +86-512-57900158 FAX: +86-512-57900958				
Took Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.			
Test Site No.	CN1257	314309			

<b>Applicant</b>					
<b>Company Name</b>	Company Name Lenovo (Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.				
Address	Section 304-305, Building No. 4, # 222, Meiyue Road, China (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone				

	Manufacturer				
<b>Company Name</b>	Company Name Lenovo PC HK Limited				
Addites	23/F, Lincoln House, Taikoo Place 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong P.R.CHINA				

## 3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 5 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

# 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

## 4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification					
<b>Equipment Name</b>	Portable Tablet Computer				
Brand Name Lenovo					
Model Name	Lenovo TB-8505FS				
FCC ID	O57TB8505FS				
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz				
Frequency Range	WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz				
Mode	WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/ HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE				
HW Version Lenovo TB-8505FS					
SW Version	TB-8505FS_RF01_190817				
EUT Stage Identical Prototype					

#### Remark:

- 1. This device has no voice function.
- The device employs proximity sensors that detect the presence of the user's body also a finger or hand near the bottom face, edge 2 or edge 1 of the device, reduced power will be active for all WLAN5GHz bands. (P-sensor can't work at detecting presence of the user's body at other edges of the device.)
- There are two types of EUT, the differences between two samples is different suppliers for memory. The sample 1 is 3+32GB capacity and sample 2 is 2+16GB capacity. According to the difference, we only evaluate the sample 1 to full test.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 6 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

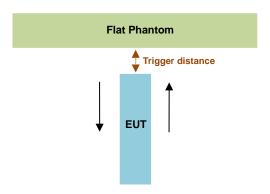
### 5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

#### <Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2)>:

1. Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency 5850MHz and lowest 5180MHz frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.

Report No.: FA981204-03

- 2. Capacitive proximity sensor placed coincident with antenna elements at the Bottom Face, Edge 2 and Edge 1 of the device are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the Bottom Face Edge 2 or Edge 1 side of the device. There is no need to do sensor coverage testing for the proximity sensor is designed to support sufficient detection range and sensitivity to cover regions of the sensors in all applicable directions since the proximity sensor entirely covers the antenna.
- 3. When the sensor is active, WLAN 5.2GHz / WLAN 5.3GHz / WLAN 5.5GHz / WLAN 5.8GHz reduced power will be active
- 4. The sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body at the Bottom Face, Edge 2 or Edge 1 side of the device use a detection threshold distance. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s).



Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Docition	Botton	n Face	Edge 1		Edge 2	
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	12	16	19	20	6	6

#### <Proximity Sensor Triggering Coverage (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.3)>:

If a sensor is spatially offset from the antenna(s), it is necessary to verify sensor triggering for conditions where the antenna is next to the user but the sensor is laterally further away to ensure sensor coverage is sufficient for reducing the power to maintain compliance. For p-sensor coverage testing, the device is moved and "along the direction of maximum antenna and sensor offset".

Illustrated in the internal photo exhibit, although the senor is spatially offset, there is no trigger condition where the antenna is next to the user but the sensor is laterally further away, therefore proximity sensor coverage testing is not required.

This procedure is not required because antenna and sensor are collocated and the peak SAR location is overlapping with the sensor.

 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
 Page
 7 of 47

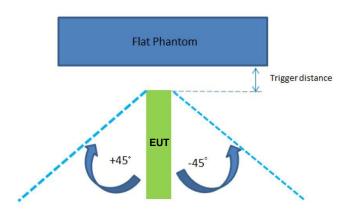
 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019

 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS
 Form version: 181113

### <a href="mailto:<Tablet Tilt angle influences to proximity sensor triggering">triggering (KDB 616217 D04 section 6.4)>:</a>

The influence of table tilt angles to proximity sensor triggering was determined by positioning each tablet edge that contains a transmitting antenna, perpendicular to the flat phantom, at 19mm for Edge 1 and 6 mm for Edge 2 separation for WLAN bands.

Rotating the tablet around the edge next to the phantom in  $\leq 10^{\circ}$  increments until the tablet is  $\pm 45^{\circ}$  from the vertical position at  $0^{\circ}$ , and the maximum output power remains in the reduced mode.



The Sensor Trigger Distance (mm)					
Position	Edge 1	Edge 2			
Minimum	19	6			

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 8 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

#### **Proximity sensor power reduction**

Exposure Position / wireless mode	Bottom Face <sup>(1)</sup>	Edge 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Edge 2 <sup>(1)</sup>	Edge 3	Edge 4
WLAN 5.2GHz	4.0 dB	4.0 dB	4.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WLAN 5.3GHz	4.0 dB	4.0 dB	4.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WLAN 5.5GHz	4.0 dB	4.0 dB	4.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
WLAN 5.8GHz	4.0 dB	4.0 dB	4.0 dB	0 dB	0 dB

#### Remark:

- 1. (1): Reduced maximum limit applied by activation of proximity sensor.
- 2. Tests were performed in accordance with KDB 616217 D04 section 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4 and 6.5 and compliant results are shown and described in exhibit "P-Sensor operational description
- 3. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance was performed:
  - Bottom Face: 5 mm(manufacturer declared)
  - Edge 2: 5 mm
  - Edge 1: 8 mm (manufacturer declared )

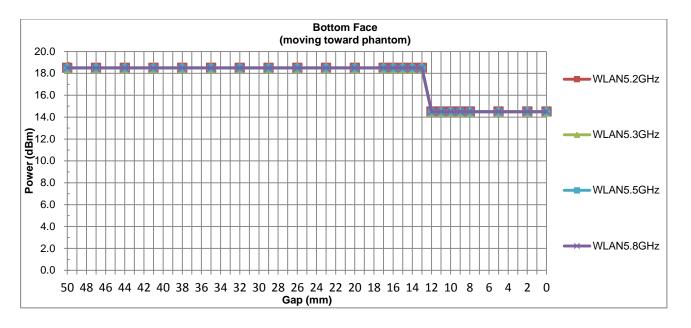
Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

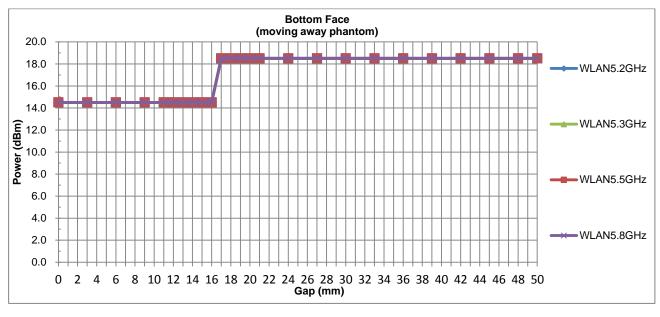
Page 9 of 47 Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019 Form version: 181113

## FCC SAR Test Report

#### Power Measurement during Sensor Trigger distance testing

Band/Mode	Ch#	Measured power	Reduction Levels	
Ballu/Mode	CII#	w/o power back-off	w/ power back-off	(dB)
WLAN 5.2GHz	48	17.28	12.89	4.39
WLAN 5.3GHz	60	17.24	12.79	4.45
WLAN 5.5GHz	140	17.07	13.09	3.98
WLAN 5.8GHz	157	17.18	13.02	4.16





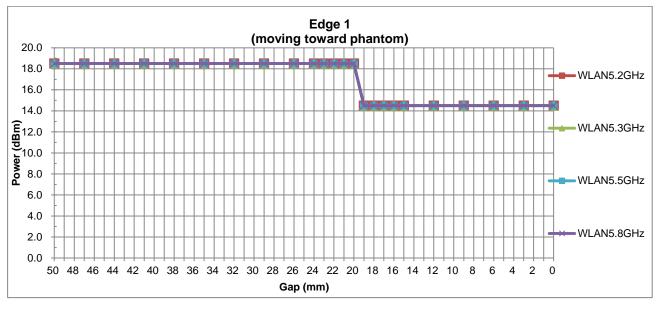
TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

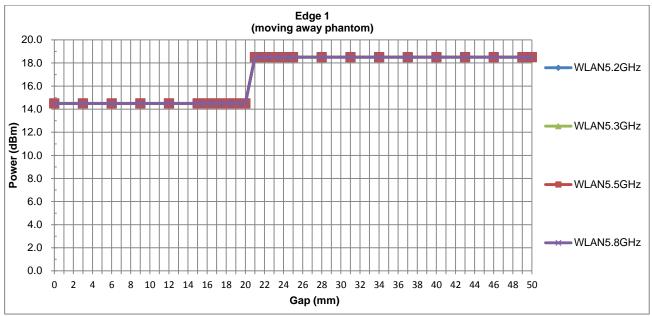
FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 10 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113



Report No. : FA981204-03



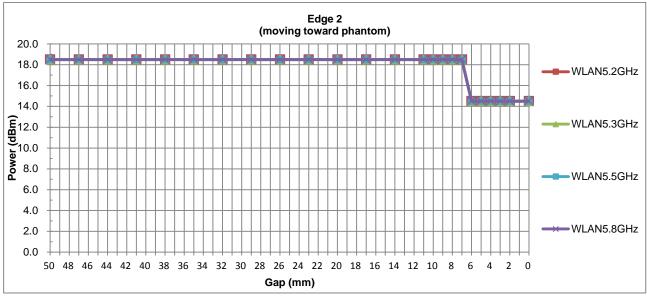


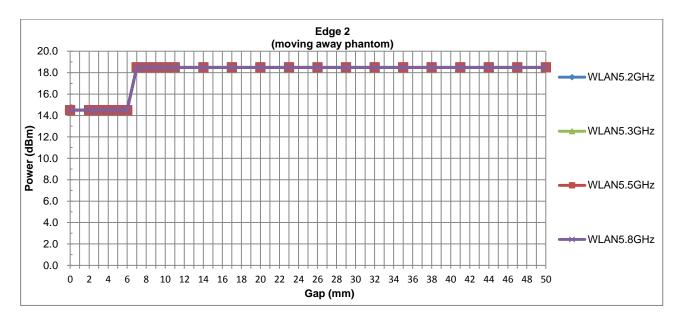
TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 11 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113







TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 12 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

## 6. <u>RF Exposure Limits</u>

#### 6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: FA981204-03

#### 6.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

#### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles		
0.4	8.0	20.0		

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
 Page
 13 of 47

 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019

 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS
 Form version: 181113

## 7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### 7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

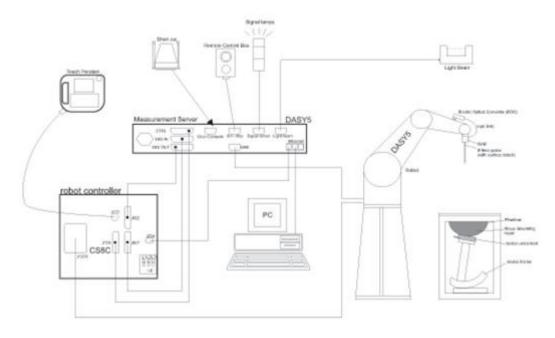
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 FCC ID: 057TB8505FS Form version: 181113

## 8. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 15 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

## 8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)				
Frequency	10 MHz - >6 GHz				
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz) ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)				
Directivity	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)				
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g				
Dynamic Range	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)				
	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)				
Dimensions	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)				
Dillichatoria	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1				
	mm				



Report No.: FA981204-03

### 8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



**Photo of DAE** 

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 16 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

### 8.3 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	-
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	* *
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 17 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

#### 8.4 Device Holder

#### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Transmitters



Report No.: FA981204-03

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

#### <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS Form version: 181113

### 9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Report No.: FA981204-03

- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
 Page
 19 of 47

 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019

 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS
 Form version: 181113

### 9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

#### 9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°		
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

#### 9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No.: FA981204-03

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

				> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}$ : $\geq 28 \text{ n}$ $\geq 30 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}$ : $\geq 25 \text{ n}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}$ : $\geq 22 \text{ n}$	

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### 9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

#### 9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
 Page
 21 of 47

 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019

 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS
 Form version: 181113

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$ ,  $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ ,  $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$  and  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

## 10. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Madel	Serial Number	Calibration			
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date		
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2019/3/25	2020/3/24		
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	2018/9/27	2019/9/26		
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1338	2018/12/3	2019/12/2		
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3857	2019/5/27	2020/5/26		
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BB	TP-1201	NCR	NCR		
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR		
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2019/4/17	2020/4/16		
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1138	2018/11/20	2019/11/19		
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2019/1/14	2020/1/13		
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2019/8/19	2020/8/18		
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2019/8/19	2020/8/18		
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2019/8/19	2020/8/18		
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101641	2019/1/14	2020/1/13		
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2019/1/14	2020/1/13		
Testo	Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2019/8/20	2020/8/19		
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2019/8/7	2020/8/6		
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	ote		
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	ote		
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	ote		
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	ote		
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	No	ote		
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note			
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	No	ote		
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	No	Note		

Note: Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 22 of 47 Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019

Report No.: FA981204-03

Form version: 181113

## 11. System Verification

## 11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1.



Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 23 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

## 11.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Report No.: FA981204-03

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
For Head								
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

#### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε,) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	Head	22.6	1.779	40.667	1.80	39.20	-1.17	3.74	±5	2019/9/15
5250	Head	22.8	4.555	34.768	4.71	35.90	-3.29	-3.15	±5	2019/8/31
5600	Head	22.9	4.897	34.294	5.07	35.50	-3.41	-3.40	±5	2019/8/30
5750	Head	22.7	5.048	34.066	5.22	35.40	-3.30	-3.77	±5	2019/8/29

 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
 Page
 24 of 47

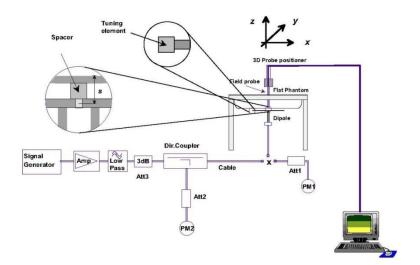
 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019

 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS
 Form version: 181113

### 11.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2019/9/15	2450	Head	250	908	3857	1338	13.40	52.80	53.6	1.52
2019/8/31	5250	Head	100	1006	3857	1338	7.91	80.70	79.1	-1.98
2019/8/30	5600	Head	100	1006	3857	1338	8.50	83.30	85	2.04
2019/8/29	5750	Head	100	1006	3857	1338	7.86	80.40	78.6	-2.24





Report No.: FA981204-03

Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 25 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

## 12. RF Exposure Positions

## 12.1 SAR Testing for Tablet

This device can be used also in full sized tablet exposure conditions, due to its size. Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Report No.: FA981204-03

#### <EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

Page 26 of 47 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 Form version: 181113

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

## 13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

#### <WLAN Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

Report No.: FA981204-03

- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
  - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
 Page
 27 of 47

 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019

 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS
 Form version: 181113

## <Full Power Mode>

### <2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		1	2412	12.43	14.00	
	802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	16.59	18.00	100.00
		11	2462	13.24	14.00	
		1	2412	14.96	15.50	
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11g 6Mbps	6	2437	17.75	18.00	96.97
		11	2462	15.33	15.50	
		1	2412	13.28	14.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	6	2437	16.17	17.00	96.77
-		11	2462	12.74	14.00	
		3	2422	14.29	15.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	6	2437	14.42	15.00	93.73
		9	2452	14.15	15.00	

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 28 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

### <5GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		36	5180	17.00	18.50	
	000 44 a 6Mbpa	40	5200	17.04	18.50	06.07
	802.11a 6Mbps	44	5220	17.18	18.50	96.97
		48	5240	17.28	18.50	
		36	5180	15.83	17.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	40	5200	16.91	18.50	96.77
F OCH - WILAN		44	5220	17.30	18.50	
5.2GHz WLAN		48	5240	17.04	18.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	14.24	15.50	93.75
		46	5230	15.37	16.50	
		36	5180	15.31	16.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	40	5200	15.29	16.50	96.81
	802.11ac-vn120 MCS0	44	5220	15.96	16.50	90.01
	48 524	5240	15.64	16.50		
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	14.16	15.00	93.75
	002.1180-VF140 IVICSU	46	5230	15.09	16.50	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	12.52	13.50	88.19

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 29 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113



	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		52	5260	16.89	18.50	
	000 44 a 0Mba a	56	5280	16.79	18.50	96.97
	802.11a 6Mbps	60	5300	17.24	18.50	96.97
		64	5320	17.02	18.50	
		52	5260	17.06	18.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	56	5280	17.08	18.50	96.77
5.3GHz WLAN		60	5300	17.35	18.50	
5.3GHZ WLAN		64	5320	17.11	18.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	15.27	15.50	93.75
		62	5310	14.30	15.50	
		52	5260	15.17	16.50	
		56	5280	15.48	16.50	00.04
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	60	5300	15.67	16.50	96.81
	64 5320 15.61	15.61	16.50			
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	15.10	16.00	93.75
	602.11ac-VH140 MCS0	62	5310	14.20	15.50	93.75
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	12.51	13.50	88.19

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 30 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113



	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		100	5500	16.52	18.50	
		116	5580	16.85	18.50	
	802.11a 6Mbps	124	5620	17.01	18.50	96.97
		132	5660	16.75	18.50	
		140	5700	17.07	18.50	
		100	5500	16.41	18.00	
		116	5580	17.38	18.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	124	5620	17.65	18.50	96.77
		132	5660	17.32	18.50	
		140	5700	15.29	17.00	
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	13.77	15.50	
5.5GHZ WLAN		110	5550	15.39	16.50	93.75
		126	5630	15.36	16.50	93.75
		134	5670	15.28	16.50	
		100	5500	15.27	16.50	
		116	5580	15.86	16.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	124	5620	15.34	16.50	96.81
		132	5660	15.14	16.50	
	140 57	5700	15.23	16.50		
		102	5510	13.72	15.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	110	5550	14.92	16.50	6.50 93.75
	002.1180-VF140 IVICSU	126	5630	15.09	16.50	93.75
	134 5670 15.13 16	16.50				
	902 1100 V/HT90 MCS0	106	5530	12.33	13.50	99.10
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	122	5610	12.30	13.50	88.19

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 31 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113



	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		149	5745	16.94	18.50	
	802.11a 6Mbps	157	5785	17.18	18.50	96.97
		165	5825	17.01	18.50	
		149	5745	16.94	18.50	96.77
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	157	5785	17.59	18.50	
5.8GHz WLAN		165	5825	16.95	18.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	15.17	16.50	93.75
		159	5795	15.37	16.50	
		149	5745	15.36	16.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	157	5785	15.95	16.50	96.81
		165	5825	15.77	16.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	14.85	16.50	93.75
	002.1180-VF140 IVICSU	159	5795	15.30	16.50	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	12.74	13.50	88.19

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 32 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

## < Reduced Power Mode for P-Sensor On>

### <5GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		36	5180	12.52	14.50	
	802.11a 6Mbps	40	5200	12.50	14.50	96.97
	ου2. Γτα οινιώμε	44	5220	12.54	14.50	90.97
		48	5240	12.89	14.50	
		36	5180	12.25	13.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	40	5200	12.23	13.50	96.77
5.2GHz WLAN		44	5220	12.35	13.50	
5.2GHZ WLAN		48	5240	12.37	13.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	12.44	13.50	93.75
		46	5230	12.30	13.50	
		36	5180	12.29	13.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	40	5200	12.17	13.50	
	802.11ac-VH120 MC30		13.50	96.81		
	48 5240 12.31	13.50				
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	12.39	13.50	02.75
	002.11ac-v1140 IVIC30	46	5230	12.36	13.50	93.75
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	12.52	13.50	88.19

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		52	5260	12.68	14.50	
	802.11a 6Mbps	56	5280	12.61	14.50	96.97
	ouz. I la divibps	60	5300	12.79	14.50	96.97
		64	5320	12.69	14.50	
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	12.60	13.50	96.77
		56	5280	12.49	13.50	
		60	5300	12.49	13.50	
		64	5320	12.52	13.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	12.46	13.50	93.75
	802.11n-H140 MCS0	62	5310	12.55	13.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	12.52	13.50	96.81
	002.11ab-V1120 WC30	56	5280	12.56	13.50	

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 33 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113



F	ORTON LAB. FC	C SAR Test Report				Report No	o. : FA981204-0
			60	5300	12.51	13.50	
			64	5320	12.46	13.50	
		802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	12.46	13.50	02.75
		602.11ac-VH140 MC50	62	5310	12.57	13.50	93.75
		802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	12.51	13.50	88.19

Page 34 of 47 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS Form version: 181113



	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		100	5500	13.09	14.50	
		116	5580	13.06	14.50	
	802.11a 6Mbps	124	5620	12.71	14.50	96.97
		132	5660	12.78	14.50	
		140	5700	13.05	14.50	
		100	5500	12.17	13.50	
		116	5580	13.09	13.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	124	5620	12.45	13.50	96.77
		132	5660	12.18	13.50	
		140	5700	12.27	13.50	
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	12.30	13.50	
5.5GHZ WLAN		110	5550	12.53	13.50	00.75
		126	5630	12.39	13.50	93.75
		134	5670	12.09	13.50	
		100	5500	12.29	13.50	
		116	5580	12.23	13.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	124	5620	12.34	13.50	96.81
		132	5660	12.19	13.50	
	140 5700 13	12.37	13.50			
		102	5510	12.24	13.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	110	5550	12.48	13.50	93.75
	002.11ac-vr1140 MCS0	126	5630	12.39	13.50	93.75
		134 5670 12.16 13.50	13.50			
	902 44 co \/UT90 MCC2	106	5530	12.33	13.50	00.40
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	122	5610	12.30	13.50	88.19

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 35 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113



PRTON LAB. FCC	SAR Test Report				Report N	o. : FA981204
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		149	5745	12.90	14.50	
	802.11a 6Mbps	157	5785	13.02	14.50	96.97
		165	5825	12.79	14.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	12.16	13.50	
		157	5785	12.33	13.50	96.77
5.8GHz WLAN		165	5825	12.22	13.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	12.37	13.50	00.75
		159	5795	12.42	13.50	93.75
		149	5745	12.31	13.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	157	5785	12.36	13.50	96.81
		165	5825	12.31	13.50	
	000 44 \/UT40 MCC0	151	5755	12.23	13.50	00.75
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	159	5795	12.43	13.50	93.75
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	12.74	13.50	88.19

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

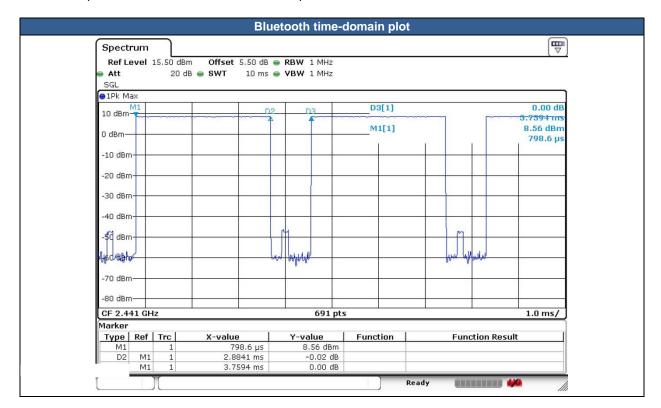
FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 36 of 47 Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019 Form version: 181113

#### <2.4GHz Bluetooth>

#### **General Note:**

- For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.72 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR 2. scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation



Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)  1Mbps	Tune-up limit (dBm)
	CH 00	2402	8.58	10.00
BR/EDR	CH 39	2441	7.90	9.50
	CH 78	2480	8.60	10.00

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)  GFSK
	CH 00	2402	0.86
LE4.0	CH 19	2440	0.97
	CH 39	2480	0.75
	Tune-up Limit		2.00

Report No.: FA981204-03



Mode	Channal	Frequency	Average power (dBm)
Wode	Channel	(MHz)	GFSK
	CH 00	2402	0.95
LE5.0	CH 19	2440	1.05
	CH 39	2480	0.78
	Tune-up Limit		2.00

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 38 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

Report No. : FA981204-03

# 14. Antenna Location



Edge 4 Bottom Face

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 39 of 47
Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

Report No.: FA981204-03

#### <SAR test exclusion table>

#### **General Note:**

1. The below table, when the distance is < 50 mm exclusion threshold is "Ratio", when the distance is > 50 mm exclusion threshold is "mW"

Report No.: FA981204-03

Page 40 of 47

- 2. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the test separation distance is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold.
- 5. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] · [√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
  - a) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)-(f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
  - b) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm) 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

	Wireless Interface	ВТ	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN
Exposure Position	Calculated Frequency	2480MHz	2462MHz	5825MHz
	Maximum power (dBm)	10	18	18.5
	Maximum rated power(mW)	10.0	63.0	71.0
	Separation distance(mm)	5.0	5.0	5.0
Bottom Face	exclusion threshold	3.2	19.8	34.3
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)	5.0	5.0	5.0
Edge 1	exclusion threshold	3.2	19.8	34.3
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)	9.0	9.0	9.0
Edge 2	exclusion threshold	1.8	11.0	19.0
	Testing required?	No	Yes	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)	190.0	190.0	190.0
Edge 3	exclusion threshold	1495.0	1496.0	1462.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No
	Separation distance(mm)	88.0	88.0	88.0
Edge 4	exclusion threshold	475.0	476.0	442.0
	Testing required?	No	No	No

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS Form version: 181113

# 15. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Report No.: FA981204-03

- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.

#### **WLAN Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
 Page
 41 of 47

 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019

 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS
 Form version: 181113



# 15.1 **Body SAR**

## <WLAN 2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor			Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0	Full	6	2437	16.59	18.00	1.384	100	1.000	-0.02	0.425	0.588
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 2	0	Full	6	2437	16.59	18.00	1.384	100	1.000	0.03	0.258	0.357
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Full	6	2437	16.59	18.00	1.384	100	1.000	-0.04	0.831	<mark>1.150</mark>
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Full	1	2412	12.43	14.00	1.435	100	1.000	0.05	0.380	0.545
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Full	11	2462	13.24	14.00	1.191	100	1.000	0.04	0.370	0.441

Report No. : FA981204-03

 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
 Page
 42 of 47

 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019

FCC ID : O57TB8505FS Form version: 181113



# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

# <WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Dower	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cuala	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Duite	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
02	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	60	5300	12.79	14.50	1.483	96.97	1.031	-0.02	0.657	1.004
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	0	Reduced	60	5300	12.79	14.50	1.483	96.97	1.031	0.01	0.152	0.232
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	60	5300	12.79	14.50	1.483	96.97	1.031	0.07	0.332	0.507
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	64	5320	12.69	14.50	1.517	96.97	1.031	-0.08	0.523	0.818
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	52	5260	12.68	14.50	1.521	96.97	1.031	0.02	0.616	0.966
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	5	Full	60	5300	17.24	18.50	1.335	96.97	1.031	0.01	0.332	0.457
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	8	Full	60	5300	17.24	18.50	1.335	96.97	1.031	-0.01	0.348	0.479
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	5	Full	60	5300	17.24	18.50	1.335	96.97	1.031	0.03	0.112	0.154
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	100	5500	13.09	14.50	1.384	96.97	1.031	-0.07	0.440	0.628
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	0	Reduced	100	5500	13.09	14.50	1.384	96.97	1.031	0.05	0.156	0.223
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	100	5500	13.09	14.50	1.384	96.97	1.031	-0.02	0.270	0.385
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	116	5580	13.06	14.50	1.393	96.97	1.031	0.06	0.410	0.589
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	140	5700	13.05	14.50	1.396	96.97	1.031	0.02	0.455	0.655
03	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	132	5660	12.78	14.50	1.486	96.97	1.031	-0.01	0.582	<mark>0.892</mark>
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	5	Full	140	5700	17.07	18.50	1.389	96.97	1.031	0.01	0.252	0.361
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	8	Full	140	5700	17.07	18.50	1.389	96.97	1.031	-0.02	0.356	0.510
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	5	Full	140	5700	17.07	18.50	1.389	96.97	1.031	0.02	0.109	0.156
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	157	5785	13.02	14.50	1.406	96.97	1.031	-0.05	0.341	0.494
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	0	Reduced	157	5785	13.02	14.50	1.406	96.97	1.031	-0.16	0.207	0.300
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Reduced	157	5785	13.02	14.50	1.406	96.97	1.031	0.08	0.272	0.394
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	149	5745	12.90	14.50	1.445	96.97	1.031	-0.02	0.311	0.463
04	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0	Reduced	165	5825	12.79	14.50	1.481	96.97	1.031	-0.07	0.345	0.527
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	5	Full	157	5785	17.18	18.50	1.354	96.97	1.031	0.01	0.297	0.415
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	8	Full	157	5785	17.18	18.50	1.354	96.97	1.031	-0.03	0.333	0.465
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	5	Full	157	5785	17.18	18.50	1.354	96.97	1.031	0.01	0.122	0.170

Report No.: FA981204-03

# <Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position		Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cyclo		Deift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Full	78	2480	8.60	10.00	1.380	76.72	1.086	0.03	0.052	0.079
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 1	0	Full	78	2480	8.60	10.00	1.380	76.72	1.086	-0.02	0.056	0.084
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 2	0	Full	78	2480	8.60	10.00	1.380	76.72	1.086	0.01	0.044	0.065
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 1	0	Full	00	2402	8.58	10.00	1.387	76.72	1.086	-0.04	0.054	0.082
05	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 1	0	Full	39	2441	7.90	9.50	1.445	76.72	1.086	-0.01	0.057	<mark>0.089</mark>

**Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.**TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page 43 of 47

# 15.2 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Modulation	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)		Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Full	6	2437	16.59	18.00	1.384	100	1.000	-0.04	0.831	1	1.150
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0	Full	6	2437	16.59	18.00	1.384	100	1.000	0.09	0.801	1.037	1.108

Report No.: FA981204-03

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
 Page
 44 of 47

 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019

 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS
 Form version: 181113

# 16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations
1.	None

Report No.: FA981204-03

#### **General Note:**

- 1. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 2. WLAN2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna, so WLAN and Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. According to the EUT character, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously.

Test Engineer: Nick Hu, Yuan Zhao, Jiaxing Chang, Yuankai Kong

 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
 Page
 45 of 47

 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019

 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS
 Form version: 181113

# 17. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq$  30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

Report No.: FA981204-03

 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
 Page
 46 of 47

 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019

 FCC ID: O57TB8505FS
 Form version: 181113

# 18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

Report No.: FA981204-03

- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- SPEAG DASY System Handbook [4]
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015

----THE END-----

Page 47 of 47 Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. Issued Date : Sep. 16, 2019 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 FCC ID: 057TB8505FS Form version: 181113

# Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page: A1 of A1
Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

Report No. : FA981204-03

# System Check\_Head\_2450MHz

#### **DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.779$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.667$ ;  $\rho = 1.779$  Medium:  $\epsilon_r = 40.667$ 

Date: 2019.9.15

 $1000 \text{kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.5, 7.5, 7.5); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

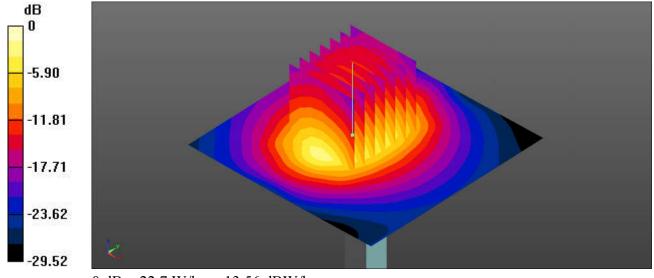
**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.7 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.43 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.6 W/kg



0 dB = 22.7 W/kg = 13.56 dBW/kg

#### System Check Head 5250MHz

#### **DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1006**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.555$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.768$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2019.8.31

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

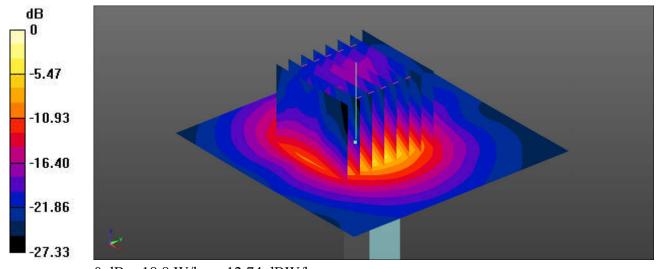
**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 W/kg

**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 63.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg



0 dB = 18.8 W/kg = 12.74 dBW/kg

#### System Check Head 5600MHz

#### **DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1006**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.897 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 34.294;  $\rho$  = 1000

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

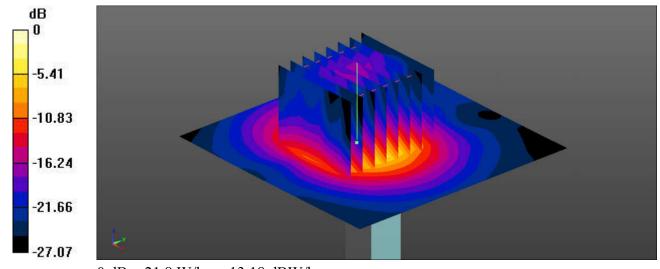
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.53 W/kg

**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 65.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.55 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



0 dB = 21.8 W/kg = 13.18 dBW/kg

#### System Check Head 5750MHz

#### **DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1006**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.048 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 34.066;  $\rho$  = 1000

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

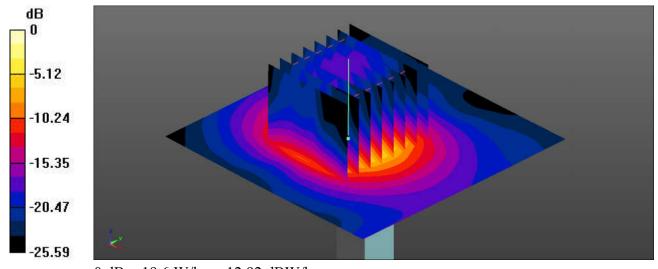
**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.6 W/kg

**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 62.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



0 dB = 19.6 W/kg = 12.92 dBW/kg

# Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

Page: B1 of B1
Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019
Form version: 181113

Report No. : FA981204-03

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.767$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.709$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2019.9.15

kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.5, 7.5, 7.5); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch6/Area Scan (71x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 W/kg

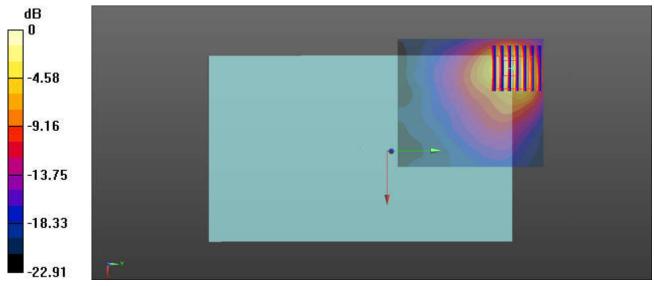
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.606 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.831 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.317 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg



0 dB = 1.07 W/kg = 0.29 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.031

Medium: HSL 5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.601$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 34.704$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  $kg/m^3$ 

Date: 2019.8.31

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch60/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.49 W/kg

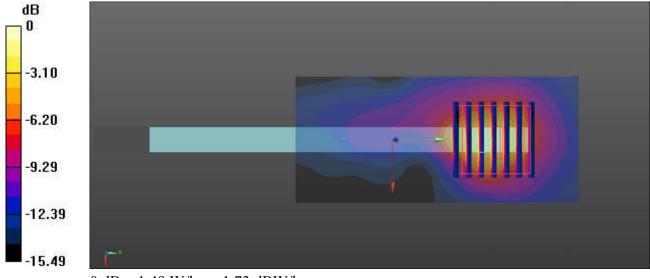
Ch60/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 5.183 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.657 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.223 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.49 W/kg



0 dB = 1.49 W/kg = 1.73 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5660 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.031

Medium: HSL\_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5660 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.964$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.189$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2019.8.30

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch132/Area Scan (41x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 W/kg

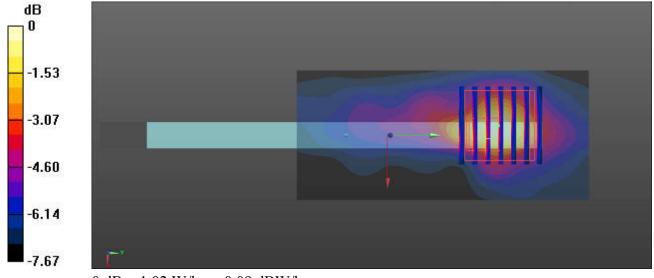
Ch132/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 7.939 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.582 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



0 dB = 1.02 W/kg = 0.09 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.031

Medium: HSL\_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5825 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.126$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 33.99$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2019.8.29

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

**Ch165/Area Scan (41x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.800 W/kg

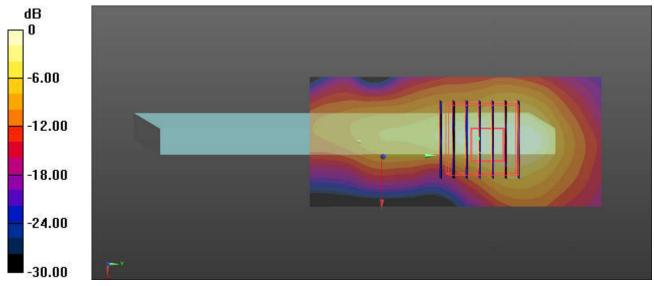
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 5.367 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.345 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.085 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg



0 dB = 0.800 W/kg = -0.97 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.303

Medium: HSL 2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.771$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.697$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  $kg/m^3$ 

Date: 2019.9.15

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.5, 7.5, 7.5); Calibrated: 2019.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM3; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch39/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0605 W/kg

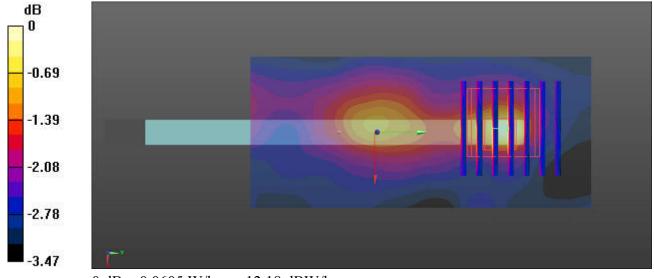
Ch39/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.983 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.182 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.057 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0691 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0605 W/kg = -12.18 dBW/kg

# Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958

FCC ID: O57TB8505FS

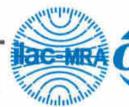
Page: C1 of C1 Issued Date: Sep. 16, 2019 Form version: 181113

Report No. : FA981204-03



In Collaboration with

# CALIBRATION LABORATORY





Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z19-60087

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 908

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

March 25, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20

Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: March 28, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

## Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z19-60087 Page 2 of 8

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52,10.2,1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.6 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.8 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.2 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

# **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.8 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	direction .	

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.8 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.8 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.91 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.6 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z19-60087

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.3Ω+ 5.18 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 21.6dB	

# Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6Ω+ 5.81 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.1dB	

# General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.020 ns
	10,700 2,000

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
-----------------	-------	--

Certificate No: Z19-60087 Page 4 of 8

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

#### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 908

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.841$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.63$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 03.25.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

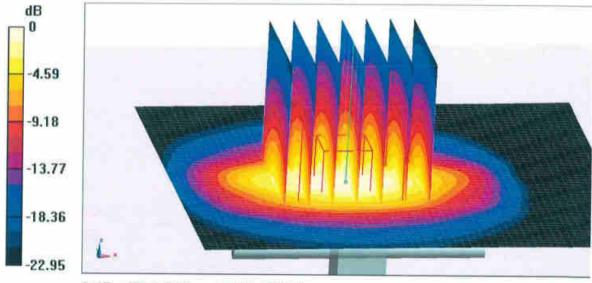
**Dipole Calibration**/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.4 W/kg



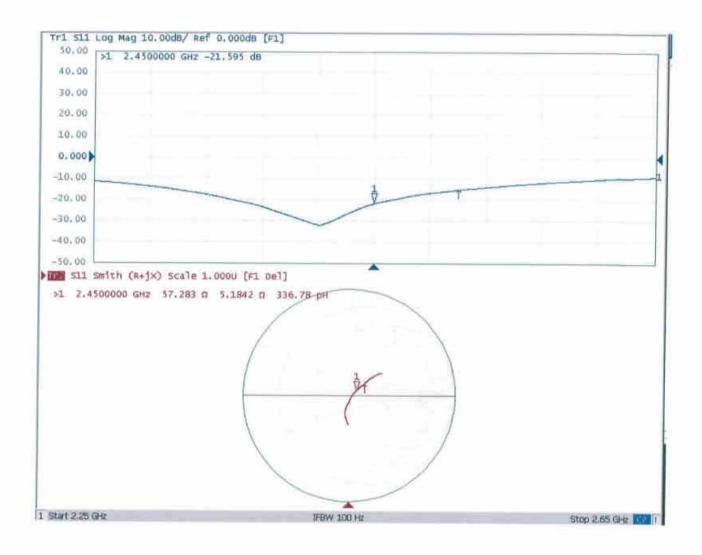
0 dB = 22.4 W/kg = 13.50 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z19-60087



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

#### DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 908

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.003$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.78$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 03.25.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

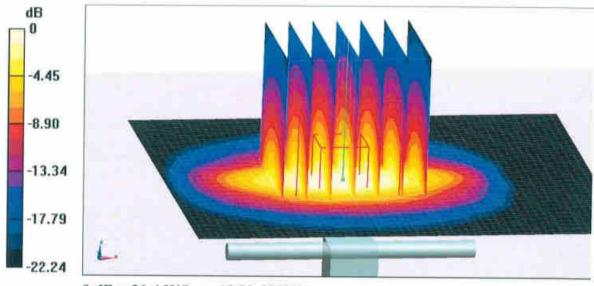
**Dipole Calibration**/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.91 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 W/kg

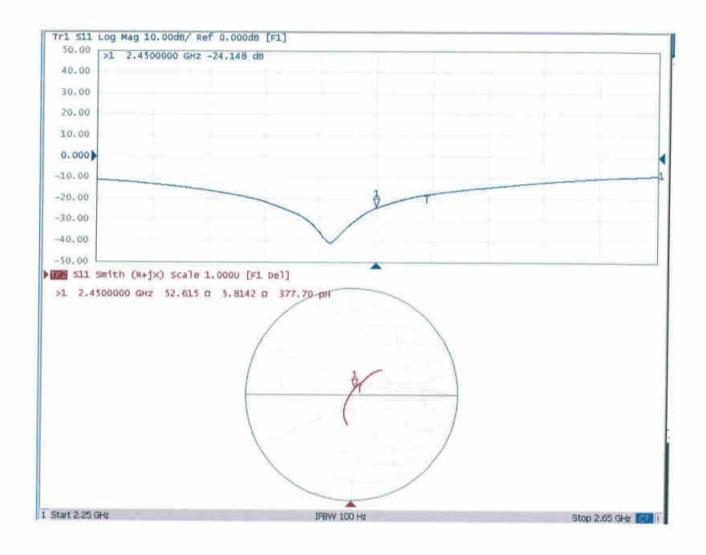


0 dB = 21.4 W/kg = 13.30 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z19-60087 Page 7 of 8

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1006\_Sep18

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object D5GHzV2 - SN:1006

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-22.v3

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date: September 27, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-3503_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 601	26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17)	Oct-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Mac

Issued: September 28, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1006\_Sep18

Page 1 of 13

# **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

# **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1006\_Sep18 Page 2 of 13

# **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5:0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0  mm, dz = 1.4  mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.0 ± 6 %	4.61 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

# Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.4 ± 6 %	4.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		** <u>-</u>

# SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.3 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

# Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.2 ± 6 %	5.14 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.05 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k⊨2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.29 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

# Body TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.36 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.9 ± 6 %	5.46 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	.=-==	

# SAR result with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.89 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k≃2)

# Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.3 ± 6 %	5.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Page 5 of 13 Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1006\_Sep18

# Body TSL parameters at 5750 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.3	5.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.0 ± 6 %	6.14 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.81 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1006\_Sep18 Page 6 of 13

### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.6 Ω - 7.6 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 21.5 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.2 Ω - 6.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 21.0 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$60.0~\Omega + 4.5~\mathrm{j}\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 20.1 dB	

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.2 Ω - 5.6 <u>j</u> Ω	
Return Loss	- 23.5 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	58.2 Ω - 5.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 20.9 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	59.6 Ω + 5.6 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 19.9 dB	

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	l 1.201 ns
Ziodinda Solay (Silo dilodietty	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	August 28, 2003	

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1006\_Sep18 Page 7 of 13

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 27.09.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1006

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.61$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 36$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.98$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 35.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.14$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 35.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.51, 5.51, 5.51) @ 5250 MHz,
   ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 79.28 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 76.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

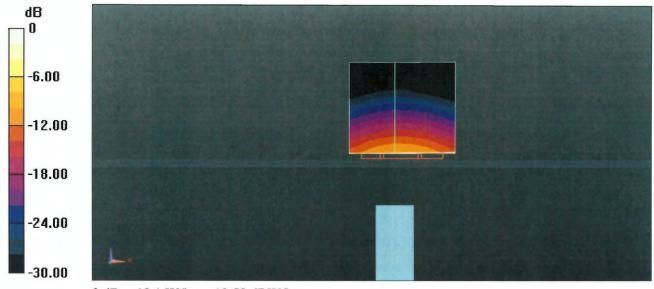
Reference Value = 74.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg

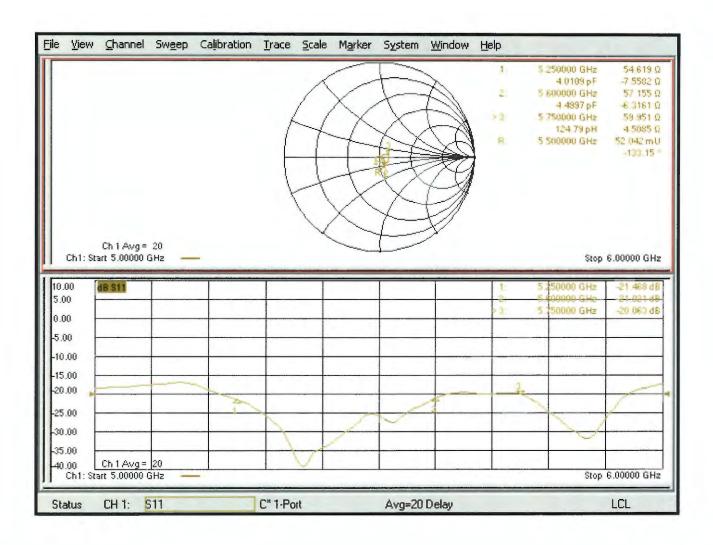
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1006\_Sep18



0 dB = 18.1 W/kg = 12.58 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 25.09.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1006

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.46$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 46.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.93$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 46.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma = 6.14$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 46$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26) @ 5250 MHz,
   ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 30.12.2017
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.10.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

# Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 69.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg

# Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 69.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

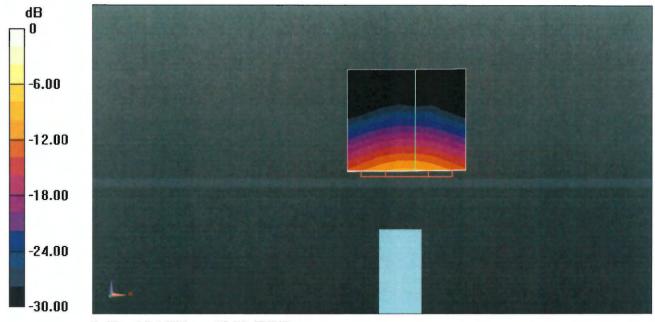
Reference Value = 67.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg

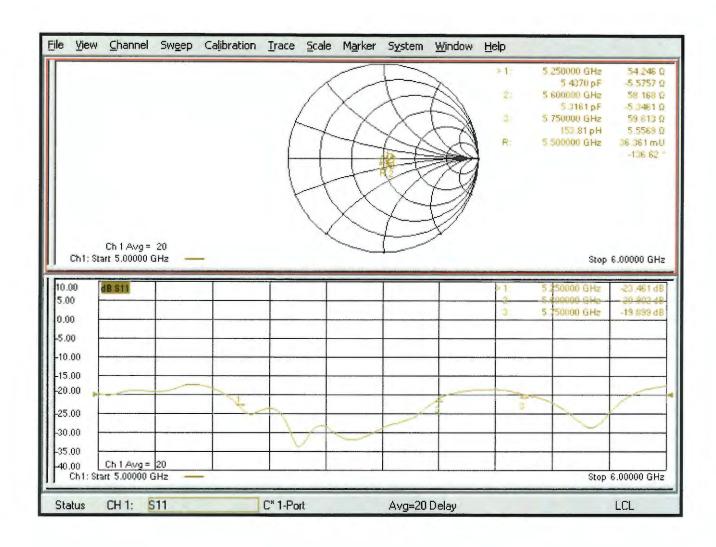
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1006\_Sep18 Page 11 of 13



0 dB = 18.6 W/kg = 12.70 dBW/kg

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Client:

Sporton



Certificate No: Z18-60487

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SN: 1338

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date:

December 03, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	20-Jun-18 (CTTL, No.J18X05034)	June-19

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Signature

Yu Zongying

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Certificate No: Z18-60487

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: December 05, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

 DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.

- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: Z18-60487 Page 2 of 3



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

### **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:  $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$ , full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1......+3 mVDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors X		Υ	Z		
High Range	403.662 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.235 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.194 ± 0.15% (k=2)		
Low Range	3.97131 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97736 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97366 ± 0.7% (k=2)		

## **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	63.5° ± 1 °

Certificate No: Z18-60487 Page 3 of 3

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura **Swiss Calibration Service** 

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Certificate No: EX3-3857\_May19 Client Sporton

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3857

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

May 27, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20	
DAE4	SN: 660	19-Dec-18 (No. DAE4-660_Dec18)	Dec-19	
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-18 (No. ES3-3013_Dec18)	Dec-19	
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
RF generator HP 8648C SN: US3642U01700		04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19	

Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: May 28, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3857\_May19

# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Schmid & Parther
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\varphi$   $\varphi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3857\_May19 Page 2 of 19

EX3DV4 – SN:3857 May 27, 2019

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3857

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.17	0.43	0.45	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	102.0	100.4	103.0	

**Calibration Results for Modulation Response** 

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	149.1	± 3.5 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		142.5		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		128.7		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	5.02	71.79	14.46	10.00	60.0	± 3.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	15.00	85.65	19.05		60.0		
		Z	15.00	87.33	19.76		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	4.86	73.94	13.94	6.99	80.0	± 1.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	15.00	86.82	18.12	1	80.0		
		Z	15.00	88.67	19.12		80.0		
10354- Puls AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	7.38	78.94	13.73	3.98	95.0	± 1.4 %	± 9.6 %
		Υ	15.00	86.36	16.11		95.0		
		Z	15.00	93.83	20.13		95.0		
10355- Pulse W	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	0.64	63.16	6.75	2.22	120.0	± 1.5 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	13.05	81.68	12.64		120.0		
		Z	15.00	101.47	22.26		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.68	72.66	15.43	0.00	150.0	± 2.7 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	0.57	60.00	7.58		150.0		
		Z	0.99	66.12	11.92		150.0		
10388- QPSK Wavef	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	3.08	73.93	18.74	0.00	150.0	± 1.2 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	2.07	67.07	15.14		150.0		
		Z	2.60	71.16	17.43		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.51	72.69	19.87	3.01	150.0	± 1.6 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	2.69	68.94	18.38		150.0		
		Z	3.62	74.43	20.55		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.84	69.00	17.04	0.00	150.0	± 2.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	3.40	66.62	15.52		150.0		
		Z	3.68	68.33	16.53		150.0		
10414- WLA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	5.12	66.37	16.23	0.00	150.0	± 4.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	4.79	65.33	15.44		150.0		
		Z	4.99	66.28	15.97		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.