

FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : SA131213C12

Applicant : Lenovo (Shanghai) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

Address : No. 68 Building, 199 Fenju Road, Wai Gao Qiao FTZ, Shanghai, China

Product : Portable Tablet Computer

FCC ID : 057A7600H

Brand : lenovo

Model No. : Lenovo A7600-H

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2003

IEEE 1528a-2005 / KDB 865664 D01 v01r02 / KDB 248227 D01 v01r02 KDB 447498 D01 v05r01 / KDB 616217 D04 v01r01 / KDB 941225 D01 v02

KDB 941225 D02 v02r02 / KDB 941225 D03 v01

Sample Received Date : Dec. 13, 2013

Date of Testing : Dec. 26, 2013 ~ Feb. 05, 2014

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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Release Control Record

Issue No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
R01	Initial release	Feb. 06, 2014

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1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Body SAR _{1q} (W/kg)	
	GSM850	1.22	
РСВ	GSM1900	1.04	
PCB	WCDMA II	1.44	
	WCDMA V	1.06	
DTS	2.4G WLAN	0.71	
DSS	Bluetooth	N/A	
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR		Body (W/kg)	
	PCB+DTS	1.58	
	PCB+DSS	+DSS 1.50	

Note:

1. The SAR limit **(SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg)** for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

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2. <u>Description of Equipment Under Test</u>

EUT Type	Portable Tablet Computer
FCC ID	O57A7600H
Brand Name	lenovo
Model Name	Lenovo A7600-H
EUT Configuration	EUT 1: Phone + LCM 1 + Camera 1 + Touch Panel 1 + eMCP 1 EUT 2: Phone + LCM 2 + Camera 2 + Touch Panel 2 + eMCP 2
	GSM850: 824.2 ~ 848.8
	GSM1900 : 1850.2 ~ 1909.8
Tx Frequency Bands	WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 ~ 1907.6
(Unit: MHz)	WCDMA Band V : 826.4 ~ 846.6
	WLAN : 2412 ~ 2462
	Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480
	GSM & GPRS : GMSK
	EDGE : 8PSK
Uplink Modulations	WCDMA: QPSK
	802.11b: DSSS
	802.11g/n: OFDM
	Bluetooth : GFSK
	GSM850 : 32.5
	GSM1900 : 29.5
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power	WCDMA Band II : 22.0
(Unit: dBm)	WCDMA Band V : 24.0
	WLAN 2.4G : 16.5
	Bluetooth : 1.5
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

List of Accessory:

	Brand Name	lenovo
Battery	Model Name	L11C2P32
Dattery	Power Rating	3.7Vdc, 6340mAh
	Туре	Li-ion

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3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4/5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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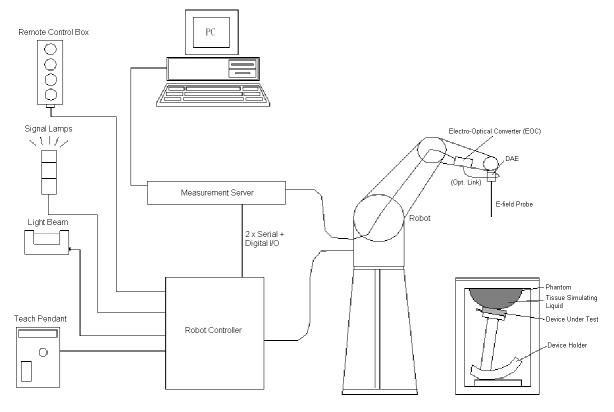
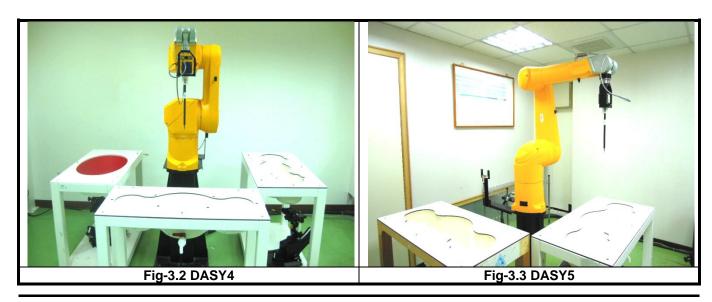


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



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3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

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3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.
Material Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters



Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	



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3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	-
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

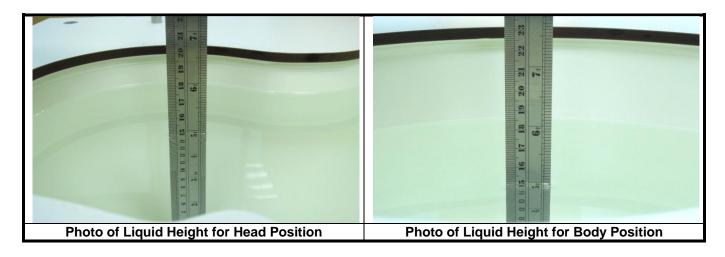
Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

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3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

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Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

			<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
(1411 12)	remittivity	For Head	Conductivity	±3 /6
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.6 ~ 44.0	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.14 ~ 1.26
1750	40.3		1.37	
		38.1 ~ 42.1		1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
		For Body		
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30

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The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

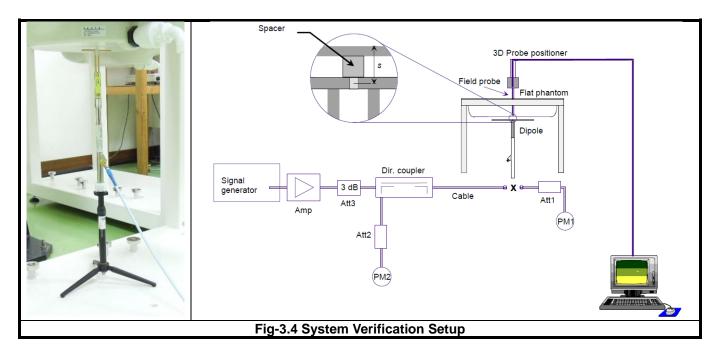
Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	ı	ı	1	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	1	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	1	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

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3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The power meter PM1 measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

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3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01 v01r02, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

The device is tablet PC which supports WWAN, WLAN, Bluetooth and wireless hotspot capabilities. Because of the SAR issue, this device has designed with a proximity sensor which can trigger/not trigger power reduction for GPRS/EDGE, and WCDMA on EUT Rear Face, Top Side, and Right Side orientations for SAR compliance. Others RF capabilities (WLAN and BT) have no power reduction. In addition, since SAR testing without power reduction on top side still complies with SAR criteria, proximity sensor triggered on top side will not be considered in this report. The power levels for all wireless technologies and the power reduction please refer to section 4.6.1 of this report.

According to the procedures noticed in KDB 616217 D04, the proximity sensor triggering distance is 6 mm for EUT Rear Face, and 3 mm for Right Side. The separation distance of 3 mm determined by the smallest triggering distance on Right Side is used to assess the tilt angle influence. The rotation of this device around the right side within +/- 45 degree at 3 mm separation would not cause proximity sensor releasing trigger to de-active state. Therefore, the smallest separation distance for tilt angle influence is 3 mm. The conservative triggering distances based on the separation distance for the sensor triggered / not triggered as EUT with power reduction at 0 mm, and EUT without power reduction at 6 mm for EUT Rear Face, and 2 mm for Right Side is used to test SAR.

Since this device does not have curved/contoured back surface and edge construction, additional consideration and SAR testing are not required.

The simultaneous transmission possibilities are listed as below.

Simultaneous Tx Combination	RF Configuration	Hotspot Mode	Body SAR Evaluated?
1	GSM850 (Data) + WLAN 2.4G (Data)	Yes	Yes
2	GSM1900 (Data) + WLAN 2.4G (Data)	Yes	Yes
3	WCDMA II (Data) + WLAN 2.4G (Data)	Yes	Yes
4	WCDMA V (Data) + WLAN 2.4G (Data)	Yes	Yes
5	GSM850 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes
6	GSM1900 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes
7	WCDMA II (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes
8	WCDMA V (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes

Note:

- 1. This device does not support voice transmission capability.
- 2. WLAN and BT cannot transmit at the same time.
- 3. The proximity sensor and power reduction do not affect the simultaneous transmission modes.
- 4. The power reduction due to P-sensor is also active for hotspot mode.
- 5. Since the body SAR test requirement for tablet is more conservative than the hotspot mode, hotspot SAR is not required.

The power reduction is depends on the proximity sensor input. For a steady SAR test, the power reduction was enabled/disabled manually by engineering software during SAR testing.

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For WWAN SAR testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator (Agilent E5515C). Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during SAR testing.

For GSM850, the power control level is set to 5. For GPRS850 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 5. For EDGE850 (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK:MCS9), the power control level is set to 8. For GSM1900, the power control level is set to 0. For GPRS1900 (GMSK, CS1), the power control level is set to 0. For EDGE1900 (GMSK: MCS1, 8PSK:MCS9), the power control level is set to 2.

For WCDMA, body SAR is tested under 12.2k RMC mode with power control set all up bits. SAR for AMR is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC. SAR for HSDPA/HSUPA is not required since its power is less than 1/4 dB higher than RMC without HSDPA/HSUPA and SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is less than 75% of the SAR limit (1.2 W/kg).

For WLAN SAR testing, the EUT has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. According to KDB 248227 D01, WLAN SAR should tested at the lowest data rate, and testing at higher data rate is not required when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. Since the WLAN power at lowest data rate has highest output power, WLAN SAR for this device was performed at the lowest data rate as set in 1 Mbps for 802.11b. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has 98.4% duty cycle for 802.11b. The duty factor is 1.02 during WLAN SAR testing.

4.2 EUT Testing Position

According to KDB 616217 D04, SAR evaluation is required for back surface and edges of the devices. The back surface and edges of the tablet are tested with the tablet touching the phantom. Exposures from antennas through the front surface of the display section of a tablet are generally limited to the user's hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary. When voice mode is supported on a tablet and it is limited to speaker mode or headset operations only, additional SAR testing for this type of voice use is not required.

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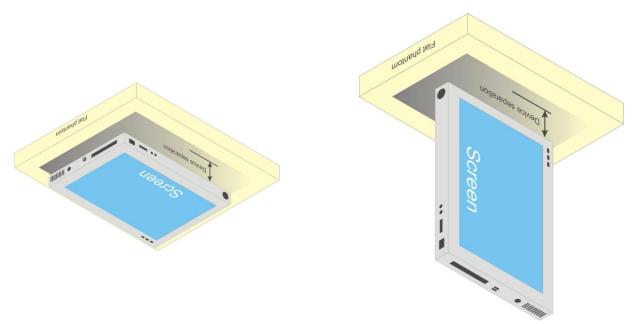


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Tablet Setup

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

1. For the test separation distance <= 50 mm

$$\frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

2. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

$$\left[\text{(Threshold at 50 mm in Step 1)} + \text{(Test Separation Distance} - 50 mm) \times \left(\frac{f_{\text{(MHz)}}}{150} \right) \right]_{\text{(mW)}}$$

3. For the test separation distance > 50 mm, and the frequency at > 1500 MHz to 6 GHz $[(Threshold \ at \ 50 \ mm \ in \ Step \ 1) + (Test \ Separation \ Distance - 50 \ mm) \times 10]_{(mW)}$

	Max.	Max.		Rear Face			Top Side			Bottom Side			Left Side			Right Side	
Mode	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (mW)	Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?												
GSM 850	26.5	447	3	82.4	Yes	3.3	82.4	Yes	163.6	806 mW	No	152.6	744 mW	No	27.9	14.8	Yes
GSM 1900	23.0	200	3	55.3	Yes	3.3	55.3	Yes	163.6	1245 mW	No	152.6	1135 mW	No	27.9	9.9	Yes
WCDMA II	22.0	158	3	43.6	Yes	3.3	43.6	Yes	163.6	1245 mW	No	152.6	1135 mW	No	27.9	7.8	Yes
WCDMA V	24.0	251	3	46.2	Yes	3.3	46.2	Yes	163.6	804 mW	No	152.6	742 mW	No	27.9	8.3	Yes
WLAN 2.4G	16.5	45	3	14.1	Yes	4.4	14.1	Yes	163.6	1232 mW	No	48.8	1.4	No	196.7	1563 mW	No
ВТ	1.5	1	3	0.3	No	4.4	0.3	No	163.6	1231 mW	No	48.8	0	No	196.7	1562 mW	No

Note: The maximum tune-up power shown in above table is maximum time-averaged power.

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4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε _r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Jan. 17, 2014	Body	835	20.8	0.971	53.894	0.97	55.2	0.10	-2.37
Jan. 21, 2014	Body	835	20.4	0.999	56.864	0.97	55.2	2.99	3.01
Jan. 07, 2014	Body	1900	21.3	1.542	53.199	1.52	53.3	1.45	-0.19
Jan. 17, 2014	Body	1900	20.6	1.553	53.633	1.52	53.3	2.17	0.62
Feb. 05, 2014	Body	1900	21.1	1.549	53.088	1.52	53.3	1.91	-0.40
Dec. 26, 2013	Body	2450	21.9	2.002	52.427	1.95	52.7	2.67	-0.52

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within $\pm 2\%$.

4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01 v01r01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Toot	Broke		Measured	Measured	Validation for CW			Valida	Validation for Modulation		
Test Date	Probe S/N	Calibrati	on Point	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
Jan. 17, 2014	3590	Body	835	0.971	53.894	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Jan. 21, 2014	3650	Body	835	0.999	56.864	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jan. 07, 2014	3590	Body	1900	1.542	53.199	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
Jan. 17, 2014	3590	Body	1900	1.553	53.633	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Feb. 05, 2014	3590	Body	1900	1.549	53.088	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dec. 26, 2013	3950	Body	2450	2.002	52.427	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Jan. 17, 2014	Body	835	9.69	2.38	9.52	-1.75	4d121	3590	861
Jan. 21, 2014	Body	835	9.69	2.56	10.24	5.68	4d121	3650	360
Jan. 07, 2014	Body	1900	41.00	9.74	38.96	-4.98	5d036	3590	861
Jan. 17, 2014	Body	1900	41.00	9.44	37.76	-7.90	5d036	3590	861
Feb. 05, 2014	Body	1900	41.00	9.46	37.84	-7.71	5d036	3590	861
Dec. 26, 2013	Body	2450	50.00	12.4	49.60	-0.80	716	3950	1397

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

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4.6 Maximum Output Power

4.6.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Mode	GSM850 (without Power Reduction)	GSM850 (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.5	28.5	4.0
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	32.0	26.0	6.0
GPRS 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	30.5	24.0	6.5
GPRS 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	29.5	23.0	6.5
EDGE 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.5	28.5	4.0
EDGE 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	32.0	25.5	6.5
EDGE 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	30.5	24.0	6.5
EDGE 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	29.0	22.5	6.5
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	26.5	22.0	4.5
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	25.5	19.0	6.5
EDGE 11 (8PSK, 3 Uplink)	23.5	17.5	6.0
EDGE 12 (8PSK, 4 Uplink)	22.0	16.0	6.0

Mode	GSM1900 (without Power Reduction)	GSM1900 (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	29.5	26.5	3.0
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	28.5	23.5	5.0
GPRS 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	27.0	22.0	5.0
GPRS 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	26.0	21.0	5.0
EDGE 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	29.5	26.5	3.0
EDGE 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	28.5	23.5	5.0
EDGE 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	27.0	22.0	5.0
EDGE 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	25.8	20.5	5.3
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	25.0	21.5	3.5
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	24.0	18.5	5.5
EDGE 11 (8PSK, 3 Uplink)	22.0	16.5	5.5
EDGE 12 (8PSK, 4 Uplink)	20.5	15.5	5.0

Mode	WCDMA Band II (without Power Reduction)	WCDMA Band II (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)
RMC 12.2K	22.0	16.5	5.5

Mode	WCDMA Band V (without Power Reduction)	WCDMA Band V (with Power Reduction)	Power Reduction (dBm)	
RMC 12.2K	24.0	21.0	3.0	

Mode	2.4G WLAN
802.11b	16.5
802.11g	13.5
802.11n HT20	13.0

Mode	Bluetooth
All	1.5

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4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

Band		GSM850			GSM1900	
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
	EUT wi	thout Power Red	luction (P-Senso	or NOT Triggered		
		Maximum Burst	t-Averaged Outp	out Power		
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.36	32.50	32.48	29.06	29.13	29.10
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	31.67	31.81	31.79	28.32	28.39	28.36
GPRS 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	29.90	30.04	30.02	26.61	26.68	26.65
GPRS 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	28.89	29.10	28.94	25.59	25.66	25.63
EDGE 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.33	32.47	32.45	29.05	29.12	29.09
EDGE 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	31.66 29.88	31.80 30.02	31.78 30.00	28.30 26.59	28.37 26.66	28.34 26.63
EDGE 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink) EDGE 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	28.87	28.97	28.94	25.57	25.64	25.61
EDGE 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink) EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	26.17	26.31	26.29	24.67	24.74	24.71
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink) EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	25.11	25.25	25.23	23.60	23.67	23.64
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 3 Uplink)	22.89	23.03	23.01	21.51	21.58	21.55
EDGE 12 (8PSK, 4 Uplink)	21.79	21.93	21.91	20.33	20.40	20.37
23 02 12 (0. 3.1, 1 0)		Maximum Frame	e-Averaged Out	out Power	201.0	20.0.
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	23.36	23.50	23.48	20.06	20.13	20.10
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	25.67	25.81	25.79	22.32	22.39	22.36
GPRS 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	25.64	25.78	25.76	22.35	22.42	22.39
GPRS 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	25.89	26.10	25.94	22.59	22.66	22.63
EDGE 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	23.33	23.47	23.45	20.05	20.12	20.09
EDGE 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	25.66	25.80	25.78	22.30	22.37	22.34
EDGE 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	25.62	25.76	25.74	22.33	22.40	22.37
EDGE 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	25.87	25.97	25.94	22.57	22.64	22.61
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	17.17	17.31	17.29	15.67	15.74	15.71
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	19.11	19.25	19.23	17.60	17.67 17.32	17.64
EDGE 11 (8PSK, 3 Uplink) EDGE 12 (8PSK, 4 Uplink)	18.63 18.79	18.77 18.93	18.75 18.91	17.25 17.33	17.40	17.29 17.37
EDGE 12 (8PSK, 4 Uplifik)		T with Power Re			17.40	17.37
	EU					
ODDO 0 (OMOK 4 Haliali)	20.22	Maximum Burst		26.27	26.26	26.25
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink) GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	28.22 25.25	25.46	28.50 25.51	23.28	26.26 23.27	26.25 23.26
GPRS 11 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	23.49	23.70	23.77	21.52	21.51	21.50
GPRS 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	22.24	22.45	22.52	20.31	20.30	20.29
EDGE 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	28.21	28.42	28.49	26.26	26.26	26.25
EDGE 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	25.25	25.46	25.50	23.29	23.28	23.27
EDGE 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	23.50	23.71	23.78	21.53	21.52	21.51
EDGE 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	22.25	22.46	22.50	20.29	20.28	20.27
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	21.63	21.84	21.91	21.40	21.39	21.38
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	18.53	18.74	18.81	18.16	18.15	18.14
EDGE 11 (8PSK, 3 Uplink)	16.79	17.00	17.07	16.36	16.35	16.34
EDGE 12 (8PSK, 4 Uplink)	15.46	15.67	15.74	15.12	15.11	15.10
	10.00	Maximum Frame			47.00	17.5
GPRS 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	19.22	19.43	19.50	17.27	17.26	17.25
GPRS 10 (GMSK, 2 Uplink)	19.25	19.46	19.51	17.28	17.27	17.26
GPRS 11 (GMSK, 3 Uplink)	19.23	19.44	19.51	17.26	17.25	17.24
GPRS 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink) EDGE 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	19.24 19.21	19.45 19.42	19.52 19.49	17.31 17.26	17.30 17.26	17.29 17.25
EDGE 8 (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	19.25	19.46	19.50	17.29	17.28	17.25
EDGE 10 (GMSK, 2 Oplink)	19.24	19.45	19.52	17.29	17.26	17.25
EDGE 12 (GMSK, 4 Uplink)	19.25	19.46	19.50	17.29	17.28	17.27
EDGE 8 (8PSK, 1 Uplink)	12.63	12.84	12.91	12.40	12.39	12.38
EDGE 10 (8PSK, 2 Uplink)	12.53	12.74	12.81	12.16	12.15	12.14
EDGE 11 (8PSK, 3 Uplink)	12.53	12.74	12.81	12.10	12.09	12.08
EDGE 12 (8PSK, 4 Uplink)	12.46	12.67	12.74	12.12	12.11	12.10
, , , , ,		1	•			

Note:

- 1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

 Frame-averaged power = 10 x log (Burst-averaged power mW x Slot used / 8)

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Band	V	VCDMA Band	II	V	VCDMA Band	V	3GPP
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4182	4233	MPR
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	826.4	836.4	846.6	(dB)
	EUT \	without Power	Reduction (P	-Sensor NOT	Triggered)		
RMC 12.2K	21.22	21.44	21.31	23.49	23.25	23.52	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	20.27	20.49	20.36	22.50	22.25	22.53	0
HSDPA Subtest-2	20.26	20.48	20.35	22.49	22.26	22.52	0
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.28	20.50	20.37	22.03	21.79	22.06	0.5
HSDPA Subtest-4	19.78	20.00	19.87	22.00	21.76	22.03	0.5
HSUPA Subtest-1	20.38	20.60	20.47	20.54	20.30	20.57	0
HSUPA Subtest-2	18.40	18.62	18.49	18.55	18.31	18.58	2
HSUPA Subtest-3	19.40	19.62	19.49	19.54	19.30	19.57	1
HSUPA Subtest-4	18.40	18.62	18.49	18.59	18.35	18.62	2
HSUPA Subtest-5	20.38	20.60	20.47	20.50	20.26	20.53	0
	E	UT with Powe	r Reduction (F	Sensor Trigg	gered)		
RMC 12.2K	16.30	16.48	16.41	20.56	20.32	20.64	-
HSDPA Subtest-1	16.14	16.32	16.25	20.14	19.90	20.22	-
HSDPA Subtest-2	16.16	16.34	16.27	20.13	19.89	20.21	-
HSDPA Subtest-3	15.91	16.09	16.02	20.12	19.88	20.20	-
HSDPA Subtest-4	15.90	16.08	16.01	20.13	19.89	20.21	-
HSUPA Subtest-1	14.50	14.68	14.61	20.13	19.89	20.21	-
HSUPA Subtest-2	14.64	14.82	14.75	19.17	18.93	19.25	-
HSUPA Subtest-3	15.50	15.68	15.61	20.17	19.93	20.25	-
HSUPA Subtest-4	15.13	15.31	15.24	20.23	19.99	20.31	-
HSUPA Subtest-5	16.06	16.24	16.17	20.54	20.30	20.62	-

<WLAN 2.4G>

NILAN Z.TOZ			
Mode		802.11b	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	16.32	16.09	16.15
Mode			
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	13.05	13.18	12.31
Mode		802.11n (HT20)	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	12.48	12.45	12.43

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4.7 SAR Testing Results

4.7.1 SAR Results for Body

				Separation				Max.	Measured		Power	Measured	Scaled
Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Distance (mm)	Ch.	EUT Config.	Power Reduction	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Drift (dB)	SAR-1g (W/kg)	SAR-1g (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	251	1	w/	23.0	22.52	1.12	-0.17	0.755	0.84
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	6	189	1	w/o	29.5	29.10	1.10	0.08	0.624	0.68
	GSM850	GPRS12	Right Side	0	251	1	w/	23.0	22.52	1.12	-0.14	0.05	0.06
	GSM850	GPRS12	Right Side	2	189	1	w/o	29.5	29.10	1.10	0.05	0.109	0.12
	GSM850	GPRS12	Top Side	0	189	1	w/o	29.5	29.10	1.10	-0.01	0.843	0.92
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	128	1	w/	23.0	22.24	1.19	-0.01	0.573	0.68
	GSM850	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	189	1	w/	23.0	22.45	1.14	0.03	0.69	0.78
	GSM850	GPRS12	Top Side	0	128	1	w/o	29.5	28.89	1.15	-0.02	0.728	0.84
	GSM850	GPRS12	Top Side	0	251	1	w/o	29.5	28.94	1.14	0.07	1.01	1.15
01	GSM850	GPRS12	Top Side	0	251	2	w/o	29.5	28.94	1.14	0.12	1.07	1.22
	GSM850	GPRS12	Top Side	0	128	2	w/o	29.5	28.89	1.15	0.03	0.685	0.79
	GSM850	GPRS12	Top Side	0	189	2	w/o	29.5	29.10	1.10	-0.06	0.808	0.89
	GSM850	GPRS12	Top Side	0	251	2	w/o	29.5	28.94	1.14	0.05	1.03	1.17
02	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	512	1	w/	21.0	20.31	1.17	0.06	0.891	1.04
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	6	661	1	w/o	26.0	25.66	1.08	-0.04	0.594	0.64
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Right Side	0	512	1	w/	21.0	20.31	1.17	-0.07	0.034	0.04
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Right Side	2	661	1	w/o	26.0	25.66	1.08	-0.02	0.059	0.06
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Top Side	0	661	1	w/o	26.0	25.66	1.08	-0.05	0.867	0.94
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	661	1	w/	21.0	20.30	1.17	-0.07	0.864	1.02
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	810	1	w/	21.0	20.29	1.18	-0.03	0.774	0.91
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Top Side	0	512	1	w/o	26.0	25.59	1.10	0.06	0.828	0.91
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Top Side	0	810	1	w/o	26.0	25.63	1.09	0.02	0.789	0.86
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	512	2	w/	21.0	20.31	1.17	0.08	0.73	0.86
	GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	512	1	w/	21.0	20.31	1.17	0.02	0.88	1.03
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	9400	1	w/	16.5	16.48	1.00	0.16	0.683	0.69
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	6	9400	1	w/o	22.0	21.44	1.14	-0.09	0.51	0.58
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	9400	1	w/	16.5	16.48	1.00	-0.11	0.036	0.04
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Right Side	2	9400	1	w/o	22.0	21.44	1.14	0.01	0.079	0.09
03	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Top Side	0	9400	1	w/o	22.0	21.44	1.14	0.04	1.27	1.44
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Top Side	0	9262	1	w/o	22.0	21.22	1.20	0.01	1.12	1.34
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Top Side	0	9538	1	w/o	22.0	21.31	1.17	-0.08	1.04	1.22
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2K RMC12.2K	Top Side	0	9400	2	w/o	22.0 22.0	21.44	1.14	-0.02	1.22	1.39
			Top Side	0	9400	1	w/o		21.44	1.14	-0.05	1.26	1.43
	WCDMA II	HSPA	Top Side	0	9400	1	w/o	21.0	20.60	1.10	-0.06	1.01	1.11
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	4233	1	w/	21.0	20.64	1.09	0.18	0.956	1.04
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	6	4233	1	w/o	24.0	23.52	1.12	0.12	0.548	0.61
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Side	0	4233	1	w/	21.0	20.64	1.09	-0.04	0.074	0.08
0.4	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Right Side	2	4233	1	w/o	24.0	23.52	1.12	0.06	0.106	0.12 1.06
04	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Top Side	0	4233 4132	1	w/o	24.0 21.0	23.52 20.56	1.12 1.11	0.06	0.951	0.95
	WCDMA V WCDMA V	RMC12.2K RMC12.2K	Rear Face Rear Face	0	4132	1	w/ w/	21.0	20.56	1.11	0.18 0.14	0.859 0.843	0.95
	WCDMA V WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Top Side	0	4182	1	W/O	24.0	23.49	1.17	-0.04	0.843	0.99
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Top Side	0	4132	1	W/O	24.0	23.49	1.12	0.04	0.763	0.86
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Top Side	0	4233	2	w/o	24.0	23.25	1.19	-0.02	0.759	1.03
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0		1							
	WCDIMA V	KIVIC12.2K	Rear Face	U	4233	T	w/	21.0	20.64	1.09	0.12	0.943	1.03

Note:

1. SAR is performed on the highest power channel. When the reported SAR value of highest power channel is <= 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing for optional channel is not required.

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Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Ch.	EUT Config.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
05	802.11b	Rear Face	0	1	1	16.5	16.32	1.04	0.00	0.686	<mark>0.71</mark>
	802.11b	Top Side	0	1	1	16.5	16.32	1.04	0.00	0.345	0.36
	802.11b	Rear Face	0	1	2	16.5	16.32	1.04	0.00	0.488	0.51

Note:

- 1. According to KDB 248227, when the extrapolated maximum peak SAR for the maximum output power channel is <= 1.6 W/kg and the 1g averaged SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, WLAN SAR testing for other channels is not required.
- 2. SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required when its maximum power is less than 1/4 dB higher than 802.11b.

4.7.2 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01 v01r01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
GSM850	GPRS12	Top Side	0	251	1.07	1.03	1.04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
GSM1900	GPRS12	Rear Face	0	512	0.891	0.88	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WCDMA II	RMC12.2K	Top Side	0	9400	1.27	1.26	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	Rear Face	0	4233	0.956	0.943	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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4.7.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

<Estimated SAR Calculation>

According to KDB 447498 D01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(mW)}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(mm)}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Mode / Band	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
BT (DSS)	2.48	1.5	Body	0	0.06

Note:

- 1. The separation distance is determined from the outer housing of the EUT to the user.
- 2. When standalone SAR testing is not required, an estimated SAR can be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

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<SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR_{1g} of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR_{1g} is greater than the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Separation (mm)	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Rear Face	0	0.84	0.71	1.55	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Real Face	6	0.68	0.71	1.39	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	CCMOFO		Left Side	0	-	-	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
1	GSM850 1 + WLAN (DTS)	Body	Dight Cido	0	0.06	-	0.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	2	0.12	-	0.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0	1.22	0.36	1.58	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0	-	-	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0	0.84	0.06	0.90	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
				6	0.68	0.06	0.74	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	GSM850		Left Side	0	-	0.06	0.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
2	+	Body	Dight Side	0	0.06	0.06	0.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	BT (DSS)		Right Side	2	0.12	0.06	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0	1.22	0.06	1.28	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0	-	0.06	0.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Separation (mm)	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			D	0	1.04	0.71	1.75	Analyzed as below
			Rear Face	6	0.64	0.71	1.35	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	GSM1900		Left Side	0	-	-	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
3	+	Body	Right Side	0	0.04	-	0.04	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WLAN (DTS)			2	0.06	-	0.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0	0.94	0.36	1.30	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0	-	-	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0	1.04	0.06	1.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
				6	0.64	0.06	0.70	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	GSM1900		Left Side	0	-	0.06	0.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
4	+	Body	Dight Side	0	0.04	0.06	0.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	BT (DSS)		Right Side	2	0.06	0.06	0.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0	0.94	0.06	1.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0	-	0.06	0.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Separation (mm)	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
				0	0.69	0.71	1.40	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	6	0.58	0.71	1.29	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WCDMA II		Left Side	0	-	-	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
5	+	Body	Diaht Cida	0	0.04	-	0.04	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WLAN (DTS)		Right Side	2	0.09	-	0.09	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0	1.44	0.36	1.80	Analyzed as below
			Bottom Side	0	-	-	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body	Rear Face	0	0.69	0.06	0.75	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
				6	0.58	0.06	0.64	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WCDMA II		Left Side	0	-	0.06	0.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
6	+		Right Side	0	0.04	0.06	0.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	BT (DSS)			2	0.09	0.06	0.15	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0	1.44	0.06	1.50	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0	-	0.06	0.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Separation (mm)	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Rear Face	0	1.04	0.71	1.75	Analyzed as below
				6	0.61	0.71	1.32	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WCDMA V		Left Side	0	-	-	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
7	+	Body	Pight Sido	0	0.08	-	0.08	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WLAN (DTS)		Right Side	2	0.12	-	0.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0	1.06	0.36	1.42	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0	-	-	0.00	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body	Rear Face	0	1.04	0.06	1.10	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
				6	0.61	0.06	0.67	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	WCDMA V			0	-	0.06	0.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
8	+		Dight Side	0	0.08	0.06	0.14	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
	BT (DSS)		Right Side	2	0.12	0.06	0.18	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0	1.06	0.06	1.12	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0	-	0.06	0.06	Σ SAR < 1.6, Not required

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<SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio Analysis>

The simultaneous transmitting antennas in each operating mode and exposure condition combination are considered one pair at a time to determine the SPLSR. When SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the following formula.

Peak Location Separation Distance =
$$\sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2}$$

Where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the area or zoom scans.

When standalone test exclusion applies, SAR is estimated; the peak location is assumed to be at the feed-point or geometric center of the antenna. Due to curvatures on the SAM phantom, when SAR is estimated for one of the antennas in an antenna pair, the measured peak SAR location will be translated onto the test device to determine the peak location separation for the antenna pair.

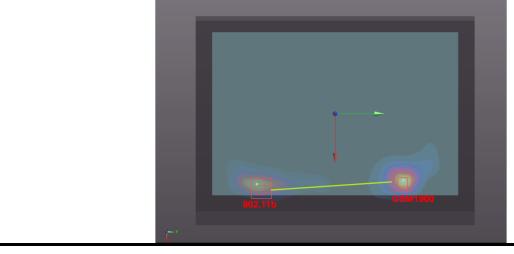
The SPLSR is determined by the following formula.

$$SPLSR = \frac{(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}}{R_i}$$

Where SAR₁ and SAR₂ are the highest reported or estimated SAR for each antenna in the pair, and R_i is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm.

When the SPLSR is <= 0.04, the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. Otherwise, the enlarged zoom scan and volume scan post-processing procedures will be performed.

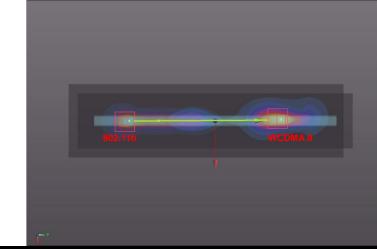
					Coordinates		Peak		
Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	x	у	z	Location Separatio n Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Test
GSM1900 Ch512			1.04	7.36	7.35	0.52			SPLSR < 0.04,
802.11b Ch1	Body	Body Rear Face	0.71	8.40	-7.70	-0.02	151	0.015	Not required



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					Coordinates	Peak		
Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	x	у	z	Location Separation Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR
WCDMA II Ch9400			1.44	-0.15	7.68	0.41	178	0.014
802.11b Ch1	Body	Top Side	0.36	0.10	-10.10	-0.29		



					Coordinates	Peak		
Conditions	Exposure Condition	Test Position	SAR Value (W/kg)	x	у	z	Location Separation Distance (R _i , mm)	SPLSR
WCDMA V Ch4233	Dadu	D	1.04	7.50	7.35	0.46	450.0	0.045
802.11b Ch1	Body	Rear Face	0.71	8.40	-7.70	-0.02	150.8	0.015

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5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Kit	SPEAG	D835V2	4d121	Apr. 25, 2013	Annual
System Validation Kit	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d036	Jan. 21, 2013	Annual
System Validation Kit	SPEAG	D2450V2	716	Jul. 31, 2013	Annual
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3590	Feb. 20, 2013	Annual
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3650	Apr. 30, 2013	Annual
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3950	Sep. 30, 2013	Annual
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	360	Jan. 30, 2013	Annual
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	861	Mar. 19, 2013	Annual
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1397	Sep. 27, 2013	Annual
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	QDOVA001B	TP-1039	N/A	N/A
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	QDOVA001B	TP-1043	N/A	N/A
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	QDOVA002AA	1204	N/A	N/A
ELI Phantom	SPEAG	QDOVA001BB	1224	N/A	N/A
Radio Communication Tester	Agilent	E5515C	MY50266630	Oct. 02, 2013	Biennial
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214281	Jun. 10, 2013	Annual
MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50143868	Jun. 06, 2013	Annual
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218009	Jun. 11, 2013	Annual
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207252	Jun. 11, 2013	Annual
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY52100136	Jun. 26, 2013	Annual
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070D	E2-020018	May 13, 2013	Annual
Thermometer	YFE	YF-160A	110600361	Feb. 20, 2013	Annual
Directional Coupler	Woken	0110A05602O-10	11122702	Apr. 18, 2013	Annual
Power Amplifier	AR	5S1G4	0339656	Apr. 18, 2013	Annual
Attenuator	Woken	00800A1G01L-03	N/A	Apr. 18, 2013	Annual

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6. Measurement Uncertainty

Error Description	(±%)		Probability Divisor Distribution		Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Vi
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	± 6.0 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	0.6	Normal	1	1	± 0.6 %	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.0 %	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.0 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	0.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.3 %	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	3.9	Normal	1	1	± 3.9 %	31
Device Holder	2.7	Normal	1	1	± 2.7 %	19
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.64	± 3.2 %	29
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	5.0	Normal	1	0.6	± 3.0 %	29
Combined Standard Uncertain	inty				± 11.7 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)					± 23.4 %	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:

Add: No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil., Kwei Shan Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien 333, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-3-318-3232 Fax: 886-3-327-0892

Taiwan LinKo EMC/RF Lab:

Add: No. 47, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 244, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-2-2605-2180 Fax: 886-2-2605-1924

Taiwan HsinChu EMC/RF Lab:

Add: No. 81-1, Lu Liao Keng, 9th Ling, Wu Lung Vil., Chiung Lin Township, Hsinchu County 307, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-3-593-5343 Fax: 886-3-593-5342

Email: service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com

Web Site: www.adt.com.tw

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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