

FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

**In accordance with the requirements of
FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and
IEEE Std 1528-2013**

Product Name : 5 inch 4G Smart Phone

Brand Name : LOGIC, iSWAG, UNONU

Model Name : MV01

Family Model : L50C, BRAVE, LEX

Report No. : STR220926004007E

FCC ID : O55503722

Prepared for

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TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name : SWAGTEK

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Manufacturer's Name : SWAGTEK

Address..... : 10205 NW 19th Street STE101 Miami, FL 33172

Product description

Product name : 5 inch 4G Smart Phone

Brand Name : LOGIC, iSWAG, UNONU

Model and/or type reference : MV01

Family Model : L50C, BRAVE, LEX

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

Standards : IEEE Std 1528-2013

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Test Sample Number T220926003R002

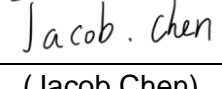
Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests.....: Oct. 08, 2022~ Oct. 20, 2022

Date of Issue Nov. 02, 2022

Test Result.....: **Pass**

Prepared By
(Test Engineer)

: 
(Jacob Chen)

Approved By
(Lab Manager)

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※ ※ Revision History ※ ※

REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Nov. 02, 2022	Jacob Chen

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	General Information	6
1.1.	RF exposure limits	6
1.2.	Statement of Compliance	7
1.3.	EUT Description	7
1.4.	Test specification(s)	9
1.5.	Ambient Condition	9
2.	SAR Measurement System	10
2.1.	SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram	10
2.2.	Robot	11
2.3.	E-Field Probe	12
2.3.1.	E-Field Probe Calibration	12
2.4.	SAM phantoms	13
2.4.1.	Technical Data	14
2.5.	Device Holder	15
2.6.	Test Equipment List	16
3.	SAR Measurement Procedures	18
3.1.	Power Reference	18
3.2.	Area scan & Zoom scan	18
3.3.	Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme	20
3.4.	Volumetric Scan	20
3.5.	Power Drift	20
4.	System Verification Procedure	21
4.1.	Tissue Verification	21
4.1.1.	Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results	22
4.2.	System Verification Procedure	23
4.2.1.	System Verification Results	24
5.	SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty	25
5.1.	SAR measurement variability	25
5.2.	SAR measurement uncertainty	25
6.	RF Exposure Positions	26
6.1.	Ear and handset reference point	26
6.2.	Definition of the cheek position	26
6.3.	Definition of the tilt position	28
6.4.	Body Worn Accessory	28
6.5.	Wireless Router Devices	29
7.	RF Output Power	30
7.1.	GSM Conducted Power	30
7.2.	WCDMA Conducted Power	30
7.3.	LTE Conducted Power	31

7.4. WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power	38
8. Antenna Location.....	40
9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion.....	40
10. SAR Results	41
10.1. SAR measurement Result.....	41
10.1.1. SAR measurement Result of GSM850.....	41
10.1.2. SAR measurement Result of GSM1900.....	42
10.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 2	43
10.1.4. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 5	44
10.1.5. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band 2	45
10.1.6. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band 5	47
10.1.7. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band 66	48
10.1.8. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G	50
10.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis.....	51
11. Appendix A. Photo documentation	52
12. Appendix B. System Check Plots.....	53
13. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement.....	62
14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate	95

1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: **Whole-Body SAR** is averaged over the entire body, **partial-body SAR** is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE

HEAD AND TRUNK LIMIT

1.6 W/kg

APPLIED TO THIS EUT

1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for MV01 are as follows.

RF Exposure Conditions		Equipment Class -Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)			
		PCE	DTS	NII	DSS
1-g Head		0.272	0.782	N/A	N/A
1-g Body-Worn (Separation distance of 10mm)		0.766	0.422	N/A	N/A
1-g Hotspot (Separation distance of 10mm)		0.766	0.422	N/A	N/A
Max Simultaneous Tx	Head	1.054	1.054	N/A	0.537
	Body-Worn	1.188	1.188	N/A	0.898
	Hotspot	1.188	1.188	N/A	0.898

Note: The Max Simultaneous Tx is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

Device Information	
Product Name	5 inch 4G Smart Phone
Brand Name	LOGIC, iSWAG, UNONU
Model Name	MV01
Family Model	L50C, BRAVE, LEX
Model Difference	All the model are the same circuit and RF module,except the model names.
FCC ID	O55503722
Device Phase	Identical Prototype
Exposure Category	General population / Uncontrolled environment
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Battery Information	DC 3.8V, 2200mAh, 8.36Wh
HW Version	E98A_V1.0X
FW Version	E98A_E36_10M2
SW Version	LOGIC_MV01_V4.0_27102022
Device Operating Configurations	
Supporting Mode(s)	GSM 850/1900, WCDMA Band 2/5, LTE Band 2/5/6/66, WLAN 2.4G, Bluetooth
Test Modulation	GSM(GMSK/8PSK), WCDMA(QPSK), LTE(QPSK/16QAM),

	WLAN(DSSS/OFDM), Bluetooth(GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK)		
Device Class	B		
Operating Frequency Range(s)	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	GSM 850	824-849	869-894
	GSM 1900	1850-1910	1930-1990
	WCDMA Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990
	WCDMA Band 5	824-849	869-894
	LTE Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990
	LTE Band 5	824-849	869-894
	LTE Band 66	1710-1780	2110-2200
	WLAN 2.4G	2412-2462	
	Bluetooth	2402-2480	
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink		4
	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink		4
	Max Total Timeslot		5
EGPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink		4
	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink		4
	Max Total Timeslot		5
Power Class	4, tested with power level 5(GSM 850)		
	1, tested with power level 0(GSM 1900)		
	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 2)		
	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 5)		
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band 2)		
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band 5)		
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band 66)		

1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR

1.5. Ambient Condition

Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%

2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface".

2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ± 0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 2.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ± 1 mm).
- Probe linearity: ± 0.08 dB
- Axial isotropy: ± 0.01 dB
- Hemispherical Isotropy: ± 0.01 dB
- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Lower detection limit: 8mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.

2.4. SAM phantoms

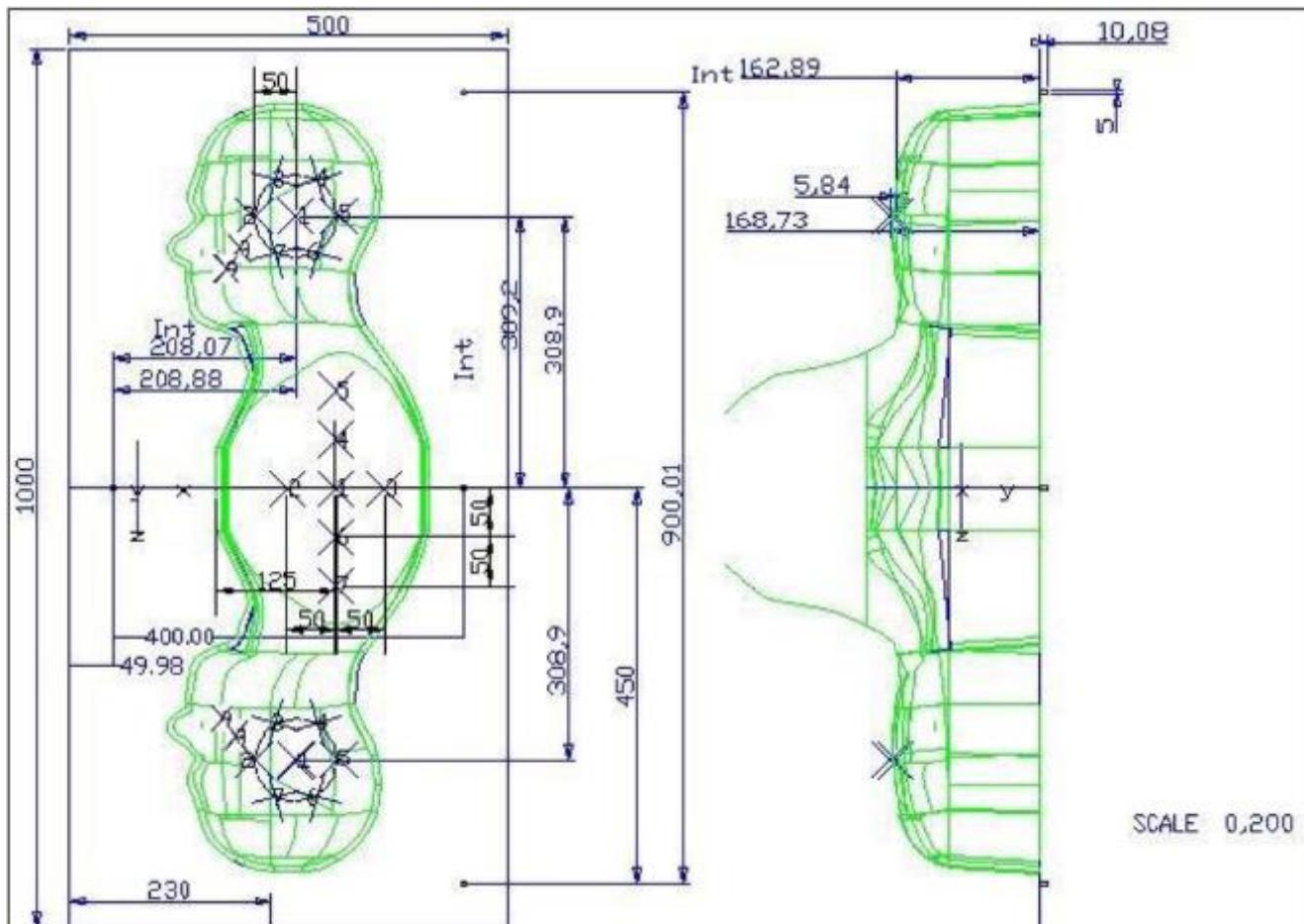
Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by 5 inch 4G Smart Phones.

2.4.1. Technical Data

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positioner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000 mm Width:500 mm Height:200 mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02

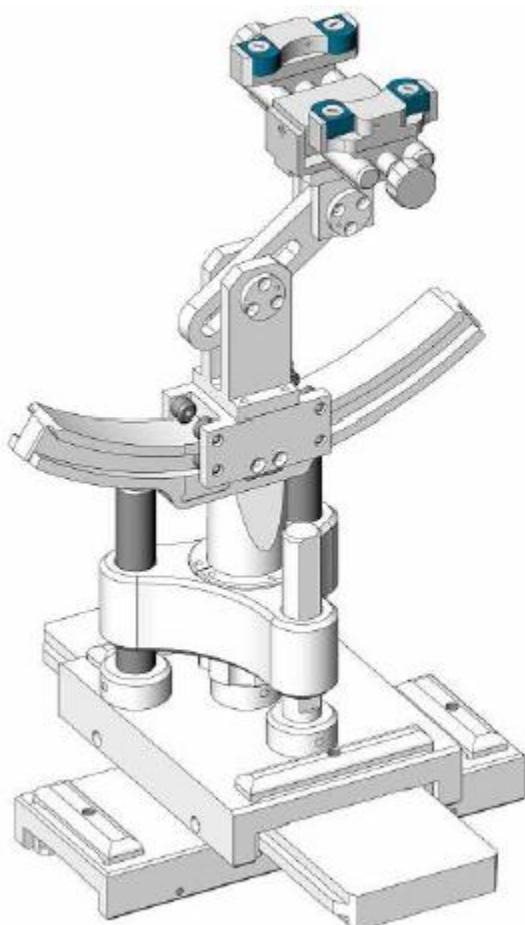


Serial Number	Left Head(mm)		Right Head(mm)		Flat Part(mm)	
SN 16/15 SAM119	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 µm.

2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005

2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked

	Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
					Last Cal.	Due Date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	SN 08/16 EPGO287	Feb. 01, 2022	Jan. 31, 2023
<input type="checkbox"/>	MVG	750 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	835 MHz Dipole	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
<input type="checkbox"/>	MVG	900 MHz Dipole	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP 0G900-348	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	1800 MHz Dipole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	1900 MHz Dipole	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
<input type="checkbox"/>	MVG	2000 MHz Dipole	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP 2G000-351	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
<input type="checkbox"/>	MVG	2300 MHz Dipole	SID2300	SN 03/16 DIP 2G300-358	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	2450 MHz Dipole	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
<input type="checkbox"/>	MVG	2600 MHz Dipole	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
<input type="checkbox"/>	MVG	5000 MHz Dipole	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	Liquid measurement Kit	SCLMP	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	NCR	NCR
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	KEITHLEY	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	R&S	Universal radio communication tester	CMU200	117858	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	R&S	Wideband radio communication tester	CMW500	103917	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410J01136	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	MXG Vector Signal Generator	N5182A	MY47070317	Jun. 16, 2022	Jun. 15, 2023
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MCLI/USA	Directional Coupler	CB11-20	0D2L51502	Jul. 17, 2020	Jul. 16, 2023

3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For Wi-Fi/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT Wi-Fi/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure Wi-Fi/BT output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT Wi-Fi/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan

above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.

Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 5 mm* $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≥ 28 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≥ 25 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.			
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.			

3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is used to determine these highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists of a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful for multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scans to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is defined in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT installed full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than $\pm 5\%$, the SAR will be retested.

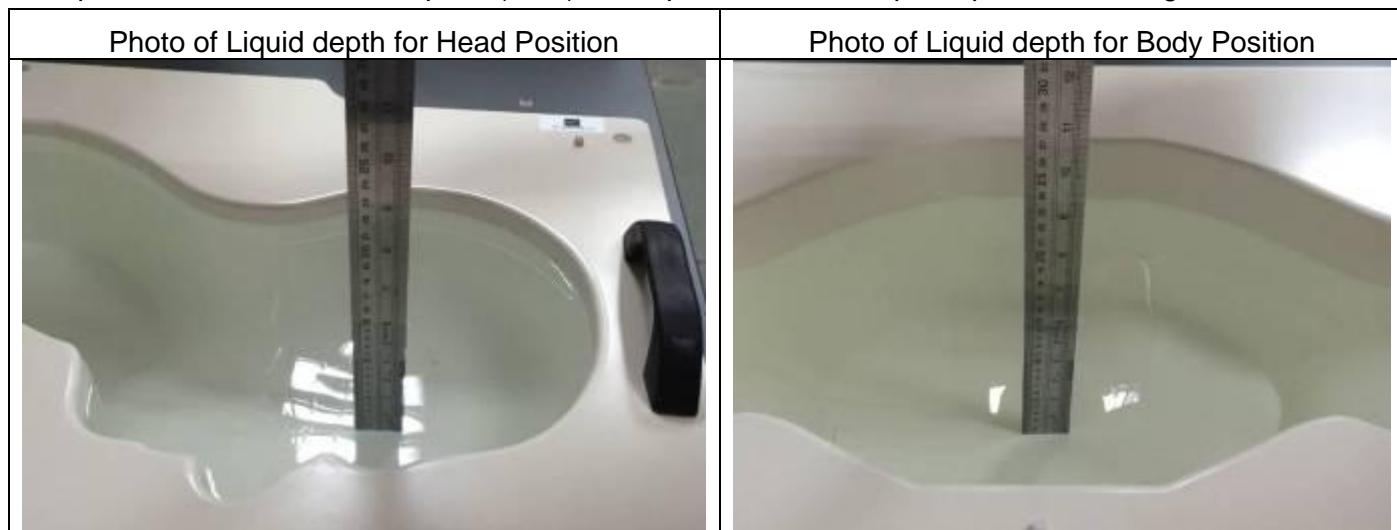
4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue									
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.



4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

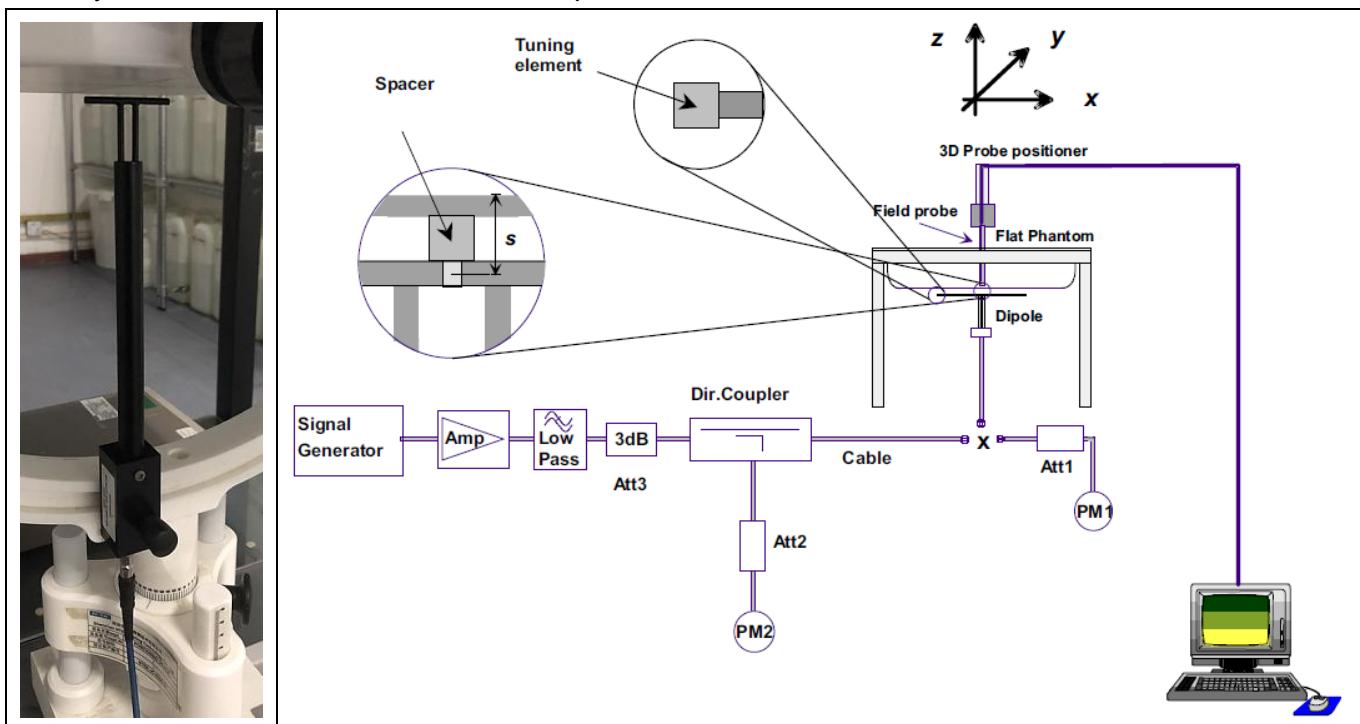
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue		Measured Tissue		Liquid Temp.	Test Date
		ϵ_r ($\pm 5\%$)	σ (S/m) ($\pm 5\%$)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)		
Head 850	835	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.25	0.92	21.3 °C	Oct. 20, 2022
Head 1800	1800	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	38.57	1.37	21.7 °C	Oct. 14, 2022
Head 1900	1900	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	38.35	1.45	21.2 °C	Oct. 08, 2022
Head 2450	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	37.67	1.76	21.1 °C	Oct. 18, 2022

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:



4.2.1. System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of $\pm 10\%$. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

System Verification	Target SAR (1W) ($\pm 10\%$)		Measured SAR (Normalized to 1W)		Liquid Temp.	Test Date
	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)		
835MHz	9.84 (8.86~10.82)	6.22 (5.60~6.84)	10.42	5.91	21.3 °C	Oct. 20, 2022
1800MHz	37.96 (34.17~41.75)	19.81 (17.83~21.79)	38.96	19.15	21.7 °C	Oct. 14, 2022
1900MHz	40.37 (36.34~44.40)	20.48 (18.44~22.52)	37.47	19.37	21.2 °C	Oct. 08, 2022
2450MHz	53.69 (48.33~59.05)	23.94 (21.55~26.33)	57.57	22.29	21.1 °C	Oct. 18, 2022

5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

6. RF Exposure Positions

6.1. Ear and handset reference point

Figure 6.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M”, the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE”, and the right ERP is marked “RE”.

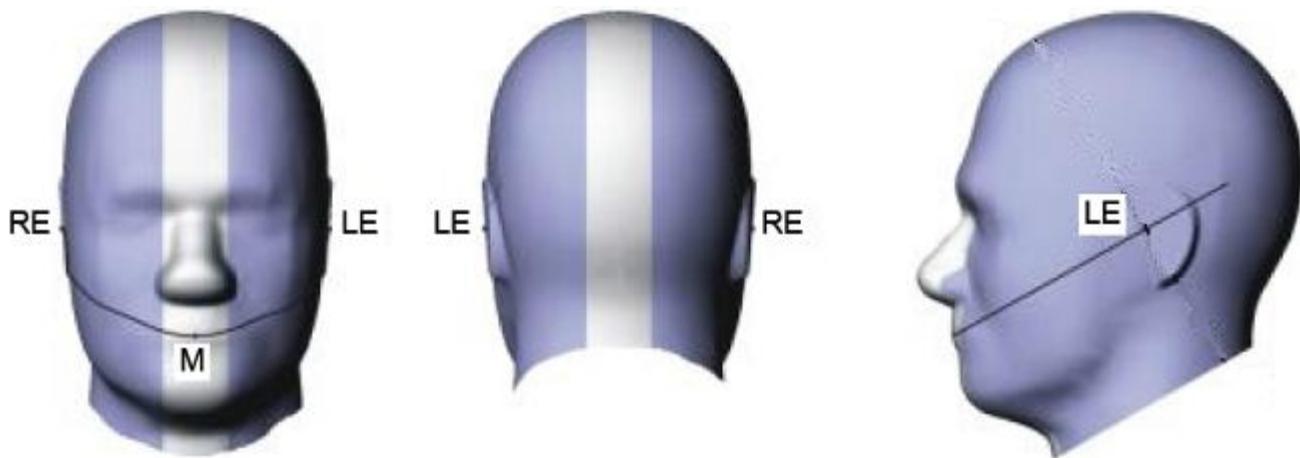


Fig 6.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM phantom

6.2. Definition of the cheek position

1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 6.2.1 and Figure 6.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 6.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 6.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
2. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
3. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP
4. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
5. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.

6. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 6.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

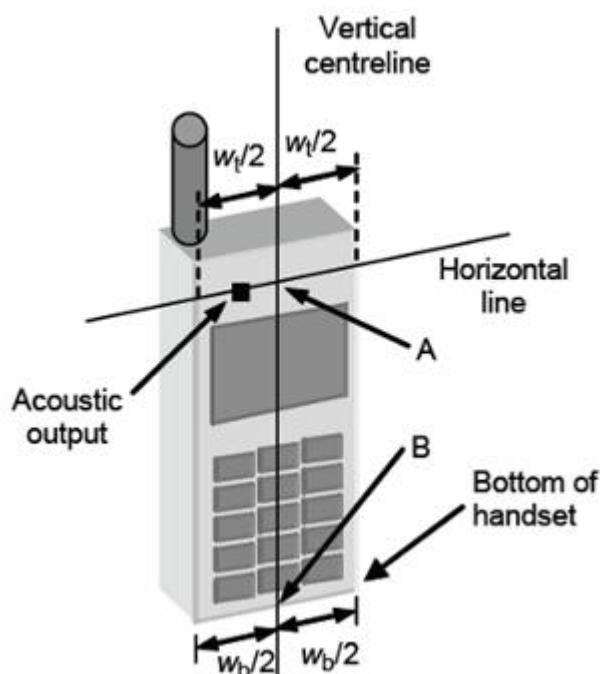


Fig 6.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case"

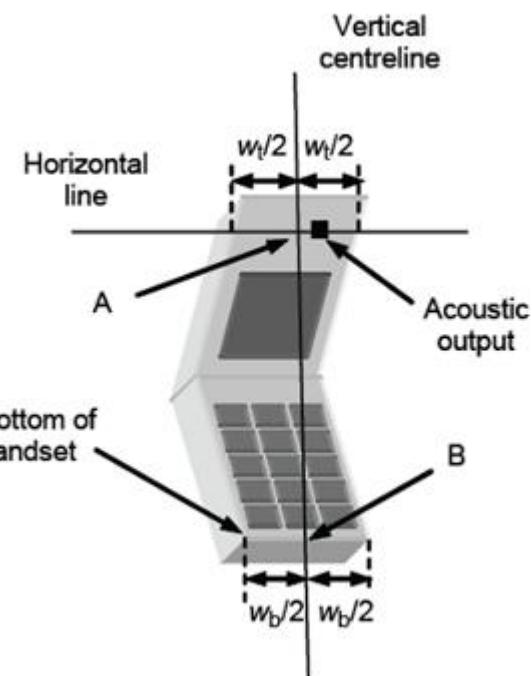


Fig 6.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

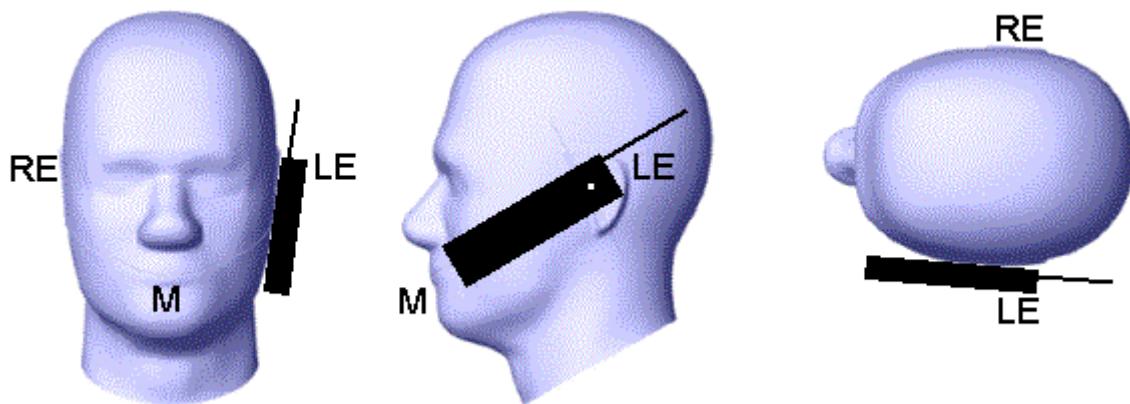


Fig 6.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

6.3. Definition of the tilt position

1. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, retract the handset parallel to the reference plane far enough away from the phantom to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degree.
2. Rotate the Handset around the horizontal line by 15 degree (see Figure 6.3.1).
3. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on a line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna with the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset shall be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any part of the handset is in contact with the pinna as well as a second part of the handset is in contact with the phantom, e.g., the antenna with the back of the head.



Figure 6.3.1 – Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

6.4. Body Worn Accessory

1. Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4.1). Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.
2. Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest

spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

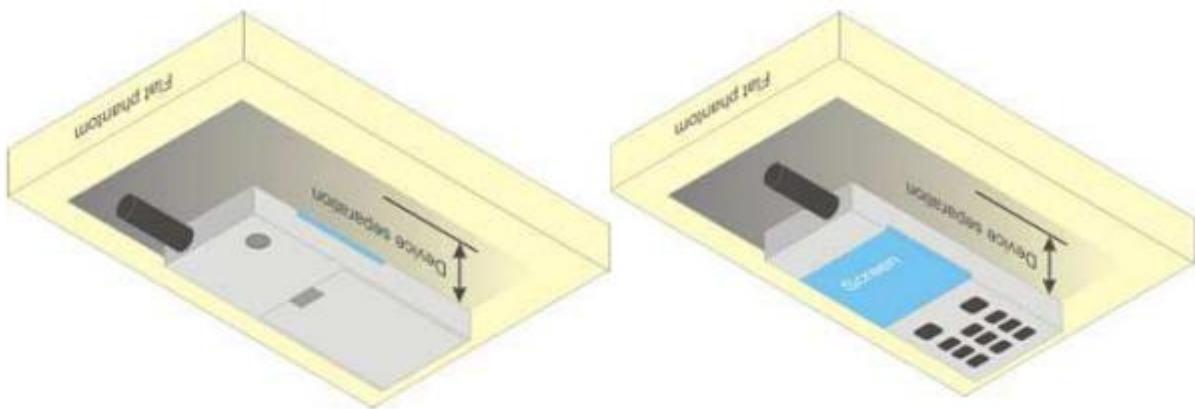


Figure 6.4.1 – Test positions for body-worn devices

6.5. Wireless Router Devices

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WLAN simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WLAN transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WLAN transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 publication procedures. The “Portable Hotspot” feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

7. RF Output Power

7.1. GSM Conducted Power

Band GSM850	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)				Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
	Tune-up	128	189	251	Tune-up	128	189	251
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8
GSM (GMSK)	33.00	32.54	32.63	32.53	23.97	23.51	23.60	23.50
GPRS(GMSK,1 Tx slot)	33.00	32.55	32.62	32.49	23.97	23.52	23.59	23.46
GPRS(GMSK,2 Tx slot)	30.50	30.38	30.43	30.28	24.48	24.36	24.41	24.26
GPRS(GMSK,3 Tx slot)	29.00	28.47	28.53	28.37	24.74	24.21	24.27	24.11
GPRS(GMSK,4 Tx slot)	26.50	26.12	26.10	25.99	23.49	23.11	23.09	22.98
EGPRS(8PSK,1 Tx slot)	25.00	24.80	24.90	24.74	15.97	15.77	15.87	15.71
EGPRS(8PSK,2 Tx slot)	25.50	25.14	24.81	24.02	19.48	19.12	18.79	18.00
EGPRS(8PSK,3 Tx slot)	25.50	24.12	25.21	23.53	21.24	19.86	20.95	19.27
EGPRS(8PSK,4 Tx slot)	22.00	21.29	21.60	20.97	18.99	18.28	18.59	17.96
Band GSM1900	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)				Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	512	661	810	Tune-up	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8
GSM (GMSK)	30.50	30.38	30.21	30.01	21.47	21.35	21.18	20.98
GPRS(GMSK,1 Tx slot)	30.50	30.33	30.18	29.98	21.47	21.30	21.15	20.95
GPRS(GMSK,2 Tx slot)	28.00	27.95	27.72	27.48	21.98	21.93	21.70	21.46
GPRS(GMSK,3 Tx slot)	26.50	26.42	26.16	25.90	22.24	22.16	21.90	21.64
GPRS(GMSK,4 Tx slot)	24.50	24.35	24.09	23.85	21.49	21.34	21.08	20.84
EGPRS(8PSK,1 Tx slot)	27.50	26.44	26.87	27.02	18.47	17.41	17.84	17.99
EGPRS(8PSK,2 Tx slot)	27.00	26.54	26.98	26.50	20.98	20.52	20.96	20.48
EGPRS(8PSK,3 Tx slot)	25.50	24.88	25.05	25.09	21.24	20.62	20.79	20.83
EGPRS(8PSK,4 Tx slot)	23.00	22.83	22.63	22.10	19.99	19.82	19.62	19.09

7.2. WCDMA Conducted Power

WCDMA Band 2		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel		Tune-up	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)			1852.4	1880	1907.6
RMC12.2K		23.50	23.07	23.11	23.10
HSDPA Sub 1		23.50	23.05	22.71	22.80
HSDPA Sub 2		23.00	22.78	22.45	22.53

HSDPA Sub 3	22.50	22.18	21.87	22.17
HSDPA Sub 4	22.50	22.06	21.81	21.83
HSUPA Sub 1	23.00	22.73	22.52	22.64
HSUPA Sub 2	23.50	23.02	22.79	22.78
HSUPA Sub 3	22.50	22.27	22.38	22.16
HSUPA Sub 4	23.00	22.69	22.50	22.59
HSUPA Sub 5	23.00	22.72	22.40	22.16
WCDMA Band 5	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up (dBm)	4132	4182	4233
Frequency (MHz)		826.4	836.4	846.6
RMC12.2K	23.00	22.54	22.47	22.83
HSDPA Sub 1	23.00	22.55	22.07	22.58
HSDPA Sub 2	22.50	22.32	21.85	22.42
HSDPA Sub 3	22.50	21.99	21.56	22.11
HSDPA Sub 4	22.00	21.75	21.36	21.92
HSUPA Sub 1	22.50	22.40	21.78	22.21
HSUPA Sub 2	23.00	22.48	22.08	22.51
HSUPA Sub 3	22.50	22.06	21.58	22.01
HSUPA Sub 4	23.00	22.33	22.05	22.57
HSUPA Sub 5	22.50	22.24	21.77	22.29

7.3. LTE Conducted Power

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		18607/1850.7	18900/1880	19193/1909.3
LTE Band 2	1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.50	20.66	20.98	20.96
			1	2	21.50	20.73	20.67	21.04
			1	5	21.50	20.71	20.76	21.03
			3	0	21.50	20.78	20.79	20.93
			3	1	21.50	20.81	20.96	21.04
			3	2	21.50	20.83	20.84	21.07
			6	0	20.00	19.79	19.88	19.84
	2.0MHz	16QAM	1	0	19.00	17.70	17.99	18.84
			1	2	19.00	17.67	17.89	18.82
			1	5	19.00	17.73	18.07	18.87
			3	0	18.50	17.54	17.71	18.14
			3	1	18.50	17.56	17.71	18.11

			3	2	18.50	17.58	17.77	18.05
			6	0	17.00	16.36	16.73	16.58
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		18615/1851.5	18900/1880	19185/1908.5
LTE Band 2	3MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.50	20.74	20.90	21.14
			1	7	21.50	20.71	20.91	21.22
			1	14	21.50	20.70	20.92	21.24
			8	0	20.00	19.74	19.92	19.97
			8	4	20.00	19.79	19.93	19.95
			8	7	20.00	19.70	19.83	19.85
			15	0	20.00	19.70	19.86	19.93
		16QAM	1	0	19.00	18.76	17.20	18.66
			1	7	19.00	18.60	17.67	18.17
			1	14	19.00	18.72	17.18	17.95
			8	0	17.00	16.26	16.60	16.63
			8	4	17.00	16.32	16.63	16.65
			8	7	17.00	16.27	16.54	16.51
			15	0	17.00	16.29	16.52	16.67
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		18625/1852.5	18900/1880	19175/1907.5
LTE Band 2	5MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.00	20.67	20.84	20.74
			1	12	21.00	20.59	20.82	20.85
			1	24	21.00	20.53	20.83	20.80
			12	0	20.50	19.73	19.87	20.02
			12	6	20.50	19.73	19.83	19.95
			12	11	20.50	19.66	19.78	19.91
			25	0	20.00	19.64	19.85	19.95
		16QAM	1	0	19.00	17.90	17.85	18.30
			1	12	19.00	17.81	17.75	18.65
			1	24	19.00	17.77	17.53	17.93
			12	0	17.00	16.14	16.56	16.50
			12	6	17.00	16.28	16.67	16.67
			12	11	17.00	16.11	16.48	16.44
			25	0	17.00	16.13	16.58	16.43
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		

			RB Size	RB Offset		18650/1855	18900/1880	19150/1905
LTE Band 2	10MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.50	20.80	20.77	21.09
			1	24	21.50	20.62	20.73	21.21
			1	49	21.50	20.76	20.77	21.15
			25	0	20.00	19.70	19.91	19.97
			25	12	20.00	19.60	19.92	19.92
			25	24	20.00	19.74	19.81	20.00
			50	0	20.00	19.62	19.93	19.93
		16QAM	1	0	19.00	18.73	18.48	18.29
			1	24	19.00	18.58	17.77	17.84
			1	49	19.00	18.63	18.43	18.17
			25	0	17.00	16.24	16.71	16.31
			25	12	17.00	16.29	16.76	16.57
			25	24	17.00	16.44	16.79	16.84
			50	0	17.00	16.34	16.75	16.59
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		18675/1857.5	18900/1880	19125/1902.5
LTE Band 2	15MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.50	20.79	20.79	21.14
			1	37	21.50	20.65	20.55	21.16
			1	74	21.50	20.61	20.55	21.20
			36	0	20.00	19.69	19.82	19.89
			36	18	20.00	19.69	19.84	19.99
			36	37	20.00	19.59	19.76	19.91
			75	0	20.00	19.75	19.80	19.92
		16QAM	1	0	19.50	18.80	19.01	18.87
			1	37	19.50	18.63	18.59	18.76
			1	74	19.50	18.73	19.03	18.91
			36	0	17.00	16.40	16.68	16.60
			36	18	17.00	16.27	16.57	16.64
			36	37	17.00	16.35	16.55	16.91
			75	0	17.00	16.35	16.66	16.71
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		18700/1860	18900/1880	19100/1900
LTE Band	20MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.50	20.89	20.71	21.02
LTE Band			1	49	21.50	20.78	20.86	20.87

2		16QAM	1	99	21.50	20.86	20.91	20.94
			50	0	20.00	19.64	19.92	19.88
			50	24	20.00	19.68	19.88	19.89
			50	49	20.00	19.73	19.76	19.94
			100	0	20.00	19.67	19.91	19.91
			1	0	19.00	17.60	17.59	17.86
			1	49	19.00	17.53	17.25	18.58
			1	99	19.00	17.41	17.27	18.08
			50	0	17.50	16.56	16.71	16.74
			50	24	17.50	16.55	16.65	16.66
			50	49	17.50	16.88	16.87	17.09
			100	0	17.00	16.68	16.80	16.87

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20407/824.7	20525/836.5	20643/848.3
LTE Band 5	1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.00	23.39	23.22	23.31
			1	2	24.00	23.32	23.27	23.49
			1	5	24.00	23.40	23.29	23.50
			3	0	23.50	23.34	23.32	23.35
			3	1	23.50	23.38	23.34	23.35
			3	2	23.50	23.36	23.38	23.27
			6	0	22.50	22.36	22.30	22.23
		16QAM	1	0	23.50	23.24	22.83	22.25
			1	2	23.50	23.23	23.04	22.31
			1	5	23.50	23.23	22.92	23.12
			3	0	23.00	22.57	22.39	22.55
			3	1	23.00	22.53	22.36	22.54
			3	2	23.00	22.52	22.30	22.32
			6	0	22.00	21.44	21.22	21.72
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20415/825.5	20525/836.5	20635/847.5
LTE Band 5	3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.50	23.34	23.18	23.30
			1	7	23.50	23.40	23.40	23.38
			1	14	23.50	23.37	23.44	23.36
			8	0	22.50	22.36	22.28	22.23
			8	4	22.50	22.29	22.27	22.19

			8	7	22.50	22.28	22.31	22.24
			15	0	22.50	22.39	22.34	22.24
		16QAM	1	0	23.50	22.92	22.75	23.24
			1	7	23.50	22.88	22.84	23.22
			1	14	23.50	22.74	22.88	23.25
			8	0	22.00	21.31	21.67	21.21
			8	4	22.00	21.39	21.26	21.20
			8	7	22.00	21.27	21.19	21.55
			15	0	21.50	21.43	21.30	21.34
			RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset		20425/826.5	20525/836.5	20625/846.5
			1	0	23.50	23.21	23.22	21.46
LTE Band 5	5MHz	QPSK	1	12	23.50	23.24	23.31	21.45
			1	24	23.50	23.25	23.28	21.45
			12	0	23.50	22.41	23.26	21.30
			12	6	23.50	22.32	23.24	21.43
			12	11	23.50	22.18	23.22	21.43
			25	0	23.50	22.26	23.20	21.42
			1	0	23.50	22.43	23.32	21.42
		16QAM	1	12	23.50	22.39	23.31	21.41
			1	24	23.50	22.48	23.29	21.25
			12	0	23.50	21.32	23.28	21.23
			12	6	23.50	21.23	23.27	21.22
			12	11	23.50	21.26	23.25	21.26
			25	0	23.50	21.48	23.24	21.39
			RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset		20450/829	20525/836.5	20600/844
			1	0	24.00	22.42	23.57	23.31
LTE Band 5	10MHz	QPSK	1	24	24.00	23.33	23.55	23.13
			1	49	24.00	23.40	23.48	23.22
			25	0	22.50	22.23	22.19	22.18
			25	12	22.50	22.42	22.41	22.30
			25	24	22.50	22.30	22.30	22.26
			50	0	22.50	22.43	22.29	22.21
			1	0	23.50	22.62	23.29	22.19
		16QAM	1	24	23.50	22.57	23.32	22.21

			1	49	23.50	22.91	23.23	22.22
			25	0	22.00	21.39	21.60	21.71
			25	12	22.00	21.79	21.09	21.69
			25	24	22.00	21.27	21.20	21.37
			50	0	22.00	21.65	21.18	21.71

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		131979/1710.7	132322/1745	132665/1779.3
LTE Band 66	1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.50	23.91	24.05	23.98
			1	2	24.50	23.98	24.02	23.91
			1	5	24.50	23.86	24.02	23.92
			3	0	24.00	23.95	23.80	23.79
			3	1	24.00	23.87	23.83	23.80
			3	2	24.00	23.96	23.73	23.74
			6	0	23.00	22.84	22.88	22.78
		16QAM	1	0	24.00	23.91	22.85	23.03
			1	2	24.00	23.81	22.87	23.07
			1	5	24.00	23.88	22.90	22.98
			3	0	23.50	23.13	22.57	23.22
			3	1	23.50	23.05	22.61	23.16
			3	2	23.50	23.12	22.57	23.16
			6	0	22.50	22.00	22.07	21.94
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		131987/1711.5	132322/1745	132657/1778.5
LTE Band 66	3MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.50	23.89	23.75	23.67
			1	7	24.50	23.92	23.74	23.99
			1	14	24.50	23.94	23.86	24.01
			8	0	23.00	22.80	22.85	22.76
			8	4	23.00	22.92	22.91	22.80
			8	7	23.00	22.83	22.84	22.81
			15	0	23.00	22.86	22.89	22.75
		16QAM	1	0	24.00	23.90	23.49	23.07
			1	7	24.00	23.93	23.33	23.04
			1	14	24.00	23.96	23.37	23.08
			8	0	22.50	21.87	22.17	21.88
			8	4	22.50	21.87	22.17	21.84

			8	7	22.50	21.89	22.15	21.86
			15	0	22.50	22.05	22.05	21.87
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		131997/1712.5	132322/1745	132647/1777.5
			1	0	24.50	23.85	23.89	23.40
LTE Band 66	5MHz	QPSK	1	12	24.50	23.74	24.01	23.63
			1	24	24.50	23.71	24.03	23.68
			12	0	23.00	22.97	22.84	22.77
			12	6	23.00	22.97	22.90	22.77
			12	11	23.00	22.92	22.82	22.84
			25	0	23.00	22.96	22.92	22.83
			1	0	24.00	23.53	22.58	23.37
		16QAM	1	12	24.00	23.46	22.53	23.36
			1	24	24.00	23.45	22.60	23.41
			12	0	22.00	21.99	21.85	21.85
			12	6	22.00	21.95	21.79	21.86
			12	11	22.00	21.99	21.78	21.80
			25	0	22.50	22.12	21.99	21.99
			1	0	24.50	22.85	24.03	23.33
LTE Band 66	10MHz	QPSK	1	24	24.50	23.89	23.99	23.55
			1	49	24.50	23.34	24.04	23.84
			25	0	23.00	22.80	22.84	22.81
			25	12	23.00	22.86	22.79	22.91
			25	24	23.00	22.92	22.93	22.93
			50	0	23.00	22.91	22.98	22.93
			1	0	24.50	23.57	23.95	23.16
		16QAM	1	24	24.50	23.55	24.03	23.43
			1	49	24.50	23.59	24.01	23.53
			25	0	22.50	22.01	21.82	21.94
			25	12	22.50	22.03	21.79	22.04
			25	24	22.50	22.02	21.88	21.99
			50	0	22.50	21.99	21.93	22.04
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		

			RB Size	RB Offset		132047/1717.5	132322/1745	132597/1772.5
LTE Band 66	15MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.00	23.89	23.96	23.34
			1	37	24.00	23.83	23.98	23.03
			1	74	24.00	23.83	23.95	23.40
			36	0	23.00	22.91	22.90	22.92
			36	18	23.00	22.91	22.96	22.88
			36	37	23.00	22.93	22.92	22.82
			75	0	23.00	22.97	22.92	22.84
		16QAM	1	0	24.00	23.97	22.79	23.19
			1	37	24.00	23.98	22.90	22.95
			1	74	24.00	24.00	22.95	23.38
			36	0	22.50	22.06	21.98	22.00
			36	18	22.50	22.09	22.04	21.95
			36	37	22.50	22.12	22.00	21.91
			75	0	22.50	22.03	21.95	22.03
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		132072/1720	132322/1745	132572/1770
LTE Band 66	20MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.50	22.92	23.79	23.90
			1	49	24.50	24.06	23.76	23.19
			1	99	24.50	24.10	23.84	24.03
			50	0	23.50	22.98	22.93	22.88
			50	24	23.50	22.92	23.02	22.86
			50	49	23.50	22.93	23.01	22.95
			100	0	23.00	22.94	23.00	22.88
		16QAM	1	0	23.50	22.69	23.21	23.21
			1	49	23.50	22.62	23.30	23.07
			1	99	23.50	22.68	23.35	23.20
			50	0	22.50	22.08	22.00	22.09
			50	24	22.50	22.08	22.09	22.01
			50	49	22.50	22.15	22.08	22.11
			100	0	22.50	22.05	21.99	22.03

7.4. WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
802.11b	1	2412	16.50	15.68
	6	2437	16.50	16.37

	11	2462	16.50	15.59
802.11g	1	2412	13.50	12.59
	6	2437	13.50	13.16
	11	2462	13.50	12.64
802.11n HT20	1	2412	11.00	10.00
	6	2437	11.00	10.70
	11	2462	11.00	10.07

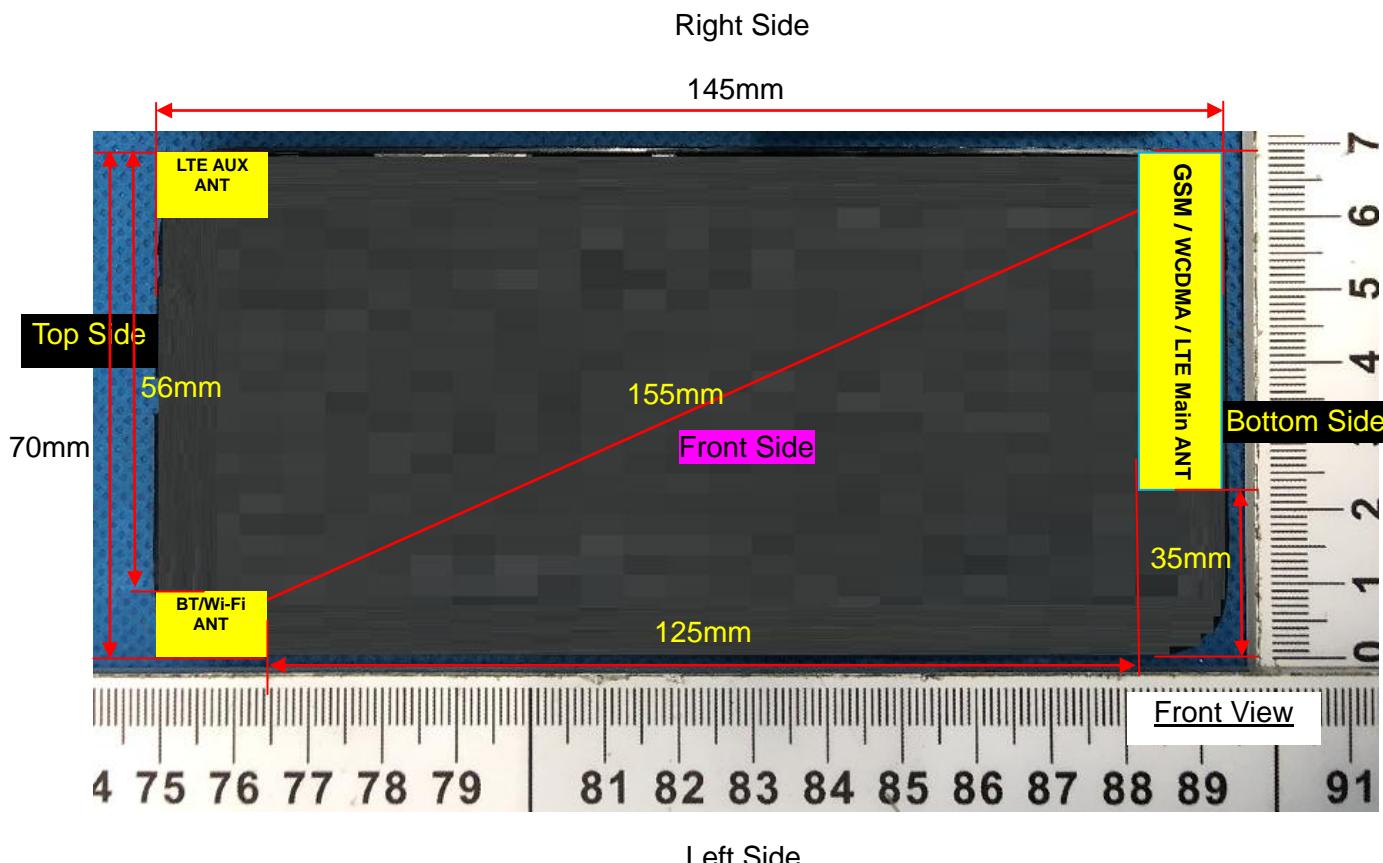
NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 2.4G.

BR+EDR	Output Power (dBm)				
	Channel	Tune-up (dBm)	Data Rates		
			1M	2M	3M
	0CH	7.000	6.126	5.733	6.279
	39CH	8.000	7.331	7.184	7.627
	78CH	7.500	5.924	6.845	7.215

BLE	Channel	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)
	0CH	1.000	0.130
	19CH	1.000	0.245
	39CH	2.000	1.307

NOTE: Power measurement results of Bluetooth.

8. Antenna Location



Note: Since the confidentiality request of EUT, the antenna location example diagram see as above.

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Front Side	Back Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN Main ANT	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm
WLAN & Bluetooth	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm
Positions for SAR tests						
Antennas	Front Side	Back Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN Main ANT	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes	NO	Yes
WLAN & Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes	NO

9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f_{(\text{GHz})}}]$
 $\leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where:}$

- $f_{(\text{GHz})}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine

SAR test exclusion.

Mode	P _{max} (dBm)	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	Calculation Result	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
Bluetooth	8.00	6.31	5	2.480	1.99	3.00	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] * [\sqrt{f_{(\text{GHz})}} / x] \text{ W/kg}$ for test separation distances $\leq 50\text{mm}$, where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is $< 5 \text{ mm}$, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	x	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
Bluetooth	Head	8.00	6.31	5	2.48	7.5	0.265
Bluetooth	Body	8.00	6.31	10	2.48	7.5	0.132
Bluetooth	Hotspot	8.00	6.31	10	2.48	7.5	0.132

NOTE: Estimated SAR calculation for Bluetooth

10. SAR Results

10.1. SAR measurement Result

10.1.1. SAR measurement Result of GSM850

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Left Cheek	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.175	0.133	1.43	28.53	29.00	0.195	2022/10/20	1#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.104	0.079	3.19	28.53	29.00	0.116	2022/10/20	
Right Cheek	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.165	0.122	0.23	28.53	29.00	0.184	2022/10/20	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.076	0.058	2.77	28.53	29.00	0.085	2022/10/20	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM850.

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.282	0.151	-1.01	28.53	29.00	0.314	2022/10/20	
Back Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.437	0.237	-0.86	28.53	29.00	0.487	2022/10/20	2#

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM850

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.282	0.151	-1.01	28.53	29.00	0.314	2022/10/20	
Back Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.437	0.237	-0.86	28.53	29.00	0.487	2022/10/20	2#
Right Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.135	0.073	2.26	28.53	29.00	0.150	2022/10/20	
Bottom Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.240	0.128	2.64	28.53	29.00	0.267	2022/10/20	

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM850

10.1.2. SAR measurement Result of GSM1900

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Left Cheek	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.096	0.064	0.17	26.16	26.50	0.104	2022/10/8	3#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.049	0.031	-0.36	26.16	26.50	0.053	2022/10/8	
Right Cheek	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.086	0.056	1.98	26.16	26.50	0.093	2022/10/8	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.039	0.026	-3.61	26.16	26.50	0.042	2022/10/8	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.432	0.231	3.49	26.16	26.50	0.467	2022/10/8	
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.688	0.384	-3.97	26.16	26.50	0.744	2022/10/8	4#

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.432	0.231	3.49	26.16	26.50	0.467	2022/10/8	
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.688	0.384	-3.97	26.16	26.50	0.744	2022/10/8	4#
Right Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.216	0.121	-3.89	26.16	26.50	0.234	2022/10/8	
Bottom Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.365	0.200	-0.04	26.16	26.50	0.395	2022/10/8	

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of GSM1900

10.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Left Cheek	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.201	0.121	-1.24	23.11	23.50	0.220	2022/10/08	5#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.104	0.062	-2.38	23.11	23.50	0.114	2022/10/08	
Right Cheek	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.177	0.102	-1.22	23.11	23.50	0.194	2022/10/08	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.097	0.055	-0.76	23.11	23.50	0.106	2022/10/08	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.408	0.206	2.74	23.11	23.50	0.446	2022/10/08	
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.662	0.338	2.85	23.11	23.50	0.724	2022/10/08	6#

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.408	0.206	2.74	23.11	23.50	0.446	2022/10/08	
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.662	0.338	2.85	23.11	23.50	0.724	2022/10/08	6#
Right Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.210	0.102	-0.43	23.11	23.50	0.230	2022/10/08	
Bottom Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.355	0.174	4.00	23.11	23.50	0.388	2022/10/08	

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

10.1.4. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 5

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Left Cheek	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.198	0.148	1.38	22.47	23.00	0.224	2022/10/20	7#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.100	0.073	0.28	22.47	23.00	0.113	2022/10/20	
Right Cheek	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.181	0.130	-3.96	22.47	23.00	0.204	2022/10/20	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.087	0.063	-3.92	22.47	23.00	0.098	2022/10/20	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.102	0.074	-0.37	22.47	23.00	0.115	2022/10/20	
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.166	0.124	2.11	22.47	23.00	0.188	2022/10/20	8#

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.102	0.074	-0.37	22.47	23.00	0.115	2022/10/20	
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.166	0.124	2.11	22.47	23.00	0.188	2022/10/20	8#
Right Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.063	0.045	-2.12	22.47	23.00	0.071	2022/10/20	
Bottom Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.100	0.075	-0.15	22.47	23.00	0.113	2022/10/20	

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

10.1.5. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band 2

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Left Cheek	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,0)	0.227	0.134	-3.45	20.71	21.50	0.272	2022/10/08	11#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,0)	0.120	0.069	-2.81	20.71	21.50	0.144	2022/10/08	
Right Cheek	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,0)	0.198	0.115	1.51	20.71	21.50	0.238	2022/10/08	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,0)	0.107	0.060	-2.81	20.71	21.50	0.128	2022/10/08	
50%RB										
Left Cheek	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.119	0.071	3.61	19.76	20.00	0.126	2022/10/08	
Left Tilt 15 Degree	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.066	0.041	-2.80	19.76	20.00	0.070	2022/10/08	
Right Cheek	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.106	0.068	-2.56	19.76	20.00	0.112	2022/10/08	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.055	0.032	3.41	19.76	20.00	0.058	2022/10/08	

NOTE: Head SAB test results of LTE Band 2

Test Position of	Test channel	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)	Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR	Date	Plot
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Body-Worn with 10mm	/Freq.		1-g	10-g		(dBm)	(dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)		
1RB										
Front Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,0)	0.414	0.209	-0.74	20.71	21.50	0.497	2022/10/08	
Back Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,0)	0.639	0.355	-1.77	20.71	21.50	0.766	2022/10/08	12#
50%RB										
Front Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.240	0.105	2.30	19.76	20.00	0.254	2022/10/08	
Back Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.413	0.207	-3.48	19.76	20.00	0.436	2022/10/08	

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 2

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Front Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,0)	0.414	0.209	-0.74	20.71	21.50	0.497	2022/10/08	
Back Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,0)	0.639	0.355	-1.77	20.71	21.50	0.766	2022/10/08	12#
Right Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,0)	0.216	0.110	0.27	20.71	21.50	0.259	2022/10/08	
Bottom Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,0)	0.365	0.186	0.29	20.71	21.50	0.438	2022/10/08	
50%RB										
Front Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.240	0.105	2.30	19.76	20.00	0.254	2022/10/08	
Back Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.413	0.207	-3.48	19.76	20.00	0.436	2022/10/08	
Right Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.118	0.062	-4.30	19.76	20.00	0.125	2022/10/08	
Bottom Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.205	0.097	3.70	19.76	20.00	0.217	2022/10/08	

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band 2

10.1.6. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band 5

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Left Cheek	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,0)	0.189	0.142	0.05	23.57	24.50	0.234	2022/10/20	13#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,0)	0.097	0.071	0.27	23.57	24.50	0.120	2022/10/20	
Right Cheek	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,0)	0.177	0.129	0.75	23.57	24.50	0.219	2022/10/20	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,0)	0.091	0.066	3.70	23.57	24.50	0.113	2022/10/20	
50%RB										
Left Cheek	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	0.097	0.083	-1.00	22.41	22.50	0.099	2022/10/20	
Left Tilt 15 Degree	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	0.056	0.038	-4.96	22.41	22.50	0.057	2022/10/20	
Right Cheek	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	0.089	0.077	-4.43	22.41	22.50	0.091	2022/10/20	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	0.051	0.034	4.58	22.41	22.50	0.052	2022/10/20	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 5

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Front Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,0)	0.132	0.100	3.72	23.57	24.50	0.164	2022/10/20	
Back Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,0)	0.172	0.131	1.31	23.57	24.50	0.213	2022/10/20	14#
50RB										
Front Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	0.071	0.058	4.31	22.41	22.50	0.072	2022/10/20	
Back Side	20525/836.5	10M	0.099	0.074	-3.41	22.41	22.50	0.101	2022/10/20	

		QPSK(25,12)								
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NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 5

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Front Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,0)	0.132	0.100	3.72	23.57	24.50	0.164	2022/10/20	
Back Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,0)	0.172	0.131	1.31	23.57	24.50	0.213	2022/10/20	14#
Right Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,0)	0.054	0.041	1.97	23.57	24.50	0.067	2022/10/20	
Bottom Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,0)	0.090	0.066	3.75	23.57	24.50	0.111	2022/10/20	
50%RB										
Front Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	0.071	0.058	4.31	22.41	22.50	0.072	2022/10/20	
Back Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	0.099	0.074	-3.41	22.41	22.50	0.101	2022/10/20	
Right Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	0.031	0.022	0.99	22.41	22.50	0.032	2022/10/20	
Bottom Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	0.046	0.036	-3.74	22.41	22.50	0.047	2022/10/20	

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band 5

10.1.7. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band 66

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Left Cheek	132322/1745	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.146	0.095	-2.55	23.84	24.50	0.170	2022/10/14	15#
Left Tilt 15	132322/1745	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.080	0.052	0.12	23.84	24.50	0.093	2022/10/14	

Degree										
Right Cheek	132322/1745	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.130	0.080	1.33	23.84	24.50	0.151	2022/10/14	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	132322/1745	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.064	0.041	1.13	23.84	24.50	0.075	2022/10/14	
50%RB										
Left Cheek	132322/1745	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.085	0.054	-0.01	23.02	23.50	0.095	2022/10/14	
Left Tilt 15 Degree	132322/1745	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.043	0.028	3.07	23.02	23.50	0.048	2022/10/14	
Right Cheek	132322/1745	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.074	0.045	-4.74	23.02	23.50	0.083	2022/10/14	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	132322/1745	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.037	0.024	0.73	23.02	23.50	0.041	2022/10/14	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 66

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Front Side	132322/1745	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.276	0.156	3.00	23.84	24.50	0.321	2022/10/14	
Back Side	132322/1745	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.419	0.237	-1.69	23.84	24.50	0.488	2022/10/14	16#
50RB										
Front Side	132322/1745	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.161	0.080	2.08	23.02	23.50	0.180	2022/10/14	
Back Side	132322/1745	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.244	0.134	-2.13	23.02	23.50	0.273	2022/10/14	

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 66

10mm										
1RB										
Front Side	132322/1745	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.276	0.156	3.00	23.84	24.50	0.321	2022/10/14	
Back Side	132322/1745	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.419	0.237	-1.69	23.84	24.50	0.488	2022/10/14	16#
Right Side	132322/1745	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.138	0.075	-1.92	23.84	24.50	0.161	2022/10/14	
Bottom Side	132322/1745	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.225	0.126	-1.17	23.84	24.50	0.262	2022/10/14	
50%RB										
Front Side	132322/1745	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.161	0.080	2.08	23.02	23.50	0.180	2022/10/14	
Back Side	132322/1745	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.244	0.134	-2.13	23.02	23.50	0.273	2022/10/14	
Right Side	132322/1745	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.070	0.045	-4.93	23.02	23.50	0.078	2022/10/14	
Bottom Side	132322/1745	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.124	0.073	-1.79	23.02	23.50	0.138	2022/10/14	

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of LTE Band 66

10.1.8. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Left Cheek	6/2437	802.11b	0.759	0.418	1.07	16.37	16.50	0.782	2022/10/18	9#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	6/2437	802.11b	0.444	0.232	-0.33	16.37	16.50	0.457	2022/10/18	
Right Cheek	6/2437	802.11b	0.682	0.376	-0.66	16.37	16.50	0.703	2022/10/18	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	6/2437	802.11b	0.357	0.191	-2.89	16.37	16.50	0.368	2022/10/18	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.252	0.128	-4.00	16.37	16.50	0.260	2022/10/18	

Back Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.410	0.208	-0.56	16.37	16.50	0.422	2022/10/18	10#
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NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.252	0.128	-4.00	16.37	16.50	0.260	2022/10/18	
Back Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.410	0.208	-0.56	16.37	16.50	0.422	2022/10/18	10#
Left Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.123	0.061	3.22	16.37	16.50	0.127	2022/10/18	
Top Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.129	0.065	0.02	16.37	16.50	0.133	2022/10/18	

NOTE: Hotspot SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

10.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

- 1) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
- 2) SPLSR = $(\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan. If $\text{SPLSR} \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		WWAN	DTS			
Head	Left Cheek	0.272	0.782	1.054	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.144	0.457	0.601	N/A	N/A
	Right Cheek	0.238	0.703	0.941	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.128	0.368	0.496	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.497	0.260	0.757	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.766	0.422	1.188	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Front Side	0.497	0.260	0.757	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.766	0.422	1.188	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	N/A	0.127	0.127	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.259	N/A	0.259	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.133	0.133	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.438	N/A	0.438	N/A	N/A

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		WWAN	DSS			
Head	Left Cheek	0.272	0.265	0.537	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.144	0.265	0.409	N/A	N/A
	Right Cheek	0.238	0.265	0.503	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.128	0.265	0.393	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.497	0.132	0.629	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.766	0.132	0.898	N/A	N/A
Hotspot	Front Side	0.497	0.132	0.629	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.766	0.132	0.898	N/A	N/A
	Left Side	N/A	0.132	0.132	N/A	N/A
	Right Side	0.259	N/A	0.259	N/A	N/A
	Top Side	N/A	0.132	0.132	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Side	0.438	N/A	0.438	N/A	N/A

11. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR

12. Appendix B. System Check Plots

Table of contents

MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - 835MHz

MEASUREMENT 2 System Performance Check - 1800MHz

MEASUREMENT 3 System Performance Check - 1900MHz

MEASUREMENT 4 System Performance Check - 2450MHz

MEASUREMENT 1

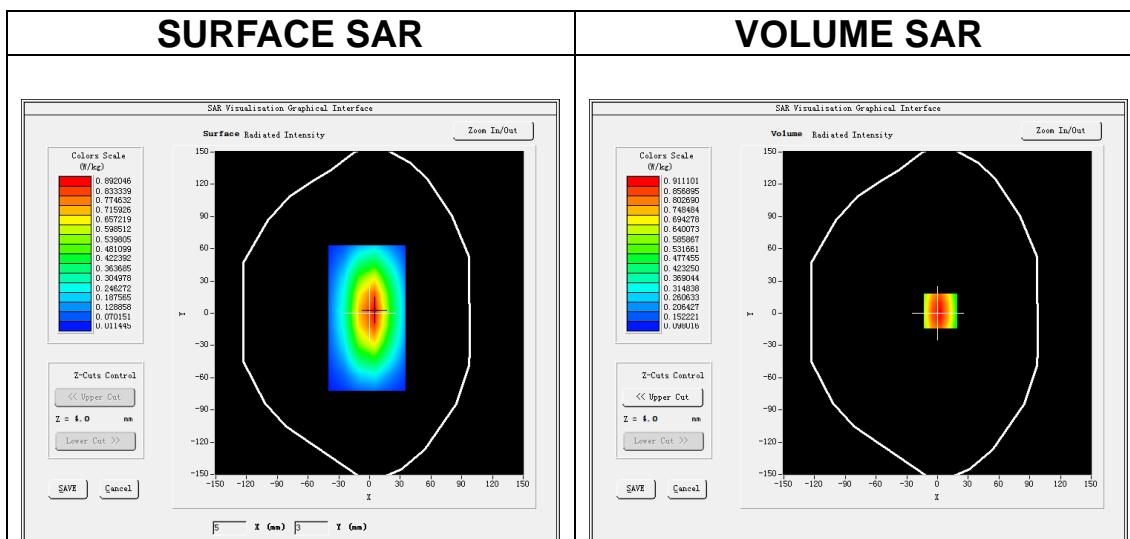
Date of measurement: 20/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>$5\times 5\times 7, dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW835</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.50</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

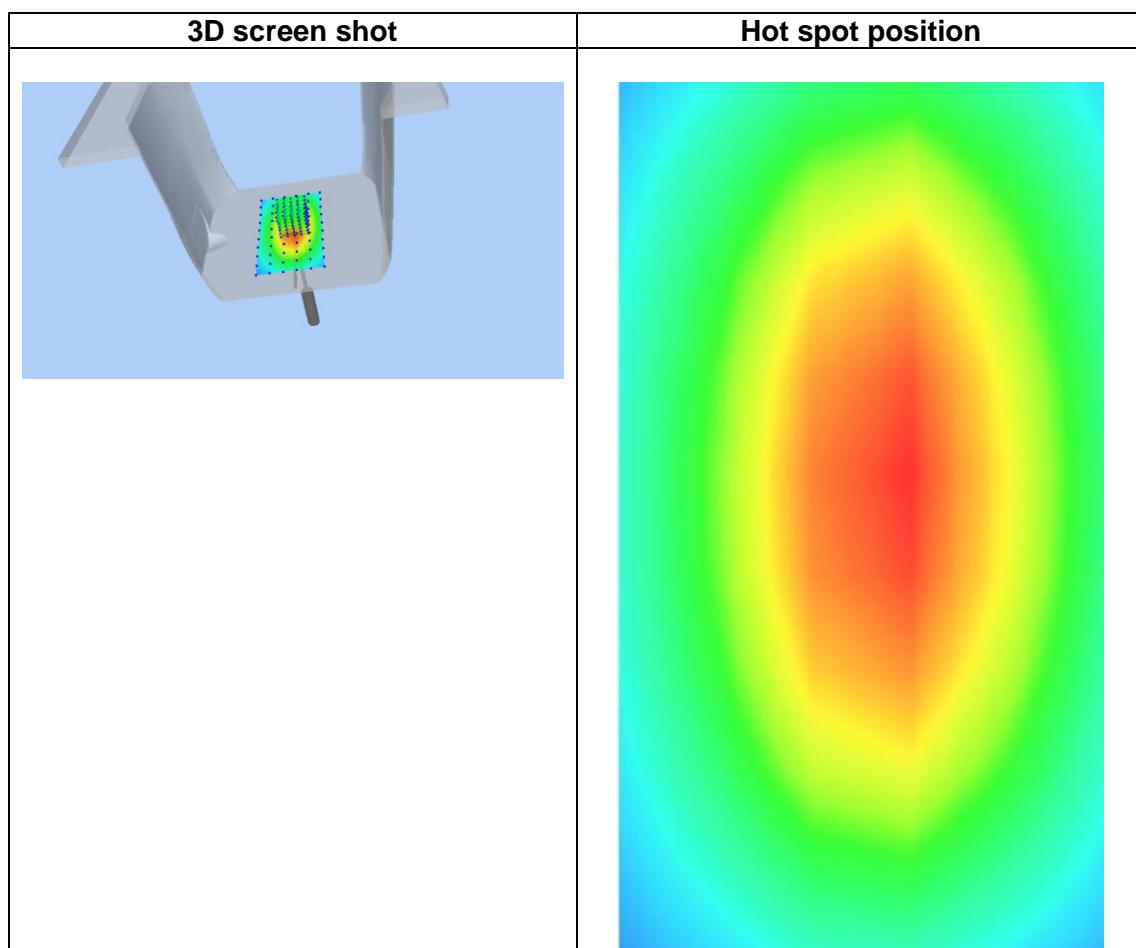
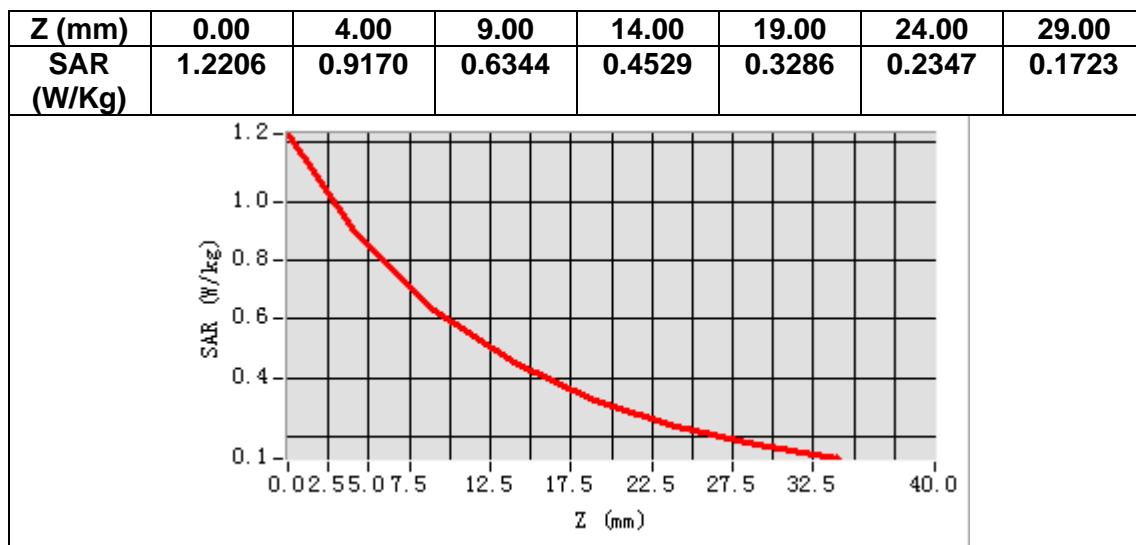
<u>Frequency (MHz)</u>	835.000000
<u>Relative permittivity (real part)</u>	41.250045
<u>Relative permittivity (imaginary part)</u>	19.800331
<u>Conductivity (S/m)</u>	0.918515
<u>Variation (%)</u>	1.970000



Maximum location: $X=3.00$, $Y=2.00$

SAR Peak: 1.23 W/kg

<u>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</u>	0.591191
<u>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</u>	1.042231



MEASUREMENT 2

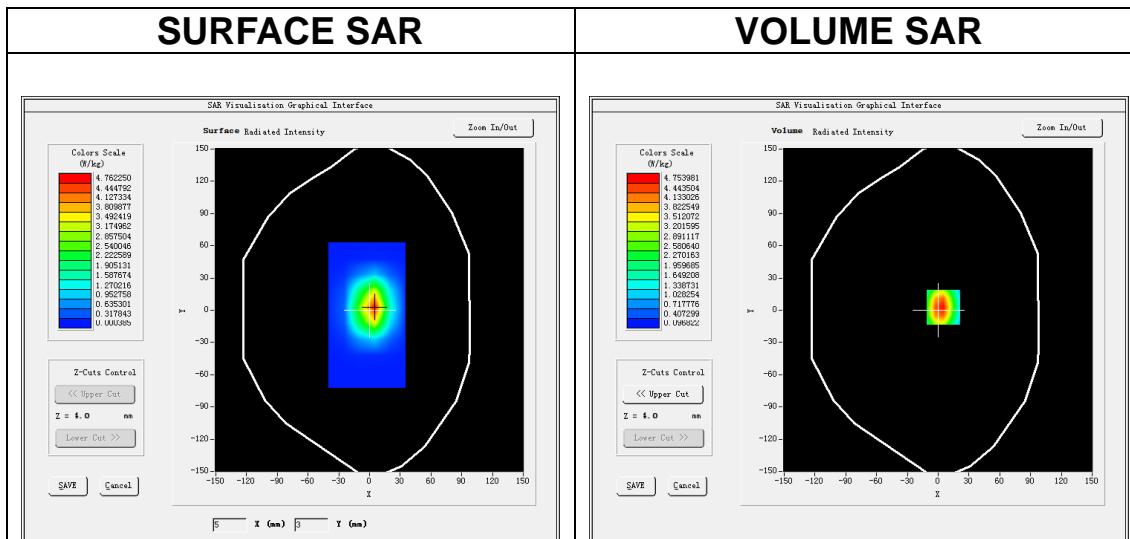
Date of measurement: 14/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5x5x7, dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW1800</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.73</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

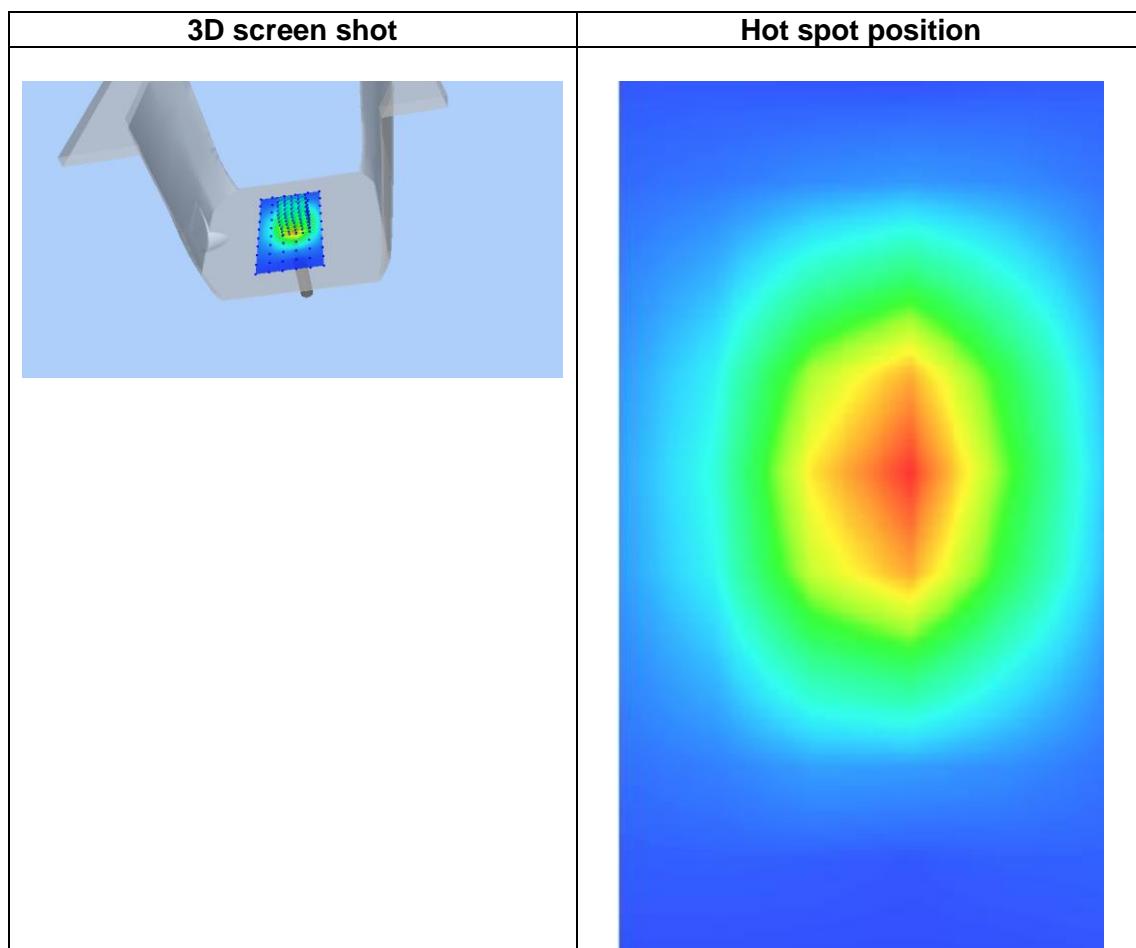
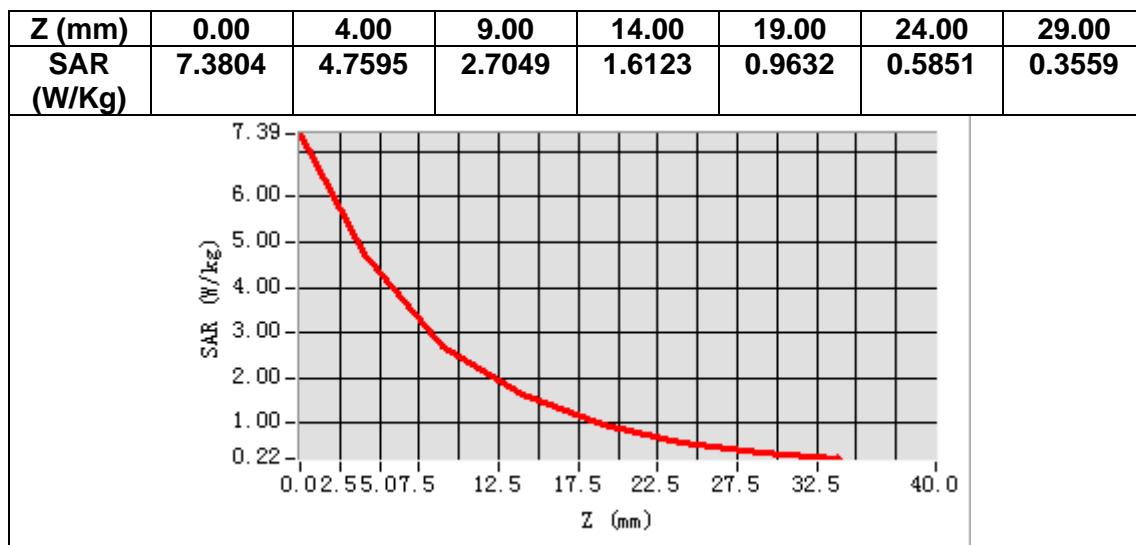
Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.573940
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.717373
Conductivity (S/m)	1.371737
Variation (%)	-2.520000



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=3.00

SAR Peak: 7.59 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.915296
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.896160



MEASUREMENT 3

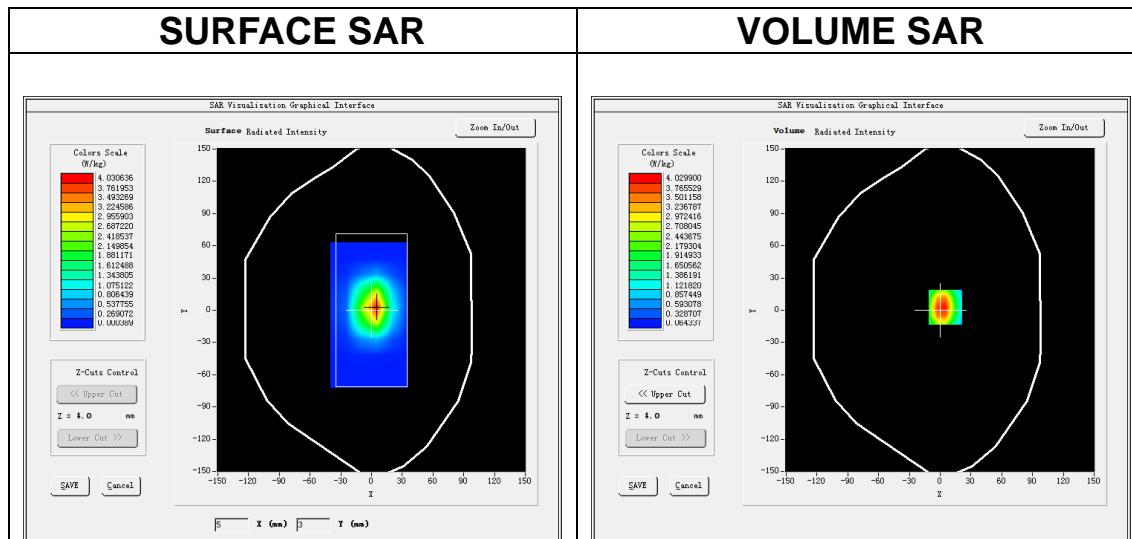
Date of measurement: 8/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5\times 5\times 7, dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.91</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

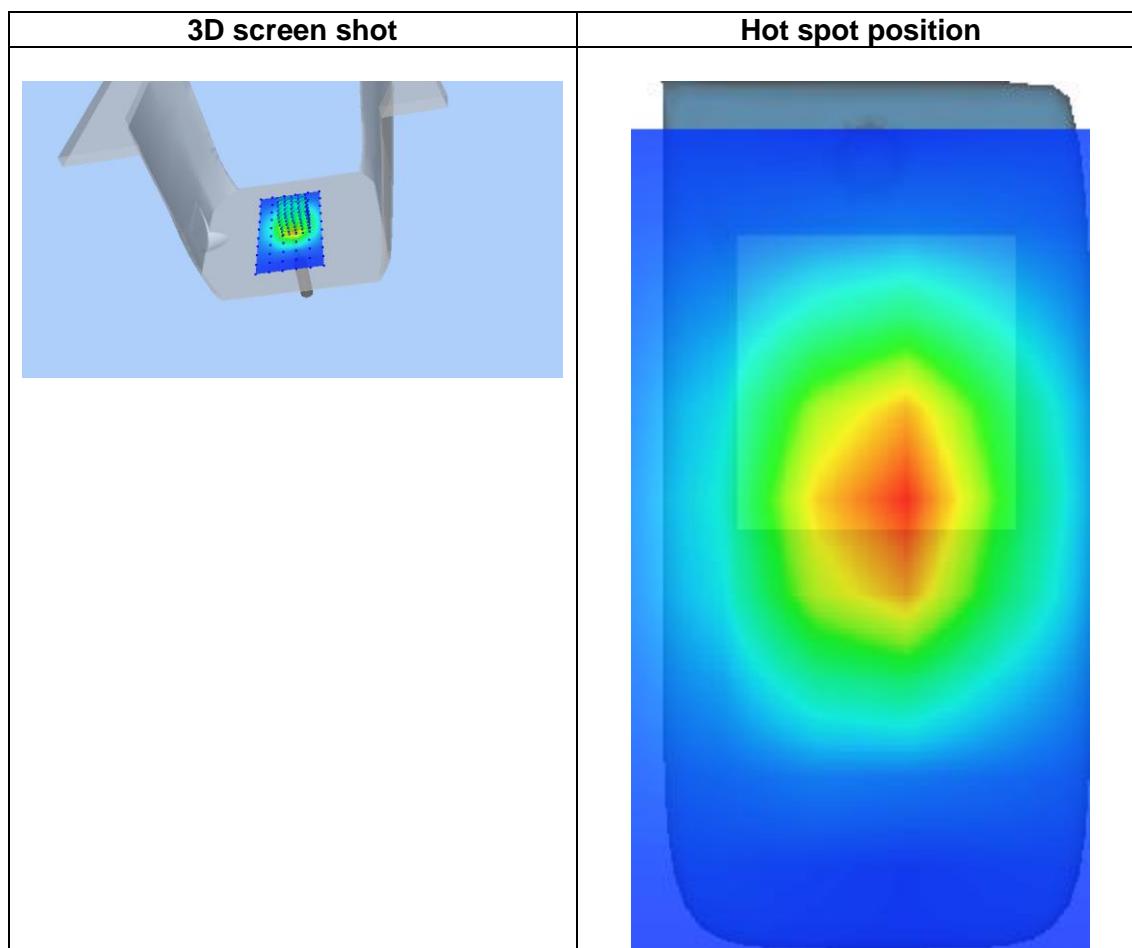
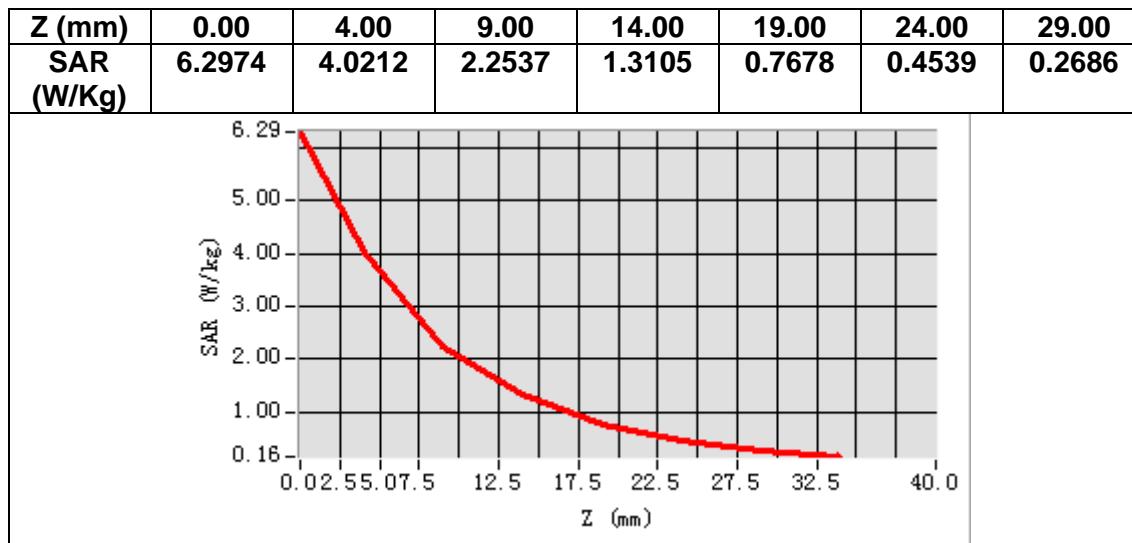
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.348065
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.783294
Conductivity (S/m)	1.454903
Variation (%)	2.050000



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=3.00

SAR Peak: 6.57 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.937384
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.747097



MEASUREMENT 4

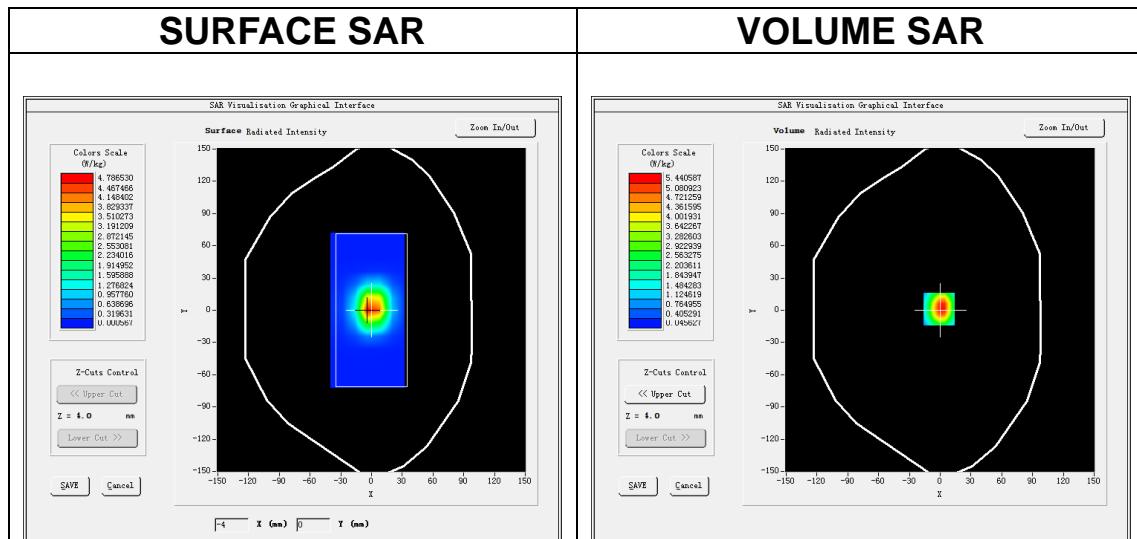
Date of measurement: 18/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>$dx=12\text{mm}$ $dy=12\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>$7\times 7\times 7$, $dx=5\text{mm}$ $dy=5\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW2450</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.98</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

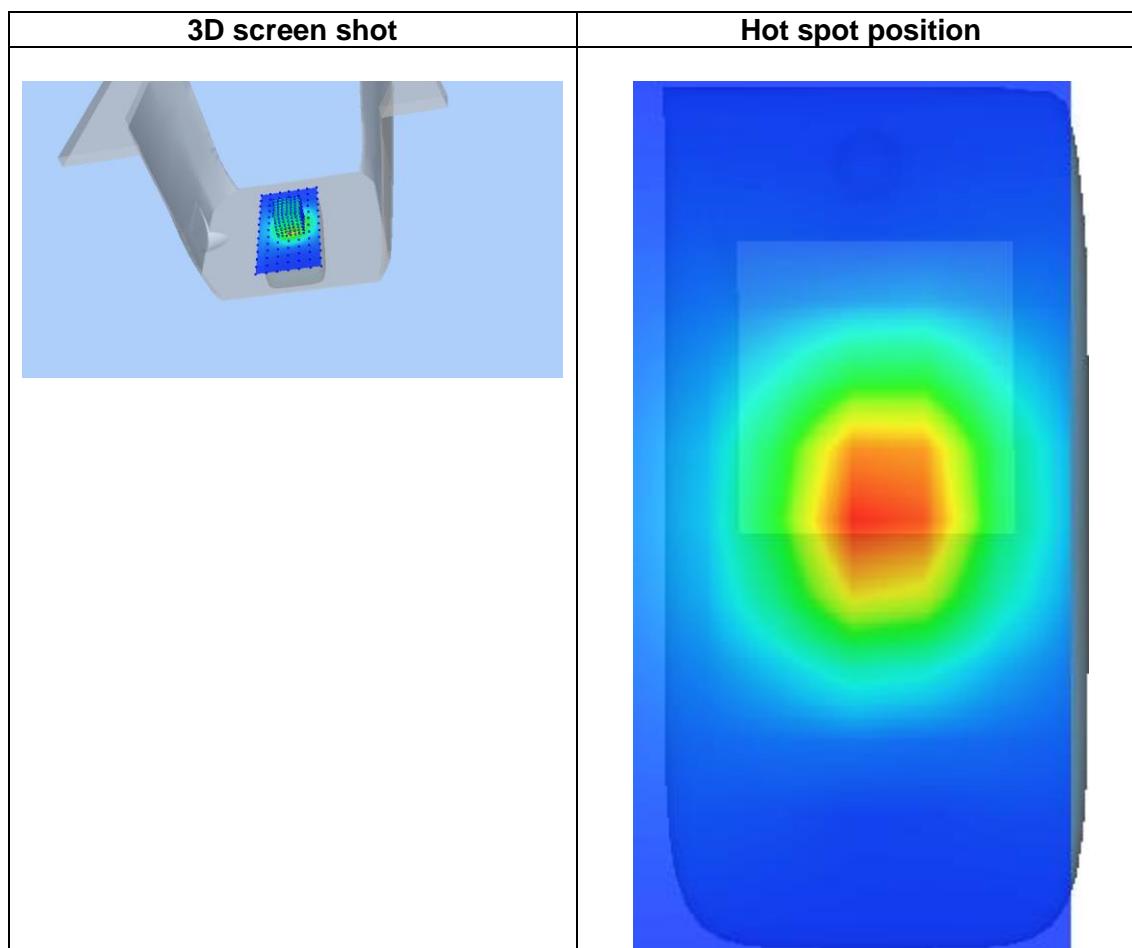
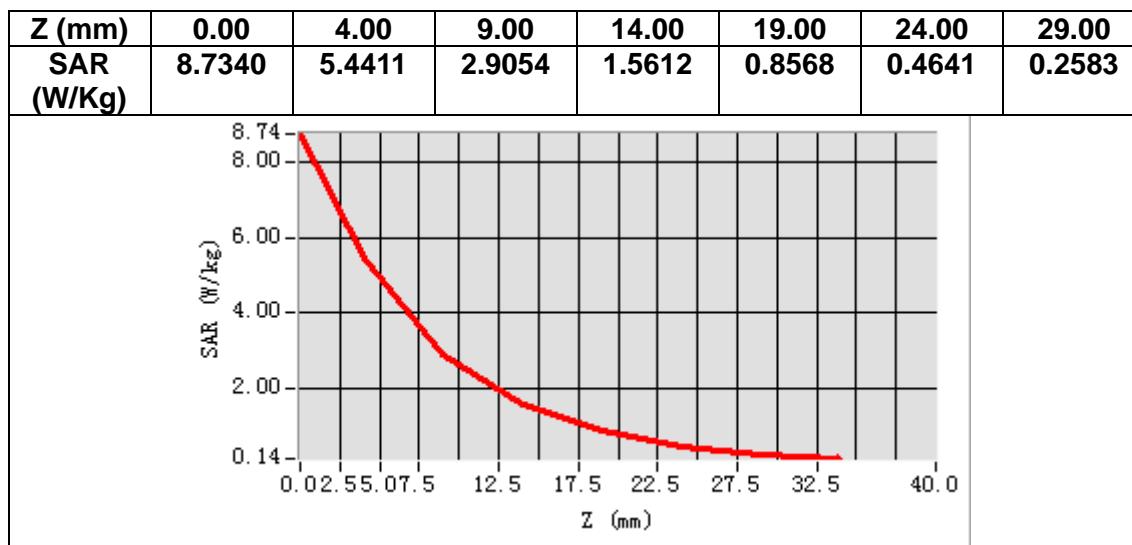
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.671208
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.908427
Conductivity (S/m)	1.756980
Variation (%)	1.570000



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 8.94 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.229172
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.757128



13. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Table of contents

- MEASUREMENT 1 GSM 850 Head**
- MEASUREMENT 2 GSM 850 Body**
- MEASUREMENT 3 GSM1900 Head**
- MEASUREMENT 4 GSM 1900 Body**
- MEASUREMENT 5 WCDMA Band 2 Head**
- MEASUREMENT 6 WCDMA Band 2 Body**
- MEASUREMENT 7 WCDMA Band 5 Head**
- MEASUREMENT 8 WCDMA Band 5 Body**
- MEASUREMENT 9 WLAN 2.4G Head**
- MEASUREMENT 10 WLAN 2.4G Body**
- MEASUREMENT 11 LTE Band 2 Head**
- MEASUREMENT 12 LTE Band 2 Body**
- MEASUREMENT 13 LTE Band 5 Head**
- MEASUREMENT 14 LTE Band 5 Body**
- MEASUREMENT 15 LTE Band 66 Head**
- MEASUREMENT 16 LTE Band 66 Body**

MEASUREMENT 1

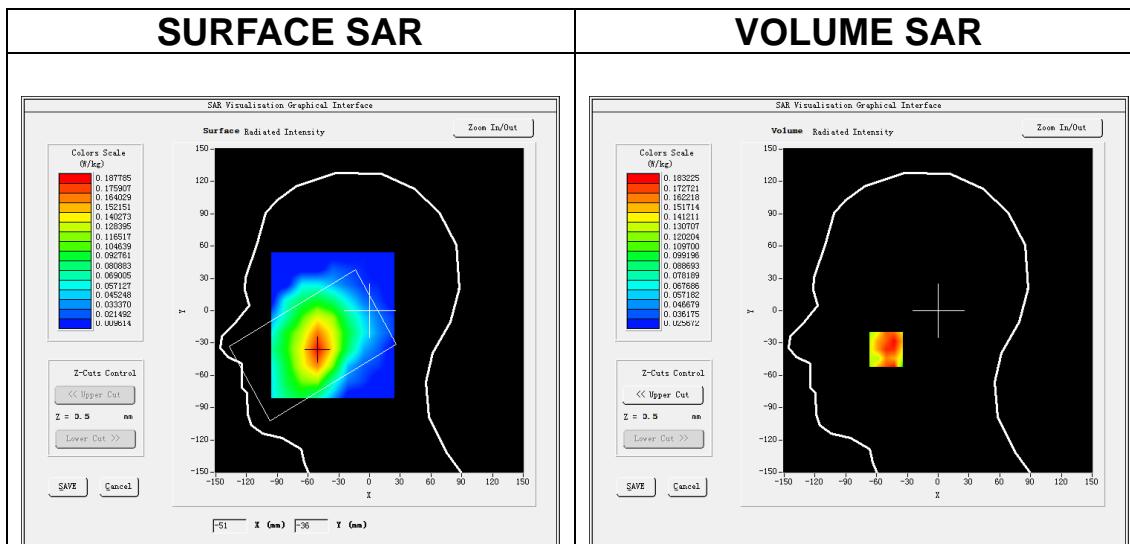
Date of measurement: 20/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5\times 5\times 7$, $dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)</u>

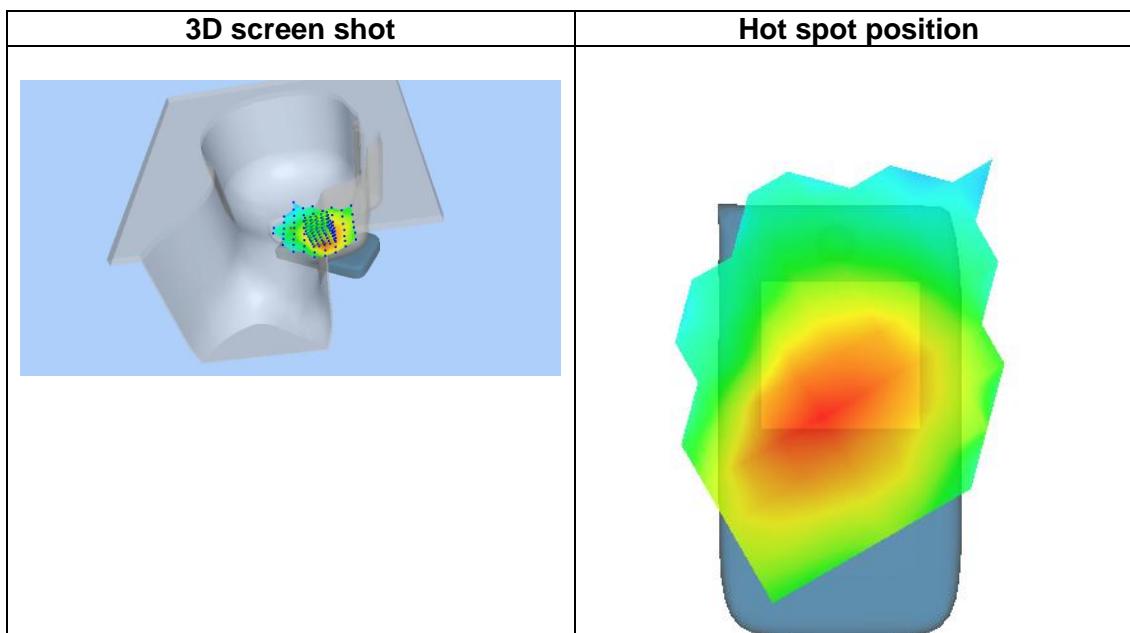
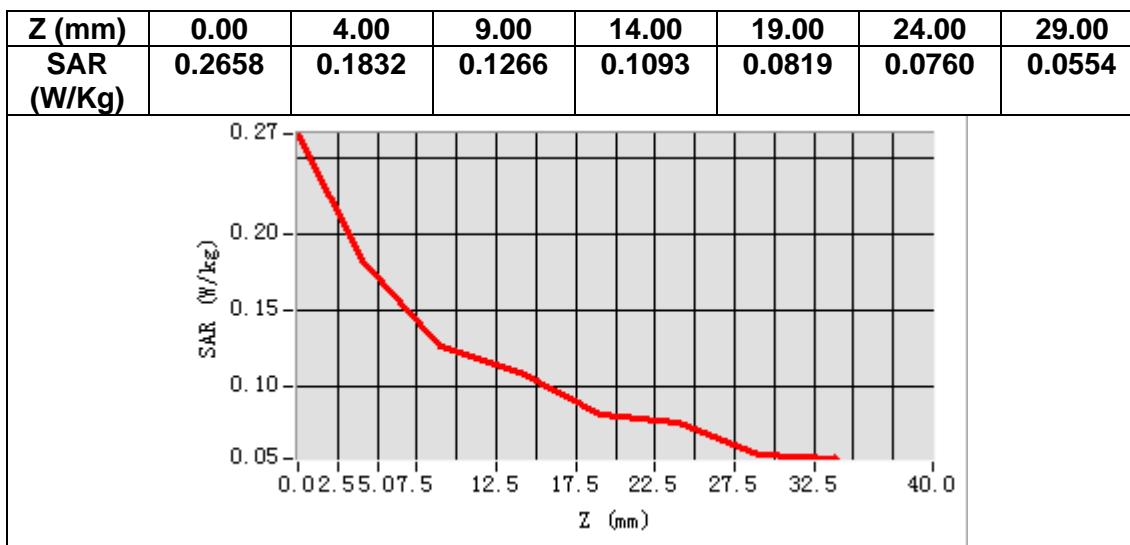
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.165707
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.826172
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921256
Variation (%)	1.430000



Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-36.00
SAR Peak: 0.28 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.132658
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.174831



MEASUREMENT 2

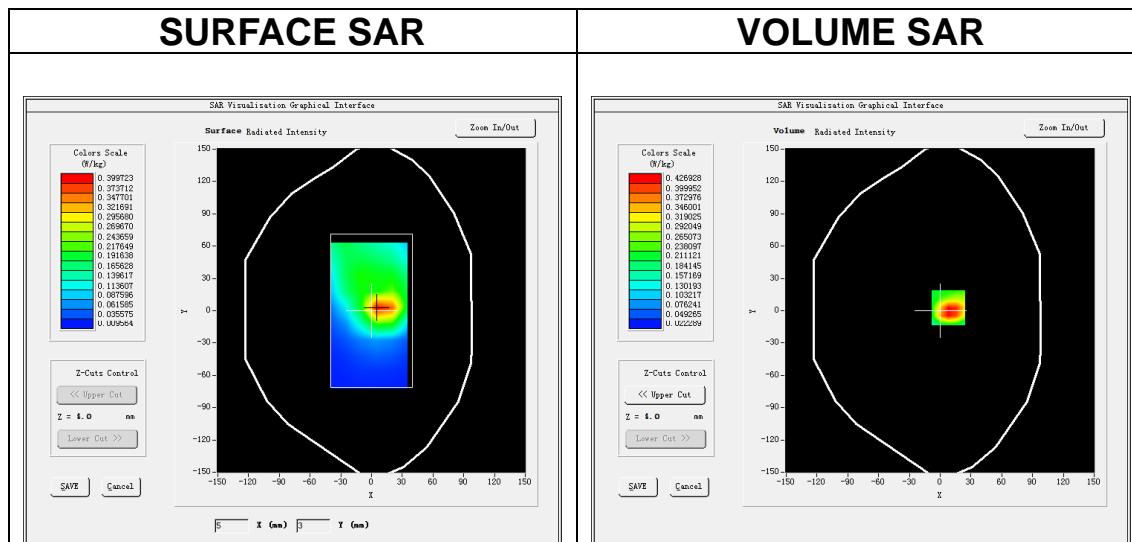
Date of measurement: 20/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>$5\times 5\times 7, dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)</u>

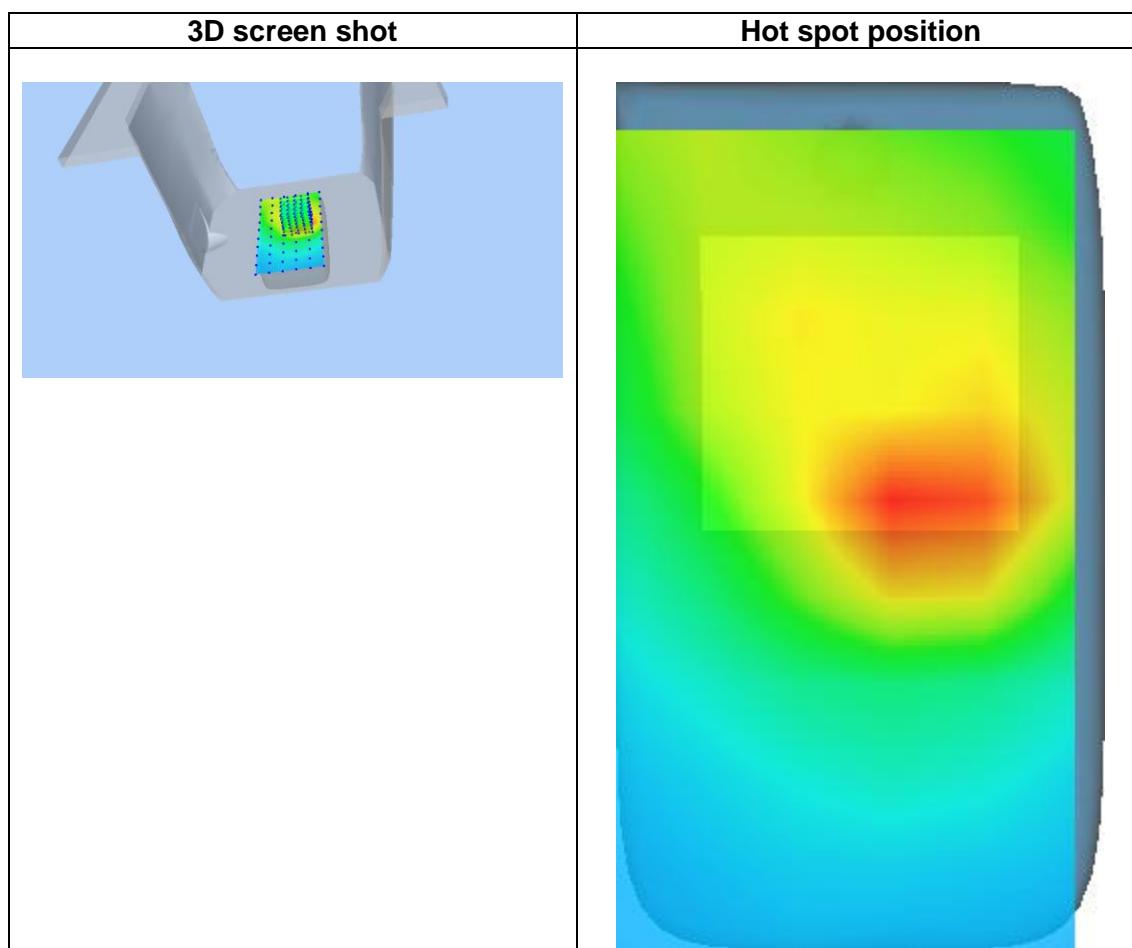
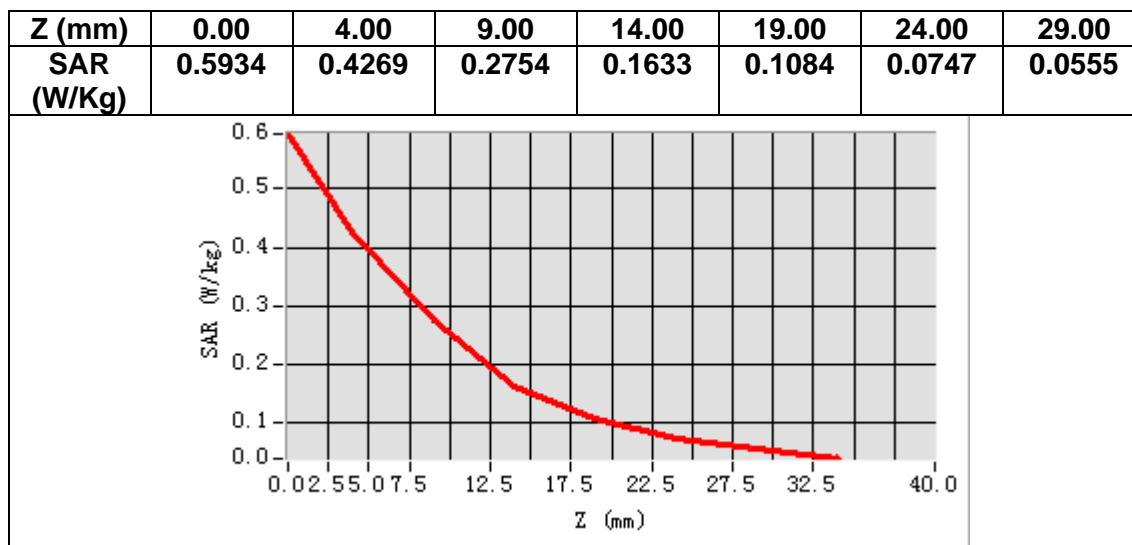
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.165707
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.826172
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921256
Variation (%)	-0.860000



Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=3.00
SAR Peak: 0.69 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.237163
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.436906



MEASUREMENT 3

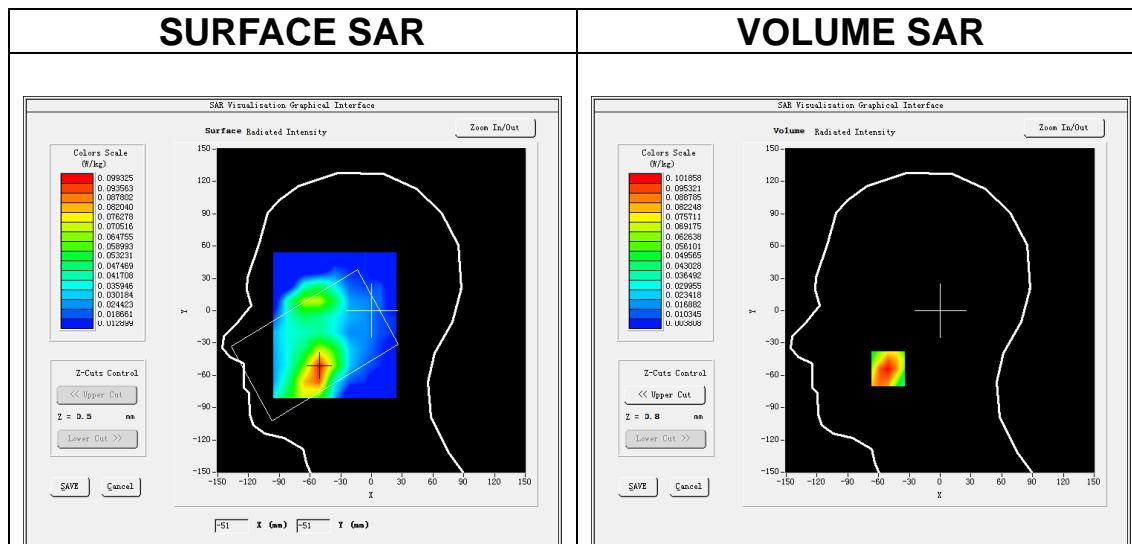
Date of measurement: 8/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5\times 5\times 7$, $dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)</u>

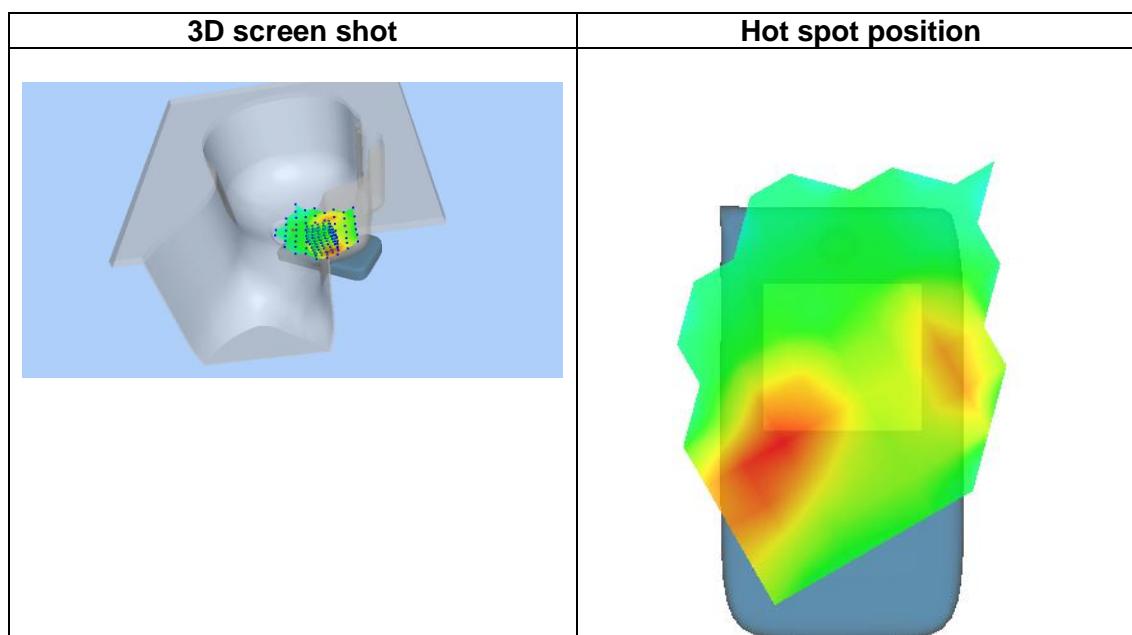
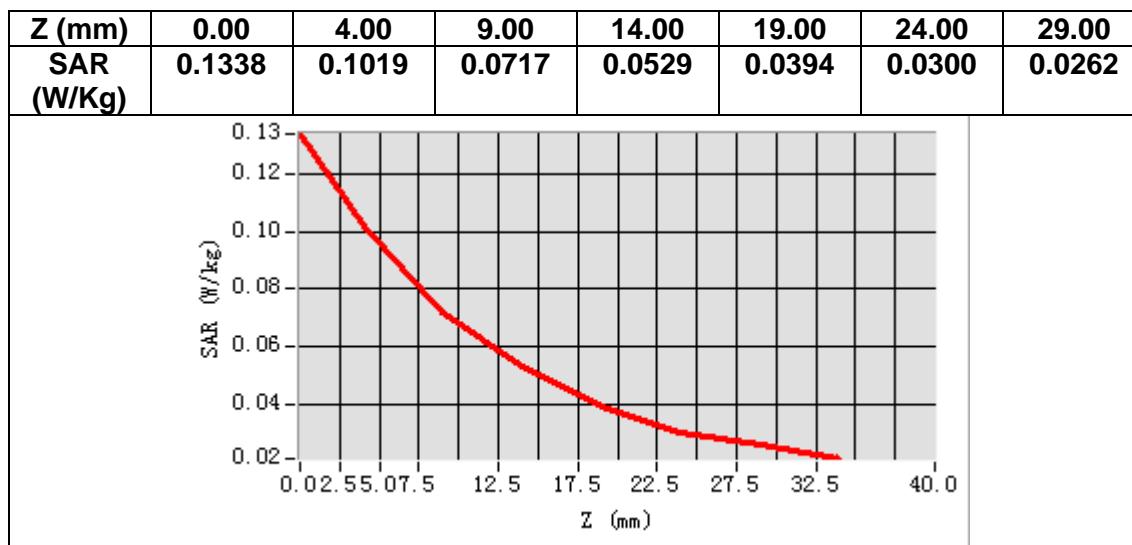
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.434464
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.801094
Conductivity (S/m)	1.441448
Variation (%)	0.170000



Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-54.00
SAR Peak: 0.14 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.063800
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.096399



MEASUREMENT 4

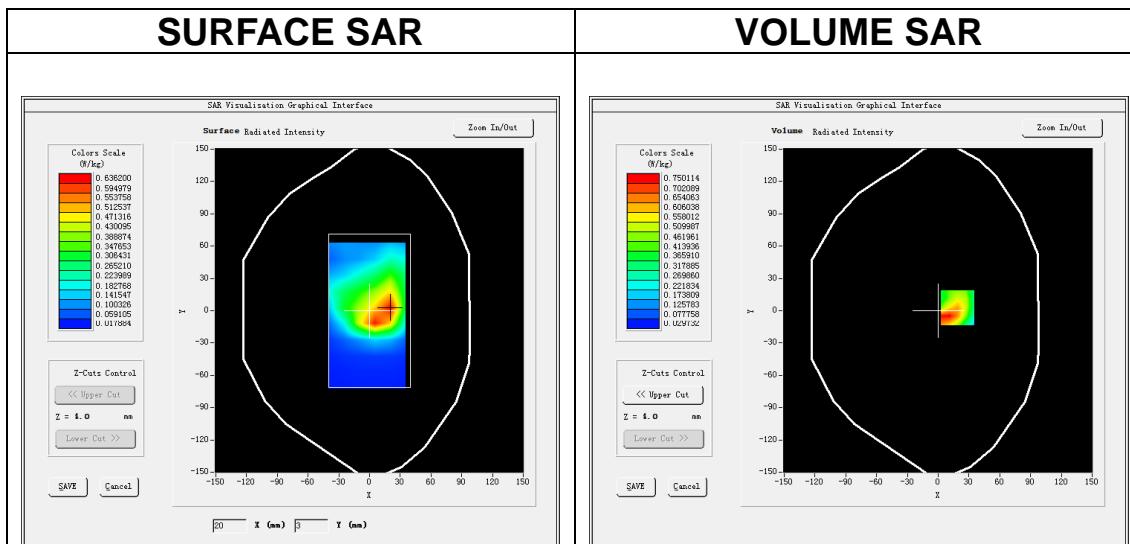
Date of measurement: 8/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>$5\times 5\times 7$, $dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)</u>

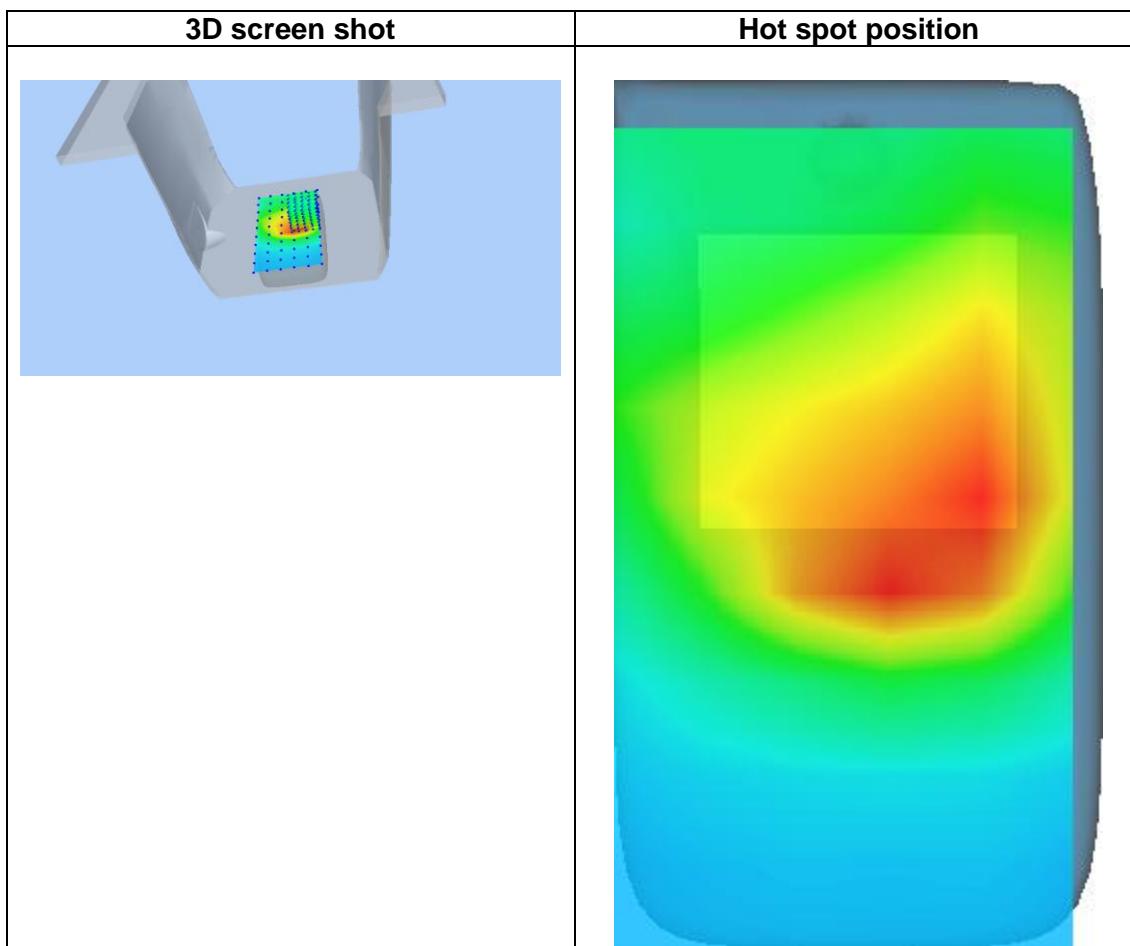
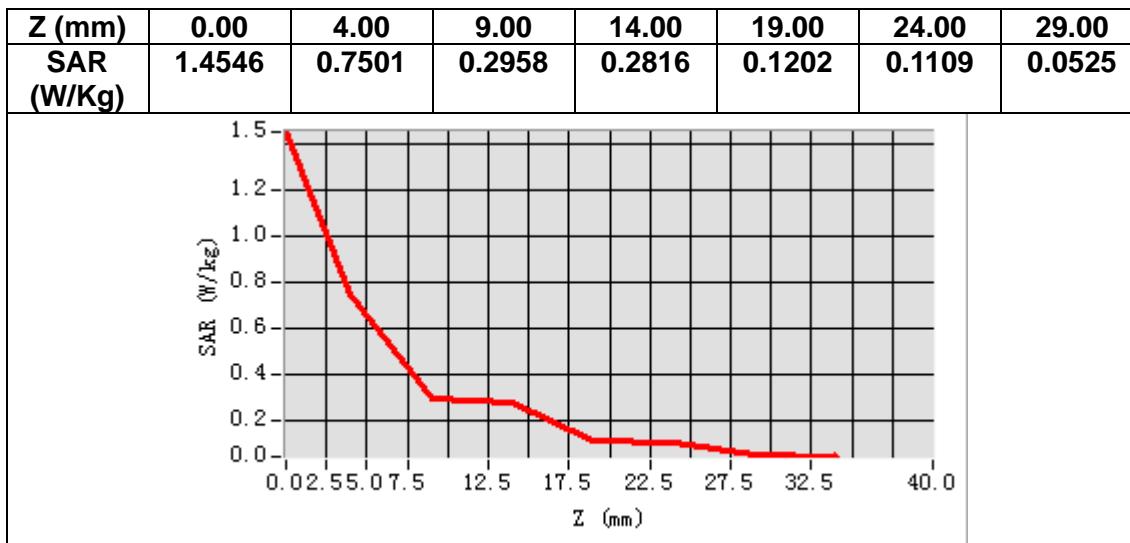
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.434464
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.801094
Conductivity (S/m)	1.441448
Variation (%)	-3.970000



Maximum location: X=19.00, Y=3.00
SAR Peak: 1.17 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.384048
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.688091



MEASUREMENT 5

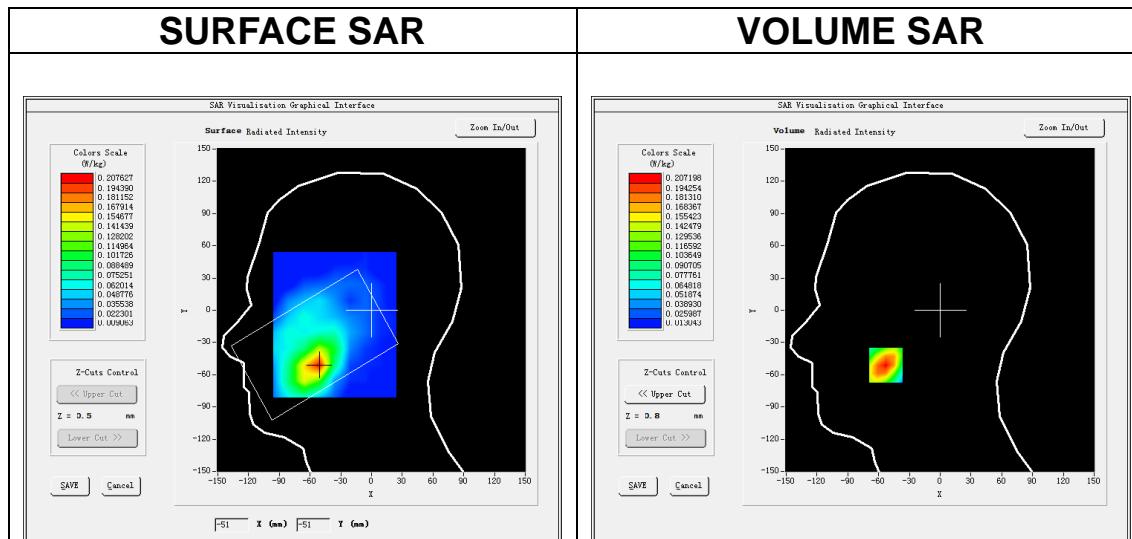
Date of measurement: 8/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5x5x7, dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band2 WCDMA1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.91</u>

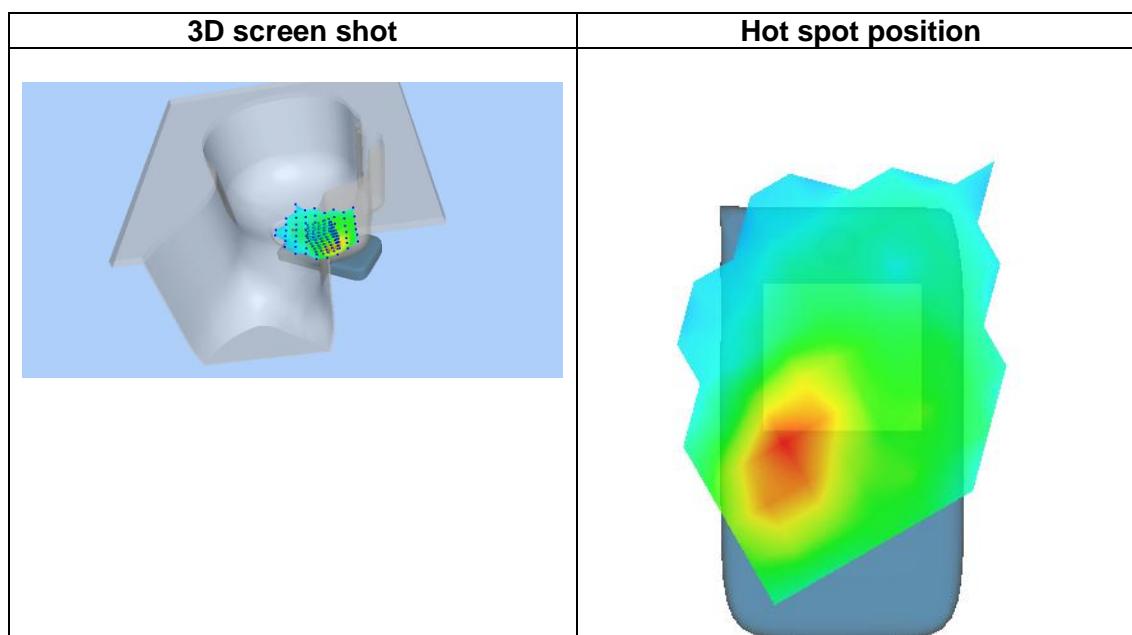
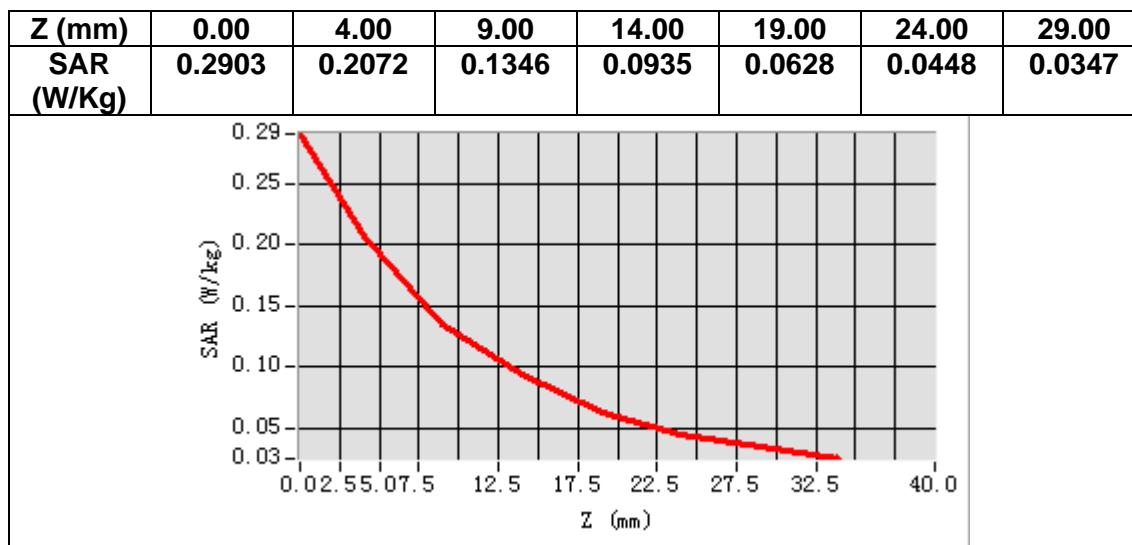
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.434464
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.801094
Conductivity (S/m)	1.441448
Variation (%)	-1.240000



Maximum location: X=-53.00, Y=-51.00
SAR Peak: 0.29 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.120622
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.200834



MEASUREMENT 6

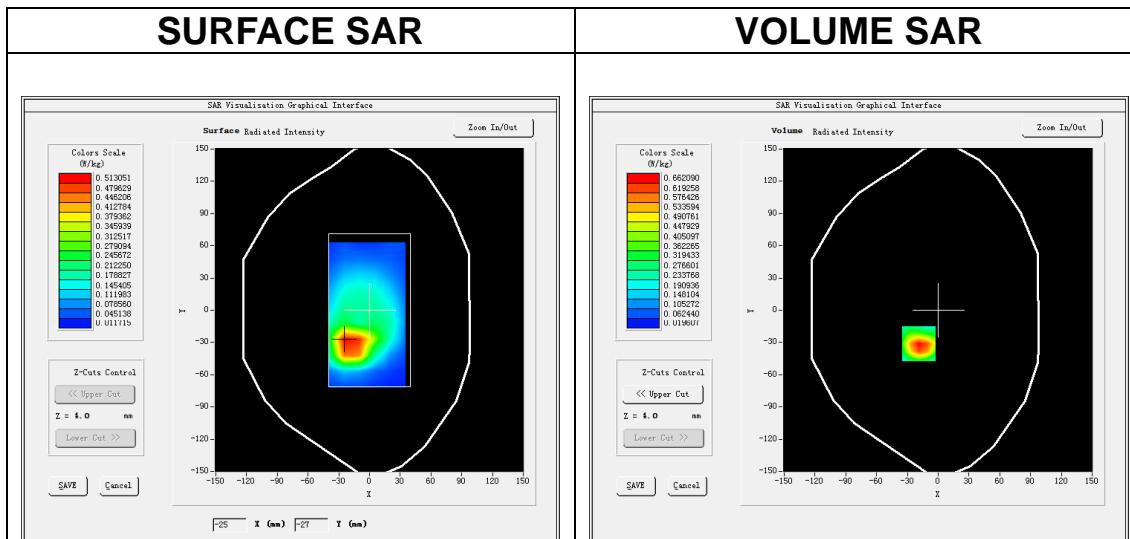
Date of measurement: 8/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5\times 5\times 7$, $dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band2 WCDMA1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.91</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

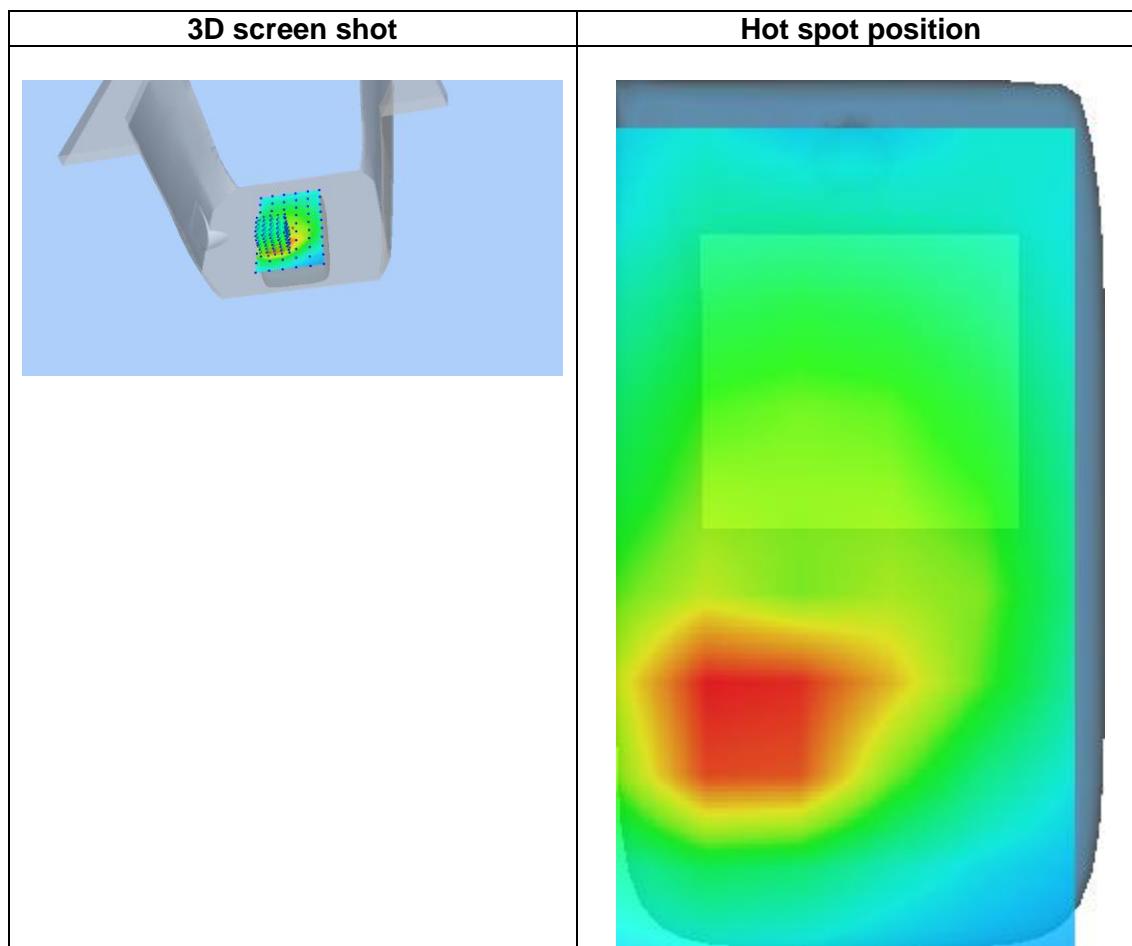
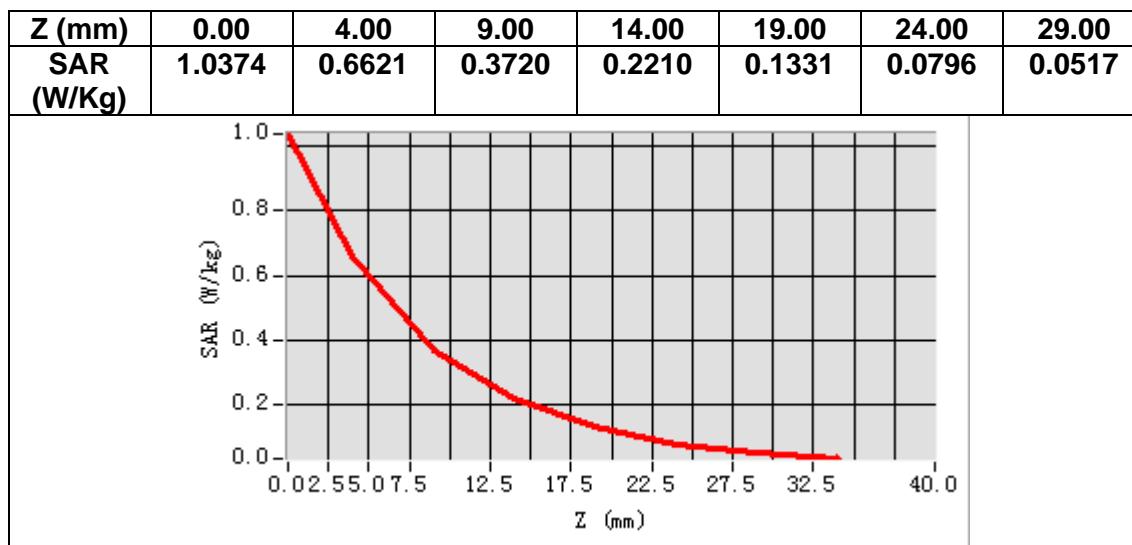
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.434464
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.801094
Conductivity (S/m)	1.441448
Variation (%)	2.850000



Maximum location: X=-19.00, Y=-31.00

SAR Peak: 1.09 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.338080
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.662361



MEASUREMENT 7

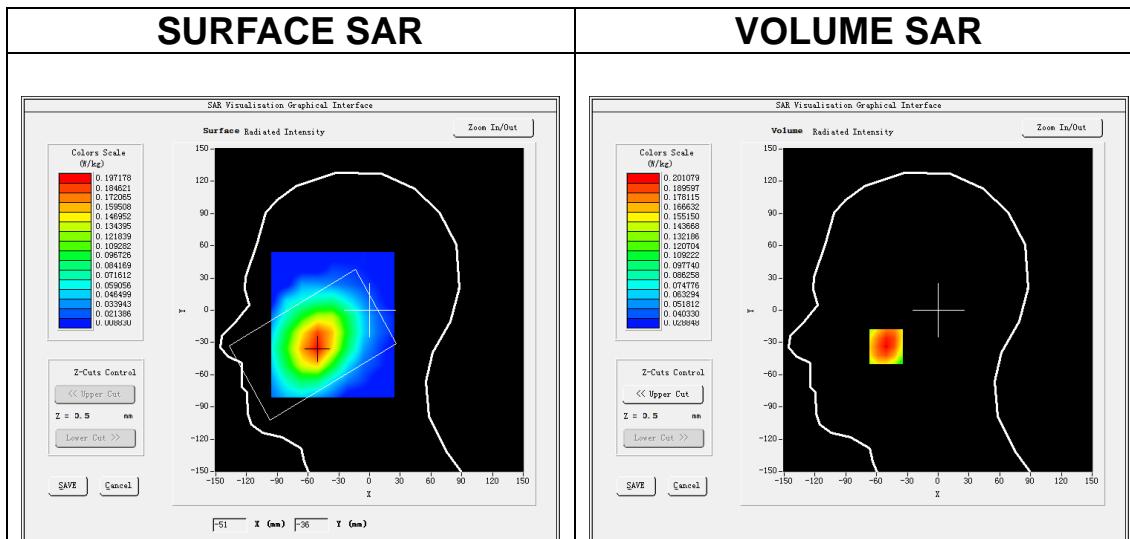
Date of measurement: 20/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5\times 5\times 7$, $dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band5 WCDMA850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.50</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

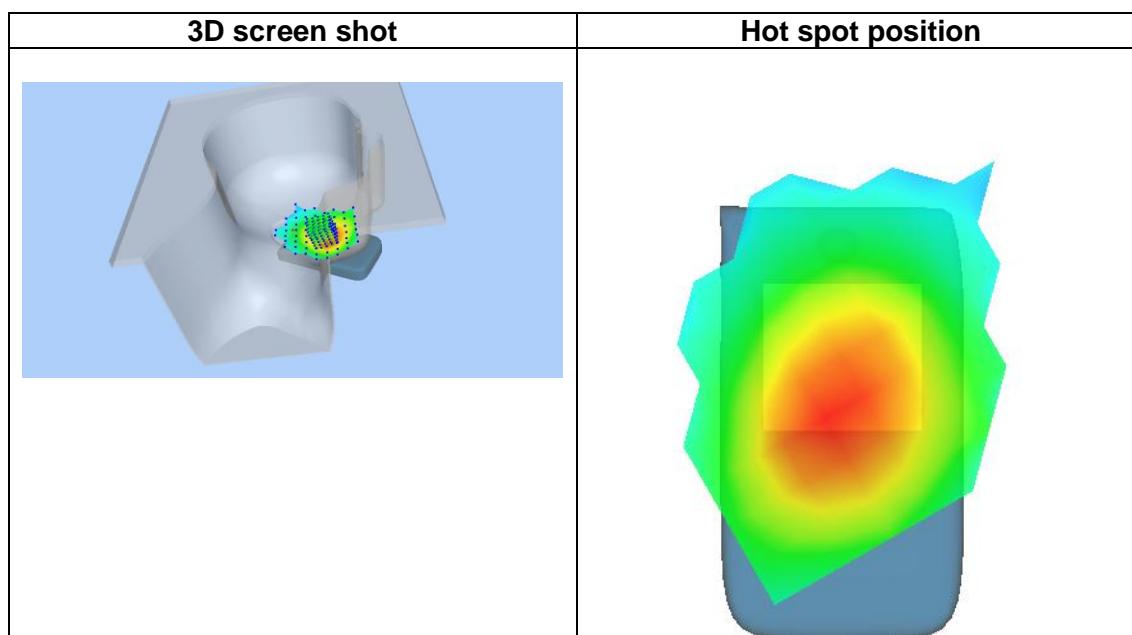
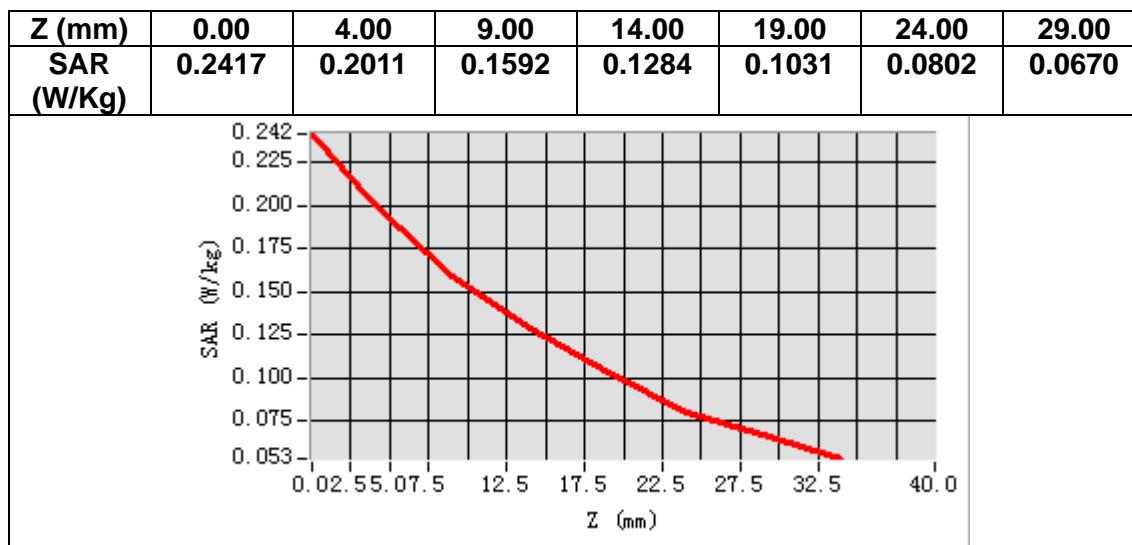
Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.165707
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.826172
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921256
Variation (%)	1.380000



Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-34.00

SAR Peak: 0.24 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.147904
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.197948



MEASUREMENT 8

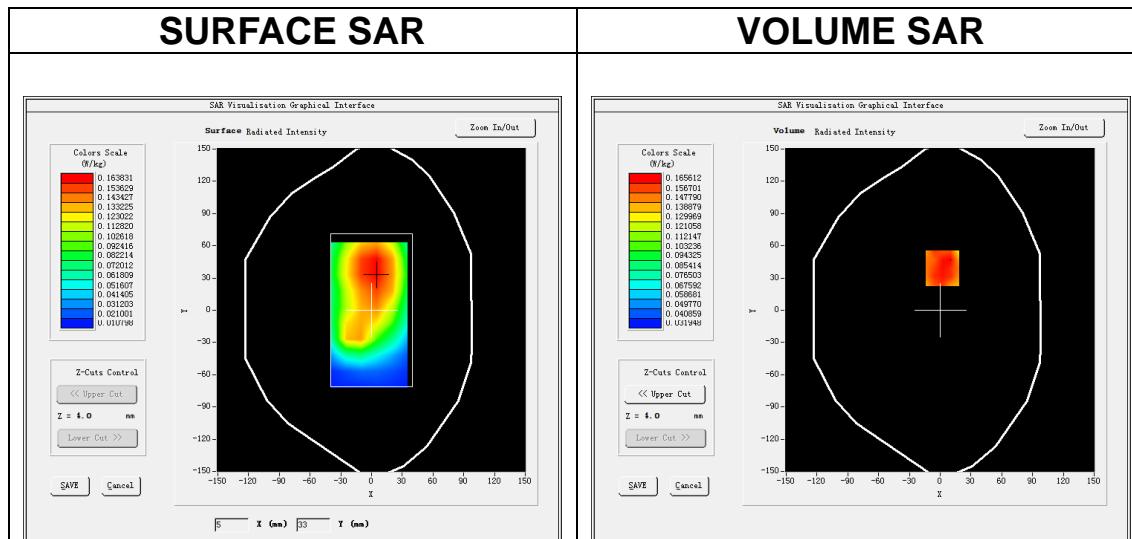
Date of measurement: 20/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5\times 5\times 7, dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band5 WCDMA850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.50</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

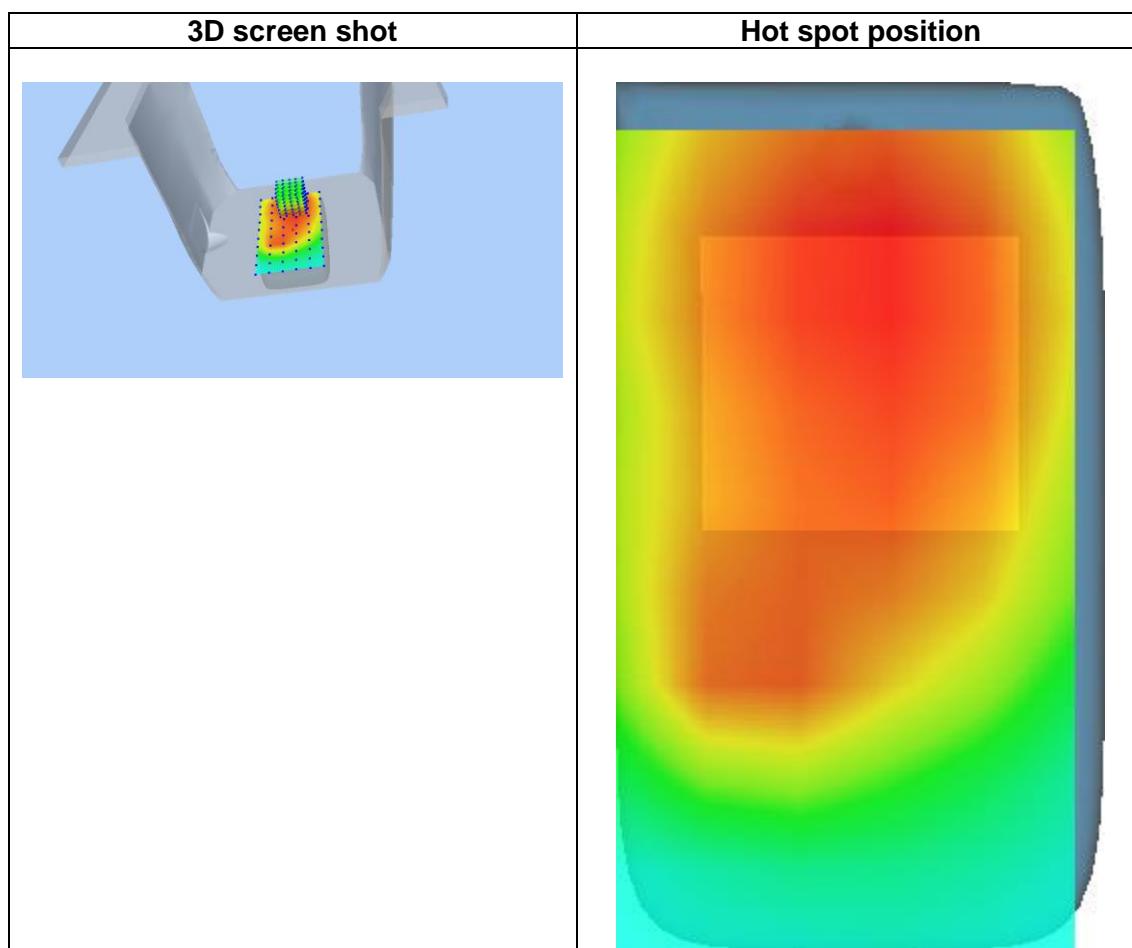
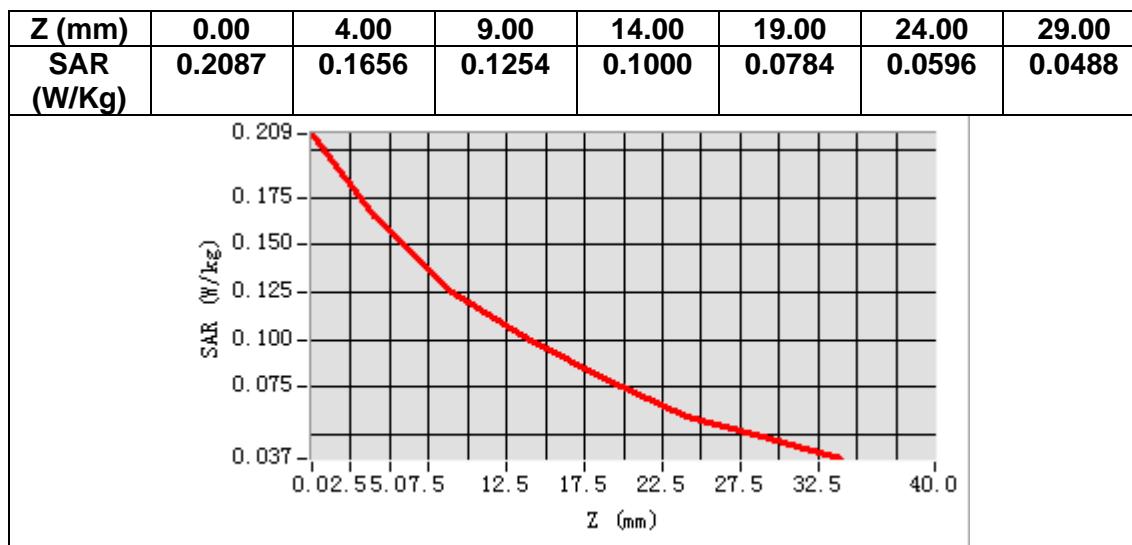
Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.165707
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.826172
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921256
Variation (%)	2.110000



Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=39.00

SAR Peak: 0.22 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.123881
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.166402



MEASUREMENT 9

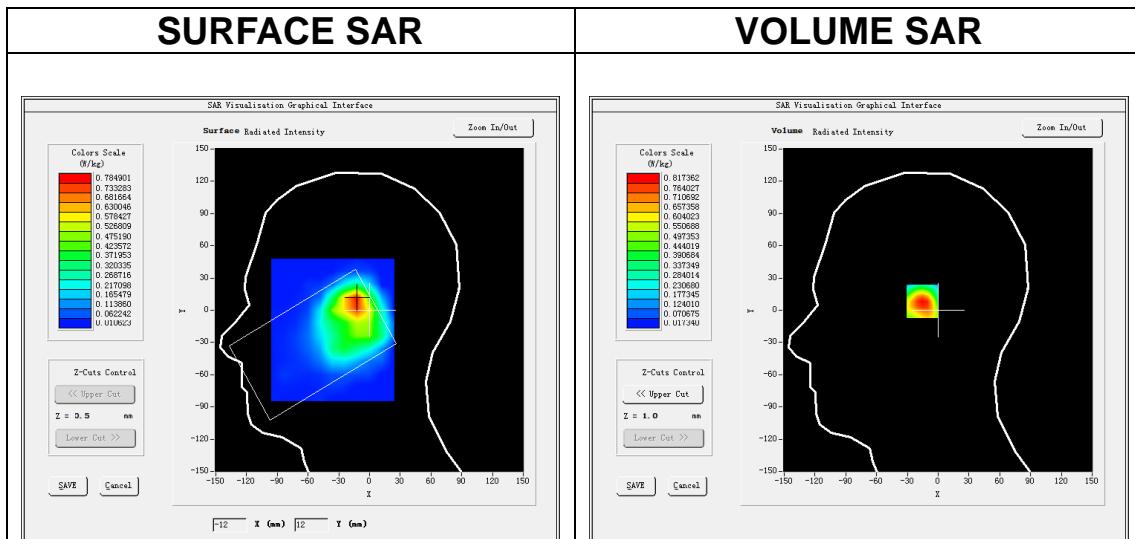
Date of measurement: 18/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=12\text{mm}$ $dy=12\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$7x7x7$, $dx=5\text{mm}$ $dy=5\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.98</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

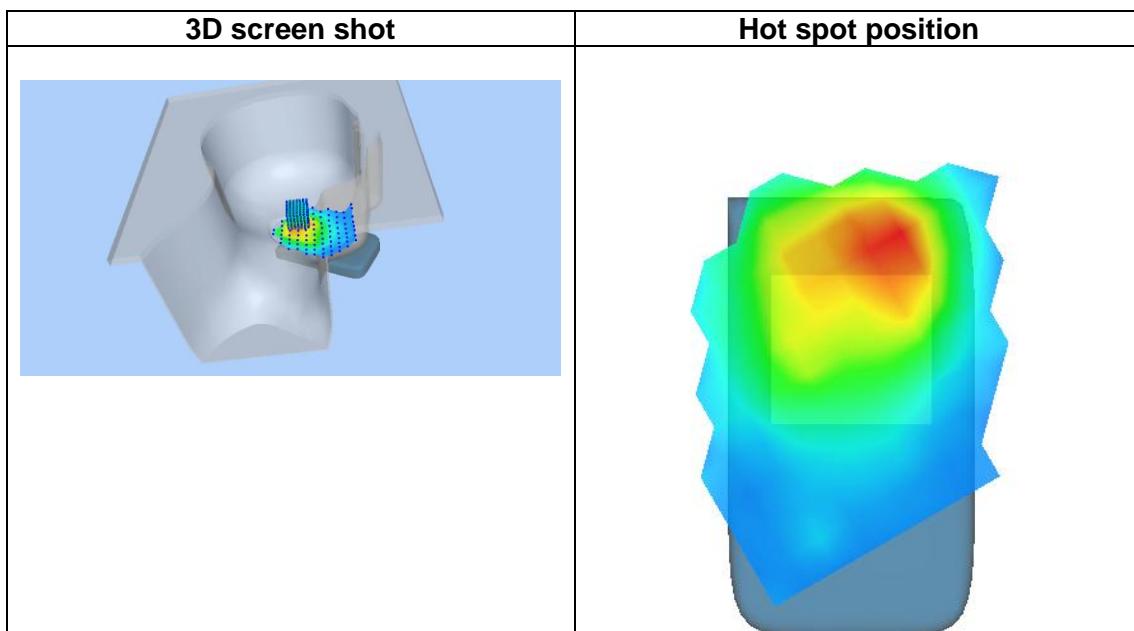
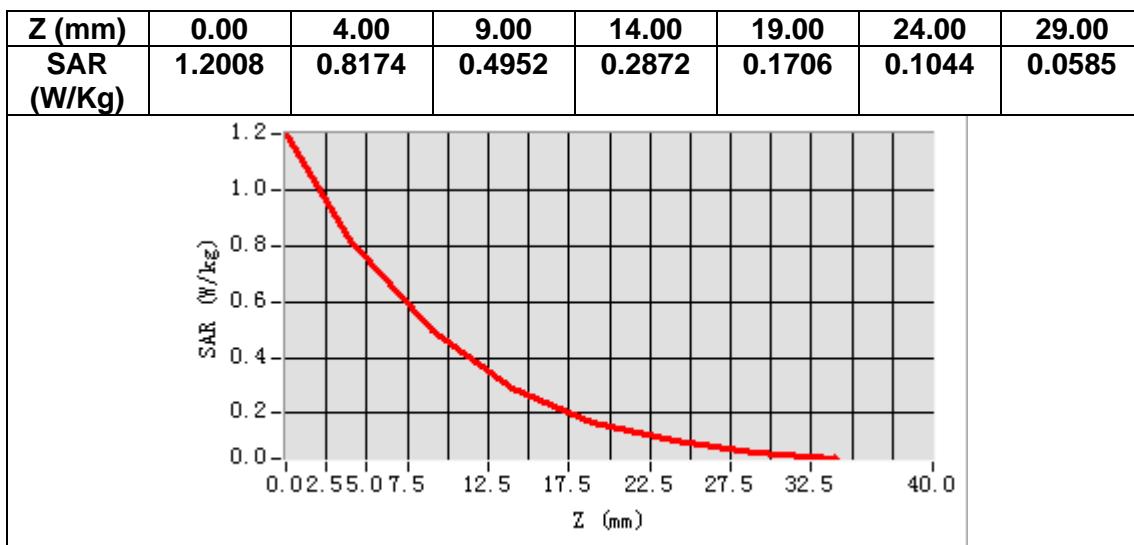
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.723309
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.826927
Conductivity (S/m)	1.736623
Variation (%)	1.070000



Maximum location: X=-13.00, Y=9.00

SAR Peak: 1.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.417707
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.758836



MEASUREMENT 10

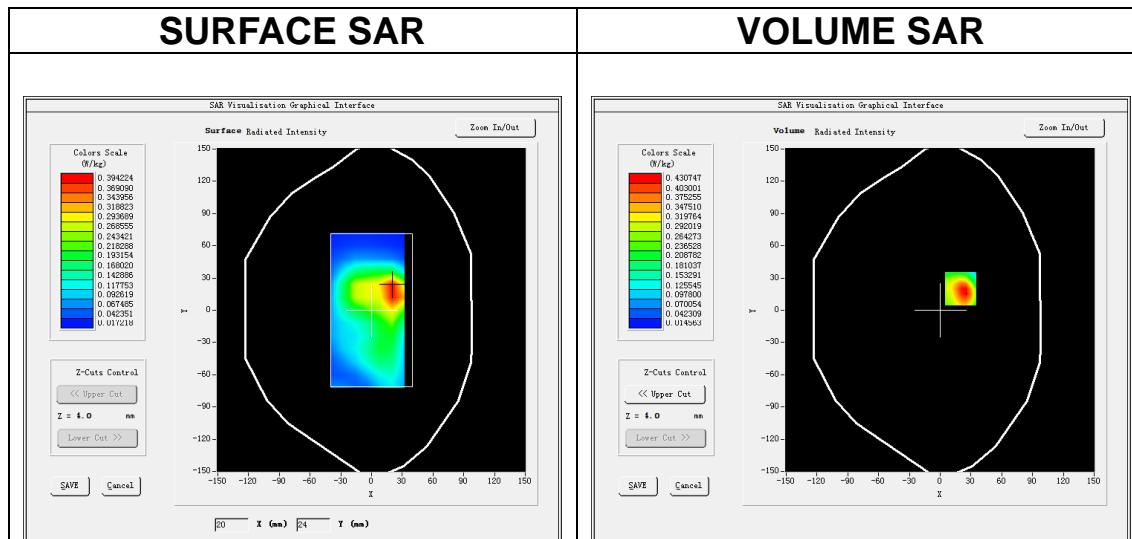
Date of measurement: 18/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=12\text{mm}$ $dy=12\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$7x7x7, dx=5\text{mm}$ $dy=5\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.98</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

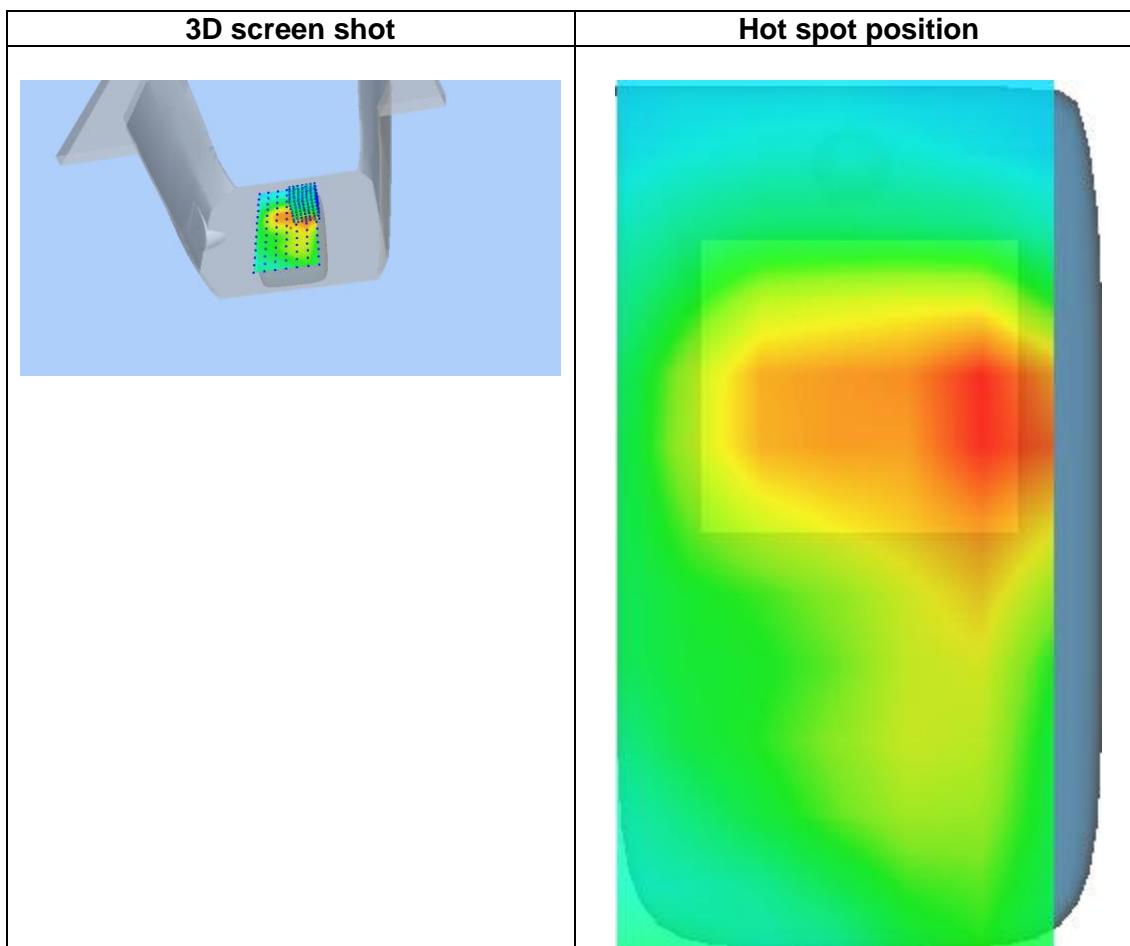
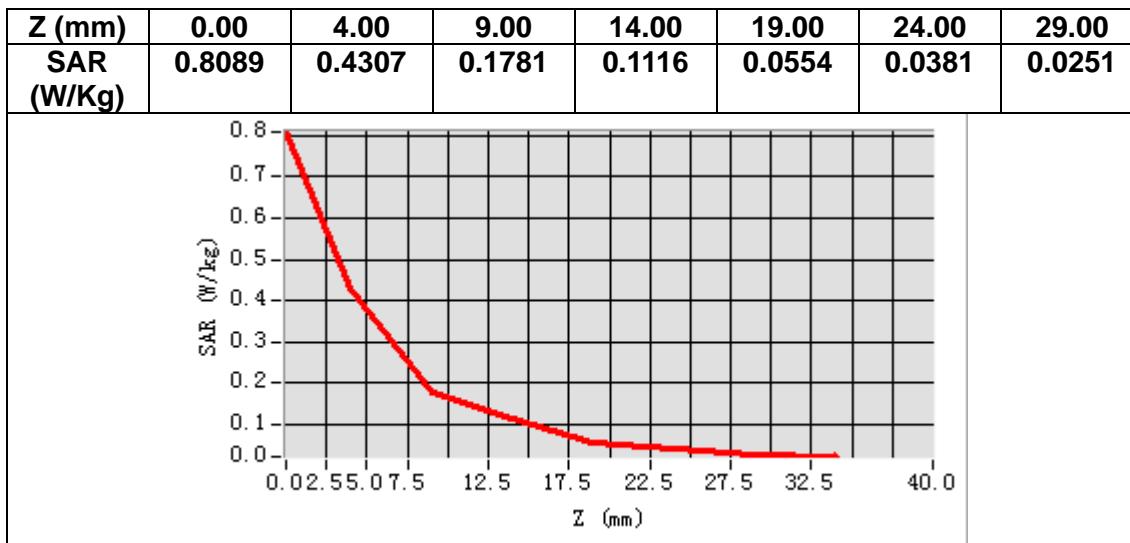
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.723309
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.826927
Conductivity (S/m)	1.736623
Variation (%)	-0.560000



Maximum location: X=20.00, Y=20.00

SAR Peak: 0.73 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.208357
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.409875



MEASUREMENT 11

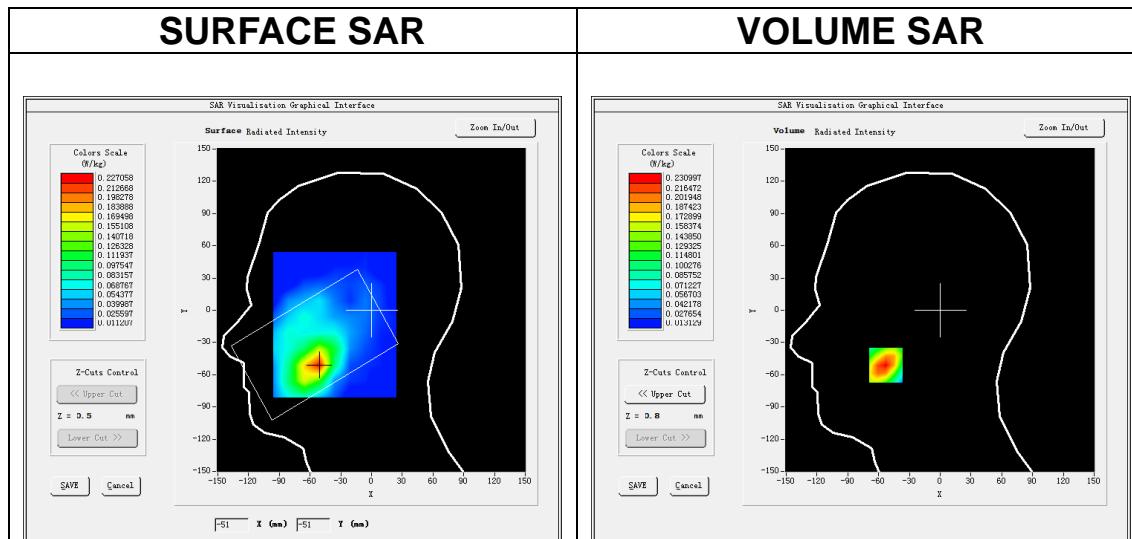
Date of measurement: 8/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5x5x7, dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 2</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.91</u>

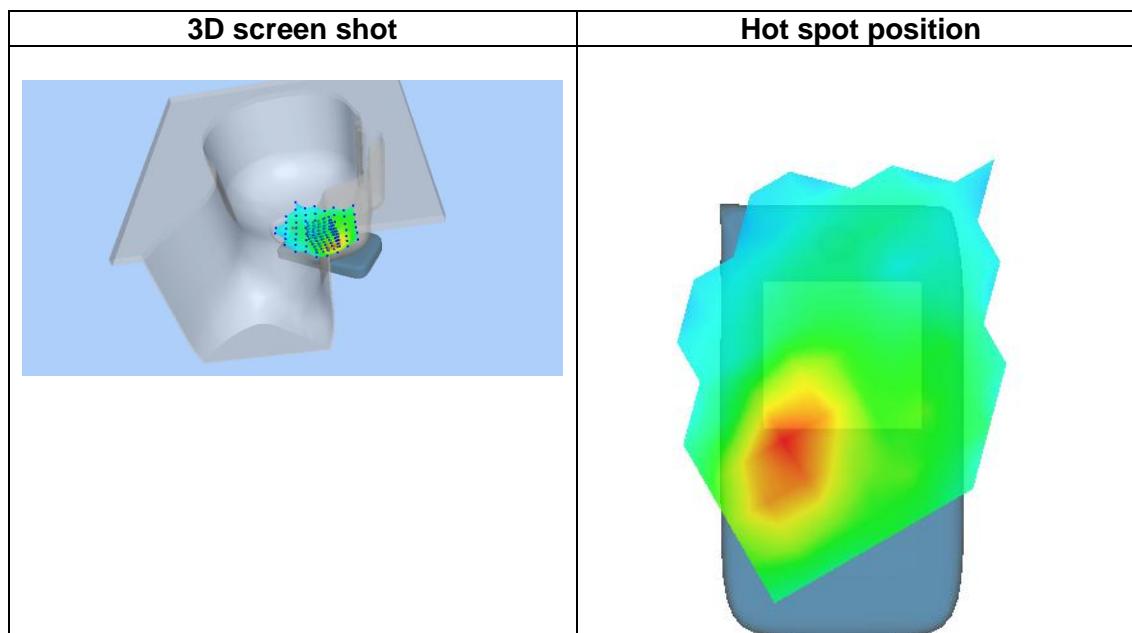
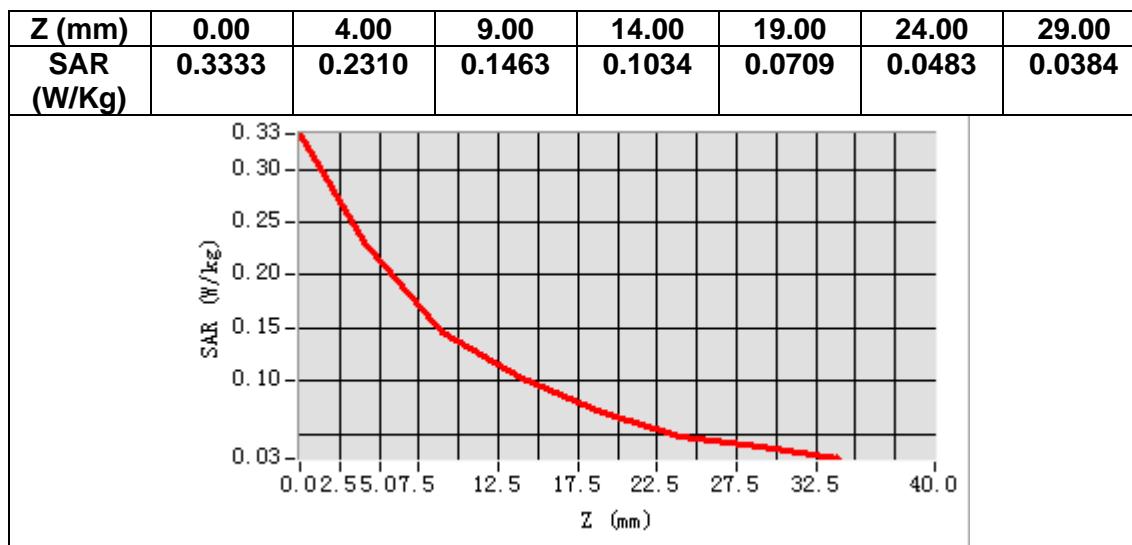
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.434464
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.801094
Conductivity (S/m)	1.441448
Variation (%)	-3.450000



Maximum location: X=-53.00, Y=-51.00
SAR Peak: 0.34 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.134272
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.227105



MEASUREMENT 12

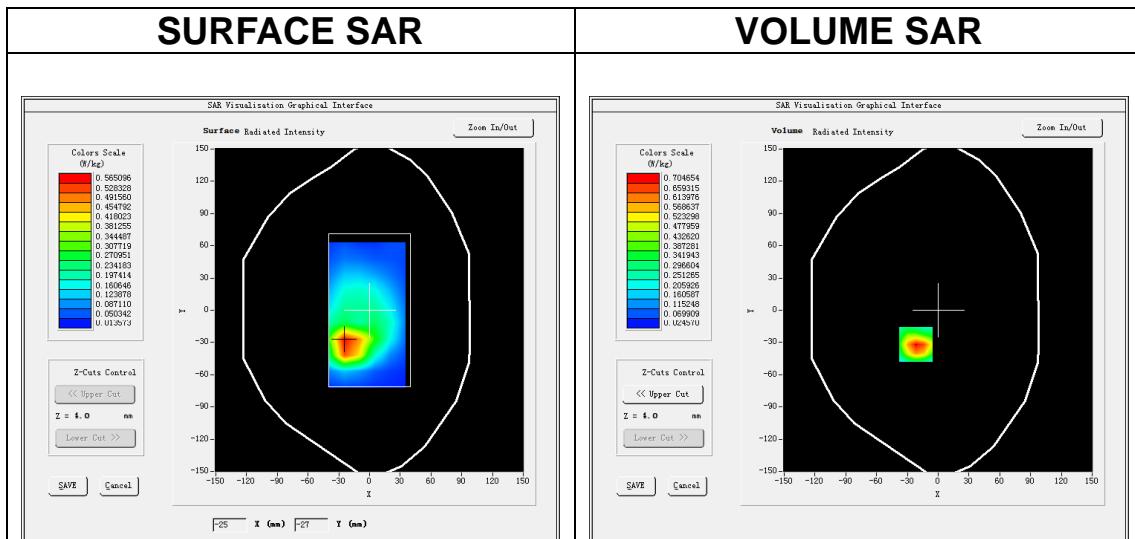
Date of measurement: 8/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5\times 5\times 7$, $dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 2</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.91</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

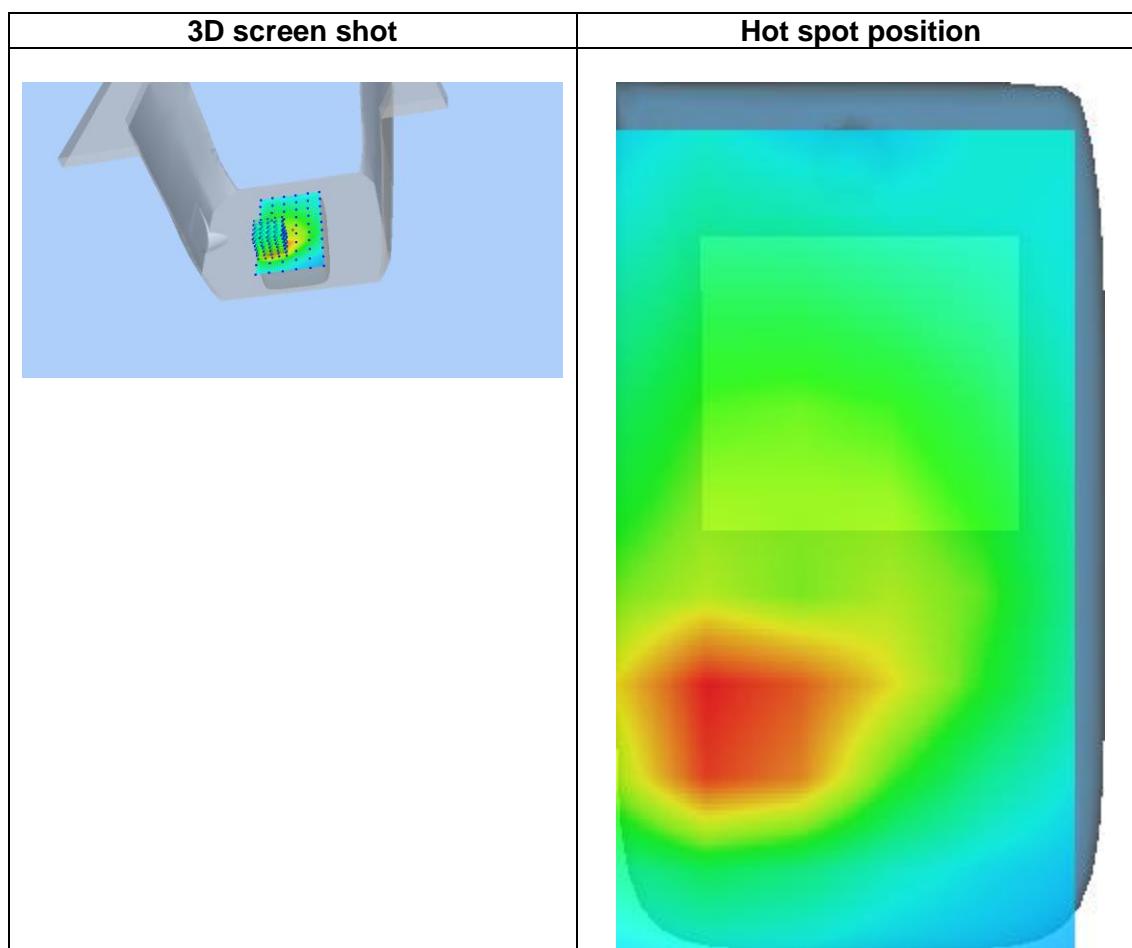
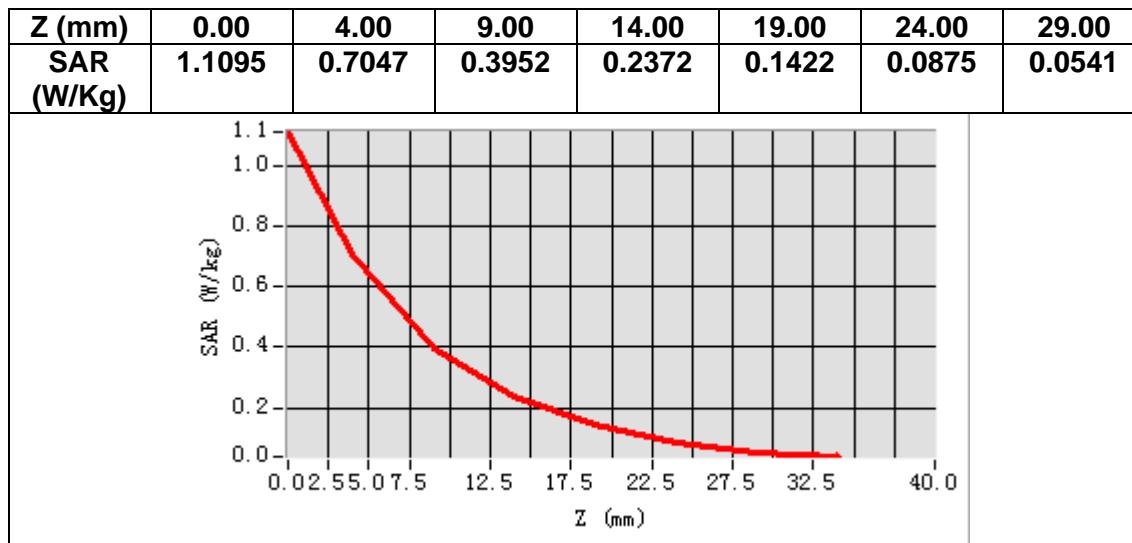
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.434464
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.801094
Conductivity (S/m)	1.441448
Variation (%)	-1.770000



Maximum location: X=-22.00, Y=-32.00

SAR Peak: 1.12 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.355407
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.639056



MEASUREMENT 13

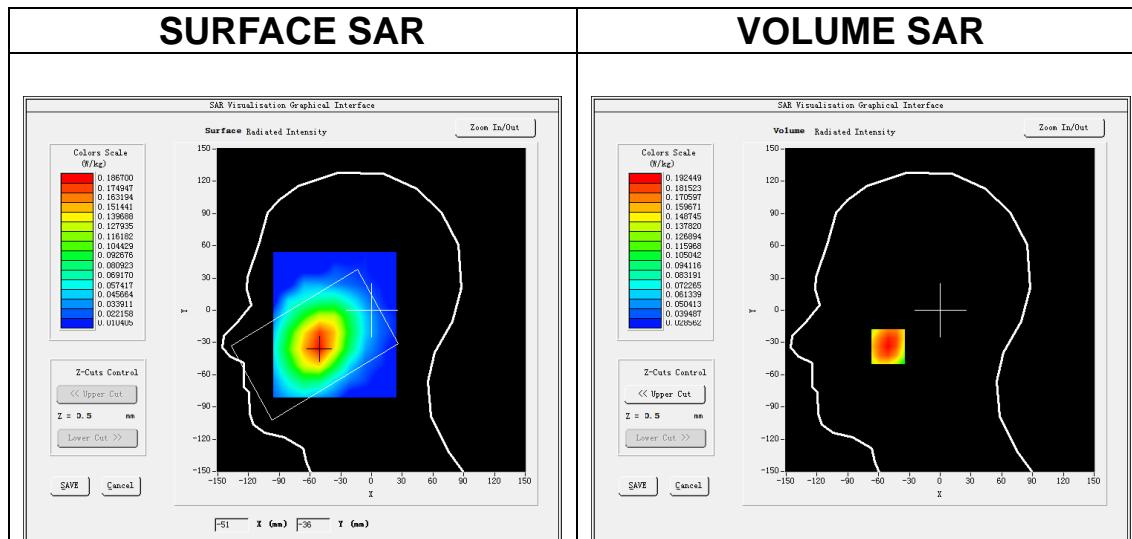
Date of measurement: 20/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5\times 5\times 7$, $dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 5</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.50</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

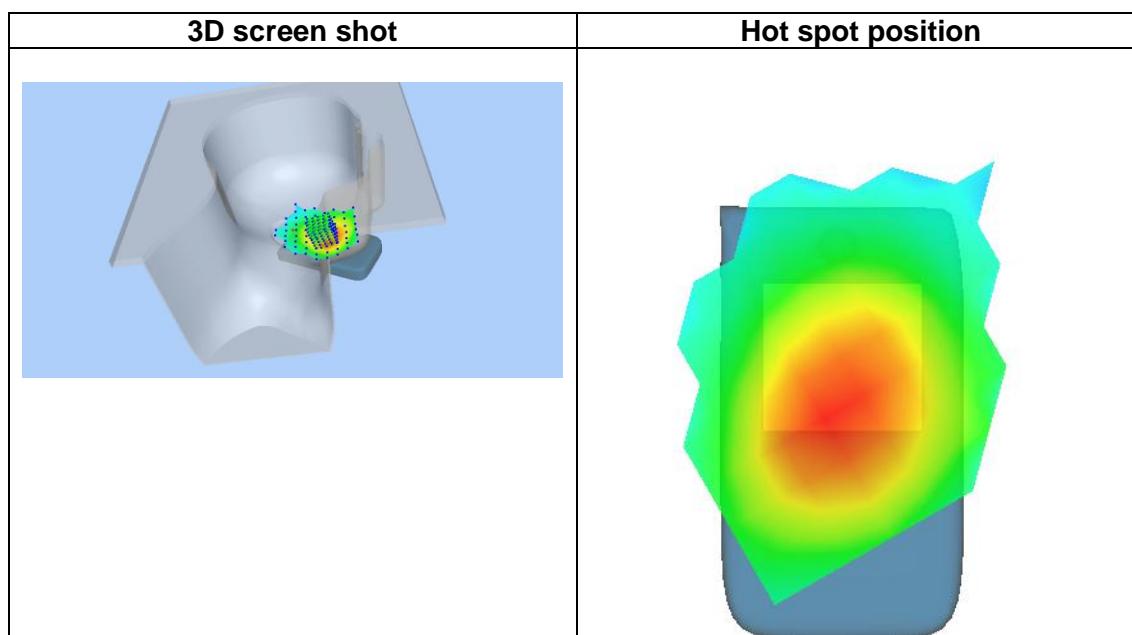
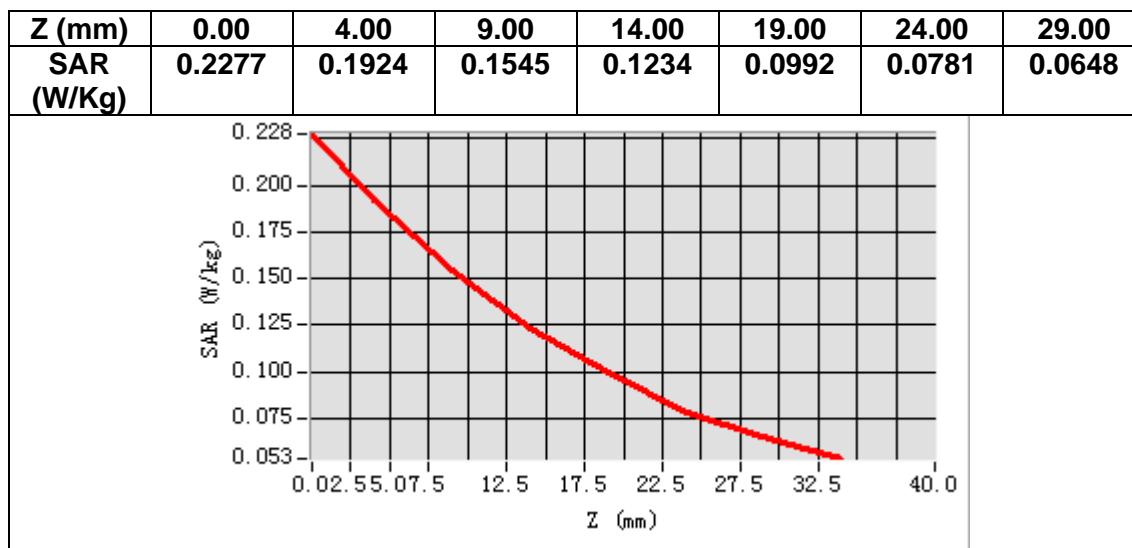
Frequency (MHz)	836.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.168297
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.824831
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921304
Variation (%)	0.050000



Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-34.00

SAR Peak: 0.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.142233
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.189033



MEASUREMENT 14

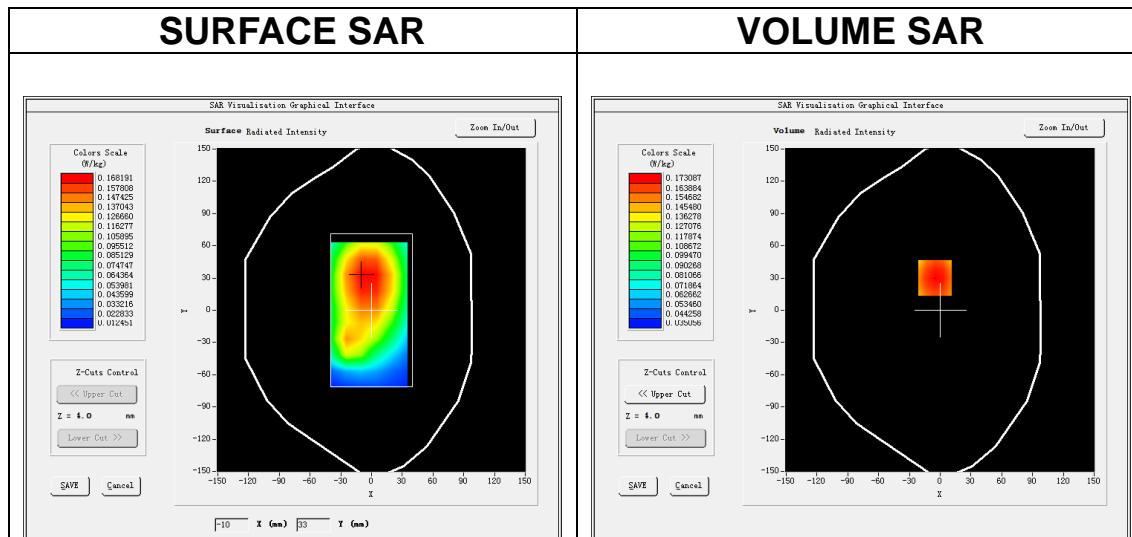
Date of measurement: 20/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5\times 5\times 7$, $dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 5</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.50</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

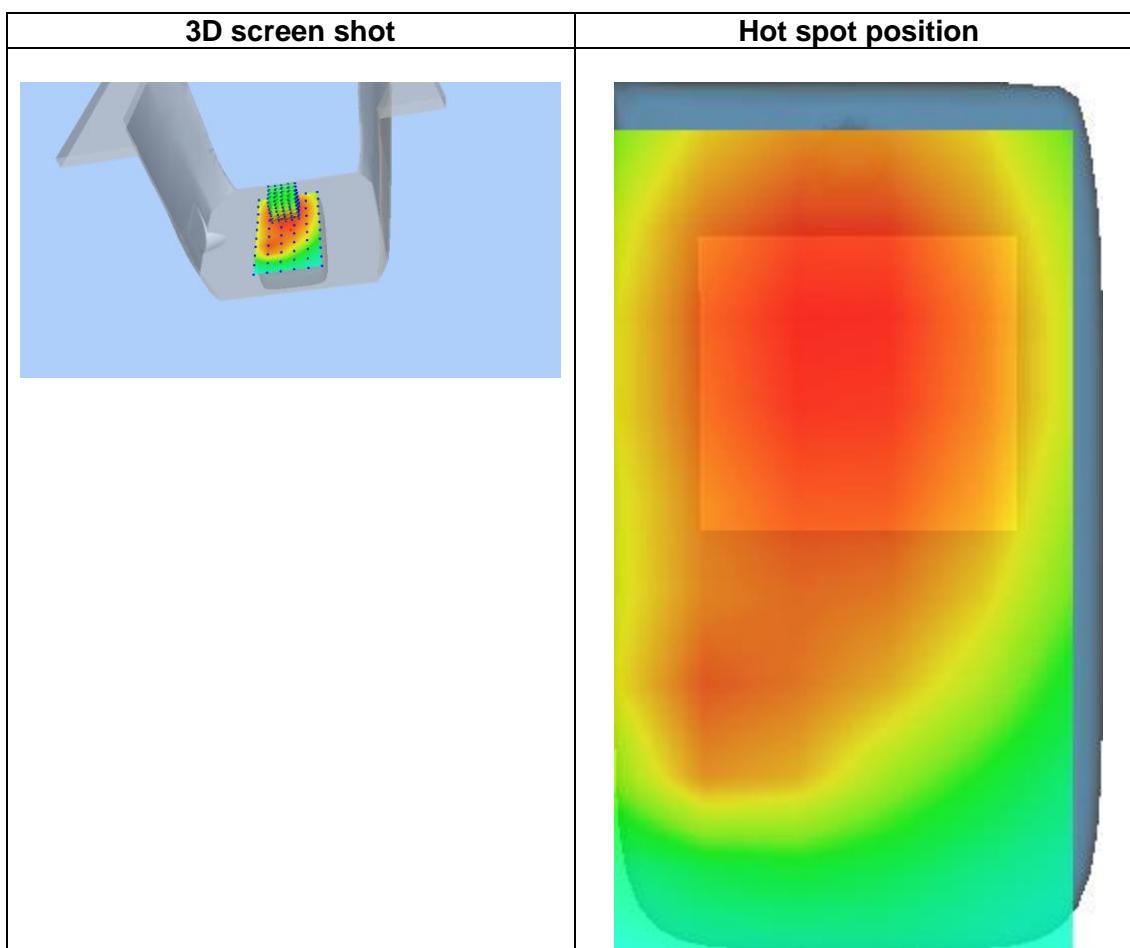
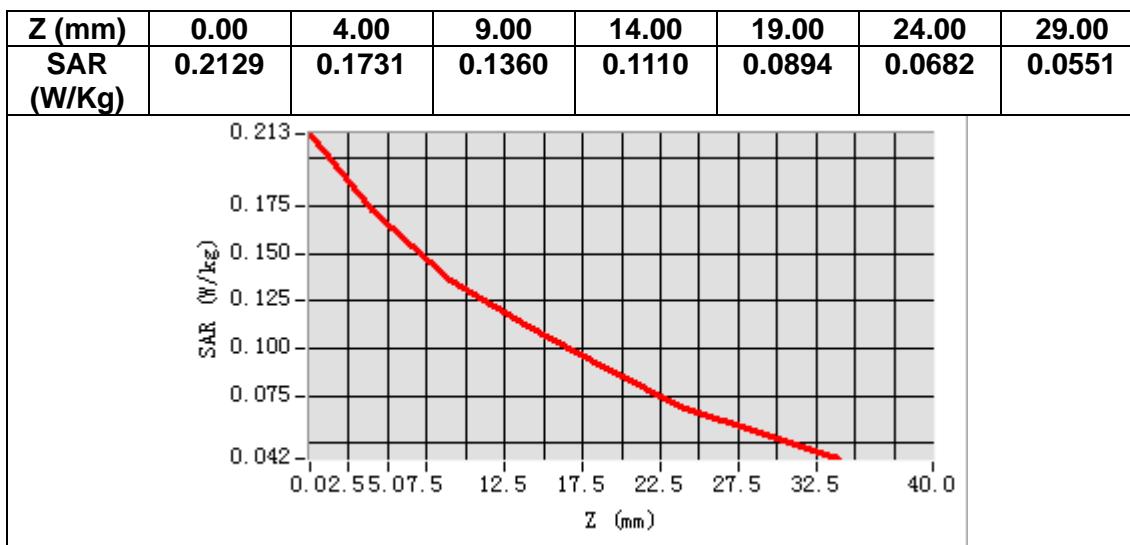
Frequency (MHz)	836.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.168297
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.824831
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921304
Variation (%)	1.310000



Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=30.00

SAR Peak: 0.21 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.130992
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.172474



MEASUREMENT 15

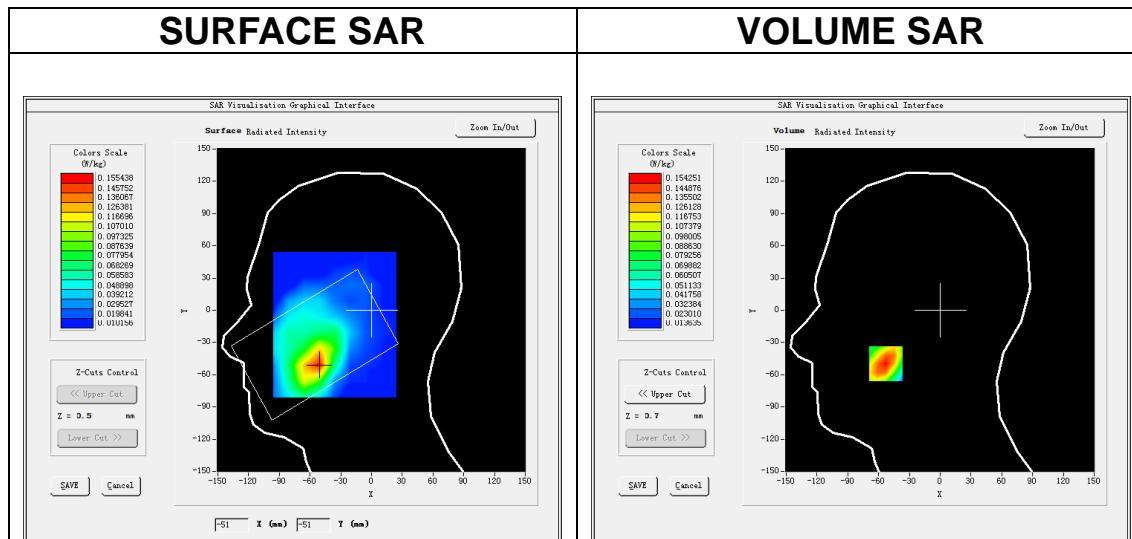
Date of measurement: 14/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5x5x7, dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 66</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.73</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

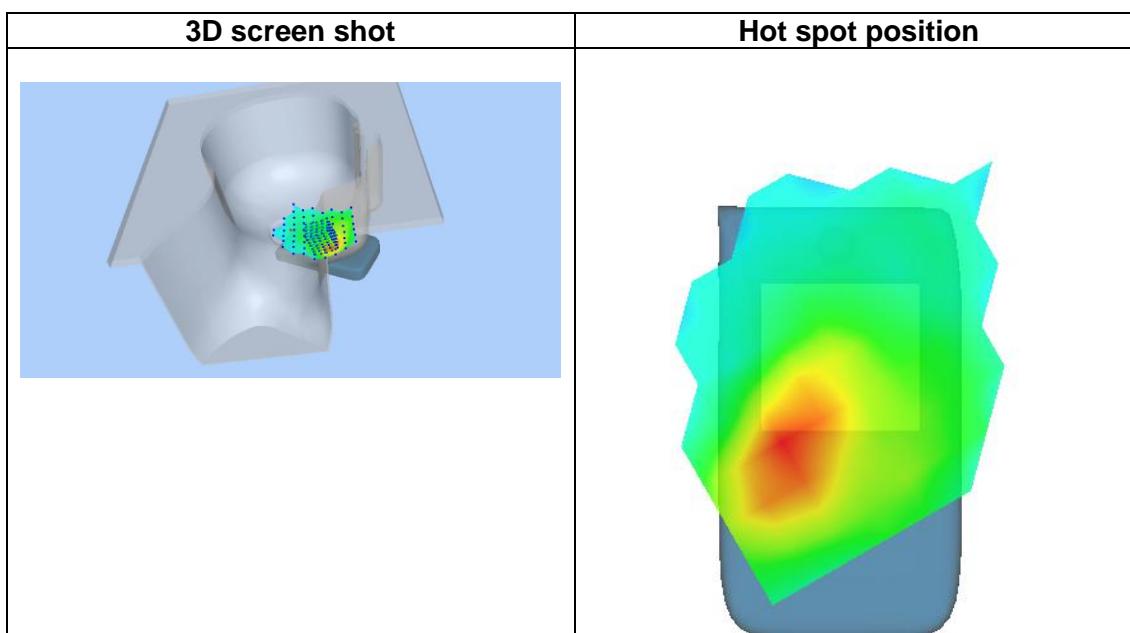
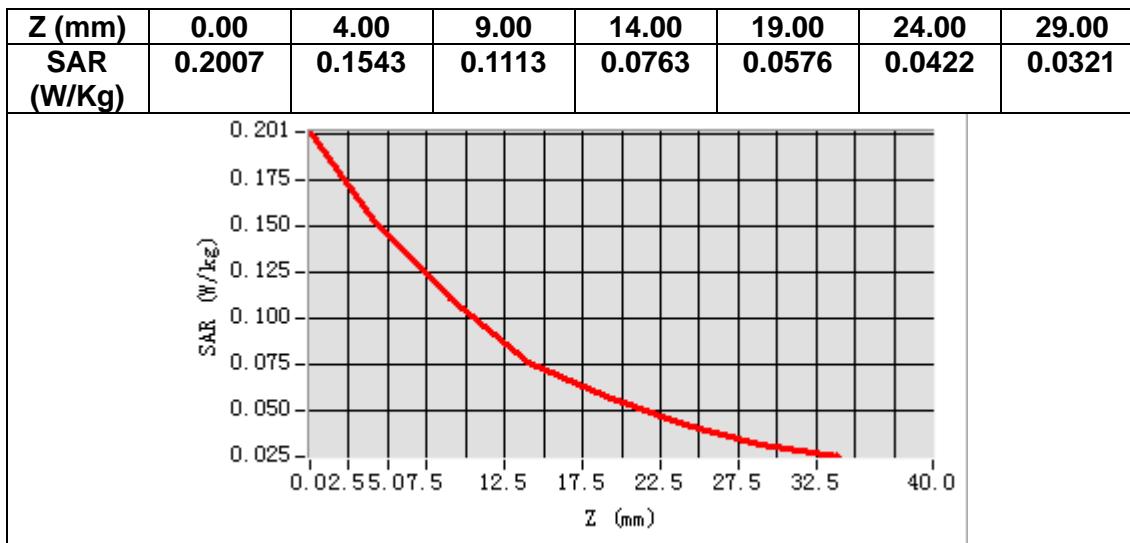
Frequency (MHz)	1745.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.969742
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.652073
Conductivity (S/m)	1.323493
Variation (%)	-2.550000



Maximum location: X=-53.00, Y=-50.00

SAR Peak: 0.20 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.094807
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.145892



MEASUREMENT 16

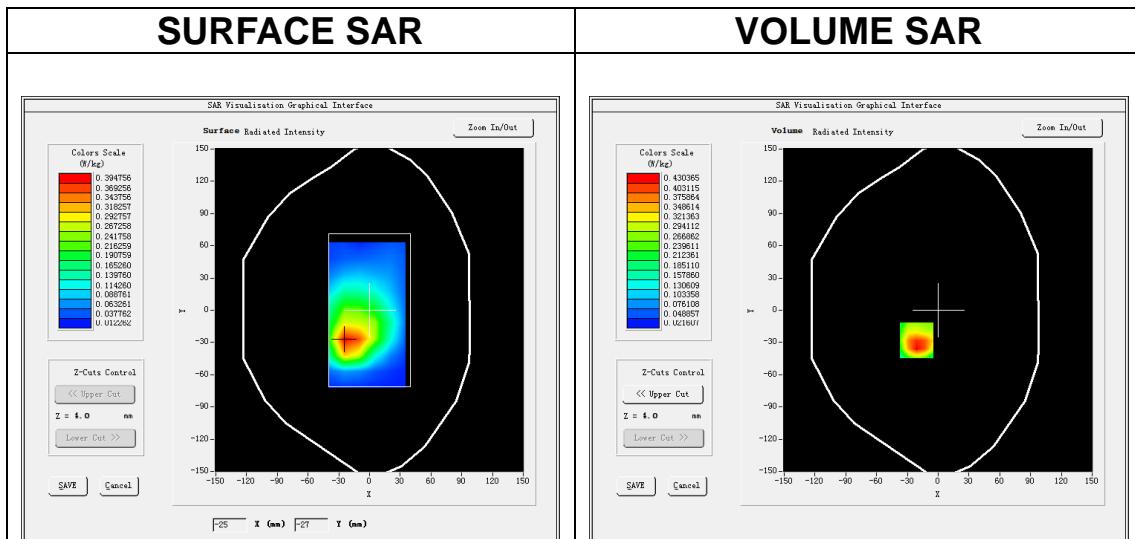
Date of measurement: 14/10/2022

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	$dx=15\text{mm}$ $dy=15\text{mm}$, $h= 5.00 \text{ mm}$
<u>ZoomScan</u>	$5\times 5\times 7$, $dx=8\text{mm}$ $dy=8\text{mm}$ $dz=5\text{mm}$
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 66</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.73</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

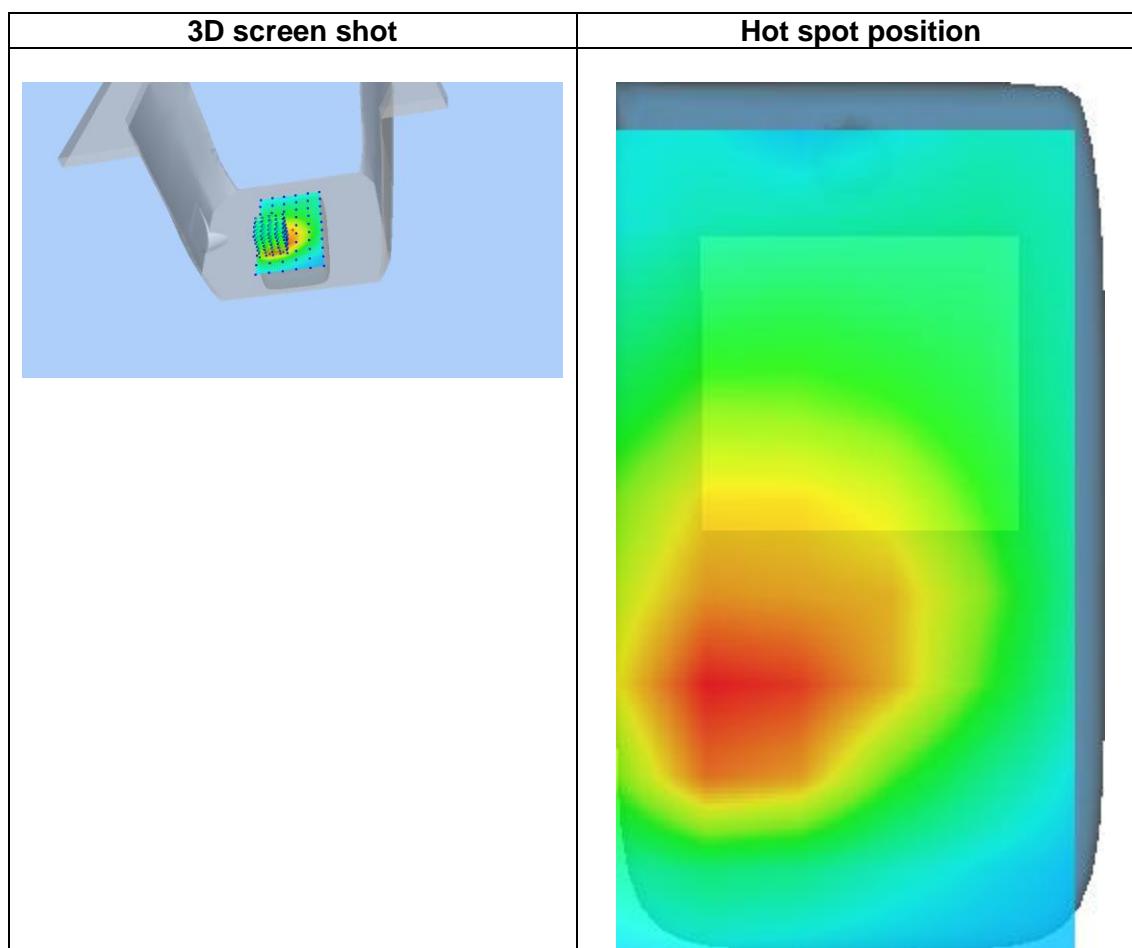
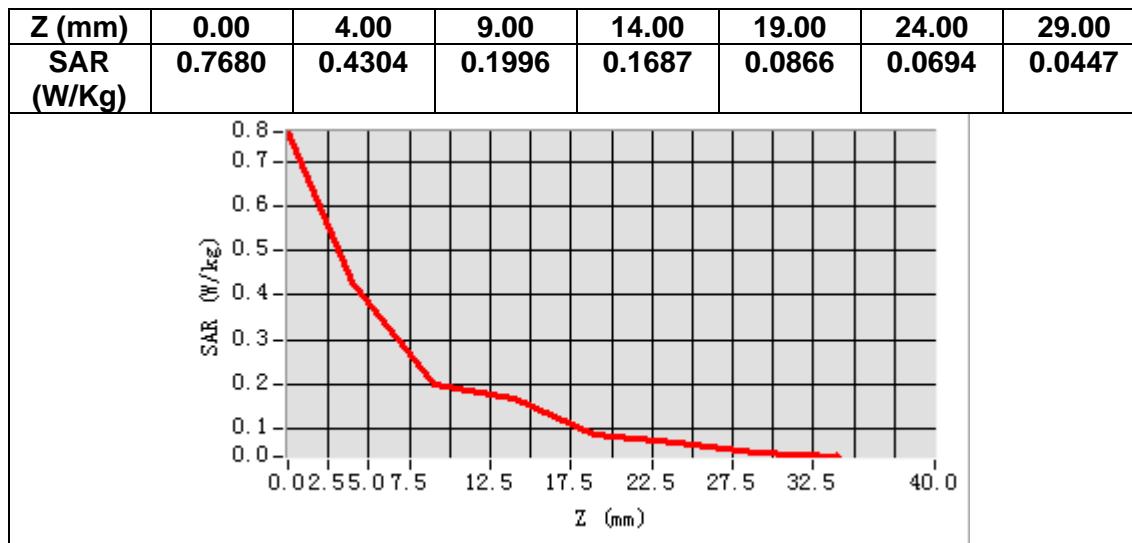
Frequency (MHz)	1745.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.969742
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.652073
Conductivity (S/m)	1.323493
Variation (%)	-1.690000



Maximum location: X=-21.00, Y=-28.00

SAR Peak: 0.66 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.236509
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.419454



14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents

E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287

835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347

1800 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349

1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350

2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352

Extended Calibration Certificate



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

**SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY
CO., LTD.**

**BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPGO287**

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

**Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE**

Calibration date: 02/01/2022



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814
Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref. ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/1/2022	
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/1/2022	
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	2/1/2022	

Mode d'emploi

2022.02.0

110:07:13

+01'00'

PHILIPS

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	2/1/2022	Initial release



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Device Under Test	4
2	Product Description	4
2.1	General Information	4
3	Measurement Method	4
3.1	Linearity	4
3.2	Sensitivity	5
3.3	Lower Detection Limit	5
3.4	Isotropy	5
3.1	Boundary Effect	5
4	Measurement Uncertainty	6
5	Calibration Measurement Results	6
5.1	Sensitivity in air	6
5.2	Linearity	7
5.3	Sensitivity in liquid	8
5.4	Isotropy	9
6	List of Equipment	10



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref. ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 08/16 EPGO287
Product Condition (new / used)	Used
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.211 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.199 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.199 MΩ

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$\text{SAR}_{\text{uncertainty}} [\%] = \frac{\Delta \text{SAR}_{be}}{\text{SAR}_{be}} \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{(e^{-d_{be}/\delta}}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } (d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

ΔSAR_{be}	is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect
d_{be}	is the distance between the surface and the closest <i>zoom-scan</i> measurement point, in millimetre
Δ_{step}	is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible
δ	is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;
SAR_{be}	in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.