Analysis Report

The Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a portable 2.4GHz BLE Transceiver for a BLE Training Drone. The sample supplied operated on 40 channels, normally at 2402 - 2480MHz. The channels are separated with 2MHz spacing.

The EUT is powered by 1 x 3.7V Lithium Polymer battery. After switching on the EUT, the EUT, the training drone can be paired up with a smartphone together with either the spectre or havoc. The spectre or havoc will be further paired up with the beacon using the 2.4GHz module. The training drone and beacon will be used as shooting target to play different shooting game based on the signals received by the paired smartphone from the beacon and the training drone.

Antenna Type: Internal integral antenna
Antenna Gain: 0dBi
Nominal rated field strength: 61.8dBµV/m at 3m
Maximum allowed field strength of production tolerance: +/- 3dB

According to the KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

Based on the Maximum allowed average field strength of production tolerance was 64.8dBµV/m at 3m.

Thus, it below calculated field strength according to minimum SAR exclusion threshold level as follows:

For mobile devices that are not exempt per Table B.1 [Table 1 of § 1.1307(b)(1)(i)(C)] at distances from 20 cm to 40 cm and in 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz, evaluation of compliance with the exposure limits in § 1.1310 is necessary if the ERP of the device is greater than ERP_{20cm} in Formula (B.1) [repeated from § 2.1091(c)(1) and § 1.1307(b)(1)(i)(B)].

$$P_{th}\,(\text{mW}) = ERP_{20\,cm}\,(\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3\ \text{GHz} \le f < 1.5\ \text{GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5\ \text{GHz} \le f \le 6\ \text{GHz} \end{cases} \qquad \text{(B. 1)}$$

If the ERP is not easily obtained, then the available maximum time-averaged power may be used (i.e., without consideration of ERP only if the physical dimensions of the radiating structure(s) do not exceed the electrical length of λ/4 or if the antenna gain is less than that of a half-wave dipole.

$$P_{\text{th}}\ (\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20\ \text{cm}}(d/20\ \text{cm})^{x} & d \le 20\ \text{cm} \\ ERP_{20\ \text{cm}} & 20\ \text{cm} < d \le 40\ \text{cm} \end{cases} \quad \text{(B. 2)}$$

where

$$x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20\ \text{cm}}\sqrt{f}}\right)$$

and f is in GHz, d is the separation distance (cm), and $ERP_{20\text{cm}}$ is per Formula (B.1). The example values shown in Table B.2 are for illustration only.

Table B.2—Example Power Thresholds (mW)

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (mm)										
	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
300	39	65	88	110	129	148	166	184	201	217
450	22	44	67	89	112	135	158	180	203	226
835	9	25	44	66	90	116	145	175	207	240
1900	3	12	26	44	66	92	122	157	195	236
2450	3	10	22	38	59	83	111	143	179	219
3600	2	8	18	32	49	71	96	125	158	195
5800	1	6	14	25	40	58	80	106	136	169

The worst case of SAR Exclusion Threshold Level at 2.48GHz with distance 5mm:
= 2.717mW

According to the KDB 412172 D01:
EIRP = [(FS*D) ^2*1000 / 30]

Calculated Field Strength for 2.717mW is 99.6dBuV/m @3m

Since maximum average field strength plus production tolerance < = 99.6dBuV/m @3m and antenna gain is > = 0.0dBi, it is concluded that maximum Conducted Power and Field Strength are well below the SAR Exclusion threshold level, so the EUT is considered to comply with SAR requirement without testing.