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## Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation

According to KDB 447498 D01v06 section 4.3.1, For frequencies between 100 MHz to 6GHz and test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm, the Numeric threshold is determined as:

Step a)

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot \left[\sqrt{f(GHz)}\right] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR

>> The fundamental frequency of the EUT is 2402-2480MHz, the test separation distance is ≤ 50mm. (Manufacturer specified the separation distance is: 20mm)

Step a)

- >> Numeric threshold (2402MHz), mW / 20mm \*  $\sqrt{2.402GHz} \le 3.0$ Numeric threshold (2402MHz)  $\le 38.713$ mW
- >> Numeric threshold (2440MHz), mW / 20mm \*  $\sqrt{2.440}$ GHz  $\leq 3.0$ Numeric threshold (2440MHz)  $\leq 38.411$ mW
- >> Numeric threshold (2480MHz), mW / 20mm \*  $\sqrt{2.480}$ GHz  $\leq$  3.0 Numeric threshold (2480MHz)  $\leq$  38.100mW
- >> The power of EUT measured (2402MHz) is: 0.92dBm = 1.236mW The power of EUT measured (2440MHz) is: 0.89dBm = 1.227mW The power of EUT measured (2480MHz) is: 0.17dBm = 1.040mW

Which is smaller than the Numeric threshold. Therefore, the device is exempt from stand-alone SAR test requirements.

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