



Shenzhen CTA Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

Room 106, Building 1, Yibaolai Industrial Park, Qiaotou Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

# TEST REPORT

FCC Part 27

Report Reference No.....: CTA22070500309

FCC ID.....: 039VRTK

Compiled by

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Date of issue.....: Aug. 01, 2022

Testing Laboratory Name .....: Shenzhen CTA Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

Address .....: Room 106, Building 1, Yibaolai Industrial Park, Qiaotou Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

Applicant's name .....: Hi-Target Surveying Instrument Co., Ltd

Address .....: 202, BLDG 13, Tian'An HQ Center, No.555 North Panyu RD. Donghuan Block, Panyu District, 511400 Guangzhou, China.

Test specification .....


FCC CFR Title 47 Part 2, Part 27

Standard .....: ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016  
KDB 971168 D01

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Test item description.....: GNSS RTK Receiver

Trade Mark .....:  **Hi-Target**

Manufacturer .....: Hi-Target Surveying Instrument Co., Ltd

Model/Type reference.....: vRTK

Listed Models .....: N/A

Ratings .....: DC 7.2V From Battery and DC 5.0-5.5V From external circuit

Modulation .....: QPSK, 16QAM

Hardware version .....: V1.0

Software version .....: V1.0

Frequency.....: E-UTRA Band 5, 7, 38, 40

Result.....: PASS



# TEST REPORT

Equipment under Test : GNSS RTK Receiver

Model /Type : vRTK

Listed Models : N/A

Applicant : Hi-Target Surveying Instrument Co., Ltd

Address : 202, BLDG 13, Tian'An HQ Center, No.555 North Panyu RD.  
Donghuan Block, Panyu District, 511400 Guangzhou, China.

Manufacturer : Hi-Target Surveying Instrument Co., Ltd

Address : 202, BLDG 13, Tian'An HQ Center, No.555 North Panyu RD.  
Donghuan Block, Panyu District, 511400 Guangzhou, China.

<b>Test result</b>	<b>Pass *</b>
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

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# 1 SUMMARY

## 1.1 TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC Part 2](#): FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS AND RADIO TREATY MATTERS; GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

[FCC Part 27](#): MISCELLANEOUS WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

[ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016](#): Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards.

[ANSI C63.26-2015](#): IEEE/ANSI Standard for Compliance Testing of Transmitters Used in Licensed Radio Services

[FCC KDB971168D01](#) Power Meas License Digital Systems

## 1.2 Test Description

Band 40 (2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz)

Test Item	FCC Rule No.	Requirements	Verdict
Effective(Isotropic) Radiated Power Output Data	§2.1046, §27.50(h)	ERP ≤ 2W;	PASS
Peak-Average Ratio	§2.1046, §27.50	Limit ≤ 13dB	PASS
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Digital modulation	N/A
Bandwidth	§2.1049	OBW: Nolimit. EBW: Nolimit.	PASS
Band Edges Compliance	§2.1051, §27.53(m)	≤ -13dBm/1%*EBW, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to The frequency block.	PASS
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§2.1051, §27.53(m)	≤ -13dBm/1MHz, from 9kHz to 10th harmonics but outside authorized Operating frequency ranges.	PASS
Frequency Stability	§2.1055, §27.54	Within authorized bands of operation/frequency block.	PASS
Radiated spurious emission	§2.1053, §27.53(m)	≤ -25dBm/1MHz.	PASS
NOTE 1: For the verdict, the "N/A" denotes "not applicable", the "N/T" denotes "not tested".			

## 1.3 Address of the test laboratory

**Shenzhen CTA Testing Technology Co., Ltd.**

Room 106, Building 1, Yibaolai Industrial Park, Qiaotou Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfils CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.4:2014 and CISPR 16-1-4:2010 SVSWR requirement for radiated emission above 1GHz.

## 1.4 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

**FCC-Registration No.: 517856 Designation Number: CN1318**

Shenzhen CTA Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

**Industry Canada Registration Number. Is: 27890 CAB identifier: CN0127**

The Laboratory has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing.

**A2LA-Lab Cert. No.: 6534.01**

Shenzhen CTA Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfils CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.10 and CISPR 16-1-4:2010.

### 1.5 Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to TR-100028-01 "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Part 1" and TR-100028-02 "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Part 2" and is documented in the Shenzhen CTA Testing Technology Co., Ltd. quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for Shenzhen CTA Testing Technology Co., Ltd. is reported:

Test	Range	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Radiated Emission	30~1000MHz	4.10 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission	1~18GHz	4.32 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission	18-40GHz	5.54 dB	(1)
Conducted Disturbance	0.15~30MHz	3.12 dB	(1)
Conducted Power	9KHz~18GHz	0.61 dB	(1)
Spurious RF Conducted Emission	9KHz~40GHz	1.22 dB	(1)
Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission	9KHz~40GHz	1.22 dB	(1)
Occupied Bandwidth	9KHz~40GHz	-	(1)

- (1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of  $k=1.96$ .

## 2 GENERAL INFORMATION

### 2.1 Environmental conditions

Date of receipt of test sample	:	Jul.02, 2022
Testing commenced on	:	Jul.02, 2022
Testing concluded on	:	Aug.01, 2022

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Normal Temperature:	25°C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
Air Pressure:	101 kPa

### 2.2 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	GNSS RTK Receiver
Model/Type reference:	vRTK
Power supply:	DC 7.2V From Battery and DC 5.0-5.5V From external circuit
Adapter information (Auxiliary test supplied by test Lab):	Model: HAD-0530B-EU Input: AC 100-240V 50/60Hz Output: DC 5.3V 2.8A
Testing sample ID :	CTA220705003-1# (Engineer sample) CTA220705003-2# (Normal sample)
<b>LTE</b>	
Operation Band:	E-UTRA Band 5, 7, 38, 40
Support Bandwidth:	Band 5: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz, Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz, Band 40: 5MHz, 10MHz,
TX/RX Frequency Range:	E-UTRA Band 5 (824 MHz - 849MHz) E-UTRA Band 7 (2500 MHz - 2570MHz) E-UTRA Band 38 (2570 MHz - 2620MHz) E-UTRA Band 40 (2350MHz - 2360MHz)
Modulation Type:	QPSK, 16QAM
Release Version:	Release 9
Category:	Cat 7
Antenna Type:	Disc combination antenna
Antenna Gain:	-0.06dBi for band 5, 4.06dBi for band 7 4.06dBi for Band 38, -0.5dBi for band 40

Note: For more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

### 2.3 Description of Test Modes and Test Frequency

The EUT has been tested under typical operating condition. The CMW500 used to control the EUT staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode for testing. Regards to the frequency band operation: the lowest, middle and highest frequency of channel were selected to perform the test, then shown on this report.



## 2.4 Equipments Used during the Test

Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Equipment No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
LISN	R&S	ENV216	CTA-308	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
LISN	R&S	ENV216	CTA-314	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESPI	CTA-307	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	CTA-306	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	CTA-301	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	CTA-337	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
Vector Signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	CTA-305	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
Analog Signal Generator	R&S	SML03	CTA-304	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
Universal Radio Communication	CMW500	R&S	CTA-302	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
Temperature and humidity meter	Chigo	ZG-7020	CTA-326	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
Ultra-Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	CTA-310	2021/08/07	2022/08/06
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	CTA-309	2021/08/07	2022/08/06
Loop Antenna	Zhinan	ZN30900C	CTA-311	2021/08/07	2022/08/06
Horn Antenna	Beijing Hangwei Dayang	OBH100400	CTA-336	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
Amplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9745	CTA-312	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
Amplifier	Taiwan chengyi	EMC051845B	CTA-313	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
Directional coupler	NARDA	4226-10	CTA-303	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
High-Pass Filter	XingBo	XBLBQ-GTA18	CTA-402	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
High-Pass Filter	XingBo	XBLBQ-GTA27	CTA-403	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
Automated filter bank	Tonscend	JS0806-F	CTA-404	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	CTA-405	2021/08/06	2022/08/05
Amplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV9719	CTA-406	2021/08/06	2022/08/05

## 2.5 Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: **2AJYU-8MH0011** filing to comply with of the FCC Part 27 Rules.

## 2.6 Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

### 3 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

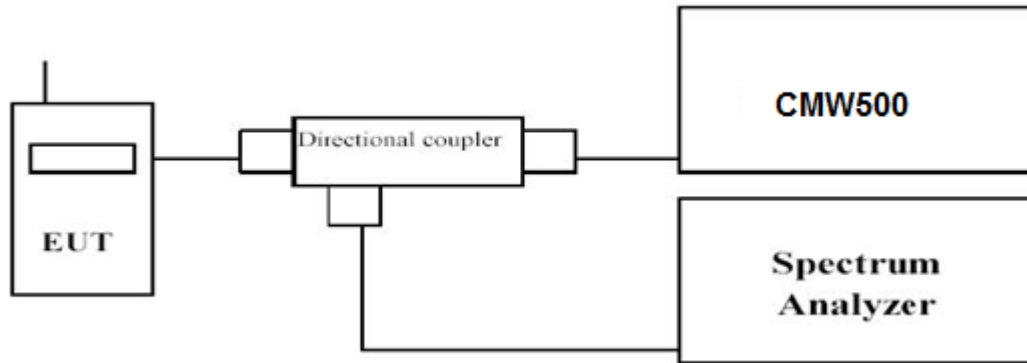
#### 3.1 Output Power

##### LIMIT

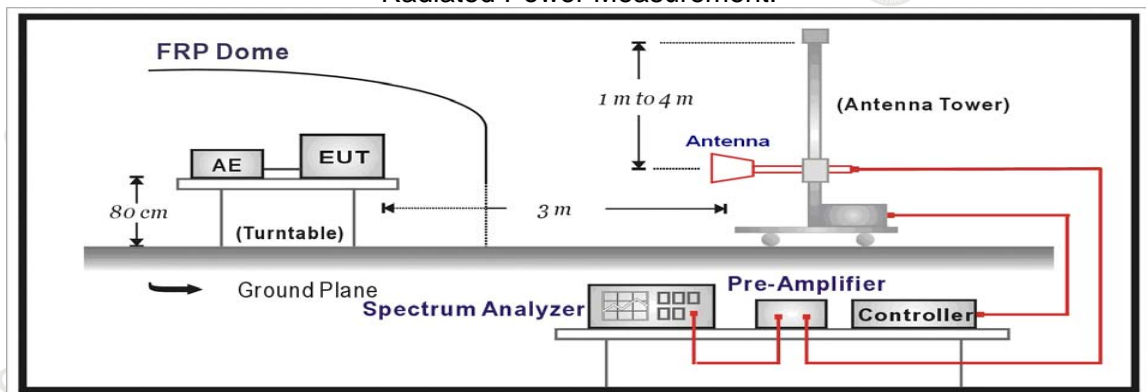
The EIRP of mobile transmitters must not exceed 2 Watts for Band 40.

##### TEST CONFIGURATION

###### Conducted Power Measurement



###### Radiated Power Measurement:



##### TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT was setup according to EIA/TIA 603D

###### Conducted Power Measurement:

- Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
- Connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a spectrum analyzer and CMW500 by a Directional Coupler.
- EUT Communicate with CMW500 then selects a channel for testing.
- Add a correction factor to the display of spectrum, and then test.

###### Radiated Power Measurement:

- The EUT shall be placed at the specified height on a support, and in the position closest to normal use as declared by provider.
- The test antenna shall be oriented initially for vertical polarization and shall be chosen to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter
- The output of the test antenna shall be connected to the measuring receiver.
- The transmitter shall be switched on and the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.
- The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.



- f) The transmitter shall then be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- g) The test antenna shall be raised and lowered again through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- h) The maximum signal level detected by the measuring receiver shall be noted.
- i) The transmitter shall be replaced by a substitution antenna.
- j) The substitution antenna shall be orientated for vertical polarization and the length of the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter.
- k) The substitution antenna shall be connected to a calibrated signal generator.
- l) If necessary, the input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver shall be adjusted in order to increase the sensitivity of the measuring receiver.
- m) The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height to ensure that the maximum signal is received.
- n) The input signal to the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to the level that produces a level detected by the measuring receiver, that is equal to the level noted while the transmitter radiated power was measured, corrected for the change of input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver.
- o) The measurement shall be repeated with the test antenna and the substitution antenna orientated for horizontal polarization.
- p) The measure of the effective radiated power is the larger of the two levels recorded at the input to the substitution antenna, corrected for gain of the substitution antenna if necessary.
- q) Test site anechoic chamber refer to ANSI C63.4.

**TEST RESULTS****Conducted Measurement:**

LTE TDD Band 40(upper)				
BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Size/Offset	Average Power [dBm]	
			QPSK	16QAM
5	2352.5	1 RB low	22.38	21.35
		1 RB mid	22.08	21.10
		1 RB high	22.32	21.36
		50% Rb mid	23.41	22.33
		100% RB	23.46	22.50
	2355.0	1 RB low	22.75	21.74
		1 RB mid	22.43	21.31
		1 RB high	22.94	21.82
		50% Rb mid	21.62	20.57
		100% RB	21.74	20.75
	2357.5	1 RB low	23.71	22.57
		1 RB mid	23.57	22.43
		1 RB high	21.67	20.52
		50% Rb mid	22.55	21.48
		100% RB	22.47	21.53
10	2355.0	1 RB low	22.84	21.75
		1 RB mid	22.75	21.59
		1 RB high	22.05	21.10
		50% Rb mid	23.94	22.78
		100% RB	23.73	22.57
	2355.0	1 RB low	22.71	21.67
		1 RB mid	22.61	21.58
		1 RB high	22.60	21.66
		50% Rb mid	21.96	21.00
		100% RB	21.32	20.27
	2355.0	1 RB low	21.79	20.85
		1 RB mid	21.57	20.46
		1 RB high	23.56	22.55
		50% Rb mid	22.49	21.44
		100% RB	22.61	21.66

**Radiated Measurement:**

Remark:

1. We were tested all RB Configuration refer 3GPP TS136 521 for each Channel Bandwidth of LTE FDD Band 40; recorded worst case for each Channel Bandwidth of LTE FDD Band 40.
2.  $EIRP = P_{Mea}(dBm) - P_{cl}(dB) + P_{Ag}(dB) + G_a(dBi)$

**LTE TDD Band 40\_Channel Bandwidth 5MHz\_QPSK (upper)**

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>cl</sub> (dB)	G <sub>a</sub> Antenna Gain(dB)	P <sub>Ag</sub> (dB)	Burst Average EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
2352.5	-18.35	3.04	7.68	34.2	20.49	33.01	12.52	V
2355.0	-17.7	3.15	7.68	34.26	21.09	33.01	11.92	V
2357.5	-18.52	3.2	7.57	34.32	20.17	33.01	12.84	V

**LTE TDD Band 40\_Channel Bandwidth 10MHz\_QPSK (upper)**

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>cl</sub> (dB)	G <sub>a</sub> Antenna Gain(dB)	P <sub>Ag</sub> (dB)	Burst Average EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
2355.0	-18.23	3.04	7.68	34.2	20.61	33.01	12.40	V

**LTE TDD Band 40\_Channel Bandwidth 5MHz\_16QAM (upper)**

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>cl</sub> (dB)	G <sub>a</sub> Antenna Gain(dB)	P <sub>Ag</sub> (dB)	Burst Average EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
2352.5	-17.73	3.04	7.68	34.2	21.11	33.01	11.90	V
2355.0	-18.34	3.15	7.68	34.26	20.45	33.01	12.56	V
2357.5	-18.13	3.2	7.57	34.32	20.56	33.01	12.45	V

**LTE TDD Band 40\_Channel Bandwidth 10MHz\_16QAM (upper)**

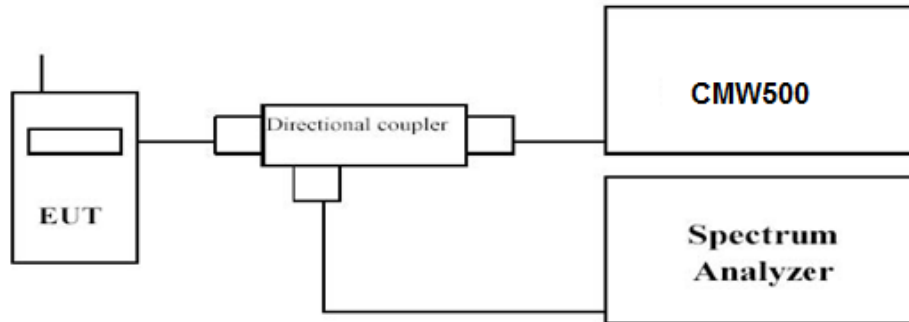
Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>cl</sub> (dB)	G <sub>a</sub> Antenna Gain(dB)	P <sub>Ag</sub> (dB)	Burst Average EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
2355.0	-17.58	3.04	7.68	34.2	21.26	33.01	11.75	V

### 3.2 Peak-to-Average Ratio (PAR)

#### LIMIT

The Peak-to-Average Ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. Refer to instrument's analyzer instruction manual for details on how to use the power statistics/CCDF function;
2. Set resolution/measurement bandwidth  $\geq$  signal's occupied bandwidth;
3. Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve;
4. Set the measurement interval as follows:
  - 1). for continuous transmissions, set to 1 ms,
  - 2). for burst transmissions, employ an external trigger that is synchronized with the EUT burst timing sequence, or use the internal burst trigger with a trigger level that allows the burst to stabilize and set the measurement interval to a time that is less than or equal to the burst duration.
5. Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1%.

#### TEST RESULTS

-----Passed-----

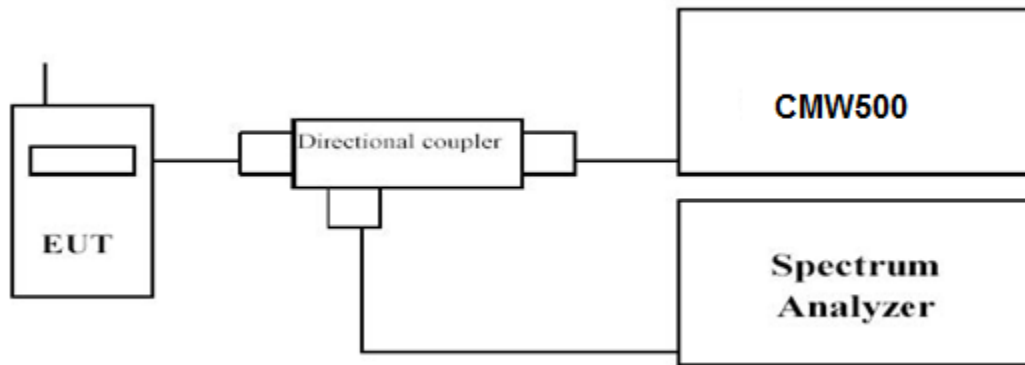
Please refer to the appendix test data.

### 3.3 Occupied Bandwidth and Emission Bandwidth

#### LIMIT

N/A

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to a calibrated coaxial cable and coupler, the other end of which was connected to a spectrum analyzer. The occupied bandwidth was measured with the spectrum analyzer at low, middle and high channel in each band. The -26dBc Emission bandwidth was also measured and recorded.

Set RBW was set to about 1% of emission BW, VBW $\geq$ 3 times RBW.

-26dBc display line was placed on the screen (or 99% bandwidth), the occupied bandwidth is the delta frequency between the two points where the display line intersects the signal trace.

#### TEST RESULTS

-----Passed-----

Please refer to the appendix test data.

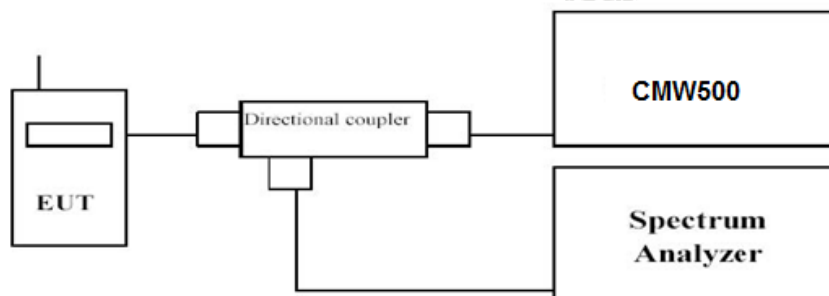
### 3.4 Band Edge compliance

#### LIMIT

For LTE TDD Band 40: Per §27.53 (m)(6) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed; for mobile digital stations, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least two percent may be employed, except when the 1 megahertz band is 2495-2496 MHz, in which case a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 megahertz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified; or 1 megahertz or 2 percent for mobile digital stations, except in the band 2495-2496 MHz). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power. With respect to television operations, measurements must be made of the separate visual and aural operating powers at sufficiently frequent intervals to ensure compliance with the rules.

(m)(4) For mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than  $40 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge,  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees. Show citation box.

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The transmitter output port was connected to base station.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the power meter by RF cable and attenuator, the path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set EUT at maximum power through base station.
4. Select lowest and highest channels for each band and different modulation.
5. Measure Band edge using RMS (Average) detector by spectrum

#### TEST RESULTS

-----Passed-----

Please refer to the appendix test data.



### 3.5 Spurious Emission

#### LIMIT

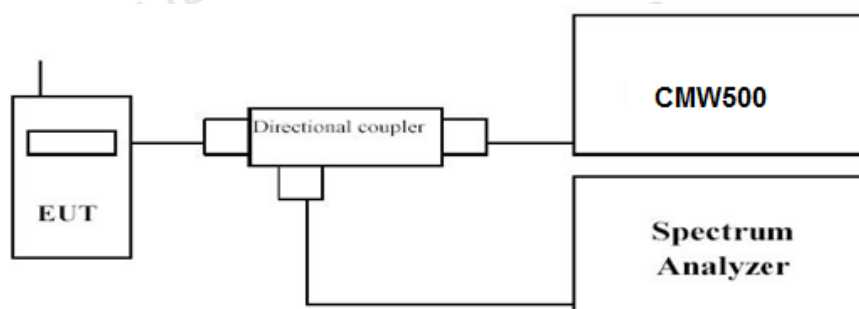
For LTE TDD Band 40: Per §27.53 (m)(6) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed; for mobile digital stations, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least two percent may be employed, except when the 1 megahertz band is 2495-2496 MHz, in which case a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 megahertz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified; or 1 megahertz or 2 percent for mobile digital stations, except in the band 2495-2496 MHz). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power. With respect to television operations, measurements must be made of the separate visual and aural operating powers at sufficiently frequent intervals to ensure compliance with the rules.

(m)(4) For mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than  $40 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge,  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and  $55 + 10 \log (P)$  dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees. Show citation box.

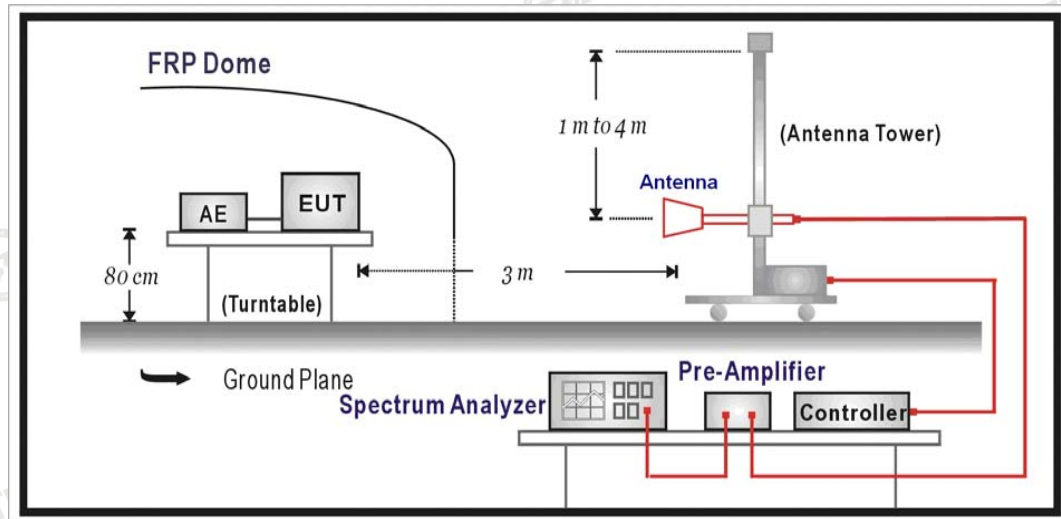
For LTE FDD Band 66: Per §27.53(h): For operations in the 1710–1780 MHz and 2110–2200 MHz bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least  $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$  dB.

#### TEST CONFIGURATION

Conducted Spurious Measurement:



Radiated Spurious Measurement:



### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT was setup according to EIA/TIA 603D

#### **Conducted Spurious Measurement:**

- Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
- Connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a spectrum analyzer and CMW500 by a Directional Couple.
- EUT Communicate with CMW500 then selects a channel for testing.
- Add a correction factor to the display of spectrum, and then test.
- The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set sufficient scans were taken to show the out of band Emission if any up to 10th harmonic.

**Radiated Spurious Measurement:**

- a. The EUT shall be placed at the specified height on a support, and in the position closest to normal use as declared by provider.
- b. The test antenna shall be oriented initially for vertical polarization and shall be chosen to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter
- c. The output of the test antenna shall be connected to the measuring receiver.
- d. The transmitter shall be switched on and the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.
- e. The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- f. The transmitter shall then be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- g. The test antenna shall be raised and lowered again through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- h. The maximum signal level detected by the measuring receiver shall be noted.
- i. The transmitter shall be replaced by a substitution antenna.
- j. The substitution antenna shall be orientated for vertical polarization and the length of the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter.
- k. The substitution antenna shall be connected to a calibrated signal generator.
- l. If necessary, the input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver shall be adjusted in order to increase the sensitivity of the measuring receiver.
- m. The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height to ensure that the maximum signal is received.
- n. The input signal to the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to the level that produces a level detected by the measuring receiver, that is equal to the level noted while the transmitter radiated power was measured, corrected for the change of input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver.
- o. The measurement shall be repeated with the test antenna and the substitution antenna orientated for horizontal polarization.
- p. The measure of the effective radiated power is the larger of the two levels recorded at the input to the substitution antenna, corrected for gain of the substitution antenna if necessary.
- q. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100 kHz for Part 22 and 1MHz for Part 24. The frequency range was checked up to 10th harmonic.
- r. Test site anechoic chamber refer to ANSI C63.

**TEST RESULTS****Conducted Measurement:**

-----Passed-----

*Please refer to the appendix test data.*

**Radiated Measurement:****Remark:**

1. We were tested all RB Configuration refer 3GPP TS136 521 for each Channel Bandwidth of LTE FDD Band 40

*LTE TDD Band 40 Channel Bandwidth 10MHz QPSK Middle Channel (upper)*

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	P <sub>cl</sub> (dB)	Diatance	G <sub>a</sub> Antenna Gain(dB)	Peak EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Polarization
4710.0	-48.92	6.25	3	12.28	-42.89	-25.00	17.89	H
7065.0	-51.78	7.04	3	13.15	-45.67	-25.00	20.67	H
4710.0	-50.14	6.25	3	12.28	-44.11	-25.00	19.11	V
7065.0	-51.55	7.04	3	13.15	-45.44	-25.00	20.44	V

**Notes:**

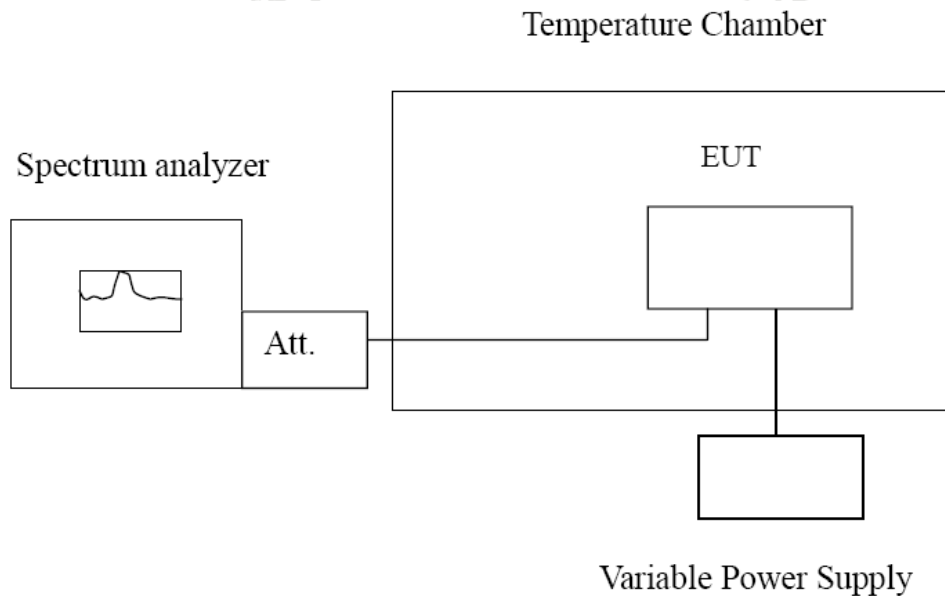
1. All channel bandwidth were tested, the report recorded the worst data.
2.  $EIRP = P_{Mea}(dBm) - P_{cl}(dB) + P_{Ag}(dB) + G_a(dBi)$
3.  $ERP = EIRP - 2.15dBi$  as EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole.
4.  $Margin = EIRP - Limit$
5. We measured all modes and only recorded the worst case.

### 3.6 Frequency Stability under Temperature & Voltage Variations

#### LIMIT

According to §27.54, §2.1055 requirement, the frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation and should not exceed 2.5ppm.

#### TEST CONFIGURATION



#### TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT was setup according to EIA/TIA 603D

##### **Frequency Stability under Temperature Variations:**

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the EUT in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of R&S CMW500 DIGITAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at -30°C.
3. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMW500 and in a simulated call on middle channel for LTE band 12, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +50°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
5. Re-measure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal voltage. Vary supply voltage from minimum voltage to maximum voltage, in 0.1Volt increments re-measuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at nominal voltage for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self-heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at +50°C.
7. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMW500 and in a simulated call on the centre channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
8. Repeat the above measurements at 10 °C increments from +50°C to -30°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements
9. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

##### **Frequency Stability under Voltage Variations:**

Set chamber temperature to 20°C. Use a variable AC power supply / DC power source to power the EUT and set the voltage to rated voltage. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and recorded the frequency.

Reduce the input voltage to specify extreme voltage variation ( $\pm 15\%$ ) and endpoint, record the

maximum frequency change.

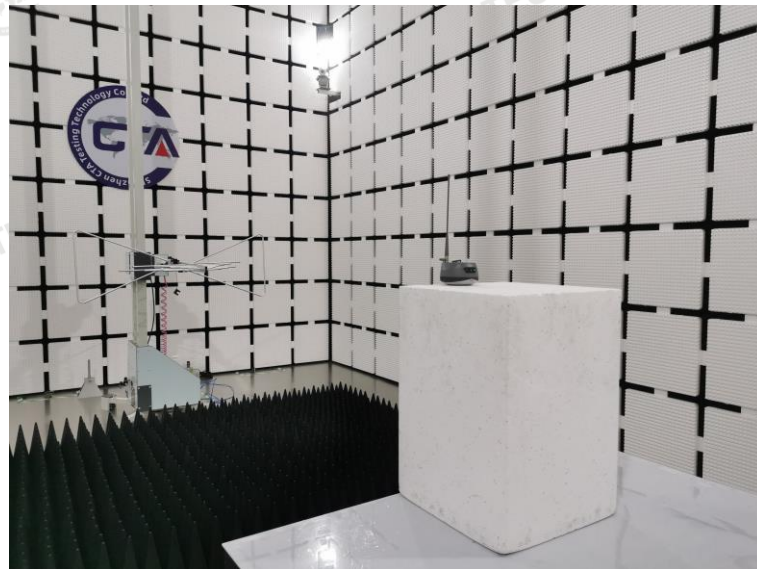
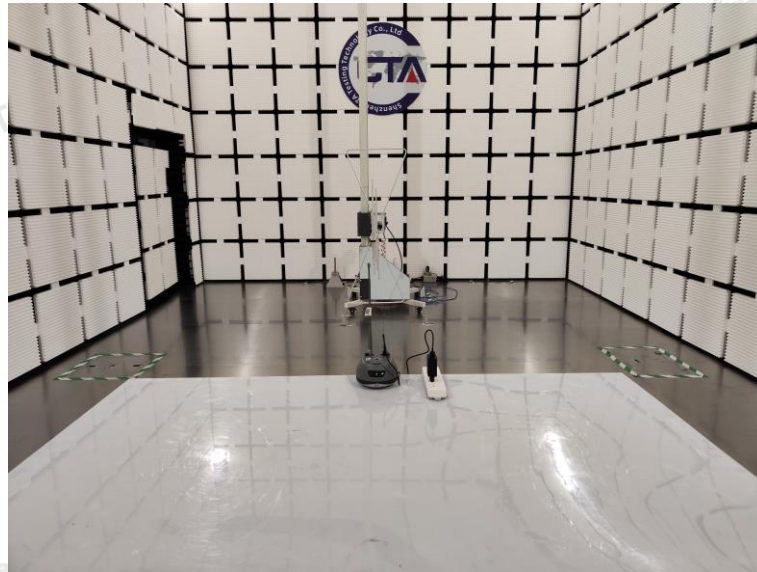
## **TEST RESULTS**

-----Passed-----

*Please refer to the appendix test data.*



#### 4 Test Setup Photos of the EUT



#### 5 Photos of the EUT

Reference to the test report No. CTA22070500301.

\*\*\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*\*\*