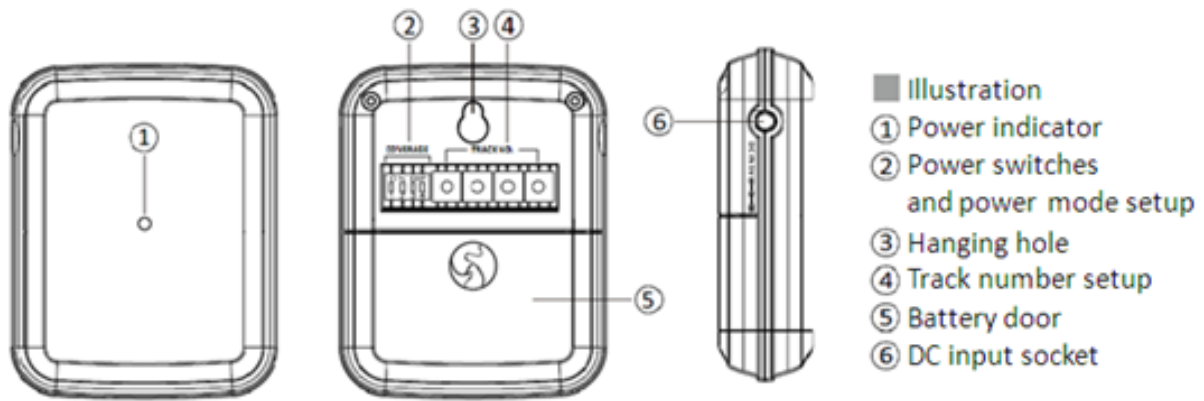


Operation

Wireless RF Trigger



Operation

Power On

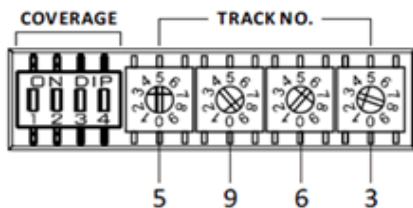
Any DIP switch (2) moves to ON position will turn this device on. Power indicator (1) will light up for 2 seconds and then off. Indicator will blink every 2 seconds when device is working.

Power Off

When all DIP switches (2) move to OFF (downward) position, the device will be turned off.

Track Number Setting

Tracking number is set by 4 rotary switches, from left hand side to right hand side. Every single RF trigger can activate one tracking number only. An example (5963) is shown as below.



Coverage Setup

DIP Switch	RF Trigger	
	OFF	
	ON	
		P1
		P2
		P3
	P4	

P1(mix) > P2 > P3 > P4(min)

Power Supply

Use 2 AA batteries or power adapter 5V/1A.

※ Adapter can't charge battery. When battery and adapter are employed at the same time, this RF trigger will consume energy from adapter only.

Power Indicator

1. Indicator blinks in Green = sufficient battery energy or adapter employed.

2. Indicator blinks in Red = low battery

※ This RF trigger must and only works with audioguide that equipped with RF function.

Pecification

Frequency:	2402 ~ 2480 MHz
Modulation:	FSK
Power requirement:	5V DC/1A
Battery:	2 AA
Battery autonomy:	> 90 days (at any triggering coverage)
Coverage:	P1→30m P2→20m P3→10m P4→5m
Tracking number:	0001 ~ 9999
Power consumption:	< 4 mA
Ambient temperature:	-10°C ~ 50°C
Dimensions (D x W x H):	23 x 65 x 80 (mm)
Weight:	46 g (without battery)

Notice : The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

IMPORTANT NOTE: To comply with the FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, no change to the antenna or the device is permitted. Any change to the antenna or the device could result in the device exceeding the RF exposure requirements and void user's authority to operate the device.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.