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Leaders in Wireless Telecom

July 18 , 2012

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

7435 Oakland Mills Road Columbia, MD 21046 U.S.A.

Subject: Request for Modular Approval

Applicant: Microhard Systems Inc.

Product: 2400MHz OEM DTS / Frequency Hopping Module

Model: n2420BT FCC ID: NS912P32

Dear Sir/Madam,

We, **Microhard Systems Inc.**, request modular approval included below is a clarification on the modular compliance.

Hany Shenouda

Director of Engineering Microhard Systems Inc.



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	Requirements for Modular Transmitters	Manufacturer's Clarification
(a)	In order to be considered a transmitter module, the device must be complete RF transmitter, i.e., it must have its own reference oscillator (e.g., VCO), antenna, etc The only connectors to the module, if any, may be power supply and modulation/data inputs	The transmitter is completed with its own reference oscillator, antenna. Only connectors provide are dc supply, data and rf ports are provided with the modular transmitter
(b)	Compliance with FCC RF Exposure requirements may, in some instances, limit the output power of a module and/or the final applications in which the approved module may be employed	The radio is intended for use in mobile and fixed applications.
(c)	While the applicant for a device into which an authorized module is installed is not required to obtain a new authorization for the module, this does not preclude the possibility that some other form of authorization or testing may be required for the device (e.g., a WLAN into which the authorized module is installed still be authorized as PC peripheral, subject to the appropriate equipment authorization)	The equipment under complies with FCC Part15, Subpart B, Class B – Unintentional radiators
(d)	In the case of a modular transceiver, the modular approval policy only applies to the transmitter portion of such devices. Pursuant to section 15.101(b), the receiver portion will either be subject to Verification, or it will not be subject to any authorization requirements (unless if is a Scanning Receiver, in which case it is also subject to Certification, pursuant to Section 15.101(a)	The receiver is verified.
(e)	The holder of the grant of equipment authorization (Grantee) of the module is responsible for the compliance of the module in its final configuration, provided that the OEM, integrator, and /or end user has complied with all of the instructions provided by the Grantee which indicate installation and/or operating conditions necessary for compliance.	End-users must comply with the following instruction sated in the users' manual: Labeling requirement for equipment using this modular transmitter. RF Exposure Warning for compliance with FCC Rules 2.1091 and 1.1307 when the radio is used in a mobile or base system
	Requirements for Modular Transmitters	Manufacturer's Clarification
1.	The modulator transmitter must have its own RF shielding. This is intended to ensure that the module does not have to reply upon the shielding provided by the device into which it is installed in order for all modular transmitter emissions to comply with Part	The modular transmitter has its own RF shielding



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	15 limits. It is also intended to prevent coupling between the RF	
	circuitry of the module and any wires or circuits in the device	
	into which the module is	
	installed. Such coupling may result in noncompliant operation.	
2.	The modular transmitter must have buffered	The modular transmitter has
	modulation/data inputs (if such inputs are	buffered modulation/data inputs
	provided) to ensure that the module will	
	comply with Part 15 requirements under	
	conditions of excessive data rates or overmodulation.	
3.	The modular transmitter must have its own	The modular transmitter has its
	power supply regulation. This is intended to	own analog and digital power supply regulation.
	ensure that the module will comply with Part 15 requirements	
	regardless of the design of the power supplying circuitry in the	
	device into which the module is installed.	
4.	The modular transmitter must comply with the antenna	The radio and its associated antennas are provided
	requirements of section 15.203 and 15.204(c). The antenna must	with the special coupling antenna
	either be	connectors MMCX
	permanently attached or employ a "unique"	
	antenna coupler (at all connections between the module and the	
	antenna, including the cable). Any antenna used with the module	
	must be approved with the module, either at the time of initial	
	authorization or through a Class II permissive change. The	
	"professional installation" provision of Section 15.203 may not	
	be applied to modules.	
5.	The modular transmitter must be tested in a	The modular transmitter was
	stand-alone configuration, i.e., the module	tested in a stand-alone configuration
	must not be inside another device during	
	testing. This is intended to demonstrate that the module is	
	capable of complying with Part 15 emission limits regardless of	
	the device into which it is eventually installed. Unless the	
	transmitter module will be battery powered, it must comply with	
	the AC conducted requirements found in Section 15.207. AC or	
	DC power lines and data input/output lines connected to the	
	module must not contain ferrites, unless they will marketed with	
	the module (see Section 15.27(a)). The length of these lines shall	
	be length typical of actual use or, if that length is unknown, at	
	least 10 centimeters to insure that there is no coupling between	
	the case of the module and supporting equipment. Any	
	accessories, peripherals, or support equipment connected to the	
	module during testing shall be unmodified or commercially	
	available (See Section 15.31(I)).	