ENGINEERING TEST REPORT



MHX921 - 900 MHz OEM Wireless Frequency Hopping / DTS Module Model No.: MHX921

FCC ID: NS906P21

Applicant:

Microhard Systems Inc. #17, 2135 - 32nd Avenue N.E. Calgary, Alberta Canada T2E 6Z3

In Accordance With

Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.247
Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) / Digital Modulation Systems (DTS)
Operating in 902 - 928 MHz Band

UltraTech's File No.: MCRS-009F15C247

This Test report is Issued under the Authority of Tri M. Luu, Professional Engineer, Vice President of Engineering UltraTech Group of Labs

Date: February 28, 2006

Report Prepared by: Dan Huynh

Issued Date: February 28, 2006 Test Dates: January 20 - February 7, 2006

The results in this Test Report apply only to the sample(s) tested, and the sample tested is randomly selected.

This report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

UltraTech

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Tested by: Mr. Hung Trinh, EMI/RFI Technician



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EXHIBIT 1. SUBMITTAL CHECK LIST

Annex No.	Exhibit Type	Description of Contents	Quality Check (OK)
	Test Report	 Exhibit 1: Submittal check lists Exhibit 2: Introduction Exhibit 3: Performance Assessment Exhibit 4: EUT Operation and Configuration during Tests Exhibit 5: Summary of test Results Exhibit 6: Measurement Data Exhibit 7: Measurement Uncertainty Exhibit 8: Measurement Methods 	OK
1	Test Setup Photos	AC Conducted Emissions Setup PhotosRadiated Emissions Setup Photos	OK
2	External EUT Photos	External EUT Photos	OK
3	Internal EUT Photos	Internal EUT Photos	OK
4	Cover Letters	 Letter from Ultratech for Certification Request Letter from the Applicant to appoint Ultratech to act as an agent Letter from the Applicant to request for Confidentiality Filing Microhard Systems Inc. Modular Request 	OK
5	Attestation Statements		
6	ID Label/Location Info	ID LabelLocation of ID Label	OK
7	Block Diagrams	Block Diagram	OK
8	Schematic Diagrams	Schematics	OK
9	Parts List/Tune Up Info	Parts List	OK
10	Operational Description	Operation Description	OK
11	RF Exposure Info	MPE Evaluation, see section 6.14 in this Test Report for details.	OK
12	Users Manual	MHX921, 900 MHz Spread Spectrum OEM Transceiver Operating Manual	OK

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EXHIBIT 2. INTRODUCTION

2.1. SCOPE

Reference:	FCC Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.247
Title:	Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Title 47 – Telecommunication, Part 15
Purpose of Test:	To gain FCC Equipment Authorization for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) / Digital Modulation Systems (DTS) Transceiver Operating in the Frequency Band 902 - 928 MHz.
Test Procedures:	Both conducted and radiated emissions measurements were conducted in accordance with American National Standards Institute ANSI C63.4 - American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.
Environmental Classification:	[x] Commercial, industrial or business environment [x] Residential environment

2.2. RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S)

None.

2.3. NORMATIVE REFERENCES

Publication	Year	Title
47 CFR Parts 0- 19	2005	Code of Federal Regulations – Telecommunication
ANSI C63.4	2003	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
CISPR 22 & EN 55022	2003 2003	Limits and Methods of Measurements of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment
CISPR 16-1	2003	Specification for Radio Disturbance and Immunity measuring apparatus and methods
FCC Public Notice DA 00-705	2000	Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems
FCC Public Notice DA 00-1407	2000	Part 15 Unlicensed Modular Transmitter Approval
FCC ET Docket No. 99-231	2002	Amendment to FCC Part 15 of the Commission's Rules Regarding to Spread Spectrum Devices
KDB Publication No. 558074	2005	Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247)

EXHIBIT 3. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

CLIENT INFORMATION 3.1.

APPLICANT		
Name:	Microhard Systems Inc.	
Address:	#17, 2135 - 32nd Avenue N.E. Calgary, Alberta Canada T2E 6Z3	
Contact Person:	Mr. Hany Shenouda Phone #: 403 248-0028 Fax #: 403 248 2762 Email Address: shenouda@microhardcorp.com	

MANUFACTURER		
Name:	Microhard Systems Inc.	
Address:	#17, 2135 - 32nd Avenue N.E. Calgary, Alberta Canada T2E 6Z3	
Contact Person:	Mr. Hany Shenouda Phone #: 403 248-0028 Fax #: 403 248-2762 Email Address: shenouda@microhardcorp.com	

EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) INFORMATION 3.2.

The following information (with the exception of the Date of Receipt) has been supplied by the applicant.

Brand Name:	Microhard Systems Inc.	
Product Name:	MHX921 - 900 MHz OEM Wireless Frequency Hopping / DTS Module	
Model Name or Number:	MHX921	
Serial Number:	Test Sample	
Type of Equipment:	Spread Spectrum Transmitter / Digital Transmission System	
Input Power Supply Type:	External Regulated DC Sources	
Primary User Functions of EUT:	Spread Spectrum OEM Transceiver.	

3.3. EUT'S TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

TRANSMITTER		
Equipment Type:	MobileBase Station (fixed use)	
Intended Operating Environment:	Commercial, industrial or business environmentResidential environment	
Power Supply Requirement:	4 to 5.5VDC	
RF Output Power Rating:	0.001 to 1 W	
Operating Frequency Range:	902.4 – 927.6 MHz	
RF Output Impedance:	50 Ohms	
Channel Spacing:	400kHz Frequency hopping / DTS mode different Channelization	
Duty Cycle:	Continuous	
Modulation Type:	FHSS / DTS	
Antenna Connector Type:	The MHX921 Module is tested with MCX and Reverse Polarity SMA	

3.4. ASSOCIATED ANTENNA DESCRIPTIONS

There are five antenna families:

- 1. Quarter Wave Antenna Family
- 2. Rubber Ducky Antenna Family
- 3. Transit Antenna Family
- 4. Yagi Antenna Family
- 5. Omni Directional Antenna Family

The highest gain antenna from each of the above antenna families were selected for testing to represents the worst-case. Refer to antennas list exhibit for detailed specifications.

3.5. LIST OF EUT'S PORTS

Port Number	EUT's Port Description	Number of Identical Ports	Connector Type	Cable Type (Shielded/Non-shielded)
1	RF IN/OUT Port	1	Reversed SMA or MCX for external antenna	Shielded coaxial cable with unique coupling connectors
2	DC Supply & I/O Port	1	Pin Header	No cable, direct connection

3.6. ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

The EUT was tested while connected to the following representative configuration of ancillary equipment necessary to exercise the ports during tests:

Ancillary Equipment # 1		
Description:	Laptop	
Brand name:	Toshiba	
Model Name or Number:	1605CDS/4.3	
FCC Certification	FCC DoC	
Serial Number:	1027387CU	
Connected to EUT's Port:	Test Jig of the EUT	

Ancillary Equipment # 2		
Description:	Test Jig	
Brand name:	Microhard Systems Inc.	
Connected to EUT's Port:	I/O Port	

Ancillary Equipment # 3		
Description:	AC Adaptor	
Brand name:	Magetek	
Model Name or Number:	WDU12-1200	
Connected to EUT's Port:	Test jig of the EUT	

EXHIBIT 4. EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CONFIGURATIONS DURING TESTS

CLIMATE TEST CONDITIONS 4.1.

The climate conditions of the test environment are as follows:

Temperature:	21°C
Humidity:	51%
Pressure:	102 kPa
Power Input Source:	4 to 5.5VDC

OPERATIONAL TEST CONDITIONS & ARRANGEMENT FOR TESTS 4.2.

Operating Modes:	 Each of lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies transmits continuously for emissions measurements. The EUT operates in normal Frequency Hopping mode for occupancy duration, and frequency separation.
Special Test Software & Hardware:	Special software provided by the Applicant is installed to allow the EUT to operate in hopping mode or at each channel frequency continuously. For example, the transmitter will be operated at each of lowest, middle and highest frequencies individually continuously during testing.
Transmitter Test Antenna:	The EUT is tested with the antenna fitted in a manner typical of normal intended use as a non-integral antenna equipment as described with the test results.

Transmitter Test Signals	
Frequency Band(s):	902.4 – 927.6
Frequency(ies) Tested: (Near lowest, near middle & near highest frequencies in	FHSS: 902.4, 915 and 927.6 MHz
the frequency range of operation.)	DTS: 903.75, 915 and 926.25 MHz
	904, 915 and 926 MHz
	905, 915 and 925 MHz
	907, 915 and 923 MHz
RF Power Output: (measured maximum output power at antenna terminals)	1 Watt (conducted) and 36 dBm EIRP maximum
*Normal Test Modulation:	FHSS, Data Rate 5 DTS, Data Rate 8, 9, 10 and 11
Modulating Signal Source:	Internal

^{*}See Operational Description exhibit supplied by the manufacturer for details of the data rates for FHSS/DTS.

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EXHIBIT 5. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

5.1. LOCATION OF TESTS

All of the measurements described in this report were performed at Ultratech Group of Labs located in the city of Oakville, Province of Ontario, Canada.

- AC Power Line Conducted Emissions were performed in UltraTech's shielded room, 24'(L) by 16'(W) by 8'(H).
- Radiated Emissions were performed at the Ultratech's 3-10 TDK Semi-Anechoic Chamber situated in the
 Town of Oakville, province of Ontario. This test site been calibrated in accordance with ANSI C63.4, and
 found to be in compliance with the requirements of Sec. 2.948 of the FCC Rules. The descriptions and site
 measurement data of the Oakville 3-10 TDK Semi-Anechoic Chamber has been filed with FCC office (FCC
 File No.: 31040/SIT 1300B3) and Industry Canada office (Industry Canada File No.: IC2049-1). Last Date of
 Site Calibration: June. 20, 2005.

5.2. APPLICABILITY & SUMMARY OF EMC EMISSION TEST RESULTS

FCC Section(s)	Test Requirements	Compliance (Yes/No)
15.207(a)	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Yes
15.247(a)(1), (f)	Provisions for Frequency Hopping Systems	Yes
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Bandwidth	Yes
15.247(b)(2)	Peak Conducted Output Power - FHSS	Yes
15.247(b)(3)	Peak Conducted Output Power - DTS	Yes
15.247(d)	Band-Edge and RF Conducted Spurious Emissions at the Transmitter Antenna Terminal	Yes
15.247(d), 15.209 & 15.205	Transmitter Spurious Radiated Emissions	Yes
15.247(e), (f)	Power Spectral Density	Yes
15.247(b)(5), (e)(i) 1.1307, 1.1310, 2.1091 & 2.1093	RF Exposure	Yes

The digital circuit portion of the EUT has been tested and verified to comply with FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Class B Digital Devices and the associated Radio Receiver has also been tested and found to comply with FCC Part 15, Subpart B – Radio Receivers. The engineering test report is available upon request.

5.3. MODIFICATIONS INCORPORATED IN THE EUT FOR COMPLIANCE PURPOSES None.

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EXHIBIT 6. MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATIONS & TEST DATA FOR EMC EMISSIONS

6.1. TEST PROCEDURES

This section contains test results only. Details of test methods and procedures can be found in Exhibit 8 of this report; ANSI C63.4; FCC Public Notice @ DA 00-705 (March 30, 2000) – Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems; KDB Publication No. 558074: Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems.

6.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with requirements of UKAS Document NIS 81 with a confidence level of 95%. Please refer to Exhibit 7 for Measurement Uncertainties.

6.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the Standards referenced in the Methods & Procedures ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1.

6.4. ESSENTIAL/PRIMARY FUNCTIONS AS DECLARED BY THE MANUACTURER

The essential function of the EUT is to correctly communicate data to and from radios over RF link.

6.5. COMPLIANCE WITH FCC PART 15 - GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

FCC Section	FCC Rules	Manufacturer's Clarification
15.31	The hoping function must be disabled for tests, which should be performed with the EUT transmitting on the number of frequencies specified in this Section. The measurements made at the upper and lower ends of the band of operation should be made with the EUT tuned to the highest and lowest available channels.	See Operational Description
15.203	Described how the EUT complies with the requirement that either its antenna is permanently attached, or that it employs a unique antenna connector, for every antenna proposed for use with the EUT. The exception is in those cases where EUT must be professionally installed. In order to demonstrate that professional installation is required, the following 3 points must be addressed: The application (or intended use) of the EUT The installation requirements of the EUT The method by which the EUT will be marketed	The antenna employs unique antenna connectors: MCX and Reverse Polarity SMA
15.204	Provided the information for every antenna proposed for use with the EUT: type (e.g. Yagi, patch, grid, dish, etc), manufacturer and model number gain with reference to an isotropic radiator	See proposed antenna list.
15.247(a)	Description of how the EUT meets the definition of a frequency hopping spread spectrum, found in Section 2.1. Based on the technical description.	See Operational Description
15.247(a)	Pseudo Frequency Hopping Sequence: Describe how the hopping sequence is generated. Provide an example of the hopping sequence channels, in order to demonstrate that the sequence meets the requirements specified in the definition of a frequency hopping spread spectrum system, found in Section 2.1	See Operational Description

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FCC Section	FCC Rules	Manufacturer's Clarification
15.247(a)	Equal Hopping Frequency Use: Describe how each individual EUT meets the requirement that each of its hopping channels is used equally on average (e.g. that each new transmission event begins on the next channel in the hopping sequence after final channel used in the previous transmission events).	See Operational Description
15.247(g)	Describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that it be designed to be capable of operating as a true frequency hopping system	See Operational Description
15.247(h)	Describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that it not have the ability to coordinated with other FHSS is an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters	See Operational Description
Public Notice DA 00-705	System Receiver Input Bandwidth: Describe how the associated receiver(s) complies with the requirement that its input bandwidth (either RF or IF) matches the bandwidth of the transmitted signal.	See Operational Description
Public Notice DA 00-705	System Receiver Hopping Capability: Describe how the associated receiver(s) has the ability to shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals	See Operational Description

6.6. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS [§15.207(a)]

6.6.1. Limit

The equipment shall meet the limits of the following table:

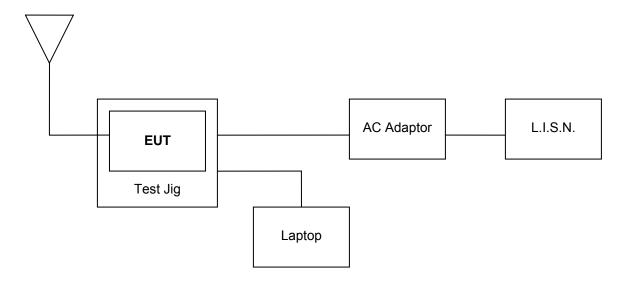
Frequency of emission	Conducted Limits (dB _μ V)		
(MHz)	Quasi-peak Average		Measuring Bandwidth
0.15–0.5 0.5–5 5-30	66 to 56* 56	56 to 46* 46 50	RBW = 9 kHz VBW ≥ 9 kHz for QP VBW = 1 Hz for Average

^{*}Decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

6.6.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Exhibit 8, Section 8.2 of this test report & ANSI C63.4

6.6.3. Test Arrangement



6.6.4. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer/ EMI Receiver	Hewlett Packard	HP 8593EM	3412A00103	9 kHz – 26.5 GHz
Transient Limiter	Hewlett Packard	11947A	310701998	9 kHz – 200 MHz 10 dB attenuation
L.I.S.N.	EMCO	3825/2	89071531	9 kHz – 200 MHz 50 Ohms / 50 μH
24'(L) x 16'(W) x 8'(H) RF Shielded Chamber	Braden Shielding			

6.6.5. Test Data

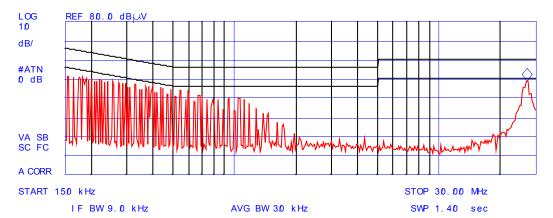
Plot 6.6.5.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Line Voltage: 120VAC 60Hz Line Tested: L1

Transmitter and Receiver Combined mode

```
11: 40: 27 FEB 07, 2006
                                                  AV△L2
       Signal Freq (MHz)
                         PK Amp QP Amp AV Amp
                D. 151038
                           53.4
                                   47. D
                                                 - 37. 5
                                           18.5
                0. 517075
                           44.7
          2
                                   38.7
                                           11.9
                                                 - 34. 1
                                   34.4
                D. 999984
                           41.8
                                         10.1
                                                 - 35. 9
          3
                 26.931950 49.6 48.3 45.9 -4.1
```

ACTV DET: PEAK
MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG

MKR 26.90 MHz 48.45 dB\uV



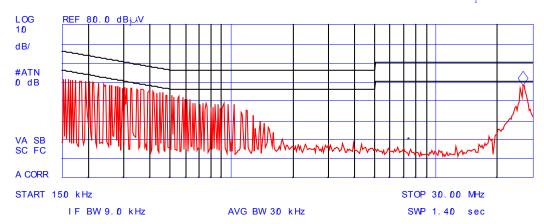
Plot 6.6.5.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Line Voltage: 120VAC 60Hz Line Tested: L2

Transmitter and Receiver Combined mode

```
11: 49: 24 FEB 07, 2006
        Signal Freq (MHz)
                           PK Amp QP Amp AV Amp
                                                     AV△L2
                 0.154100
                             51.5
                                     45.9
                                              18. D
                                                    - 37.8
                 D. 534385
                             44.8
                                     38.4
                                             12.2
                                                    - 33. 8
                                        47.8
                   26. 435275
                                48.6
```

ACTV DET: PEAK
MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG

MKR 26.51 MHz 48.11 dBµV



6.7. PROVISIONS FOR FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEMS [§ 15.247(a)(1)]

6.7.1. Limit

§ 15.247(a)(1): Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudorandomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

§ 15.247(a)(1)(i): For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902–928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.

6.7.2. Method of Measurements

FCC Public Notice DA 00-705

Carrier Frequency Separation:

The hopping function of the EUT is enabled. Use the spectrum analyzer setting as follows:

- Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels
- RBW = 1% of the span
- VBW > RBW
- Sweep = Auto
- Detector = peak
- Trace = max hold

Number of hopping frequency:

The hopping function of the EUT is enabled. Use the spectrum analyzer setting as follows:

- Span = the frequency band of operation
- RBW = 1% of the span
- VBW > RBW
- Sweep = Auto
- Detector = peak
- Trace = max hold

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Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time):

The hopping function of the EUT is enabled. Use the spectrum analyzer setting as follows:

- Span = 0 Hz centered on a hopping channel
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW > RBW
- Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
- Detector = peak
- Trace = max hold

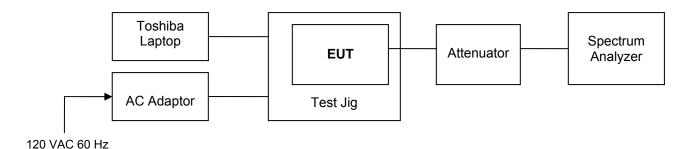
If possible, use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g. date rate modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s). An oscilloscope may be used instead of a spectrum analyzer.

20 dB Bandwidth:

Use the spectrum analyzer setting as follows:

- Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
- RBW = 1% of the 20 dB bandwidth
- VBW > RBW
- Sweep = auto
- Detector = peak
- Trace = max hold
- The transmitter shall be transmitting at its maximum data rate.
- Allow the trace to stabilize.
- Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
- Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down on both sides of the emission.
- The 20 dB BW is the delta reading in frequency between two markers.

6.7.3. Test Arrangement



File #: MCRS-009F15C247

6.7.4. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz	FSEK20/B4/B21	834157/005	9kHz - 40GHz
Attenuator	Weinchel Corp.	46-20-34	BM0653	DC -18GHz

6.7.5. Test Data

Test Description	FCC Specification	Measured Values	Comments
Frequency Hopping Systems Requirements	The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudorandomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.		See Note 1
20 dB BW of the hopping channel	500 kHz maximum	368.74 kHz	See Note 2
Channel Hopping Frequency Separation	Minimum of 25 kHz or 20dB BW whichever is greater.	400.80 kHz	See Note 2
Number hopping frequencies	If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies. If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies.	At least 50 hopping frequencies	See Note 3
Average Time of Occupancy	If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period. If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period	68 ms within a 10 second	See Note 2

Note 1: See operational description exhibit for details.

Note 2: See the following plots for details.

FCC ID: NS906P21

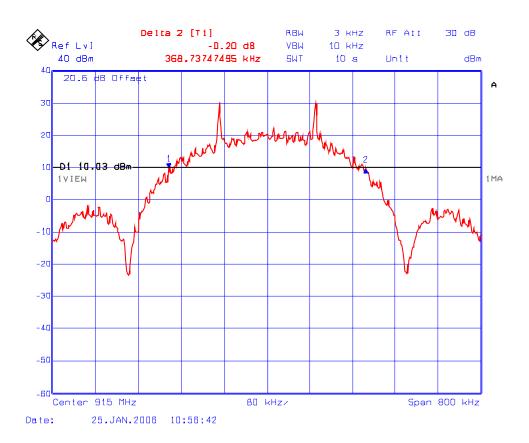
Note 3: Below is the list of pseudorandomly generated frequency in kHz for each rate. This is only a representative sample and the frequencies are generated may be different depend on the pseudorandom seed.

```
High (400 kHz channel spacing): const unsigned int fcc_pattern3[50] = { 902400,\,902800,\,903200,\,903600,\,904000,\,904400,\,904800,\,905200,\,905600,\,906000,\,906400,\,906800,\,907200,\,907600,\,908000,\,908400,\,908800,\,909200,\,909600,\,910000,\,910400,\,910800,\,911200,\,911600,\,912000,\,912400,\,912800,\,913200,\,913600,\,914000,\,914400,\,914800,\,915200,\,915600,\,916000,\,916400,\,916800,\,917200,\,917600,\,918000,\,918400,\,918800,\,919200,\,919600,\,920000,\,920400,\,920800,\,921200,\,921600,\,927600\};
```

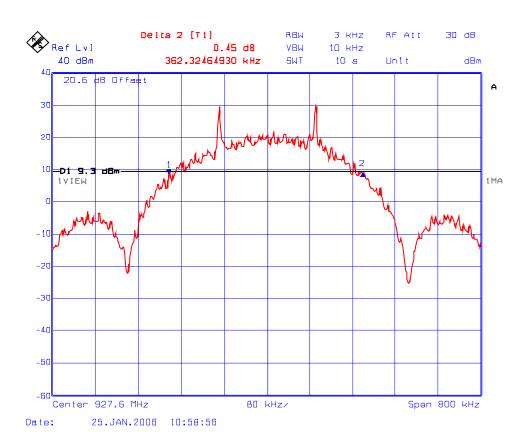
Plot 6.7.5.1: 20 dB Bandwidth Test Frequency: 902.4 MHz at Data Rate 5



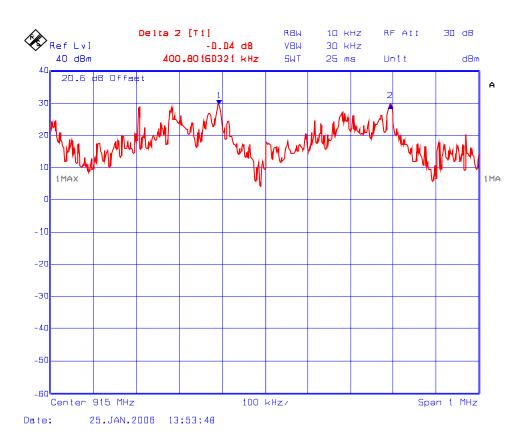
Plot 6.7.5.2: 20 dB Bandwidth Test Frequency: 915 MHz at Data Rate 5)



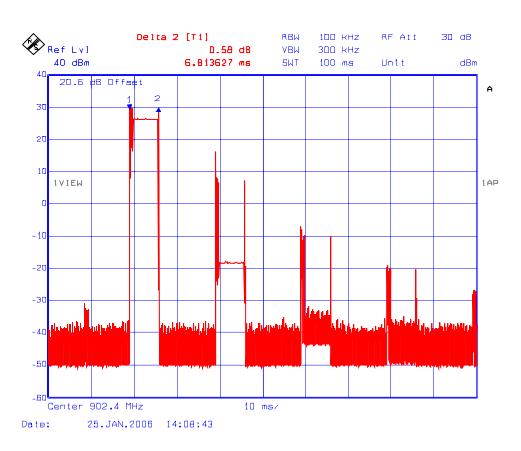
Plot 6.7.5.3: 20 dB Bandwidth Test Frequency: 927.6 MHz at Data Rate 5



Plot 6.7.5.4: Carrier Frequency Separation at Data Rate 5

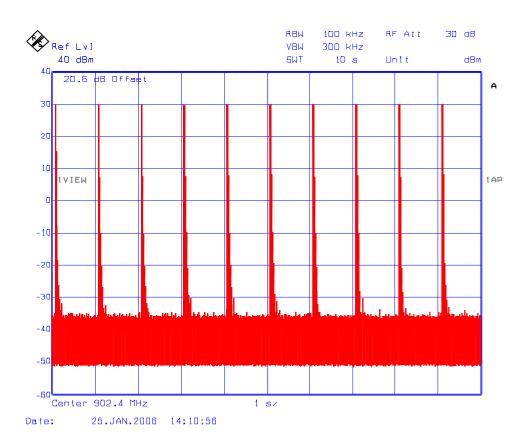


Plot 6.7.5.5: Time of Occupancy Test Frequency: 902.4 MHz at Data Rate 5



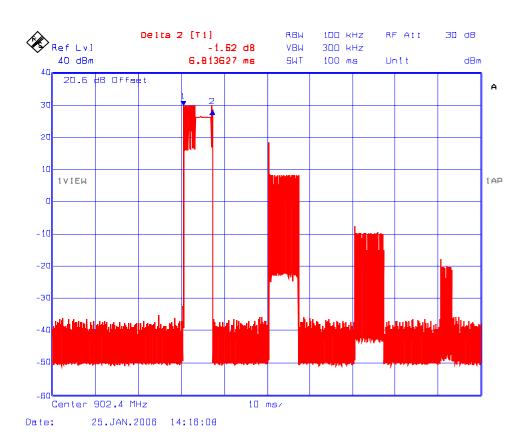
Dwell Time @ 902.4 MHz = 6.813627 ms

Plot 6.7.5.6: Time of Occupancy Test Frequency: 902.4 MHz at Data Rate 5



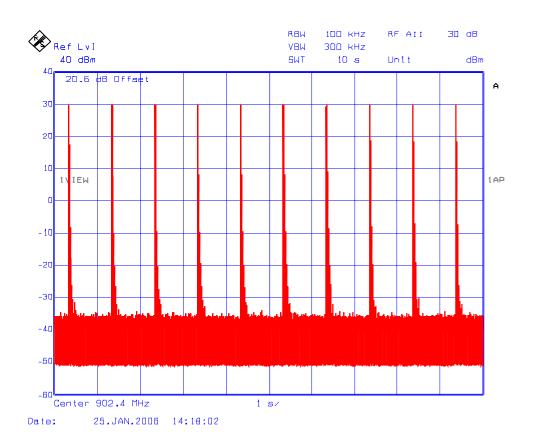
Average time of occupancy in 20 s = (Dwell Time @ 902.4 MHz) x (number of hops in 10 s) = 6.813627 ms x 10= 68 ms

Plot 6.7.5.7: Time of Occupancy Test Frequency: 915 MHz at Data Rate 5



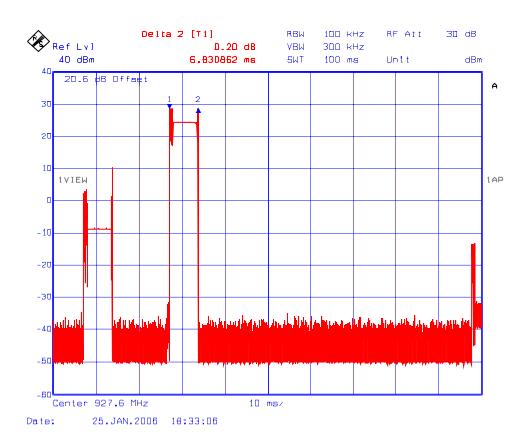
Dwell Time @ 915 MHz = 6.813627 ms

Plot 6.7.5.8: Time of Occupancy Test Frequency: 915 MHz at Data Rate 5



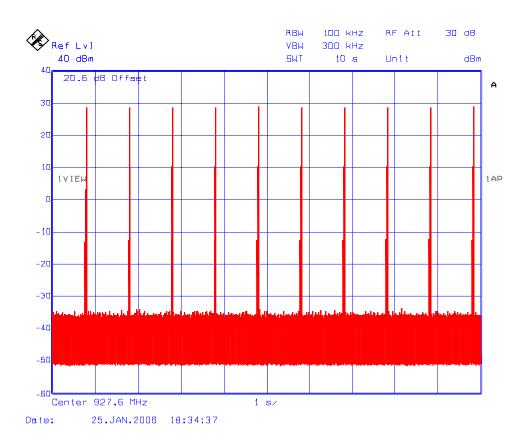
Average time of occupancy in 20 s = (Dwell Time @ 915 MHz) x (number of hops in 10 s) = 6.813627 ms x 10 = 68 ms

Plot 6.7.5.9: Time of Occupancy Test Frequency: 927.6 MHz at Data Rate 5



Dwell Time @ 927.6 MHz = 6.830862 ms

Plot 6.7.5.10: Time of Occupancy Test Frequency: 927.6 MHz at Data Rate 5



Average time of occupancy in 20 s = (Dwell Time @ 927.6 MHz) x (number of hops in 10 s) = 6.830862 ms x 10 = 68 ms

6.8. 6 dB BANDWIDTH [§ 15.247(a)(2)]

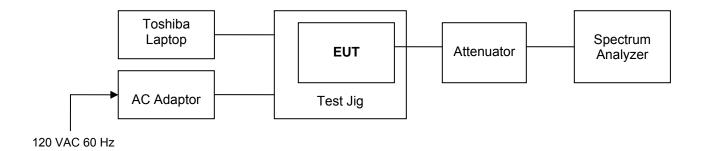
6.8.1. Limits

For a Digital Modulation System, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 KHz.

6.8.2. Method of Measurements

KDB Publication No. 558074: Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247)

6.8.3. Test Arrangement



6.8.4. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz	FSEK20/B4/B21	834157/005	9 kHz- 40 GHz
Attenuator	Weinchel Corp.	46-20-34	BM0653	DC -18GHz

6.8.5. Test Data

Frequency (MHz)	Modulation/Data Rate	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
903.75	Data Rate 8	0.962
915	Data Rate 8	0.966
926.25	Data Rate 8	0.974
904	Data Rate 9	1.232
915	Data Rate 9	1.251
926	Data Rate 9	1.244
905	Data Rate 10	1.569
915	Data Rate 10	1.665
925	Data Rate 10	1.683
907	Data Rate 11	2.293
915	Data Rate 11	2.445
923	Data Rate 11	2.549

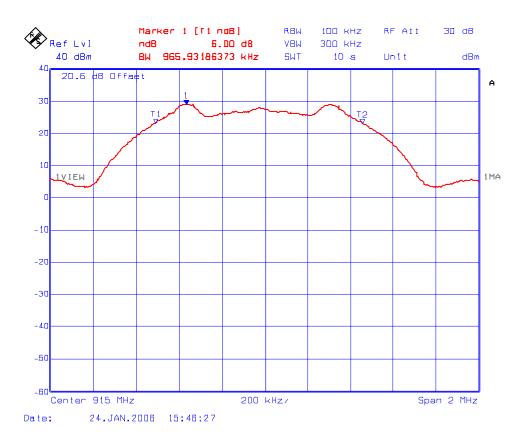
See the following plots for detailed measurements.

Tel. #: 905-829-1570, Fax. #: 905-829-8050, Email: vic@ultratech-labs.com, Website: http://www.ultratech-labs.com

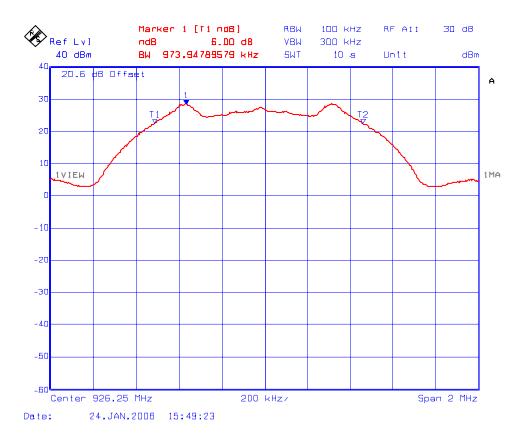
Plot 6.8.5.1 6 dB Bandwidth Frequency: 903.75 MHz at Data Rate 8



Plot 6.8.5.2 6 dB Bandwidth Frequency: 915 MHz at Data Rate 8

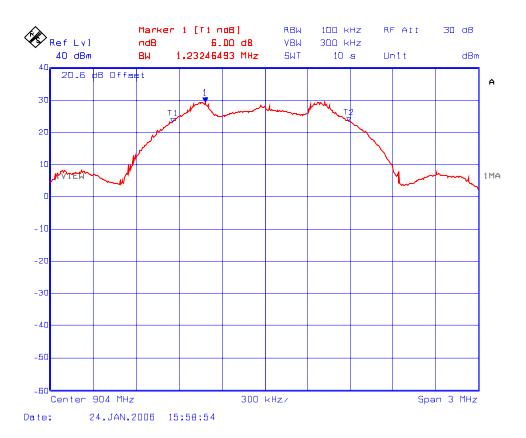


Plot 6.8.5.3 6 dB Bandwidth Frequency: 926.25 MHz at Data Rate 8



FCC ID: NS906P21

Plot 6.8.5.4 6 dB Bandwidth Frequency: 904 MHz at Data Rate 9



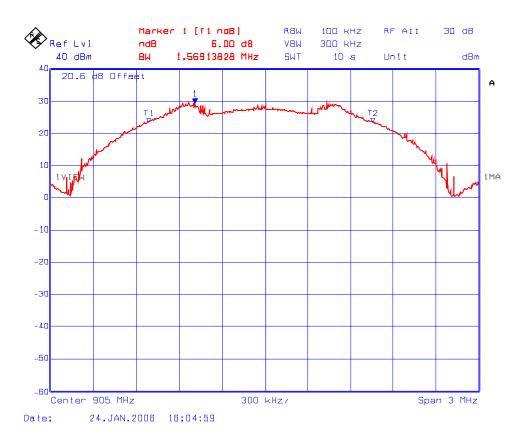
Plot 6.8.5.5 6 dB Bandwidth Frequency: 915 MHz at Data Rate 9



Plot 6.8.5.6 6 dB Bandwidth Frequency: 926 MHz at Data Rate 9



Plot 6.8.5.7 6 dB Bandwidth Frequency: 905 MHz at Data Rate 10

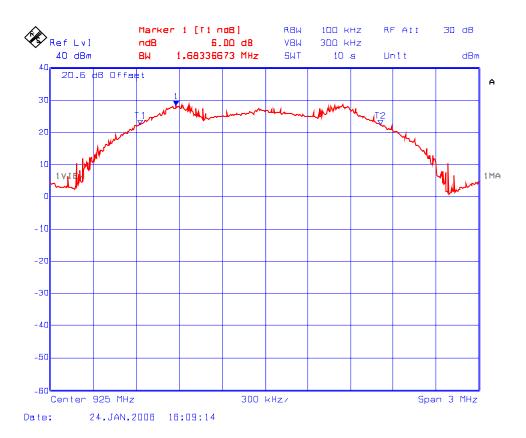


FCC ID: NS906P21

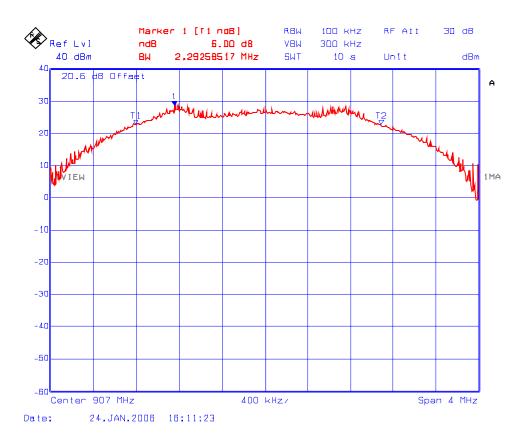
Plot 6.8.5.8 6 dB Bandwidth Frequency: 915 MHz at Data Rate 10



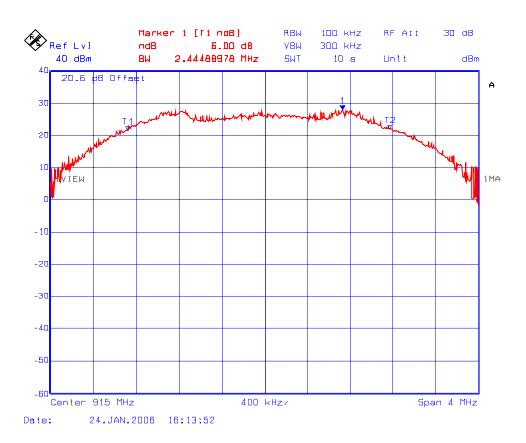
Plot 6.8.5.9 6 dB Bandwidth Frequency: 925 MHz at Data Rate 10



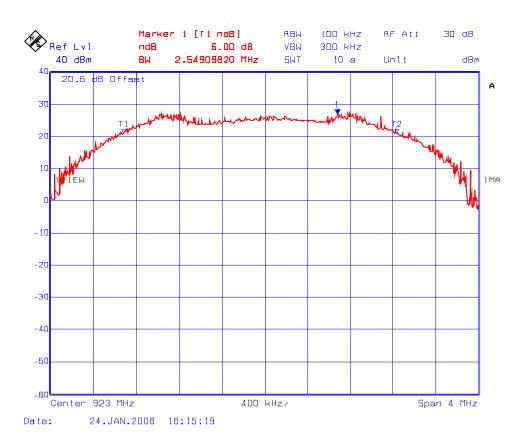
Plot 6.8.5.10 6 dB Bandwidth Frequency: 907 MHz at Data Rate 11



Plot 6.8.5.11 6 dB Bandwidth Frequency: 915 MHz at Data Rate 11



Plot 6.8.5.12 6 dB Bandwidth Frequency: 923 MHz at Data Rate 11



PEAK CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER - FHSS [§ 15.247(b)(2)] 6.9.

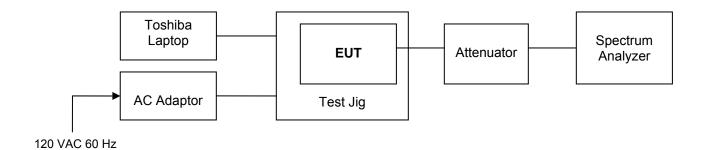
6.9.1. Limit

- §15.247(b)(2): For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels.
- §15.247(b)(4): The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

6.9.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Exhibit 8, Section 8.3, FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 and ANSI C63.4.

6.9.3. Test Arrangement



6.9.4. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz	FSEK20/B4/B21	834157/005	9kHz - 40GHz
Attenuator	Weinschel Corp	46-20-34	BM0653	DC -18GHz

File #: MCRS-009F15C247

6.9.5. Test Data

Transmitter Channel	Frequency (MHz)	¹ Peak Output Power at Antenna Terminal (dBm)	Calculated EIRP (dBm)	Peak Output Power Limit (dBm)	EIRP Limit (dBm)
		Power Setting	: 30 dBm (1W)		
Lowest	902.4	30.00	See Notes 2 & 3	30.0	36.0
Middle	915.0	29.77	See Notes 2 & 3	30.0	36.0
Highest	927.6	29.25	See Notes 2 & 3	30.0	36.0
	Power Setting: 0 dBm (1 mW)				
Lowest	902.4	-1.02	See Notes 2 & 3	30.0	36.0
Middle	915.0	-2.27	See Notes 2 & 3	30.0	36.0
Highest	927.6	-1.15	See Notes 2 & 3	30.0	36.0

Notes:

- 1. Peak power are measured at the end of a 12 inch MCX-RPTNC assembly cable, this cable will be supplied with the module and must be used to connect the module as instructed in the installation manual.
- 2. The EIRP shall be calculated based on the transmitter antenna gain (G_{dBi}) , cable loss (CL_{dB}) and peak output power at antenna terminal (P_{dBm}) . Calculated EIRP = $P_{dBm} + G_{dBi} CL_{dB}$
- 3. EIRP shall not exceed 36 dBm limit (Power Setting = 36 dBm G_{dBi} + CL_{dB}). See page 2 the Operating Manual for instruction of power setting.

6.10. PEAK CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER - DTS [§ 15.247(b)(3)]

6.10.1. Limits

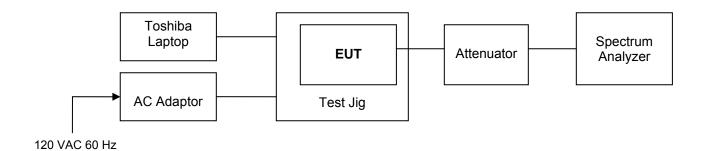
§ 15.247(b)(3): For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

§15.247(b)(4): The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

6.10.2. Method of Measurements & Test Arrangement

KDB Publication No. 558074: Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247)

6.10.3. Test Arrangement



6.10.4. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz	FSEK20/B4/B21	834157/005	9 kHz- 40 GHz
Attenuator	Weinschel Corp	46-20-34	BM0653	DC -18GHz

ULTRATECH GROUP OF LABS

Tel. #: 905-829-1570, Fax. #: 905-829-8050, Email: vic@ultratech-labs.com, Website: http://www.ultratech-labs.com

File #: MCRS-009F15C247 February 28, 2006

6.10.5. Test Data

Frequency (MHz)	Modulation Data Rate	Peak Conducted Power (dBm)	Peak EIRP (dBm)	Peak Conducted Power Limit (dBm)	EIRP Limit (dBm)
		High P	ower (30 dBm)		
903.75	Data Rate 8	29.24	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
915	Data Rate 8	28.65	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
926.25	Data Rate 8	27.77	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
904	Data Rate 9	29.90	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
915	Data Rate 9	29.13	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
926	Data Rate 9	28.40	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
905	Data Rate 10	29.93	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
915	Data Rate 10	29.41	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
925	Data Rate 10	28.81	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
907	Data Rate 11	29.98	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
915	Data Rate 11	29.63	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
923	Data Rate 11	29.30	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
		Low P	ower (0 dBm)		
903.75	Data Rate 8	-2.04	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
915	Data Rate 8	-1.89	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
926.25	Data Rate 8	-0.91	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
904	Data Rate 9	-2.99	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
915	Data Rate 9	-1.89	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
926	Data Rate 9	-1.00	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
905	Data Rate 10	-0.73	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
915	Data Rate 10	-2.53	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
925	Data Rate 10	-0.90	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
907	Data Rate 11	-2.12	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
915	Data Rate 11	-2.25	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36
923	Data Rate 11	-0.82	See Notes 2 & 3	30	36

Notes:

- 1. Peak power are measured at the end of a 12 inch MCX-RPTNC assembly cable, this cable will be supplied with the module and must be used to connect the module as instructed in the installation manual.
- 2. The EIRP shall be calculated based on the transmitter antenna gain (G_{dBi}), cable loss (CL_{dB}) and peak output power at antenna terminal (P_{dBm}). Calculated EIRP = P_{dBm} + G_{dBi} CL_{dB}
- 3. EIRP shall not exceed 36 dBm limit (Power Setting = 36 dBm G_{dBi} + CL_{dB}). See page 2 the Operating Manual for instruction of power setting.

Tel. #: 905-829-1570, Fax. #: 905-829-8050, Email: vic@ultratech-labs.com, Website: http://www.ultratech-labs.com

File #: MCRS-009F15C247 February 28, 2006

6.11. TRANSMITTER BAND-EDGE & SPURIOUS CONDUCTED EMISSIONS [§ 15.247(d)]

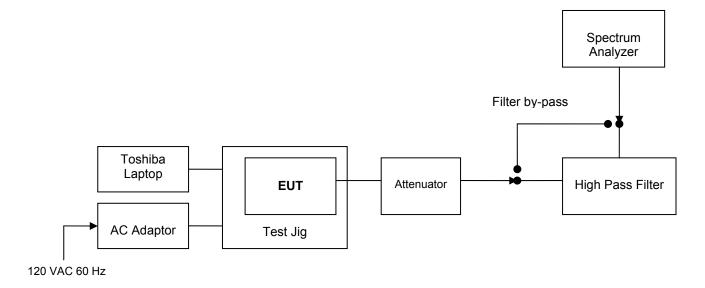
6.11.1. Limit

§ 15.247 (d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

6.11.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Exhibit 8, Section 8.4 of this test report.

6.11.3. Test Arrangement



6.11.4. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz	FSEK20/B4/B21	834157/005	9kHz - 40GHz
High Pass Filter	K&L	11SH10-1500/T8000- 0/0	2	2 - 18 GHz
Attenuator	Weinschel Corp.	46-20-34	BM0653	DC -18GHz

6.11.5. Test Data

6.11.5.1. Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions - FHSS

See the following test data plots for measurement results:

Plot 6.11.5.1.1:
Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions -FHSS
Low End of Frequency Band
Single Frequency Mode



Plot 6.11.5.1.2:
Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions -FHSS
Low End of Frequency Band
Pseudorandom Channel Hopping Mode



Plot 6.11.5.1.3: Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions -FHSS High End of Frequency Band Single Frequency Mode



Plot 6.11.5.1.4:
Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions -FHSS
High End of Frequency Band
Pseudorandom Channel Hopping Mode



6.11.5.2. Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions - DTS

See the following test data plots for measurement results:

Plot 6.11.5.2.1:
Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions - DTS
Low End of Frequency Band (903.75 MHz at Data Rate 8)



Plot 6.11.5.2.2: Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions - DTS High End of Frequency Band (926.25 MHz at Data Rate 8)



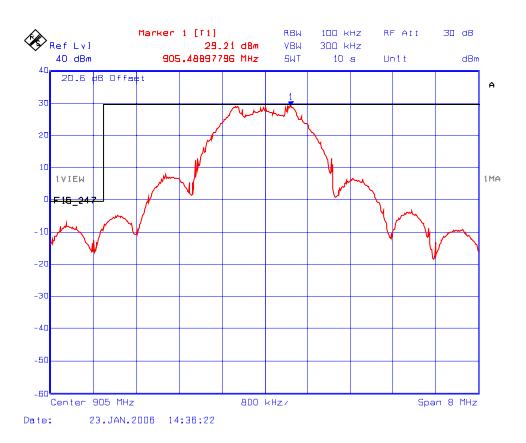
Plot 6.11.5.2.3: Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions - DTS Low End of Frequency Band (904 MHz at Data Rate 9)



Plot 6.11.5.2.4: Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions - DTS High End of Frequency Band (926 MHz at Data Rate 9)



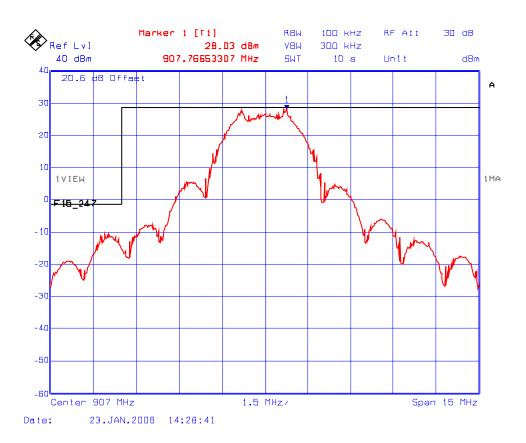
Plot 6.11.5.2.5: Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions - DTS Low End of Frequency Band (905 MHz at Data Rate 10)



Plot 6.11.5.2.6: Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions - DTS High End of Frequency Band (925 MHz at Data Rate 10)



Plot 6.11.5.2.7: Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions - DTS Low End of Frequency Band (907 MHz at Data Rate 11)



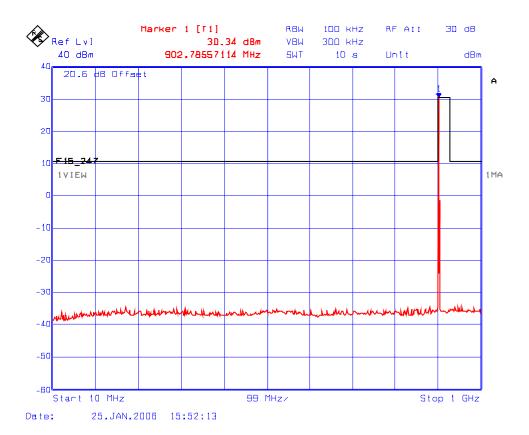
Plot 6.11.5.2.8:
Band-Edge RF Conducted Emissions - DTS
High End of Frequency Band (923 MHz at Data Rate 11)



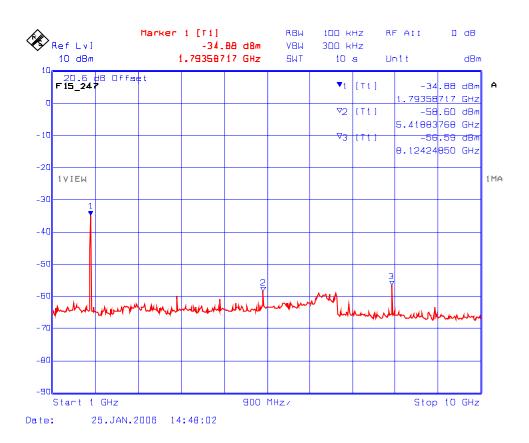
6.11.5.3. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

The emissions were scanned from 10 MHz to 10 GHz; see the following test data plots for measurement results.

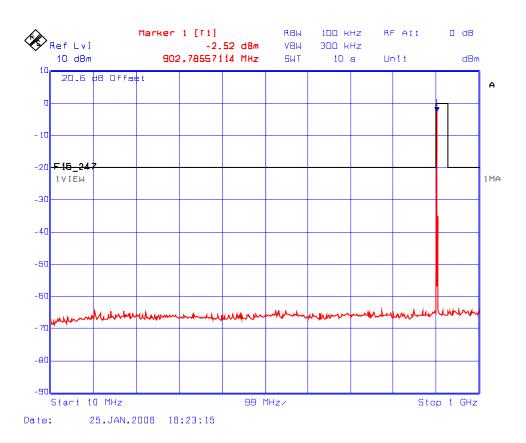
Plot 6.11.5.3.1:
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions
Transmitter Frequency: 902.4 MHz at 1W Output Power Setting



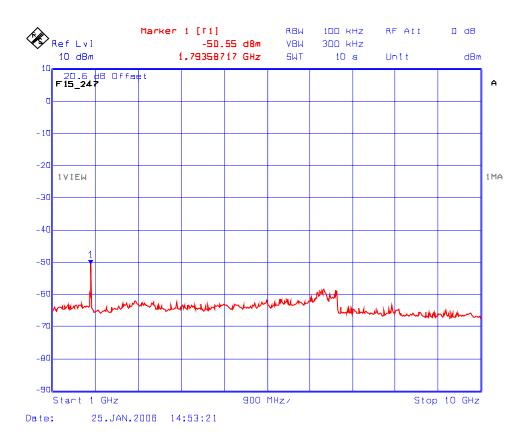
Plot 6.11.5.3.2: Spurious RF Conducted Emissions Transmitter Frequency: 902.4 MHz at 1W Output Power Setting



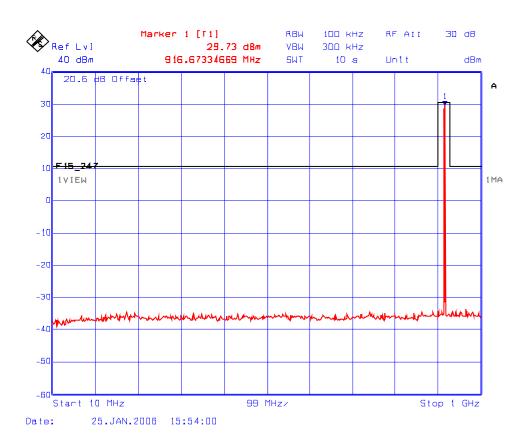
Plot 6.11.5.3.3: Spurious RF Conducted Emissions Transmitter Frequency: 902.4 MHz at 1mW Output Power Setting



Plot 6.11.5.3.4:
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions
Transmitter Frequency: 902.4 MHz at 1mW Output Power Setting



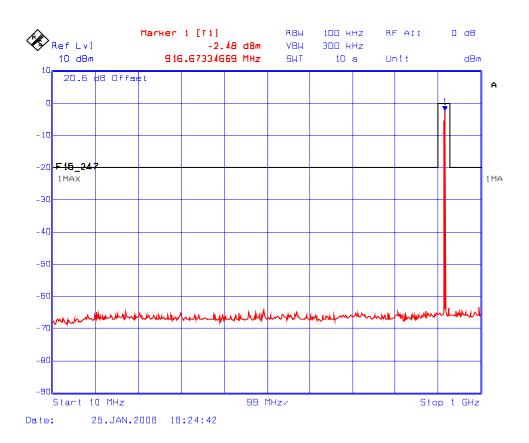
Plot 6.11.5.3.5: Spurious RF Conducted Emissions Transmitter Frequency: 915 MHz at 1W Output Power Setting



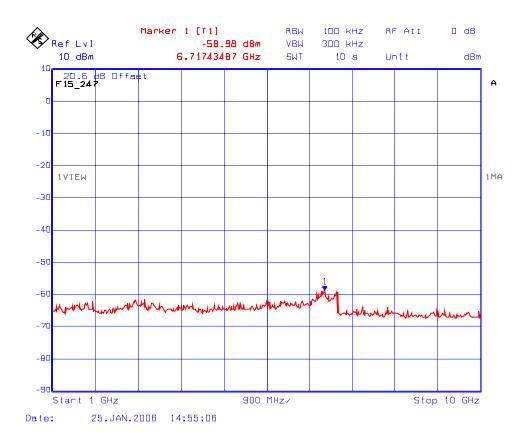
Plot 6.11.5.3.6:
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions
Transmitter Frequency: 915 MHz at 1W Output Power Setting



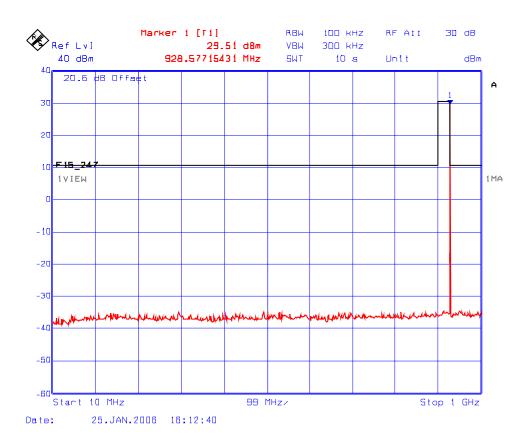
Plot 6.11.5.3.7:
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions
Transmitter Frequency: 915 MHz at 1mW Output Power Setting



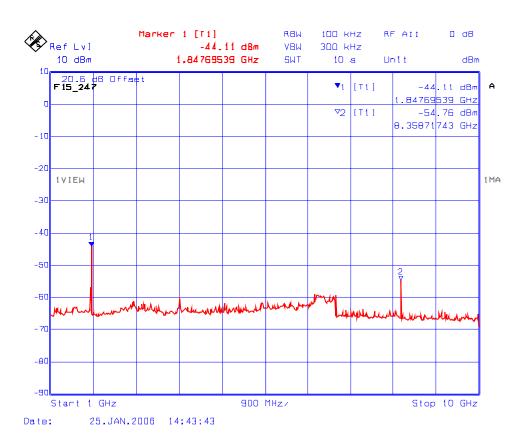
Plot 6.11.5.3.8:
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions
Transmitter Frequency: 915 MHz at 1mW Output Power Setting



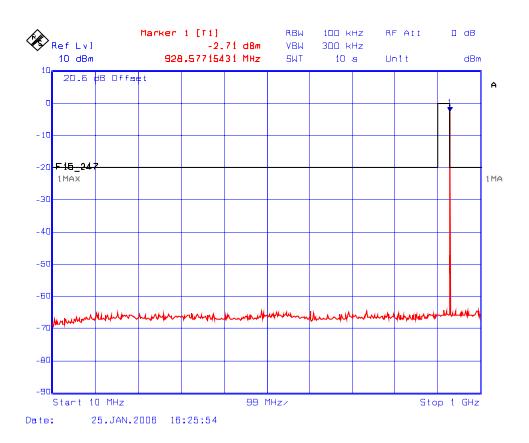
Plot 6.11.5.3.9: Spurious RF Conducted Emissions Transmitter Frequency: 927.6 MHz at 1W Output Power Setting



Plot 6.11.5.3.10:
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions
Transmitter Frequency: 927.6 MHz at 1W Output Power Setting



Plot 6.11.5.3.11:
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions
Transmitter Frequency: 927.6 MHz at 1mW Output Power Setting



Plot 6.11.5.3.12:
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions
Transmitter Frequency: 927.6 MHz at 1mW Output Power Setting



6.12. TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS AT 3 METERS [§§ 15.247(d), 15.209 & 15.205]

6.12.1. Limit

§ 15.247 (d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Section 15.205(a) - Restricted Bands of Operation

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
10.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608–614	5.35-5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123-138	2200–2300	14.47-14.5
8.291–8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72-173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240-285	3345.8–3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(2)
13.36–13.41.			

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

Section 15.209(a)

-- Field Strength Limits within Restricted Frequency Bands --

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2,400 / F (kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24,000 / F (kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

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²Above 38.6

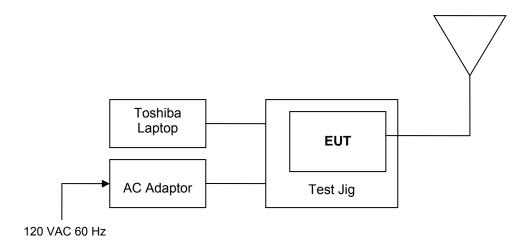
6.12.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Exhibit 8, Section 8.4 of this test report and ANSI 63.4 for detailed radiated emissions measurement procedures.

The following measurement procedures were also applied:

- Applies to harmonics/spurious that fall in the restricted bands listed in Section 15.205. the maximum
 permitted average field strength is listed in Section 15.209. A Pre-Amp and highpass filter are used for this
 measurement.
- For measurement below 1 GHz, set RBW = 100 KHz, VBW > 100 KHz, SWEEP=AUTO.
- For measurement above 1 GHz, set RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 MHz (Peak) & VBW = 10 Hz (Average), SWEEP=AUTO.
- If the emission is pulsed, modified the unit for continuous operation, then use the settings above for measurements, then correct the reading by subtracting the peak-average correction factor derived from the appropriate duty cycle calculation. See Section 15.35(b) and (c).

6.12.3. Test Arrangement



6.12.4. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz	FSEK20/B4/B21	834157/005	9kHz – 40GHz
Microwave Amplifier	Hewlett Packard	8449B	3008A00769	1 GHz to 26.5 GHz
Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3143	1029	20 MHz to 2 GHz
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3155	9701-5061	1 GHz – 18 GHz

6.12.5. Test Data

The following test results are the worst-case measurements.

6.12.5.1. EUT with Quarter Wave Antenna, 1.5 dBi Gain

Fundamental Frequency: 902.4 MHz Power Setting: 30 dBm

Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz – 10 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
902.4	129.29		V				
902.4	124.45		Н				
2707.2	52.67	49.61	V	54.0	109.3	-4.4	Pass*
2707.2	52.71	50.09	Н	54.0	109.3	-3.9	Pass*
3609.6	53.80	49.31	V	54.0	109.3	-4.7	Pass*
3609.6	54.58	50.00	Н	54.0	109.3	-4.0	Pass*
4512.0	49.54	43.95	V	54.0	109.3	-10.1	Pass*
4512.0	53.04	48.81	Н	54.0	109.3	-5.2	Pass*
5414.4	49.54	39.15	V	54.0	109.3	-14.9	Pass*
5414.4	50.88	43.61	Н	54.0	109.3	-10.4	Pass*
8121.6	54.54	41.63	V	54.0	109.3	-12.4	Pass*

All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit. See the following test data plots for band-edge emissions.

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^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

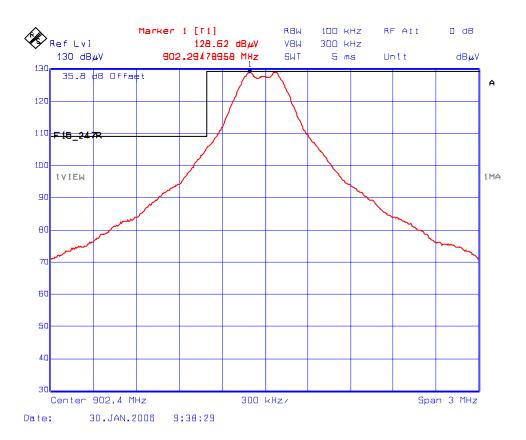
Plot 6.12.5.1.1:

FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters

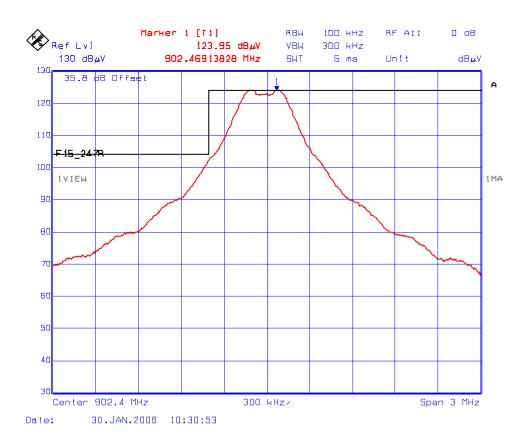
Low End of Frequency Band

Test Configuration 1: EUT with ¼ Wave Antenna (1.5 dBi Gain)

Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical

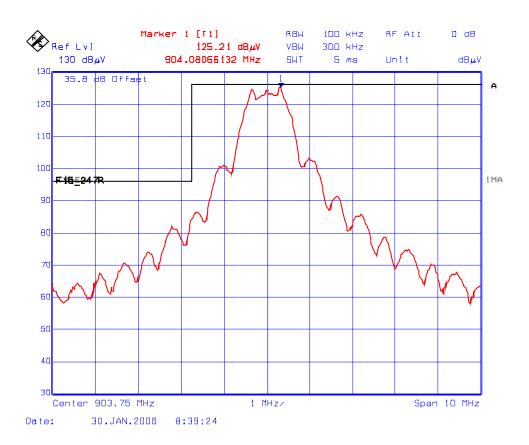


Plot 6.12.5.1.2:
FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Low End of Frequency Band
Test Configuration 1: EUT with 1/4 Wave Antenna (1.5 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



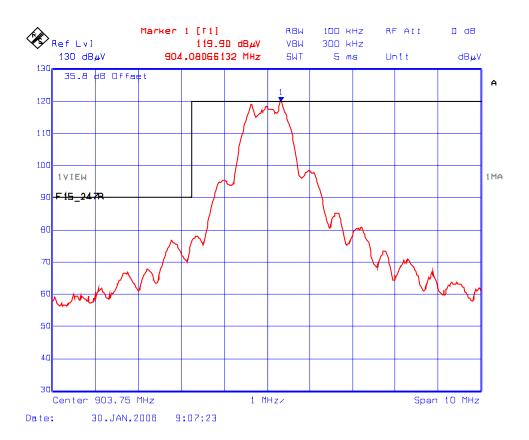
Plot 6.12.5.1.3:
DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Low End of Frequency Band (903.75 MHz at Data Rate: 8)
Test Configuration 1: EUT with 1/4 Wave Antenna (1.5 dBi Gain)

Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.1.4:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Low End of Frequency Band (903.75 MHz at Data Rate: 8) Test Configuration 1: EUT with ¼ Wave Antenna (1.5 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



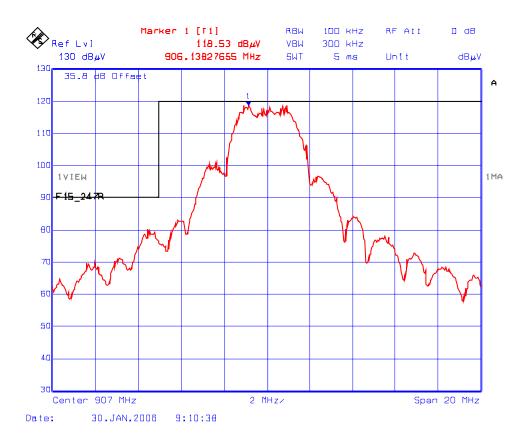
Plot 6.12.5.1.5:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Low End of Frequency Band (907 MHz at Data Rate 11) Test Configuration 1: EUT with ¼ Wave Antenna (1.5 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.1.6:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Low End of Frequency Band (907 MHz at Data Rate 11) Test Configuration 1: EUT with ¼ Wave Antenna (1.5 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



Fundamental Frequency: 915.0 MHz Power Setting: 30 dBm

Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz – 10 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
915.0	128.05		V				
915.0	124.49		Н				
2745.0	51.53	47.21	V	54.0	108.1	-6.8	Pass*
2745.0	53.56	51.01	Н	54.0	108.1	-3.0	Pass*
3660.0	51.96	41.58	V	54.0	108.1	-12.4	Pass*
3660.0	52.91	46.64	Н	54.0	108.1	-7.4	Pass*
4575.0	49.06	39.48	V	54.0	108.1	-14.5	Pass*
4575.0	48.68	39.19	Н	54.0	108.1	-14.8	Pass*

All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit.

Fundamental Frequency: 927.6 MHz Power Setting: 30 dBm

Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz – 10 GHz

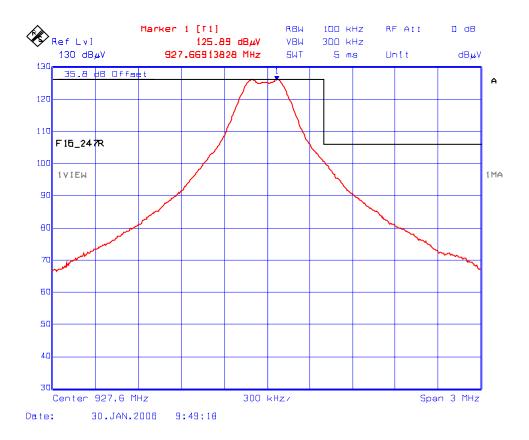
Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
927.6	126.11		V				
927.6	124.38		Н				
2782.8	52.34	49.37	V	54.0	106.1	-4.6	Pass*
2782.8	51.19	48.51	Н	54.0	106.1	-5.5	Pass*
3710.4	52.49	44.99	V	54.0	106.1	-9.0	Pass*
3710.4	51.07	44.22	Н	54.0	106.1	-9.8	Pass*
4638.0	47.71	39.15	V	54.0	106.1	-14.9	Pass*
4638.0	48.04	38.95	Н	54.0	106.1	-15.1	Pass*

All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit. See the following test data plots for band-edge emissions.

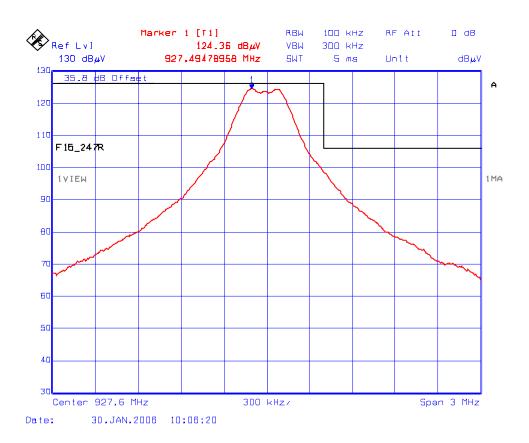
^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

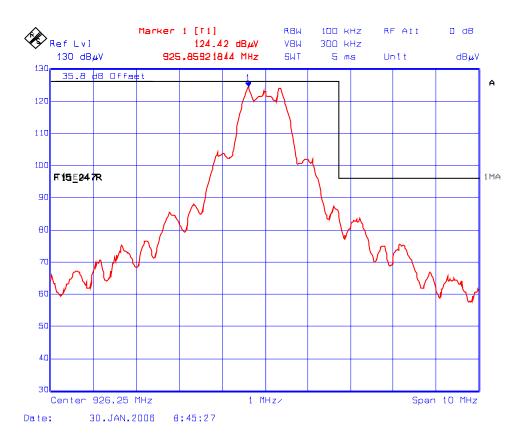
Plot 6.12.5.1.7:
FHSS- Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band
Test Configuration 1: EUT with 1/4 Wave Antenna (1.5 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.1.8:
FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band
Test Configuration 1: EUT with 1/4 Wave Antenna (1.5 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal

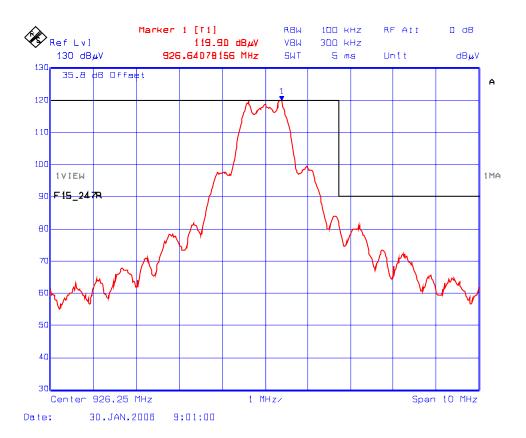


Plot 6.12.5.1.9:
DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band (926.25 MHz at Data Rate 8)
Test Configuration 1: EUT with 1/4 Wave Antenna (1.5 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



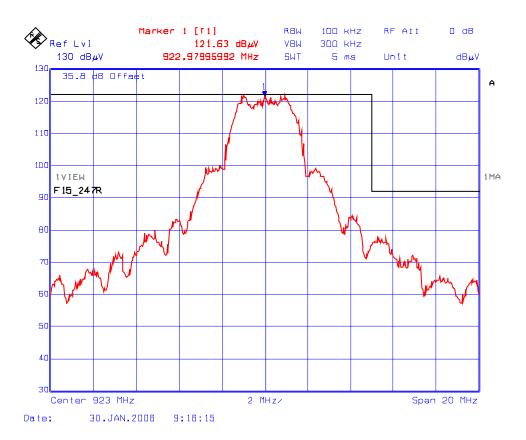
Plot 6.12.5.1.10:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band (926.25 MHz at Data Rate 8) Test Configuration 1: EUT with ¼ Wave Antenna (1.5 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



Plot 6.12.5.1.11:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band (923 MHz at Data Rate 11) Test Configuration 1: EUT with ¼ Wave Antenna (1.5 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.1.12:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band (923 MHz at Data Rate 11) Test Configuration 1: EUT with ¼ Wave Antenna (1.5 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



6.12.5.2. EUT with Rubber Ducky Antenna, 2 dBi Gain

Fundamental Frequency: 902.4 MHz Power Setting: 30 dBm

Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz – 10 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
927.6	130.10		V				
927.6	131.18		Н				
2707.2	45.22	37.53	V	54.0	111.2	-16.5	Pass*
2707.2	49.33	45.31	Н	54.0	111.2	-8.7	Pass*
3609.6	51.26	44.02	V	54.0	111.2	-10.0	Pass*
3609.6	51.51	45.12	Н	54.0	111.2	-8.9	Pass*
4512.0	50.96	44.18	V	54.0	111.2	-9.8	Pass*
4512.0	50.94	45.34	Н	54.0	111.2	-8.7	Pass*
5414.4	51.58	44.45	V	54.0	111.2	-9.6	Pass*
5414.4	52.53	46.67	Н	54.0	111.2	-7.3	Pass*
8121.6	55.97	42.05	V	54.0	111.2	-12.0	Pass*
8121.6	56.87	43.12	Н	54.0	111.2	-10.9	Pass*

All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit. See the following test data plots for band-edge emissions.

^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

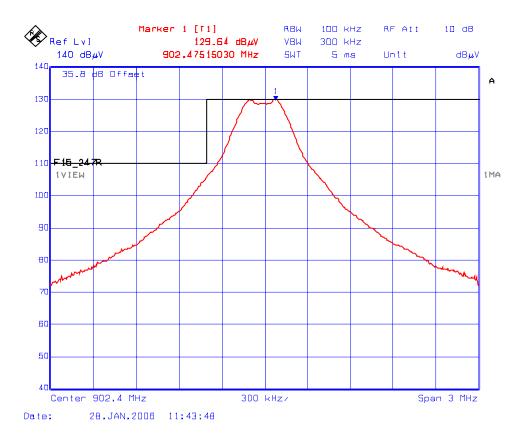
Plot 6.12.5.2.1:

FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters

Low End of Frequency Band

Test Configuration 2: EUT with Rubber Duck Antenna (2 dBi Gain)

Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.2.2: FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Low End of Frequency Band Test Configuration 2: EUT with Rubber Duck Antenna (2 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



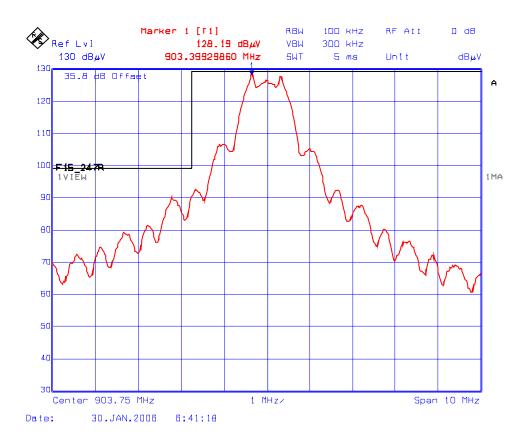
Plot 6.12.5.2.3:
DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Low End of Frequency Band (903.25 MHz at Data Rate 8)
Test Configuration 2: EUT with Rubber Duck Antenna (2 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



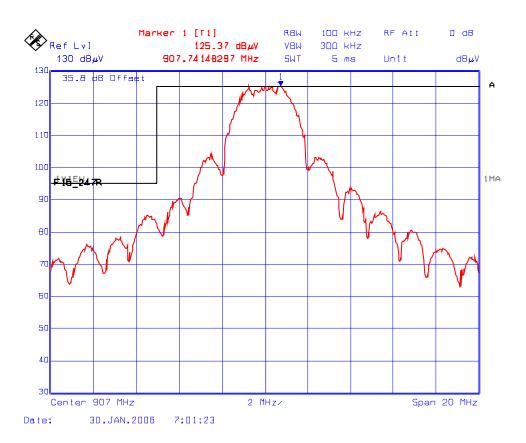
Plot 6.12.5.2.4:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Low End of Frequency Band (903.75 MHz at Data Rate 8)

Test Configuration 2: EUT with Rubber Duck Antenna (2 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal

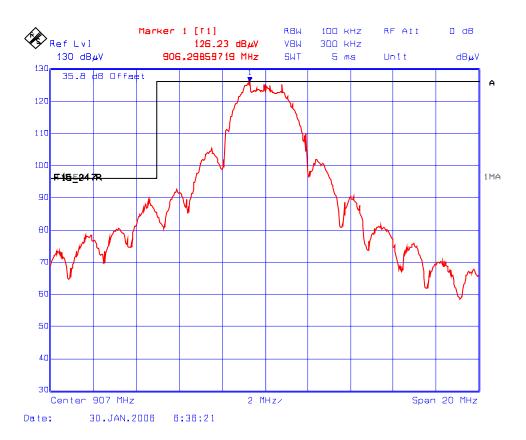


Plot 6.12.5.2.5:
DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Low End of Frequency Band (907 MHz at Data Rate 11)
Test Configuration 2: EUT with Rubber Duck Antenna (2 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.2.6:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Low End of Frequency Band (907 MHz at Data Rate 11) Test Configuration 2: EUT with Rubber Duck Antenna (2 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



Fundamental Frequency: 915.0 MHz Power Setting: 30 dBm

Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz – 10 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
915.0	130.51		V				
915.0	130.85		Н				
2745.0	46.10	37.58	V	54.0	110.9	-16.4	Pass*
2745.0	48.57	44.26	Н	54.0	110.9	-9.7	Pass*
3660.0	49.48	39.74	V	54.0	110.9	-14.3	Pass*
3660.0	51.62	43.58	Н	54.0	110.9	-10.4	Pass*
4575.0	50.78	45.86	V	54.0	110.9	-8.1	Pass*
4575.0	52.53	48.76	Н	54.0	110.9	-5.2	Pass*
7320.0	51.89	39.25	V	54.0	110.9	-14.8	Pass*
7320.0	51.81	40.05	Н	54.0	110.9	-14.0	Pass*
8235.0	56.74	46.96	V	54.0	110.9	-7.0	Pass*
8235.0	55.96	45.48	Н	54.0	110.9	-8.5	Pass*
9150.0	54.74	41.60	V	54.0	110.9	-12.4	Pass*
9150.0	54.91	42.38	Н	54.0	110.9	-11.6	Pass*

All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit.

^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

FCC ID: NS906P21

Fundamental Frequency: 927.6 MHz Power Setting: 30 dBm

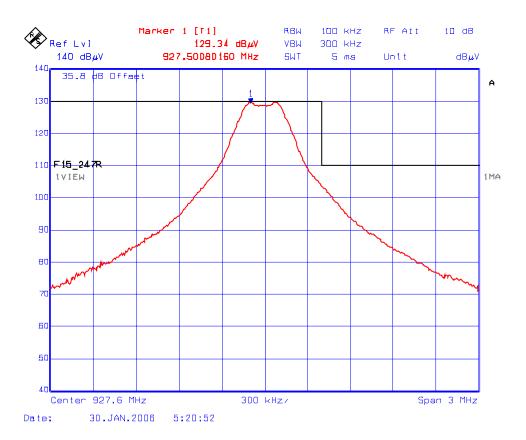
Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz – 10 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
927.6	130.62		V				
927.6	129.62		Н				
2782.8	47.45	42.78	V	54.0	110.6	-11.2	Pass*
2782.8	48.38	43.44	Н	54.0	110.6	-10.6	Pass*
3710.4	47.84	36.33	V	54.0	110.6	-17.7	Pass*
3710.4	50.48	42.12	Н	54.0	110.6	-11.9	Pass*
4638.0	49.13	41.68	V	54.0	110.6	-12.3	Pass*
4638.0	50.68	45.79	Н	54.0	110.6	-8.2	Pass*
7420.8	51.35	38.21	V	54.0	110.6	-15.8	Pass*
7420.8	52.11	39.10	Н	54.0	110.6	-14.9	Pass*
8348.4	55.89	43.89	V	54.0	110.6	-10.1	Pass*
8348.4	55.95	46.15	Н	54.0	110.6	-7.9	Pass*

All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit. See the following test data plots for band-edge emissions.

^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

Plot 6.12.5.2.7:
FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band
Test Configuration 2: EUT with Rubber Duck Antenna (2 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical

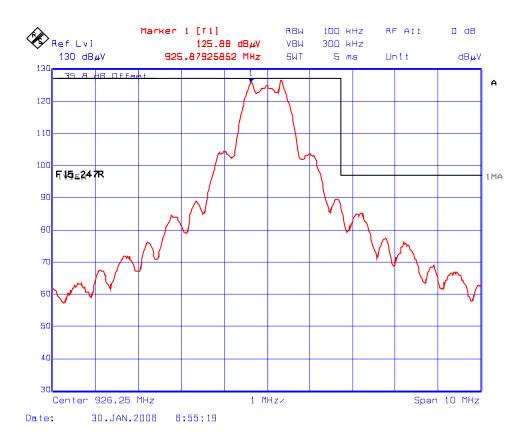


Plot 6.12.5.2.8: FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band Test Configuration 2: EUT with Rubber Duck Antenna (2 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



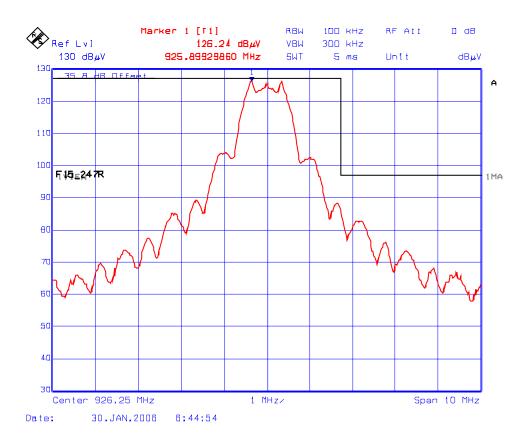
Plot 6.12.5.2.9:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band (926.25 MHz at Data Rate 8) Test Configuration 2: EUT with Rubber Duck Antenna (2 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



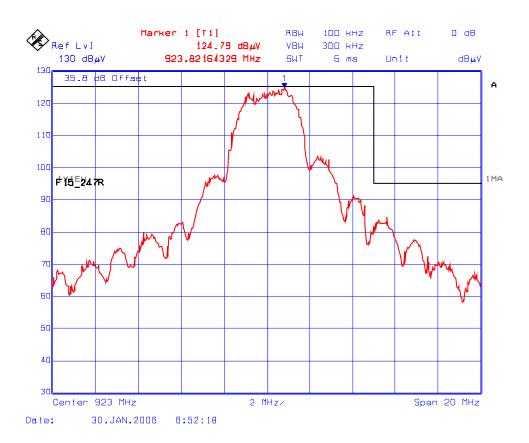
Plot 6.12.5.2.10:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band (926.25 MHz at Data Rate 8) Test Configuration 2: EUT with Rubber Duck Antenna (2 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



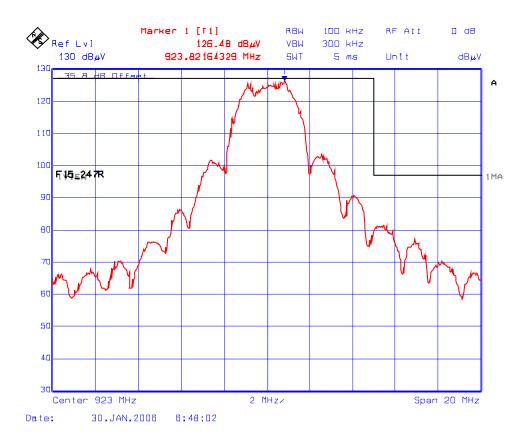
Plot 6.12.5.2.11:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band (923 MHz at Data Rate 11)
Test Configuration 2: EUT with Rubber Duck Antenna (2 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.2.12:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band (923 MHz at Data Rate 11) Test Configuration 2: EUT with Rubber Duck Antenna (2 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



6.12.5.3. EUT with Transit Antenna, 5.15 dBi Gain

Fundamental Frequency: 902.4 MHz Power Setting: 30 dBm

Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz – 10 GHz

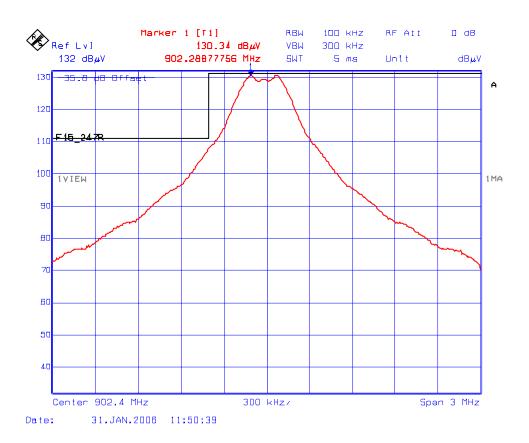
Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
902.4	130.59		V				
902.4	129.03		Н				
2707.2	45.74	37.90	V	54.0	110.6	-16.1	Pass*
2707.2	45.19	37.65	Н	54.0	110.6	-16.4	Pass*
3609.6	50.33	40.63	V	54.0	110.6	-13.4	Pass*
3609.6	49.05	37.47	Н	54.0	110.6	-16.5	Pass*
4512.0	49.77	42.50	V	54.0	110.6	-11.5	Pass*
4512.0	53.50	48.87	Н	54.0	110.6	-5.1	Pass*
5414.4	50.54	42.18	V	54.0	110.6	-11.8	Pass*
5414.4	51.13	42.55	Н	54.0	110.6	-11.5	Pass*

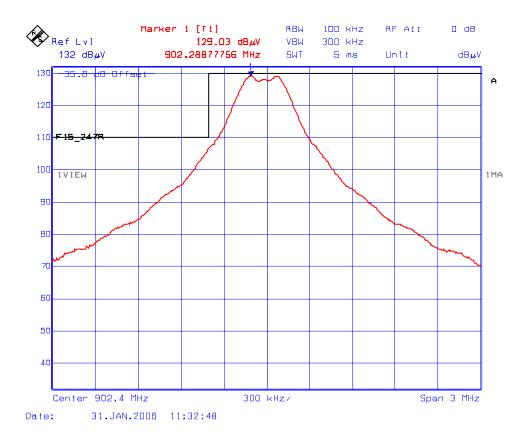
All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit. See the following test data plots for band-edge emissions.

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^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

Plot 6.12.5.3.1:
FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Low End of Frequency Band
Test Configuration 3: EUT with Transit Antenna (5.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical





Plot 6.12.5.3.3:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Low End of Frequency Band (903.75 MHz at Data Rate 8)
Test Configuration 3: EUT with Transit Antenna (5.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical

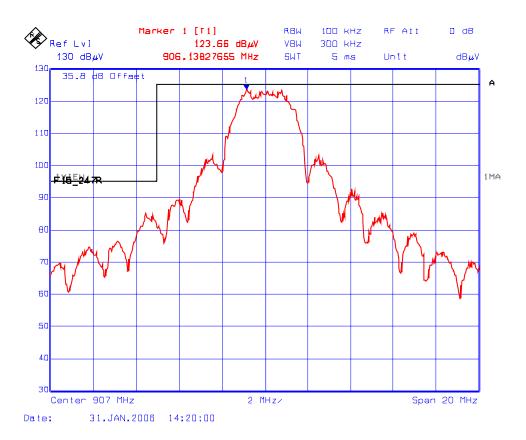


Plot 6.12.5.3.4:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Low End of Frequency Band (903.75 MHz at Data Rate 8) Test Configuration 3: EUT with Transit Antenna (5.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal

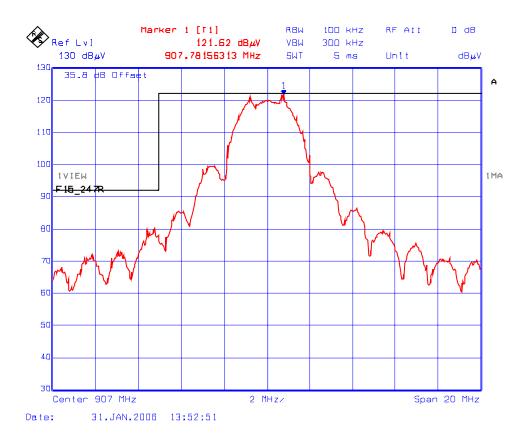


Plot 6.12.5.3.5:
DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Low End of Frequency Band (907 MHz at Data Rate 11)
Test Configuration 3: EUT with Transit Antenna (5.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.3.6:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Low End of Frequency Band (907 MHz at Data Rate 11) Test Configuration 3: EUT with Transit Antenna (5.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



Fundamental Frequency: 915.0 MHz Power Setting: 30 dBm

30 MHz – 10 GHz Frequency Test Range:

Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
915.0	129.32		V				
915.0	128.54		Н				
2745.0	45.96	37.36	V	54.0	109.3	-16.6	Pass*
2745.0	45.77	35.27	Н	54.0	109.3	-18.7	Pass*
3660.0	48.52	36.15	V	54.0	109.3	-17.9	Pass*
3660.0	49.57	38.03	Н	54.0	109.3	-16.0	Pass*
4575.0	49.54	42.15	V	54.0	109.3	-11.9	Pass*
4575.0	51.94	47.39	Н	54.0	109.3	-6.6	Pass*

All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit.

Fundamental Frequency: 927.6 MHz Power Setting: 30 dBm

Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz - 10 GHz

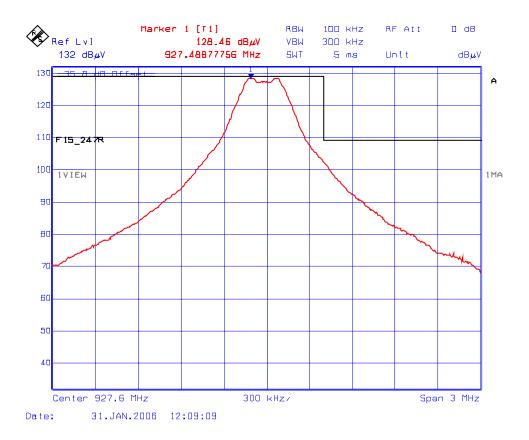
Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
927.6	128.46		V				
927.6	127.49		Н				
2782.8	47.02	41.28	V	54.0	108.5	-12.7	Pass*
2782.8	46.97	41.91	Н	54.0	108.5	-12.1	Pass*
3710.4	48.48	36.20	V	54.0	108.5	-17.8	Pass*
3710.4	48.54	36.90	Н	54.0	108.5	-17.1	Pass*
4638.0	46.12	35.06	V	54.0	108.5	-18.9	Pass*
4638.0	48.23	40.75	Н	54.0	108.5	-13.3	Pass*

All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit. See the following test data plots for band-edge emissions.

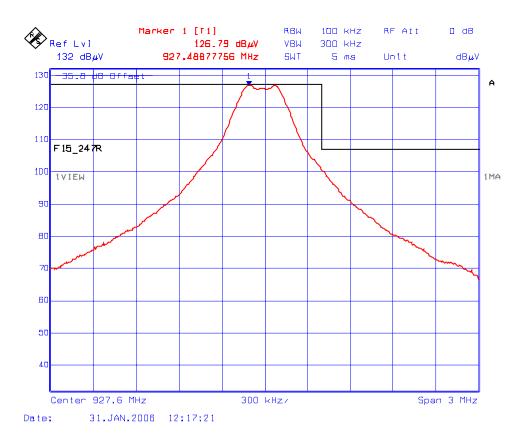
Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

Plot 6.12.5.3.7:
FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band
Test Configuration 3: EUT with Transit Antenna (5.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.3.8: FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band Test Configuration 3: EUT with Transit Antenna (5.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



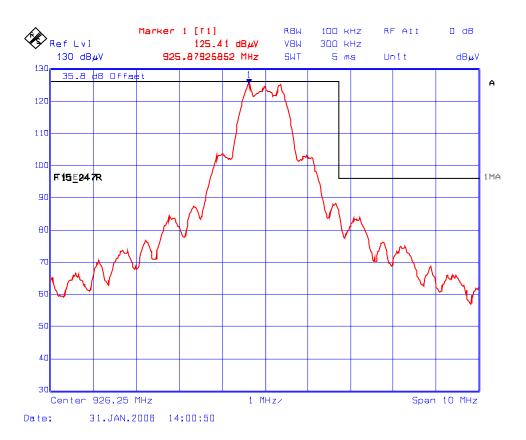
Plot 6.12.5.3.9: DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band (926.25 MHz at Data Rate 8)

Test Configuration 3: EUT with Transit Antenna (5.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



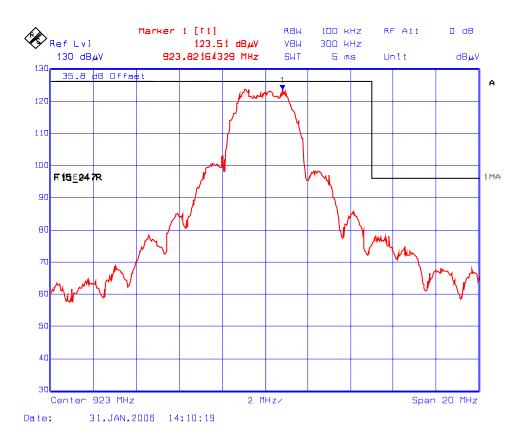
Plot 6.12.5.3.10:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band (926.25 MHz at Data Rate 8) Test Configuration 3: EUT with Transit Antenna (5.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



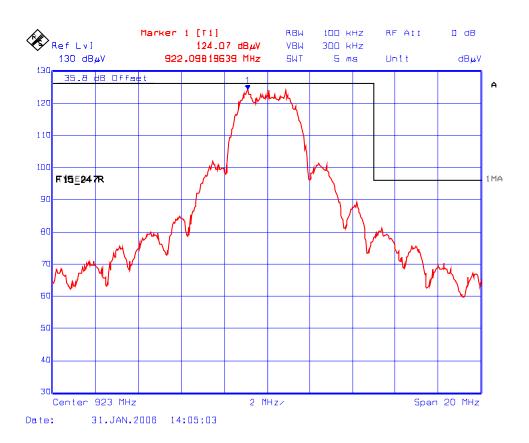
Plot 6.12.5.3.11:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band (923 MHz at Data Rate 11) Test Configuration 3: EUT with Transit Antenna (5.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.3.12:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band (923 MHz at Data Rate 11) Test Configuration 3: EUT with Transit Antenna (5.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



6.12.5.4. EUT with Yagi Antenna, 14.15 dBi Gain, 1.53 dB Cable Loss

Fundamental Frequency: 902.4 MHz Power Setting: 23.33 dBm

Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz – 10 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
902.4	132.75		V				
902.4	133.77		Н				
2707.2	44.68	34.66	Н	54.0	113.8	-19.3	Pass*
3609.6	49.22	38.13	V	54.0	113.8	-15.9	Pass*
3609.6	49.43	38.05	Н	54.0	113.8	-16.0	Pass*
4512.0	49.26	38.61	V	54.0	113.8	-15.4	Pass*
4512.0	47.30	35.23	Н	54.0	113.8	-18.8	Pass*
5414.4	50.36	40.02	V	54.0	113.8	-14.0	Pass*
5414.4	48.62	37.33	Н	54.0	113.8	-16.7	Pass*

All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit. See the following test data plots for band-edge emissions.

Tel. #: 905-829-1570, Fax. #: 905-829-8050, Email: vic@ultratech-labs.com, Website: http://www.ultratech-labs.com

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^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

Plot 6.12.5.4.1:

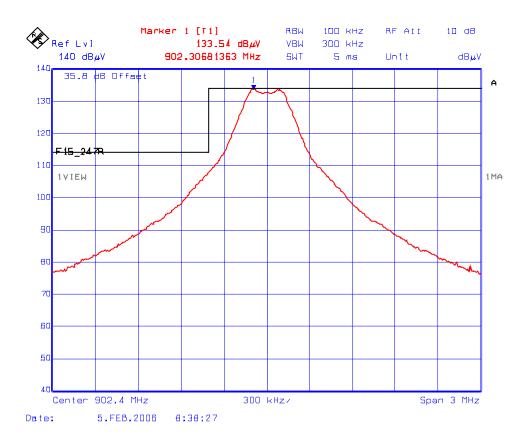
FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters

Low End of Frequency Band

Test Configuration 4: EUT with Yagi Antenna (14.15 dBi Gain)

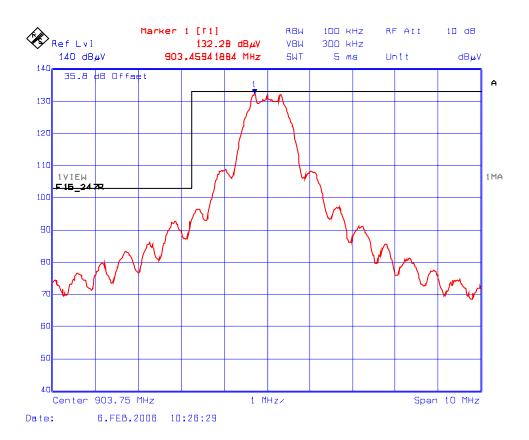
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



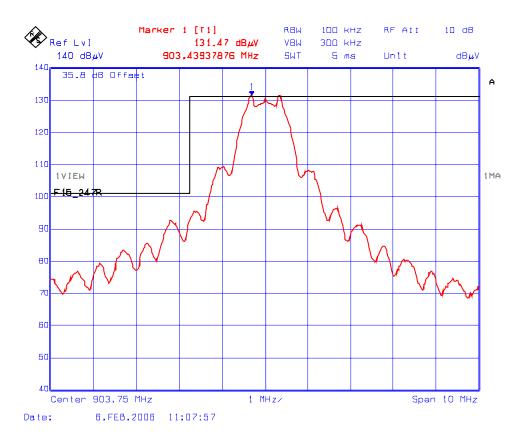


Plot 6.12.5.4.3:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Low End of Frequency Band (903.75 MHz at Data Rate 8) Test Configuration 4: EUT with Yagi Antenna (14.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical

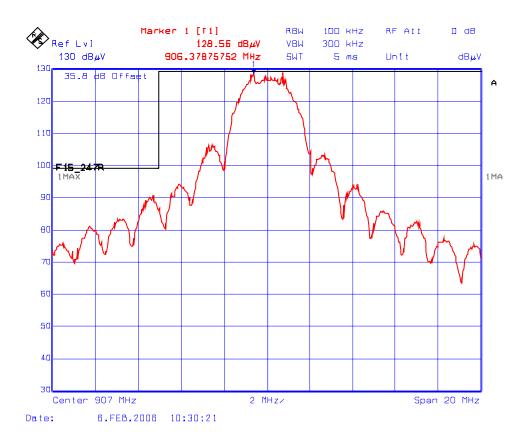


Plot 6.12.5.4.4:
DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Low End of Frequency Band (903.75 MHz at Data Rate 8)
Test Configuration 4: EUT with Yagi Antenna (14.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



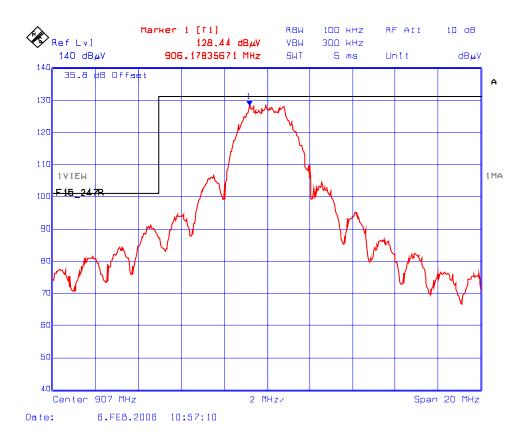
Plot 6.12.5.4.5:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Low End of Frequency Band (907 MHz at Data Rate 11) Test Configuration 4: EUT with Yagi Antenna (14.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.4.6:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Low End of Frequency Band (907 MHz at Data Rate 11) Test Configuration 4: EUT with Yagi Antenna (14.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



FCC ID: NS906P21

Fundamental Frequency: 915.0 MHz Power Setting: 23.33 dBm

Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz – 10 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail		
915.0	131.25		V						
915.0	131.79		Н						
2745.0	45.62	36.27	V	54.0	111.8	-17.7	Pass*		
2745.0	44.89	35.52	Н	54.0	111.8	-18.5	Pass*		
3660.0	50.55	38.45	V	54.0	111.8	-15.6	Pass*		
3660.0	49.35	36.69	Н	54.0	111.8	-17.3	Pass*		
4575.0	49.24	41.44	V	54.0	111.8	-12.6	Pass*		
4575.0	48.49	37.98	Н	54.0	111.8	-16.0	Pass*		
All other spu	All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit.								

^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

Fundamental Frequency: 927.6 MHz Power Setting: 23.33 dBm

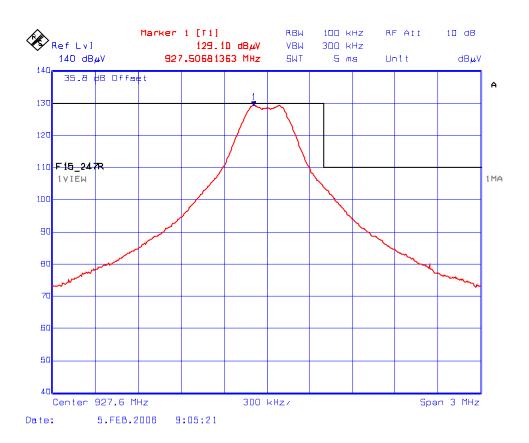
Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz – 10 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
927.6	130.87		V				
927.6	130.41		Н				
2782.8	45.75	37.00	V	54.0	110.9	-17.0	Pass*
2782.8	44.98	35.58	Н	54.0	110.9	-18.4	Pass*
3710.4	48.86	37.99	V	54.0	110.9	-16.0	Pass*
3710.4	48.35	35.94	Н	54.0	110.9	-18.1	Pass*
4638.0	49.61	38.31	V	54.0	110.9	-15.7	Pass*
4638.0	47.83	40.61	Н	54.0	110.9	-13.4	Pass*

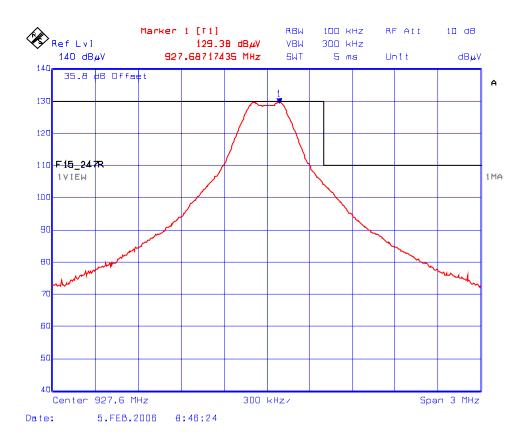
All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit. See the following test data plots for band-edge emissions.

^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

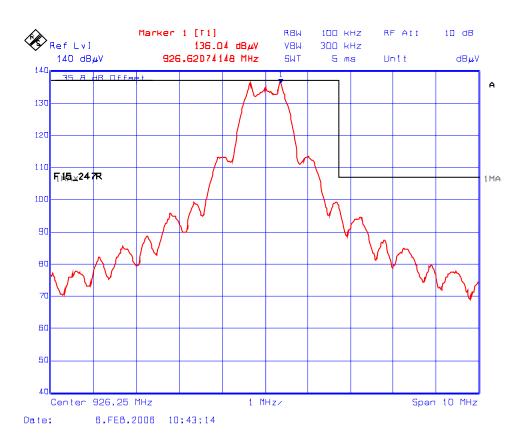
Plot 6.12.5.4.7:
FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band
Test Configuration 4: EUT with Yagi Antenna (14.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.4.8:
FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band
Test Configuration 4: EUT with Yagi Antenna (14.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal

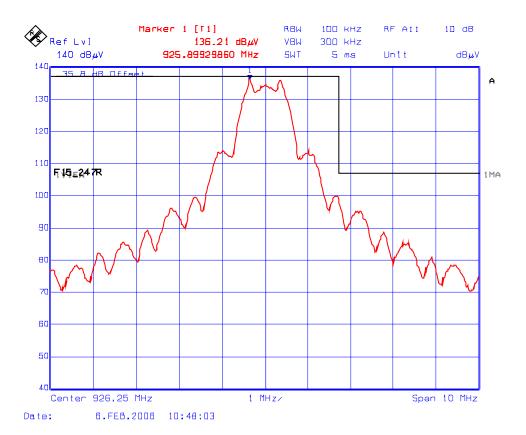


Plot 6.12.5.4.9:
DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band (926.25 MHz at Data Rate 8)
Test Configuration 4: EUT with Yagi Antenna (14.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



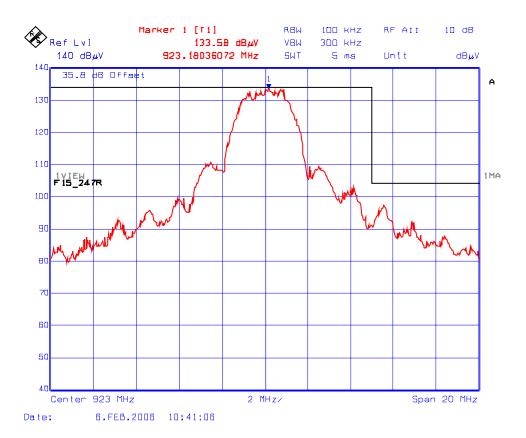
Plot 6.12.5.4.10:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band (926.25 MHz at Data Rate 8) Test Configuration 4: EUT with Yagi Antenna (14.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



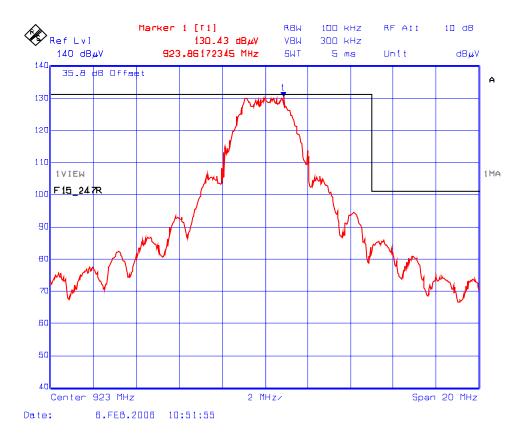
Plot 6.12.5.4.11:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band (923 MHz at Data Rate 11) Test Configuration 4: EUT with Yagi Antenna (14.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.4.12:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band (923 MHz at Data Rate 11) Test Configuration 4: EUT with Yagi Antenna (14.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



6.12.5.5. EUT with Omni Directional Antenna, 8.15 dBi Gain, 1.53 dB Cable Loss

Fundamental Frequency: 902.4 MHz Power Setting: 29.32 dBm

Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz – 10 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
902.4	134.71		V				
902.4	134.06		Н				
2707.2	45.87	38.88	V	54.0	114.7	-15.1	Pass*
2707.2	47.03	40.94	Н	54.0	114.7	-13.1	Pass*
3609.6	50.37	43.50	V	54.0	114.7	-10.5	Pass*
3609.6	52.16	44.39	Н	54.0	114.7	-9.6	Pass*
4512.0	50.05	42.62	V	54.0	114.7	-11.4	Pass*
4512.0	51.53	45.67	Н	54.0	114.7	-8.3	Pass*
5414.4	50.43	41.52	V	54.0	114.7	-12.5	Pass*
5414.4	51.32	42.38	Н	54.0	114.7	-11.6	Pass*

All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit. See the following test data plots for band-edge emissions.

Tel. #: 905-829-1570, Fax. #: 905-829-8050, Email: vic@ultratech-labs.com, Website: http://www.ultratech-labs.com

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^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

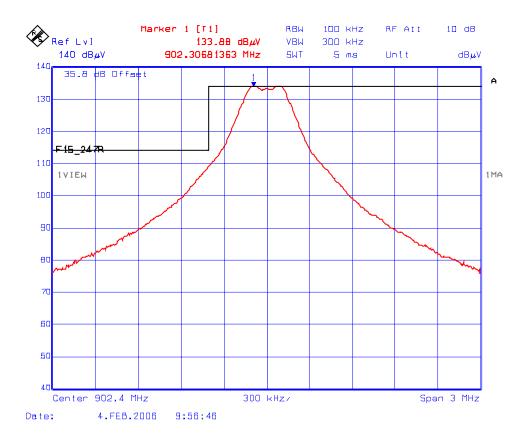
Plot 6.12.5.5.1:

FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters

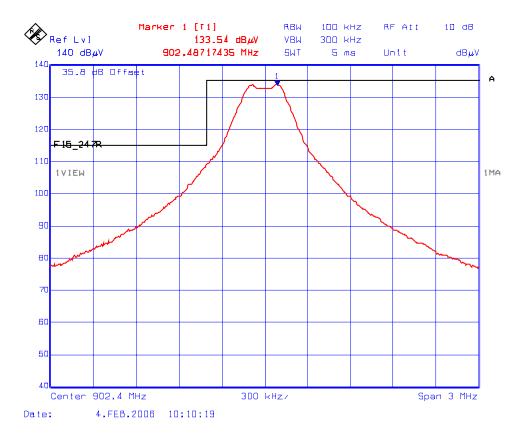
Low End of Frequency Band

Test Configuration 5: EUT with Omni Directional Antenna (8.15 dBi Gain)

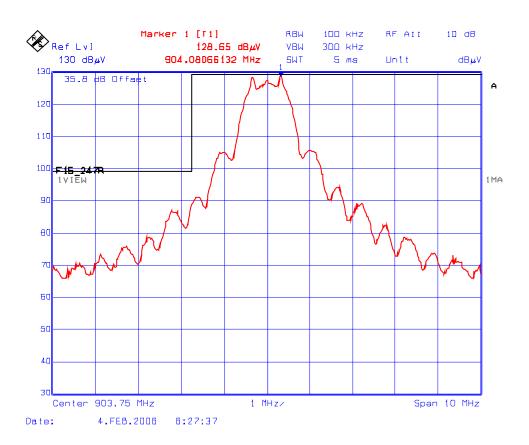
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.5.2:
FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Low End of Frequency Band
Test Configuration 5: EUT with Omni Directional Antenna (8.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal

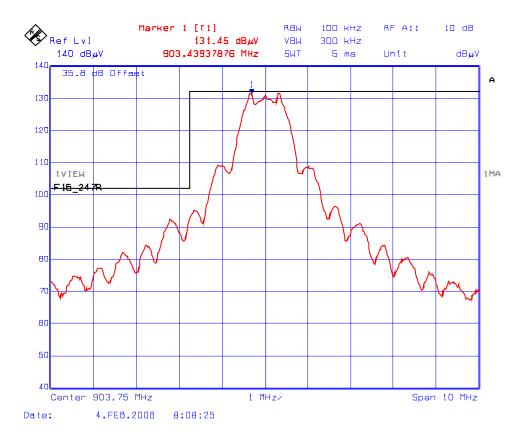


Plot 6.12.5.5.3:
DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Low End of Frequency Band (903.75 MHz at Data Rate 8)
Test Configuration 5: EUT with Omni Directional Antenna (8.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.5.4:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Low End of Frequency Band (903.75 MHz at Data Rate 8) Test Configuration 5: EUT with Omni Directional Antenna (8.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



Plot 6.12.5.5.5:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters

Low End of Frequency Band (907 MHz at Data Rate 11)

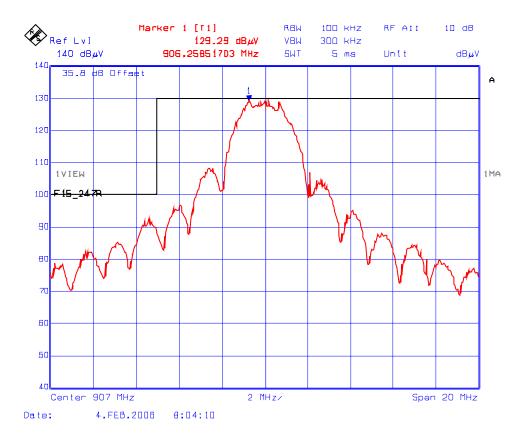
Infiguration 5: ELIT with Omni Directional Antenna (8.15 dBi Gain)

Test Configuration 5: EUT with Omni Directional Antenna (8.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.5.6:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Low End of Frequency Band (907 MHz at Data Rate: 11) Test Configuration 5: EUT with Omni Directional Antenna (8.15 dBi Gain) Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



FCC ID: NS906P21

Fundamental Frequency: 915.0 MHz Power Setting: 29.32 dBm

Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz – 10 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail		
915.0	132.54		V						
915.0	131.25		Н						
2745.0	46.07	37.29	V	54.0	112.5	-16.7	Pass*		
2745.0	48.09	42.16	Н	54.0	112.5	-11.8	Pass*		
3660.0	50.38	40.82	V	54.0	112.5	-13.2	Pass*		
3660.0	51.29	42.30	Н	54.0	112.5	-11.7	Pass*		
4575.0	50.28	41.45	V	54.0	112.5	-12.6	Pass*		
4575.0	51.61	46.07	Н	54.0	112.5	-7.9	Pass*		
All other spu	All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit.								

^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

Fundamental Frequency: 927.6 MHz
Power Setting: 29.32 dBm

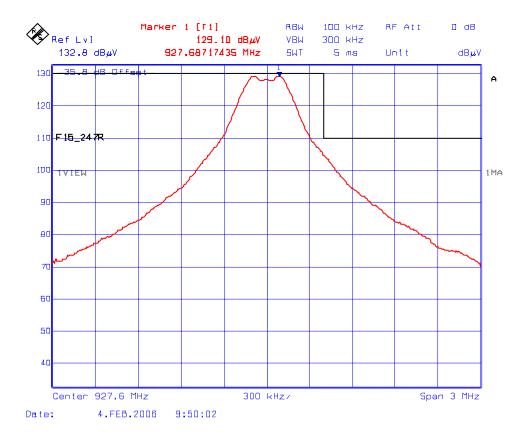
Frequency Test Range: 30 MHz – 10 GHz

Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Level (dBµV/m)	RF Avg Level (dBµV/m)	Antenna Plane (H/V)	Limit 15.209 (dBµV/m)	Limit 15.247 (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Pass/ Fail
927.6	129.25		V				
927.6	127.02		Н				
2782.8	44.78	35.40	Н	54.0	109.3	-18.6	Pass*
3710.4	50.06	38.43	V	54.0	109.3	-15.6	Pass*
3710.4	49.93	40.49	Н	54.0	109.3	-13.5	Pass*
4638.0	45.65	35.71	V	54.0	109.3	-18.3	Pass*
4638.0	46.87	37.20	Н	54.0	109.3	-16.8	Pass*

All other spurious emissions and harmonics are more than 20 dB below the applicable limit. See the following test data plots for band-edge emissions.

^{*} Emission within the restricted frequency bands.

Plot 6.12.5.5.7:
FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band
Test Configuration 5: EUT with Omni Directional Antenna (8.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical

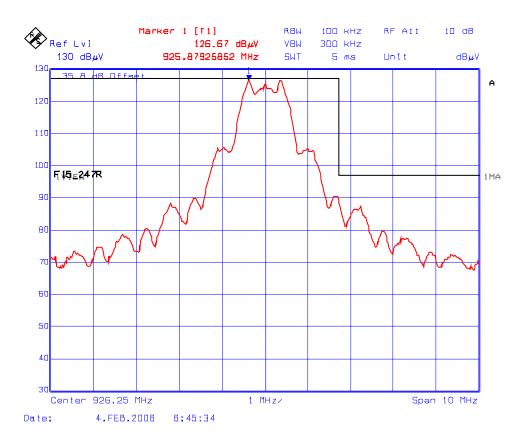


Plot 6.12.5.5.8: FHSS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters Upper End of Frequency Band

Test Configuration 5: EUT with Omni Directional Antenna (8.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal

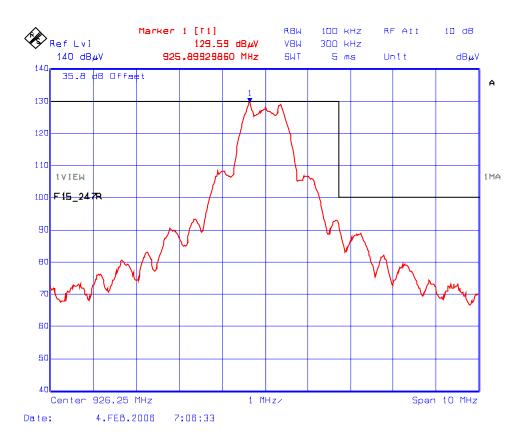


Plot 6.12.5.5.9:
DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band (926.25 MHz at Data Rate 8)
Test Configuration 5: EUT with Omni Directional Antenna (8.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



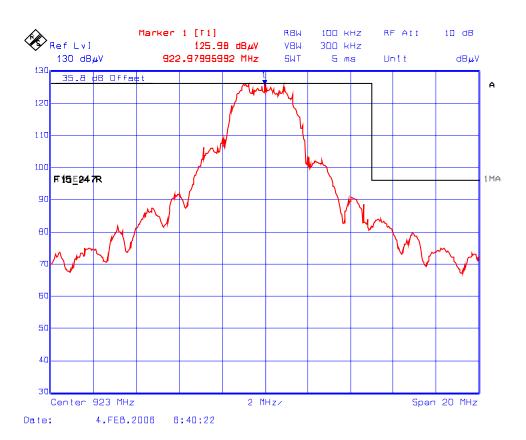
Plot 6.12.5.5.10:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band (926.25 MHz at Data Rate 8)
Test Configuration 5: EUT with Omni Directional Antenna (8.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



Plot 6.12.5.5.11:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band (923 MHz at Data Rate 11)
Test Configuration 5: EUT with Omni Directional Antenna (8.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Vertical



Plot 6.12.5.5.12:

DTS - Band-Edge RF Radiated Emissions @ 3 meters
Upper End of Frequency Band (923 MHz at Data Rate 11)
Test Configuration 5: EUT with Omni Directional Antenna (8.15 dBi Gain)
Rx Antenna Orientation: Horizontal



6.13. POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY [§ 15.247(e)]

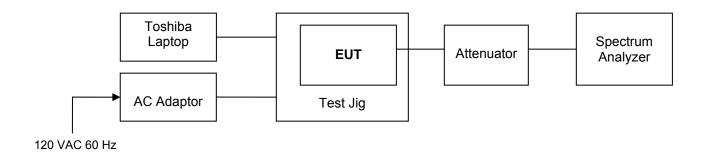
6.13.1. Limits

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

6.13.2. Method of Measurements

KDB Publication No. 558074: Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247), PSD Option 2 method.

6.13.3. Test Arrangement



6.13.4. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz	FSEK20/B4/B21	834157/005	9 kHz- 40 GHz
Attenuator	Weinschel Corp	46-20-34	BM0653	DC -18GHz

Remark: Measurement method: Power spectral density (PSD) Option 2.

Frequency (MHz)	Modulation Data Rate	*PSD in 3 kHz BW (dBm)	PSD with Assembly Cable (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Comments (Pass/Fail)
903.75	Data Rate 8	7.93	7.59	8.0	-0.41	Pass
915.00	Data Rate 8	7.98	7.64	8.0	-0.36	Pass
926.25	Data Rate 8	7.72	7.38	8.0	-0.62	Pass
904.00	Data Rate 9	7.98	7.64	8.0	-0.36	Pass
915.00	Data Rate 9	7.84	7.50	8.0	-0.50	Pass
926.00	Data Rate 9	7.61	7.27	8.0	-0.73	Pass
905.00	Data Rate 10	7.91	7.57	8.0	-0.43	Pass
915.00	Data Rate 10	7.89	7.55	8.0	-0.45	Pass
925.00	Data Rate 10	7.59	7.25	8.0	-0.75	Pass
907.00	Data Rate 11	7.94	7.60	8.0	-0.40	Pass
915.00	Data Rate 11	7.65	7.31	8.0	-0.69	Pass
923.00	Data Rate 11	7.33	6.99	8.0	-1.01	Pass

^{*}See the following plots for measurement details.

Plot 6.13.5.1 Power Spectral Density Frequency: 903.75 MHz at Data Rate 8

RBW 3 kHz RF All 1D dB Marker 1 [T1] 7.93 dBm VBW 10 kHz 20 dBm 904,03657315 MHz **SWT** 560 ms Unit dBm 20.6 dB Offset Α - 10 1AP -20 -30 -50 -60

2DO kHz/

ULTRATECH GROUP OF LABS

-80

Date:

Center 903.75 MHz

24.JAN.2006 11:16:41

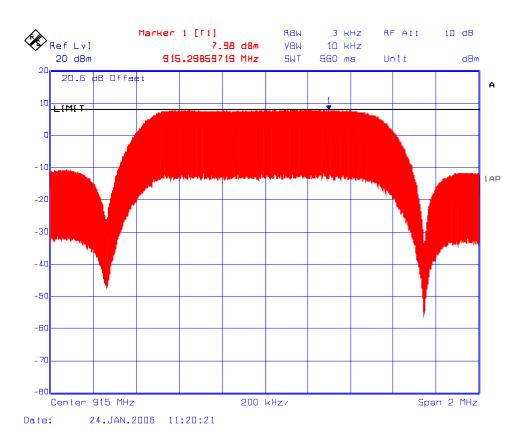
3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4

Tel. #: 905-829-1570, Fax. #: 905-829-8050, Email: vic@ultratech-labs.com, Website: http://www.ultratech-labs.com

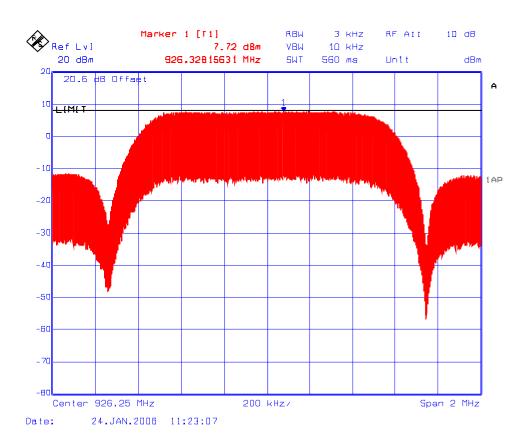
File #: MCRS-009F15C247 February 28, 2006

Span 2 MHz

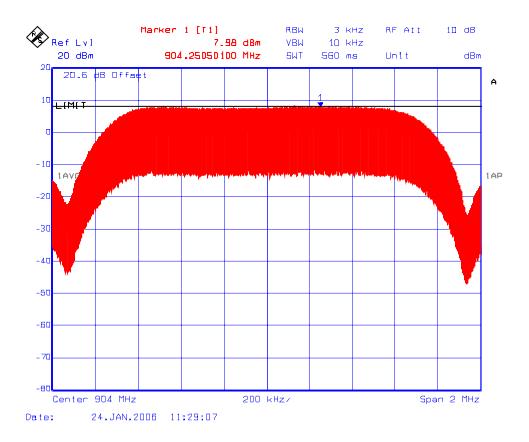
Plot 6.13.5.2 Power Spectral Density Frequency: 915 MHz at Data Rate 8



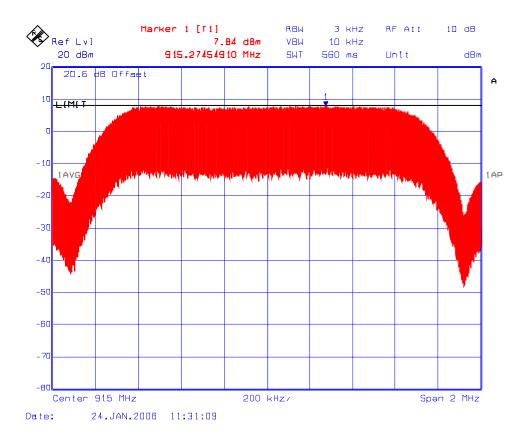
Plot 6.13.5.3 Power Spectral Density Frequency: 926.25 MHz at Data Rate 8



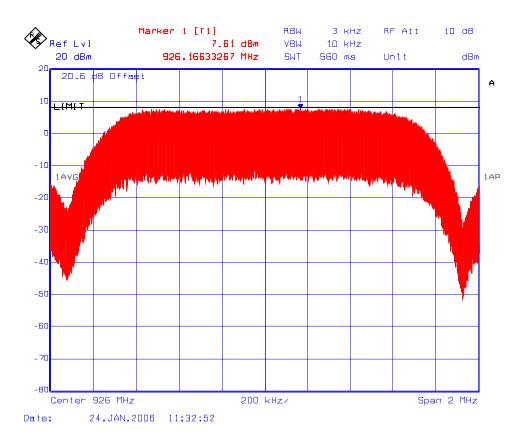
Plot 6.13.5.4 Power Spectral Density Frequency: 904 MHz at Data Rate 9



Plot 6.13.5.5 Power Spectral Density Frequency: 915 MHz at Data Rate 9

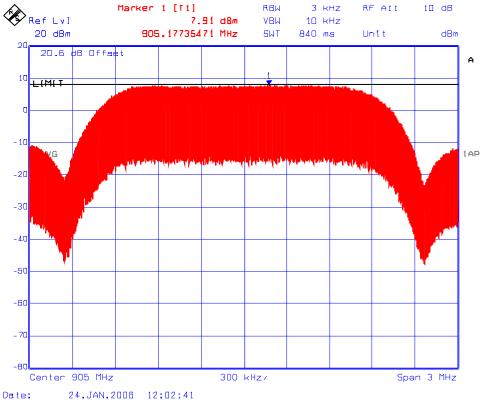


Plot 6.13.5.6 Power Spectral Density Frequency: 926 MHz at Data Rate 9



Plot 6.13.5.7 Power Spectral Density

Frequency: 905 MHz at Data Rate 10

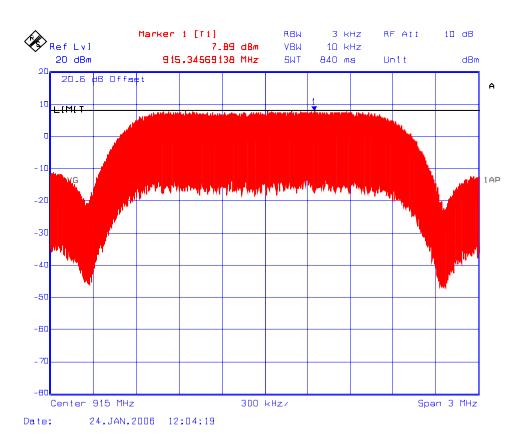


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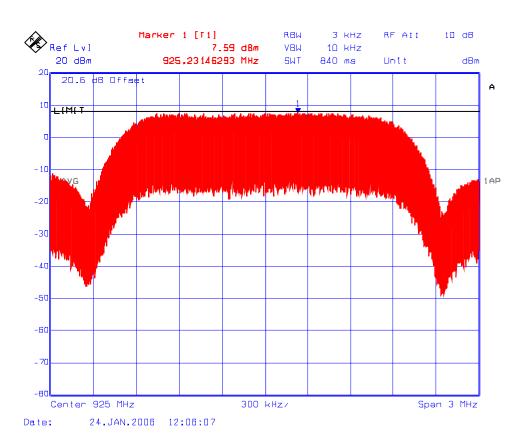
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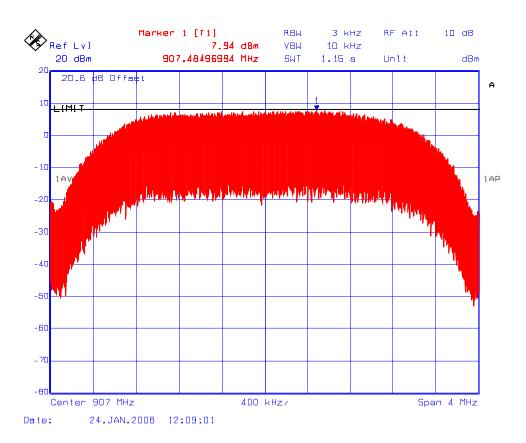
Plot 6.13.5.8 Power Spectral Density Frequency: 915 MHz at Data Rate 10



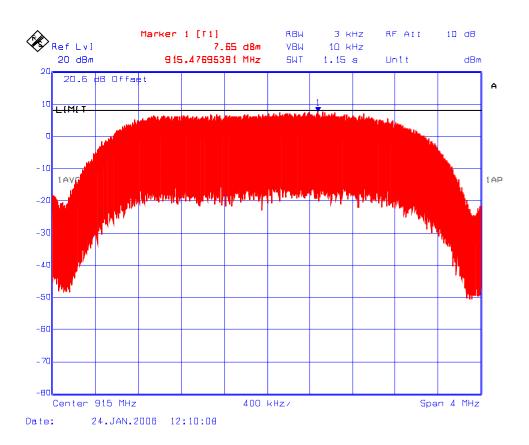
Plot 6.13.5.9 Power Spectral Density Frequency: 925 MHz at Data Rate 10



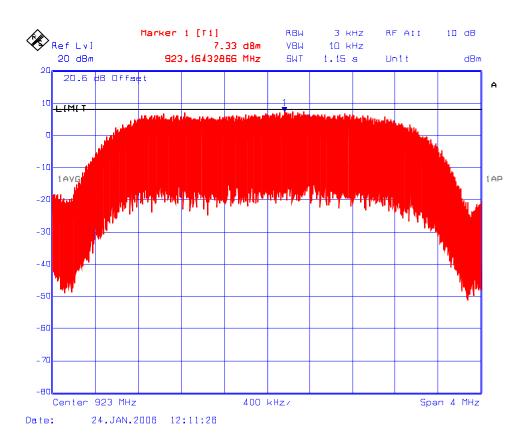
Plot 6.13.5.10 Power Spectral Density Frequency: 907 MHz at Data Rate 11



Plot 6.13.5.11 Power Spectral Density Frequency: 915 MHz at Data Rate 11



Plot 6.13.5.12 Power Spectral Density Frequency: 923 MHz at Data Rate 11



6.14. RF EXPOSURE REQUIRMENTS [§§ 15.247(i), 1.1310 & 2.1091]

6.14.1. Limit

- § 15.247(i): Systems operating under provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1).
- § 1.1310:- The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b).

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)						
Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)		
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures						
0.3–3.0 3.0–30 30–300 300–1500 1500–100,000	614 1842/f 61.4	1.63 4.89/f 0.163	*(100) *(900/f²) 1.0 f/300 5	6 6 6 6		
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure						
0.3–1.34 1.34–30 30–300 30–1500 1500–100,000	614 824/f 27.5	1.63 2.19/f 0.073	*(100) *(180/f²) 0.2 f/1500 1.0	30 30 30 30 30 30		

f = frequency in MHz

6.14.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Sections 1.1310, 2.1091 and Public Notice DA 00-705 (March 30, 2000)

Spread spectrum transmitters operating under section 15.247 are categorically from routine environmental evaluation to demonstrating RF exposure compliance with respect to MPE and/or SAR limits. These devices are not exempted from compliance (As indicated in Section 15.247(b)(4), these transmitters are required to operate in a manner that ensures that exposure to public users and nearby persons) does not exceed the Commission's RF exposure guidelines (see Section 1.1307 and 2.1093). Unless a device operates at substantially low power levels, with a low gain antenna(s), supporting information is generally needed to establish the various potential operating configurations and exposure conditions of a transmitter and its antenna(s) in order to determine compliance with the RF exposure guidelines.

In order to demonstrate compliance with MPE requirements (see Section 2.1091), the following information is typically needed:

- (1) Calculation that estimates the minimum separation distance (20 cm or more) between an antenna and persons required to satisfy power density limits defined for free space.
- (2) Antenna installation and device operating instructions for installers (professional/unskilled users), and the parties responsible for ensuring compliance with the RF exposure requirement
- (3) Any caution statements and/or warning labels that are necessary in order to comply with the exposure limits
- (4) Any other RF exposure related issues that may affect MPE compliance

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f = frequency in MHz
* = Plane-wave equivalent power density
Note 1 to Table 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their
employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.
Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

Note 2 to Table 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

Calculation Method of RF Safety Distance:

 $S = PG/4\Pi r^2 = EIRP/4\Pi r^2$

Where: P: power input to the antenna in mW

EIRP: Equivalent (effective) isotropic radiated power

S: power density mW/cm²

G: numeric gain of antenna relative to isotropic radiator

r: distance to centre of radiation in cm

 $r = \sqrt{EIRP/4\Pi S}$

For portable transmitters (see Section 2.1093), or devices designed to operate next to a person's body, compliance is determined with respect to the SAR limit (define in the body tissues) for near-field exposure conditions. If the maximum average output power, operating condition configurations and exposure conditions are comparable to those of existing cellular and PCS phones, SAR evaluation may be required in order to determine if such a device complies with SAR limit. When SAR evaluation data is not available, and the additional supporting information cannot assure compliance, the Commission may request that an SAR evaluation be performed, as provided for in Section 1.1307(d)

Evaluation of RF Exposure Compliance Requirements			
RF Exposure Requirements	Compliance with FCC Rules		
Minimum calculated separation distance between antenna and persons required: *23 cm	Manufacturer' instruction for separation distance between antenna and persons required: 23 cm.		
Antenna installation and device operating instructions for installers (professional/unskilled users), and the parties responsible for ensuring compliance with the RF exposure requirement	Antenna installation and device operating instructions shall be provided to installers to maintain and ensure compliance with RF exposure requirements.		
Caution statements and/or warning labels that are necessary in order to comply with the exposure limits	Refer to User's Manual for RF Exposure Information.		
Any other RF exposure related issues that may affect MPE compliance	None.		

^{*}The minimum separation distance between the antenna and bodies of users are calculated using the following formula:

RF EXPOSURE DISTANCE LIMITS: $r = (PG/4\Pi S)^{1/2} = (EIRP/4\Pi S)^{1/2}$

 $S = 902.4/1500 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ EIRP = 36.0 dBm = $10^{36/10}$ mW max. (Worst Case)

 $r = (EIRP/4\Pi S)^{1/2} = (10^{36/10}/4\Pi(902.4/1500))^{1/2} = 23 \text{ cm}$

EXHIBIT 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with the requirements of NIST Technical Note 1297 and NIS 81 (1994)

7.1. LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

CONTRIBUTION	PROBABILITY	UNCERTAINTY (dB)	
(Line Conducted)	DISTRIBUTION	9-150 kHz	0.15-30 MHz
EMI Receiver specification	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 1.5	<u>+</u> 1.5
LISN coupling specification	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 1.5	<u>+</u> 1.5
Cable and Input Transient Limiter calibration	Normal (k=2)	<u>+</u> 0.3	<u>+</u> 0.5
Mismatch: Receiver VRC Γ_1 = 0.03 LISN VRC Γ_R = 0.8(9 kHz) 0.2 (30			
MHz) Uncertainty limits $20\text{Log}(1 \pm \Gamma_1 \Gamma_R)$	U-Shaped	<u>+</u> 0.2	<u>+</u> 0.3
System repeatability	Std. deviation	<u>+</u> 0.2	<u>+</u> 0.05
Repeatability of EUT			
Combined standard uncertainty	Normal	<u>+</u> 1.25	<u>+</u> 1.30
Expanded uncertainty U	Normal (k=2)	<u>+</u> 2.50	<u>+</u> 2.60

Sample Calculation for Measurement Accuracy in 450 kHz to 30 MHz Band:

$$u_c(y) = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{m} u_i^2(y)} = \pm \sqrt{(1.5^2 + 1.5^2)/3 + (0.5/2)^2 + (0.05/2)^2 + 0.35^2} = \pm 1.30 \text{ dB}$$

$$U = 2u_c(y) = \pm 2.6 \text{ dB}$$

7.2. RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

CONTRIBUTION	PROBABILITY	UNCERTAINTY (<u>+</u> dB)		
(Radiated Emissions)	DISTRIBUTION	3 m	10 m	
Antenna Factor Calibration	Normal (k=2)	<u>+</u> 1.0	<u>+</u> 1.0	
Cable Loss Calibration	Normal (k=2)	<u>+</u> 0.3	<u>+</u> 0.5	
EMI Receiver specification	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 1.5	<u>+</u> 1.5	
Antenna Directivit	Rectangular	+0.5	+0.5	
Antenna factor variation with height	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 2.0	<u>+</u> 0.5	
Antenna phase center variation	Rectangular	0.0	<u>+</u> 0.2	
Antenna factor frequency interpolation	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 0.25	<u>+</u> 0.25	
Measurement distance variation	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 0.6	<u>+</u> 0.4	
Site imperfections	Rectangular	<u>+</u> 2.0	<u>+</u> 2.0	
Mismatch: Receiver VRC Γ_1 = 0.2 Antenna VRC Γ_R = 0.67(Bi) 0.3 (Lp) Uncertainty limits 20Log(1± $\Gamma_1\Gamma_R$)	U-Shaped	+1.1 -1.25	<u>+</u> 0.5	
System repeatability	Std. Deviation	<u>+</u> 0.5	<u>+</u> 0.5	
Repeatability of EUT		-	-	
Combined standard uncertainty	Normal	+2.19 / -2.21	+1.74 / -1.72	
Expanded uncertainty U	Normal (k=2)	+4.38 / -4.42	+3.48 / -3.44	

Calculation for maximum uncertainty when 3m biconical antenna including a factor of k = 2 is used:

$$U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(+2.19) = +4.38 \text{ dB}$$
 And $U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(-2.21) = -4.42 \text{ dB}$

EXHIBIT 8. MEASUREMENT METHODS

8.1. GENERAL TEST CONDITIONS

The following test conditions shall be applied throughout the tests covered in this report.

8.1.1. Normal temperature and humidity

Normal temperature: +15°C to +35°C Relative Humidity: +20% to 75%

The actual values during tests shall be recorded in the test report.

8.1.2. Normal power source

8.1.2.1. Mains Voltage

The nominal test voltage of the equipment to be connected to mains shall be the nominal mains voltage which is the declared voltage or any of the declared voltages for which the equipment was designed.

The frequency of test power source corresponding to the AC mains shall be between 59 Hz and 61 Hz.

8.1.2.2. Battery Power Source.

For operation from battery power sources, the nominal test voltage shall be as declared by the equipment manufacturer. This shall be recorded in the test report.

8.1.3. Operating Condition of Equipment under Test

- All tests were carried out while the equipment operated at the following frequencies:
 - The lowest operating frequency,
 - The middle operating frequency and
 - The highest operating frequency
- Modulation were applied using the Test Data sequence
- The transmitter was operated at the highest output power, or in the case the equipment able to operate at more than one power level, at the lowest and highest output powers

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8.2. METHOD OF MEASUREMENTS - AC MAINS CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

- AC Mains conducted emissions measurements were performed in accordance with the standard against appropriate limits for each detector function.
- The test was performed in the shielded room, 24'(L) by 16'(W) by 8'(H).
- The test was performed were made over the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz to determine the lineto-ground radio noise voltage which was conducted from the EUT power-input terminals that were directly connected to a public power network.
- The EUT normally received power from another device that connects to the public utility ac power lines, measurements would be made on that device with the EUT in operation to ensure that the device continues to comply with the appropriate limits while providing the EUT with power.
- If the EUT operates only from internal or dedicated batteries, with no provisions for connection to the public utility ac power lines, AC Mains conducted measurements are not required.
- Table-top devices were placed on a platform of nominal size 1 m by 1.5m raised 80 cm above the conducting ground plane.
- The EUT current-carrying power lead, except the ground (safety) lead, was individually connected through a LISN to the power source. All unused 50-Ohm connectors of the LISN was terminated in 50-ohm when not connected to the measuring instruments.
- The line cord of the EUT connected to one LISN which was connected to the measuring instrument. Those power cords for the units of devices not under measurement were connected to a separate multiple ac outlet. Drawings and photographs of typically conducted emission test setups were shown in the Test Report. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT shall be individually tested.
- The EUT was normally operated with a ground (safety) connection, the EUT was connected to the ground at the LISN through a conductor provided in the lead from the ac power mains to the LISN.
- The excess length of the power cord was folded back and forth in an 8-shape on a wooden strip with a vertical prong located on the top of the LISN case.
- The EUT was set-up in its typical configuration and operated in its various modes as described in this test report.
- A preliminary scan was made by using spectrum analyzer system with the detector function set to PEAK mode (9 KHz RBW, VBW > RBW), frequency span 150 kHz to 30 MHz.
- The maximum conducted emission for a given mode of operation was found by using the following step-bystep procedure:
 - Step 1. Monitor the frequency range of interest at a fixed EUT azimuth.
 - Step 2. Manipulate the system cables and peripheral devices to produce highest amplitude signal relative to the limit. Note the amplitude and frequency of the suspect signal.
 - Step 3. The effects of various modes of operation is examined. This is done by varying equipment operation modes as step 2 is being performed.
 - Step 4. After completing step 1 through 3, record EUT and peripheral device configuration, mode of operation, cable configuration, signal levels and frequencies for final test.
- Each highest signal level at the maximized test configuration was zoomed in a small frequency span on the spectrum analyzer's display (the manipulation of cables and peripheral devices and EUT operation modes might have to be repeated to obtain the highest signal level with the spectrum analyzer set to PEAK detector mode 10 KHz RBW and VBW > RBW). The spectrum analyzer was then set to CISPR QUASI-PEAK detector mode (9 KHz RBW, 1 MHz VBW) and AVERAGE detector mode (9 kHz RBW, 1 Hz VBW). The final highest RF signal levels and frequencies were record.

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8.3. EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER (EIRP)

- The following shall be applied to the combination(s) of the radio device and its intended antenna(e).
- If the RF level is user adjustable, all measurements shall be made with the highest power level available to the user for that combination.
- The following method of measurement shall apply to both conducted and radiated measurements.
- The radiated measurements are performed at the Ultratech Calibrated Open Field Test Site.
- The measurement shall be performed using normal operation of the equipment with modulation.

Test procedure shall be as follows:

Step 1: Duty Cycle measurements

- Using a spectrum analyzer with the frequency span set to 0 Hz and the sweep time set at a suitable value to capture the envelope peaks and the duty cycle of the transmitter output signal;
- The duty cycle of the transmitter, x = Tx on / (Tx on + Tx off) with 0<x<1, is measure and recorded in the test report. For the purpose of testing, the equipment shall be operated with a duty cycle that is equal or more than 0.1.

Step 2: Calculation of Peak and Average EIRP

- The peak output power of the transmitter shall be determined using a wideband, calibrated RF Peak Power Meter with the power sensor with an integration period that exceeds the repetition period of the transmitter by a factor 5 or more. The observed value shall be recorded as "P" (in dBm);
- The Average EIRP shall be calculated from the above measured power output "A", the observed duty cycle x, and the applicable antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi, according to the formula:

Peak EIRP = P + G Average EIRP = Peak EIRP + 10log(1/x)

Figure 1

Attenuator

RF Power Meter

Cable Loss L

Step 3: Substitution Method. See Figure 2

- (a) The measurements was performed in the absence of modulation (un-modulated)
- (b) Test was performed at listed 3m open area test site (listed with FCC, IC, ITI, NVLAP, ACA & VCCI).
- (c) The transmitter under test was placed at the specified height on a non-conducting turntable (80 cm height)
- (d) The dipole test antenna was used and tuned to the transmitter carrier frequency.
- (e) The spectrum analyzer was tuned to transmitter carrier frequency. The test antenna was lowered or raised from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
- (f) The transmitter was rotated through 360° about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
- (g) The test antenna was lowered or raised again from 1 to 4 meters until a maximum was obtained. This level was recorded.
- (h) The substitution dipole antenna and the signal generator replaced the transmitter and antenna under test in the same position, and the substitution dipole antenna was placed in vertical polarization. The test dipole antenna was lowered or raised as necessary to ensure that the maximum signal is stilled received.
- (i) The input signal to the substitution antenna was adjusted in level until an equal or a known related level to that detected from the transmitter was obtained in the test receiver. The maximum carrier radiated power is equal to the power supply by the generator.
- (j) The substitution antenna gain and cable loss were added to the signal generator level for the corrected ERP level.
- (k) Repeat steps (c) to (j) with the substitution antenna oriented in horizontal polarization.
- (I) Actual gain of the EUT's antenna is the difference of the measured ERP and measured RF power at the RF port. Correct the antenna gain if necessary.

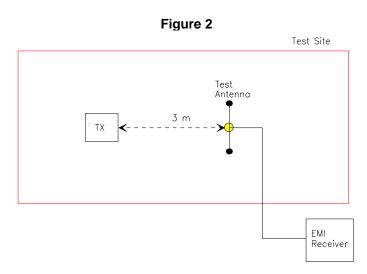
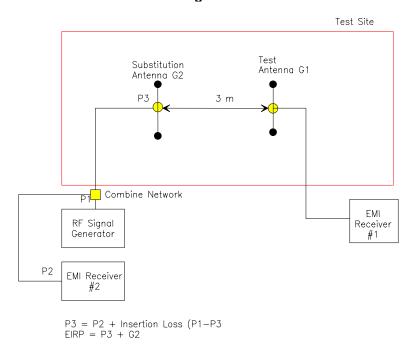


Figure 3



Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB BW, centered on a hopping channel
- RBW > 20 dB BW of the emission measured
- VBW = RBW
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize
- Use the marker-to-marker function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
- The indicated level is the peak output power (with the addition of the external attenuation and cable loss).
- The limit is specified in one of the subparagraph of this Section.
- Submit this plot.
- A peak responding power meter may be used instead of a spectrum analyzer.

8.4. SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (CONDUCTED & RADIATED)

For both conducted and radiated measurements, the spurious emissions were scanned from the lowest frequency generated by the EUT or 10 MHz whichever is lower to 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated by the EUT.

8.4.1. Band-Edge and Spurious Emissions (Conducted)

Band-Edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions:

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- The radio was connected to the measuring equipment via a suitable attenuator.
- Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation.
- RBW = 1 % of the span
- VBW = RBW
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize
- Set the marker on the emission at the band-edge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the band-edge
- Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission.
- The marker-delta value now displayed must comply with the limit specified
- Now, using the same instrument settings, enable the hopping function of the EUT
- Allow the trace to stabilize
- Follow the same procedure listed above to determine if any spurious emissions cause by the hopping function also comply with the specify limits.
- Submit this plot

Spurious RF Conducted Emissions:

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- The radio was connected to the measuring equipment via a suitable attenuator.
- Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band-emission and all spurious emissions (e.g. harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, sevral plots are required to cover this entire span.
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW = RBW
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize
- Set the marker on the any spurious emission recorded. The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.
- Submit this plot

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- The radiated emission measurements were performed at the UltraTech's 3 Meter Open Field Test Site
 (OFTS) situated in the Town of Oakville, province of Ontario. The Attenuation Characteristics of OFTS have
 been filed to FCC, Industry Canada, ACA/Austel, NVLap and ITI.
- Radiated emissions measurements were made using the following test instruments:
 - 1. Calibrated EMCO BiconiLog antenna in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 2000 MHz.
 - 2. Calibrated Emco Horn antennas in the frequency range above 1000 MHz (1GHz 40 GHz).
 - 3. The test is required for any spurious emission or modulation product that falls in a Restricted Band, as defined in Section 15.205. It must be performed with the highest gain of each type of antenna proposed for use with the EUT. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - RBW = 100 kHz for f < 1GHz and RBW = 1 MHz for f > 1 GHz
 - > VBW = RBW
 - Sweep = auto
 - Detector function = peak
 - Trace = max hold
 - Follows the guidelines in ANSI C63.4-1992 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization, etc.. A pre-amp and highpass filter are required for this test, in order to provide the measuring system with sufficient sensitivity.
 - Allow the trace to stabilize.
 - The peak reading of the emission, after being corrected by the antenna correction factor, cable loss, pre-amp gain, etc.... is the peak field strength which comply with the limit specified in Section 15.35(b)

Calculation of Field Strength:

The field strength is calculated by adding the calibrated antenna factor and cable factor, and subtracting the Amplifier gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Where FS = Field Strength

RA = Receiver/Analyzer Reading

AF = Antenna Factor

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor

AG = Amplifier Gain

Example:

If a receiver reading of 60.0 dB μ V is obtained, the antenna factor of 7.0 dB/m and cable factor of 1.0 dB are added, and the amplifier gain of 30 dB is subtracted. The actual field strength will be:

Field Level = $60 + 7.0 + 1.0 - 30 = 38.0 \text{ dB}_{\mu}\text{V/m}$.

Field Level = $10^{(38/20)}$ = 79.43 μ V/m.

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February 28, 2006

- Submit this test data
- Now set the VBW to 10Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100ms, then the reading obtained may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from 10log(dwell time/100mS) in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209.
- Submit test data

Maximizing The Radiated Emissions:

- The frequencies of emissions was first detected. Then the amplitude of the emissions was measured at the specified measurement distance using required antenna height, polarization, and detector characteristics.
- During this process, cables and peripheral devices were manipulated within the range of likely configuration.
- For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum was monitored. Variations in antenna heights (from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane), antenna polarization (horizontal plane and vertical plane), cable placement and peripheral placement were explored to produce the highest amplitude signal relative to the limit.

The maximum radiated emission for a given mode of operation was found by using the following step-by-step procedure:

- Step 1: Monitor the frequency range of interest at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth.
- Step 2: Manipulate the system cables to produce highest amplitude signal relative to the limit. Note the amplitude and frequency of the suspect signal.
- Step 3: Rotate the EUT 360 degrees to maximize the suspected highest amplitude signal. If the signal or another at a different frequency is observed to exceed the previously noted highest amplitude signal by 1 dB or more, go back to the azimuth and repeat Step 2. Otherwise, orient the EUT azimuth to repeat the highest amplitude observation and proceed.
- Step 4: Move the antenna over its full allowable range of travel (1 to 4 meters) to maximize the suspected highest amplitude signal. If the signal or another at a different frequency is observed to exceed the previously noted highest amplitude signal by 1 dB or more, return to Step 2 with the highest amplitude observation and proceed.
- Step 5: Change the polarization of the antenna and repeat Step 2 through 4. Compare the resulting suspected highest amplitude signal with that found for the other polarization. Select and note the higher of the two signals. This signal is termed the highest observed signal with respect to the limit for this EUT operational mode.
- Step 6: The effects of various modes of operation is examined. This is done by varying the equipment modes as steps 2 through 5 are being performed.
- Step 7: After completing steps 1 through 6, record the final highest emission level, frequency, antenna polarization and detector mode of the measuring instrument.

8.5. ALTERNATIVE TEST PROCEDURES

If the antenna conducted tests cannot be performed on this device, radiated tests show compliance with the peak output power limit specified in Section 15.247(b) and the spurious RF conducted emission limit specified in Section 15.247(c) are acceptable. As stated previously, a pre-amp, and, in the later case, a high pass filter, are required for the following measurements:

8.5.1. Peak Power Measurements

Calculate the transmitter's peak power using the following equation:

E = 30PG/dP = $(Ed)^2/30G$

Where:

- ➤ E: measured maximum fundamental field strength in V/m. Utilizing a RBW, the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission VBW >RBW, peak detector function. Follow the procedures in C63.4-1992 with respect to maximizing the emission
- > G is numeric gain of the transmitting antenna with reference to an isotropic radiator
- > D is the distance in meters from which the field strength was measured
- P is the distance in meters from which the field strength was measured

8.5.2. Spurious RF conducted emissions

The demonstrate compliance with the spurious RF conducted emission requirement of Section 15.2479(c), use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
- > RBW = 100 kHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- > Trace = max hold
- Measure the field strength of both the fundamental and all spurious emissions with these settings.
- Follow the procedures C63.4 with respect to maximizing the emissions. The measured field strength of all spurious emissions must be below the measured field strength of the fundamental emission by the amount specified in Section 15.247©. Note that if the emission falls in a Restricted Band, as defined in Section 15.205, the procedure for measuring spurious radiated emissions listed above must be followed