



Appendix for the Reports:

Dasy Test-Report, Siemens_6575_113a

Dasy Test-Report, Siemens_6575_113b

(Date: July 21, 2000)

Dosimetric Assessment of the Mobile Telephones Siemens S40 and S42 According to the American FCC Requirements

October 04, 2000 IMST GmbH Carl-Friedrich-Gauß-Str. 2 D-47475 Kamp-Lintfort

customer Siemens Mobile Phones A/S Industrivej 30 DK-9490-Pandrup

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1. Probe Data:

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Staffelstrasse 8, 8045 Zurich, Switzerland, Telefon +41 1 280 08 60, Fax +41 1 280 08 64

Calibration Certificate

Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:	ET3DV5
Serial Number:	1332
Place of Calibration:	Zurich
Date of Calibration:	December 18, 1999
Calibration Interval:	12 months

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Whereever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Figure 1: Probe Calibration Certificate

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Staffelstrasse 8, 8045 Zurich, Switzerland, Telefon +41 1 280 08 60, Fax +41 1 280 08 64

Probe ET3DV5

SN:1332

Manufactured:

Last calibration: Recalibrated:

December 20, 1997

January 12, 1999

December 18, 1999

Calibrated for System DASY2

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Figure 2: Probe Data

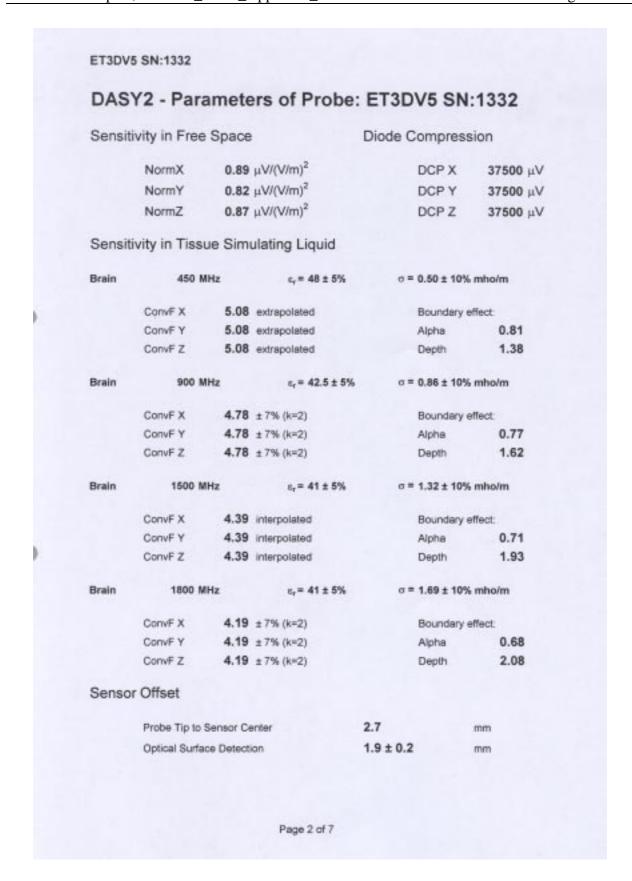


Figure 3: Probe Parameters

2. Dipole Data:

Staffelstrasse 8, 8045 Zurich, Switzerland, T	elefon +41 1 280 08 60, Fax +41 1 28
Calibration (Certificate
1800 MHz System V	alidation Dipole
Type:	D1800V2
Serial Number:	206
Place of Calibration:	Zurich
Date of Calibration:	December 23, 1999
Calibration Interval:	24 months
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby cer calibrated on the date indicated above. The ca with specifications and procedures of Schmid Whereever applicable, the standards used in t international standards. In all other cases the Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal In Switzerland have been applied.	alibration was performed in accordance & Partner Engineering AG. the calibration process are traceable to standards of the Laboratory for EMF and
Calibrated by:	Thomas Solamid
Approved by:	Thomas Ihmid

Figure 4: Dipole Calibration Certificate

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new generic twin phantom (shell thickness 2mm) filled with brain simulating sugar solution of the following electrical parameters at 1800 MHz:

 Relative Dielectricity
 39.5
 ± 5%

 Conductivity
 1.70 mho/m
 ± 10%

The DASY3 System (Software version 3.0b) with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV4 (SN:1302, conversion factor 4.6) was used for the measurements.

The dipole feedpoint was positioned below the centre marking and oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole centre to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. Probe isotropy errors were cancelled by measuring the SAR with normal and 90° turned probe orientations and averaging. The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW ±3 %. The results are normalised to 1W input power.

SAR Measurement

Standard SAR-measurements were performed with the head phantom according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure) have been normalised to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: 39.3 mW/g averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 19.9 mW/g

Note: If the liquid parameters for validation are slightly different from the ones used for initial calibration, the SAR-values will be different as well. The estimated sensitivities of SAR-values and penetration depths to the liquid parameters are listed in the DASY Application Note 4: 'SAR Sensitivities'.

Figure 5: Dipole Parameters

3. Dipole Impedanc and return loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyser and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: 1.247 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor: 0.986 (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1800 MHz: $Re\{Z\} = 48.5 \Omega$

Im $\{Z\} = -1.2 \Omega$

- 34.1 dB

Return Loss at 1800 MHz

4. Handling

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The centre conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. If the dipole arms have to be bent back, take care to release stress to the soldered connections near the feedpoint; they might come off.

After prolonged use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Figure 6: Dipole Parameters

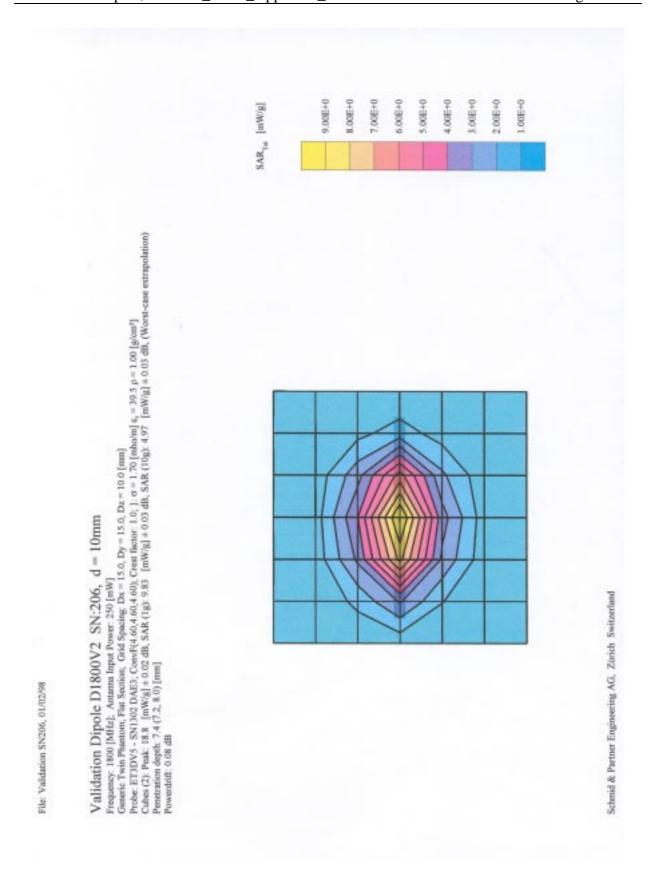


Figure 7: Dipole Parameters

3. Validation Measurement

DASY-Validation

Department Antennen/EMVU

Performed by: 4. Hennes

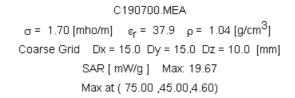
Signature: Qu'Ann

Date: 19.07.2000



Frequency	o 900 MHz				
Phantom	★ Generic Twin (flat section)				
		ation Dipo	ole		
Туре	o Schmid & P.: D900V2 #006				
Distance	o 15 mm to surface		x 10 mm to surface		
Orientation	x parallel to body axis (long side		de of the phantom)		
		Probe			
	metric Probe O ET3DV4 #1114		➤ ET3DV5 #1332		
	ftware: Convf-coefficient		0 4, 78	× 4, 19	
Software: Sensor Offset.		★ 4,6 mm	0		
	Brain si	mulating t	issue		
Target 900	$\varepsilon_{\rm r} = 42,5$	$\sigma = 0.86$	S/m	f = 900 MHz	
Target 1800	$\varepsilon_{\rm r} = 41$	$\sigma = 1,69$	S/m	f = 1800 MHz	
Measured	$\varepsilon_r = 37.9 \pm 6.2$	0 = 1,7 t	925 S/m	f = 1800 MH2	
	Me	asurement	t		
Power	○ 250 mW		* 510,6 mb		
Powermeter	❖ Gigatronics 8541B		> 510,6 mb/		
Power Sensor			0		
Attenuation	o 10 dB PE7005-10		× 11,64 dB		
Coarse Grid	rid spacing: 1,5				
Cube	\circ cube 4x4x7 \times cube 5x5x7				
SAR-values			(1g)	(10g)	
Target 900 MHz		9.32 W/kg	6.08 W/kg		
(P=1W, ε_r =42.3, σ =0.85 S/m, ρ =1.0 g/cm ³)					
Target 1800 MHz		39.3 W/kg	19.9 W/kg		
$(P=1W, \epsilon_r=$	39.5, $\sigma = 1.7 \text{ S/m}, \rho = 1.0$) g/cm ³)			
SAR measured(1g), ρ =1.04 g/cm ³		19,0	W/kg Targe	et: 19,7 W/kg	
		9,6	6 W/kg Targe	et: 9,94 W/kg	
Data file cal-18		00_c1907	00. meg		
Remark					

Figure 8: Validation Data



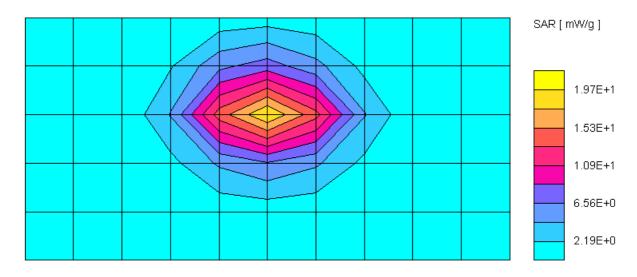


Figure 9: Validation Results (Coarse Grid)

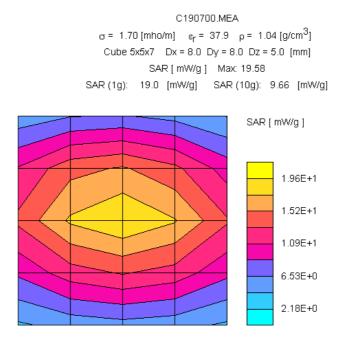


Figure 10: Validation Results (Cube)

4. Distribution plot S40:

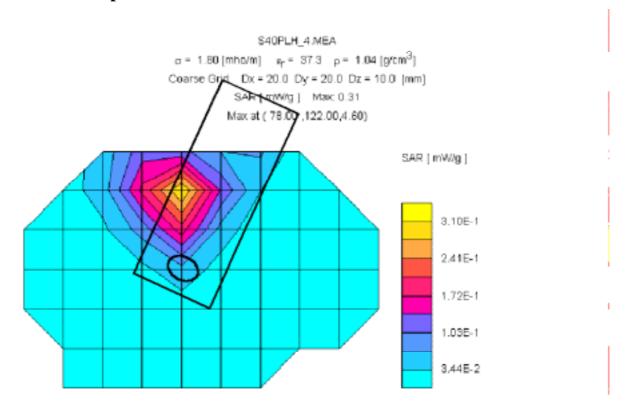


Figure 11: SAR distribution plot with maximum local SAR value for PCS 1900 (Siemens S40, channel 0810, left hand position).

5. Distribution plot S42:

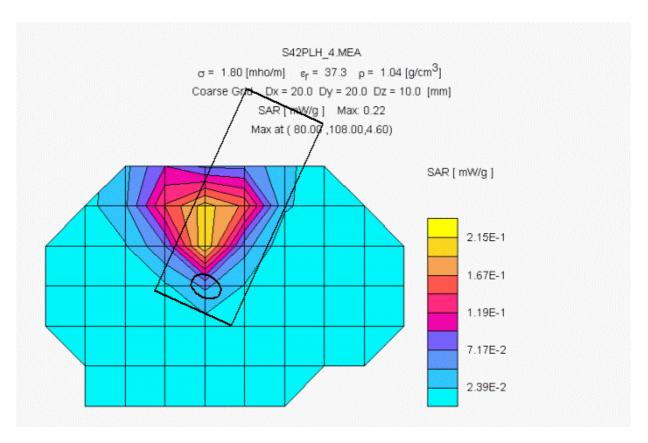


Figure 12: SAR distribution plot with maximum local SAR value for PCS 1900 (Siemens S42, channel 0810, left hand position).

prepared by:

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