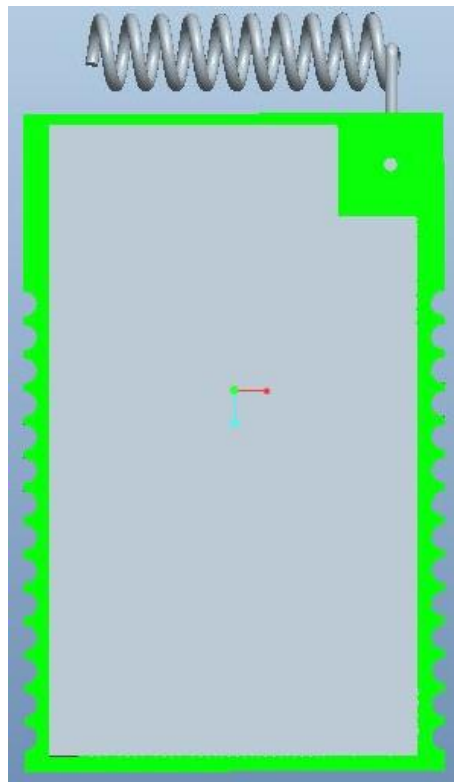


# Wireless LoRa Module R107H DataSheet

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The specifications are subjected to change without prior notice.

## History

<b>Version</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Note</b>
Preliminary	2024-03-20	Initial Release

### Notes:

Hardware version V0.2  
61R1076801 v02

## Product Description

The RF module R107H include LoRa rf function by NETVOX is low power consumption transceiver based on the [STM32WLE5](#) chip LoRa™ solution.

The R107H is designed to be SMD-mounted onto a host PCB. SMD-mounting provides the best RF performance at the lowest cost. Additionally the R107H is designed to occupy minimal board space on the host PCB, which already includes plentiful interfacing ports and power management circuits. So it can be easily integrated into other device without the need for RF experience and expertise.

## Applications

- Automated Meter Reading
- Smart City, Smart Agriculture , Smart Industry, IOT Application
- Wireless Alarm and Security Systems
- Industrial Monitoring and Control
- Long range Irrigation Systems

## Key Features

- High performance and low power 32-bit ARM Cortex-M0 CPU
- 256kbytes of flash memory
- Compact Form Factor: 24.5 x 16 x 2.5 mm
- 28 Pin Stamp Pad for PCB SMT mounting
- I/O port: UART/I2C/GPIO
- Temperature range: -25°C to +85°C
- Supply voltage: 1.8 ~ 3.6V
- Lora Frequency range: 863 – 928 MHz, ISM and SRD systems
- Transmitter high output power, programmable up to +22 dBm
- Transmitter low output power, programmable up to +15 dBm
- RX sensitivity: -123 dBm for 2-FSK (at 1.2 Kbit/s), -148 dBm for LoRa® (at 10.4 kHz, spreading factor 12)
- Modulation: LoRa®, (G)FSK, (G)MSK and BPSK
- Low-Power Wireless Systems with 7.8-kHz to 500-KHz Bandwidth

## Electric Specifications

### Performance

<b>Power out</b>	22 dBm (MAX)
<b>Outdoor range</b>	10KM(MAX)
<b>RF Data rate</b>	LoRa: 0.013 to 17.4 Kbit/s ;FSK:0.6 to 300 Kbit/s
<b>Frequency Band</b>	EU863-870, US902-928, AU915-928, KR920-923, AS923,IN865
Modulation Techniques	LoRa®, (G)FSK, (G)MSK and BPSK
<b>Receiver Sensitivity</b>	-123 dBm for 2-FSK (at 1.2 Kbit/s), -148 dBm for LoRa® (at 10.4 kHz, spreading factor 12)

### DC Characteristics

<b>Support Voltage</b>	3.3 V for lora: 2.4V-3.6V
<b>RX Current</b>	10.22mA (MAX)
<b>TX Current</b>	142mA (MAX)
<b>Standby SMPS mode</b>	1.05mA
<b>Deep Sleep (including internal RC oscillator)</b>	10uA

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
<b>Supply voltage for 3.3V</b>	-0.3	36	V
<b>Voltage on any pin</b>	-0.3	VCC+0.3	V
<b>Storage temperature</b>	-40	105	°C
<b>Operating temperature</b>	-25	85	°C



**Caution !**

ESD sensitive device.

Precaution should be used when handling the device in order to prevent permanent damage.

**Block diagram**

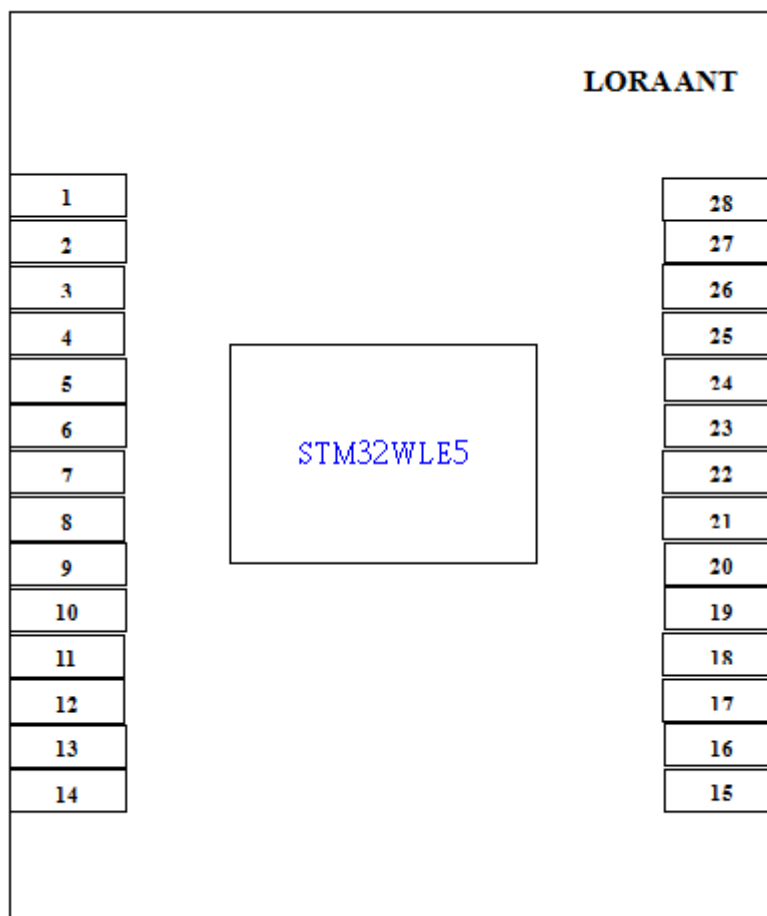


Figure 2 Block diagram

**Pin Assignment**

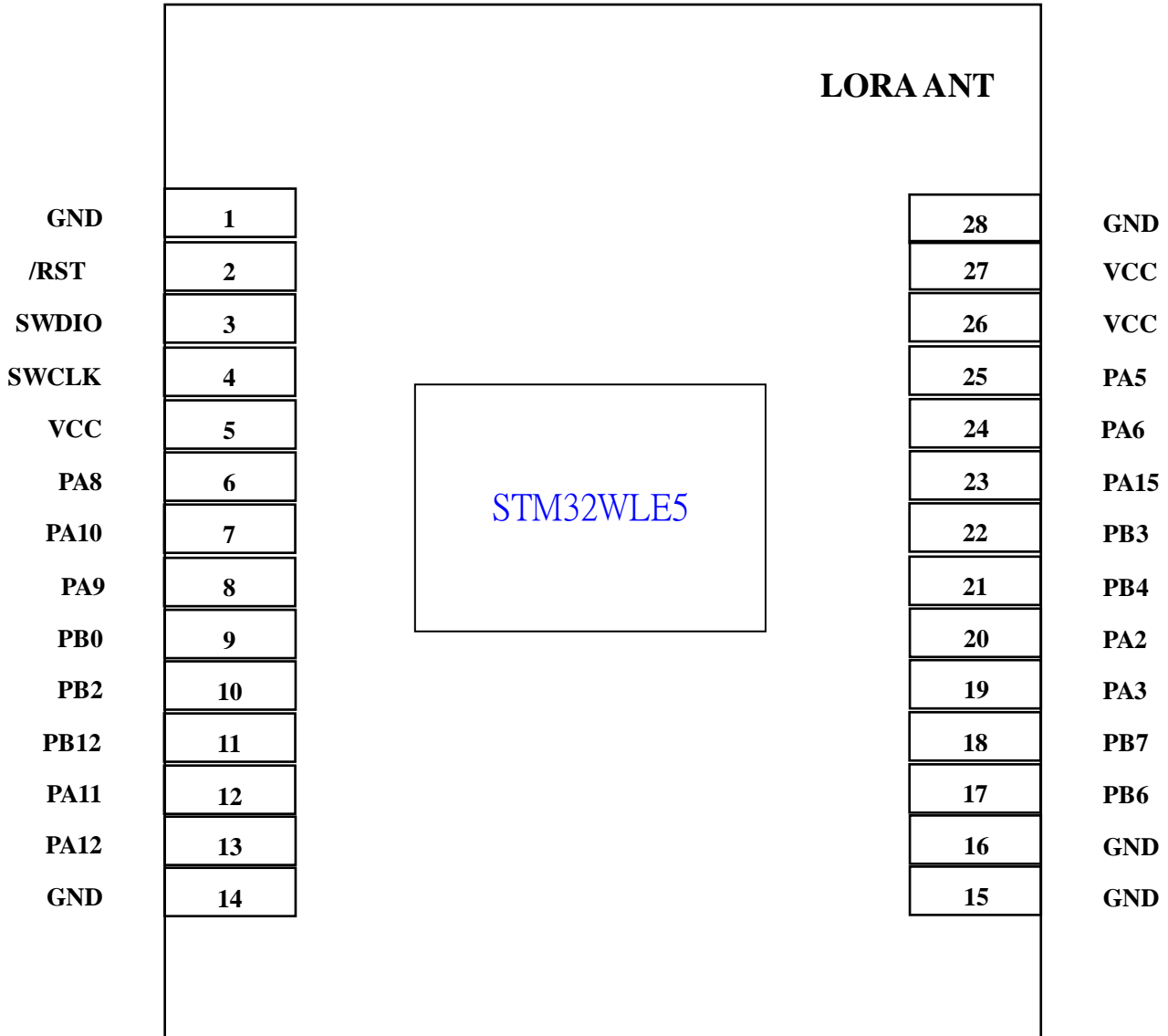


Figure 3 Pin assignment

## Pin Description

Pin NO.	Pin name	Pin type	Description
1	GND	Ground	GND
2	/RST	I	Hardware Active low chip reset
3	SWDIO	I/O	Programming and debug interface
4	SWCLK	I/O	Programming and debug interface
5	VCC	Power	2.4V-3.6V DC power supply
6	PA8	I/O	GPIO
7	PA10	I/O	GPIO / UART1_ RX/ADC1
8	PA9	I/O	GPIO / UART1_TX
9	PB0	I/O	GPIO /
10	PB2	I/O	GPIO / ADC2
11	PB12	I/O	GPIO
12	PA11	I/O	GPIO/ADC3
13	PA12	I/O	GPIO/ADC4
14	GND	Ground	GND
15	GND	Ground	GND
16	GND	Ground	GND
17	PB6	I/O	GPIO
18	PB7	I/O	GPIO
19	PA3	I/O	GPIO/UART2-RX
20	PA2	I/O	GPIO/UART2-TX
21	PB4	I/O	GPIO/ADC5
22	PB3	I/O	GPIO/ADC6
23	PA15	I/O	GPIO/ADC7
24	PA5	I/O	GPIO
25	PA6	I/O	GPIO
26	VCC	Power	2.4V-3.6V DC power supply
27	VCC	Power	2.4V-3.6V DC power supply
28	GND	Ground	GND

## Debugging interface

Pin1~pin5 of the module are arranged for debugging interface.

## Mechanical Drawing and Dimensions

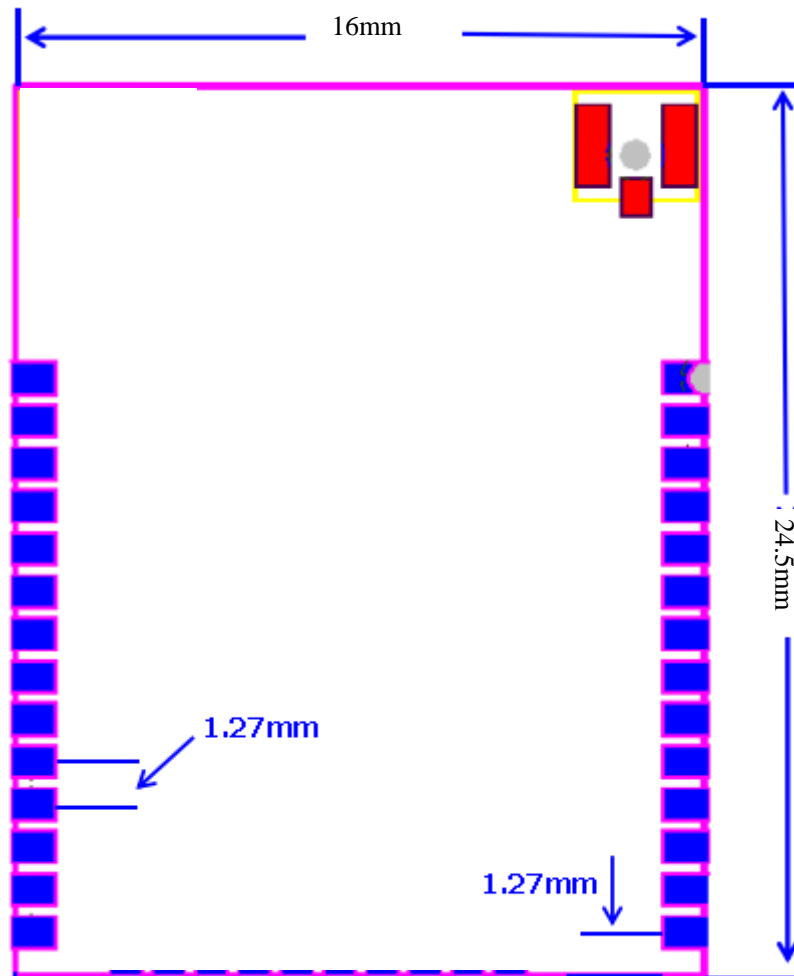


Figure 4 Mechanical Drawing and Dimensions  
The module size is  $24.5 \times 16 \times 2.5$ mm

## Antenna and Range Considerations

The R107H module is delivered with an integrated antenna. This is highly recommended for most applications, as this gives a very compact solution containing all the critical RF parts within the module.

The radiation pattern from the antenna is similar to the donut-shaped obtained from a quarter wave antenna. That is, the maximum radiation is in the plane perpendicular to the length axis of the antenna. For best achievable radiation the module should be oriented so that the antenna is vertical.

The antenna should be kept more than 10 millimeters away from metallic or other conductive and dielectric materials. Any metallic



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**Wireless LoRa Module**

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enclosures would shield the antenna and reduce the communication range drastically. In applications where the module must be placed in a metallic enclosure, an external antenna would give best signal strength. The external antenna is attachable from the i-PEX connector . The RF input/output is matched to 50 Ohm.

## PCB Layout Recommendations

The figure 5 shows the proper layout footprint for the module. The footprint shown by figure 6 is also fit for the PA module offered by NETVOX. The area underneath the module should be covered with a solid ground plane.

*And for greater flexibility and compatibility, the footprint shown by Figure 6 is strongly recommended to use.*

Each ground pin should be connected directly to the ground plane. In case the ground plane is on an inner layer of the PCB, via should be placed as close as possible to every ground pad of the module to create low impedance grounding. Unconnected pins should be soldered to the pads, and the pads should be left floating.

When using the module with on-board ceramic chip antenna lying on the north-east corner of the module, the area underneath the antenna should be kept open, and if possible extended in east and north direction as far as possible. Best possible placement of the module on your main PCB is in the far north-east corner. Positioning to suit different application please refer to the figure 7.

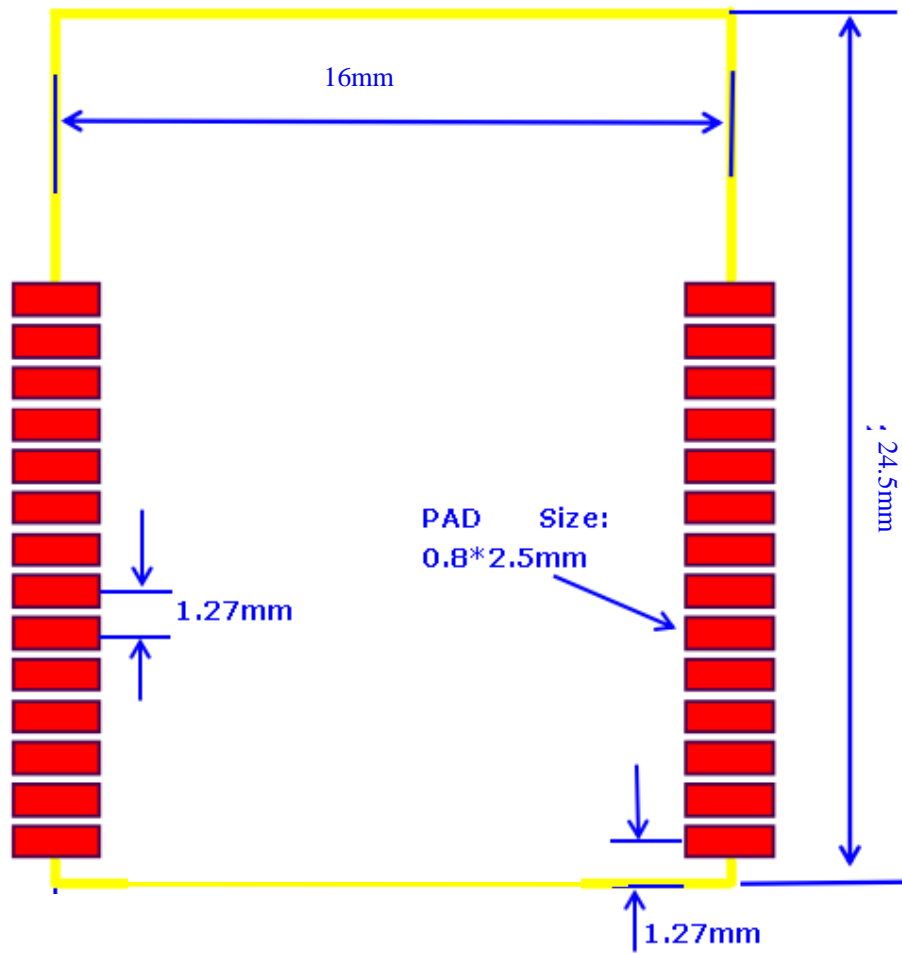


Figure 5 R107H PCB Layout dimension

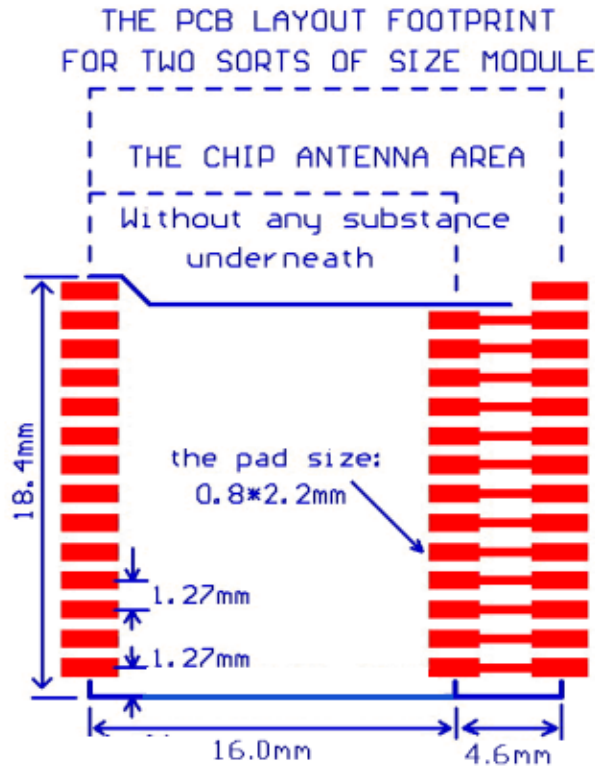
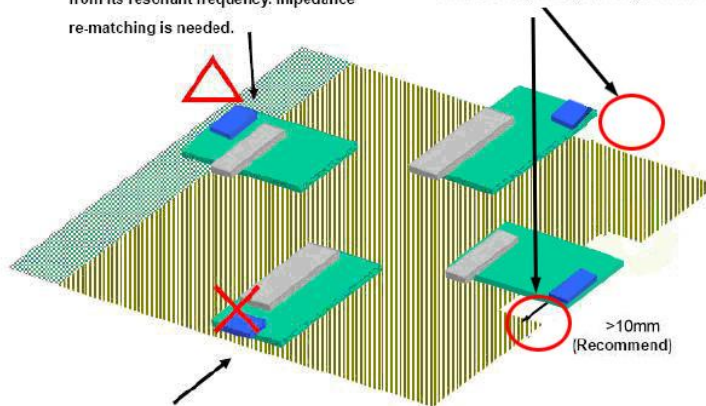


Figure 6 Suggested Module Footprint Layout

Mounting Position in Various Applications

If there is PCB or other material under the antenna area, antenna will be de-tuned from its resonant frequency. Impedance re-matching is needed.

When mounting the RF module on a PCB, locate it at (or near) the edge of the PCB.



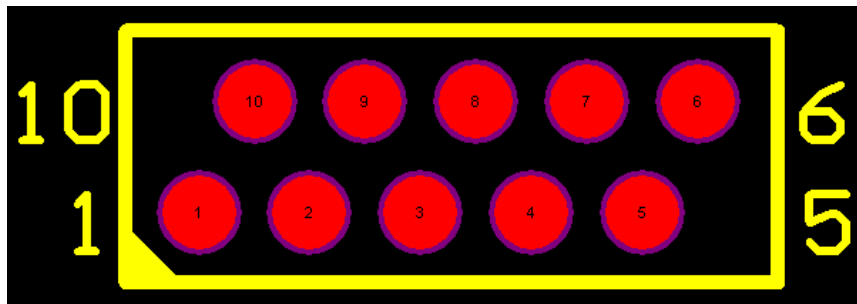
If mounted at an inner portion of the PCB grounded, no sufficient antenna performance will be available.

PCB with Ground Plane  
 PCB without Ground Plane

Figure 7 Module mounting position

For in circuit programming and debugging, the 10 pin interface (as following figure ) must be reserved in the mainboard PCB.

**Wireless LoRa Module**



10 PIN debug interface footprint

The 10 PIN respectively connects the module's PIN. Please see the table below for the detail.

Interface PIN NO.	1	2	3	4	5
Module's PIN	VCC		/RST	SWCLK	
Interface PIN NO.	6	7	8	9	10
Module's PIN		GND	SWDIO		

**NOTE:**

## FCC Statement:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device

must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

## IC Statement:

This device complies with Industry Canada's licence - exempt RSSs. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause interference; and
- (2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

The host product shall be properly labelled to identify the modules within the host product.

The ISED certification label of a module shall be clearly visible at all times when installed in the host product; otherwise, the host product must be labelled to display the ISED certification number for the module, preceded by the word "contains" or similar wording expressing the same meaning, as follows:

Contains IC: 8984A-R107H

**Wireless Module**

Integration instructions for host product manufacturers according to KDB 996369 D03 OEM Manual v01

2.2 List of applicable FCC rules

CFR 47 FCC PART 15 SUBPART C has been investigated. It is applicable to the modular transmitter

2.3 Specific operational use conditions

This module is stand-alone modular. If the end product will involve the Multiple simultaneously transmitting condition or different operational conditions for a stand-alone modular transmitter in a host, host manufacturer have to consult with module manufacturer for the installation method in end system.

2.4 Limited module procedures

Not applicable

2.5 Trace antenna designs

Not applicable

2.6 RF exposure considerations

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 5mm between the radiator & your body.

2.7 Antennas

This radio transmitter R107H has been approved by Federal Communications Commission to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Antenna No.	Operate frequency band	Antenna Type	Maximum antenna gain
Antenna 1	902MHz~928MHz	FPC Antenna	0.78

2.8 Label and compliance information

The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following" Contains FCC ID:NRH-LR-R107H".

### 2.9 Information on test modes and additional testing requirements

Host manufacturer is strongly recommended to confirm compliance with FCC requirements for the transmitter when the module is installed in the host.

### 2.10 Additional testing, Part 15 Subpart B disclaimer

Host manufacturer is responsible for compliance of the host system with module installed with all other applicable requirements for the system such as Part 15 B.