RF Exposure Compliance Requirements ViPR Analog Telemetry Radio Modem

FCC Rule: 1.1307, 1.1310, 2.1091 (b) (d), 2.1093

Description of Compliance:

The ViPR will be professionally installed in the SCADA (Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition) market and will be mounted with a fixed RTU (Remote Terminal Unit). A typical installation would use a maximum gain antenna of 10 dBi mounted on a tower. A minimum separation distance of more than 218 cm must be maintained between the radiating structure and any person to classify as a mobile under FCC MPE regulations. Note: It is the responsibility of the user to guarantee compliance with the FCC MPE regulations when operating this device in a way other than described above.

The calculation for the more stringent specification, a General Population/Uncontrolled Mobile device according to section 2.1091(b) and section 1.1310 Note 2 is shown below:

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Frequency Range	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging
(MHz)	Strength (V/m)	Strength (A/m)		Time (mins)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f2)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f (MHz)/1500 (MHz)	30
1500-100000			1.0	30

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure:

Environmental Specification: 0.2 mW/cm²

$$S = (PG)/(4\pi R^2)$$
 (OET Bulletin 65)

Where:

 $S = Power Density (mW/cm^2)$

P = Power input to the antenna (mW)

G = Power Gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = Distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (cm)

Distance Calculation:

 $\mathbf{R} = \sqrt{(\mathbf{PG})/(4\pi \mathbf{S}))}$

Typical Antenna Gain: 10.0 dBi $10^{(10.0 \text{ dBi}/10)} = 10.0$ Power input to the Antenna: $40.8 \text{dBm} = 10^{(40.8 \text{dBm}/10)} = 12000 \text{ mW}$

 $R = \sqrt{((12000 \text{mW}*10.0)/(4\pi*0.2 \text{ mW/cm}^2))} = 218 \text{ cm}$ (Minimum Distance)