FCC §1.1307 (b)(1) & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Standard Applicable

According to FCC subpart 1.1307 (b)(1), 2.1091 systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to RF energy level in excess of the communication guidelines.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure									
Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minutes)					
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30					
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f ²)	30					
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30					
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30					
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30					

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

Test Data

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where:

- S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm²)
- P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW).
- G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator,
 - the power gain factor, is normally *numeric* gain.
- R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Gain		Conducted Power		Evaluation	Power	MPE Limit
		(dBi)	(numeric)	(dBm)	(mW)	Distance (cm)	Density (mW/cm ²)	(mW/cm ²)
WCDMA	737	8.39	6.902	15.28	33.729	20	0.04613	0.4913
LTE	741	8.39	6.902	15.00	31.623	20	0.04342	0.4940

Result:

For Downlink, the highest power density level at 20 cm is 0.04613 mW/cm², which is below the uncontrolled exposure limit of 0.4913 mW/cm² at 737 MHz.