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Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 1 of 46

FCC REPORT

Application No:	SZEM1309005346RF
Applicant:	IDT Technology Limited
Manufacturer:	iDT Technology Limited
Factory:	iDT Technology Limited
Product Name:	BLE Activity and sleep monitor
Model No.(EUT):	PE128
Add Model No.:	PE126
FCC ID:	NMT-PE128
Standards:	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C (2012)
Date of Receipt:	2013-09-26
Date of Test:	2013-09-30 to 2013-10-09
Date of Issue:	2013-11-20
Test Result:	PASS *

* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

This report supersedes our previous report SZEM130900534601, issued on 2013-11-05, which is hereby deemed null and void.

Authorized Signature:



Jack Zhang EMC Laboratory Manager

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS International Electrical Approvals or testing done by SGS International Electrical Approvals in connection with, distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS International Electrical Approvals in writing.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government. All test results in this report can be traceable to National or International Standards.



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 2 of 46

2 Test Summary

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
Antenna Requirement	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.203/15.247 (c)	ANSI C63.10 2009	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.207	ANSI C63.10 2009	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (b)(3)	KDB558074 D01	PASS
6dB Occupied Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(2)	KDB558074 D01	PASS
Power Spectral Density	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (e)	KDB558074 D01	PASS
Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247(b)(4)&TCB Exclusion List (7 July 2002)	ANSI C63.10 (2009)	PASS
Band-edge for RF Conducted Emissions	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247(d)	KDB558074 D01	PASS
RF Conducted Spurious Emissions	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247(d)	KDB558074 D01	PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.205/15.209	ANSI C63.10 2009	PASS
Band Edge (Radiated Emission)	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.205/15.209	ANSI C63.10 2009	PASS

Remark:

Model No.: PE126, PE128

Only the model PE128 was tested, since the electrical circuit design, layout, components used and internal wiring were identical for the above models, with difference being model name, color and strap.



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 3 of 46

3 Contents

Page

1	CO	VER PAGE	1
2	TE	ST SUMMARY	2
3	со	NTENTS	3
4	GE	NERAL INFORMATION	4
	4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8 4.9 4.10	CLIENT INFORMATION GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT TEST ENVIRONMENT DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS TEST LOCATION TEST FACILITY DEVIATION FROM STANDARDS ABNORMALITIES FROM STANDARD CONDITIONS OTHER INFORMATION REQUESTED BY THE CUSTOMER EQUIPMENT LIST	4 6 6 7 7 7
5	TE	ST RESULTS AND MEASUREMENT DATA	.11
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10	ANTENNA REQUIREMENT CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONDUCTED PEAK OUTPUT POWER 6DB OCCUPY BANDWIDTH POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY BAND-EDGE FOR RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS SPURIOUS RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS PSEUDORANDOM FREQUENCY HOPPING SEQUENCE RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION BAND EDGE (RADIATED EMISSION)	.12 .16 .22 .25 .27 .30 .31
	5.10	DAND EDGE (RADIATED EMISSION)	-40



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 4 of 46

4 General Information

4.1 Client Information

Applicant:	IDT Technology Limited
Address of Applicant:	Block C, 9/F., Kaiser Estate, Phase 1, 41 Man YueStreet, Hunghom, Kowloon, Hong Kong.
Manufacturer:	iDT Technology Limited
Address of Manufacturer:	Block C, 9/F., Kaiser Estate, Phase 1, 41 Man YueStreet, Hunghom, Kowloon, Hong Kong.
Factory:	iDT Technology Limited
Address of Factory:	Chentian Industrial Estate Xixiang, BaoAn, Shenzhen, P.R.C.

4.2 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	BLE Activity and sleep monitor
Model No.:	PE126, PE128
Trade Mark:	OS
Operation Frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Bluetooth Version:	4.0
Modulation Technique:	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum(FHSS)
Modulation Type:	GFSK
Number of Channel:	40
Hopping Channel Type:	Adaptive Frequency Hopping systems
Sample Type:	Portable production
Antenna Type:	Integral
Antenna Gain:	-1.0dBi
Battery:	3.7V 40mAh rechargeable battery
Test Voltage:	DC 3.7V battery fully charged
USB charging cable:	5cm(Unshielded)



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 5 of 46

Operation Frequency each of channel							
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
1	2402MHz	11	2422MHz	21	2442MHz	31	2462MHz
2	2404MHz	12	2424MHz	22	2444MHz	32	2464MHz
3	2406MHz	13	2426MHz	23	2446MHz	33	2466MHz
4	2408MHz	14	2428MHz	24	2448MHz	34	2468MHz
5	2410MHz	15	2430MHz	25	2450MHz	35	2470MHz
6	2412MHz	16	2432MHz	26	2452MHz	36	2472MHz
7	2414MHz	17	2434MHz	27	2454MHz	37	2474MHz
8	2416MHz	18	2436MHz	28	2456MHz	38	2476MHz
9	2418MHz	19	2438MHz	29	2458MHz	39	2478MHz
10	2420MHz	20	2440MHz	30	2460MHz	40	2480MHz

Note:

In section 15.31(m), regards to the operating frequency range over 10 MHz, the lowest frequency, the middle frequency, and the highest frequency of channel were selected to perform the test, and the selected channel see below:

Channel	Frequency
The Lowest channel	2402MHz
The Middle channel	2440MHz
The Highest channel	2480MHz



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 6 of 46

4.3 Test Environment

Operating Environment:		
Temperature:	24.0 °C	
Humidity:	48 % RH	
Atmospheric Pressure:	1005 mbar	

4.4 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested with associated equipment below.

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.
PC	IBM	8172
LCD-displaying	Lenovo	L1711pC
KEYBOARD	IBM	SK-8115
MOUSE	Lenovo	MO28UOA
Coder	HengTong ELECTRON	HT4000
Printer	Canon	BJC-1000SP

4.5 Test Location

All tests were performed at:

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen Branch E&E Lab,

No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle Section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. 518057.

Tel: +86 755 2601 2053 Fax: +86 755 2671 0594 No tests were sub-contracted.



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 7 of 46

4.6 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

• CNAS (No. CNAS L2929)

CNAS has accredited SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

• VCCI

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber, Full-anechoic Chamber and Shielded Room (7.5m x 4.0m x 3.0m) of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: R-2197, G-416, T-1153 and C-2383 respectively.

• FCC – Registration No.: 556682

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration No.: 556682.

Industry Canada (IC)

Two 3m Semi-anechoic chambers of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 4620C-1 & 4620C-2.

4.7 Deviation from Standards

None.

4.8 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None.

4.9 Other Information Requested by the Customer

None.



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 8 of 46

4.10 Equipment List

	Conducted Emission					
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Inventory No.	Cal.Due date (yyyy-mm-dd)	
1	Shielding Room	ZhongYu Electron	GB-88	SEL0042	2014-06-10	
2	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	SEL0152	2013-10-24	
3	LISN	ETS-LINDGREN	3816/2	SEL0021	2014-05-16	
4	8 Line ISN	Fischer Custom Communications Inc.	FCC-TLISN- T8-02	SEL0162	2013-11-10	
5	4 Line ISN	Fischer Custom Communications Inc.	FCC-TLISN- T4-02	SEL0163	2013-11-10	
6	2 Line ISN	Fischer Custom Communications Inc.	FCC-TLISN- T2-02	SEL0164	2013-11-10	
7	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	SEL0022	2014-05-16	
8	Coaxial Cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0025	2014-05-29	
9	DC Power Supply	Zhao Xin	RXN-305D	SEL0117	2013-10-24	
10	Humidity/ Temperature Indicator	Shanhai Qixiang	ZJ1-2B	SEL0103	2013-10-24	
11	Barometer	Chang Chun	DYM3	SEL0088	2014-05-24	



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 9 of 46

	RE in Chamber					
ltem	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Inventory No.	Cal.Due date (yyyy-mm-dd)	
1	3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber	ETS-LINDGREN	N/A	SEL0017	2014-06-10	
2	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB26	SEL0023	2014-05-16	
3	EMI Test software	AUDIX	E3	SEL0050	N/A	
4	BiConiLog Antenna (26-3000MHz)	ETS-LINDGREN	3142C	SEL0015	2013-10-24	
5	Double-ridged horn (1-18GHz)	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	SEL0006	2013-10-24	
6	Horn Antenna (18-26GHz)	ETS-LINDGREN	3160	SEL0076	2013-10-24	
7	Pre-amplifier (0.1-1300MHz)	Agilent Technologies	8447D	SEL0053	2014-05-16	
8	Pre-Amplifier (0.1-26.5GHz)	Compliance Directions Systems Inc.	PAP-0126	SEL0168	2013-10-24	
9	Coaxial cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0027	2014-05-59	
10	Coaxial cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0189	2014-05-29	
11	Coaxial cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0121	2014-05-29	
12	Coaxial cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0178	2014-05-29	
13	Band filter	Amindeon	82346	SEL0094	2014-05-16	
14	Barometer	Chang Chun	DYM3	SEL0088	2014-05-24	
15	DC Power Supply	Zhao Xin	RXN-305D	SEL0117	2013-10-24	
16	Humidity/ Temperature Indicator	Shanhai Qixiang	ZJ1-2B	SEL0103	2013-10-24	
17	Signal Generator (10M-27GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz	SMR27	SEL0067	2014-05-16	
18	Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMY01	SEL0155	2013-10-24	
19	Loop Antenna	Beijing Daze	ZN30401	SEL0203	2014-06-04	

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Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 10 of 46

	RF connected test				
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Inventory No.	Cal.Due date (yyyy-mm-dd)
1	DC Power Supply	Zhao Xin	RXN-305D	SEL0117	2013-10-24
2	Humidity/ Temperature Indicator	HYGRO	ZJ1-2B	SEL0033	2013-10-24
3	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP	SEL0154	2013-10-24
4	Coaxial cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0178	2014-05-29
5	Coaxial cable	SGS	N/A	SEL0179	2014-05-29
6	Barometer	ChangChun	DYM3	SEL0088	2014-05-24
7	Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SML03	SEL0068	2014-05-16
8	Band filter	amideon	82346	SEL0094	2014-05-16
9	POWER METER	R & S	NRVS	SEL0144	2014-10-24
10	Attenuator	Beijin feihang taida	TST-2-6dB	SEL0205	2014-05-16
11	Power Divider(splitter)	Agilent Technologies	11636B	SEL0130	2013-10-24

Note: The calibration interval is one year, all the instruments are valid.

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Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 11 of 46

5 Test results and Measurement Data

5.1 Antenna Requirement

Standard requirement: 47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.203 /247(c)

15.203 requirement:

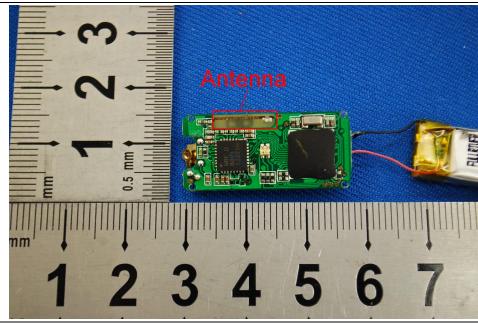
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

15.247(b) (4) requirement:

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

EUT Antenna:

The antenna is integrated on the main PCB and no consideration of replacement. The best case gain of the antenna is -1.0dBi.









Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 12 of 46

5.2 Conducted Enns	510115					
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.207					
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: 2009					
Test Frequency Range:	150kHz to 30MHz					
Receiver Setup:	Frequency Detector RBW VBW			Remar	'k	
	150kHz to 30MHz	Peak	9kHz	30kHz	Peak	
	150kHz to 30MHz	Average	9kHz	30kHz	Averag	e
	150kHz to 30MHz	Quasi-peak	9kHz	30kHz	Quasi-pe	eak
Limit:			Limit (dl	BuV)		
	Frequency range (MHz)	Quasi-	oeak	Aver	age	
	0.15-0.5	66 to	56*	56 to	46*	
	0.5-5	56		46	6	
	5-30	60		50)	
	* Decreases with the logarit	hm of the frequ	iency.			
	 * Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency. 1) The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shield room. 2) The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a 50Ω/50µH + 5Ω line impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded. 3) The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT w placed on the horizontal ground reference plane. The real of the EUT shall be 0.4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The real of the EUT shall be 0.4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The real of the EUT shall be 0.4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0.8 m from the boundary of the unit under test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0.8 m from the LISN 2. 				e was ar e ne	

5.2 Conducted Emissions



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 13 of 46

Test Setup:	Shielding Room Test Receiver EUT AE AC Mains LISN1 Ground Reference Plane
Test Mode:	Charge mode
Instruments Used:	Refer to section 4.10 for details
Test Results:	Pass



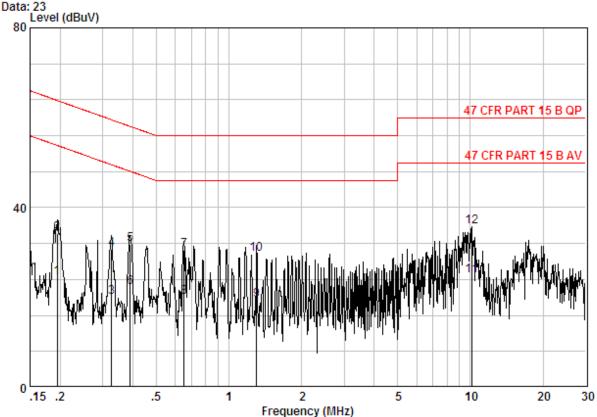
Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 14 of 46

Measurement Data

An initial pre-scan was performed on the live and neutral lines with peak detector.

Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission were detected.

Live line:

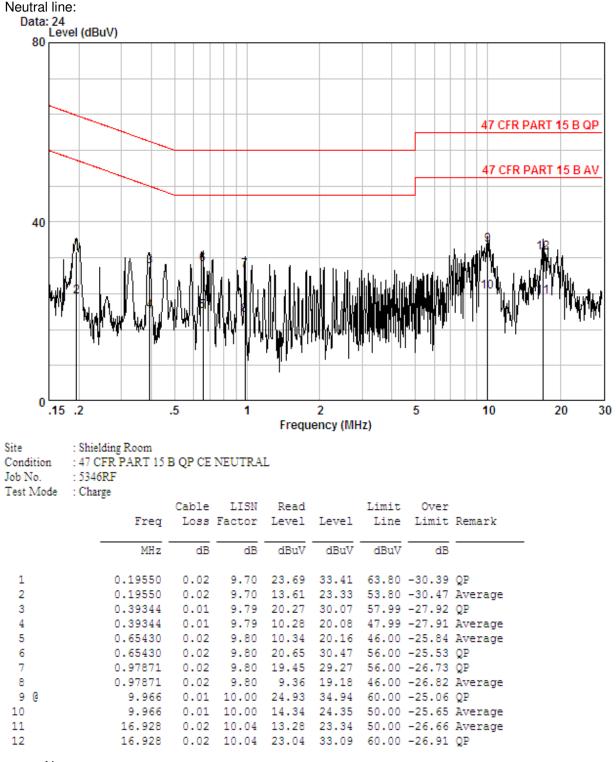


Site : Shielding Room Condition : 47 CFR PART 15 B QP CE LINE Job No. : 5346RF Test Mode : Charge

MHz dB dB dBuV dBuV dBuV dB	
1 0.19447 0.02 9.70 14.61 24.33 53.84 -29.51	Average
2 0.19447 0.02 9.70 24.56 34.28 63.84 -29.57	QP
3 0.32685 0.01 9.73 10.34 20.08 49.53 -29.45	Average
4 0.32685 0.01 9.73 20.95 30.69 59.53 -28.84	QP
5 0.38929 0.01 9.79 22.08 31.88 58.08 -26.20	QP
6 0.38929 0.01 9.79 12.34 22.14 48.08 -25.94	Average
7 0.65084 0.02 9.80 20.60 30.41 56.00 -25.59	QP
8 0.65084 0.02 9.80 10.34 20.16 46.00 -25.84	Average
9 1.303 0.02 9.80 9.62 19.44 46.00 -26.56	Average
10 1.303 0.02 9.80 19.83 29.65 56.00 -26.35	QP
11 10.179 0.01 9.91 15.00 24.92 50.00 -25.08	Average
12 @ 10.179 0.01 9.91 25.87 35.79 60.00 -24.21	QP



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 15 of 46



Notes:

1. The following Quasi-Peak and Average measurements were performed on the EUT:

2. Final Test Level =Receiver Reading + LISN Factor + Cable Loss.



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 16 of 46

5.3 Conducted Peak Output Power

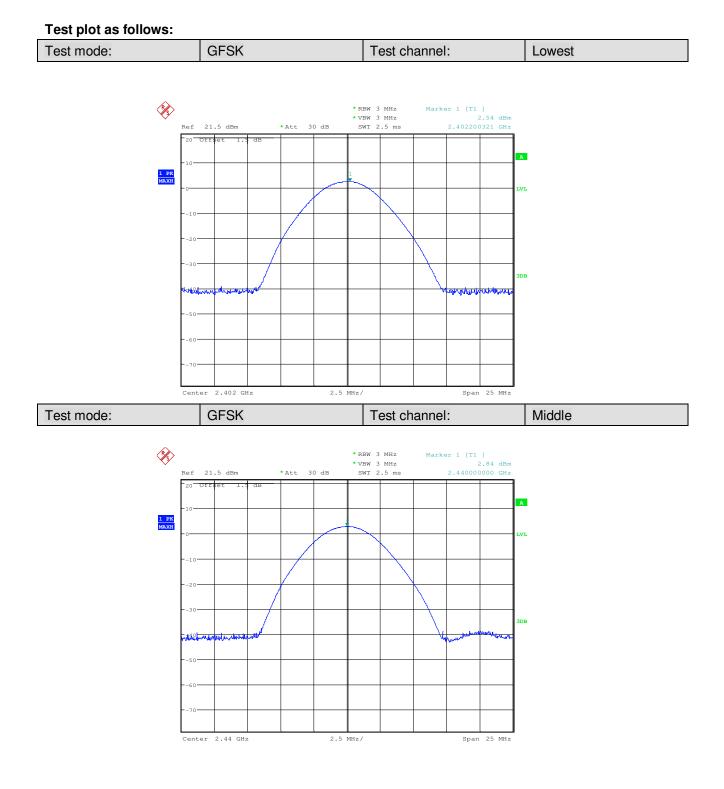
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (b)(1)	
Test Method:	KDB558074 D01	
Test Setup:	Spectrum Analyzer E.U.T Non-Conducted Table	
	Ground Reference Plane	
	Remark:	
	Offset the High-Frequency cable loss 1.5dB in the spectrum analyzer.	
Limit:	30dBm	
Test Mode:	Non-hopping transmitting with GFSK modulation.	
Instruments Used:	Refer to section 4.10 for details	
Test Results:	Pass	

Measurement Data

	GFSK mod	le	
Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	2.54	30.00	Pass
Middle	2.84	30.00	Pass
Highest	2.97	30.00	Pass

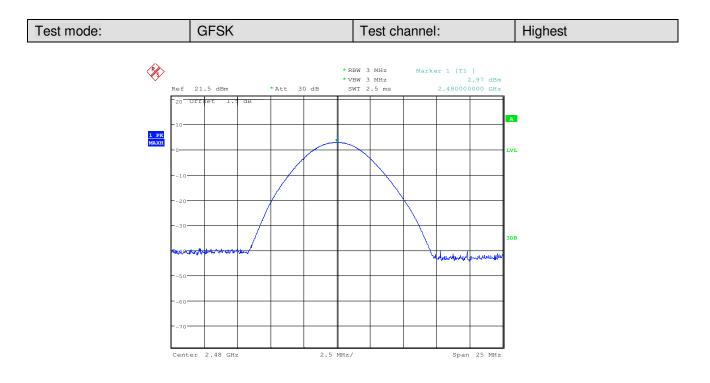


Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 17 of 46





Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 18 of 46





Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 19 of 46

Test Requirement: 47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(2) **Test Method:** KDB558074 D01 Test Setup: Spectrum Analyzer E.U.T C Non-Conducted Table **Ground Reference Plane** Limit: ≥ 500 kHz Test Mode: Non-hopping transmitting with GFSK modulation. Pre-test the EUT at battery 1 and battery 2, and found the battery 1 which is worse case, the test worse case is recorded in the report. Instruments Used: Refer to section 4.10 for details **Test Results:** Pass

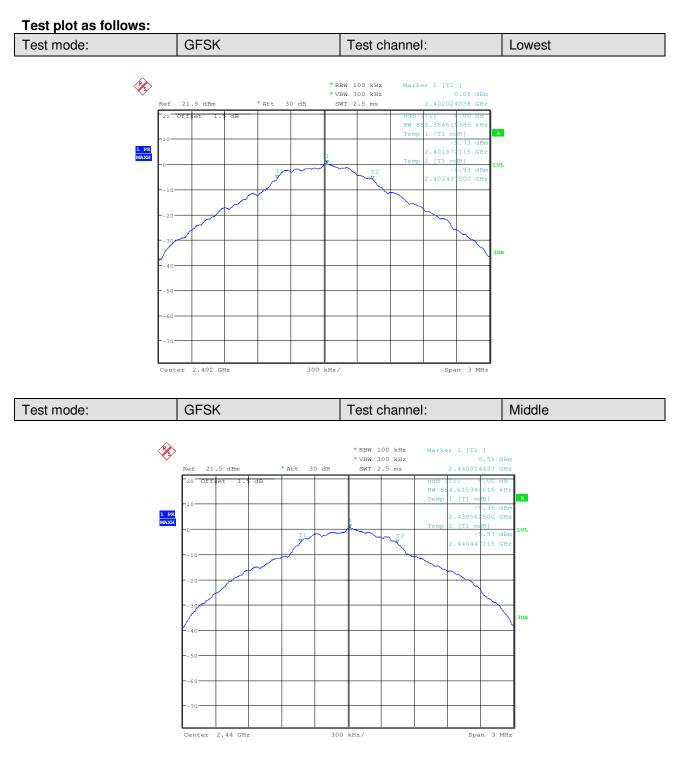
5.4 6dB Occupy Bandwidth

Measurement Data

Test channel	6dB Occupy Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Lowest	865.384615385	≥500	Pass
Middle	884.615384615	≥500	Pass
Highest	870.192307693	≥500	Pass

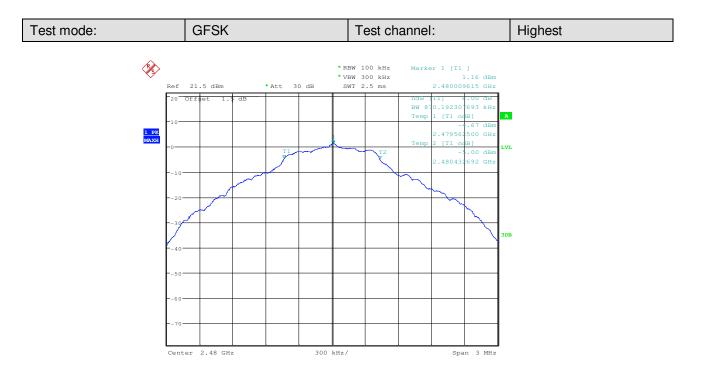


Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 20 of 46





Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 21 of 46







Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 22 of 46

Test Requirement: 47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (e) Test Method: KDB558074 D01 Test Setup: Spectrum Analyzer E.U.T Non-Conducted Table **Ground Reference Plane** Limit: ≤8.00dBm Exploratory Test Mode: Non-hopping transmitting with GFSK modulation. Instruments Used: Refer to section 4.10 for details Test Results: Pass

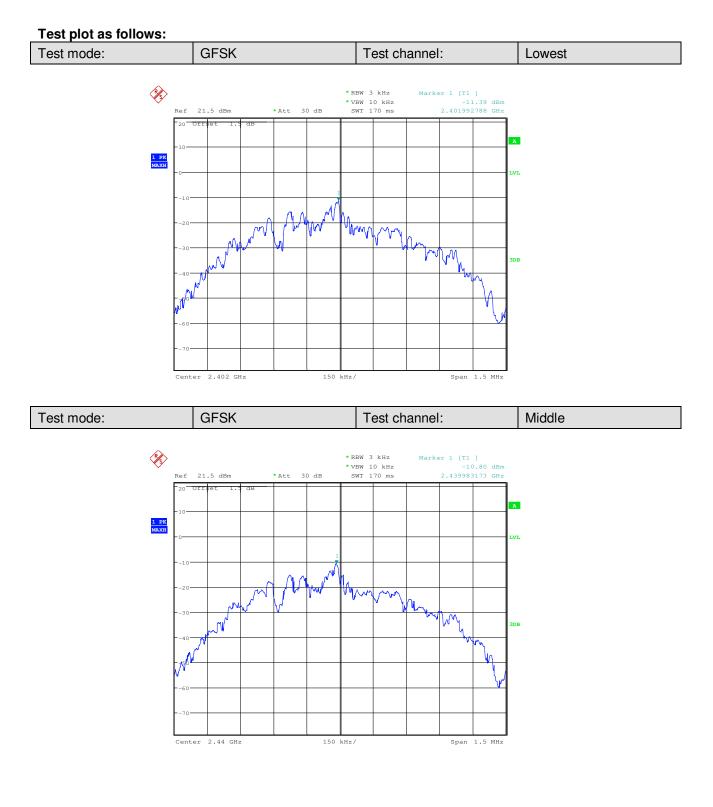
5.5 Power Spectral Density

Measurement Data

	GFSK mode		
Test channel	Power Spectral Density (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	-11.39	≤8.00	Pass
Middle	-10.80	≤8.00	Pass
Highest	-10.03	≤8.00	Pass

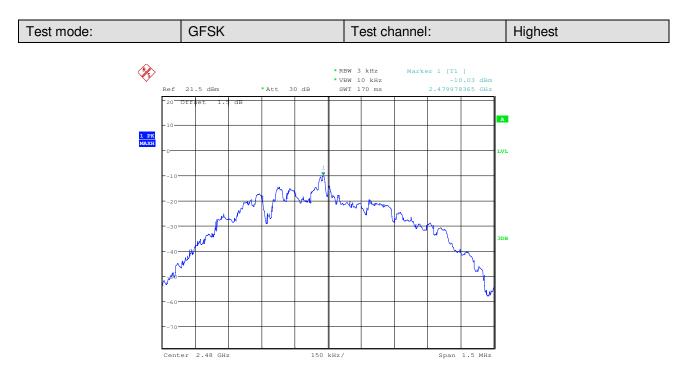


Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 23 of 46





Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 24 of 46





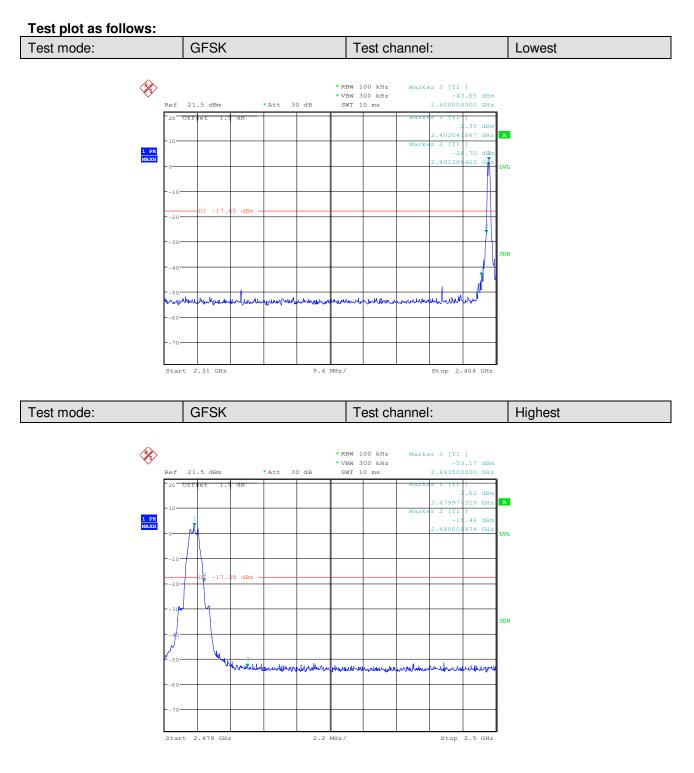
Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 25 of 46

5.6 Band-edge for RF Conducted Emissions

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (d)	
Test Method:	KDB558074 D01	
Test Setup:	Spectrum Analyzer E.U.T Non-Conducted Table Ground Reference Plane Remark: Offset the High-Frequency cable loss 1.5dB in the spectrum analyzer.	
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.	
Test Mode:	Non-hopping and hopping transmitting with GFSK modulation.	
Instruments Used:	Refer to section 4.10 for details	
Test Results:	Pass	



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 26 of 46





Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 27 of 46

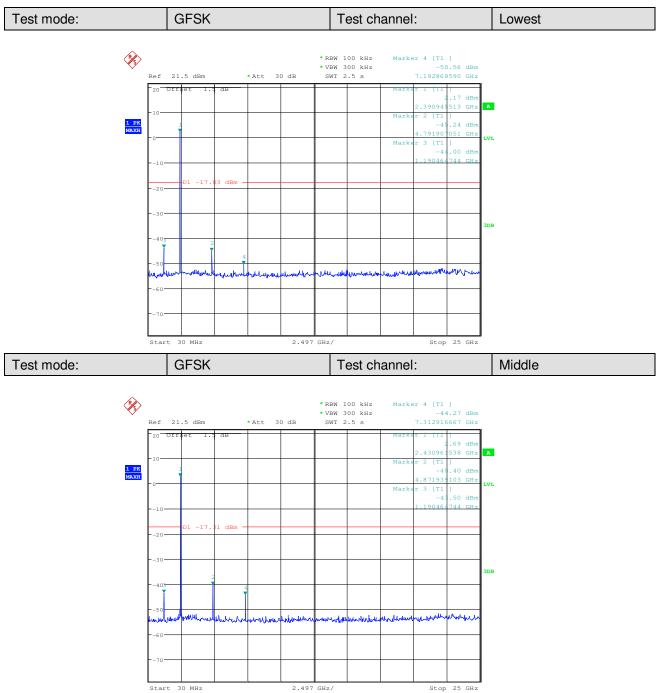
5.7 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (d)	
Test Method:	KDB558074 D01	
Test Setup:	Spectrum Analyzer E.U.T Non-Conducted Table Ground Reference Plane	
	Remark: Offset the High-Frequency cable loss 1.5dB in the spectrum analyzer.	
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.	
Test Mode:	Non-hopping transmitting with GFSK modulation.	
Instruments Used:	Refer to section 4.10 for details	
Test Results:	Pass	



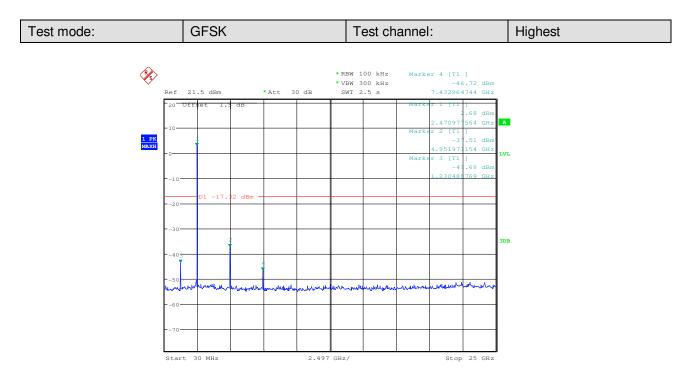
Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 28 of 46

Test plot as follows:





Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 29 of 46







Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 30 of 46

5.8 Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

Test Requirement: 47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1) requirement: The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with transmitted signals. EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th s outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initia with nine ones. • Number of shift register stages: 9 • Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29 -1 = 511 bits • Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal) Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow: 20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitter.	The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping the bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with transmitted signals. EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th so outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initia with nine ones. Number of shift register stages: 9 Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29 -1 = 511 bits Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow: 20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.		
Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the aver by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping cha bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with transmitted signals. EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th s outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initia with nine ones. • Number of shift register stages: 9 • Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29 -1 = 511 bits • Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal) Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow: 20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the aver by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping che bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with transmitted signals. EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th so outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initia with nine ones. • Number of shift register stages: 9 • Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29 -1 = 511 bits • Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal) Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow: 20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1) requirement:
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th s outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initia with nine ones. Number of shift register stages: 9 Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29 -1 = 511 bits Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal) Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow: 20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th s outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initia with nine ones. Number of shift register stages: 9 Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29 -1 = 511 bits Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal) Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow: 20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	Pseudorandom ordered by each transmitter. The bandwidths of their corr	ist of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the ave system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping cha
outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initia with nine ones. • Number of shift register stages: 9 • Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29 -1 = 511 bits • Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal) <i>Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence</i> An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow: 20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initia with nine ones. • Number of shift register stages: 9 • Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29 -1 = 511 bits • Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal) <i>Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence</i> An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow: 20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	EUT Pseudorandom Fr	equency Hopping Sequence
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An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow: 20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow: 20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	• Longest sequence of Ze	ros. 6 (non-invented signal)
An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow: 20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow: 20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their		
20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Image: Constraint of the system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	20 62 46 77 7 64 8 73 16 75 1 Image: Constraint of the system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	Linear Feedbac	k Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence
Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	An example of Pseudora	
The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	20 62 46 77	7 64 8 73 16 75 1
The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their	The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their		
		Each frequency used equ	ally on the average by each transmitter.
Corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted sidnals.		•	



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 31 of 46

5.9 Radiated Spurious Emission

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.209 and 15.205							
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10 2009							
Test Site:	Measurement Distance: 3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)							
Receiver Setup:	Frequency		Detector	RBW		VBW	Remark	
	0.009MHz-0.090MH	z	Peak	Peak 10kHz		30kHz	Peak	
	0.009MHz-0.090MH	z	Average	10kHz	z	30kHz	Average	
	0.090MHz-0.110MH	z	Quasi-peak	10kHz	z	30kHz	Quasi-peak	
	0.110MHz-0.490MH	z	Peak	10kHz	z	30kHz	Peak	
	0.110MHz-0.490MH	z	Average	10kHz	z	30kHz	Average	
	0.490MHz -30MHz		Quasi-peak	10kHz	z	30kHz	Quasi-peak	
	30MHz-1GHz		Quasi-peak	100 kH	lz	300kHz	Quasi-peak	
			Peak	1MHz	2	3MHz	Peak	
	Above 1GHz		Peak	1MHz	2	10Hz	Average	
Limit:	Frequency		eld strength crovolt/meter)	Limit (dBuV/m)		Remark	Measurement distance (m)	
	0.009MHz-0.490MHz	24	400/F(kHz)	-		-	300	
	0.490MHz-1.705MHz	24	000/F(kHz)	-			30	
	1.705MHz-30MHz		30	-		-	30	
	30MHz-88MHz		100	40.0	Qı	uasi-peak	3	
	88MHz-216MHz		150	43.5	Qı	uasi-peak	3	
	216MHz-960MHz		200	46.0	Quasi-peak		3	
	960MHz-1GHz		500	54.0	Qı	uasi-peak	3	
	Above 1GHz		500	54.0	ŀ	Average	3	
	frequency emissions is	Unless otherwise specified, the limit on peak radio 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total diated by the device.						
Test Setup:								
AE EUT Antenna Tower Antenna Tower Test Receiver Diane Controller Test Receiver Controller								
Figure 1. Below 30MHz		Fiç	gure 2. 30MH	z to 1GHz				



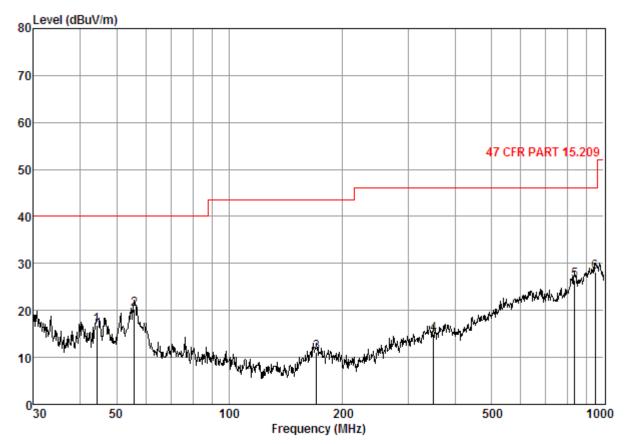
Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 32 of 46

	Image: Second Release Plane Test Receive:
	Figure 3. Above 1 GHz
Test Procedure:	 a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement. d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode. f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB
	margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel (2402MHz),the middle channel
	(2440MHz),the Highest channel (2480MHz)
	 h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning. And found the X axis positioning which it is worse case, only the test worst case mode is recorded in the report. i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.
Test Mode:	Non-hopping transmitting mode with GFSK modulation.
Instruments Used:	Refer to section 4.10 for details
Test Results:	Pass



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 33 of 46

Radiated Emission below 1GHz					
30MHz~1GHz (QP)					
Test mode: Transmitting Vertical					

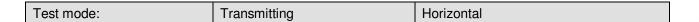


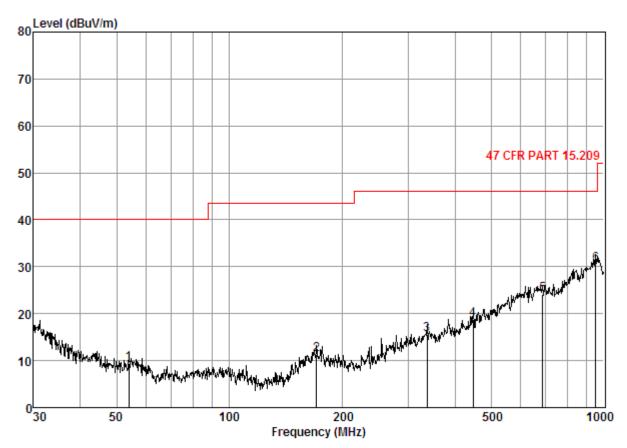
Condition: 47 CFR PART 15.209 3m 3142C VERTICAL Job No. : 5346RF Test mode: TX

	Freq	CableAntenna) Loss Factor)		Preamp Read Factor Level				
	MHz	dB	dB/m	dB	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
1 2 3 4 5 6	44.28 55.80 170.79 350.48 836.24 948.76	0.82 0.99 1.94 3.03 5.14 5.35	9.97 6.52 8.86 10.66 19.22 21.40	25, 62 25, 81 24, 82 25, 26 26, 04 25, 28	31.67 38.58 25.10 26.41 28.10 26.69	16.84 20.28 11.08 14.84 26.42 28.16	40.00 43.50 46.00 46.00	-23.16 -19.72 -32.42 -31.16 -19.58 -17.84



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 34 of 46





Condition: 47 CFR PART 15.209 3m 3142C HORIZONTAL Job No. : 5346RF Test mode: TX

	Freq			Preamp Factor	Read Level		Limit Line	Over Limit
	MHz	dB	dB/m	dB	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
1 2 3 4 5 6	53.88 170.79 337.22 447.98 687.15 952.09	0.98 1.94 2.96 3.52 4.60 5.41	6.69 8.86 10.43 12.71 16.40 21.30	25.74 24.82 24.42 25.55 26.49 25.36	27.49 25.26 26.63 28.15 29.60 29.21	9.42 11.24 15.60 18.83 24.11 30.56	43.50 46.00 46.00 46.00	-30.58 -32.26 -30.40 -27.17 -21.89 -15.44



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 35 of 46

Transmitte	Transmitter Emission above 1GHz								
Test mode:	G	FSK	Test channel:		Lowest Rema		ark:	Peak	
Frequency (MHz)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Preamp Factor (dB)	Read Level (dBuV)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization	
3120.061	3.41	33.35	40.40	47.75	44.11	74	-29.89	Vertical	
3993.903	4.16	33.80	41.04	47.17	44.09	74	-29.91	Vertical	
4804.000	4.69	34.70	41.63	49.45	47.21	74	-26.79	Vertical	
7206.000	5.77	35.88	39.87	47.00	48.78	74	-25.22	Vertical	
9608.000	5.99	37.30	37.80	44.94	50.43	74	-23.57	Vertical	
11963.890	6.46	38.87	38.26	45.88	52.95	74	-21.05	Vertical	
3057.166	3.36	33.38	40.34	48.09	44.49	74	-29.51	Horizontal	
3805.334	3.99	33.57	40.90	47.78	44.44	74	-29.56	Horizontal	
4804.000	4.69	34.70	41.63	47.32	45.08	74	-28.92	Horizontal	
7206.000	5.77	35.88	39.87	47.09	48.87	74	-25.13	Horizontal	
9608.000	5.99	37.30	37.80	45.73	51.22	74	-22.78	Horizontal	
11812.580	6.42	38.71	38.20	45.58	52.51	74	-21.49	Horizontal	

Test mode:		GFSK	Test	t channel:	Middle	Ren	nark:	Peak
Frequency (MHz)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Preamp Factor (dB)	Read Level (dBuV)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization
2942.635	3.28	33.31	40.26	45.56	41.89	74	-32.11	Vertical
3834.506	4.02	33.61	40.91	46.29	43.01	74	-30.99	Vertical
4880.000	4.72	34.59	41.68	50.64	48.27	74	-25.73	Vertical
7320.000	5.92	35.93	39.77	47.16	49.24	74	-24.76	Vertical
9760.000	5.98	37.46	37.66	44.70	50.48	74	-23.52	Vertical
12272.340	6.54	39.18	38.39	45.08	52.41	74	-21.59	Vertical
3049.394	3.35	33.38	40.34	47.27	43.66	74	-30.34	Horizontal
4004.083	4.16	33.85	41.04	47.10	44.07	74	-29.93	Horizontal
4880.000	4.72	34.59	41.68	47.34	44.97	74	-29.03	Horizontal
7320.000	5.92	35.93	39.77	47.14	49.22	74	-24.78	Horizontal
9760.000	5.98	37.46	37.66	44.61	50.39	74	-23.61	Horizontal
12241.140	6.53	39.14	38.38	45.87	53.16	74	-20.84	Horizontal



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 36 of 46

Test mode:		GFSK	Te	st channel:	Highest	Rem	ark:	Peak
Frequency (MHz)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Preamp Factor (dB)	Read Level (dBuV)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Over Limit (dB)	Polarization
2950.135	3.29	33.33	40.27	46.80	43.15	74	-30.85	Vertical
3913.393	4.08	33.70	40.97	47.71	44.52	74	-29.48	Vertical
4960.000	4.76	34.46	41.74	50.76	48.24	74	-25.76	Vertical
7440.000	6.04	35.98	39.67	48.32	50.67	74	-23.33	Vertical
9920.000	5.98	37.63	37.53	44.96	51.04	74	-22.96	Vertical
11633.540	6.38	38.54	38.13	45.97	52.76	74	-21.24	Vertical
2965.192	3.30	33.35	40.27	46.26	42.64	74	-31.36	Horizontal
4024.520	4.18	33.89	41.05	47.81	44.83	74	-29.17	Horizontal
4960.000	4.76	34.46	41.74	47.46	44.94	74	-29.06	Horizontal
7440.000	6.04	35.98	39.67	48.00	50.35	74	-23.65	Horizontal
9920.000	5.98	37.63	37.53	45.37	51.45	74	-22.55	Horizontal
11963.890	6.46	38.87	38.26	45.26	52.33	74	-21.67	Horizontal

Remark:

1) The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Final Test Level = Receiver Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Factor - Preamplifier Factor

- Scan from 9kHz to 25GHz, the disturbance above 13GHz and below 30MHz was very low, and the above harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.
- 3) As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. So, only the peak measurements were shown in the report.

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Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 37 of 46

5.10Band edge (Radiated Emission)

5. IUBand edge (Rad	,	5 000 and 15 005		
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 1	5.209 and 15.205		
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10 2009	<u> </u>	、 、	
Test Site:	Measurement Distance: 3m	(Semi-Anechoic Chambe	r)	
Limit:	Frequency	Limit (dBuV/m @3m)	Remark	
	30MHz-88MHz	40.0	Quasi-peak Value	
	88MHz-216MHz	43.5	Quasi-peak Value	
	216MHz-960MHz	46.0	Quasi-peak Value	
	960MHz-1GHz	54.0	Quasi-peak Value	
	Above 1011	54.0	Average Value	
	Above 1GHz	74.0	Peak Value	
Test Setup:				
Figure 1. 30MHz to 1GHz Test Procedure:	 Fig a. The EUT was place the ground at a 3 m rotated 360 degrees radiation. b. The EUT was set 3 antenna, which was tower. c. The antenna height the ground to deterr Both horizontal and make the measurem d. For each suspected case and then the a meters and the rota degrees to find the readers specified Bandwidth f. Place a marker at th transmit frequency the missions in the readers and the rota degrees to find the readers and the readers and the rota degrees to find the rota	emission, the EUT was a ntenna was tuned to heig table table was turned from	able 0.8 meters above er. The table was of the highest erference-receiving variable-height antenna to four meters above of the field strength. ie antenna are set to rranged to its worst hts from 1 meter to 4 m 0 degrees to 360 ect Function and de. nd closest to the measure any bectrum analyzer plot.	



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 38 of 46

	 g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel , the Highest channel h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning. And found the X axis positioning which it is worse case, only the test worst case mode is recorded in the report. i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.
Test Mode:	Non-hopping transmitting mode with GFSK modulation.
Instruments Used:	Refer to section 4.10 for details
Test Results:	Pass



Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 39 of 46

Test plot as follows:

2390.000

2402.150

1 2 X

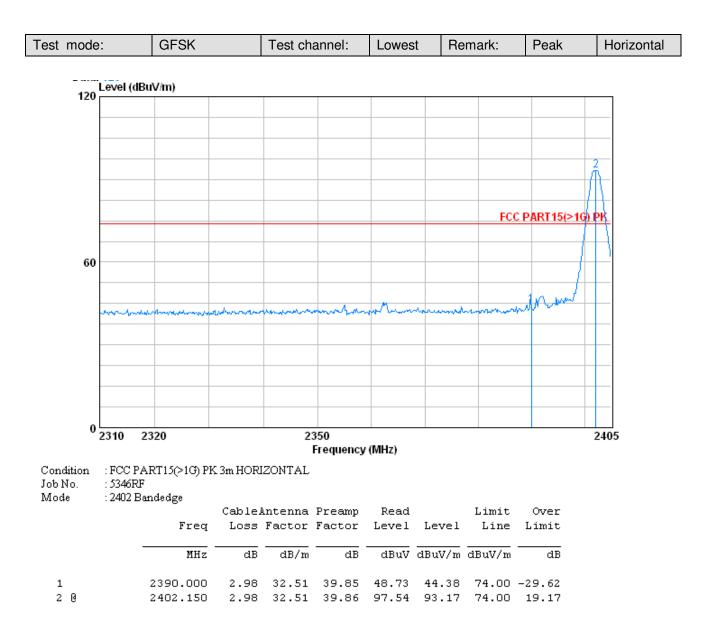
	0.501/	·	[
st mode:	GFSK	Test channel:	Lowest	Remark:	Peak	Vertica
120 Level (dBuV/m)					
						2
				FLC	PART15(>1G)	Ph
						++
60						
					hund	
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warder for her	word a contraction	and the second	AND OF THE REPORT	and the second	*	
0 2310	2320	2350				2405
		Frequenc	y (MHz)			
ndition : FCC	PART15(>1G) PK 3m V	ERTICAL				
bNo. :5346						
ode : 2402	Bandedge Cab	leAntenna Preamp	Read	Limit	Over	
		ss Factor Factor			Limit	

2.98 32.51 39.85 52.62 48.26 74.00 -25.74

2.98 32.51 39.86 95.20 90.84 74.00 16.84

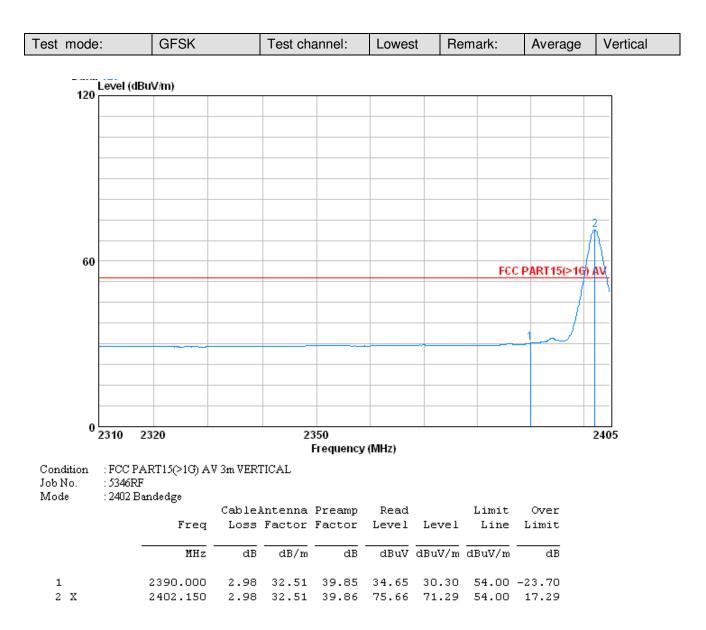


Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 40 of 46





Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 41 of 46

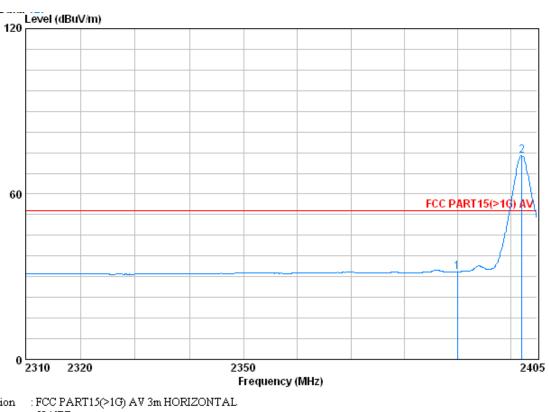






Report No.: SZEM130900534604 42 of 46 Page:

Test mode:	GFSK	Test channel:	Lowest	Remark:	Average	Horizontal
	••				7.1. 0. a.g.o	



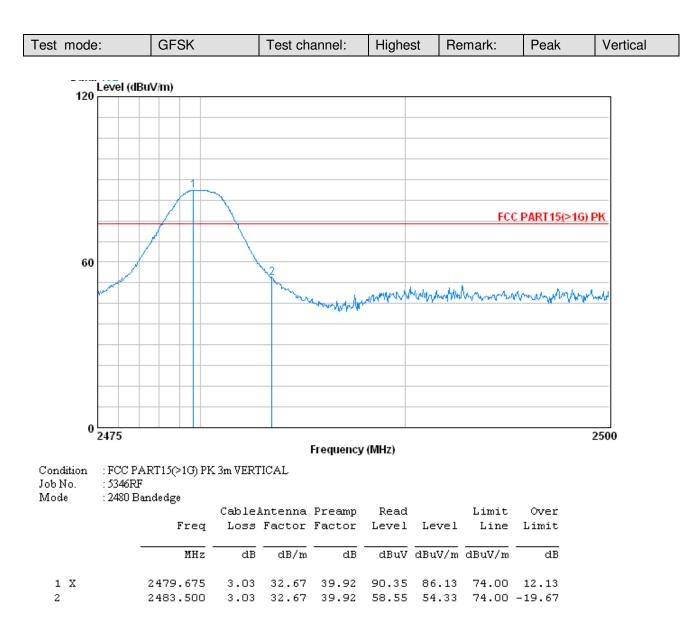
Condition	: FCC PART15(>1G) AV 3m HORIZONTAL
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Job No. : 5346RF · 2402 Bandadaa Mode

101046	. 2402 Danueuge Freq			Preamp Factor			Limit Line	Over Limit
	MHz	dB	dB/m	dB	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
1 2 0	2390.000 2402.150			39.85 39.86				

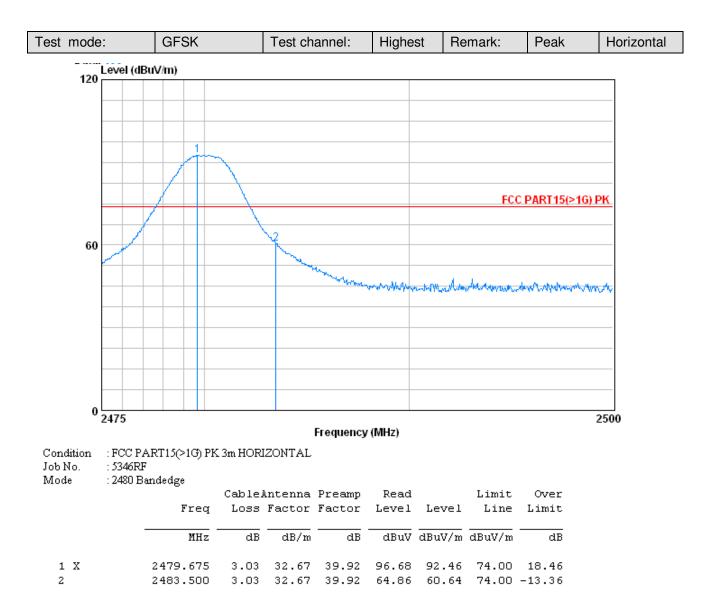


Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 43 of 46



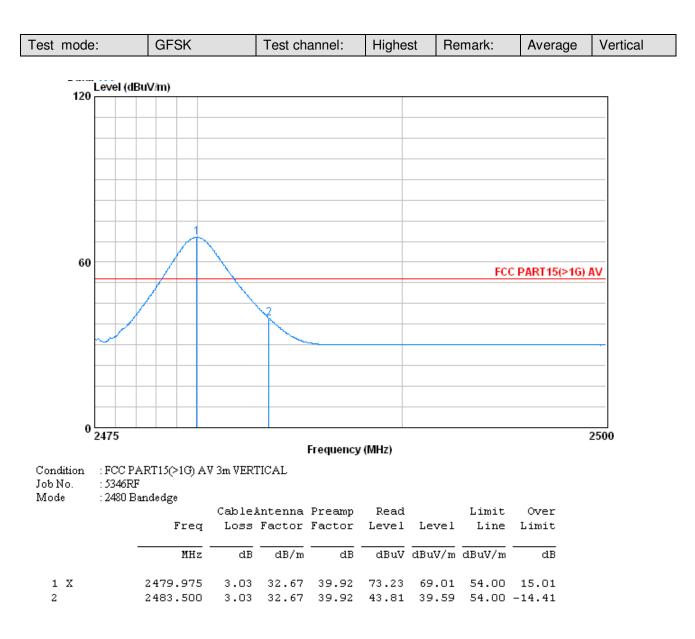


Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 44 of 46



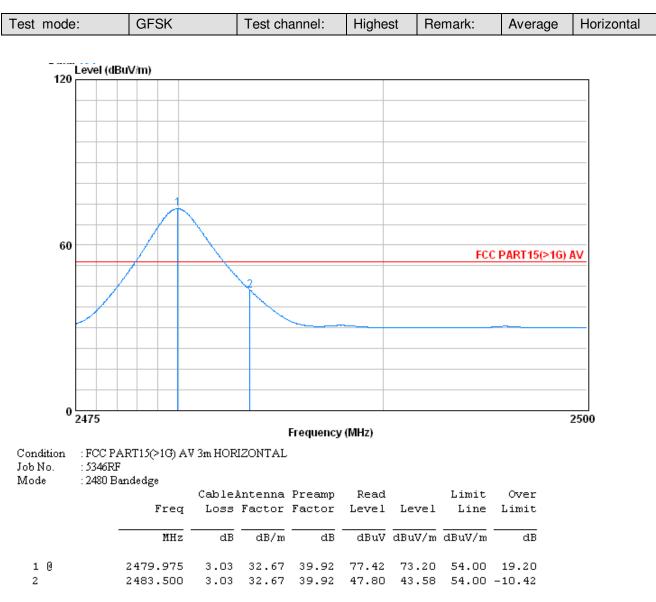


Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 45 of 46





Report No.: SZEM130900534604 Page: 46 of 46



Note:

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Final Test Level = Receiver Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Factor – Preamplifier Factor