

SAR TEST REPORT (Mobile Phone)

 REPORT NO.:
 SA110713C07-1

 MODEL NO.:
 PI46110

 FCC ID:
 NM8PI46110

 RECEIVED:
 Jul. 13, 2011

 TESTED:
 Jul. 30 ~ Jul. 31, 2011

 ISSUED:
 Aug. 01, 2011

APPLICANT: HTC Corporation

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RELEASE CONTROL RECORD

ISSUE NO.	SSUE NO. REASON FOR CHANGE	
Original release	NA	Aug. 01, 2011



1. CERTIFICATION

PRODUCT:SmartphoneMODEL NO.:PI46110BRAND:HTCAPPLICANT:HTC CorporationTESTED:Jul. 30 ~ Jul. 31, 2011TEST SAMPLE:Production UnitSTANDARDS:FCC Part 2 (Section 2.1093)
FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)
RSS-102 Issue 4 (2010-03)

The above equipment (model: PI46110) have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's EMC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

PREPARED BY

Pettie Chen / Specialist

, DATE: Aug. 01, 2011

APPROVED BY

Gary Chang / Assistant Manager

, **DATE:** Aug. 01, 2011



2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

EUT	Smartphone				
MODEL NO.	PI46110				
FCC ID	NM8PI461	NM8PI46110			
POWER SUPPLY	5.0Vdc (adapter or host equipment) 3.8Vdc (battery)				
CLASSIFICATION	Portable de	evice, production un	it		
MODULATION TYPE	QPSK, OQ	PSK, HPSK			
FREQUENCY RANGE		~ 848.31MHz Iz ~ 1908.75MHz			
CHANNEL FREQUENCIES UNDER TEST AND ITS CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	Refer to note as below				
MAX. AVERAGE SAR (1g)	850MHz	HEAD : 0.164 mW/g BODY(Body Worn) : 0.738 mW/g BODY(Hotspot) : 0.738 mW/g			
WAA. AVERAGE SAR (Tg)	1900MHz	HEAD : 0.552 mW/ BODY(Body Worn BODY(Hotspot) : 7) : 1.26 mW/g		
ANTENNA TYPE	Fixed interi	nal antenna			
MAX. ANTENNA GAIN	850MHz: -1.5dBi 1900MHz: 2dBi				
DATA CABLE	Refer to Note as below				
I/O PORTS	Refer to user's manual				
ACCESSORY DEVICES	Refer to No	ote as below			

NOTE:

1. The EUT's accessories list refers to Ext Pho_NM8PI46110.pdf.

2. Main sample+ item 3, 6 were the worst case for the final test.



3. The EUT conducted power(dBm) listed as below:

		1x EV-DO		
СН	FREQ. (MHz)	Rev. A	Rev. 0	
		dBm	dBm	
1013	824.70	23.38	23.47	
384	836.52	23.11	23.23	
777	848.31	23.24	23.31	

	FREQ.	CDMA 850					
СН	(MHz)	RC	SO55	TDSO SO32 (FCH)	TDSO SO32 (FCH+SCH)		
1013	824.70	RC1	23.45	-	-		
1015		RC3	23.54	23.51	23.48		
384	836.52	RC1	23.22	-	-		
504		RC3	23.27	23.21	23.18		
777	848.31	RC1	23.42	-	-		
		RC3	23.44	23.41	23.37		

СН	EDEO	1x E	EV-DO
	FREQ. (MHz)	Rev. A	Rev. 0
		dBm	dBm
25	1851.25	23.16	23.14
600	1880.00	23.56	23.37
1175	1908.75	23.55	23.35

	FREQ.	CDMA 1900					
СН	(MHz)	RC	SO55	TDSO SO32 (FCH)	TDSO SO32 (FCH+SCH)		
25 1	1851.25	RC1	23.12	-	-		
25	1051.25	RC3	23.22	23.18	23.17		
600	1880.00	RC1	23.83	-	-		
000		RC3	23.83	23.80	23.83		
1175	1000 75	RC1	23.22	-	-		
1175	1908.75	RC3	23.43	23.40	23.41		

4. MEID: A1000007******.

5. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

6. The capabilities of EUT are shown as below.

Air Interface	Band	Туре	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmissions	Reduced Power	VOIP
CDMA	850	Voice	Yes	WLAN+BT	N/A	N/A
1xRTT	1900	Voice	Yes	WLAN+BT	N/A	N/A
CDMA	850	Data	N/A	WLAN+BT	N/A	Yes
1xEVDO	1900	Data	N/A	WLAN+BT	N/A	Yes
WLAN	2450	Data	N/A	CDMA+BT	N/A	Yes
BT	2450	Data	N/A	CDMA+WLAN	N/A	N/A



2.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, this product must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01- 01) RSS-102 Issue 4 (2010-03) IEEE 1528-2003

All test items have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.



2.3 GENERAL INOFRMATION OF THE SAR SYSTEM

DASY5 (**Software DASY52, Version 52.6**) consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY5 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

EX3DV4 ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE

CONSTRUCTION	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
FREQUENCY	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
DIRECTIVITY	\pm 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)
DIRECHVITI	\pm 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
DYNAMIC RANGE	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g
DINAMIC RANGE	Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
DIMENSIONS	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)
DIMENSIONS	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)
APPLICATION	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

NOTE

- 1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference "APPENDIX D" for the Calibration Certification Report.
- 2. For frequencies above 800MHz, calibration in a rectangular wave-guide is used, because wave-guide size is manageable.
- 3. For frequencies below 800MHz, temperature transfer calibration is used because the wave-guide size becomes relatively large.



TWIN SAM V4.0

CONSTRUCTION The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

SHELL THICKNESS 2 ± 0.2 mm

FILLING VOLUME Approx. 25 liters

DIMENSIONS Height: 810 mm; Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm

SYSTEM VALIDATION KITS:

CONSTRUCTION	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor
CALIBRATION	Calibrated SAR value for specified position and input power at the flat phantom in brain simulating solutions
FREQUENCY	835, 1900
RETURN LOSS	> 20 dB at specified validation position
POWER CAPABILITY	> 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)
OPTIONS	Dipoles for other frequencies or solutions and other calibration conditions upon request



DEVICE HOLDER FOR SAM TWIN PHANTOM

CONSTRUCTION The device holder for the GSM900/DCS1800/PCS1900 GSM/GPRS/CDMA Mobile Phone device is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered. The device holder for the portable device makes up of the polyethylene foam. The dielectric parameters of material close to the dielectric parameters of the air.

DATA ACQUISITION ELECTRONICS

CONSTRUCTION The data acquisition electronics (DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplex, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe is mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



2.4 TEST EQUIPMENT

FOR SAR MEASURENENT

ITEM	NAME	BRAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	DATE OF CALIBRATION	DUE DATE OF CALIBRATION
1	SAM Phantom	S & P	QD000 P40 CA	TP-1485	NA	NA
2	Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257C	MY43320668	Dec. 27, 2010	Dec. 26, 2011
3	E-Field Probe	S & P	EX3DV4	3650	Jan. 24, 2011	Jan. 23, 2012
4	E-Field Probe	S & P	EX3DV4	3632	Jan. 19, 2011	Jan. 18, 2012
5	DAE	S & P	DAE 3	510	Oct. 04, 2010	Oct. 03, 2011
6	Robot Positioner	Staubli Unimation	NA	NA	NA	NA
7	Validation Dipole	dation Dipole S & P	D835V2	4d021	Mar. 23, 2011	Mar. 22, 2012
1		0.01	D1900V2	5d022	Jan. 26, 2011	Jan. 25, 2012

NOTE: Before starting the measurement, all test equipment shall be warmed up for 30min.

FOR TISSUE PROPERTY

п	ГЕМ	NAME	BRAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	DATE OF CALIBRATION	DUE DATE OF CALIBRATION
	1	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E8358A	US41480538	Dec. 30, 2010	Dec. 29, 2011
	2	Dielectric Probe	Agilent	85070D	US01440176	NA	NA

NOTE:

- 1. Before starting, all test equipment shall be warmed up for 30min.
- 2. The tolerance (k=1) specified by Agilent for general dielectric measurements, deriving from inaccuracies in the calibration data, analyzer drift, and random errors, are usually ±2.5% and ±5% for measured permittivity and conductivity, respectively. However, the tolerances for the conductivity is smaller for material with large loss tangents, i.e., less than ±2.5% (k=1). It can be substantially smaller if more accurate methods are applied.



2.5 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The DASY5 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the micro-volt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device parameters:	- Frequency	F
	- Crest factor	Cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \bullet \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Vi	=compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
Ui	=input signal of channel I	(i = x, y, z)
Cf	=crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
dcpi	=diode compression point	(DASY parameter)



From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-fieldprobes:
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_1}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-fieldprobes:
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

Vi	=compensated signal of channel I	(i = x, y, z)
Norm	=sensor sensitivity of channel i uV/(V/m)2	for(i = x v z)

- Norm_i =sensor sensitivity of channel i $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for (I = x, y, z) E-field Probes
- ConvF= sensitivity enhancement in solution a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probesF= carrier frequency [GHz] E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
- H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3



Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid. The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- 1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- 2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- 3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- 4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- 5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- 6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within -2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.



The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7 x 7 x 7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30 x 30 x 30mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (42875 points). In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is the moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

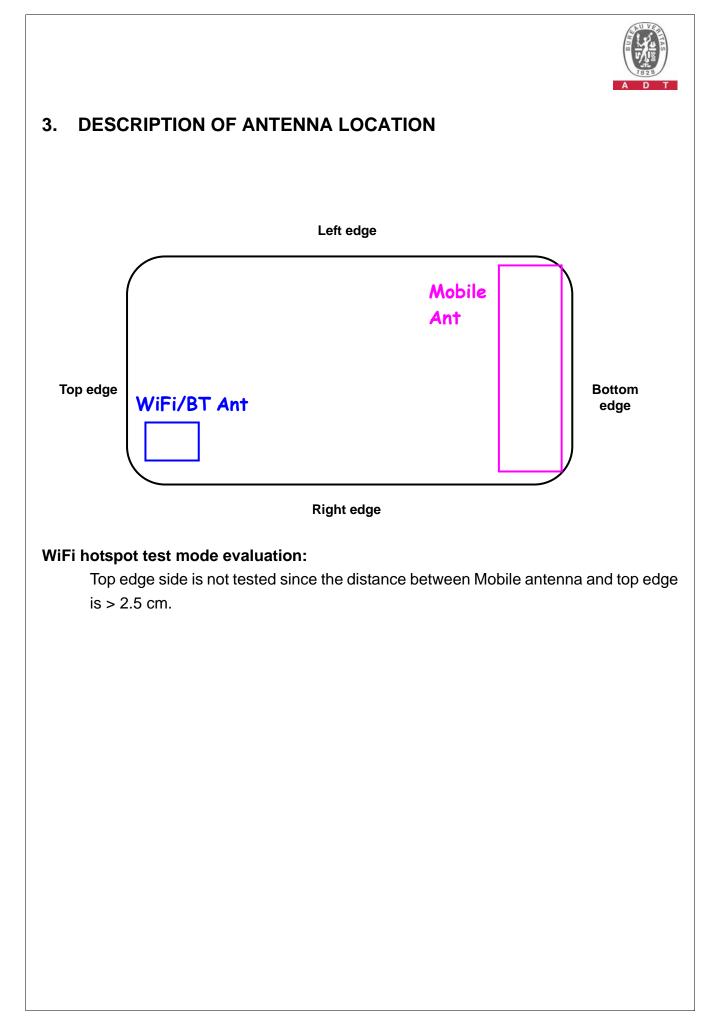
2.6 DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

NO.	PRODUCT	BRAND	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.
1	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	101372

NO.	SIGNAL CABLE DESCRIPTION OF THE ABOVE SUPPORT UNITS
1	ΝΑ

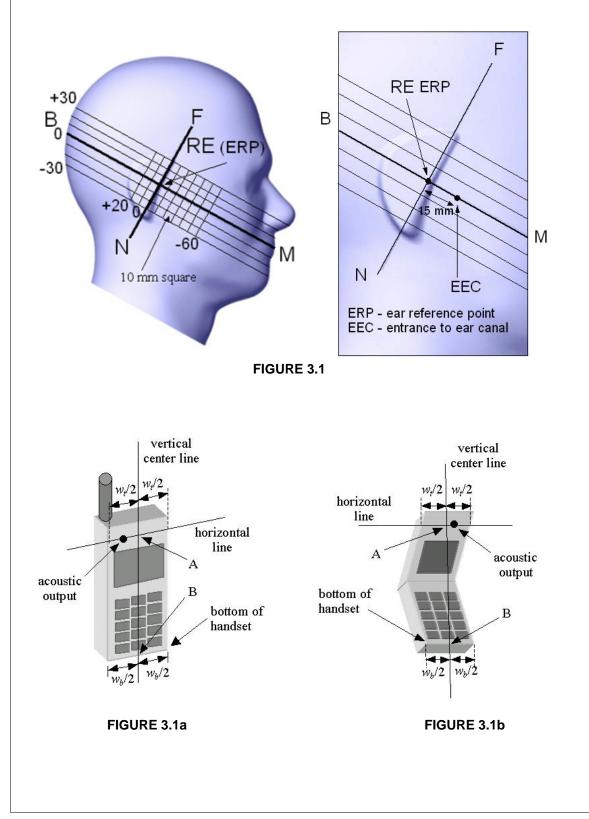
NOTE: All power cords of the above support units are non shielded (1.8m).





4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

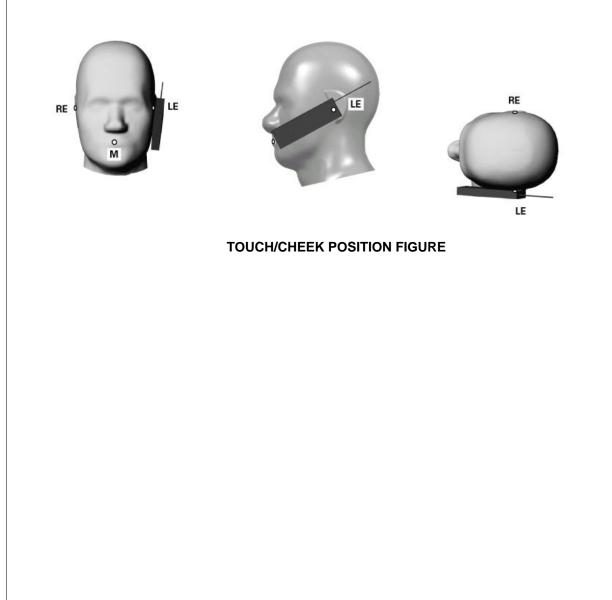
4.1 DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION





4.1.1 TOUCH/CHEEK TEST POSITION

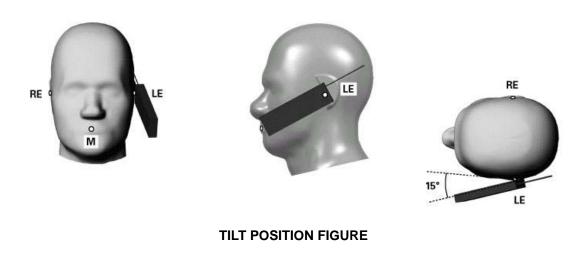
The head position in Figure 3.1, the ear reference points ERP are 15mm above entrance to ear canal along the B-M line. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the B-M (Back Mouth) line. The handset device in Figure 3.1a and 3.1b, The vertical centerline pass through two points on the front side of handset: the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A) and the midpoint of the width Wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The vertical centerline is perpendicular to the horizontal line and pass through the center of the acoustic output. The point A touches the ERP and the vertical centerline of the handset is parallel to the B-M line. While maintaining the point A contact with the ear(ERP), rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on handset is in contact with the cheek of the phantom





4.1.2 TILT TEST POSITION

Adjust the device in the cheek position. While maintaining a point of the handset contact in the ear, move the bottom of the handset away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees.



4.1.3 BODY-WORN CONFIGURATION

The handset device attached the belt clip or the holster. The keypad face of the handset is against with the bottom of the flat phantom face and the bottom of the keypad face contact to the bottom of the flat phantom.

When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.



5. RECIPES FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom, the phantom must be filled with 25 litters of tissue simulation liquid.

The following ingredients are used :

• WATER-	Deionized water (pr	ure H20), resistivity	16 M - as basis for the liquid
	Delonized water (p	$arc rizo), reducing _$	

- SUGAR- Refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops to reduce relative permittivity
- SALT- Pure NaCl to increase conductivity
- CELLULOSE- Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125 mPa.s, 2% in water, 20_C),

CAS # 54290 - to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution

- **PRESERVATIVE-** Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS # 55965-84-9 to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds
- DGMBE- Diethylenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS # 112-34-5 - to reduce relative permittivity

THE RECIPES FOR 835MHz SIMULATING LIQUID TABLE

INGREDIENT	HEAD SIMULATING LIQUID 835MHz (HSL-835)	MUSCLE SIMULATING LIQUID 835MHz (MSL-835)
Water	40.28%	50.07%
Cellulose	02.41%	NA
Salt	01.38%	0.94%
Preventtol D-7	00.18%	0.09%
Sugar	57.97%	48.2%
Dielectric Parameters at 22℃	f = 835MHz ε= 41.5 ± 5% σ= 0.9 ± 5% S/m	f= 835MHz ε= 55.2 ± 5% σ= 0.97 ± 5% S/m



INGREDIENT	HEAD SIMULATING LIQUID 1900MHz (HSL-1900)	MUSCLE SIMULATING LIQUID 1900MHz (MSL-1900)
Water	55.24%	70.16%
DGMBE	44.45%	29.44%
Salt	0.306%	00.39%
Dielectric Parameters at 22℃	f= 1900MHz ε= 40.0 ± 5% σ= 1.40 ± 5% S/m	f= 1900MHz ε= 53.3 ± 5% σ= 1.52 ± 5% S/m

THE RECIPES FOR 1900MHz SIMULATING LIQUID TABLE

Testing the liquids using the Agilent Network Analyzer E8358A and Agilent Dielectric Probe Kit 85070D.The testing procedure is following as

- 1. Turn Network Analyzer on and allow at least 30 min. warm up.
- 2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to Network Analyzer will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
- 3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature (±1°).
- 4. Set water temperature in Agilent-Software (Calibration Setup).
- 5. Perform calibration.
- 6. Validate calibration with dielectric material of known properties (e.g. polished ceramic slab with >8mm thickness ϵ '=10.0, ϵ "=0.0). If measured parameters do not fit within tolerance, repeat calibration (±0.2 for ϵ ': ±0.1 for ϵ ").
- 7. Conductivity can be calculated from ε " by $\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_0 \varepsilon$ " = ε " f [GHz] / 18.
- 8. Measure liquid shortly after calibration. Repeat calibration every hour.
- 9. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample (~50ml) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
- 10. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
- 11. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
- 12. Perform measurements.
- 13. Adjust medium parameters in DASY5 for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Brain 900 MHz) and press 'Option'-button.

Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 900 MHz).



FOR SIMULATING LIQUID

	YPE	HSL-835			
SIMULAT TEMP.	ING LIQUID	21.4			
TEST DA	ſE		Jul. 30, 2011		
TESTED	BY	Morrison Huang			
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	STANDARD VALUE MEASUREMENT VALUE ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)		
835.0	Permittivity	41.50	42.94	3.47	
836.52	(<i>ε</i>)	41.50 42.86 3.28			
835.0	Conductivity	0.90	0.91	1.11	
836.52	(σ) S/m	0.90	0.92	2.22	

LIQUID T	YPE	MSL-835		
SIMULAT TEMP.	ING LIQUID	21.3		
TEST DA	TE		Jul. 30, 2011	
TESTED	ВҮ	Morrison Huang		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	STANDARD VALUE MEASUREMENT VALUE ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)	
835.0	Permittivity	55.20	56.98	3.22
836.52	(ε)	55.20 56.91 3.10		3.10
835.0	Conductivity	0.97	0.99	2.06
836.52	(σ) S/m	0.97	0.99	2.06



	YPE	HSL-1900		
SIMULAT TEMP.	ING LIQUID	21.4		
TEST DA	ΓE		Jul. 31, 2011	
TESTED	BY	Morrison Huang		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	STANDARD VALUE MEASUREMENT VALUE ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)	
1880.0	Permittivity	40.00	41.45	3.63
1900.0	(<i>ε</i>)	40.00 41.39 3.48		
1880.0	Conductivity	1.40	1.42	1.43
1900.0	(σ) S/m	1.40	1.43	2.14

	YPE		MSL-1900		
SIMULAT TEMP.	ING LIQUID	21.5			
TEST DA	TE		Jul. 31, 2011		
TESTED	ВҮ		Morrison Huang		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	STANDARD VALUE MEASUREMENT ERROR VALUE PERCENTAGE (%)		
1851.25		53.30	54.83	2.87	
1880	Permittivity	53.30	54.66	2.55	
1900	(ε)	53.30	54.61	2.46	
1908.75		53.30	54.46	2.18	
1851.25		1.52	1.50	-1.32	
1880	Conductivity (σ) S/m	1.52	1.53	0.66	
1900		1.52	1.54	1.32	
1908.75		1.52	1.56	2.63	



6. SYSTEM VALIDATION

The system validation was performed in the flat phantom with equipment listed in the following table. Since the SAR value is calculated from the measured electric field, dielectric constant and conductivity of the body tissue and the SAR is proportional to the square of the electric field. So, the SAR value will be also proportional to the RF power input to the system validation dipole under the same test environment. In our system validation test, 250mW RF input power was used.

6.1 TEST PROCEDURE

Before you start the system performance check, need only to tell the system with which components (probe, medium, and device) are performing the system performance check; the system will take care of all parameters. The dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM Twin Phantom with the correct distance holder in place. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking (little cross) and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. Accurate positioning is not necessary, since the system will search for the peak SAR location, except that the dipole arms should be parallel to the surface. The device holder for the EUT can be left in place but should be rotated away from the dipole.

1. The "Power Reference Measurement" and "Power Drift Measurement" jobs are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the amplifier output power. If it is too high (above ± 0.1 dB), the system performance check should be repeated; some amplifiers have very high drift during warm-up. A stable amplifier gives drift results in the DASY system below ± 0.02 dB.

2.The "Surface Check" job tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). In that case it is better to abort the system performance check and stir the liquid.



3. The "Area Scan" job measures the SAR above the dipole on a plane parallel to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR. The proposed scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field, the peak detection is reliable. If a finer graphic is desired, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result.

4. The "Zoom Scan" job measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous "Area Scan" job (for more information see the application note on SAR evaluation).

About the validation dipole positioning uncertainty, the constant and low loss dielectric spacer is used to establish the correct distance between the top surface of the dipole and the bottom surface of the phantom, the error component introduced by the uncertainty of the distance between the liquid (i.e., phantom shell) and the validation dipole in the DASY5 system is less than ± 0.1 mm.

SAR_{tolerance}[%] =
$$100 \times (\frac{(a+d)^2}{a^2} - 1)$$

As the closest distance is 10mm, the resulting tolerance SAR_{tolerance}[%] is <2%.



6.2 VALIDATION RESULTS

SYSTEM VALIDATION TEST OF SIMULATING LIQUID							
FREQUENCY (MHz)	REQUIRED SAR (mW/g)	MEASURED SAR (mW/g)	DEVIATION (%)	SEPARATION DISTANCE	TESTED DATE		
HSL 835	2.40(1g)	2.47	2.92	15mm	Jul. 30, 2011		
MSL 835	2.56(1g)	2.39	-6.64	15mm	Jul. 30, 2011		
HSL 1900	10.4(1g)	9.97	-4.13	10mm	Jul. 31, 2011		
MSL 1900	10.4(1g)	10.9	4.81	10mm	Jul. 31, 2011		
TESTED BY	Morrison Huang						

NOTE: Please see Appendix for the photo of system validation test.



6.3 SYSTEM VALIDATION UNCERTAINTIES

In the table below, the system validation uncertainty with respect to the analytically assessed SAR value of a dipole source as given in the IEEE 1528 standard is given. This uncertainty is smaller than the expected uncertainty for mobile phone measurements due to the simplified setup and the symmetric field distribution.

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(0	(C _i)		dard rtainty %)	(v _i)
				(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	
	Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	5.50	Normal	1	1	1	5.50	5.50	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.25	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	0.10	0.10	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	1.30	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	0.53	0.53	8
Boundary effects	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	0.30	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.17	0.17	∞
System Detection Limits	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	1	0.30	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	8
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.50	1.50	8
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	9
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	9
Probe Positioner	0.40	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	8
Probe Positioning	2.90	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.67	1.67	8
Max. SAR Eval.	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
		Test sample	related					
Sample positioning	1.90	Normal	1	1	1	1.90	1.90	4
Device holder uncertainty	2.80	Normal	1	1	1	2.80	2.80	4
Output power variation-SAR drift measurement	4.50	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.60	2.60	1
		Dipole Re	elated					
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	1.60	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.92	0.92	4
Input Power Drift	2.09	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.21	1.21	1
	l	Phantom and Tiss	ue parame	ters	-		-	_
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	3.63	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	2.32	1.56	9
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41	8
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	2.63	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	1.58	1.29	9
	Combined S	Standard Uncertair	nty			9.12	8.74	
Coverage Factor for 95%							Kp=2	
	Expanded	Uncertainty (K=2))			18.23	17.49	



7. TEST RESULTS

7.1 TEST PROCEDURES

The EUT (Smartphone) makes a phone call to the communication simulator station. Establish the simulation communication configuration rather the actual communication. Then the EUT could continuous the transmission mode. Adjust the PCL of the base station could controlled the EUT to transmitted the maximum output power. The base station also could control the transmission channel. The SAR value was calculated via the 3D spline interpolation algorithm that has been implemented in the software of DASY5 SAR measurement system manufactured and calibrated by SPEAG. According to the IEEE 1528 / EN 50361, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- · Verification of the power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power reference measurement



In the zoom scan, the distance between the measurement point at the probe sensor location (geometric center behind the probe tip) and the phantom surface is 2.0 mm and maintained at a constant distance of ± 1.0 mm during a zoom scan to determine peak SAR locations. The distance is 2mm between the first measurement point and the bottom surface of the phantom.

The measurement time is 0.5 s at each point of the zoom scan. The probe boundary effect compensation shall be applied during the SAR test. Because of the tip of the probe to the Phantom surface separated distances are longer than half a tip probe diameter.

In the area scan, the separation distance is 2mm between the each measurement point and the phantom surface. The scan size shall be included the transmission portion of the EUT. The measurement time is the same as the zoom scan. At last the reference power drift shall be less than \pm 5%.

Mode	TEST DATE	TEMPERA	ATURE(°C)	HUMIDITY(%RH)	TESTED BY	
Wode	ILSI DAIL	AIMBENT	LIQUID		TEGTED BT	
HSL 835	Jul. 30, 2011	22.5	21.4	60	Morrison Huang	
MSL 835	Jul. 30, 2011	22.1	21.3	61	Morrison Huang	
HSL 1900	Jul. 31, 2011	22.7	21.4	60	Morrison Huang	
MSL 1900	Jul. 31, 2011	22.6	21.5	60	Morrison Huang	

7.2 DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONDITION



7.3 MEASURED SAR RESULTS

Head SAR						
DOOLTION	RIGHT		LEFT			
POSITION	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT		
	CDMA 850 RC3 SO55					
CH384: 836.52MHz	0.164	0.101	0.115	0.091		
CDMA 1900 RC3 SO55						
CH600: 1880.00MHz	0.552	0.312	0.526	0.418		

Body SAR for Body Worn Mode						
EUT to phantom		Body 10mm				
Position	Front	Back	-	-	-	
	CDMA 850 RC3 SO32					
CH384: 836.52MHz	0.279	0.738	-	-	-	
	CDMA 1900 RC3 SO32					
CH25: 1851.25MHz	1.15	1.23	-	-	-	
CH600: 1880.00MHz	0.903	1.15	-	-	_	
CH1175: 1908.75MHz	1.10	1.26	-	-	-	

Body SAR for Hotspot Mode							
EUT to phantom		Body 10mm					
Position	Front	Back	Right	Left	Bottom		
	CDMA 850 RC3 SO32						
CH384: 836.52MHz	0.279	0.738	0.275	0.113	0.124		
	CDMA 1900 RC3 SO32						
CH25: 1851.25MHz	1.15	1.23	-	-	-		
CH600: 1880.00MHz	0.903	1.15	0.048	0.185	0.175		
CH1175: 1908.75MHz	1.10	1.26	-	-	-		

NOTE:

1. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g**, **1.6W/kg**, is applied.

2. Please see the Appendix A for the data.

3. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

4. Temperature of Liquid is 22±1°C



	CDMA 850	CDMA 1900	802.11b/g	Max. SAR Summation
Right Cheek	0.164	0.552	0.235	0.787
Right Tilted	0.101	0.312	0.193	0.505
Left Cheek	0.115	0.526	0.455	0.981
Left Tilted	0.091	0.418	0.242	0.66
Front	0.279	1.15	0.107	1.257
Back	0.738	1.26	0.117	1.377
Right	0.275	0.048	0.114	0.389
Left	0.113	0.185	N/A	0.185
Тор	N/A	N/A	0.114	0.114
Bottom	0.124	0.175	N/A	0.175

7.4 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION EVALUATION

Summary:

According to KDB 648474, the simultaneous transmission SAR for WWAN and WLAN was not required, because the SAR summation is less than 1.6 mW/g. The simultaneous transmission SAR for WWAN and BT was not required, because the closest separation distance of these antennas is larger than 5 cm and the output power of Bluetooth is less than $2P_{Ref}$ (13.8 dBm).

7.5 SAR LIMITS

	SAR (W/kg)			
HUMAN EXPOSURE	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over 1 g)	1.6	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

NOTE: This limits accord to 47 CFR 2.1093 – Safety Limit.



8. INFORMATION ON THE TESTING LABORATORIES

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

Copies of accreditation certificates of our laboratories obtained from approval agencies can be downloaded from our web site: <u>www.adt.com.tw/index.5.phtml</u>. If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Linko EMC/RF Lab: Tel: 886-2-26052180 Fax: 886-2-26051924 Hsin Chu EMC/RF Lab: Tel: 886-3-5935343 Fax: 886-3-5935342

Hwa Ya EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab: Tel: 886-3-3183232

Fax: 886-3-3185050

Email: <u>service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com</u> Web Site: <u>www.adt.com.tw</u>

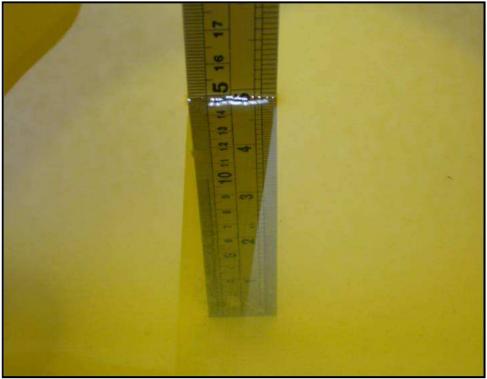
The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.



Product Name: Smart Phone ; Type: Pl46110

Liquid Level Photo

Tissue 835MHz D=150mm



Tissue 1900MHz D=150mm





香港商立德國際商品試驗有限公司桃園分公司

Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/30 02:17:27

M01-Right Head-Cheek-CDM A850-Ch384

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ϵ_r = 42.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: OQPSK DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 2011/1/24
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Right-Hand-Side HSL/Touch Position - Mid/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.185 mW/g

Right-Hand-Side HSL/Touch Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.935 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.213 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.164 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.118 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.191 mW/g

Right-Hand-Side HSL/Touch Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement

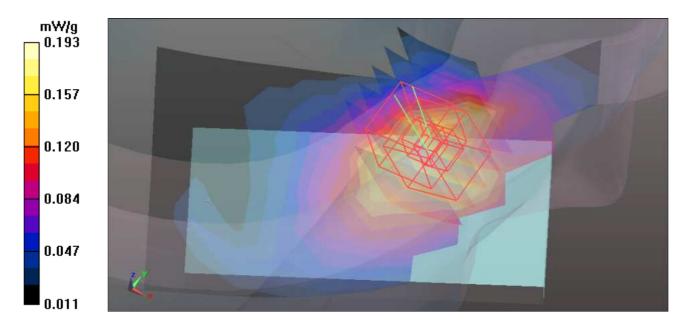
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.935 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.212 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.154 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.193 mW/g





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Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/30 02:44:41

M02-Right Head-Tilt-CDM A850-Ch384

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ϵ_r = 42.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: OQPSK DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 2011/1/24
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Right-Hand-Side HSL/Tilt Position - Mid/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.137 mW/g

Right-Hand-Side HSL/Tilt Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurementgrid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.206 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.215 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.095 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.161 mW/g

Right-Hand-Side HSL/Tilt Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

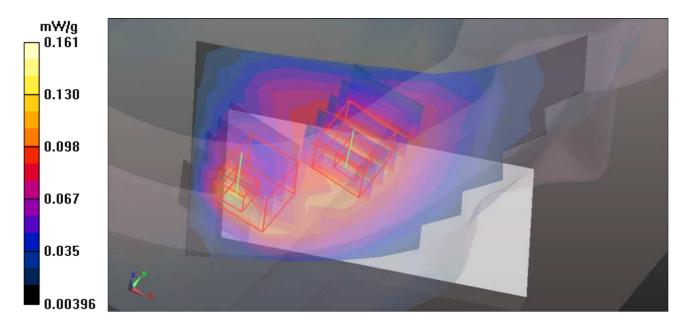
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.206 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.125 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.101 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.114 mW/g





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Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/30 03:27:13

M03-Left Head-Cheek-CDM A850-Ch384

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ϵ_r = 42.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: OQPSK DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 2011/1/24
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Touch Position - Mid/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.132 mW/g

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Touch Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.621 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.170 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.115 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.140 mW/g

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Touch Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement

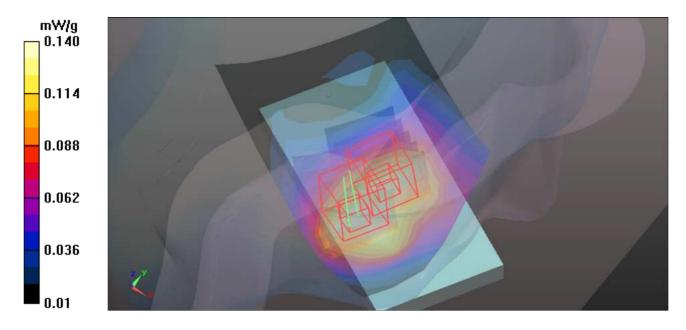
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.621 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.156 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.115 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.136 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/30 03:58:16

M04-Left Head-Tilt-CDM A850-Ch384

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ϵ_r = 42.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: OQPSK DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 2011/1/24
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Tilt Position - Mid/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.102 mW/g

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Tilt Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.850 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.199 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.089 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.150 mW/g

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Tilt Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

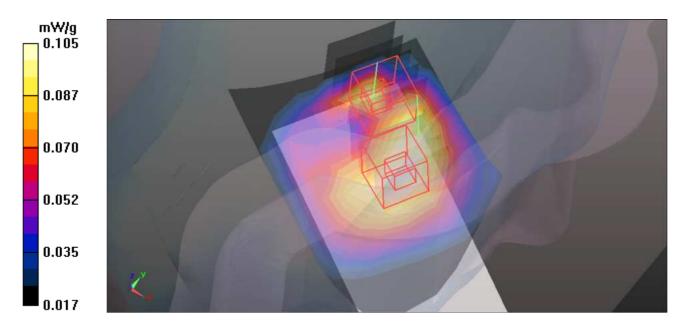
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.850 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.121 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.091 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.105 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/30 11:27:41

M05-Front-CDM A850-Ch384

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 836.52 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OQPSK Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ϵ_r = 56.91; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The front face side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

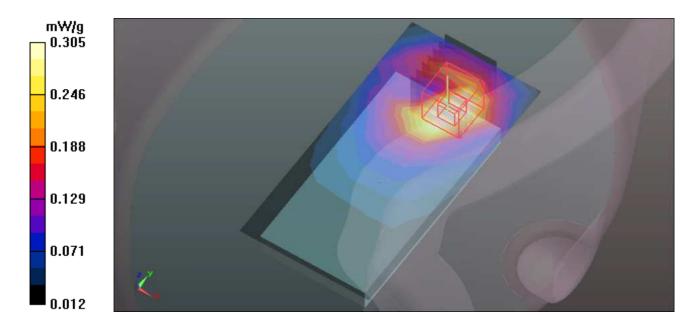
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.12, 9.12, 9.12); Calibrated: 2011/1/24
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.378 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.100 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0082 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.533 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.279 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.305 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/30 13:35:41

M06-Back-CDM A850-Ch384

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: OQPSK Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ϵ_r = 56.91; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The back face side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.12, 9.12, 9.12); Calibrated: 2011/1/24
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.964 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.993 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.225 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.683 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.427 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.933 mW/g

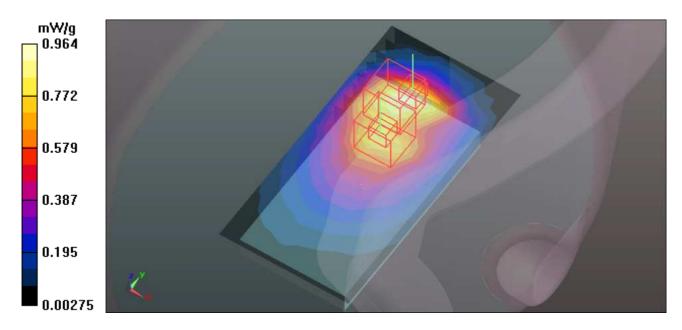
Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.993 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.154 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.738 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.496 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.919 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/30 13:52:20

M07-Right-CDM A850-Ch384

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: OQPSK Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ϵ_r = 56.91; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The right edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DAS Y5 Configuration:

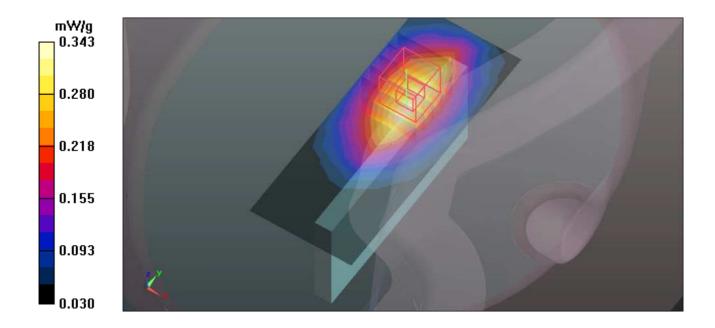
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.12, 9.12, 9.12); Calibrated: 2011/1/24
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.332 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.343 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0075 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.402 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.275 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.343 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/30 14:10:33

M08-Left-CDM A850-Ch384

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: OQPSK Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ϵ_r = 56.91; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The left edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

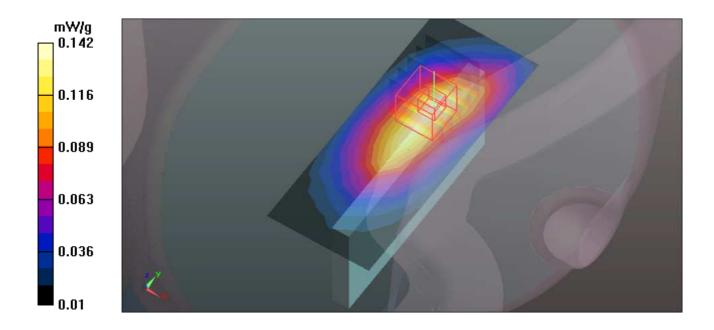
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.12, 9.12, 9.12); Calibrated: 2011/1/24
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.137 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.782 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.166 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.113 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.077 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.142 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/30 14:53:08

M09-Bottom-CDM A850-Ch384

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 836.52 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OQPSK Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ϵ_r = 56.91; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The bottom edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DAS Y5 Configuration:

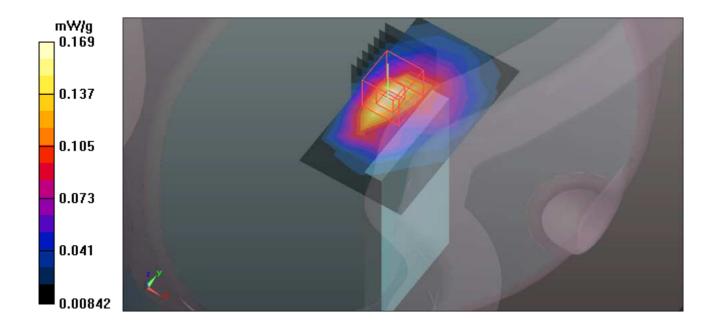
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.12, 9.12, 9.12); Calibrated: 2011/1/24
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Area Scan (5x8x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.169 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.560 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.235 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.124 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.136 mW/g





Date/Time: 2011/7/31 10:42:22

M10-Right Head-Cheek-CDM A1900-Ch600

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ϵ_r = 41.45; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: OQPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

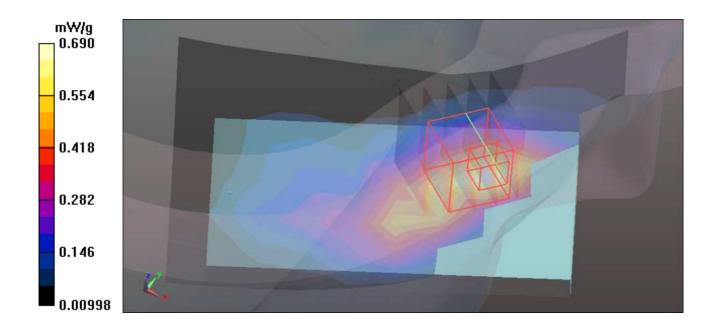
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Right-Hand-Side HSL/Touch Position - Mid/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.677 mW/g

Right-Hand-Side HSL/Touch Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.198 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.803 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.552 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.344 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.690 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/31 11:09:31

M11-Right Head-Tilt-CDM A1900-Ch600

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ϵ_r = 41.45; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: OQPSK DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Right-Hand-Side HSL/Tilt Position - Mid/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.295 mW/g

Right-Hand-Side HSL/Tilt Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurementgrid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.041 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.547 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.312 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.172 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.448 mW/g

Right-Hand-Side HSL/Tilt Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

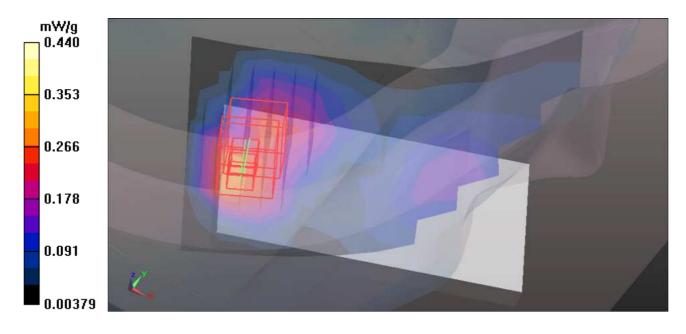
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.041 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.536 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.287 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.158 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.440 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/31 11:40:27

M12-Left Head-Cheek-CDM A1900-Ch600

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ϵ_r = 41.45; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: OQPSK DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Touch Position - Mid/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.669 mW/g

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Touch Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.991 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.860 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.526 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.322 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.690 mW/g

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Touch Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement

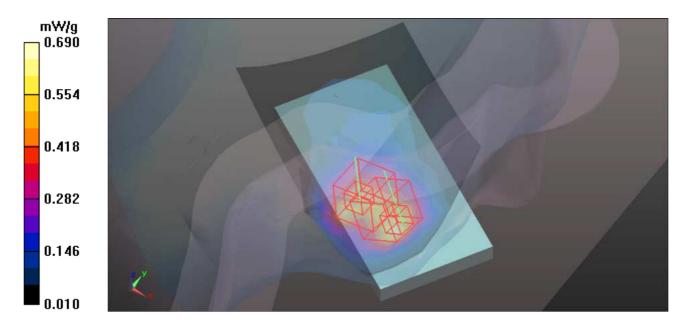
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.991 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.688 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.452 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.310 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.557 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/31 12:08:44

M13-Left Head-Tilt-CDM A1900-Ch600

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ϵ_r = 41.45; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: OQPSK DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Tilt Position - Mid/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.486 mW/g

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Tilt Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.951 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.669 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.418 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.246 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.541 mW/g

Left-Hand-Side HSL/Tilt Position - Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

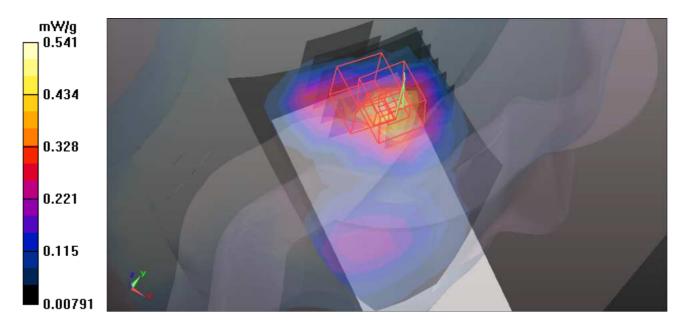
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.951 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.626 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.375 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.520 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/31 12:45:31

M14-Front-CDM A1900-Ch25

Communication System: CDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OQPSK

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used : f = 1851.25 MHz; σ = 1.5 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.83; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The front face side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

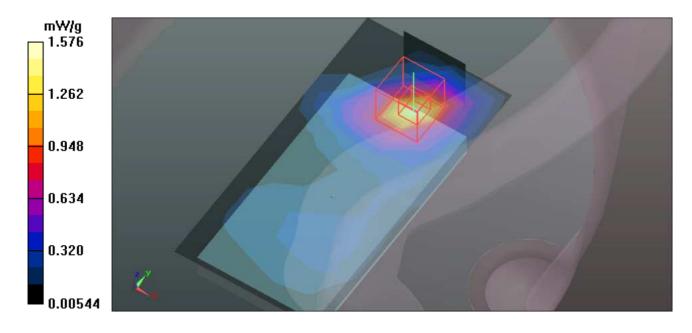
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Low/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.576 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Referenœ Value = 8.651 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.961 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.15 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.638 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.547 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/31 14:00:42

M14-Front-CDM A1900-Ch600

Communication System: CDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OQPSK

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.53 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.66; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The front face side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

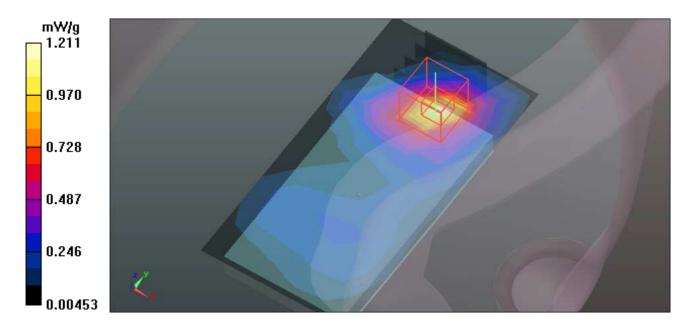
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DAS Y52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.211 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.758 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.502 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.903 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.509 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.195 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/31 14:55:02

M14-Front-CDM A1900-Ch1175

Communication System: CDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OQPSK

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used : f = 1908.75 MHz; σ = 1.56 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.46; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The front face side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

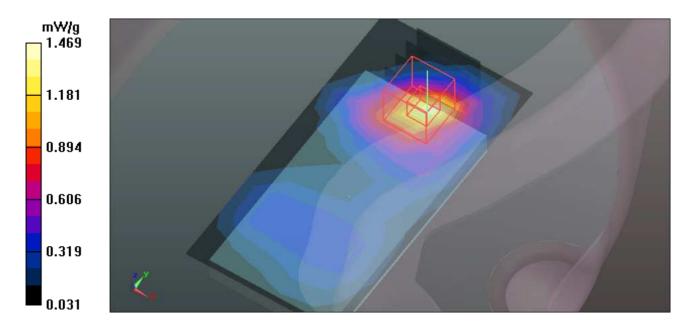
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DAS Y52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm High/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.457 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.951 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.778 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 1.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.637 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.469 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/31 15:23:50

M15-Back-CDM A1900-Ch25

Communication System: CDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OQPSK

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used : f = 1851.25 MHz; σ = 1.5 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.83; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The back face side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

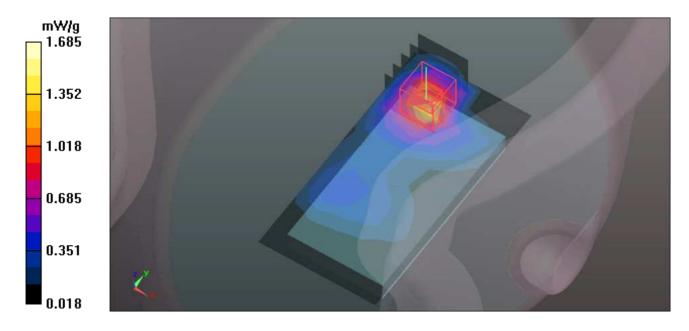
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Low /Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.280 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Low /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.819 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.074 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.23 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.667 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.685 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/31 15:56:12

M15-Back-CDM A1900-Ch600

Communication System: CDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OQPSK

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.53 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.66; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The back face side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

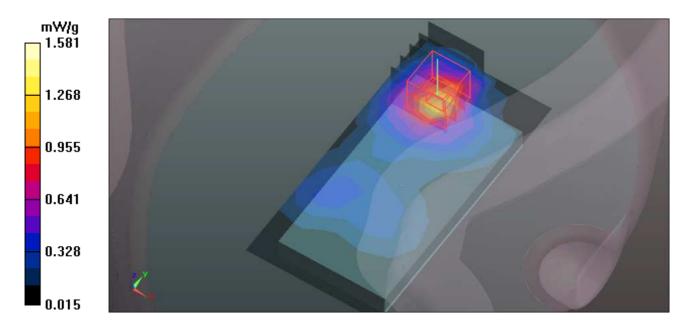
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid /Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.304 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 10.761 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.918 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.15 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.633 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.581 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/31 16:11:05

M15-Back-CDM A1900-Ch1175

Communication System: CDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OQPSK

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used : f = 1908.75 MHz; σ = 1.56 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.46; ρ = 1000 kg/m 3

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The back face side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

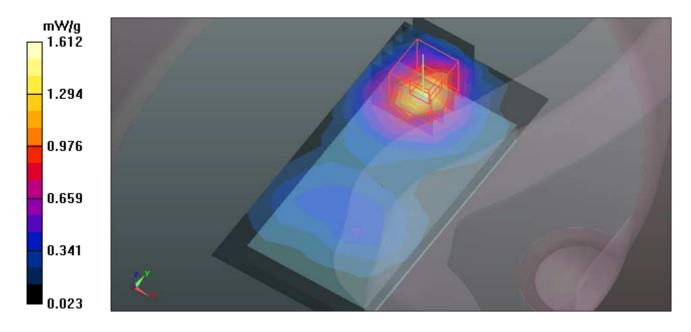
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm High /Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.530 mW/g

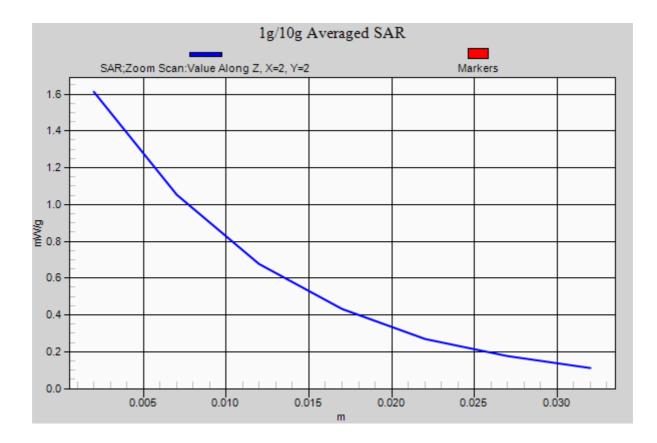
Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm High /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.692 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0085 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.066 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.696 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.612 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/31 16:49:07

M16-Right-CDM A1900-Ch600

Communication System: CDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OQPSK

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.53 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.66; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The right edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

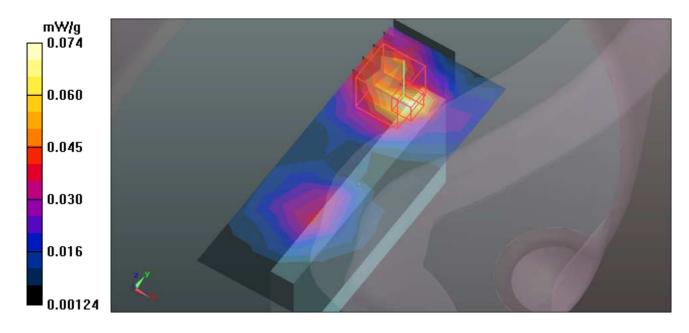
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DAS Y52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.074 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.703 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.091 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.048 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.026 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.067 mW/g





Date/Time: 2011/7/31 17:11:29

M17-Left-CDM A1900-Ch600

Communication System: CDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OQPSK Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.53 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.66; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The left edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.232 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.040 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.293 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.185 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.244 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid:

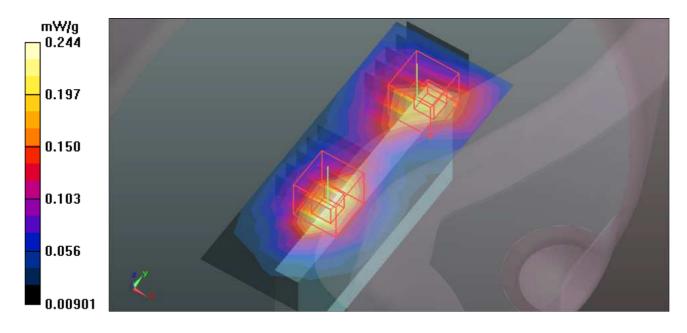
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.040 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.253 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.149 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 mW/g





Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

Date/Time: 2011/7/31 17:49:32

M18-Bottom-CDM A1900-Ch600

Communication System: CDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OQPSK

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.53 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.66; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The bottom edge side of the EUT to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

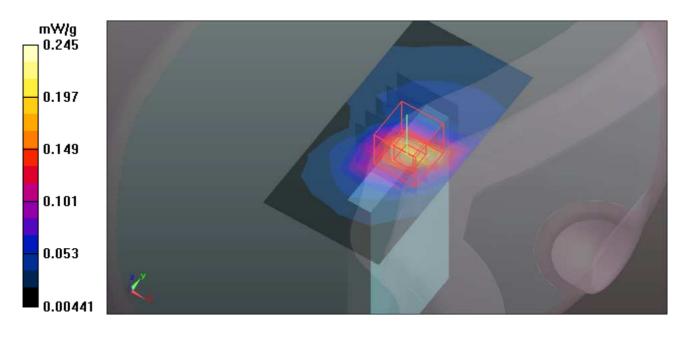
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.208 mW/g

Flat-Section MSL/Flat Section 10mm Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Referenœ Value = 10.516 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.307 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.175 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.245 mW/g





Date/Time: 2011/7/30 01:20:10

SystemPerformanceCheck-D835V2-HSL835MHz

DÚT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2 ; Type: D835V2 ; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d021 ; Test Frequency: 835 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW Medium: HSL850;Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.91 mho/m; ϵ_r = 42.94; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 15 mm (The feet point of the dipole to the Phantom)Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.4 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

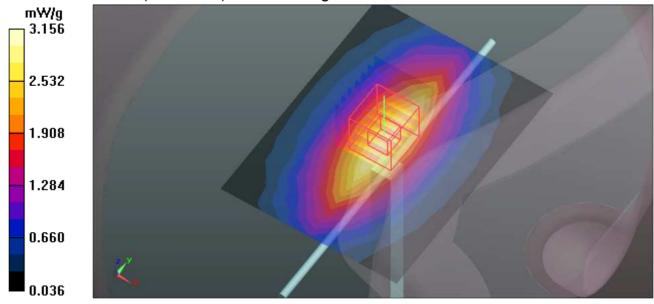
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 2011/1/24
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW,

dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.156 mW/g

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm Reference Value = 59.318 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.710 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.47 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.663 mW/g





Date/Time: 2011/7/30 09:46:06

SystemPerformanceCheck-D835V2-MSL835MHz

DÚT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2 ; Type: D835V2 ; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d021 ; Test Frequency: 835 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW Medium: MSL850;Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ϵ_r = 56.98; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 15 mm (The feet point of the dipole to the Phantom)Air temp. : 22.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

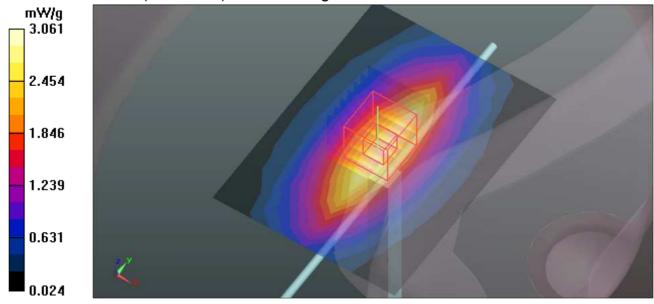
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3650; ConvF(9.12, 9.12, 9.12); Calibrated: 2011/1/24
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW,

dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.061 mW/g

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm Referenœ Value = 55.046 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0096 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.576 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.39 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.588 mW/g





Date/Time: 2011/7/31 09:50:35

SystemPerformanceCheck-D1900V2-HSL1900MHz

DÚT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2 ; Type: D1900V2 ; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d022 ; Test Frequency: 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW Medium: HSL1900;Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; ϵ_r = 41.39; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feet point of the dipole to the Phantom)Air temp. : 22.7 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.4 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

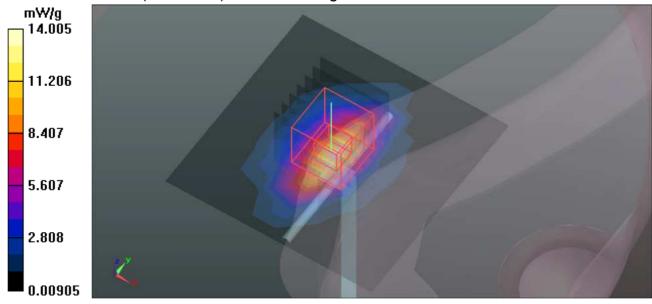
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW,

dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.005 mW/g

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm Reference Value = 96.534 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.368 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.97 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.311 mW/g





Date/Time: 2011/7/31 10:25:52

SystemPerformanceCheck-D1900V2-MSL1900MHz

DÚT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2 ; Type: D1900V2 ; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d022 ; Test Frequency: 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW Medium: MSL1900;Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.54 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.61; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feet point of the dipole to the Phantom)Air temp. : 22.6 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3632; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2011/1/19
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2010/10/4
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom V4.0; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

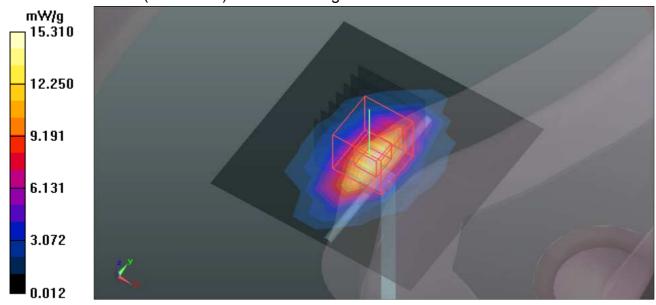
System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW,

dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.310 mW/g

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

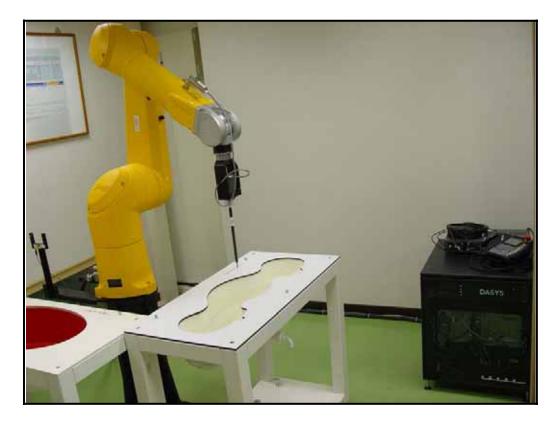
Reference Value = 100.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.018 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.66 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.351 mW/g





APPENDIX B: BV ADT SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM







APPENDIX C: PHOTOGRAPHS OF SYSTEM VALIDATION





APPENDIX D: SYSTEM CERTIFICATE & CALIBRATION

D1: PHANTOM

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone ±41 1 245 9700 Fax ±41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

ltem	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0						
Type No	QD 000 P40 C	QD 000 P40 C					
Series No	TP-1150 and higher						
Manufacturer	SPEAG						
	Zeughausstrasse 43						
	CH-8004 Zürich						
	Switzerland						

Tests

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles.

Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series items (called samples) or are tested at each item.

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Dimensions	Compliant with the geometry	IT'IS CAD File (*)	First article,
	according to the CAD model.		Samples
Material thickness	Compliant with the requirements	2mm +/- 0.2mm in flat	First article,
of shell	according to the standards	and specific areas of	Samples,
		head section	TP-1314 ff.
Material thickness	Compliant with the requirements	6mm +/- 0.2mm at ERP	First article,
at ERP	according to the standards		All items
Material	Dielectric parameters for required	300 MHz – 6 GHz:	Material
parameters	frequencies	Relative permittivity < 5,	samples
		Loss tangent < 0.05	
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be	DEGMBE based	Pre-series,
	compatible with the liquids defined in	simulating liquids	First article,
	the standards if handled and cleaned		Material
	according to the instructions.		samples
	Observe technical Note for material		
	compatibility.		
Sagging	Compliant with the requirements	< 1% typical < 0.8% if	Prototypes,
	according to the standards.	filled with 155mm of	Sample
	Sagging of the flat section when filled	HSL900 and without	testing
	with tissue simulating liquid.	DUT below	

Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361
- [2] IEEE Std 1528-2003
- [3] IEC 62209 Part I
- [4] FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01
- (*) The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of the other documents.

Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standards [1] to [4].

Date

07.07.2005

Signature / Stamp



D2: DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S

Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

B.V. ADT (Auden) Client

Certificate No: EX3-3650 Jan11

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

С

S

8RP

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object EX3DV4 - SN:3650 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v7, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4 and QA CAL-25.v3 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes Calibration date: January 24, 2011 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID # Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter E44198 GB41293874 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Power sensor E4412A MY41495277 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) Mar-11 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) Mar-11 Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) Mar-11 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013 Dec10) Dec-11 DAE4 SN: 660 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Apr-11 Secondary Standards 1D # Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check RF generator HP 8648C US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) In house check: Oct-11 Name Function ZCley F. Szachellf Calibrated by: Katia Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by: Fin Bomholt **R&D** Director Issued: January 25, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3650 Jan11

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





- Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S
 - Service suisse d'étalonnage
- С Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
	i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz; R22 waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z* = *NORMx,y,z* * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \le 800 \text{ MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3650

Manufactured: Last calibrated: Recalibrated: March 18, 2008 July 5, 2008 January 24, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3650

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.45	0.40	0.49	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	93.4	96.5	95.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	с	VR mV	Unc [≞] (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	Х	0.00	0.00	1.00	137.0	± 3.4 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	141.2	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	144.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX, Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3650

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvFX Co	nvFY Co	nvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
750	± 50 / ± 100	41.9 ± 5%	0.89 ± 5%	9.46	9.46	9.46	0.43	0.72 ± 11.0%
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	8.95	8.95	8.95	0.55	0.67 ± 11.0%
1450	± 50 / ± 100	40.5 ± 5%	1.20 ± 5%	8.86	8.86	8.86	0.78	0.64 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	8.17	8.17	8.17	0.75	0.60 ±11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.57	0.66 ±11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	7.10	7.10	7.10	0.36	0.88 ±11.0%
2600	± 50 / ± 100	39.0 ± 5%	1.96 ± 5%	6.93	6.93	6.93	0.38	0.88 ±11.0%
5200	± 50 / ± 100	36.0 ± 5%	4.66 ± 5%	4.69	4.69	4.69	0.40	1.80 ±13.1%
5300	± 50 / ± 100	$35.9 \pm 5\%$	4.76 ± 5%	4.33	4.33	4.33	0.45	1.80 ±13.1%
5500	± 50 / ± 100	35.6 ± 5%	4.96 ± 5%	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.45	1.80 ±13.1%
5600	± 50 / ± 100	35.5 ± 5%	5.07 ± 5%	3.96	3.96	3.96	0.60	1.80 ±13.1%
5800	± 50 / ± 100	35.3 ± 5%	5.27 ± 5%	4.27	4.27	4.27	0.45	1.80 ± 13.1%

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

5600

5800

± 50 / ± 100

± 50 / ± 100

48.5 ± 5%

48.2 ± 5%

1.90 ± 13.1%

1.90 ± 13.1%

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3650

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X C	onvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
750	± 50 / ± 100	55.5 ± 5%	0.96 ± 5%	9.25	9.25	9.25	0.53	0.71 ± 11.0%
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	9.12	9.12	9.12	0.36	0.88 ±11.0%
1450	± 50 / ± 100	54.0 ± 5%	1.30 ± 5%	7.97	7.97	7.97	0.71	0.63 ±11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	7.46	7.46	7.46	0.78	0.61 ±11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	7.52	7.52	7.52	0.79	0.59 ±11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	7.05	7.05	7.05	0.54	0.74 ± 11.0%
2600	± 50 / ± 100	52.5 ± 5%	2.16 ± 5%	6.92	6.92	6.92	0.45	0.80 ± 11.0%
5200	± 50 / ± 100	49.0 ± 5%	5.30 ± 5%	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.50	1.90 ± 13.1%
5300	± 50 / ± 100	48.9 ± 5%	5.42 ± 5%	3.96	3.96	3.96	0.50	1.90 ± 13.1%
5500	± 50 / ± 100	48.6 ± 5%	5.65 ± 5%	3.76	3.76	3.76	0.55	1.90 ± 13.1%

 $5.77 \pm 5\%$

 $6.00 \pm 5\%$

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

3.55

3.86

3.55

3.86

3.55

3.86

0.58

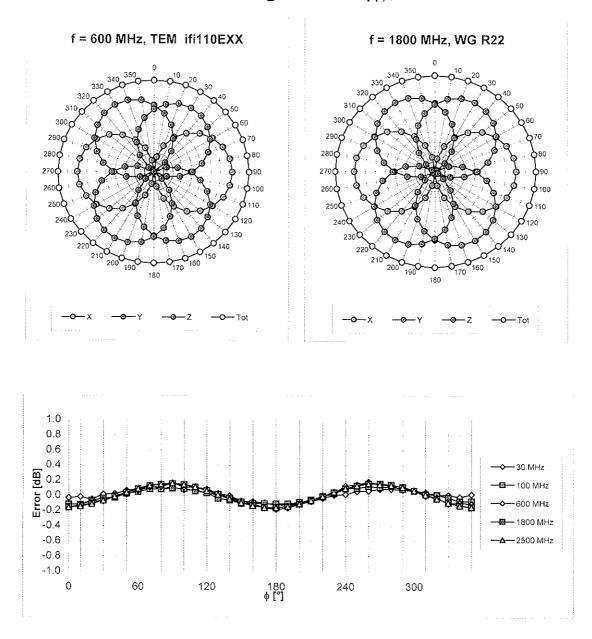
0.60

1.5 1.4 1.3 🤤 Frequency response (normalized) 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.5 0 500 1000 1500 2000 3000 2500 f [MHz] ---•**0**---- TEM -0-- R22

Frequency Response of E-Field

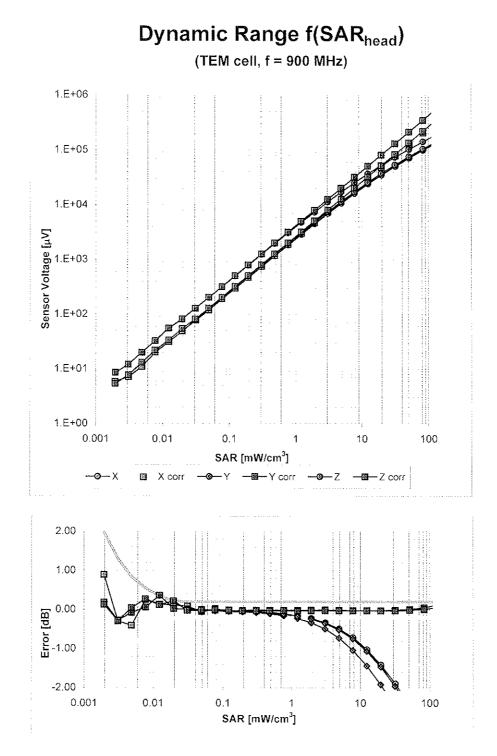
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

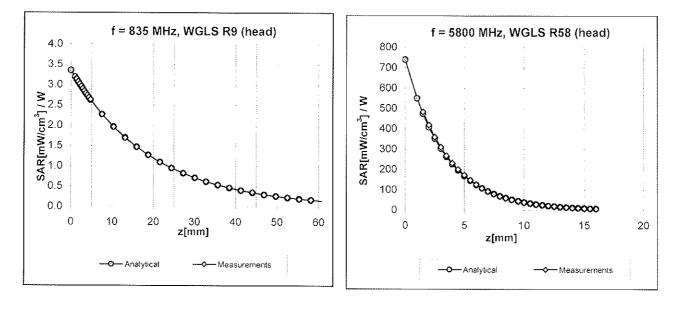


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

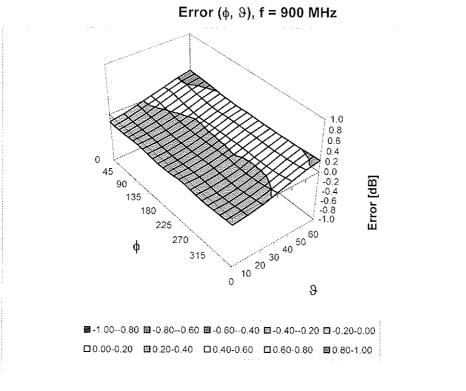


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



Conversion Factor Assessment

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Certificate No: EX3-3632_Jan11

Client ATL (Auden)

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3	EX3DV4 - SN:3632						
Calibration procedure(s)		QA CAL-12.v6, QA CAL-23.v4 and edure for dosimetric E-field probes						
Calibration date:	January 19, 201	1						
		tional standards, which realize the physical uni probability are given on the following pages an						
		ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	C and humidity < 70%.					
Calibration Equipment used (M&		ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C Cal Date (Certificate No.)	C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration					
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	TE critical for calibration)							
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration					
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11					
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11					
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11					
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11					
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11					
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11					
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11					
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11 Apr-11					
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11 Apr-11 Scheduled Check					
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11					
All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 9robe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by:	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11					

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
	i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
 exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3632

Manufactured: Last calibrated: Recalibrated:

November 1, 2007 January 26, 2010 January 19, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3632

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.46	0.44	0.39	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ⁸	97.4	94.9	97.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	с	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	x	0.00	0.00	1.00	133.3	± 3.4 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	110.0	
			z	0.00	0.00	1.00	125.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3632

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvFX Co	nvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	9.40	9.40	9.40	0.12	2.85 ± 13.3%
750	± 50 / ± 100	41.9 ± 5%	0.89 ± 5%	9.51	9.51	9.51	0.67	0.64 ± 11.0%
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	9.09	9.09	9.09	0.66	0.64 ± 11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	8.16	8.16	8.16	0.51	0.74 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	8.02	8.02	8.02	0.58	0.68 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	7.28	7.28	7.28	0.33	0.91 ± 11.0%

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

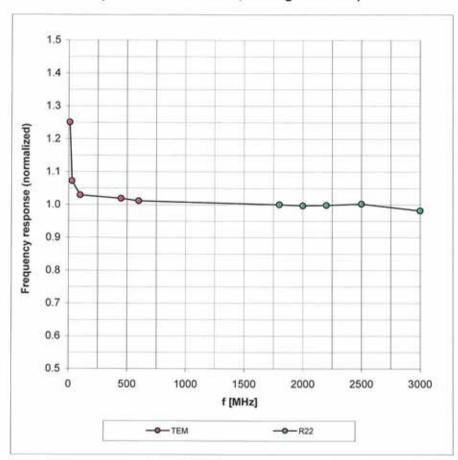
^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3632

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvFX Co	onvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	10.05	10.05	10.05	0.05	1.80 ± 13.3%
750	± 50 / ± 100	55.5 ± 5%	0.96 ± 5%	9.33	9.33	9.33	0.78	0.63 ± 11.0%
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	9.28	9.28	9.28	0.73	0.66 ± 11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.83	0.60 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	7.39	7.39	7.39	0.67	0.65 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	7.23	7.23	7.23	0.28	1.07 ± 11.0%

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

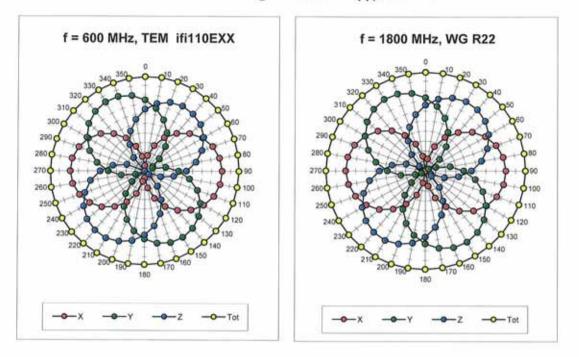
^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



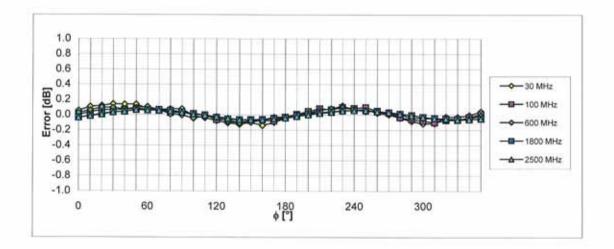
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

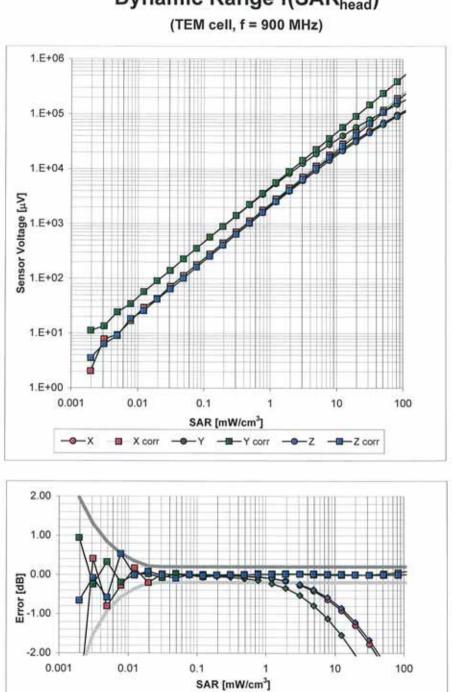
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

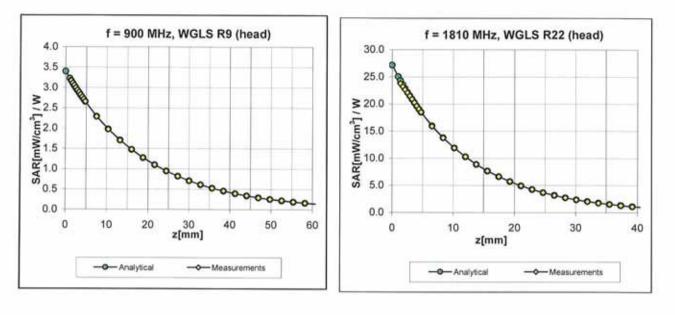


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

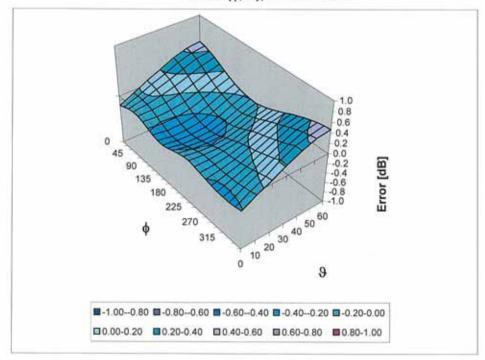
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



Conversion Factor Assessment

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (\$, 9), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Other Probe Parameters

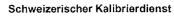
Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm



D3: DAE

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Client ADT (Auden) Certificate No: DAE3-510_Oct10

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE3 - SD 000 D	03 AA - SN: 510	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v22 Calibration procee	lure for the data acquisition electron	nics (DAE)
Calibration date:	October 4, 2010		
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence pro	nal standards, which realize the physical units of bability are given on the following pages and are facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and	e part of the certificate.
		radinty, environment temperature (22 ± 3) C and	i namaty < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	28-Sep-10 (No:10376)	Sep-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	07-Jun-10 (in house check)	In house check: Jun-11
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dominique Steffen	Technician	Ŭ.
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	Cardedl-
This calibration cortificate chall not	no roproduced events to f	ull without written approval of the laboratory.	Issued: October 4, 2010
	se reproduced except in i	un without written approval of the laboratory.	

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Glossary DAE data acquisition electronics Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically • by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a . result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on . the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of . zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, ۵ during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

Calibration Factors	x	Y	Z
High Range	404.204 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.261 ± 0.1% (k=2)	$404.619 \pm 0.1\%$ (k=2)
Low Range	3.97841 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.96431 ± 0.7% (k=2)	$3.98318 \pm 0.7\%$ (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	280.0 ° ± 1 °

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200002.6	1.33	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20001.52	1.72	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-19997.99	1.81	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200010.4	0.89	0.00
Channei Y	+ Input	20000.89	1.39	0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-19998.10	1.60	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200007.2	-1.37	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19998.21	-1.29	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20001.73	-2.13	0.01

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.1	0.23	0.01
Channel X + Input	200.27	0.27	0.13
Channel X - Input	-199.76	0.04	-0.02
Channel Y + Input	2000.8	0.66	0.03
Channel Y + Input	199.56	-0.44	-0.22
Channel Y - Input	-200.06	-0.16	0.08
Channel Z + Input	1999.4	-0.75	-0.04
Channel Z + Input	199.53	-0.57	-0.28
Channel Z - Input	-201.06	-1.16	0.58

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	17.87	16.44
	- 200	-15.36	-17.11
Channel Y	200	14.99	14.97
	- 200	-16.63	-16.47
Channel Z	200	-8.65	-8.74
	- 200	7.23	7.63

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Υ (μV)	Channel Ζ (μV)
Channel X	200	-	4.37	-3.14
Channel Y	200	6.07	-	3.36
Channel Z	200	3.03	-0.24	-

Certificate No: DAE3-510_Oct10

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)	
Channel X	15917	15639	
Channel Y	16112	16210	
Channel Z	16121	16322	

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input $10M\Omega$

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.61	0.06	2.59	0.30
Channel Y	1.72	-0.56	3.01	0.39
Channel Z	-1.94	-2.73	-0.59	0.30

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)		
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9		
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6		

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



D4: SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

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B.V. ADT (Auden) Client

Certificate No: D835V2-4d021_Mar11

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d	021	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	March 23, 2011		
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical ur robability are given on the following pages ar ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°	nd are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	1D #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	D. Kill
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Lelle.
			Issued: March 23, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossarv:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end • of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole • positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. • No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna • connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the . nominal SAR result.

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.0 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.8 ± 0.2) °C		****

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.40 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.60 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.65 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.57 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.28 mW / g

Body TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.3 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.7 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.56 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	10.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.68 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.72 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.63 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.0 Ω - 2.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.9 Ω - 4.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.393 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Design Modification by End User

The dipole has been modified with Teflon Rings (TR) placed within identified markings close to the end of each dipole arm. Calibration has been performed with TR attached to the dipole.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	April 22, 2004

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 18.03.2011 11:51:13

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d021

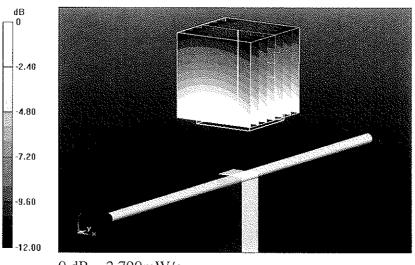
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL900 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.89 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

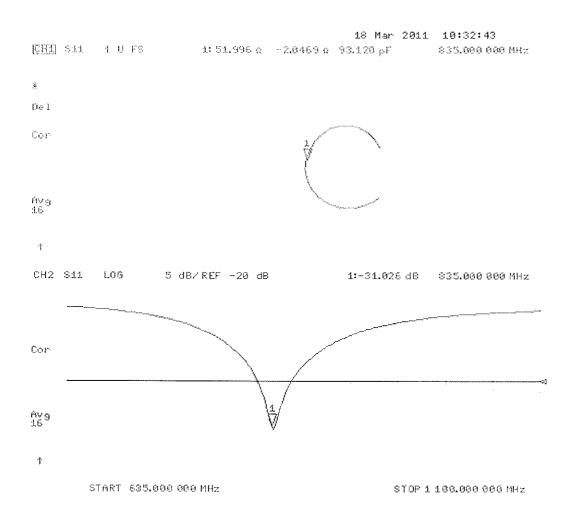
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.03, 6.03, 6.03); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57.571 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.583 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.792 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 23.03.2011 10:45:49

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d021

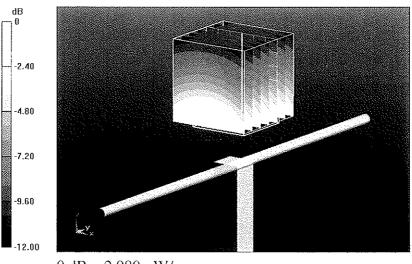
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL900 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

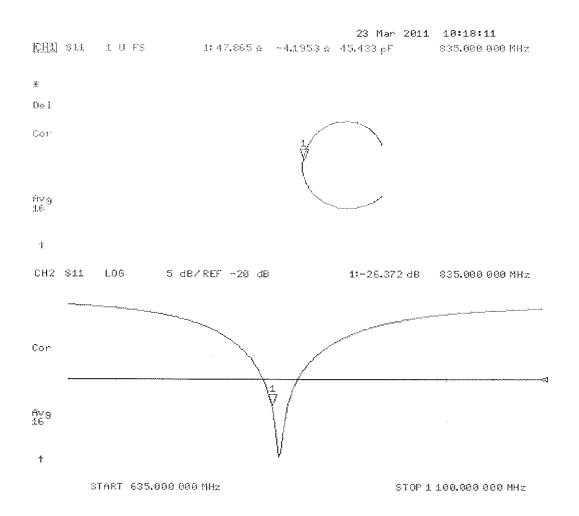
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.615 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.794 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.56 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.68 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.981 mW/g





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Certificate No: D1900V2-5d022_Jan11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

B.V. ADT (Auden)

Client

and the second s			
Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5	d022	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	January 26, 2011		
	101 (101) (101) (101)	onal standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a	
All calibrations have been conduc	ted in the closed laborator	y facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)	°C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&T	E critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	Difeier
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	gle they
This calibration certificate shall no	t be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the laborator	Issued: January 27, 2011

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d022_Jan11

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossarv:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end • of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed • point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole ٠ positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- . SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna ٠ connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	***************************************
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.5 ± 6 %	1.43 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(20.5 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.9 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.37 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.5 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.9 ± 6 %	1.56 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(20.8 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.48 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.7 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.5 Ω + 4.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.2 Ω + 4.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

L Electrical Delay (one direction)	1 102 pp
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.193 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 29, 2002

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 24.01.2011 11:20:43

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d022

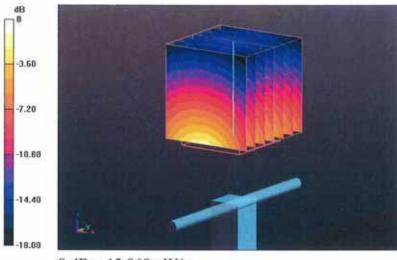
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL U12 BB Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ϵ_r = 38.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

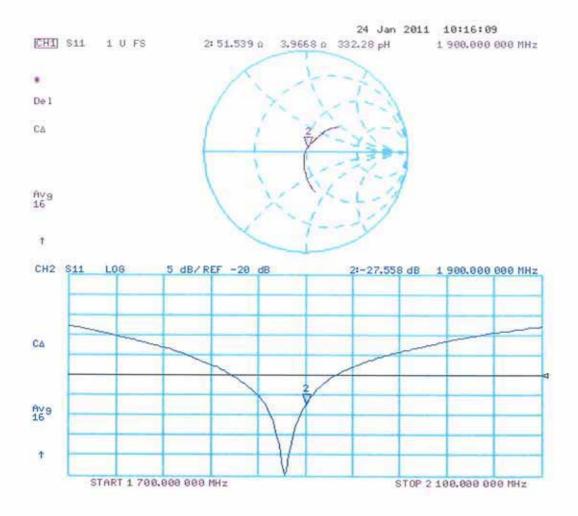
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 99.002 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.131 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.37 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.963 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 12.960 \, mW/g$

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d022_Jan11

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 26.01.2011 12:06:07

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d022

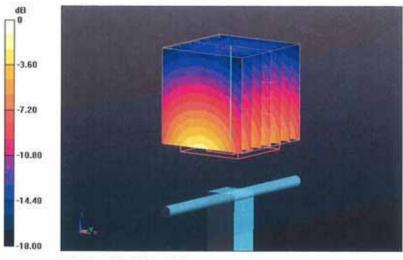
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL U12 BB Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.56 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 96.936 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0021 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.774 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.48 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.186 mW/g



0 dB = 13.190 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

