

# Appendix C - Calibration

All of the instruments Calibration information are listed below.

- Dipole \_ D835V2 SN:4d082 Calibration No.D835V2-4d082 \_Jul10
- Dipole \_ D1900V2 SN:5d111 Calibration No.D1900V2-5d111\_Jul10
- Dipole \_ D2450V2 SN:712 Calibration No.D2450V2-712\_Feb10
- Dipole \_ D2450V2 SN:735 Calibration No.D2450V2-735\_Jun10
- Probe \_ EX3DV4 SN:3578 Calibration No.EX3-3578\_Jun10
- Probe \_ EX3DV3 SN:3519 Calibration No.EX3-3519\_Feb10
- Probe \_ EX3DV4 SN:3632 Calibration No.EX3-3632\_Jan11
- DAE \_ DAE4 SN:541 Calibration No.DAE4-541\_Jul10

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#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client ATL (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D835V2-4d082\_Jul10 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D835V2 - SN: 4d082 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits Calibration date: July 20, 2010 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	in house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	D View
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	00.111

Certificate No: D835V2-4d082\_Jul10

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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#### Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d082\_Jul10

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.0 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(23.1 ± 0.2) °C	****	

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.40 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.60 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.65 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.56 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.24 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.26 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)



Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.0 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	****	****

# SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.58 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	10.0 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.69 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.76 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.60 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d082\_Jul10

Report Number: 1103FS13



#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.7 Ω - 3.2 ]Ω	
Return Loss	- 29.0 dB	

# Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.3 Ω - 4.6 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.0 dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.389ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 17, 2008

Certificate No: D835V2-4d082\_Jul10

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#### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 20.07.2010 15:48:57

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle; 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.03, 6.03, 6.03); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

· Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

## Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

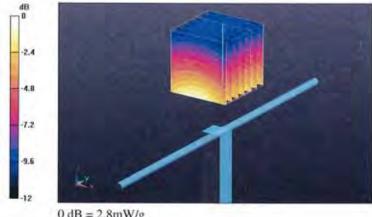
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g

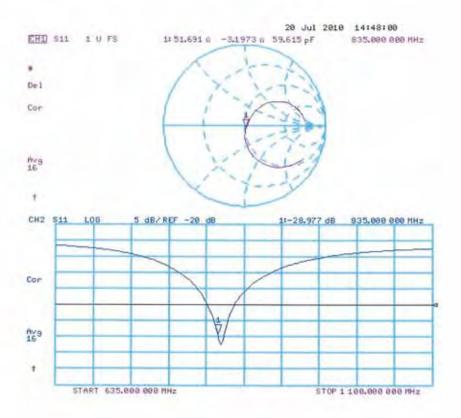
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.8 mW/g



0 dB = 2.8 mW/g



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body**

Date/Time: 20.07.2010 12:03:13

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.01$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 55$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

#### Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

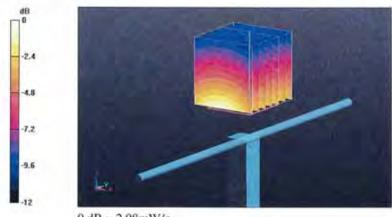
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.58 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.69 mW/g

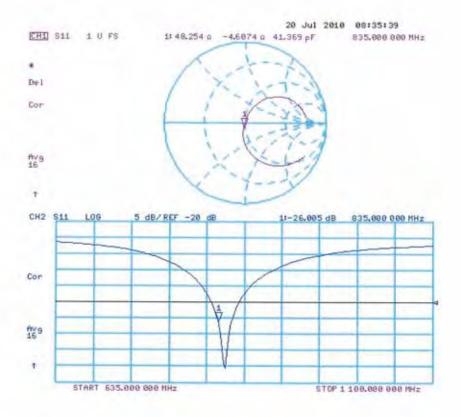
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.98 mW/g



0 dB = 2.98 mW/g



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Client

ATL (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

C

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d111\_Jul10

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1900V2 - SN: 5d111

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v7

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: July 16, 2010

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10
	Name	Function	Signature

Calibrated by:

Dimce Iliev

Laboratory Technician

Signature

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: July 19, 2010

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Certificate No: D1900V2-5d111\_Jul10

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d111 Jul10

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# **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.3 ± 6 %	1,43 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.4 ± 0.2) °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.9 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.28 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.1 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d111\_Jul10



Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.3 ± 6 %	1.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.4 ± 0.2) °C	****	****

# SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.6 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	42.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	41.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.66 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.5 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d111\_Jul10



#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.7 Ω + 6.6 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 23.6 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$46.7 \Omega + 6.5 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 22.5 dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.202 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	March 28, 2008	

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d111\_Jul10

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#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 16.07.2010 13:15:00

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d111

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

· Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

# Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

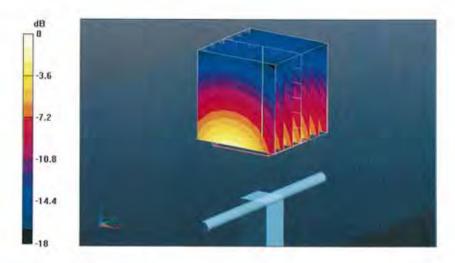
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.28 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 mW/g



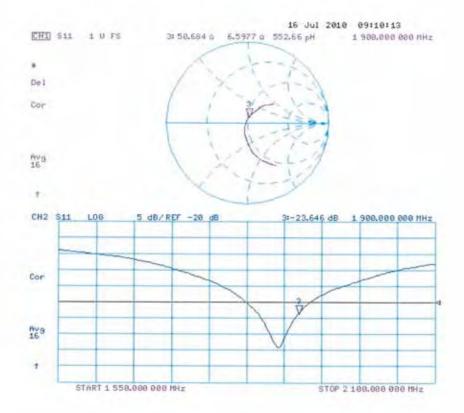
0 dB = 12.4 mW/g

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d111\_Jul10

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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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## **DASY5 Validation Report for Body**

Date/Time: 13.07.2010 12:57:16

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d111

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- · Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

## Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

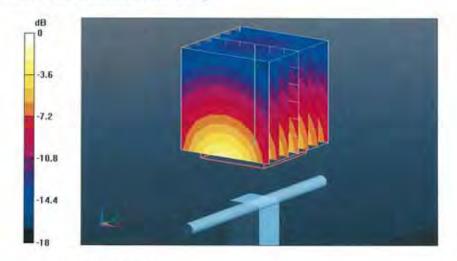
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00345 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.66 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 mW/g



0 dB = 13.3 mW/g

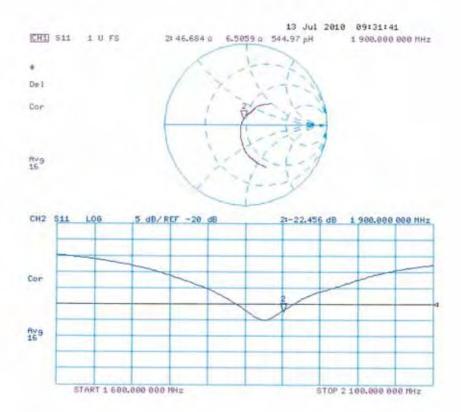
Certificate No: D1900V2-5d111\_Jul10

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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Client

ATL (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D2450V2-712\_Feb10

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 712

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v7

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

February 19, 2010

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%,

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09)	Jun-10
DAE4	SN: 601	07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)	Mar-10
Secondary Standards	1D#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	of the
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	20 100

Issued: February 19, 2010

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Certificate No: D2450V2-712\_Feb10

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## Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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## Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D2450V2-712 Feb10

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.5 ± 6 %	1.76 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.0 ± 0.2) °C	****	****

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	53.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.5 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.24 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.0 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)



Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.7 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.2 ± 0.2) °C	****	-

# SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.97 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	23.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-712\_Feb10

Report Number: 1103FS13



#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.2 Ω + 1.9 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.1 dB	

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.1 Ω + 5.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.144 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	July 05, 2002	

Certificate No: D2450V2-712\_Feb10

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#### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 17.02.2010 13:12:38

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

Communication System: CW: Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.77$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 26.06.2009

· Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

## Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.24 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 mW/g

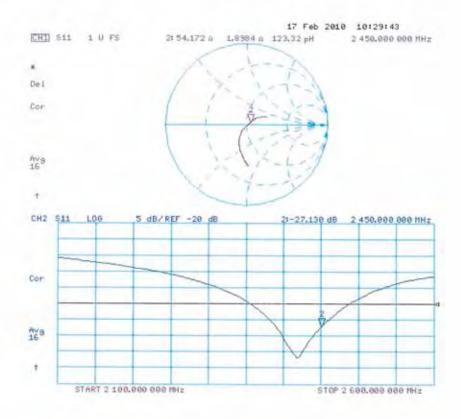


0 dB = 17.1 mW/g

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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body**

Date/Time: 19.02.2010 13:05:49

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard; DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 26.06.2009

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009

- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

## Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

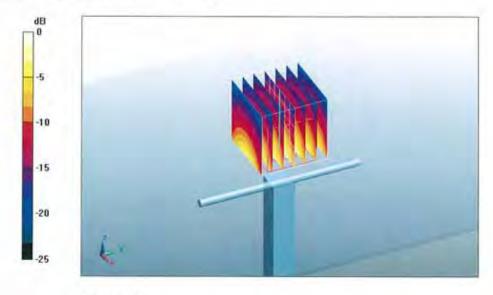
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.97 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17 mW/g

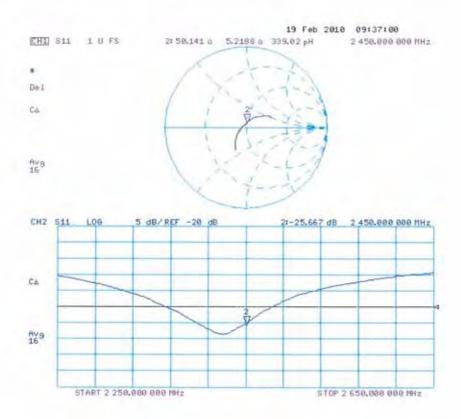


0 dB = 17 mW/g

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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D2450V2-712\_Feb10

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Client

Auden

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D2450V2-735\_Jun10

# Object D2450V2 - SN: 735

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05,v7

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: June 17, 2010

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (Si). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047,2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10
	Name	Function	Signature \
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	Joh
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	2011

Issued: June 21, 2010

Certificate No: D2450V2-735\_Jun10

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D2450V2-735\_Jun10

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#### Measurement Conditions

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) "C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.78 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	****	****

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.2 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.10 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.4 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-735\_Jun10



Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.7 ± 6 %	1.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) "C	****	

# SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13,4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	53.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.5 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.28 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.1 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.1 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)



#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.8 Ω + 3.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.1 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.5 Ω + 3.7 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 28.5 dB	

## General Antenna Parameters and Design

NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY O	THE PARTY OF THE P
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.154 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	May 07, 2003	

Certificate No: D2450V2-735\_Jun10



#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 16.06.2010 10:56:25

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:735

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.78 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF (4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.04,2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

# Head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.6 mW/g



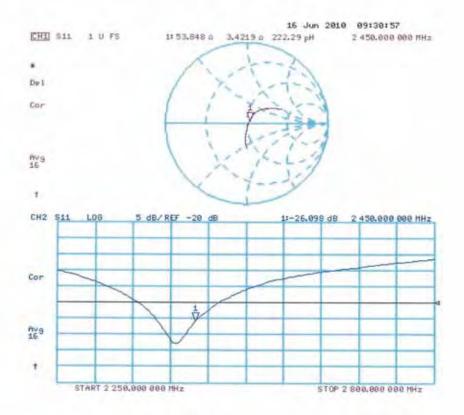
0 dB = 16.6 mW/g

Certificate No: D2450V2-735\_Jun10

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# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D2450V2-735\_Jun10



#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body**

Date/Time: 17.06.2010 11:28:23

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:735

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

## Body/d=10mm, Pin250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.073 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.28 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 mW/g



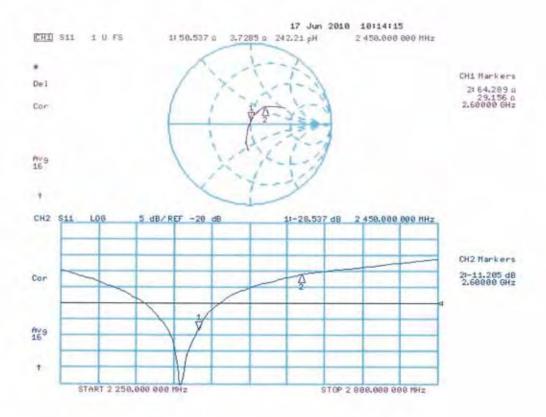
0 dB = 16.7 mW/g

Certificate No: D2450V2-735\_Jun10

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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D2450V2-735\_Jun10

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Client

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: EX3-3578\_Jun10

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3578

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

June 22, 2010

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159)	Mar-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161)	Mar-11
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09)	Dec-10
DAE4	SN: 660	20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10)	Apr-11
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct10
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	2011
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	El hell
			- /smylar

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Certificate No: EX3-3578\_Jun10



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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\phi$   $\phi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques" December 2003

Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
  power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
  maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
  exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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Certificate No: EX3-3578 Jun10	Page 2 of 11	



June 22, 2010 EX3DV4 SN:3578

# Probe EX3DV4

SN:3578

Manufactured:

November 4, 2005

Last calibrated:

June 26, 2009

Recalibrated:

June 22, 2010

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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EX3DV4 SN:3578 June 22, 2010

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3578

### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.55	0.50	0.56	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	92.3	88.3	86.1	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	С	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	Х	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	± 1.5%
			Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-3578\_Jun10

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm A}$  The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



EX3DV4 SN:3578 June 22, 2010

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3578

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	$0.90 \pm 5\%$	8.44	8.44	8.44	0.84	0.61 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	<b>41</b> .5 ± 5%	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.70	0.65 ±11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	7.11	7.11	7.11	0.85	0.58 ±11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	7.05	7.05	7.05	0.79	0.60 ±11.0%
2300	± 50 / ± 100	39.5 ± 5%	1.67 ± 5%	6.78	6.78	6.78	0.74	0.59 ±11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	6.38	6.38	6.38	0.46	0.75 ±11.0%
2600	± 50 / ± 100	39.0 ± 5%	1.96 ± 5%	6.41	6.41	6.41	0.40	0.85 ± 11.0%
3500	± 50 / ± 100	$37.9 \pm 5\%$	2.91 ± 5%	6.31	6.31	6.31	0.40	1.02 ± 13.1%
5200	± 50 / ± 100	36.0 ± 5%	4.66 ± 5%	4.18	4.18	4.18	0.45	1.80 ± 13.1%
5300	± 50 / ± 100	35.9 ± 5%	4.76 ± 5%	4.01	4.01	4.01	0.45	1.80 ± 13.1%
5500	± 50 / ± 100	35.6 ± 5%	$4.96 \pm 5\%$	3.90	3.90	3.90	0.50	1.80 ± 13.1%
5600	± 50 / ± 100	35.5 ± 5%	5.07 ± 5%	3.83	3.83	3.83	0.55	1.80 ± 13.1%
5800	± 50 / ± 100	35.3 ± 5%	5.27 ± 5%	3.72	3.72	3.72	0.50	1.80 ± 13.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



June 22, 2010

EX3DV4 SN:3578

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3578

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup>	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Co	nvFY Co	nvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	8.55	8.55	8.55	0.89	0.64 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	8.39	8.39	8.39	0.85	0.65 ± 11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	6.81	6.81	6.81	0.81	0.64 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	6.70	6.70	6.70	0.76	0.63 ± 11.0%
2300	± 50 / ± 100	52.8 ± 5%	1.85 ± 5%	6.67	6.67	6.67	0.34	0.92 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	6.51	6.51	6.51	0.62	0.67 ± 11.0%
2600	± 50 / ± 100	52.5 ± 5%	2.16 ± 5%	6.53	6.53	6.53	0.43	0.82 ± 11.0%
3500	± 50 / ± 100	51.3 ± 5%	3.31 ± 5%	5.59	5.59	5.59	0.37	1.26 ± 13.1%
5200	± 50 / ± 100	<b>4</b> 9.0 ± 5%	5.30 ± 5%	3.59	3.59	3.59	0.63	1.95 ± 13.1%
5300	± 50 / ± 100	48.5 ± 5%	5.42 ± 5%	3.39	3.39	3.39	0.63	1.95 ± 13.1%
5500	± 50 / ± 100	<b>48</b> .6 ± 5%	5.65 ± 5%	3.32	3.32	3.32	0.63	1.95 ± 13.1%
5600	± 50 / ± 100	48.5 ± 5%	5.77 ± 5%	3.09	3.09	3.09	0.65	1.95 ± 13.1%
5800	± 50 / ± 100	<b>4</b> 8.2 ± 5%	6.00 ± 5%	3.29	3.29	3.29	0.65	1.95 ± 13.1%

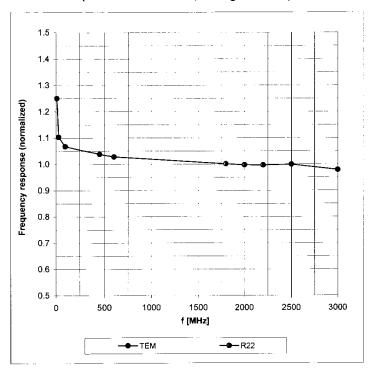
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



EX3DV4 SN:3578 June 22, 2010

## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



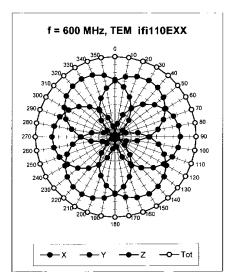
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

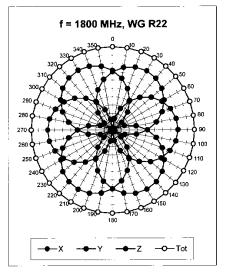
Report Number: 1103FS13

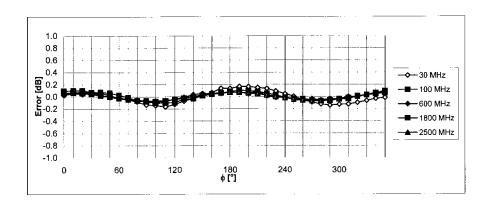


EX3DV4 SN:3578 June 22, 2010

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3578\_Jun10

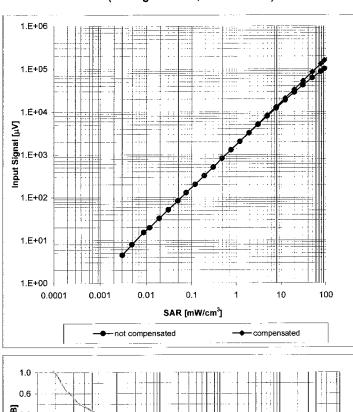
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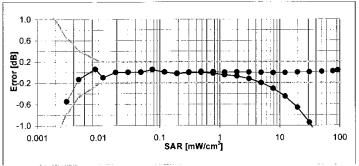


EX3DV4 \$N:3578 June 22, 2010

## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

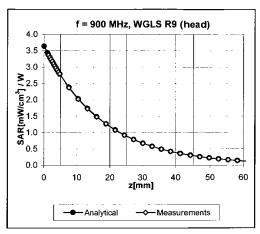
Certificate No: EX3-3578\_Jun10

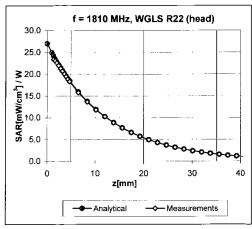
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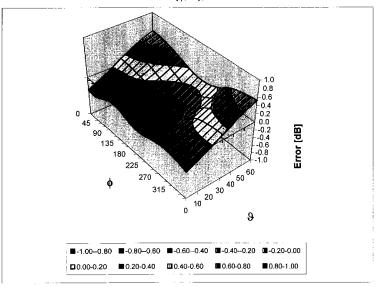
## **Conversion Factor Assessment**





## **Deviation from Isotropy in HSL**

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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EX3DV4 SN:3578 June 22, 2010

## **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm



## Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client ATL (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3519\_Feb10

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV3 - SN:3519

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: February 23, 2010

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (Si). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-09 (No ES3-3013_Dec09)	Dec-10
DAE4	SN: 660	29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09)	Sep-10
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct10
	Name	Function	Signature
W. W	Car Carlos En Carlos Ca	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	

Calibrated by. Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Approved by: Niels Kuster Quality Manager

Issued: February 27, 2010

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

S Swiss Calibration Service

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z; A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
  power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
  maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: EX3-3519\_Feb10

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# Probe EX3DV3

SN:3519

Manufactured: August 3, 2004
Last calibrated: January 21, 2009
Recalibrated: February 23, 2010

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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## DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3519

### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.81	0.70	0.73	± 10.1%
OCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	92.4	92.7	91.8	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	С	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	×	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	± 1.5%
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



EX3DV3 SN:3519

February 23, 2010

## DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3519

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
5200	±50/±100	36.0 ± 5%	$4.66 \pm 5\%$	5.22	5.22	5.22	0.30	1.90 ± 13.1%
5500	±50/±100	$35.6 \pm 5\%$	4.96 ± 5%	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.40	1.90 ± 13.1%
5800	±50/±100	$35.3 \pm 5\%$	5.27 ± 5%	4.09	4.09	4.09	0.50	1.90 ± 13.1%

The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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## DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3519

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

±50/±100				nvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
± 30 / ± 100	52.8 ± 5%	1.85 ± 5%	8.60	8.60	8.60	0.34	0.93 ± 11.0%
±50/±100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	8.10	8.10	8.10	0.34	0.90 ± 11.0%
±50/±100	52.5 ± 5%	2.16 ± 5%	7.86	7.86	7.86	0.35	0.89 ± 11.0%
±50/±100	51.3 ± 5%	$3.31 \pm 5\%$	7.01	7.01	7.01	0.27	1.57 ± 13.1%
±50/±100	$49.0 \pm 5\%$	$5.30 \pm 5\%$	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.55	1.95 ± 13.1%
±50/±100	$48.5 \pm 5\%$	$5.42 \pm 5\%$	4.20	4.20	4.20	0.60	1.95 ± 13.1%
±50/±100	$48.6\pm5\%$	$5.65\pm5\%$	3.76	3.76	3,76	0.63	1.95 ± 13.1%
±50/±100	$48.5 \pm 5\%$	$5.77 \pm 5\%$	3.57	3.57	3.57	0.70	1.95 ± 13.1%
±50/±100	48.2 ± 5%	6.00 ± 5%	3.85	3.85	3.85	0.65	1.90 ± 13.1%
	±50/±100 ±50/±100 ±50/±100 ±50/±100 ±50/±100 ±50/±100 ±50/±100	±50/±100 52.7±5% ±50/±100 52.5±5% ±50/±100 51.3±5% ±50/±100 49.0±5% ±50/±100 48.5±5% ±50/±100 48.6±5% ±50/±100 48.5±5%	±50/±100 52.7±5% 1.95±5% ±50/±100 52.5±5% 2.16±5% ±50/±100 51.3±5% 3.31±5% ±50/±100 49.0±5% 5.30±5% ±50/±100 48.5±5% 5.42±5% ±50/±100 48.6±5% 5.65±5% ±50/±100 48.5±5% 5.77±5%	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$ 52.7 $\pm 5\%$ 1.95 $\pm 5\%$ 8.10 $\pm 50 / \pm 100$ 52.5 $\pm 5\%$ 2.16 $\pm 5\%$ 7.86 $\pm 50 / \pm 100$ 51.3 $\pm 5\%$ 3.31 $\pm 5\%$ 7.01 $\pm 50 / \pm 100$ 49.0 $\pm 5\%$ 5.30 $\pm 5\%$ 4.34 $\pm 50 / \pm 100$ 48.5 $\pm 5\%$ 5.42 $\pm 5\%$ 4.20 $\pm 50 / \pm 100$ 48.6 $\pm 5\%$ 5.65 $\pm 5\%$ 3.76 $\pm 50 / \pm 100$ 48.5 $\pm 5\%$ 5.77 $\pm 5\%$ 3.57	$\pm 50/\pm 100$ 52.7 $\pm 5\%$ 1.95 $\pm 5\%$ 8.10 8.10 $\pm 50/\pm 100$ 52.5 $\pm 5\%$ 2.16 $\pm 5\%$ 7.86 7.86 $\pm 50/\pm 100$ 51.3 $\pm 5\%$ 3.31 $\pm 5\%$ 7.01 7.01 $\pm 50/\pm 100$ 49.0 $\pm 5\%$ 5.30 $\pm 5\%$ 4.34 4.34 $\pm 50/\pm 100$ 48.5 $\pm 5\%$ 5.42 $\pm 5\%$ 4.20 4.20 $\pm 50/\pm 100$ 48.6 $\pm 5\%$ 5.65 $\pm 5\%$ 3.76 3.76 $\pm 50/\pm 100$ 48.5 $\pm 5\%$ 5.77 $\pm 5\%$ 3.57 3.57	$\pm 50/\pm 100$ 52.7 $\pm 5\%$ 1.95 $\pm 5\%$ 8.10 8.10 8.10 $\pm 50/\pm 100$ 52.5 $\pm 5\%$ 2.16 $\pm 5\%$ 7.86 7.86 7.86 $\pm 50/\pm 100$ 51.3 $\pm 5\%$ 3.31 $\pm 5\%$ 7.01 7.01 7.01 $\pm 50/\pm 100$ 49.0 $\pm 5\%$ 5.30 $\pm 5\%$ 4.34 4.34 4.34 $\pm 50/\pm 100$ 48.5 $\pm 5\%$ 5.42 $\pm 5\%$ 4.20 4.20 4.20 $\pm 50/\pm 100$ 48.6 $\pm 5\%$ 5.65 $\pm 5\%$ 3.76 3.76 $\pm 50/\pm 100$ 48.5 $\pm 5\%$ 5.77 $\pm 5\%$ 3.57 3.57	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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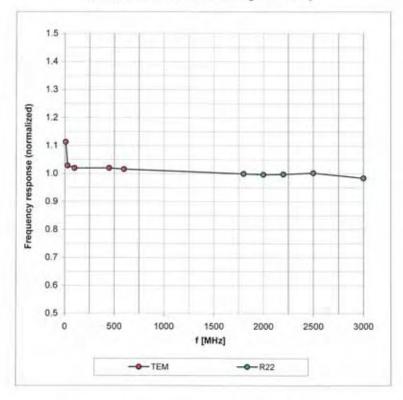
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## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

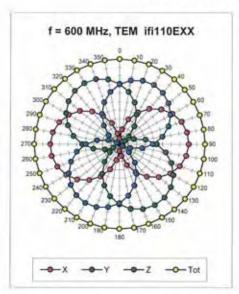
Certificate No: EX3-3519\_Feb10

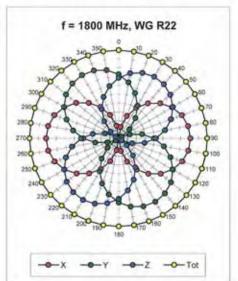
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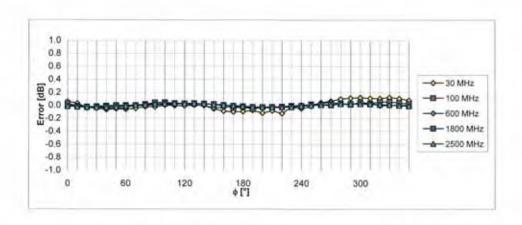
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## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

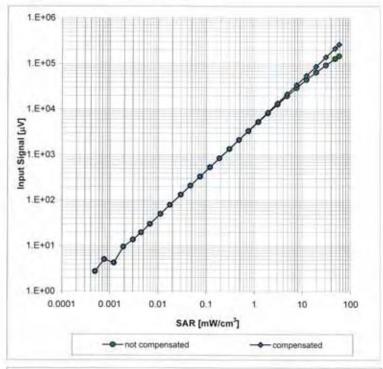
Certificate No: EX3-3519\_Feb10

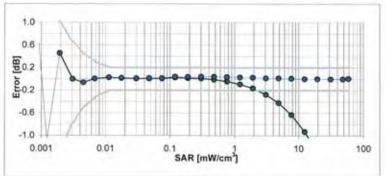
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# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

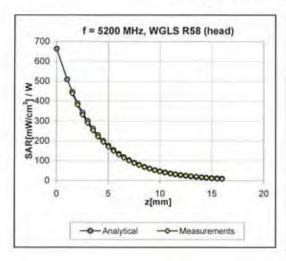
Certificate No: EX3-3519\_Feb10

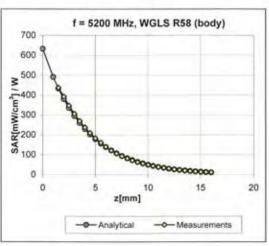
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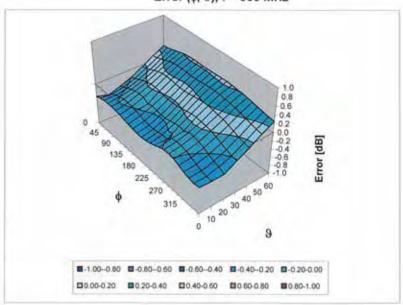
## Conversion Factor Assessment





## Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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## Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm



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Client ATL (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3632\_Jan11

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3632

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v7, QA CAL-12.v6, QA CAL-23.v4 and QA CAL-25.v3

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: January 19, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159)	Mar-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161)	Mar-11
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013 Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 660	20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10)	Apr-11
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	1-12
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	12000

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Issued: January 20, 2011

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
  power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
  maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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# Probe EX3DV4

SN:3632

Manufactured: November 1, 2007 Last calibrated: January 26, 2010 Recalibrated: January 19, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3632

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.46	0.44	0.39	±10.1%
DCP (mV) <sup>®</sup>	97.4	94.9	97.4	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	С	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	133.3	± 3.4 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	110.0	100
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	125.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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<sup>\*</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>0</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter, uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3632

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	±50/±100	$43.5\pm5\%$	$0.87 \pm 5\%$	9.40	9.40	9.40	0.12	2.85 ± 13.3%
750	±50/±100	41.9 ± 5%	$0.89 \pm 5\%$	9.51	9.51	9.51	0.67	0.64 ± 11.0%
835	±50/±100	$41.5\pm5\%$	$0.90 \pm 5\%$	9.09	9.09	9.09	0.66	0.64 ± 11.0%
1810	±50/±100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	8.16	8.16	8.16	0.51	0.74 ± 11.0%
1900	±50/±100	$40.0\pm5\%$	$1.40 \pm 5\%$	8.02	8.02	8.02	0.58	0.68 ± 11.0%
2450	±50/±100	39.2 ± 5%	$1.80\pm5\%$	7.28	7.28	7.28	0.33	0.91 ± 11.0%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3632

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	±50/±100	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	10.05	10.05	10.05	0.05	1.80 ± 13.3%
750	±50/±100	$55.5\pm5\%$	$0.96 \pm 5\%$	9.33	9.33	9.33	0.78	0.63 ± 11.0%
835	±50/±100	55.2 ± 5%	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	9.28	9.28	9.28	0.73	0.66 ± 11.0%
1810	±50/±100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.83	0.60 ± 11.0%
1900	±50/±100	53.3 ± 5%	$1.52\pm5\%$	7.39	7.39	7.39	0.67	0.65 ± 11.0%
2450	±50/±100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	7.23	7.23	7.23	0.28	1.07 ± 11.0%

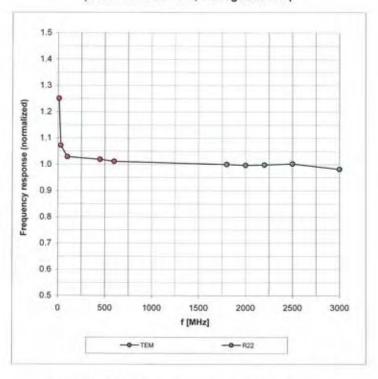
E The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

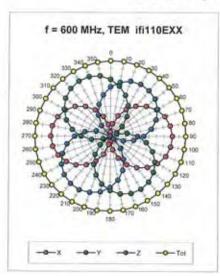
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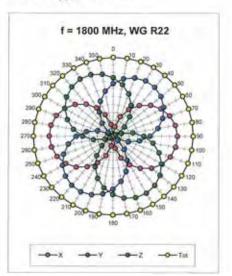
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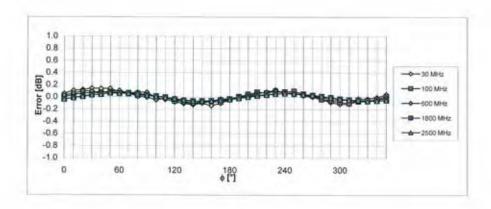
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## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

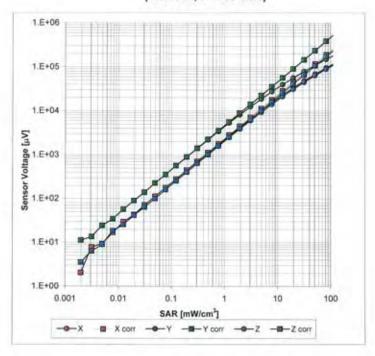
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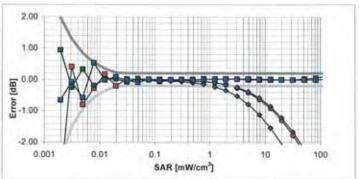
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# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

(TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





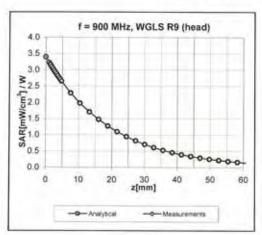
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

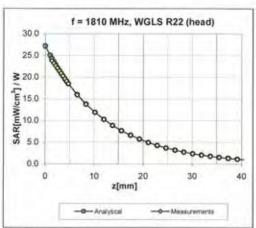
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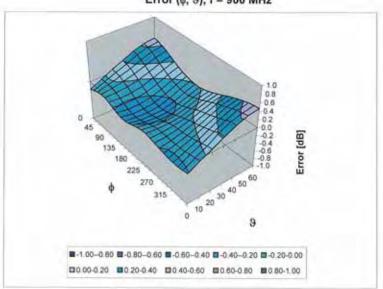
## Conversion Factor Assessment





## Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (6, 9), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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## Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (*)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

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## ATL (Auden) Certificate No: DAE4-541 Jul10 Client CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 541 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v21 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) July 21, 2010 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (St). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 SN: 0810278 1-Oct-09 (No: 9055) Oct-10 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Calibrator Box V1.1 SE UMS 006 AB 1004 07-Jun-10 (in house check) In house check: Jun-11 Dominique Steffen Calibrated by: Technician Approved by: Fin Bomholt R&D Director wes Issued: July 21, 2010 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

 DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.

- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =

Low Range; 1LSB = full range = -100...+300 mV full range = -1......+3mV  $6.1 \mu V$ , 61nV , DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	Z
High Range	404.537 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.418 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.182 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.96832 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93576 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97526 ± 0.7% (k=2)

### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	290.5 ° ± 1 °
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## Appendix

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200007.6	-2.45	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20002.71	3.11	0.02
Channel X - Input	-19993.80	5.60	-0.03
Channel Y + Input	200009.7	0.90	0.00
Channel Y + Input	19997.49	-2.11	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20001.06	-0.96	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200007.5	-0.73	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	20001.10	1.40	0.01
Channel Z - Input	-19996.58	3.52	-0.02

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.2	0.31	0.02
Channel X + Input	199.75	-0.05	-0.03
Channel X - Input	-200.44	-0.34	0.17
Channel Y + Input	2001.5	1.51	0.08
Channel Y + Input	199.36	-0.64	-0.32
Channel Y - Input	-200.93	-0.93	0.47
Channel Z + Input	2000.3	0.13	0.01
Channel Z + Input	198.98	-1.02	-0.51
Channel Z - Input	-201.02	-1.02	0.51

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	11.44	10.03
	- 200	-8.47	-10.20
Channel Y	200	1.54	1.18
	- 200	-2.96	-2.67
Channel Z	200	1.08	0.90
	- 200	-2.05	-2.13

3. Channel separation
DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200		1.55	-0.83
Channel Y	200	2.34		3.70
Channel Z	200	0.27	-0.67	

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16010	15908
Channel Y	15784	14840
Channel Z	15973	16097

## 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	-0.03	-0.96	1.03	0.29
Channel Y	-0.54	-1.32	0.40	0.34
Channel Z	-0.86	-1.49	-0.32	0.26

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels; <25fA

7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2000	199.5
Channel Y	0.2000	203.1
Channel Z	0.2001	203.2

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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