



# Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) T-Coil Test Report

for  
HTC Corporation  
on the  
Pocket PC Phone

Report Number : HA920507-01B  
Model Name : CEDA100  
FCC ID : NM8CEDA100  
Date of Testing : Feb. 17, 2009 ~ Feb. 18, 2009  
Date of Report : Mar. 13, 2009  
Date of Review : Mar. 13, 2009

- **Results Summary : T Category = T3 (ANSI C63.19-2007)**
- The test results refer exclusively to the presented test model/sample only.
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- Report Version: Rev.01

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1. Statement of Compliance

The Hearing Aid Compliance (HAC) maximum results found during testing for the **HTC Corporation Pocket PC Phone CEDA100** are as follows (with expanded uncertainty  $\pm 8.1\%$  for AMB1 and  $\pm 12.3\%$  for AMB2):

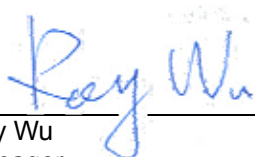
Reference (63.19)	Description	Verdict	Section
7.3.1.1	Axial Field Intensity	Pass	9.2.1
7.3.1.2	Radial Field Intensity	Pass	9.2.2
7.3.2	Frequency Response	Pass	9.2.3
7.3.3	Signal Quality	T3	9.2.4

Band	(S+N)/N in dB	T Rating
<b>CDMA2000 Cellular</b>	20.50	T3
<b>CDMA2000 PCS</b>	27.80	T3

They are in compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19 for HAC Rated category.

**Results Summary : T Category = T3 (ANSI C63.19-2007)**

Approved by



Roy Wu  
Manager



## 2. Administration Data

### 2.1 Testing Laboratory

**Company Name :** Sporton International Inc.  
**Address :** No. 52, Hwa-Ya 1st RD., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, TaoYuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.  
**Test Site :** SAR01-HY  
**Telephone Number :** 886-3-327-3456  
**Fax Number :** 886-3-328-4978

### 2.2 Applicant

**Company Name :** HTC Corporation  
**Address :** No. 23, Xinghua Rd., Taoyuan City, Taiwan

### 2.3 Manufacturer

**Company Name :** HTC Corporation  
**Address:** 1F, No. 6-3, Baoqiang Rd., Xindian City, Taipei County, Taiwan

### 2.4 Application Details

**Date of reception of application:** Feb. 05, 2009  
**Start of test :** Feb. 17, 2009  
**End of test :** Feb. 18, 2009



3. **General Information**

3.1 **Description of Device Under Test (DUT)**

Product Feature & Specification	
DUT Type :	Pocket PC Phone
Model Name :	CEDA100
FCC ID :	NM8CEDA100
Tx Frequency :	CDMA2000 Cellular : 824 ~ 849 MHz CDMA2000 PCS : 1850 ~ 1910 MHz
Rx Frequency :	CDMA2000 Cellular : 869 ~ 894 MHz CDMA2000 PCS : 1930 ~ 1990 MHz
Maximum Output Power to Antenna :	CDMA2000 Cellular : 24.14 dBm CDMA2000 PCS : 24.23 dBm
Antenna Type :	Fixed Internal Antenna
Type of Modulation :	QPSK
DUT Stage :	Identical Prototype

Remark: This device does not support HAC and V.O.I.P. function. It means that the functions of WLAN and Bluetooth do not have voice capability in the held to ear mode.

3.2 **Product Photos**

Refer to Appendix C.

3.3 **Applied Standards**

The Standard ANSI C63.19-2007 represents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

3.4 **Test Conditions**

3.4.1 **Ambient Condition**

Ambient Temperature	20-24
Humidity	<60%
Acoustic Ambient Noise	>10dB below the measurement level

3.4.2 **Test Configuration**

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator R&S CMU200. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by coaxial connection.

The DUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all testing.



## **4. Hearing Aid Compliance (HAC)**

### **4.1 Introduction**

The T-Coil requirements of ANSI C63.19 Standard went into effect. The federal communication commission (FCC) adopted ANSI C63.19 as HAC test standard.

## 5. HAC T-Coil Measurement Setup

### 5.1 System Configuration



Fig. 5.1: T-Coil setup with HAC Test Arch and AMCC



The DASY4 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY4 software
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system
- Arch Phantom

Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

### 5.2 AM1D probe

The AM1D probe is an active probe with a single sensor. It is fully RF-shielded and has a rounded tip 6mm in diameter incorporating a pickup coil with its center offset 3mm from the tip and the sides. The symmetric signal preamplifier in the probe is fed via the shielded symmetric output cable from the AMMI with a 48V “phantom” voltage supply. The 7-pin connector on the back in the axis of the probe does not carry any signals. It is mounted to the DAE for the correct orientation of the sensor. If the probe axis is tilted 54.7 degree from the vertical, the sensor is approximately vertical when the signal connector is at the underside of the probe (cable hanging downwards).

#### Specification:

Frequency range	0.1 ~ 20 kHz (RF sensitivity <-100dB, fully RF shielded )
Sensitivity	<-50dB A/m @ 1 kHz
Pre-amplifier	40 dB, symmetric
Dimensions	Tip diameter/ length: 6/ 290 mm, sensor according to ANSI-PC63.19



5.2.1 Probe Tip Description

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10%/per mm).

Magnetic field sensors are measuring the integral of the H-field across their sensor area surrounded by the loop. They are calibrated in a precise, homogeneous field. When measuring a gradient field, the result will be very close to the field in the center of the loop which is equivalent to the value of a homogeneous field equivalent to the center value. But it will be different from the field at the field at the border of the loop.

Consequently, two sensors with different loop diameters – both calibrated ideally – would give different results when measuring from the edge of the probe sensor elements. The behavior for electrically small E-field sensors is equivalent. See below for distance plots from a WD which show the conservative nature of field readings at the probe element center vs. measurements at the sensor end.

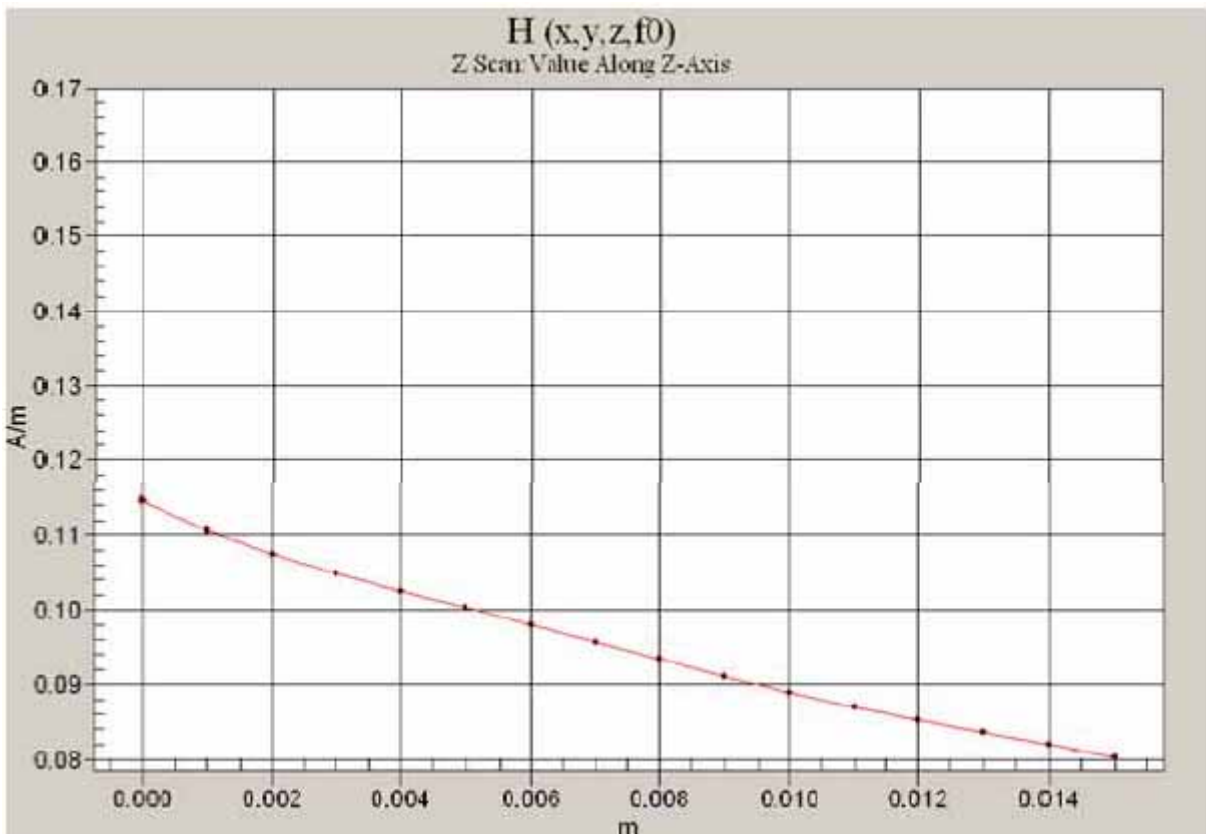


Fig. 5.2: Z-Axis Scan at maximum point above a typical wireless device for H-field



5.2.2 Probe Calibration in AMCC

The probe sensitivity at 1 kHz is 0.0625214V/(A/m) (-24.0dBV/(A/m)) was calibrated by AMCC coil for verification of setup performance. The evaluated probe sensitivity was able to be compared to the calibration of the AM1D probe. The frequency response and sensitivity was shown in Figure 5.3. The probe signal is represented after application of an ideal integrator. The green curve represents the current through the AMCC, the blue curve the integrated probe signal. The DIFFERENCE between the two curves is equivalent to the frequency response of the probe system and shows the characteristics. The probe/system complies with the frequency response and linearity requirements in C63.19 according to the Speag's calibrated report as shown in Annex B (AM1D probe: SPAM100AF) (1)The frequency response has been tested within +/- 0.5 dB of ideal differentiator from 100 Hz to 10 kHz. (2)The linearity has also been tested within 0.1dB from 5 dB below limitation to 16 dB above noise level. The AMCC coil is qualified according to certificate report, SDHACPO02A as shown in Annex B.

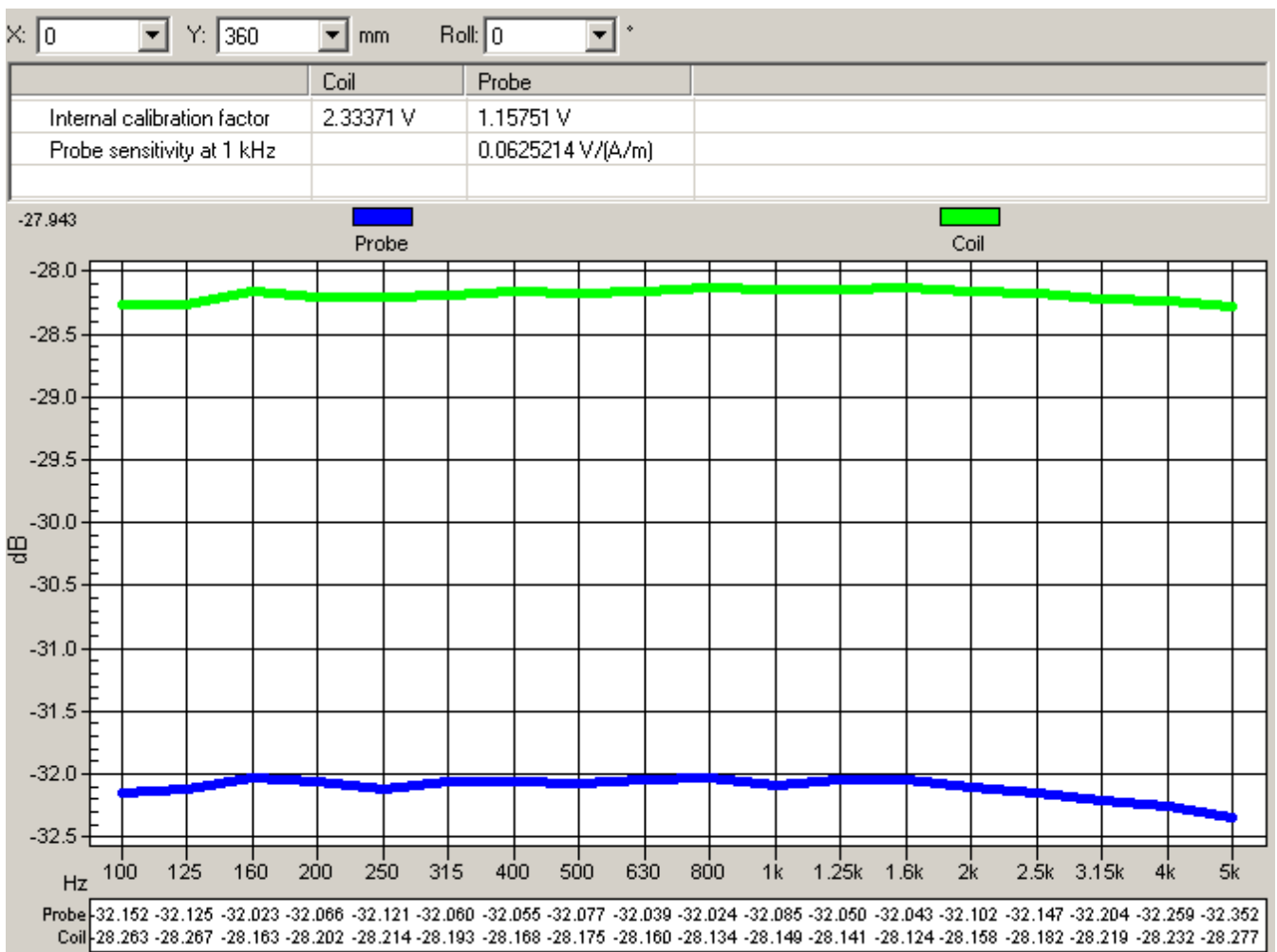


Fig. 5.3: The frequency response and sensitivity of AM1D probe

**5.3 AMCC**

The Audio Magnetic Calibration coil is a Helmholtz Coil designed for calibration of the AM1D probe. The two horizontal coils generate a homogeneous magnetic field in the z direction. The DC input resistance is adjusted by a series resistor to approximately 50 Ohm, and a shunt resistor of 10 Ohm permits monitoring the current with a scale of 1:10.

**Port description:**

Signal	Connector	Resistance
Coil In	BNC	typically 50 Ohm
Coil Monitor	BNO	10Ohm $\pm$ 1%(100mV corresponding to 1 A/m)

**Specification:**

<b>Dimensions</b>	370 x 370 x 196 mm, according to ANSI C63.19
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**5.4 AMMI**



Fig. 5.4: AMMI front panel

The Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument (AMMI) is a desktop 19-inch unit containing a sampling unit, a waveform generator for test and calibration signals, and a USB interface.

**Specification:**

<b>Sampling rate</b>	48 kHz/24 bit
<b>Dynamic range</b>	85 dB
<b>Test signal generation</b>	User selectable and predefined (vis PC)
<b>Calibration</b>	Auto-calibration/full system calibration using AMCC with monitor output
<b>Dimensions</b>	482 x 65 x 270 mm



### **5.5 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE)**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.

### **5.6 Robot**

The DASY4 system uses the high precision robots RX90BL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY4 system, the CS7MB robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The RX robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

### **5.7 Measurement Server**

The DASY4 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with  
166 MHz CPU  
32 MB chipset and  
64 MB RAM.

Communication with  
the DAE electronic box  
the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.

### **5.8 Phone Positioner**

The phone positioner shown in Figure 5.5 is used to adjust DUT to the suitable position.



**Fig. 5.5: Phone Positioner**

### 5.8.1 Test Arch Phantom

<b>Construction</b>	Enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot.
<b>Dimensions</b>	370 x 370 x 370 mm

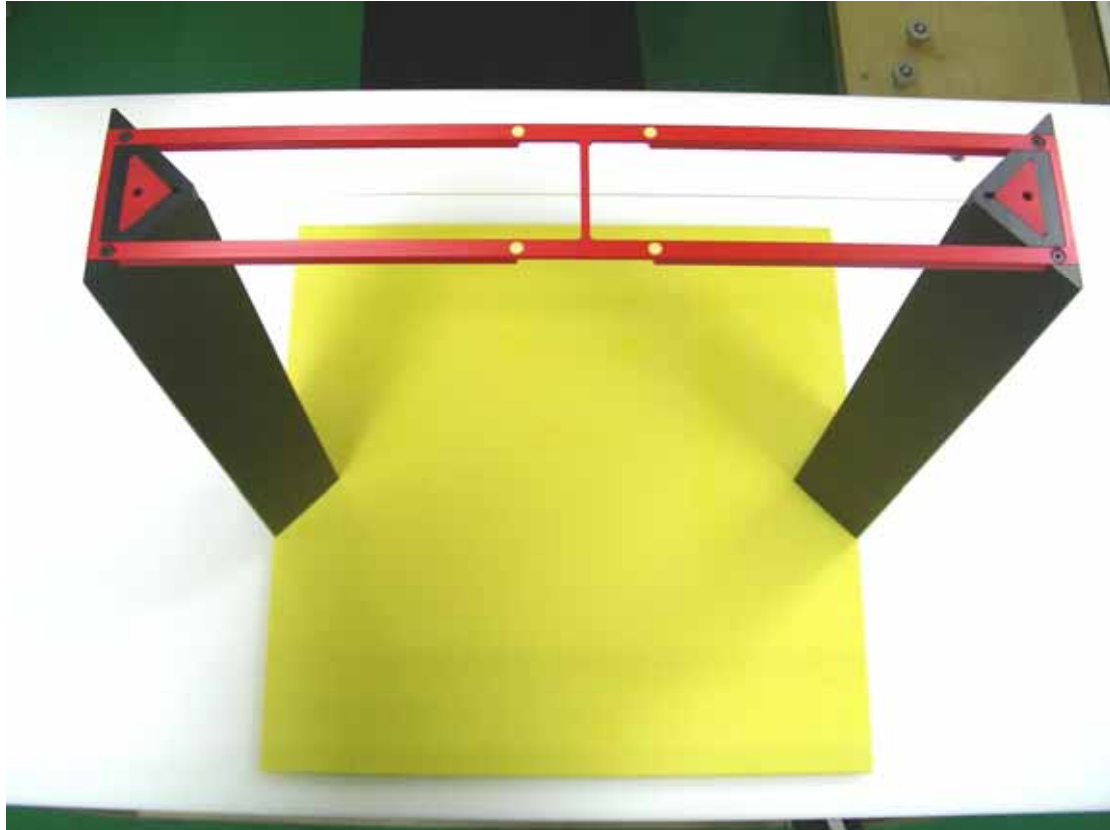


Fig. 5.6: Test Arch Phantom

**5.9 Cabling of System**

The principal cabling of the T-Coil setup is shown in Figure 5.6. All cables provided with the basic setup have a length of approximately 5 m.

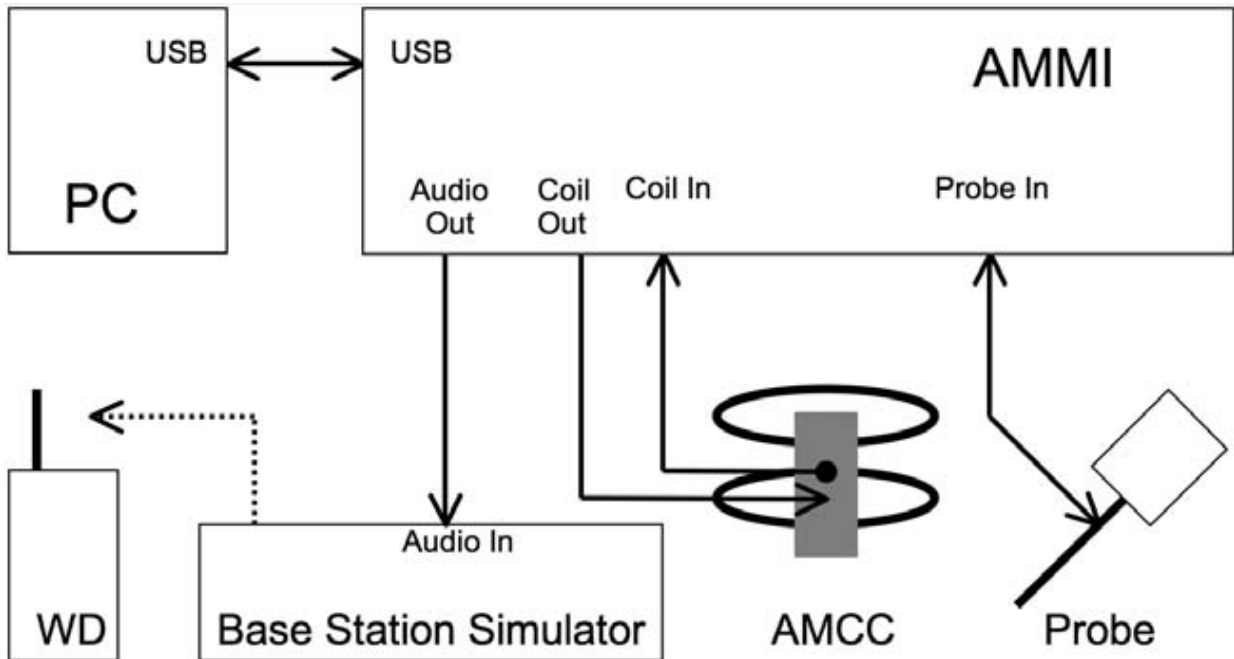


Fig. 5.7: T-Coil setup cabling

**5.10 HAC Extension Software for DASY4**

**Specification:**

<b>Precise teaching</b>	Easy teaching with adaptive distance verification
<b>Measurement area</b>	Flexible selection of measurement area, predefined according to ANSI C63.19
<b>Evaluation</b>	ABM: spectral processing, filtering, weighting and evaluation according to ANSI C63.19
<b>Report</b>	Documentation ready for compliance report



**5.11 Test Equipment List**

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Isotropic E-Filed Probe	ER3DV6	2358	Jan. 14, 2009	Jan. 13, 2010
SPEAG	Isotropic H-Filed Probe	H3DV6	6184	Jan. 19, 2009	Jan. 18, 2010
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV2	1038	Jan. 12, 2009	Jan. 11, 2010
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	835MHz Calibration Dipole	CD835V3	1045	Sep. 25, 2007	Sep. 24, 2009
SPEAG	1880MHz Calibration Dipole	CD1880V3	1038	Sep. 27, 2007	Sep. 26, 2009
SPEAG	2450MHz Calibration Dipole	CD2450V3	1039	Sep. 27, 2007	Sep. 26, 2009
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Nov. 12, 2008	Nov. 11, 2009
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	Sep. 22, 2008	Sep. 21, 2009
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positoiner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48360820	Dec. 15, 2008	Dec. 14, 2009
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105934	Nov. 11, 2008	Nov. 10, 2009
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NCR	NCR
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	NCR	NCR
R&S	Power Meter	NRVD	101394	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009
R&S	Power Sensor	NRV-Z1	100130	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009

**Table 5.1: Test Equipment List**



**5.12 Reference Input of Audio Signal Spectrum**

With the reference job "use as reference" in the beginning of a procedure, measure the spectrum of the current when applied to the AMCC, i.e. the input magnetic field spectrum, as shown below Fig. 5.8 and Fig. 5.9. For this, the delay of the window shall be set to a multiple of the signal period and at least 2s. From the measurement on the device, using the same signal, the postprocessor deducts the input spectrum, so the result represents the net DUT response.

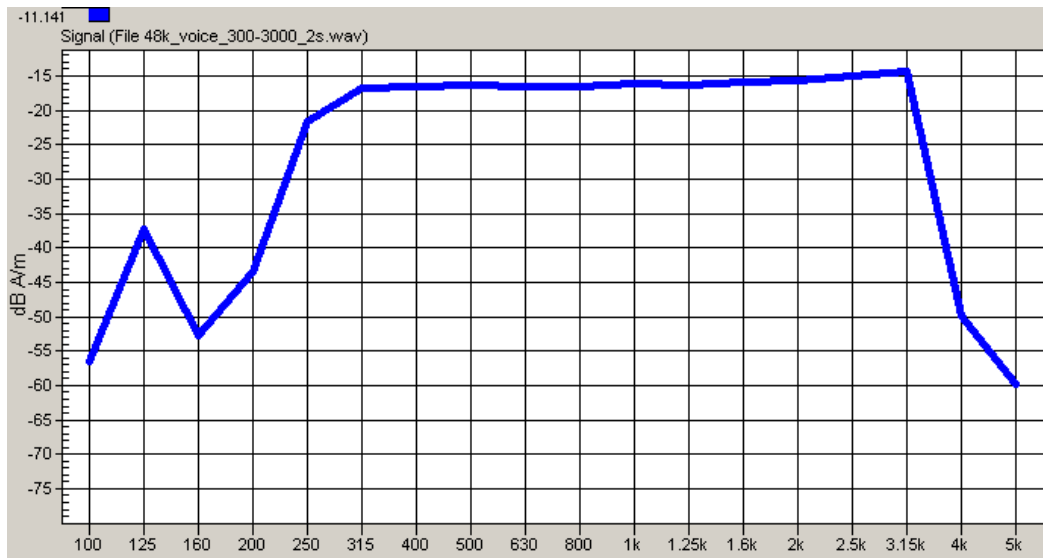


Fig. 5.8: Audio signal spectrum of the broadband signal (48kHz\_voice\_300Hz~3kHz)

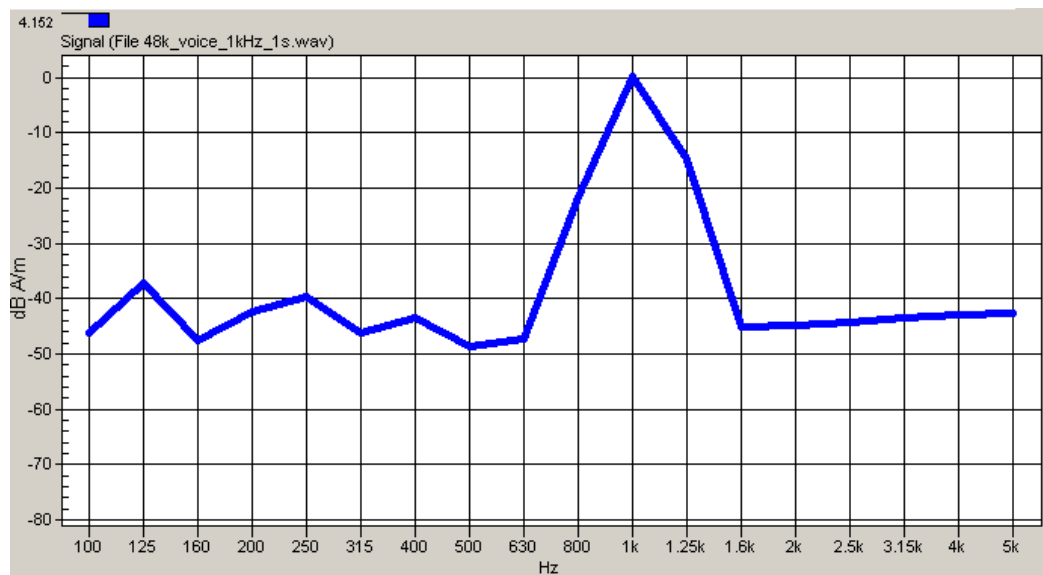


Fig. 5.9: Audio signal spectrum of the narrowband signal (48kHz\_voice\_1kHz)



**5.13 Signal Verification**

According to ANSI C63.19:2006 section 6.3.2.1, the normal speech input level for HAC T-coil tests shall be set to -16 dBm0 for GSM and UMTS (WCDMA), and to -18 dBm0 for CDMA. This technical note shows a possibility to evaluate and set the correct level with the HAC T-Coil setup with a Rohde&Schwarz communication tester CMU200 with audio option B52 and B85.

Establish a call from the CMU200 to a wireless device. Select CMU200 Network Bitstream "Decoder Cal" to have a 1kHz signal with a level of 3.14 dBm0 at the speech output. Run the measurement job and read the voltage level at the multi-meter display "Coil signal". Read the RMS voltage corresponding to 3.14 dBm0 and note it. Calculate the desired signal levels of -18 dBm0:

3.14 dBm0 = -2.376 dBV  
-18 dBm0 = -23.516 dBV

Determine the 1 kHz input level to generate the desired signal level of -18 dBm0. Select CMU200 Network Bitstream "Codec Cal" to loop the input via the codec to the output. Run the measurement job (AMMI 1kHz signal with gain 10 inserted) and read the voltage level at the multimeter display "Coil signal". Calculate the required gain setting for the above levels:

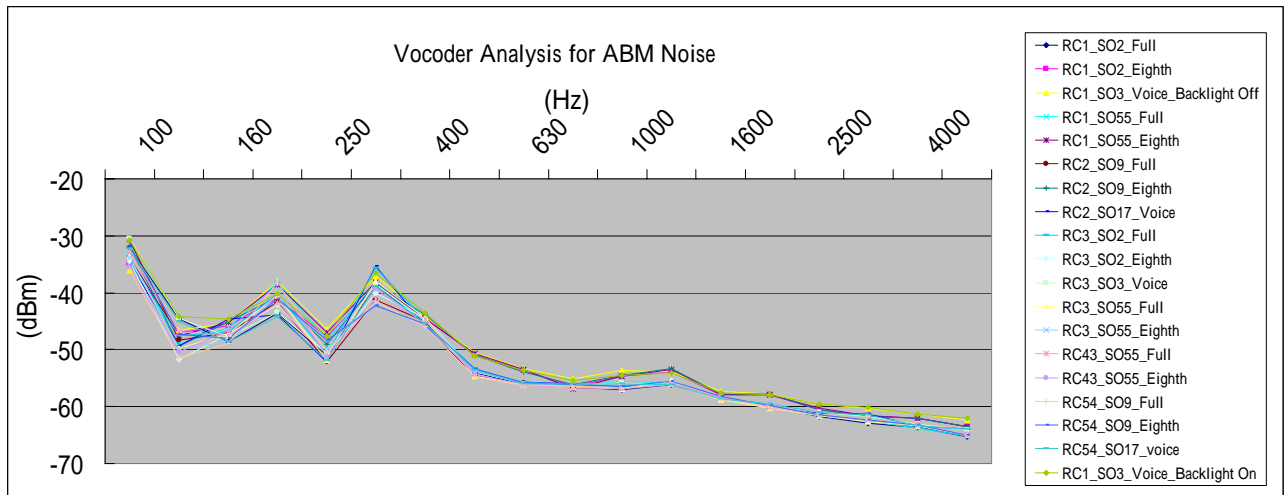
Gain 10 = -19.948 dBV  
Difference for -18 dBm0 = -23.516 - (-19.948) = -3.568 dB  
Gain factor =  $10^{((-3.568) / 20)} = 0.663$   
Resulting Gain =  $10 \times 0.663 = 6.63$

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	28.714
300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	56.234

**5.14 DUT Radio Configuration Selection**

During the ABM2 measurement, there was no audio signal passing through the DUT, meanwhile, the device was set at maximum RF power and high digital processing such as backlight on, display on, maximum volume, maximum panel contrast setting and without any external shielding case. The device was chosen from a variety of vocoders to be tested in the worst case ABM2 condition under RC1/SO3. The ABM2 summary as below:



**Fig. 5.10: Vocoder Analysis for ABM Noise**

The ABM2 measurement is implemented by applying digital filtering to the data stream of 48 kHz samples in the measurement window. The digital filters consist of an integrator, a high-pass and an A-filter. From the output, the numerical "ABM2" value is generated. This value is represented in the top of the data window in DASY. The intermediate results are not visible. The graphical representation of the ABM2 spectrum consists of the same data filtered with a bank of third-octave filters. In DASY system, the representation is directly in dB A/m without weighting. In the postprocessor representation, the spectral points are in addition scaled with the high-pass (half-band) and the A-weighting, and those results are final as shown in this report.

## 6 Description for DUT Testing Position

Figure 6.1 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical DUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to DUT with similar geometry.

- The grid is 5 cm by 5 cm area that is divided into 9 evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the DUT.
- The grid is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the DUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.



Fig. 6.1: A typical DUT reference and plane for HAC measurements



## 7 T-Coil Test Procedure

The following illustrate a typical test scan over a wireless communications device:

1. Geometry and signal check: system probe alignment, proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, other instrumentation, and the positioning system was confirmed. A surface calibration was performed before each setup change to ensure repeatable spacing and proper maintenance of the measurement plane using the test Arch.
2. Set the reference drive level of signal voice defined in C63.19 per 6.3.2.1, as shown in this report of section 5.12.
3. The ambient and test system background noise (dB A/m) was measured as well as ABM2 over the full measurement. The maximum noise level must be at least 10dB below the limit of C63.19 per 7.3.2.
4. The DUT was positioned in its intended test position, acoustic output point of the device perpendicular to the field probe.
5. The DUT operation for maximum rated RF output power was configured and connected by using of coaxial cable connection to the base station simulator at the test channel and other normal operating parameters as intended for the test. The battery was ensured to be fully charged before each test. The center sub-grid was centered over the center of the acoustic output (also audio band magnetic output, if applicable). The DUT audio output was positioned tangent (as physically possible) to the measurement plane.
6. The DUT's RF emission field was eliminated from T-coil results by using a well RF-shielding of the probe, AM1D, and by using of coaxial cable connection to a Base Station Simulator. One test channel was pre-measurement to avoid this possibility.
7. Determined the optimal measurement locations for the DUT by following the three steps, coarse resolution scan, fine resolution scans, and point measurement, as described in C63.19 per 6.3.4.4. At each measurement locations, samples in the measurement window duration were evaluated to get ABM1 and the signal spectrum. The noise measurement was performed after the scan with the signal, the same happened, just with the voice signal switched off. The ABM2 was calculated from this second scan.
  - (1) Coarse resolution scans (1 kHz signal at 50 x 50 mm grid area with 10 mm spacing). Only ABM1 was measured in order to find the location of T-Coil source.
  - (2) Fine resolution scans (1 kHz signal at 10 x 10 mm grid area with 2 mm spacing). The positioned appropriately based on optimal AMB1 of coarse resolution scan. Both ABM1 and ABM2 were measured in order to find the location of the SNR point.
  - (3) Point measurement (1 kHz signal) for ABM1 and ABM2 in axial, radial transverse and radial longitudinal. The positioned appropriately based on optimal SNR of fine resolution scan. The SNR was calculated for axial, radial transverse and radial longitudinal orientation.
  - (4) Point measurement (300Hz to 3 kHz signal) for frequency response in axial. The positioned appropriately based on optimal SNR of fine resolution axial scan.



8. All results resulting from a measurement point in a T-Coil job were calculated from the signal samples during this window interval. ABM values were averaged over the sequence of these samples.
9. At an optimal point measurement, the SNR (ABM1/ABM2) was calculated for axial, radial transverse and radial longitudinal orientation, and the frequency response was measured in axial axis.
10. Corrected for the frequency response after the DUT measurement since the DASY4 system had known the spectrum of the input signal by using a reference job, as shown in this report of section 5.12.
11. In SEMCAD post-processing, the spectral points are in addition scaled with the high-pass (half-band) and the A-weighting, bandwidth compensated factor (BWC) and those results are final as shown in this report.
12. Classified the signal quality based on the table 8.1: T-Coil Signal Quality Categories.



### 8 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 8.1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

**Table 8.1: T-Coil signal quality categories**

## 9 Summary of Measurement Result

### 9.1 Test Result

#### 9.1.1 Magnitude Result

The Table 9.1 shows testing result in position coordinates which are defined as deviation from earpiece center in millimeters. Axial measurement location was defined by the manufacture of the device. Signal strength measurement scans are presented in Annex A.

Probe Position	Band	Battery	Channel	Measurement Position (x mm, y mm)	Ambient Background Noise (dB A/m)	ABM2 (dB A/m)	ABM1 (dB A/m)	SNR (dB)	
Radial 1 (Longitudinal)	Cellular	1	1013	(6, -2)	-46.99	-24.79	-3.570	21.20	
			384	(6, 0)	-46.57	-24.01	-3.510	20.50	
			777	(6, -2)	-46.24	-25.98	-3.450	22.50	
		2	384	(6, -2)	-45.48	-24.69	-3.110	21.60	
			3	384	(-6, -2)	-45.64	-36.51	-2.010	34.50
				25	(-8, -2)	-46.01	-30.92	-2.720	28.20
	PCS	1	600	(-8, 0)	-47.65	-31.72	-2.870	28.80	
			1175	(-8, 0)	-46.39	-31.45	-1.610	29.80	
			2	25	(-6, 0)	-47.39	-30.05	-2.230	27.80
		3	25	(-8, 0)	-46.92	-44.71	-1.950	42.80	
Radial 2 (Transversal)	Cellular	1	1013	(0, -10)	-41.81	-37.90	-3.100	34.80	
			384	(-2, -8)	-41.50	-39.00	-3.880	35.10	
			777	(0, -10)	-42.96	-36.88	-3.540	33.30	
		2	384	(0, -8)	-42.60	-37.90	-2.990	34.90	
			3	384	(0, -8)	-42.20	-40.00	-3.720	36.30
				25	(-2, -8)	-40.42	-39.04	-3.270	35.80
	PCS	1	600	(0, -6)	-40.01	-38.84	-2.800	36.00	
			1175	(0, 8)	-39.15	-37.11	-3.080	34.00	
			2	25	(0, -8)	-39.37	-37.62	-2.700	34.90
		3	25	(-2, 8)	-39.68	-39.72	-3.270	36.40	
Axial	Cellular	1	1013	(-2, 0)	-52.23	-44.18	4.090	48.30	
			384	(0, 0)	-51.84	-42.62	4.890	47.50	
			777	(0, 0)	-52.33	-42.63	6.100	48.70	
		2	384	(0, 0)	-51.34	-41.55	5.150	46.70	
			3	384	(-2, 0)	-51.16	-38.14	4.500	42.60
				25	(0, 0)	-50.38	-42.72	5.190	47.90
	PCS	1	600	(-2, 0)	-50.69	-41.43	4.060	45.50	
			1175	(-2, -2)	-49.87	-41.82	4.560	46.40	
			2	25	(-2, 2)	-50.24	-43.26	4.840	48.10
		3	25	(0, 0)	-50.51	-38.19	4.290	42.50	

Table 9.1: Test Result for Various Positions

Remark:

1. This device does not support HAC and V.O.I.P. function. It means that the functions of WLAN and Bluetooth do not have voice capability in the held to ear mode.
2. The device was chosen to be tested in the worst case ABM2 condition under RC1/SO3.
3. The LCD backlight, Bluetooth and WLAN functions are turned off and volume is adjusted to maximum level during T-Coil test.





### 9.1.2 Frequency Response

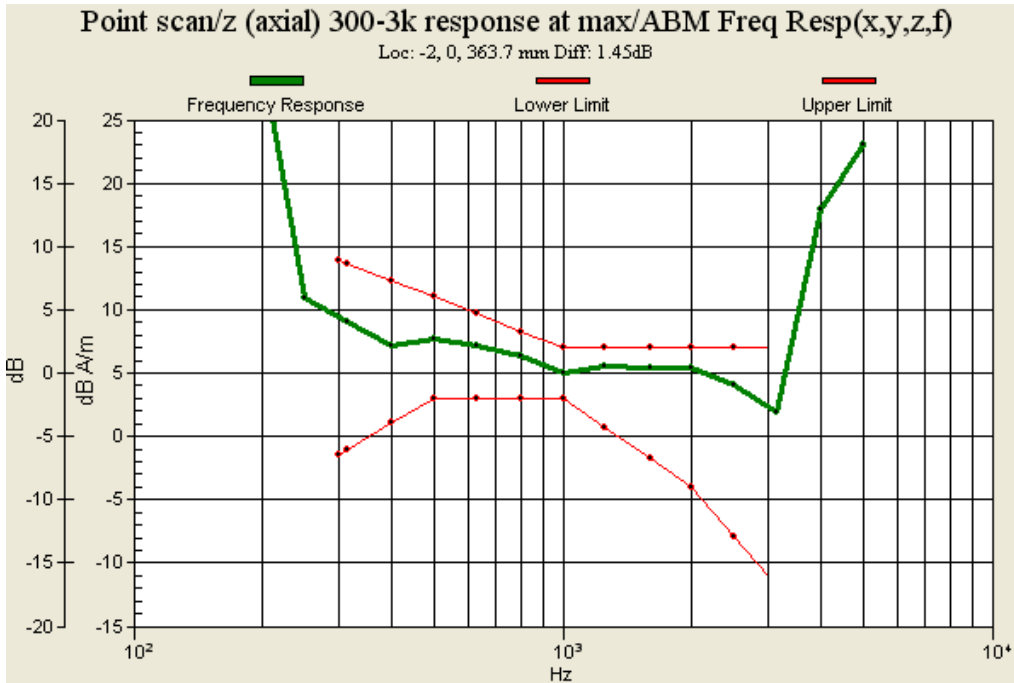


Fig. 9.1: Frequency Response of CDMA2000 Cellular Ch1013\_Battery 1

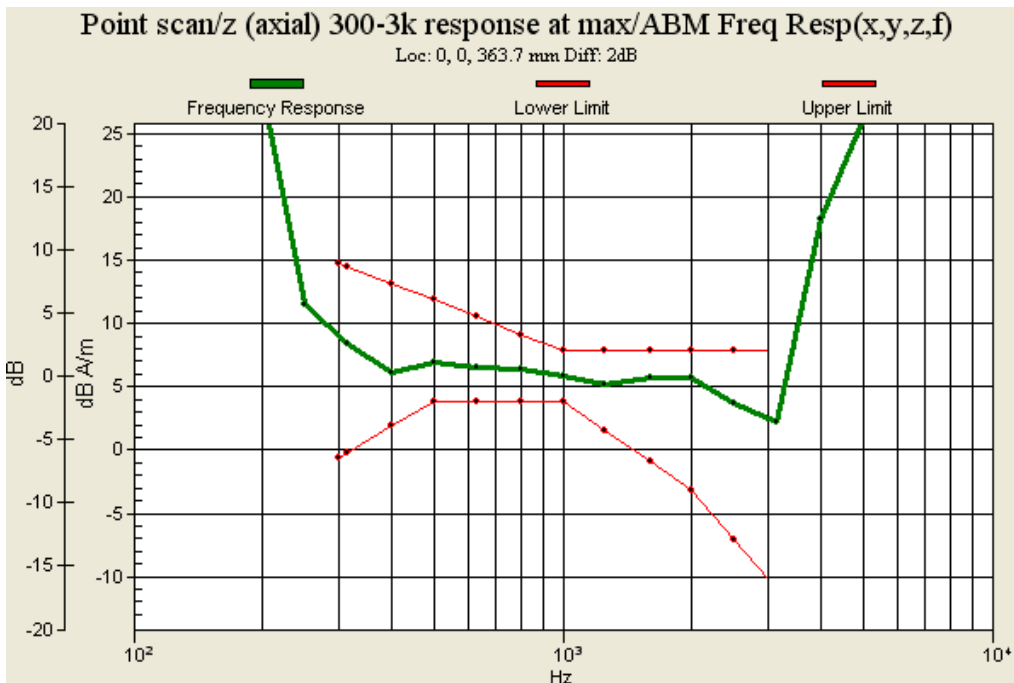


Fig. 9.2: Frequency Response of CDMA2000 Cellular Ch384\_Battery 1

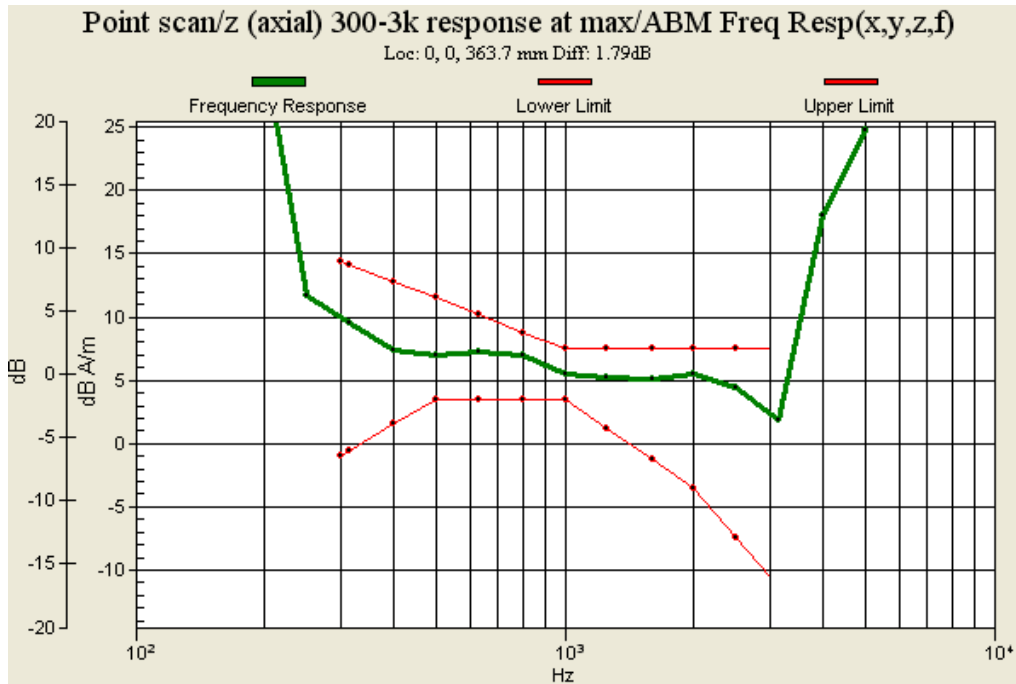


Fig. 9.2: Frequency Response of CDMA2000 Cellular Ch384\_Battery 2

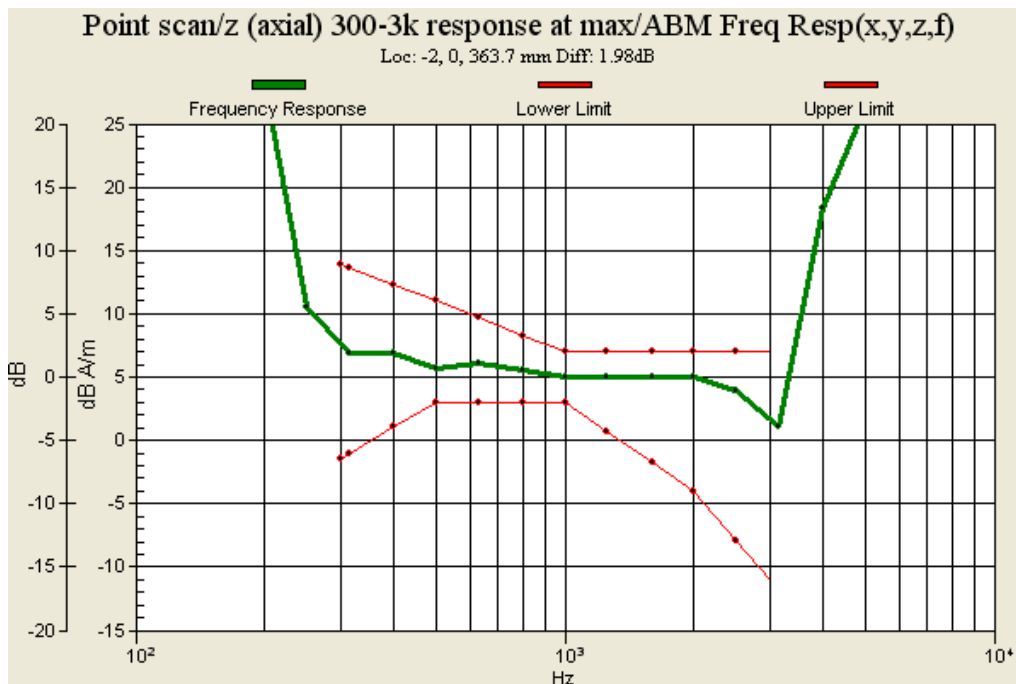


Fig. 9.2: Frequency Response of CDMA2000 Cellular Ch384\_Battery 3

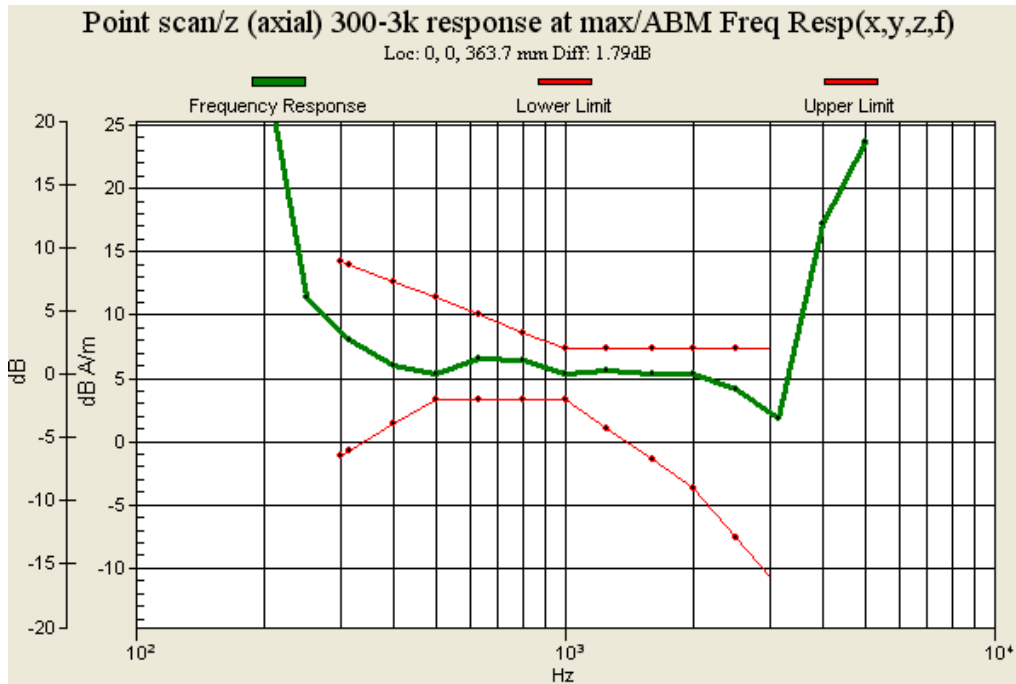


Fig. 9.3: Frequency Response of CDMA2000 Cellular Ch777\_Battery 1

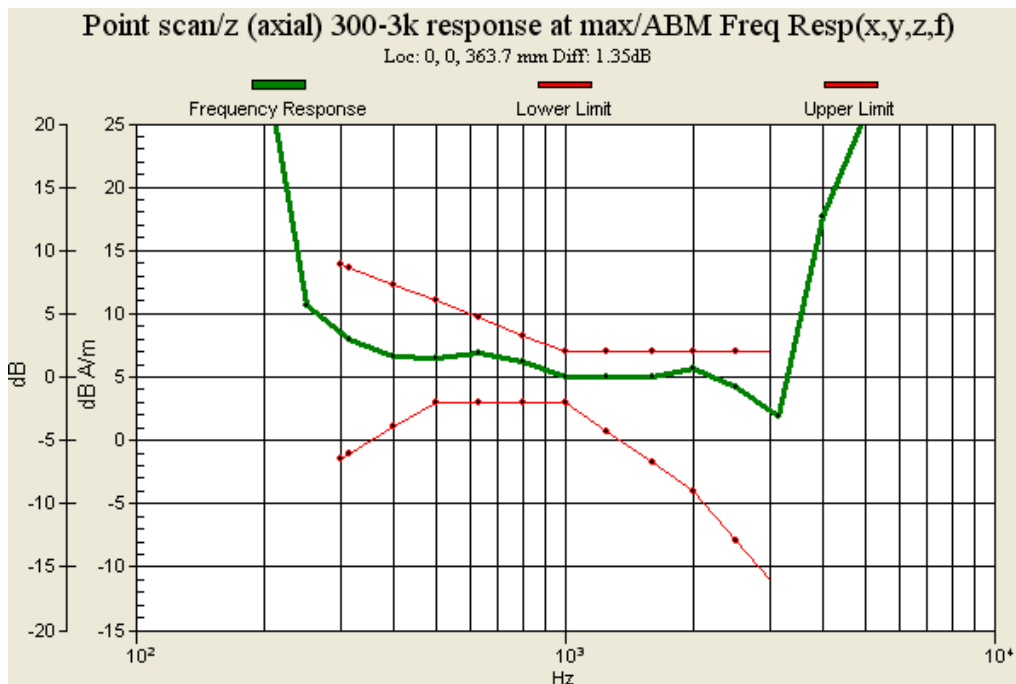


Fig. 9.4: Frequency Response of CDMA2000 PCS Ch25\_Battery 1

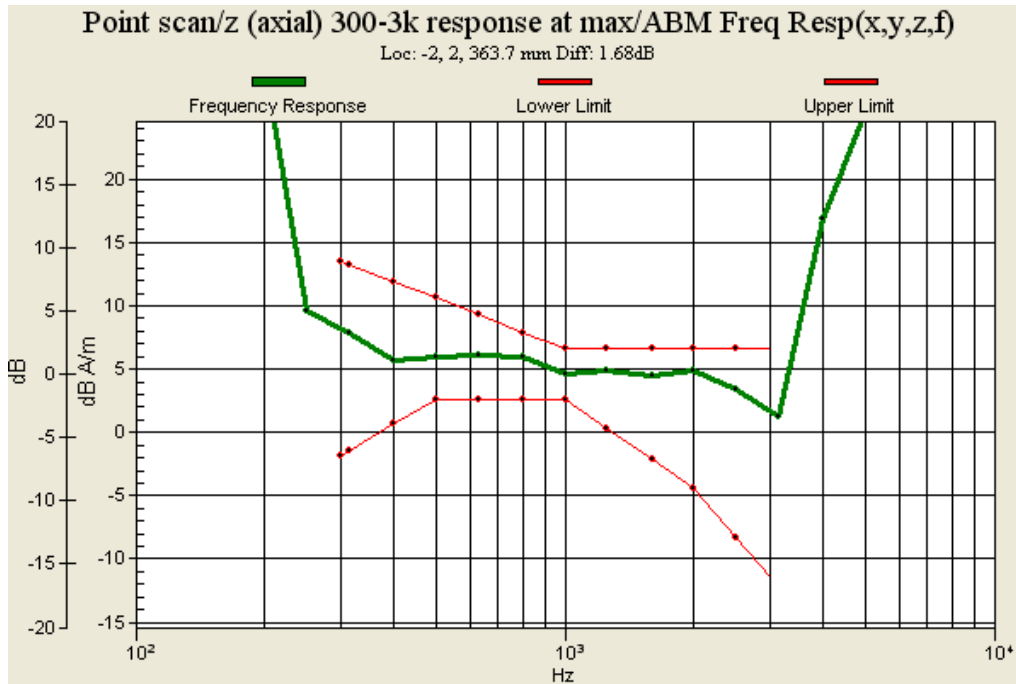


Fig. 9.4: Frequency Response of CDMA2000 PCS Ch25\_Battery 2

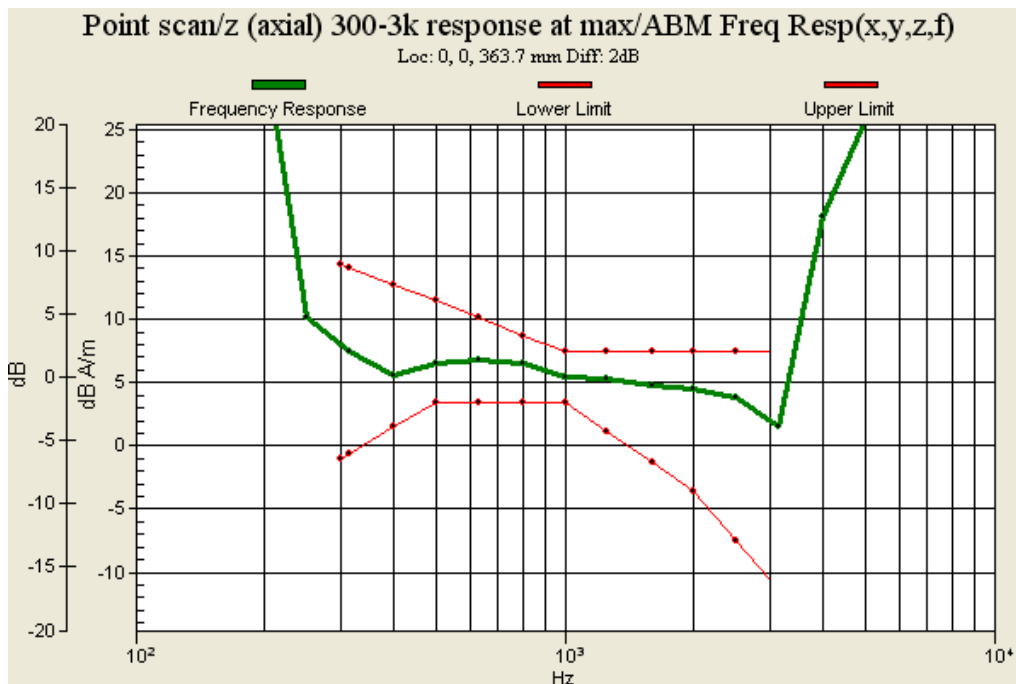


Fig. 9.4: Frequency Response of CDMA2000 PCS Ch25\_Battery 3

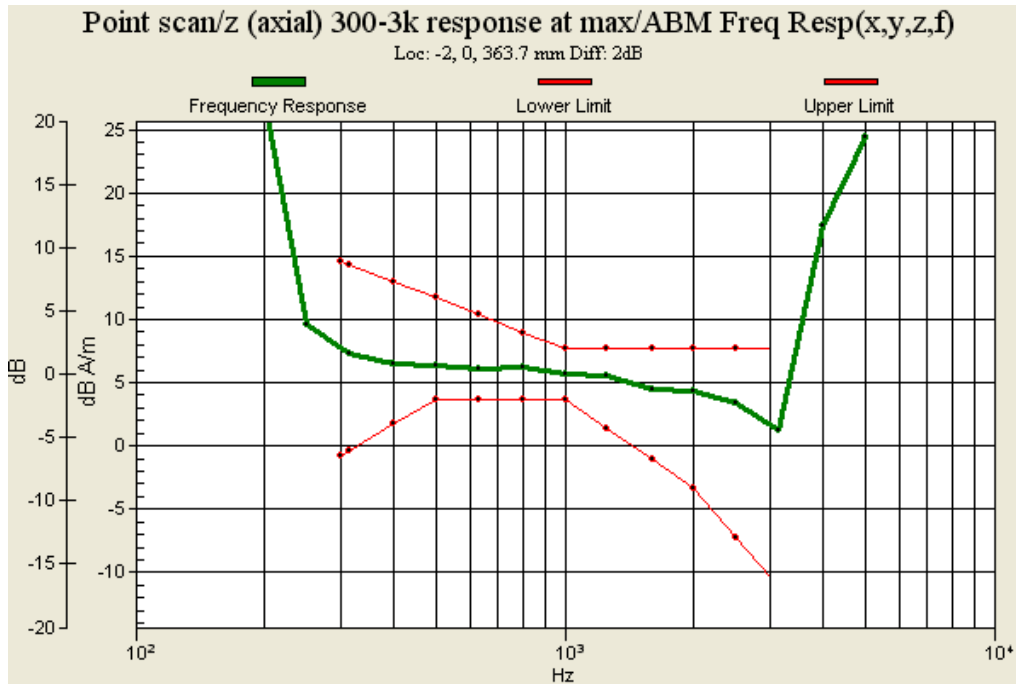


Fig. 9.5: Frequency Response of CDMA2000 PCS Ch600\_Battery 1

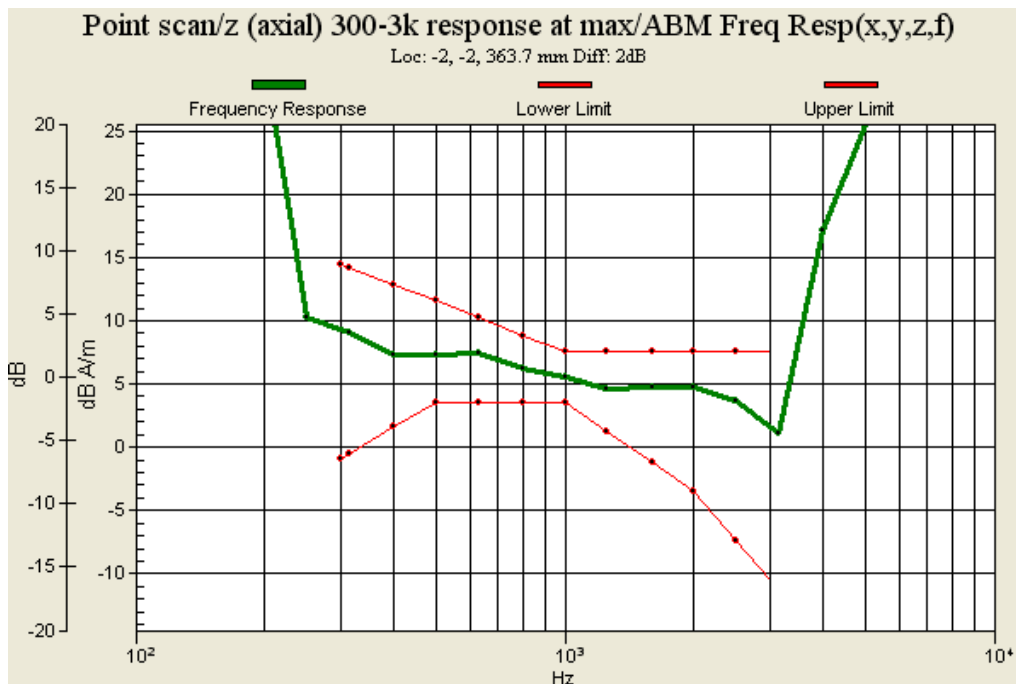


Fig. 9.6: Frequency Response of CDMA2000 PCS Ch1175\_Battery 1



**9.2 T-Coil Coupling Field Intensity**

**9.2.1 Axial Field Intensity**

Band	Minimum limit (dB A/m)	Result (dB A/m)	Verdict
Cellular	-18	4.09	Pass
PCS	-18	4.06	Pass

**9.2.2 Radial Field Intensity**

Band	Minimum limit (dB A/m)	Result (dB A/m)	Verdict
Cellular	-18	-3.88	Pass
PCS	-18	-3.27	Pass

**9.2.3 Frequency Response at Axial Measurement Point**

Band	Verdict
Cellular	Pass
PCS	Pass

**9.2.4 Signal Quality**

Band	Minimum limit (dB)				Minimum Result (dB)	Verdict
	T1	T2	T3	T4		
Cellular	0	10	20	>30	20.5	T3
PCS	0	10	20	>30	27.8	T3



### 10 Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 10.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-shape
Multiplying factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

Table 10.1: Uncertainty classification

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY4 uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 10.2.



Error Description	Uncertainty Value ( $\pm$ %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) ABM1	(Ci) ABM2	Std. Unc. ABM1	Std. Unc. ABM2
<b>Probe Sensitivity</b>							
Reference Level	$\pm 3.0\%$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 3.0\%$	$\pm 3.0\%$
AMCC Geometry	$\pm 0.4\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.2\%$	$\pm 0.2\%$
AMCC Current	$\pm 0.6\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.145	$\pm 0.4\%$	$\pm 0.4\%$
Probe Positioning during Calibration	$\pm 0.1\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.1\%$	$\pm 0.1\%$
Noise Contribution	$\pm 0.7\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.0143	1	$\pm 0.0\%$	$\pm 0.4\%$
Frequency Slope	$\pm 5.9\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\pm 3.5\%$
<b>Probe System</b>							
Repeatability/Drift	$\pm 1.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$
Linearity/Dynamic Range	$\pm 0.6\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.4\%$	$\pm 0.4\%$
Acoustic Noise	$\pm 1.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.1	1	$\pm 0.1\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$
Probe Angle	$\pm 2.3\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.4\%$	$\pm 1.4\%$
Spectral Processing	$\pm 0.9\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.5\%$	$\pm 0.5\%$
Integration Time	$\pm 0.6\%$	Normal	1	1	5	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 3.0\%$
Field Distribution	$\pm 0.2\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.1\%$	$\pm 0.1\%$
<b>Test Signal</b>							
Ref. Signal Spectral Response	$\pm 0.6\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	$\pm 0.0\%$	$\pm 0.4\%$
<b>Positioning</b>							
Probe Positioning	$\pm 1.9\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.1\%$	$\pm 1.1\%$
Phantom Thickness	$\pm 0.9\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.5\%$	$\pm 0.5\%$
DUT Positioning	$\pm 1.9\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.1\%$	$\pm 1.1\%$
<b>External Contributions</b>							
RF Interference	$\pm 0.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.3	$\pm 0.0\%$	$\pm 0.0\%$
Test Signal Variation	$\pm 2.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.2\%$	$\pm 1.2\%$
<b>Combined Uncertainty</b>							
Combined Std. Uncertainty (ABM Field)						$\pm 4.1\%$	$\pm 6.1\%$
<b>Expanded Std. Uncertainty</b>						<b><math>\pm 8.1\%</math></b>	<b><math>\pm 12.3\%</math></b>

Table 10.2: Uncertainty of audio band magnetic measurements





## **11 References**

- [1] NSI C63.19-2007, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids"
- [2] DASY4 System Hand book.
- [3] SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices CDMA 2000/Ev-Do/WCDMA/HSDPA, June 2006 Laboratory Division Office of Engineering and Technology Federal Communications Commission
- [4] 3.1.2.3.4 Maximum RF Output Power 3GPP2 C.S0033-0 Version 2.0, Date: 12 December 2003 Recommended Minimum Performance Standards for cdma2000 High Rate Packet Data Access Terminal
- [5] May 9, 2006 Preliminary Guidance for Reviewing Applications for Certification of 3G Devices.



## Appendix A – HAC Measurement Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch1013\_X longitudinal\_Battery 1

DUT: 920507-01

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

### Coarse Scans/x (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

### Cursor:

ABM1 comp = -5.48 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 5, -5, 363.7 mm

### Fine scan/x (longitudinal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

### Cursor:

ABM1 comp = -3.26 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 6, -2, 363.7 mm

### Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -3.57 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB

Location: 6, -2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.714

Measure Window Start: 0ms

Measure Window Length: 2000ms

BWC applied: 0.15103 dB

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

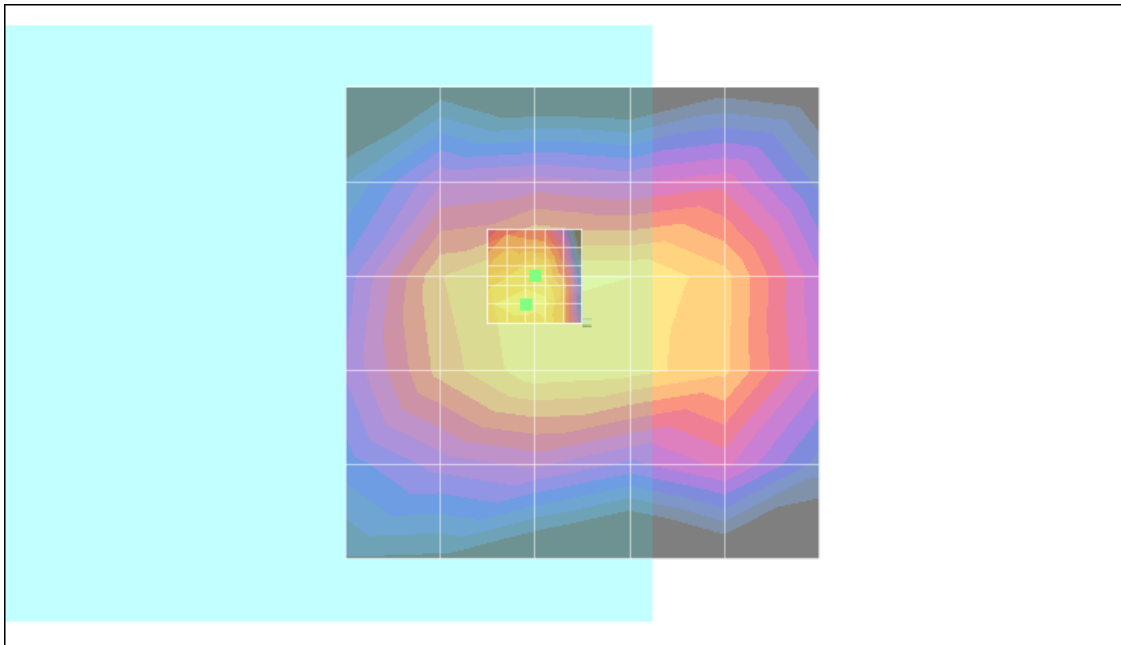
**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 21.2 dB

ABM1 comp = -3.57 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB

Location: 6, -2, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch1013\_Y transversal\_Battery 1**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/y (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -7.50 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/y (transversal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -3.15 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -10, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/y (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

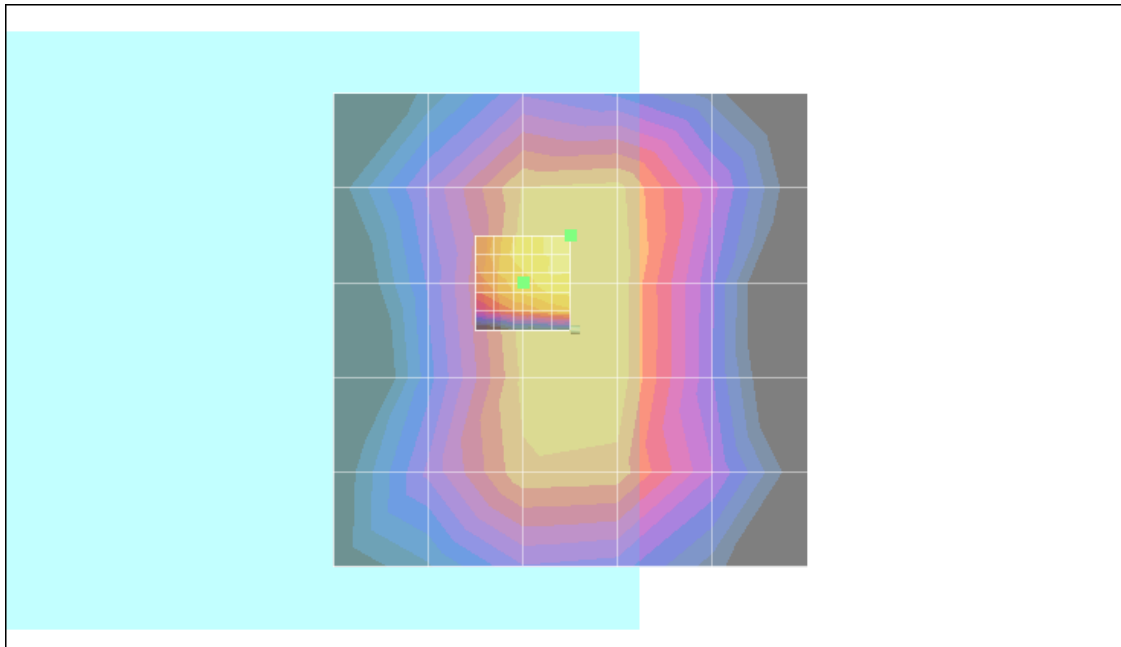
ABM1 comp = -3.10 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -10, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/ (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 34.8 dB  
ABM1 comp = -3.10 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -10, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch1013\_Z Axial\_Battery 1**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/z (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 1.26 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/z (axial) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 5.58 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 4.09 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

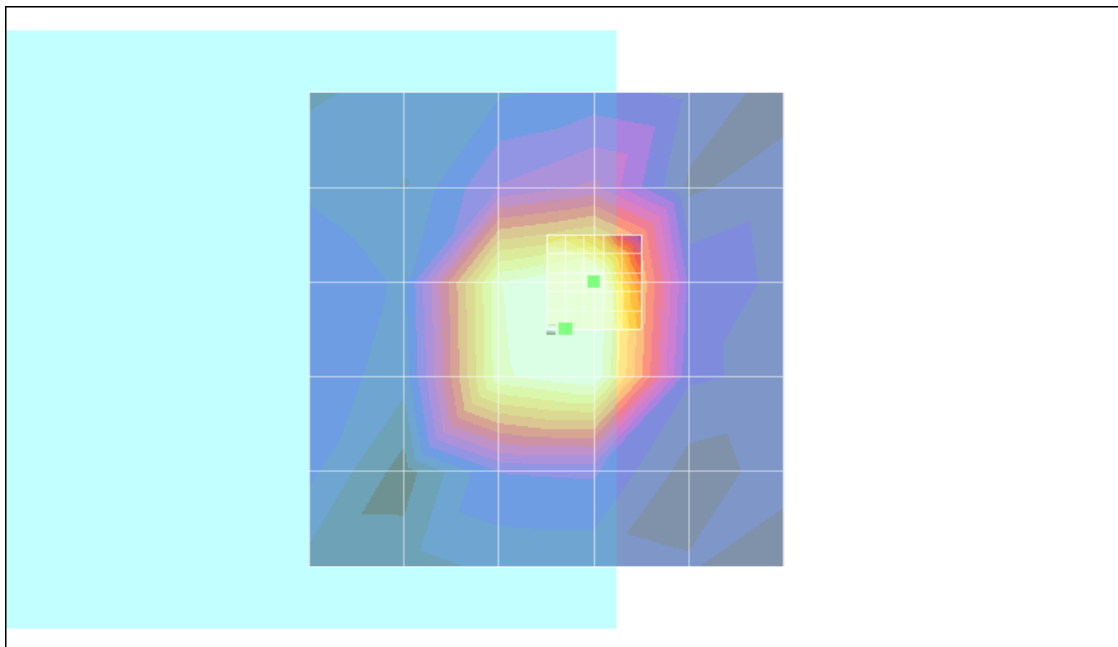
ABM1/ABM2 = 48.3 dB  
ABM1 comp = 4.09 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) 300-3k response at max/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_300-3000\_2s.wav  
Output Gain: 56.234  
Measure Window Start: 2000ms  
Measure Window Length: 4000ms  
BWC applied: 10.8 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

Diff = 1.45 dB  
BWC Factor = 10.8 dB  
Location: -2, 0, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch384\_X longitudinal\_Battery 1**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/x (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -4.87 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/x (longitudinal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -3.29 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 6, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm





**Cursor:**

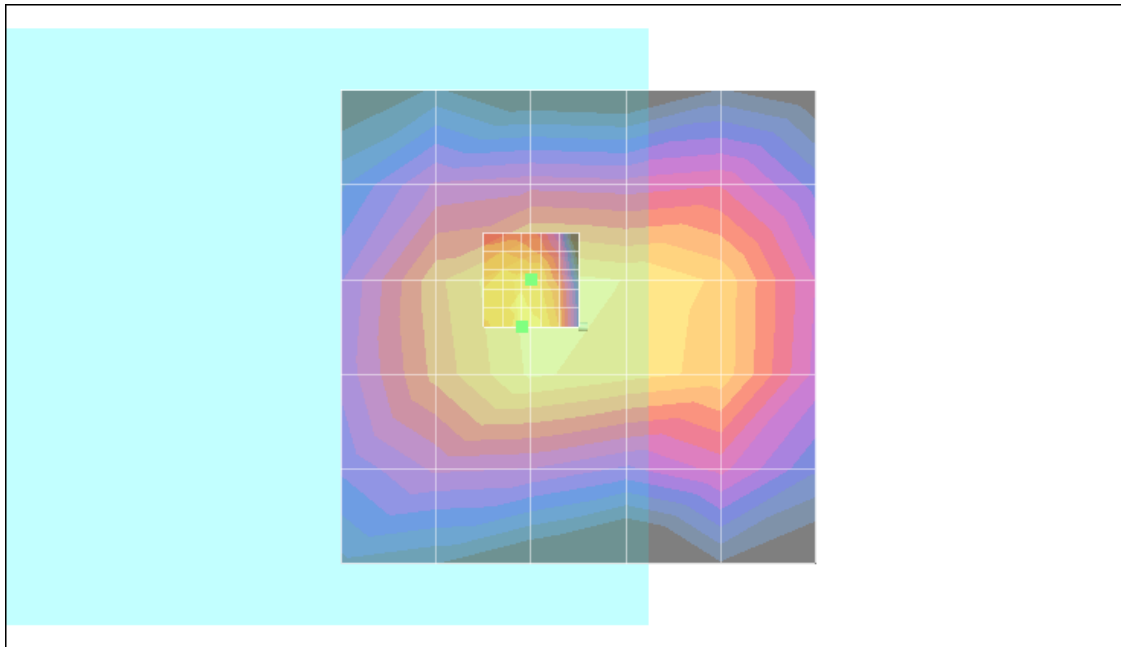
ABM1 comp = -3.51 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 6, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 20.5 dB  
ABM1 comp = -3.51 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 6, 0, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Y transversa\_Battery 1**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.4 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/y (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -6.49 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/y (transversal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -2.98 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, -8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/y (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

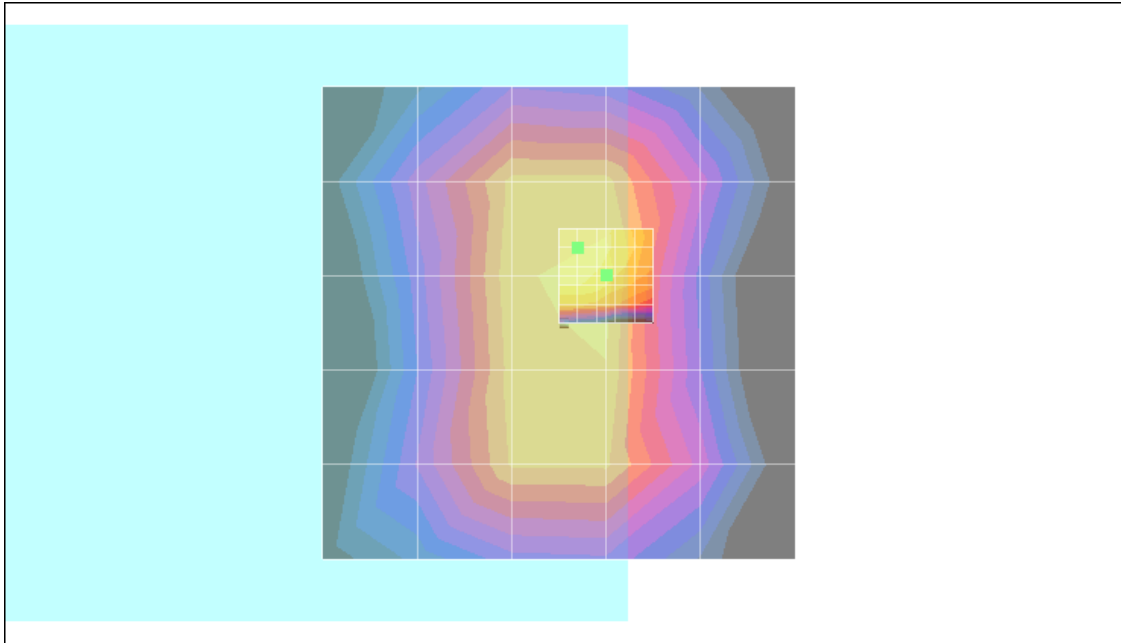
ABM1 comp = -3.88 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, -8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/ (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 35.1 dB  
ABM1 comp = -3.88 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, -8, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Z Axial\_Battery 1**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/z (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 1.26 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/z (axial) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 5.81 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 4.89 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

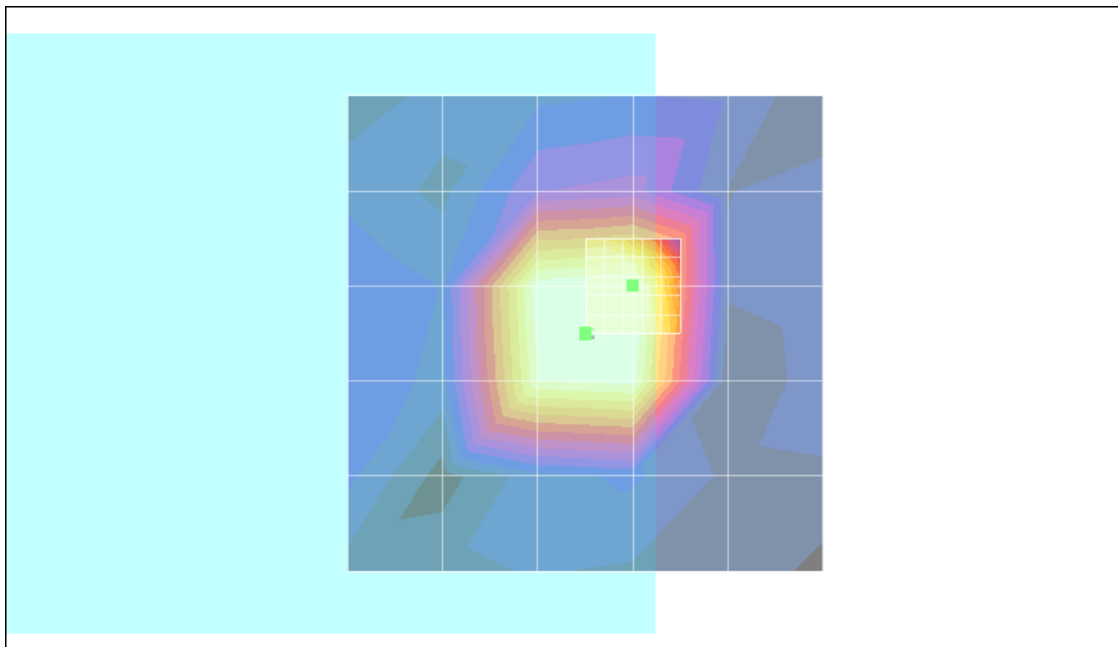
ABM1/ABM2 = 47.5 dB  
ABM1 comp = 4.89 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) 300-3k response at max/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_300-3000\_2s.wav  
Output Gain: 56.234  
Measure Window Start: 2000ms  
Measure Window Length: 4000ms  
BWC applied: 10.8 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

Diff = 2.00 dB  
BWC Factor = 10.8 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch384\_X longitudinal\_Battery 2**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/x (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -4.43 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/x (longitudinal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -2.86 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 6, -2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

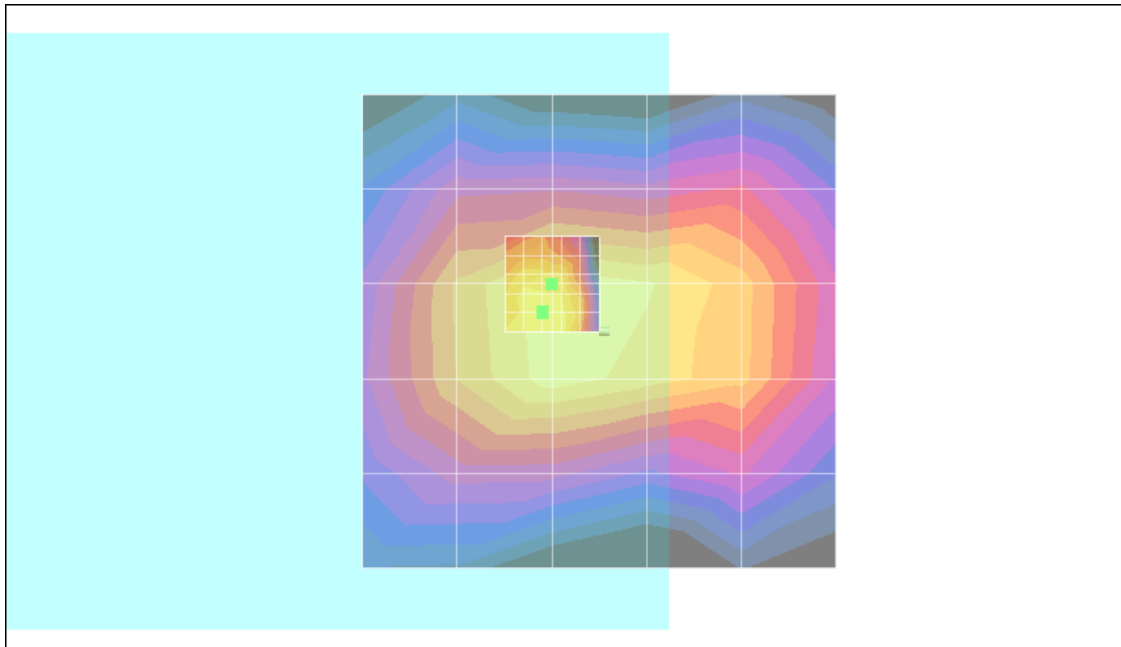
ABM1 comp = -3.11 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 6, -2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 21.6 dB  
ABM1 comp = -3.11 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 6, -2, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Y transversal\_Battery 2**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/y (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -6.66 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/y (transversal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -2.86 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/y (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm





**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -2.99 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB

Location: 0, -8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/ (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.714

Measure Window Start: 0ms

Measure Window Length: 2000ms

BWC applied: 0.15103 dB

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

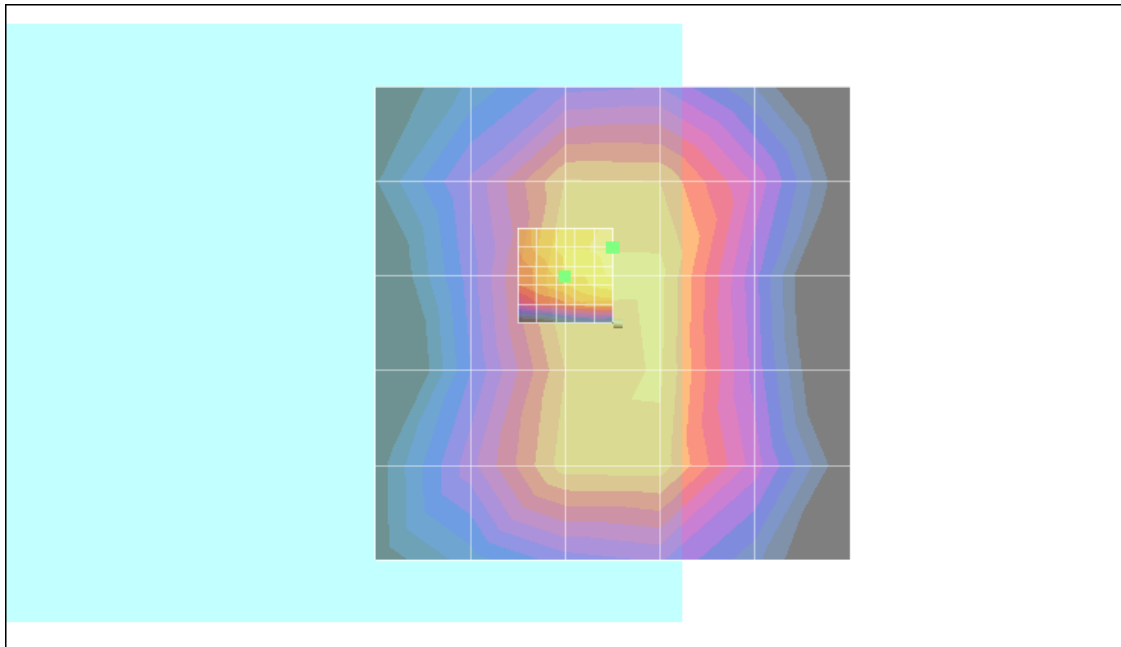
**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 34.9 dB

ABM1 comp = -2.99 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB

Location: 0, -8, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Z Axial\_Battery 2**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/z (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 0.346 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/z (axial) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 6.40 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 5.15 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

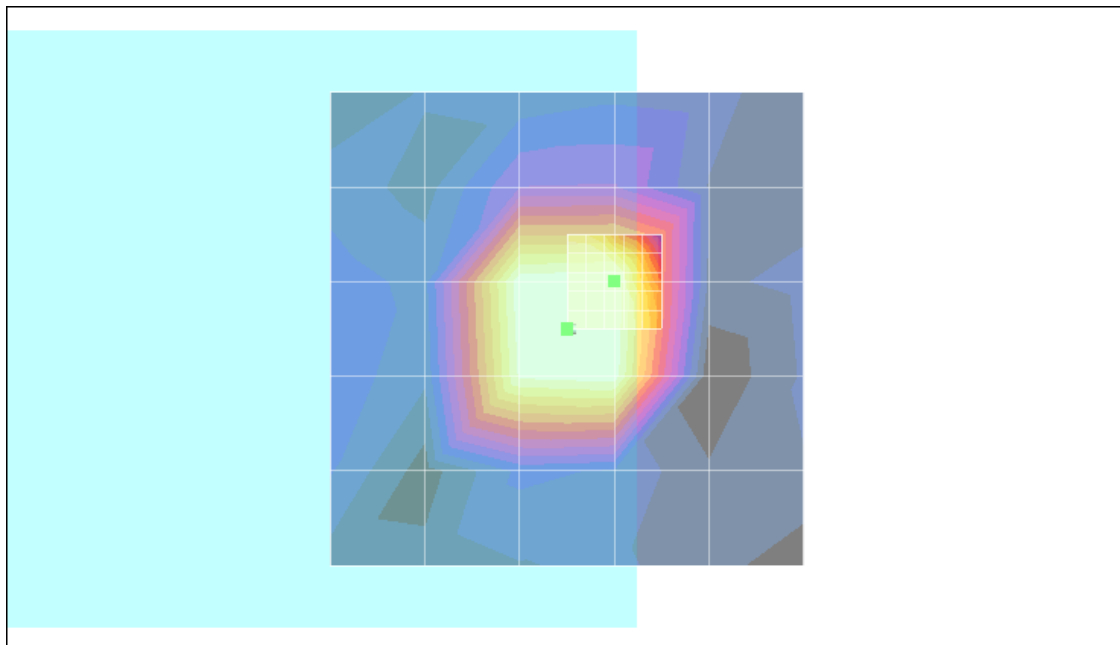
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.7 dB  
ABM1 comp = 5.15 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) 300-3k response at max/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_300-3000\_2s.wav  
Output Gain: 56.234  
Measure Window Start: 2000ms  
Measure Window Length: 4000ms  
BWC applied: 10.8 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

Diff = 1.79 dB  
BWC Factor = 10.8 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch384\_X longitudinal\_Battery 3**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/x (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -4.85 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/x (longitudinal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -2.34 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -6, -2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

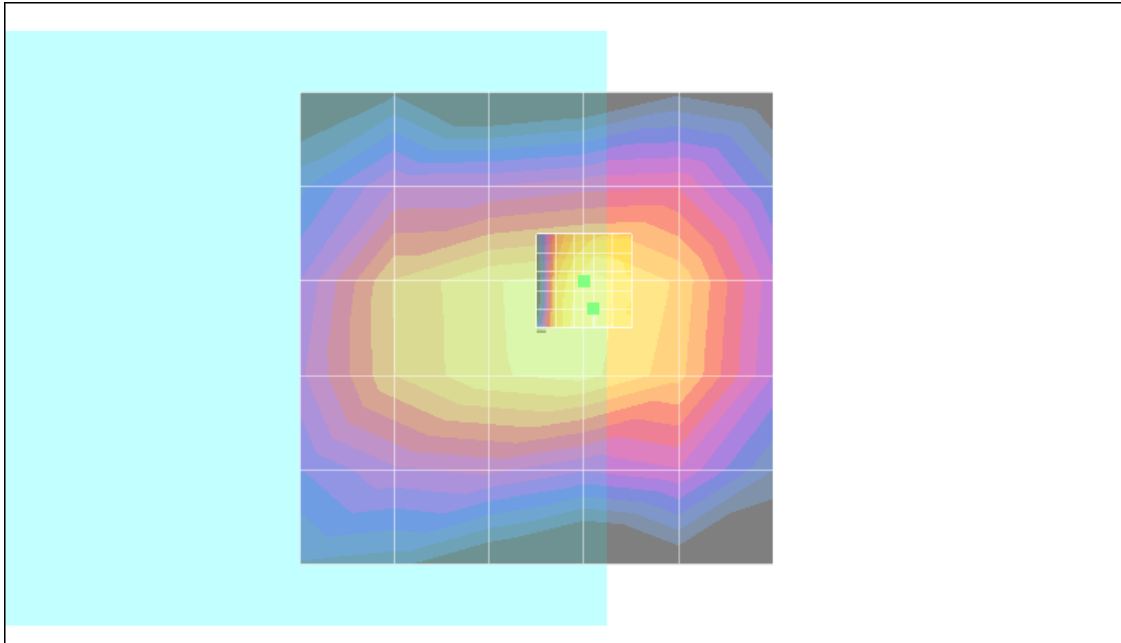
ABM1 comp = -2.01 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -6, -2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 34.5 dB  
ABM1 comp = -2.01 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -6, -2, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Y transversal\_Battery 3**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.4 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/y (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -6.71 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/y (transversal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -2.74 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/y (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

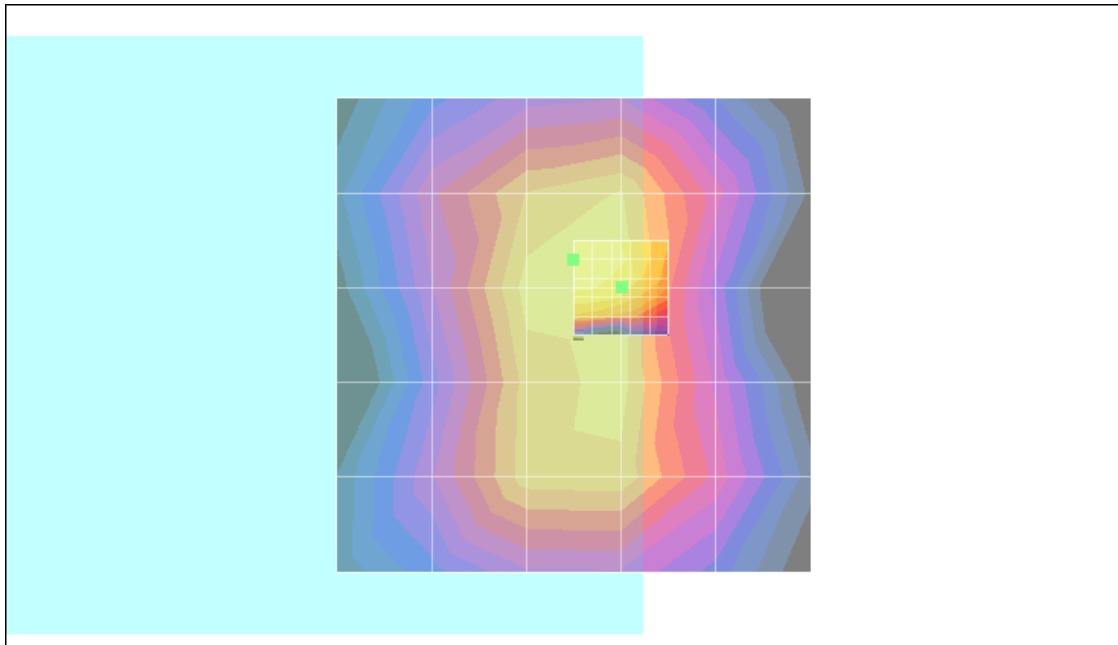
ABM1 comp = -3.72 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/y (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 36.3 dB  
ABM1 comp = -3.72 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -8, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch384\_Z Axial\_Battery 3**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.4 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/z (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 0.209 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/z (axial) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 5.22 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm





**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 4.50 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

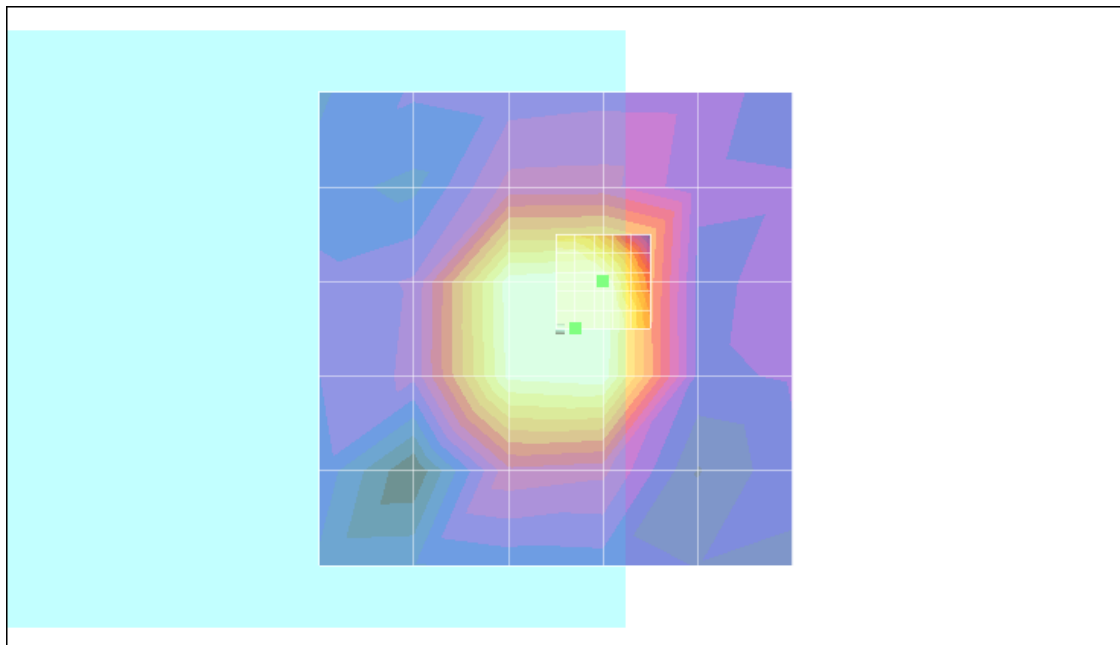
ABM1/ABM2 = 42.6 dB  
ABM1 comp = 4.50 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) 300-3k response at max/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_300-3000\_2s.wav  
Output Gain: 56.234  
Measure Window Start: 2000ms  
Measure Window Length: 4000ms  
BWC applied: 10.8 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

Diff = 1.98 dB  
BWC Factor = 10.8 dB  
Location: -2, 0, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch777\_X longitudinal\_Battery 1**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/x (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -4.91 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/x (longitudinal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.150005 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -3.32 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.150005 dB  
Location: 6, -2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

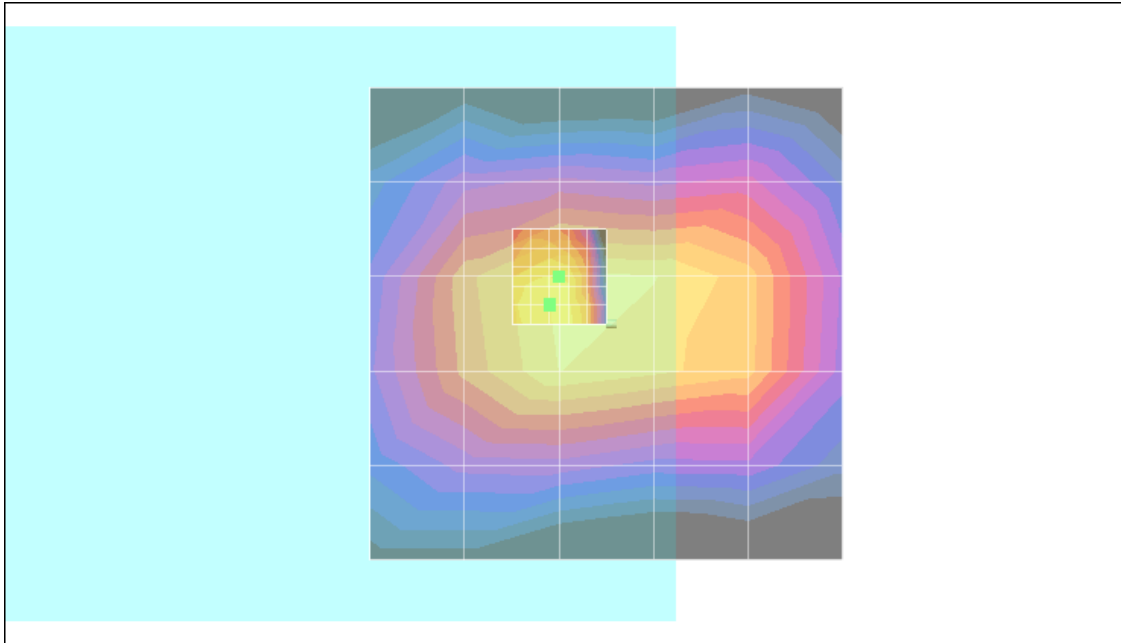
ABM1 comp = -3.45 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 6, -2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 22.5 dB  
ABM1 comp = -3.45 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 6, -2, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch777\_Y transversal\_Battery 1**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/y (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -7.08 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/y (transversal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.150005 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -3.07 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.150005 dB  
Location: 0, -10, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/y (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

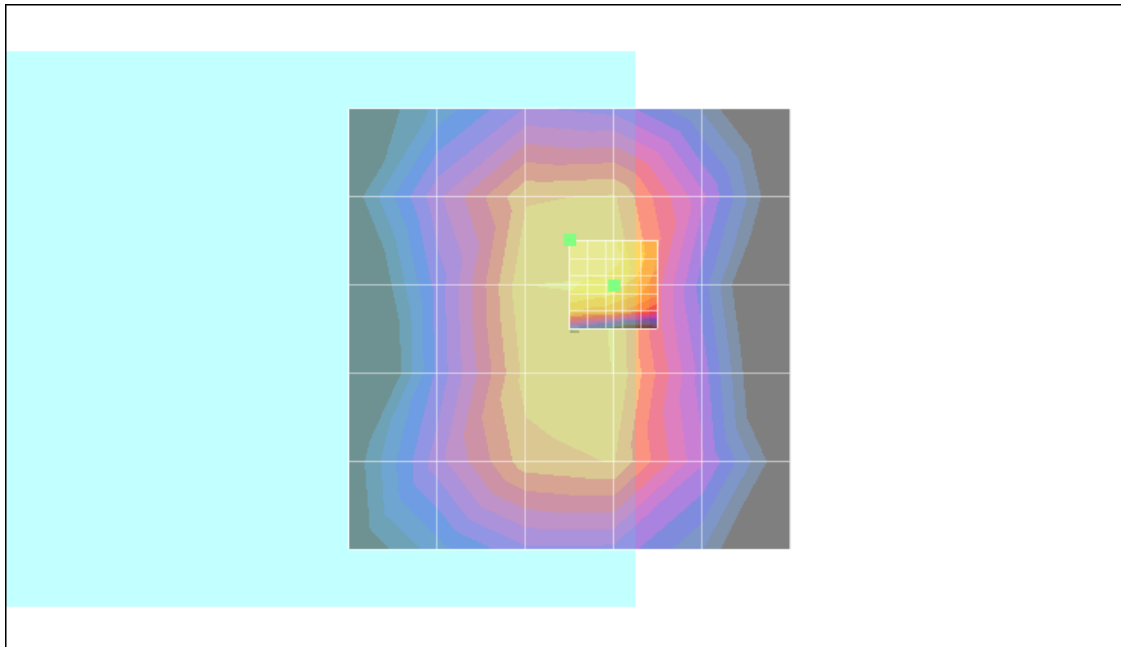
ABM1 comp = -3.54 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -10, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/ (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 33.3 dB  
ABM1 comp = -3.54 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -10, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA850 Ch777\_Z Axial\_Battery 1**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/z (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 1.11 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/z (axial) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.150005 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 5.59 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.150005 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 6.10 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

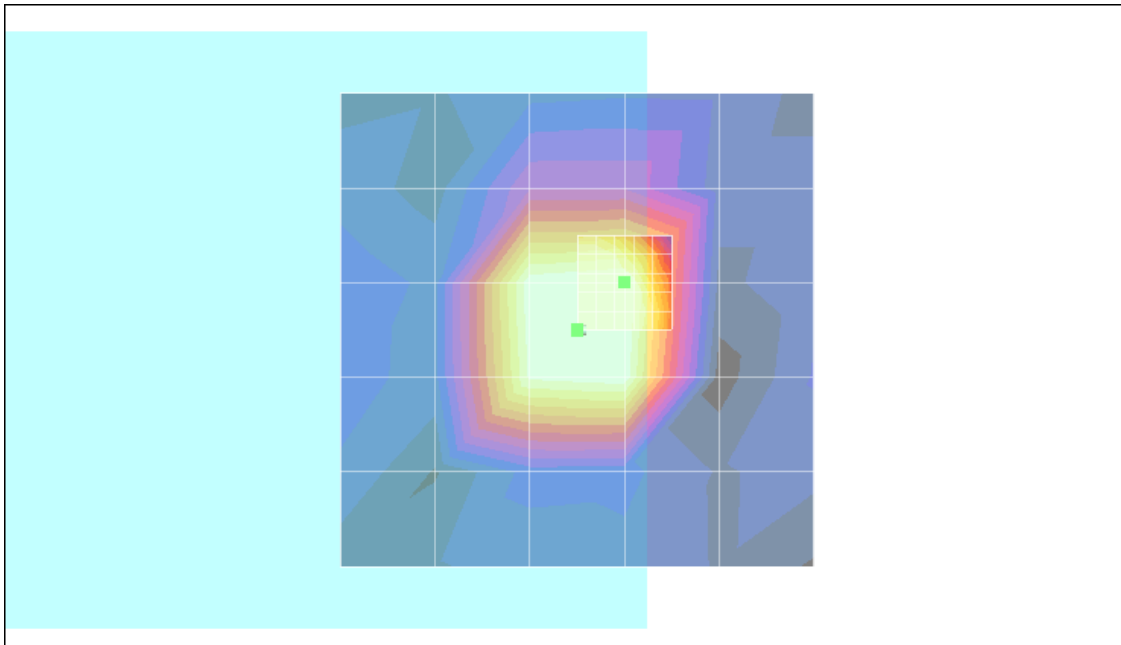
ABM1/ABM2 = 48.7 dB  
ABM1 comp = 6.10 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) 300-3k response at max/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_300-3000\_2s.wav  
Output Gain: 56.234  
Measure Window Start: 2000ms  
Measure Window Length: 4000ms  
BWC applied: 10.8 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

Diff = 1.79 dB  
BWC Factor = 10.8 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch25\_\_Battery 1X longitudinal**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/x (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -3.98 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/x (longitudinal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -1.94 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -8, -2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm





**Cursor:**

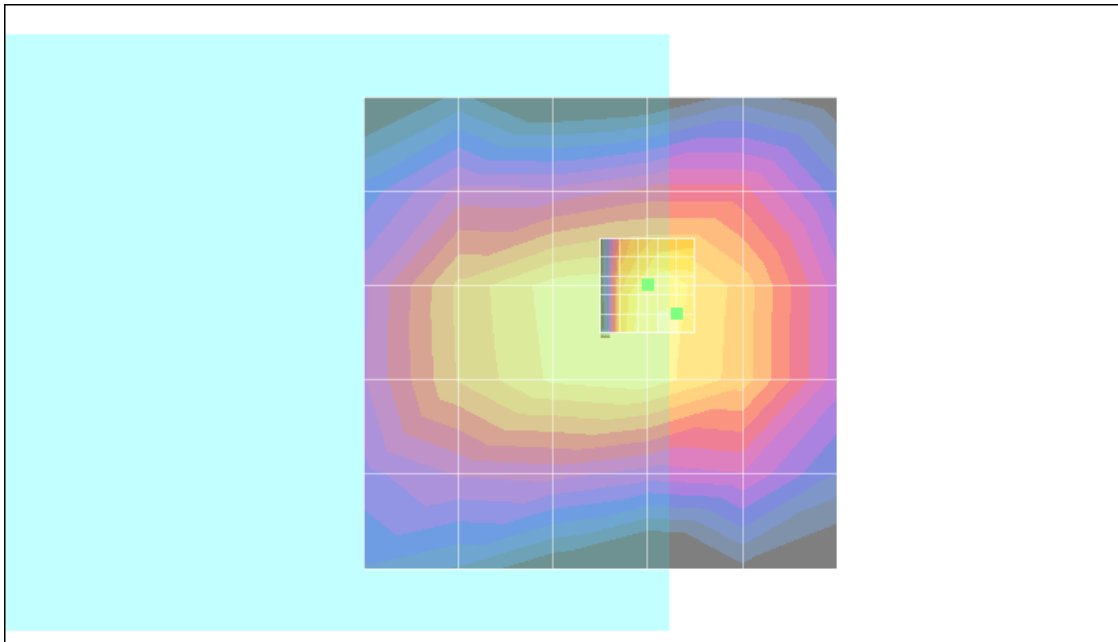
ABM1 comp = -2.72 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -8, -2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 28.2 dB  
ABM1 comp = -2.72 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -8, -2, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch25\_Battery 1\_Y transversal**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/y (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -6.12 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/y (transversal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -2.63 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, -8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/y (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -3.27 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB

Location: -2, -8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/ (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.714

Measure Window Start: 0ms

Measure Window Length: 2000ms

BWC applied: 0.15103 dB

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

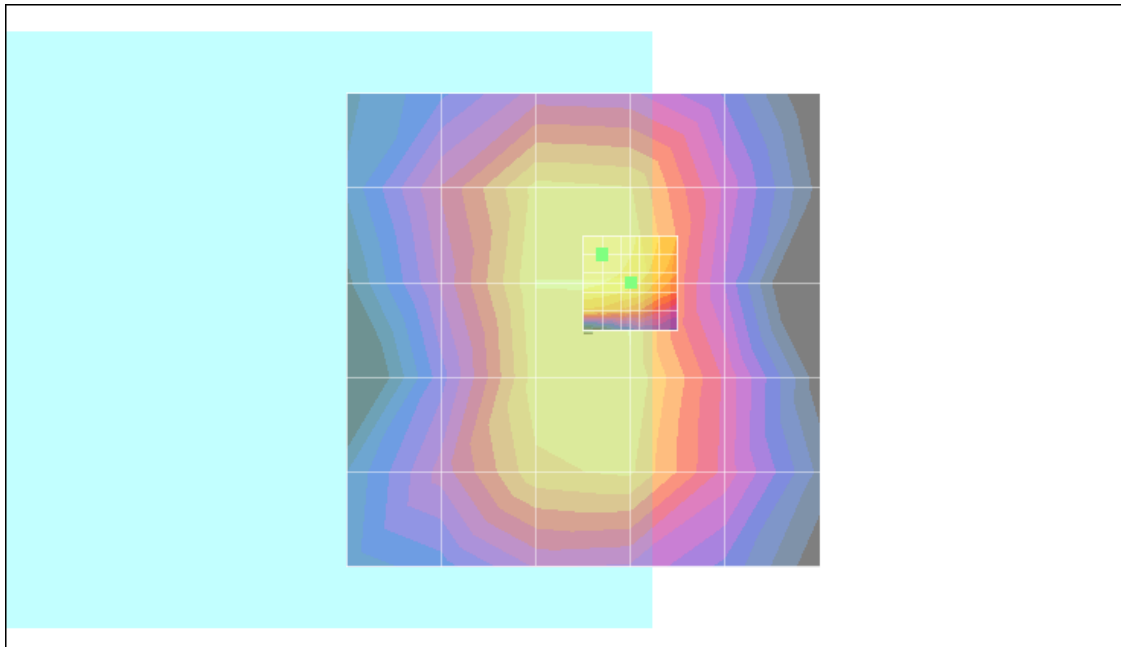
**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 35.8 dB

ABM1 comp = -3.27 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB

Location: -2, -8, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch25\_Battery 1\_Z Axial**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/z (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 0.514 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/z (axial) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 5.27 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 5.19 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

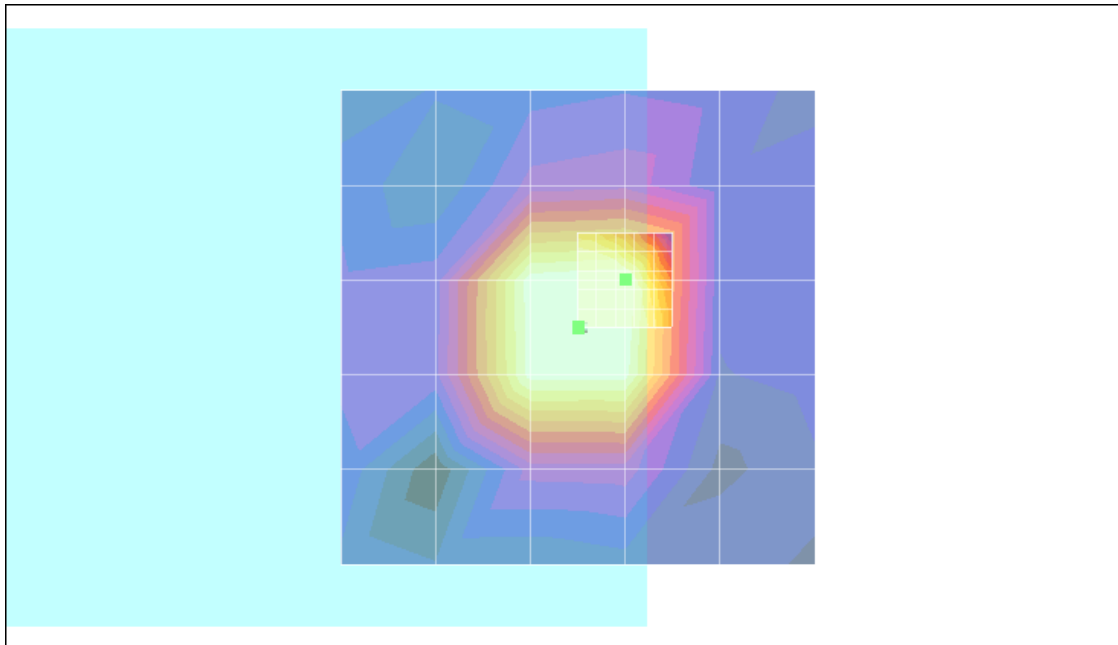
ABM1/ABM2 = 47.9 dB  
ABM1 comp = 5.19 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) 300-3k response at max/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_300-3000\_2s.wav  
Output Gain: 56.234  
Measure Window Start: 2000ms  
Measure Window Length: 4000ms  
BWC applied: 10.8 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

Diff = 1.35 dB  
BWC Factor = 10.8 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch25\_Battery 2\_X longitudinal**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/x (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -4.67 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/x (longitudinal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -1.94 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -6, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

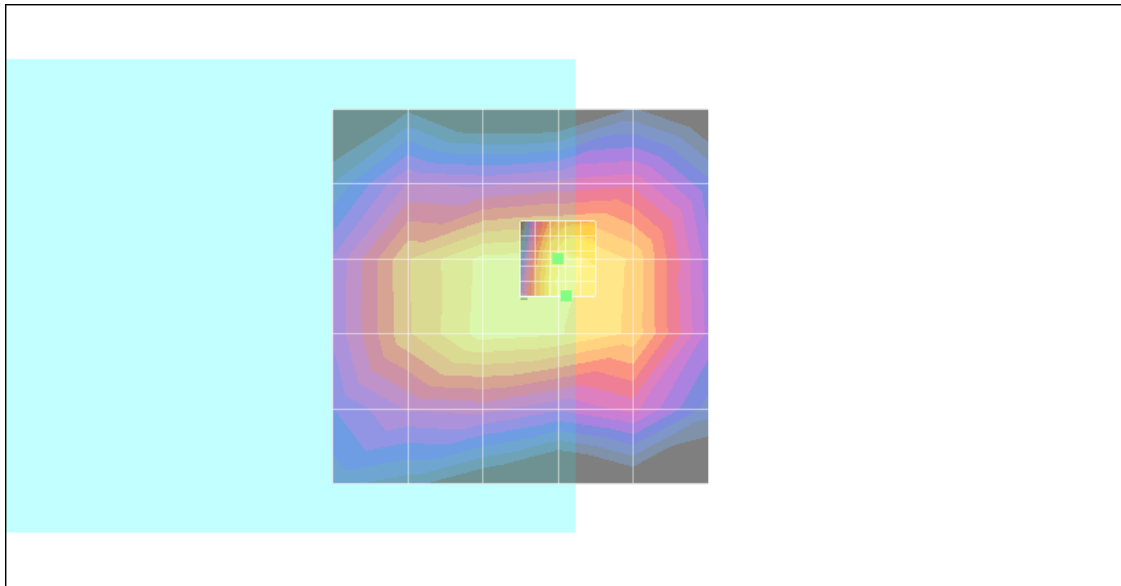
ABM1 comp = -2.23 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -6, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 27.8 dB  
ABM1 comp = -2.23 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -6, 0, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch25\_Battery 2\_Y transversal**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/y (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -6.29 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/y (transversal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -2.19 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/y (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm





**Cursor:**

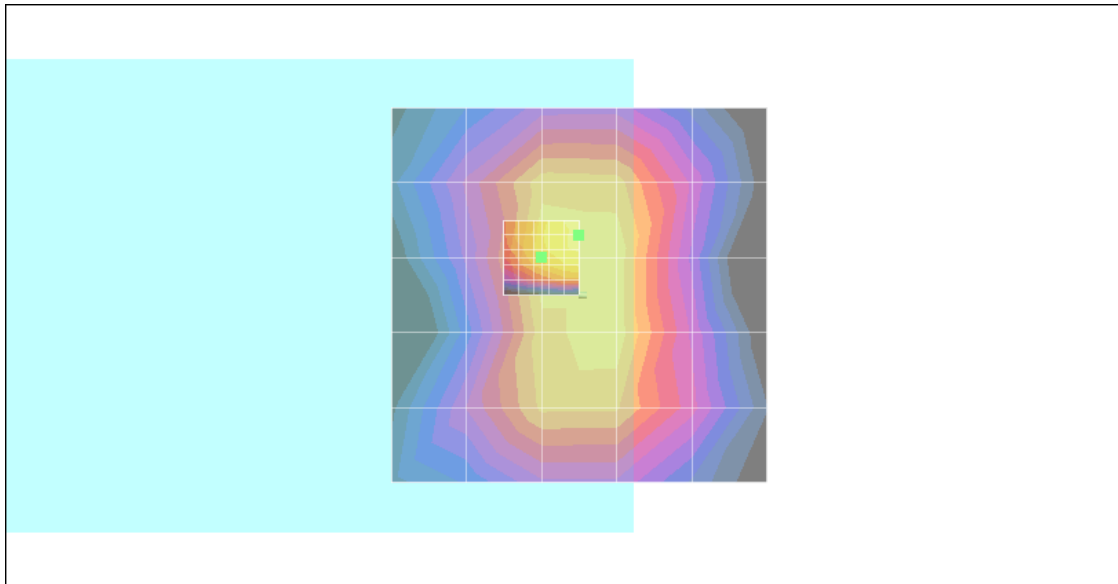
ABM1 comp = -2.70 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/ (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 34.9 dB  
ABM1 comp = -2.70 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -8, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch25\_Battery 2\_Z Axial**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/z (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 0.471 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, 5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/z (axial) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 5.15 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 4.84 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

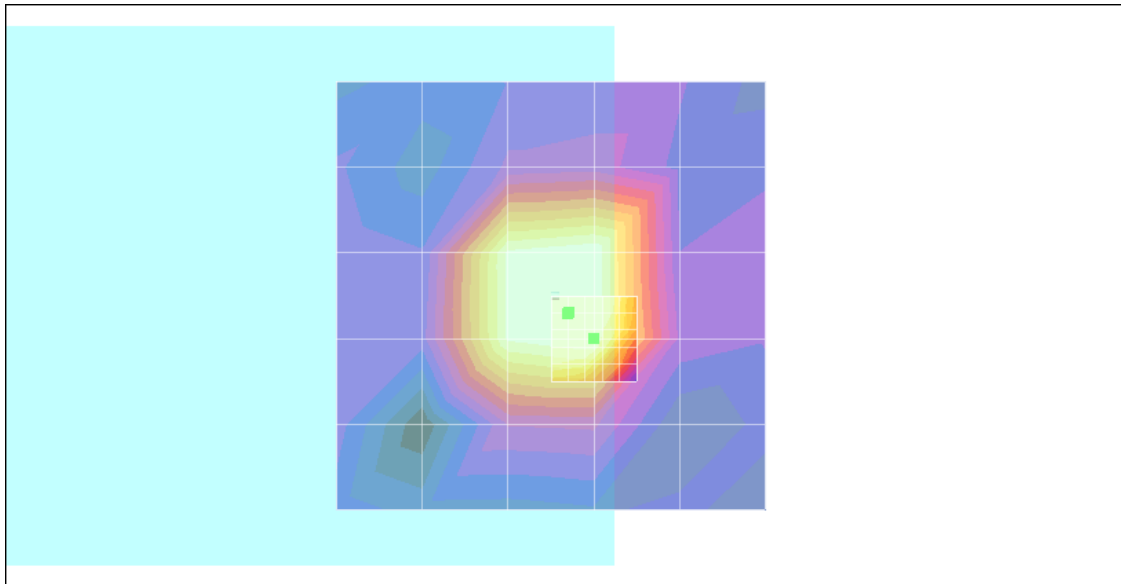
ABM1/ABM2 = 48.1 dB  
ABM1 comp = 4.84 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) 300-3k response at max/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_300-3000\_2s.wav  
Output Gain: 56.234  
Measure Window Start: 2000ms  
Measure Window Length: 4000ms  
BWC applied: 10.8 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

Diff = 1.68 dB  
BWC Factor = 10.8 dB  
Location: -2, 2, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch25\_Battery 3\_X longitudinal**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/x (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -4.09 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/x (longitudinal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -1.98 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -8, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

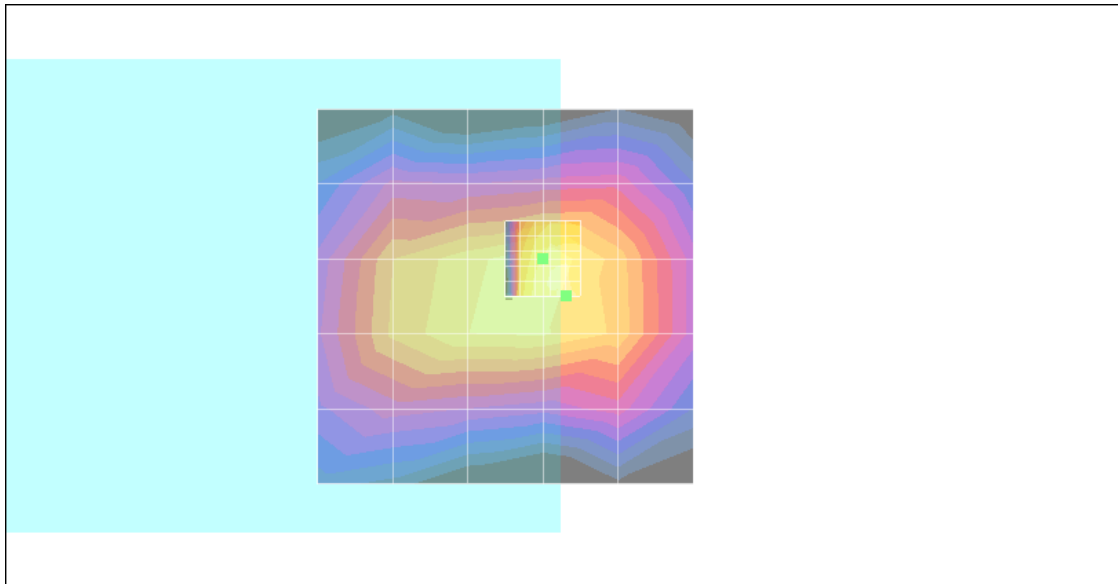
ABM1 comp = -1.95 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -8, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 42.8 dB  
ABM1 comp = -1.95 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -8, 0, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch25\_Battery 3\_Y transversal**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/y (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -6.45 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, 5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/y (transversal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -3.29 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/y (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

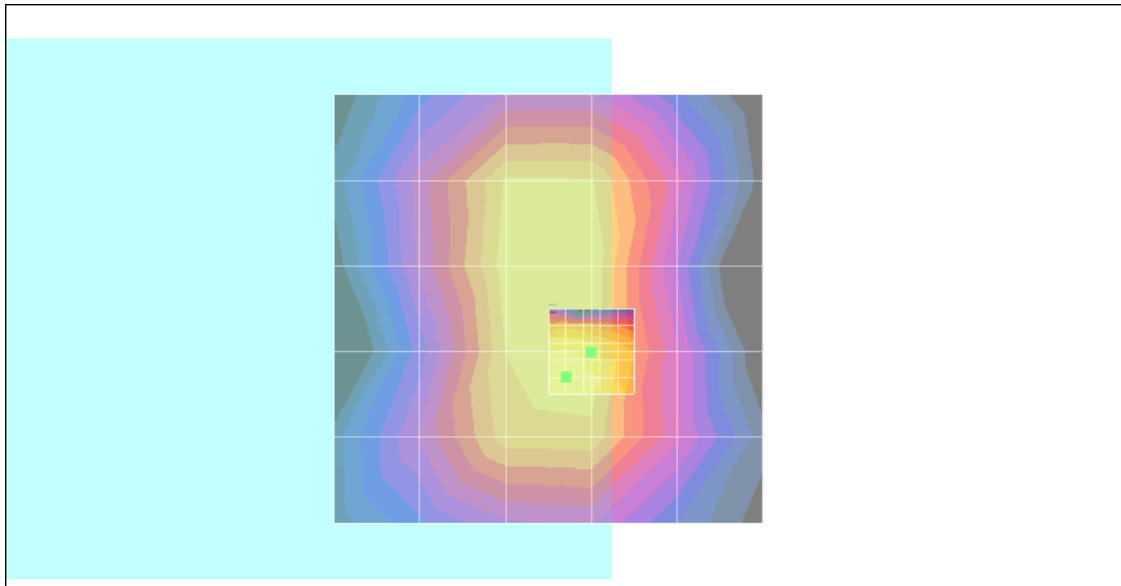
ABM1 comp = -3.27 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/y (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 36.4 dB  
ABM1 comp = -3.27 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 8, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch25\_Battery 3\_Z Axial**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/z (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -0.547 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, 5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/z (axial) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 4.95 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm





**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 4.29 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

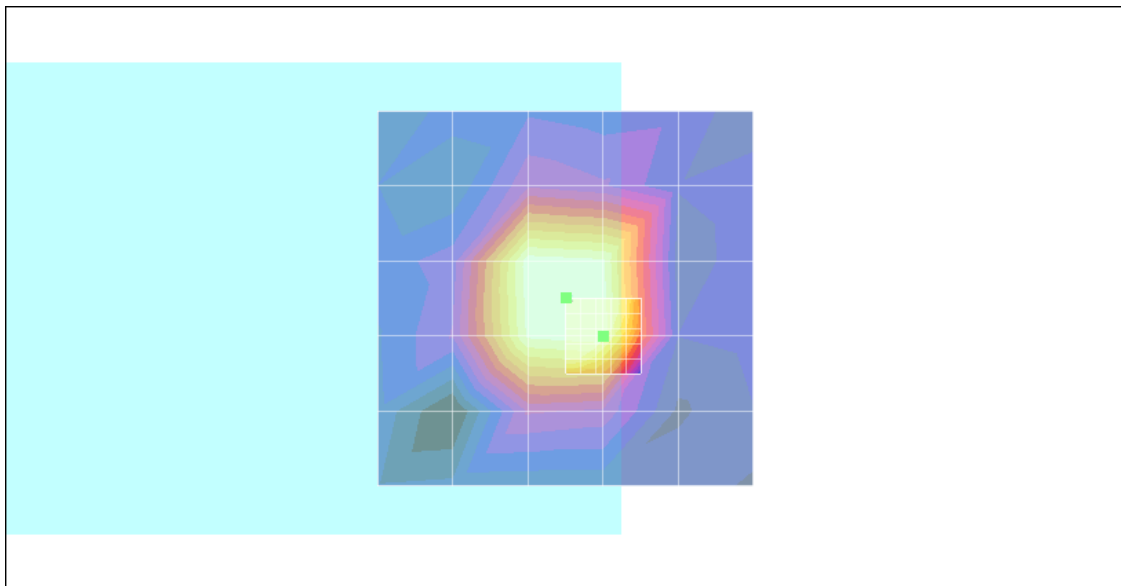
ABM1/ABM2 = 42.5 dB  
ABM1 comp = 4.29 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) 300-3k response at max/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_300-3000\_2s.wav  
Output Gain: 56.234  
Measure Window Start: 2000ms  
Measure Window Length: 4000ms  
BWC applied: 10.8 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

Diff = 2.00 dB  
BWC Factor = 10.8 dB  
Location: 0, 0, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch600\_Battery 1\_X longitudinal**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.0 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/x (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -5.00 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/x (longitudinal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -1.80 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -8, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

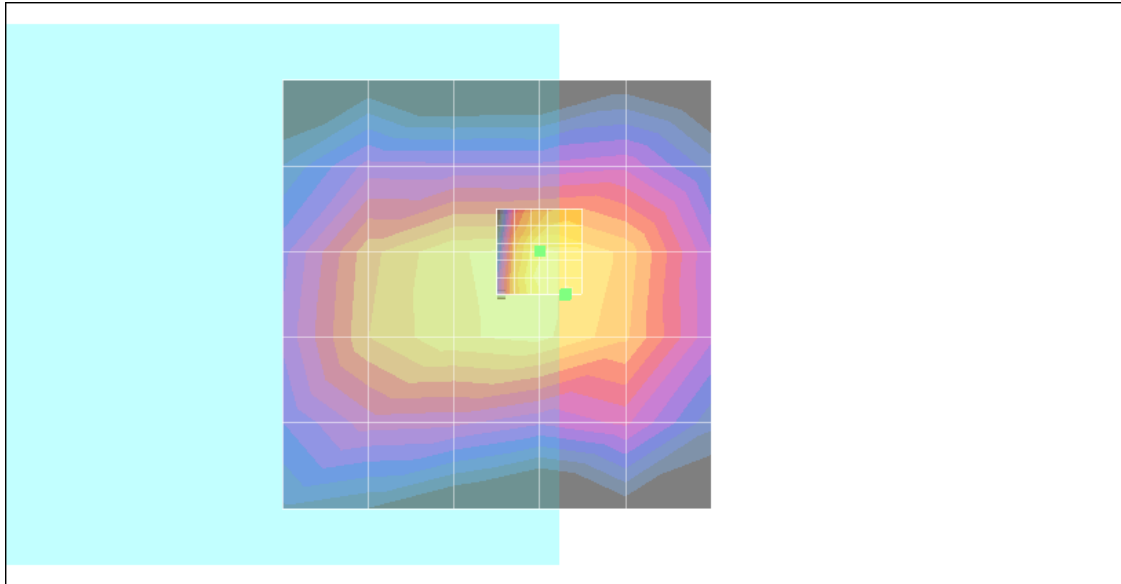
ABM1 comp = -2.87 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -8, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 28.8 dB  
ABM1 comp = -2.87 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -8, 0, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch600\_Battery 1\_Y transversal**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.0 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/y (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -5.29 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/y (transversal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -2.69 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -6, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/y (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

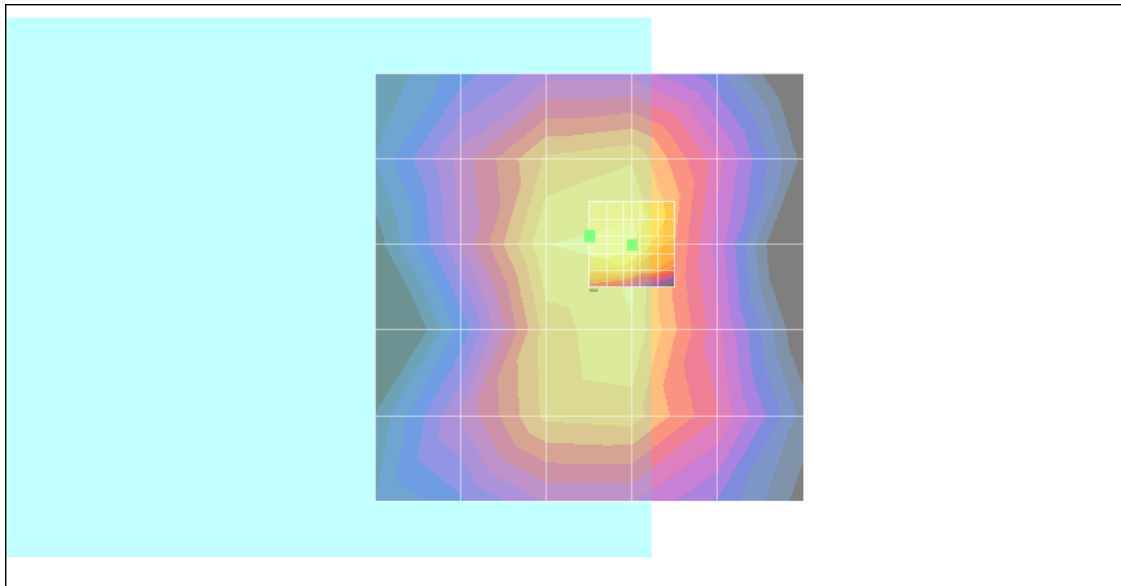
ABM1 comp = -2.80 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -6, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/ (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 36.0 dB  
ABM1 comp = -2.80 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, -6, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch600\_Battery 1\_Z Axial**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.0 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/z (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 0.252 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/z (axial) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 5.09 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 4.06 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

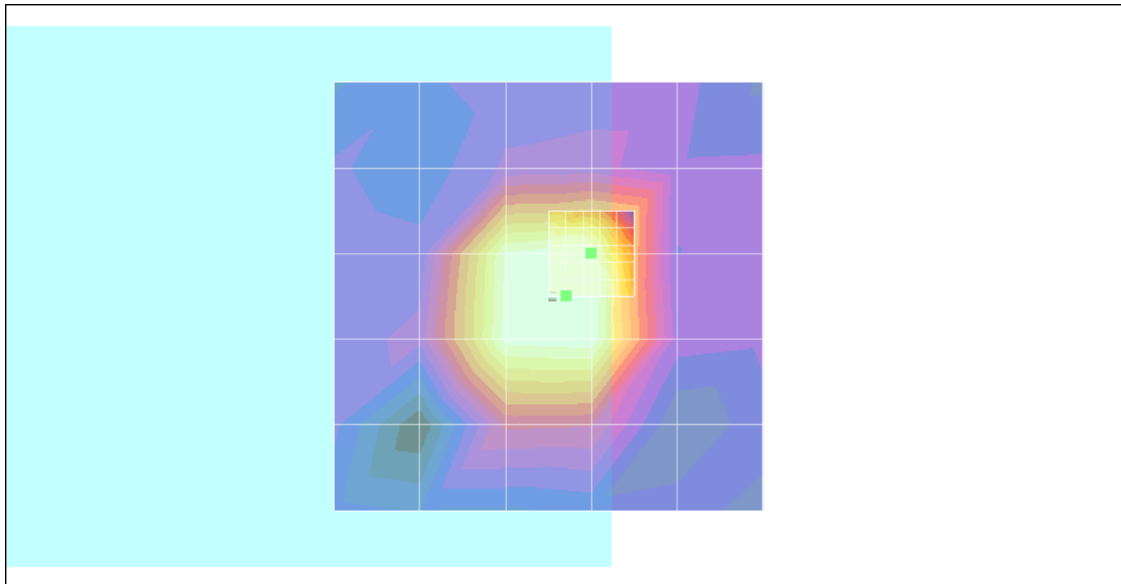
ABM1/ABM2 = 45.5 dB  
ABM1 comp = 4.06 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) 300-3k response at max/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_300-3000\_2s.wav  
Output Gain: 56.234  
Measure Window Start: 2000ms  
Measure Window Length: 4000ms  
BWC applied: 10.8 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

Diff = 2.00 dB  
BWC Factor = 10.8 dB  
Location: -2, 0, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch1175\_Battery 1\_X longitudinal**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5°C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/x (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -3.93 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/x (longitudinal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -1.55 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -8, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm





**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -1.61 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB

Location: -8, 0, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/x (longitudinal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav

Output Gain: 28.714

Measure Window Start: 0ms

Measure Window Length: 2000ms

BWC applied: 0.15103 dB

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

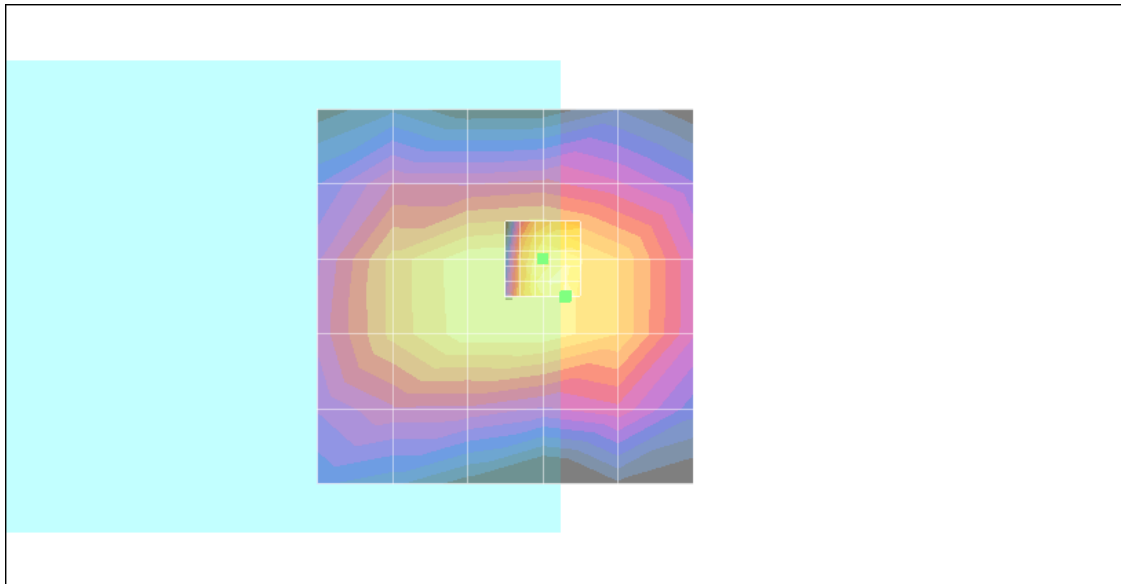
**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 29.8 dB

ABM1 comp = -1.61 dB A/m

BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB

Location: -8, 0, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch1175\_Battery 1\_Y transversal**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

**DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/y (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -5.85 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, 5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/y (transversal) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = -2.78 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/y (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

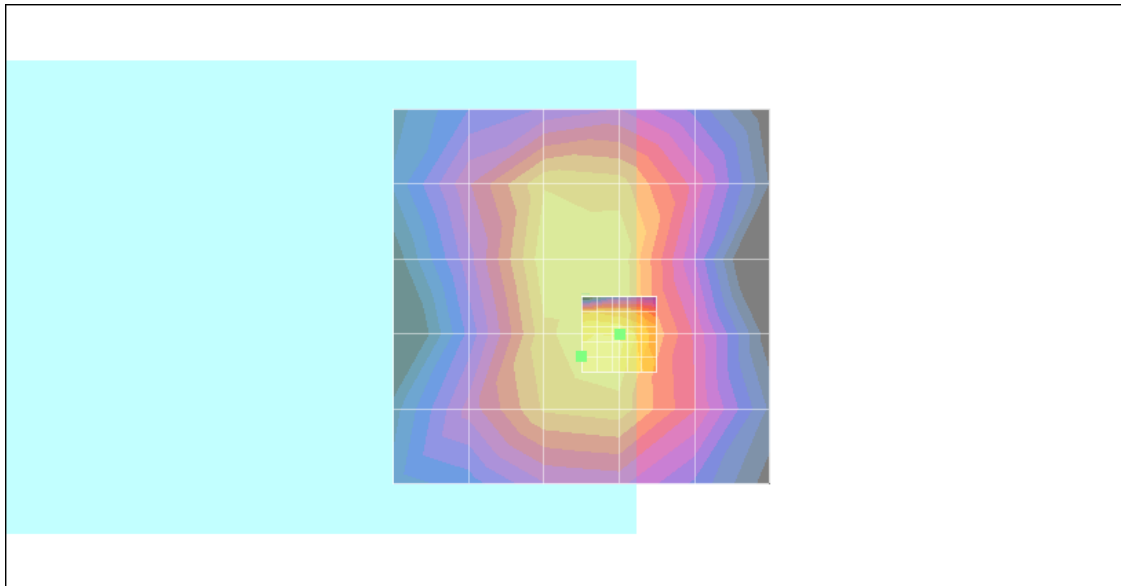
ABM1 comp = -3.08 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 8, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/ (transversal) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1/ABM2 = 34.0 dB  
ABM1 comp = -3.08 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: 0, 8, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab

Date: 2009/2/18

**T-Coil\_CDMA1900 Ch1175\_Battery 1\_Z Axial**

**DUT: 920507-01**

Communication System: CDMA ; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV2 - 1038; ; Calibrated: 2009/1/12
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

**Coarse Scans/z (axial) scan 50 x 50 (grid 10) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 1.26 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -5, -5, 363.7 mm

**Fine scan/z (axial) scan 10 x 10 (grid 2) with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (6x6x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 5.42 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, -2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM Signal(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm



**Cursor:**

ABM1 comp = 4.56 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, -2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) scan at point with noise/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_1kHz\_1s.wav  
Output Gain: 28.714  
Measure Window Start: 0ms  
Measure Window Length: 2000ms  
BWC applied: 0.15103 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

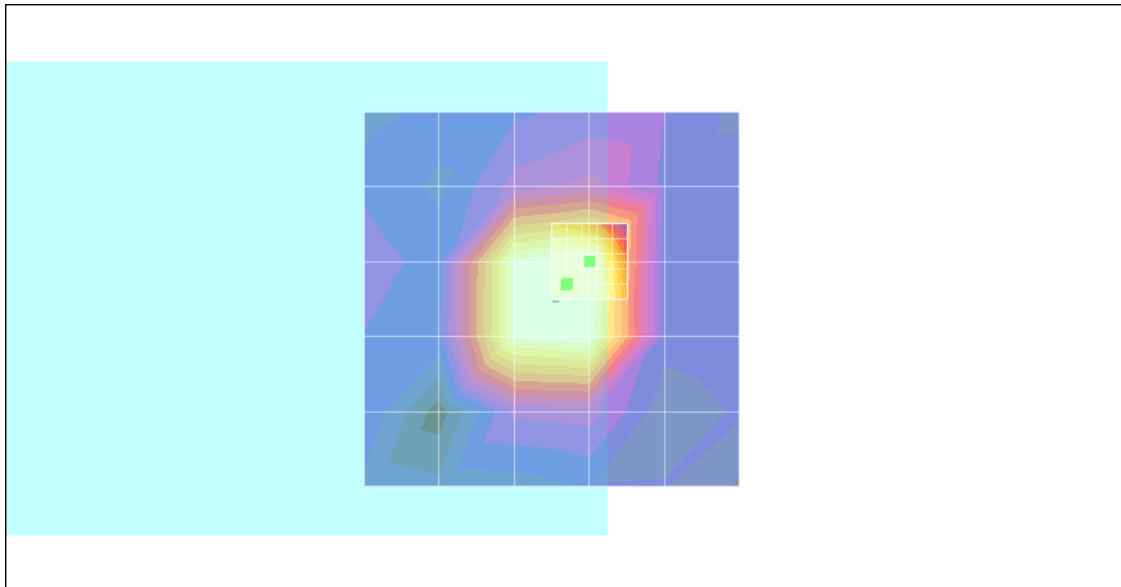
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.4 dB  
ABM1 comp = 4.56 dB A/m  
BWC Factor = 0.15103 dB  
Location: -2, -2, 363.7 mm

**Point scan/z (axial) 300-3k response at max/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f) (1x1x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm  
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k\_voice\_300-3000\_2s.wav  
Output Gain: 56.234  
Measure Window Start: 2000ms  
Measure Window Length: 4000ms  
BWC applied: 10.8 dB  
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm

**Cursor:**

Diff = 2.00 dB  
BWC Factor = 10.8 dB  
Location: -2, -2, 363.7 mm



0 dB = 1.00A/m



## ***Appendix B – Calibration Data***

Please refer to the calibration certificates of DASY as below.