



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045\_Sep07

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object CD835V3 - SN: 1045
Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v4 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air
Calibration date: September 25, 2007
Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Table with 4 columns: Standards, ID #, Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration/Check. Includes Primary Standards (Power meter, Power sensor, Probe, DAE4) and Secondary Standards (Power meter, Power sensor, Network Analyzer, RF generator).

Calibrated by: Name Mike Meil, Function Laboratory Technician, Signature [Handwritten]
Approved by: Name Fin Bomholt, Function Technical Director, Signature [Handwritten]

Issued: September 27, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Calibration Laboratory of  
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2006  
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless  
Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASYS4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminated by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- *H-field distribution:* H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.



1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

Table with 3 columns: Parameter, Value, and Unit. Rows include DASY Version (DASY4, V4.7 B55), DASY PP Version (SEMCAD, V1.8 B176), Phantom (HAC Test Arch, SD HAC P01 BA, #1070), Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center (10 mm), Scan resolution (dx, dy = 5 mm, area = 20 x 180 mm), Frequency (835 MHz ± 1 MHz), Forward power at dipole connector (20.0 dBm = 100mW), and Input power drift (< 0.05 dB).

2 Maximum Field values

Table with 3 columns: H-field 10 mm above dipole surface, condition, and interpolated maximum. Row: Maximum measured, 100 mW forward power, 0.453 A/m.

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

Table with 3 columns: E-field 10 mm above dipole surface, condition, and Interpolated maximum. Rows: Maximum measured above high end (100 mW forward power, 168.2 V/m), Maximum measured above low end (100 mW forward power, 165.9 V/m), Averaged maximum above arm (100 mW forward power, 167.1 V/m).

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3 Appendix

3.1 Antenna Parameters

Table with 3 columns: Frequency, Return Loss, and Impedance. Rows for 800 MHz, 835 MHz, 900 MHz, 950 MHz, and 960 MHz.

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

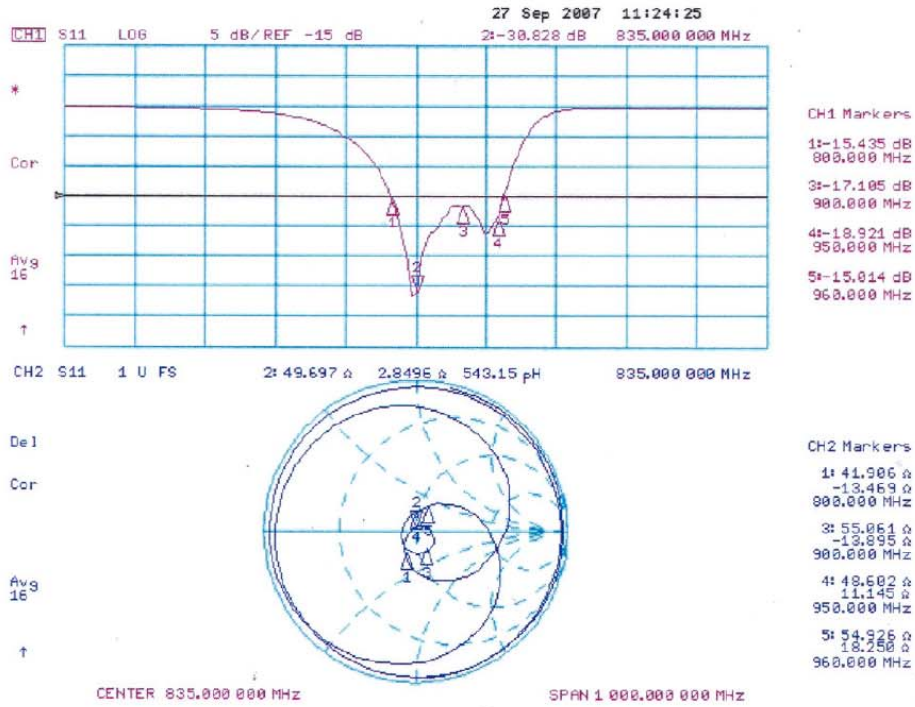
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth. The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals. Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.



3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



**3.3.2 DASY4 H-field result**

Date/Time: 25.09.2007 13:54:05

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

**DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1045**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; Calibrated: 27.12.2006
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 19.09.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.453 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

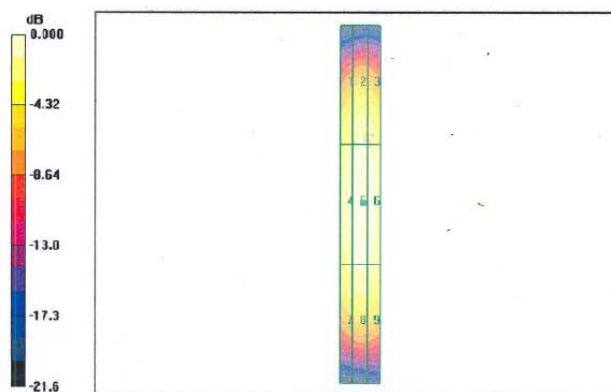
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm

Reference Value = 0.477 A/m; Power Drift = 0.000 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: **M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 <b>0.364</b> M4	Grid 2 <b>0.405</b> M4	Grid 3 <b>0.396</b> M4
Grid 4 <b>0.411</b> M4	Grid 5 <b>0.453</b> M4	Grid 6 <b>0.444</b> M4
Grid 7 <b>0.362</b> M4	Grid 8 <b>0.398</b> M4	Grid 9 <b>0.391</b> M4



0 dB = 0.453A/m



3.3.3 DASY4 E-Field result

Date/Time: 25.09.2007 11:58:13

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

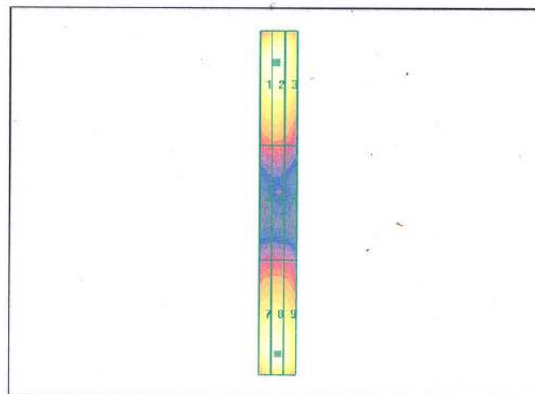
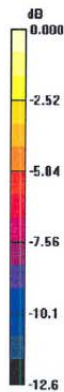
DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1045
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: sigma = 0 mho/m, epsilon\_r = 1; rho = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: E Dipole Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 27.12.2006
Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 31.08.2006
Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Maximum value of peak Total field = 168.2 V/m
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm
Reference Value = 109.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.007 dB
Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Table with 3 columns (Grid 1-3, Grid 4-6, Grid 7-9) and 2 rows of data. Grid 5 is highlighted in yellow.



0 dB = 168.2V/m



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Sep07

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object CD1880V3 - SN: 1038
Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v4
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air
Calibration date: September 27, 2007
Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Table with 4 columns: Primary Standards, ID #, Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration. Includes items like Power meter EPM-442A, Power sensor HP 8481A, Probe ER3DV6, etc.

Table with 4 columns: Secondary Standards, ID #, Check Date (in house), Scheduled Check. Includes items like Power meter EPM-4419B, Power sensor HP 8482A, etc.

Calibrated by: Name Claudio Leubler, Function Laboratory Technician, Signature [Handwritten]
Approved by: Name Fin Bornholt, Function Technical Director, Signature [Handwritten]

Issued: September 28, 2007

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

## References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2006  
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminated by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- **H-field distribution:** H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.





1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

Table with 3 columns: Parameter, Value 1, Value 2. Rows include DASY Version, DASY PP Version, Phantom, Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center, Scan resolution, Frequency, Forward power at dipole connector, and Input power drift.

2 Maximum Field values

Table with 3 columns: H-field 10 mm above dipole surface, condition, Interpolated maximum. Row: Maximum measured, 100 mW forward power, 0.471 A/m.

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

Table with 3 columns: E-field 10 mm above dipole surface, condition, Interpolated maximum. Rows: Maximum measured above high end, Maximum measured above low end, Averaged maximum above arm.

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3 Appendix

3.1 Antenna Parameters

Table with 3 columns: Frequency, Return Loss, Impedance. Rows for 1710 MHz, 1880 MHz, 1900 MHz, 1950 MHz, 2000 MHz.

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

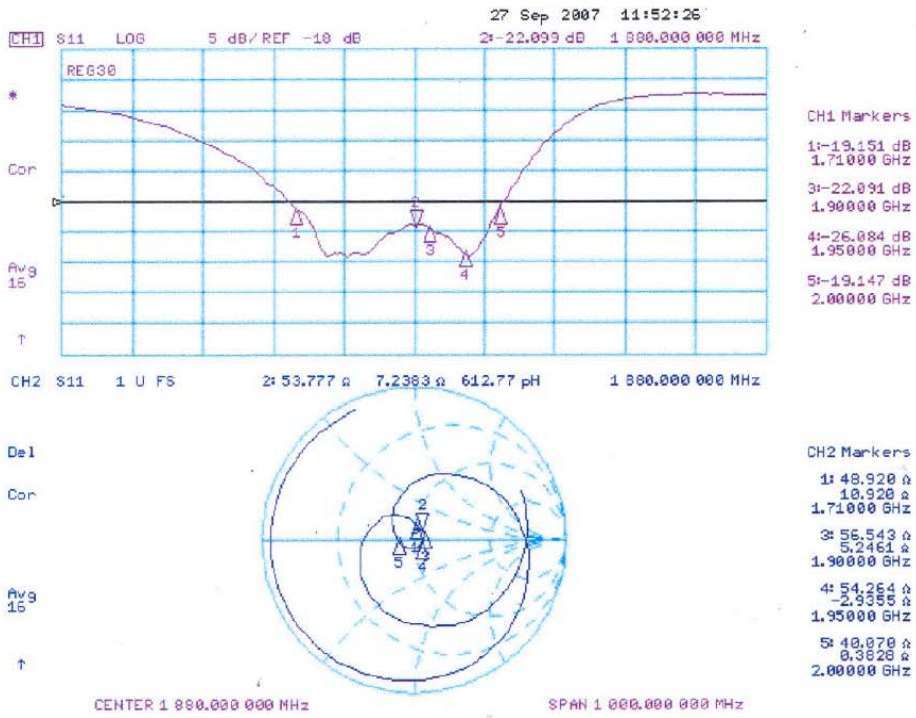
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth. The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals. Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.



3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



**3.3.2 DASY4 H-Field Result**

Date/Time: 25.09.2007 15:53:23

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

**DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1038**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 27.12.2006
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 19.09.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.471 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

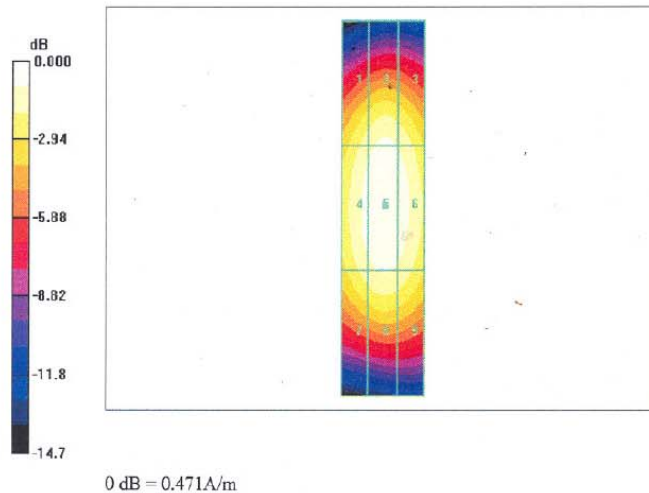
Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm

Reference Value = 0.498 A/m; Power Drift = 0.009 dB

**Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)**

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 <b>0.404 M2</b>	Grid 2 <b>0.435 M2</b>	Grid 3 <b>0.418 M2</b>
Grid 4 <b>0.442 M2</b>	Grid 5 <b>0.471 M2</b>	Grid 6 <b>0.454 M2</b>
Grid 7 <b>0.402 M2</b>	Grid 8 <b>0.426 M2</b>	Grid 9 <b>0.410 M2</b>





3.3.3 DASY4 E-Field Result

Date/Time: 27.09.2007 12:27:44

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1038

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 27.12.2006
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 19.09.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 138.9 V/m

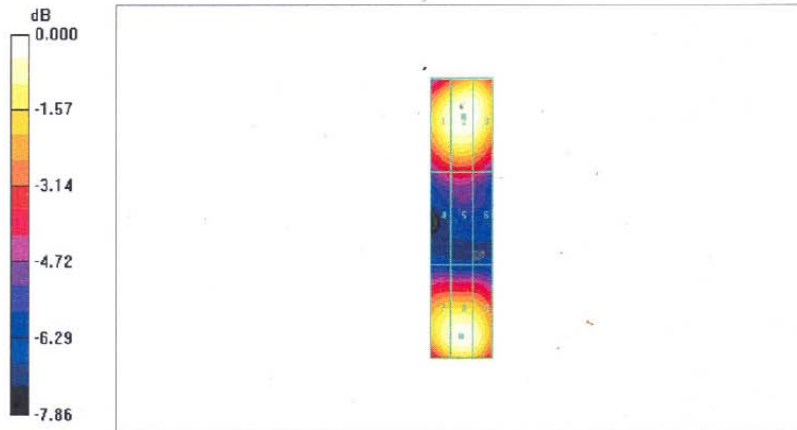
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 156.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 <b>133.8 M2</b>	Grid 2 <b>138.9 M2</b>	Grid 3 <b>137.0 M2</b>
Grid 4 <b>89.9 M3</b>	Grid 5 <b>92.3 M3</b>	Grid 6 <b>89.1 M3</b>
Grid 7 <b>133.4 M2</b>	Grid 8 <b>138.8 M2</b>	Grid 9 <b>133.8 M2</b>



0 dB = 138.9V/m



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: ER3-2358\_Jan09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ER3DV6 - SN:2358
Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-02.v5
Calibration date: January 14, 2009
Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Table with 4 columns: Primary Standards, ID #, Cal Date (Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration. Lists equipment like Power meter E4419B, Reference 3 dB Attenuator, etc.

Table with 4 columns: Secondary Standards, ID #, Check Date (in house), Scheduled Check. Lists RF generator HP 8648C, Network Analyzer HP 8753E.

Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic, Technical Manager
Approved by: Nils Kuster, Quality Manager

Handwritten signatures of Katja Pokovic and Nils Kuster.

Issued: January 20, 2009

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

**Glossary:**

NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASYS system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 for XY sensors and ϑ = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- *NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>* = *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>* \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart).
- *DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORM<sub>x</sub>* (no uncertainty required).



ER3DV6 SN:2358

January 14, 2009

# Probe ER3DV6

## SN:2358

Manufactured:	July 7, 2005
Last calibrated:	January 28, 2008
Recalibrated:	January 14, 2009

Calibrated for DASYS Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)



ER3DV6 SN:2358

January 14, 2009

**DASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 SN:2358**

Sensitivity in Free Space [ $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ]		Diode Compression <sup>A</sup>	
NormX	1.74 ± 10.1 % (k=2)	DCP X	90 mV
NormY	1.57 ± 10.1 % (k=2)	DCP Y	92 mV
NormZ	1.60 ± 10.1 % (k=2)	DCP Z	98 mV

Frequency Correction

X	0.0
Y	0.0
Z	0.0

Sensor Offset (Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

X	2.5 mm
Y	2.5 mm
Z	2.5 mm

Connector Angle -245 °

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required



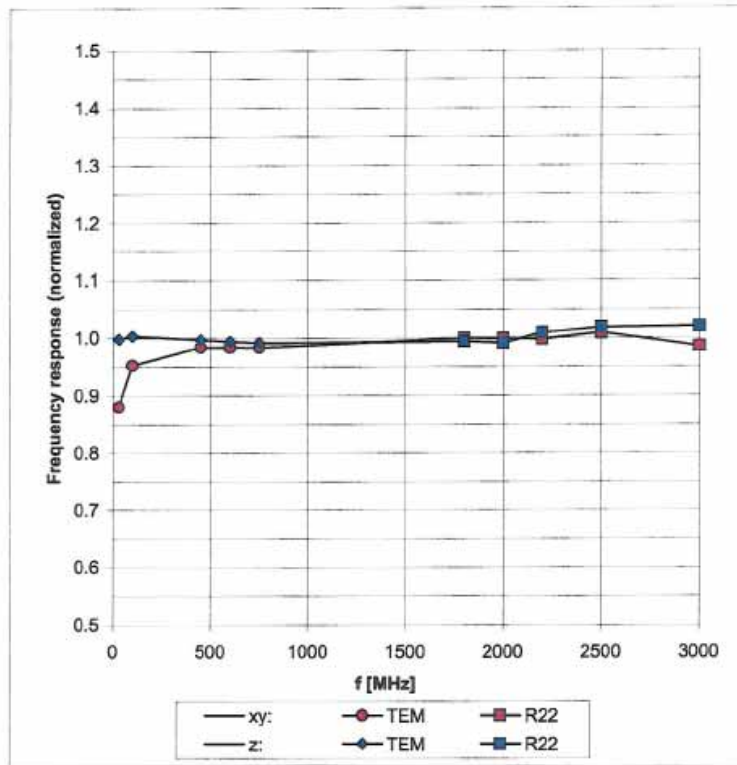


ER3DV6 SN:2358

January 14, 2009

### Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide R22)



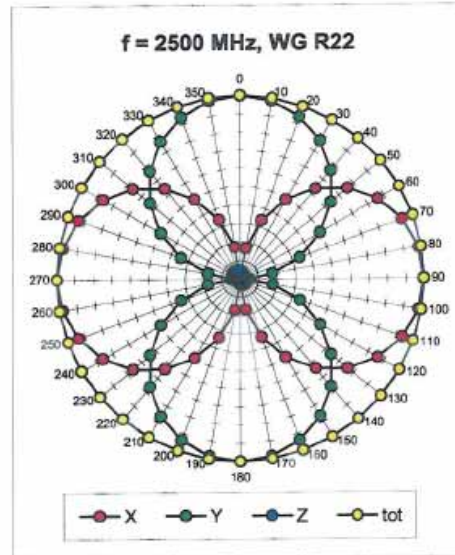
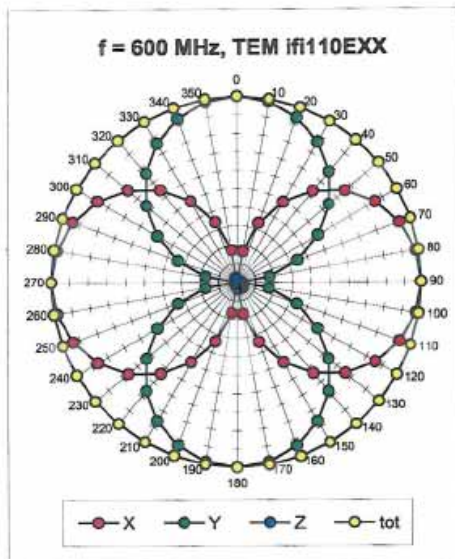
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )



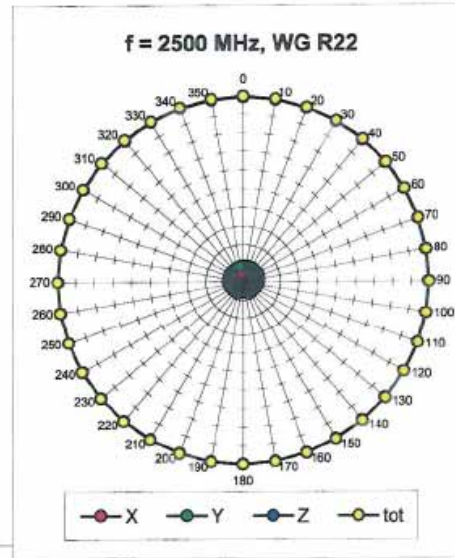
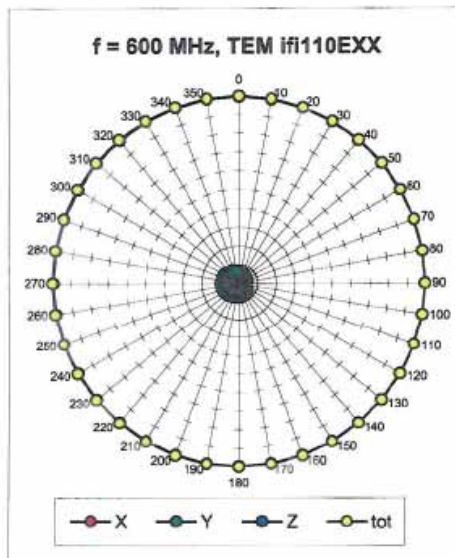
ER3DV6 SN:2358

January 14, 2009

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$

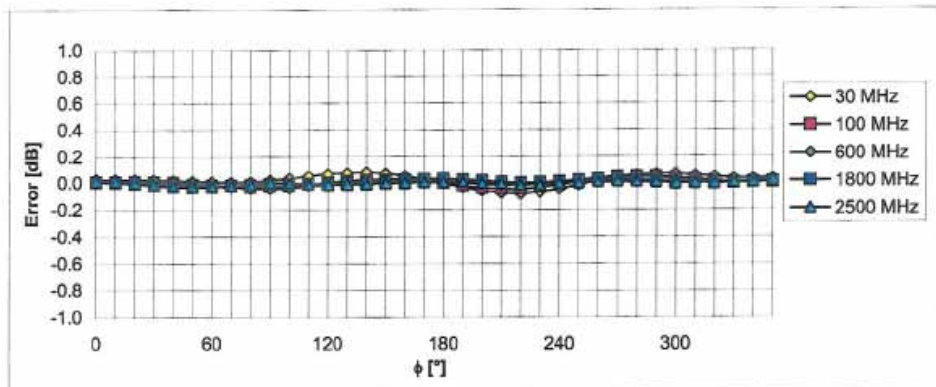




ER3DV6 SN:2358

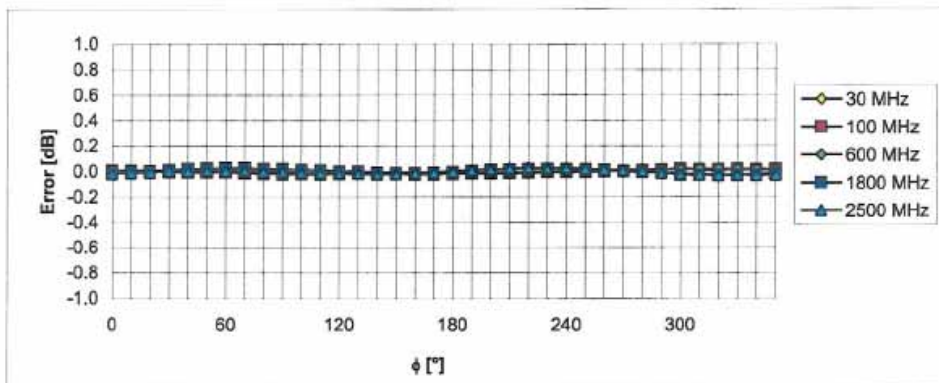
January 14, 2009

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$



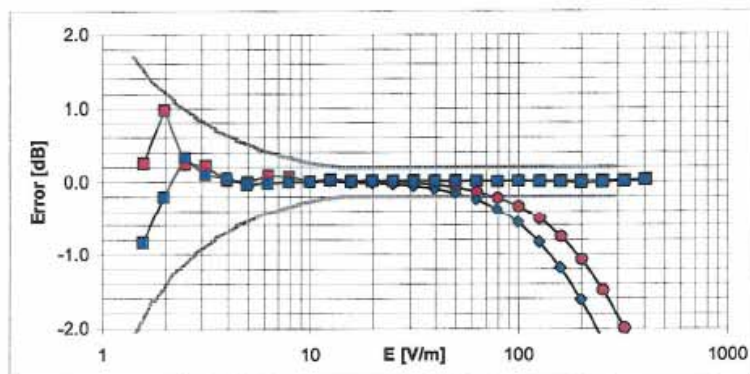
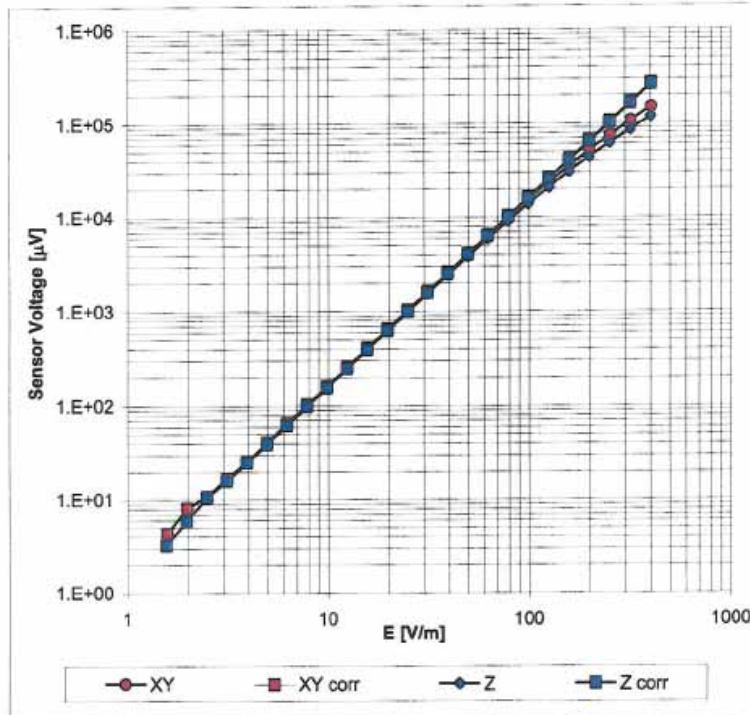
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )



ER3DV6 SN:2358

January 14, 2009

### Dynamic Range f(E-field) (Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



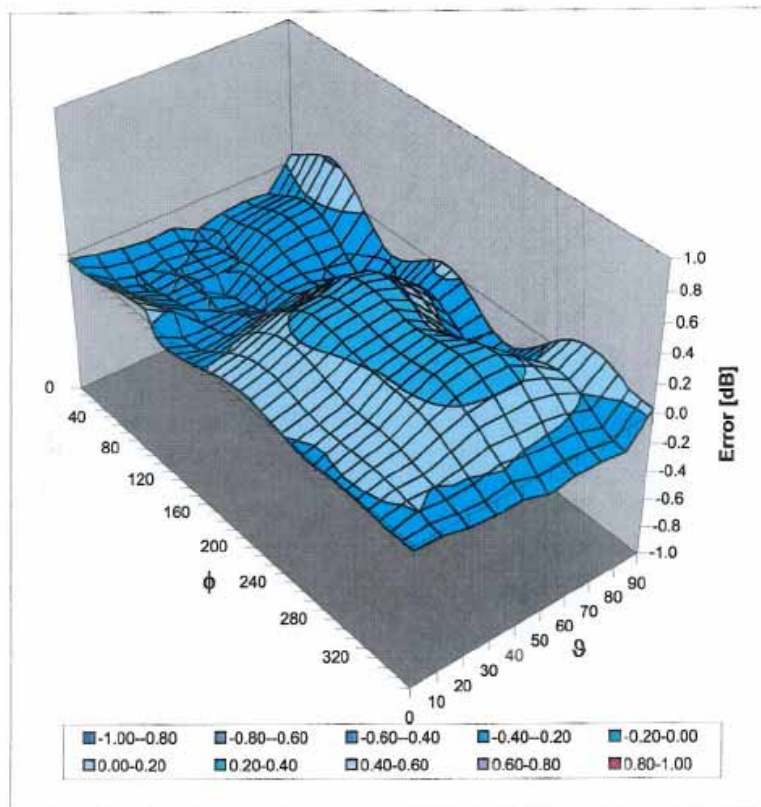
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )



ER3DV6 SN:2358

January 14, 2009

### Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error ( $\phi$ , $\theta$ ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: H3-6184\_Jan09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object H3DV6 - SN:6184
Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-03.v5
Calibration date: January 19, 2009
Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Table with 4 columns: Primary Standards, ID #, Cal Date (Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration. Lists equipment like Power meter E4419B, Reference 3 dB Attenuator, etc.

Table with 4 columns: Secondary Standards, ID #, Check Date (in house), Scheduled Check. Lists equipment like RF generator HP 8648C, Network Analyzer HP 8753E.

Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic, Technical Manager
Approved by: Niels Kuster, Quality Manager

Issued: January 20, 2009

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**Glossary:**

NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> sensitivity in free space  
DCP diode compression point  
Polarization  $\varphi$   $\varphi$  rotation around probe axis  
Polarization  $\vartheta$   $\vartheta$  rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e.,  $\vartheta = 0$  is normal to probe axis  
Connector Angle information used in DASYS system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- $X, Y, Z_{a0a1a2}$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 90$  for XY sensors and  $\vartheta = 0$  for Z sensor ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).
- $X, Y, Z(f)_{a0a1a2} = X, Y, Z_{a0a1a2} * \text{frequency\_response}$  (see Frequency Response Chart).
- $DCP_{x,y,z}$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the  $X_{a0a1a2}$  (no uncertainty required).



H3DV6 SN:6184

January 19, 2009

# Probe H3DV6

## SN:6184

Manufactured:	June 8, 2004
Last calibrated:	January 28, 2008
Recalibrated:	January 19, 2009

Calibrated for DASYS Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)





H3DV6 SN:6184

January 19, 2009

**DASY - Parameters of Probe: H3DV6 SN:6184**

Sensitivity in Free Space [A/m /  $\sqrt{(\mu V)}$ ]

	a0	a1	a2
X	2.489E-03	1.472E-6	1.050E-5 ± 5.1 % (k=2)
Y	2.547E-03	-9.311E-5	1.728E-6 ± 5.1 % (k=2)
Z	3.002E-03	-1.194E-4	6.741E-5 ± 5.1 % (k=2)

Diode Compression<sup>1</sup>

DCP X	88 mV
DCP Y	80 mV
DCP Z	84 mV

Sensor Offset (Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

X	3.0 mm
Y	3.0 mm
Z	3.0 mm

Connector Angle -246 °

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>1</sup> numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

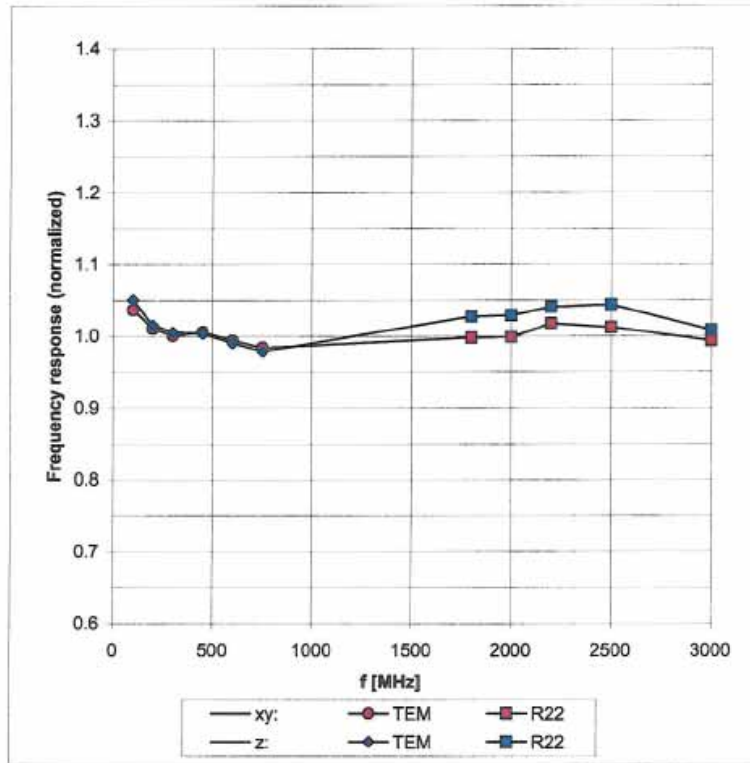


H3DV6 SN:6184

January 19, 2009

### Frequency Response of H-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide R22)



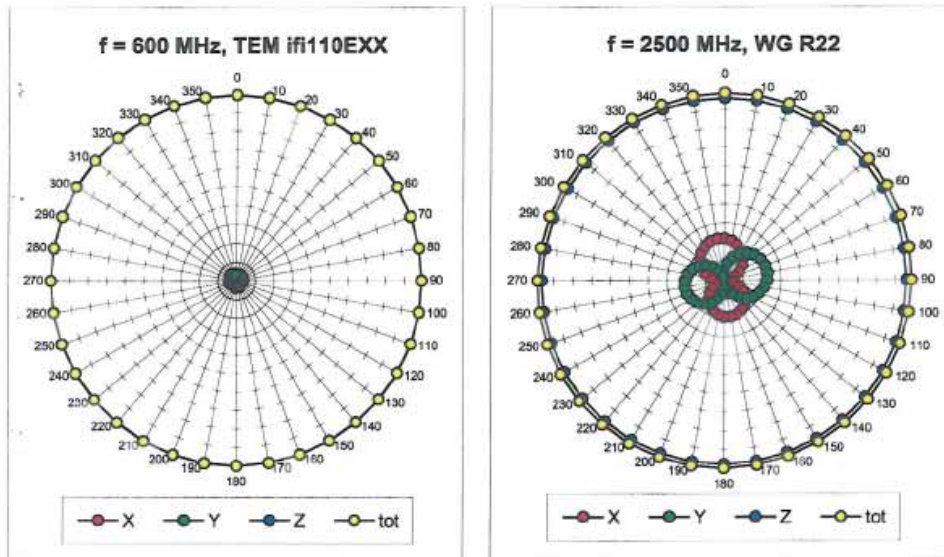
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )



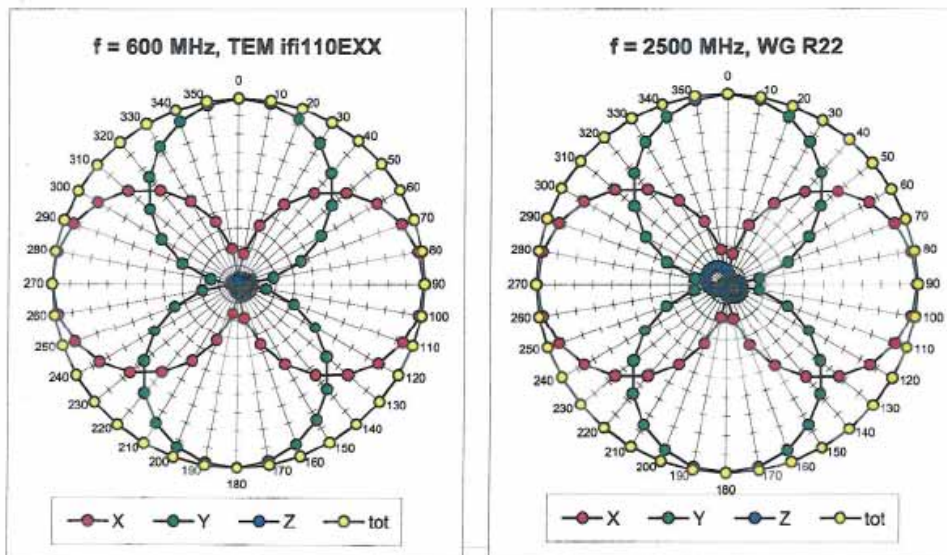
H3DV6 SN:6184

January 19, 2009

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$



### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

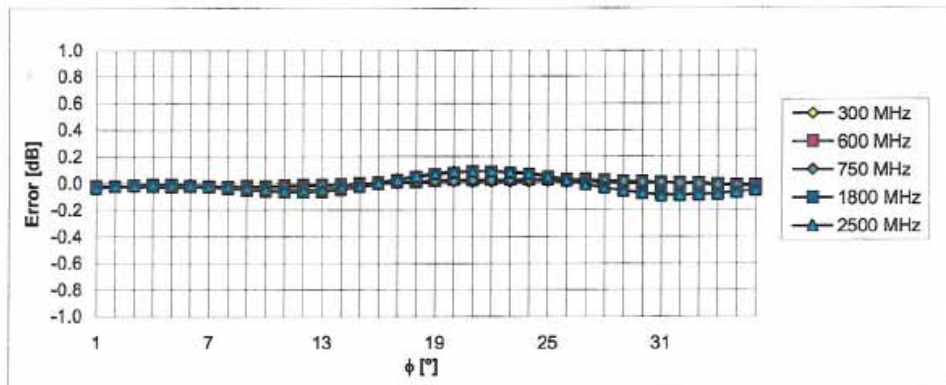




H3DV6 SN:6184

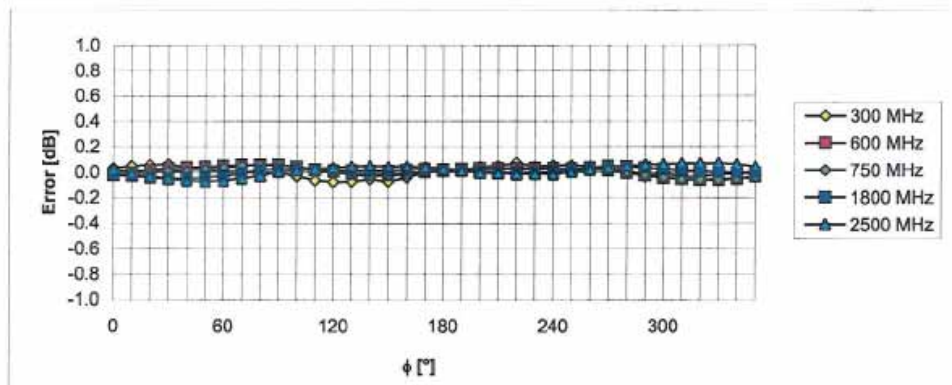
January 19, 2009

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



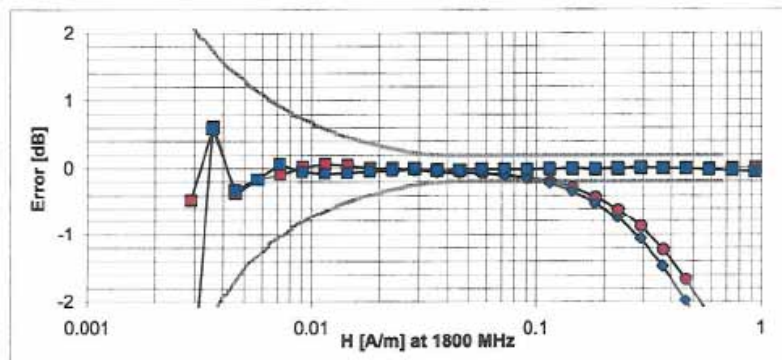
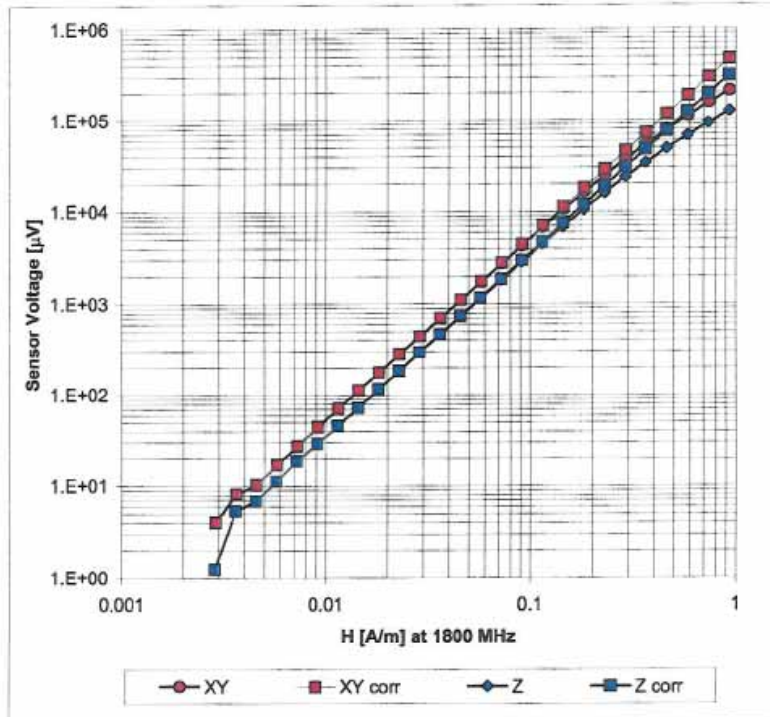
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )



H3DV6 SN:6184

January 19, 2009

### Dynamic Range f(H-field) (Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



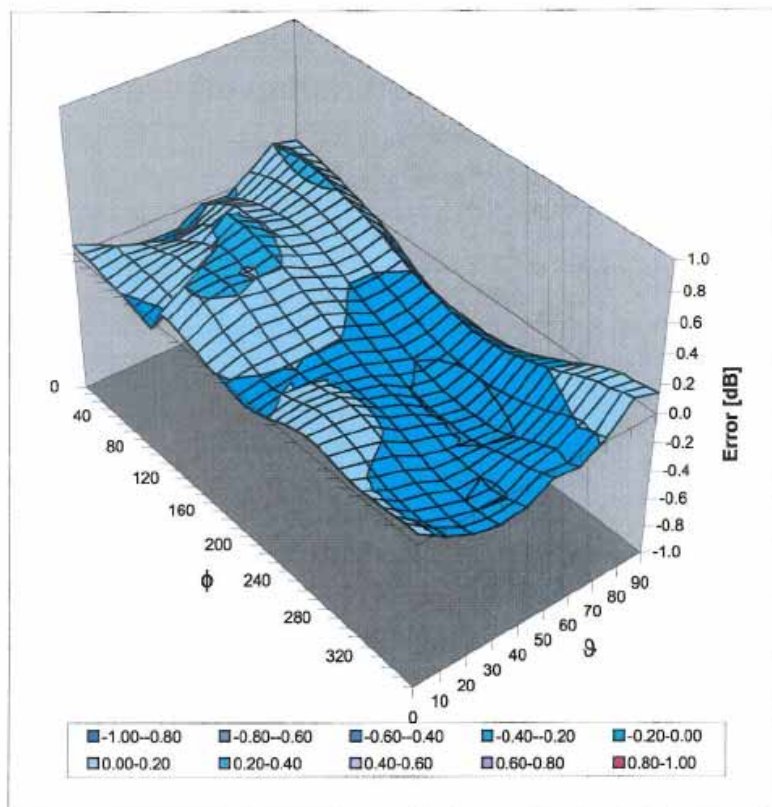
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )



H3DV6 SN:6184

January 19, 2009

### Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )



# Calibration Certificate of DASY

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sporton (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE4-778\_Sep08**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BG - SN: 778**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-06.v12  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **September 22, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item: **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	04-Oct-07 (No: 6467)	Oct-08
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Oct-07 (No: 6465)	Oct-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	06-Jun-08 (in house check)	In house check: Jun-09

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Andrea Guntli	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bornholt	R&D Director	

Issued: September 22, 2008

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

## Glossary

**DAE** data acquisition electronics  
**Connector angle** information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- **DC Voltage Measurement:** Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- **Connector angle:** The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - **DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:** Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - **Common mode sensitivity:** Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - **Channel separation:** Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - **AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:** Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - **Input Offset Measurement:** Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - **Input Offset Current:** Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - **Input resistance:** DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - **Low Battery Alarm Voltage:** Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - **Power consumption:** Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.





**DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.686 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2)	403.490 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2)	405.045 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.99455 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	3.96369 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	3.99417 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)

**Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASV system	309 $^{\circ}$ $\pm$ 1 $^{\circ}$
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**Appendix**

**1. DC Voltage Linearity**

High Range	Input ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200000	200000.3	0.00
Channel X + Input	20000	20004.24	0.02
Channel X - Input	20000	-20002.46	0.01
Channel Y + Input	200000	200000.4	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000	20002.60	0.01
Channel Y - Input	20000	-20002.26	0.01
Channel Z + Input	200000	200000.6	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20000	20000.78	0.00
Channel Z - Input	20000	-20005.75	0.03

Low Range	Input ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel X + Input	200	199.37	-0.31
Channel X - Input	200	-200.28	0.14
Channel Y + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200	199.63	-0.19
Channel Y - Input	200	-200.88	0.44
Channel Z + Input	2000	2000.1	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200	198.60	-0.70
Channel Z - Input	200	-201.07	0.53

**2. Common mode sensitivity**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )
Channel X	200	-7.46	-6.40
	-200	10.00	6.86
Channel Y	200	-2.73	-2.45
	-200	0.84	0.43
Channel Z	200	-10.91	-10.94
	-200	7.89	8.22

**3. Channel separation**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ )
Channel X	200	-	3.08	-1.34
Channel Y	200	1.18	-	4.64
Channel Z	200	-1.74	1.44	-



4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16048	16021
Channel Y	16167	15166
Channel Z	16416	15977

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	-0.13	-0.88	0.92	0.33
Channel Y	-0.88	-2.47	0.72	0.55
Channel Z	-1.16	-2.17	-0.19	0.42

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2000	201.1
Channel Y	0.2000	201.0
Channel Z	0.2001	201.7

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9