



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client ATL (Auden)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d082\_Jul10

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d082
Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits
Calibration date: July 20, 2010

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Table with 4 columns: Primary Standards, ID #, Cal Date (Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration. Rows include Power meter EPM-442A, Power sensor HP 8481A, Reference 20 dB Attenuator, Type-N mismatch combination, Reference Probe ES3DV3, DAE4.

Table with 4 columns: Secondary Standards, ID #, Check Date (in house), Scheduled Check. Rows include Power sensor HP 8481A, RF generator R&S SMT-06, Network Analyzer HP 8753E.

Calibrated by: Dimce Iliev, Laboratory Technician
Approved by: Katja Pokovic, Technical Manager

Issued: July 20, 2010

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.



**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                           |             |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY5                     | V52.2       |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 15 mm                     | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz           |             |

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | <b>Temperature</b> | <b>Permittivity</b> | <b>Conductivity</b> |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>      | 22.0 °C            | 41.5                | 0.90 mho/m          |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C    | 42.0 ± 6 %          | 0.90 mho/m ± 6 %    |
| <b>Head TSL temperature during test</b> | (23.1 ± 0.2) °C    | ----                | ----                |

**SAR result with Head TSL**

| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |                                  |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.40 mW / g                      |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 9.60 mW / g                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>9.65 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                                  |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.56 mW / g                      |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 6.24 mW / g                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>6.26 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |



**Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C         | 55.2         | 0.97 mho/m       |
| Measured Body TSL parameters     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 55.0 ± 6 %   | 1.01 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | ----         | ----             |

**SAR result with Body TSL**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                                   |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 2.58 mW / g                       |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 10.3 mW / g                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>10.0 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | condition          |                                   |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 1.69 mW / g                       |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 6.76 mW / g                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>6.60 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |



**Appendix**

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.7 $\Omega$ - 3.2 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 29.0 dB                      |

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.3 $\Omega$ - 4.6 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 26.0 dB                      |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |         |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.389ns |
|----------------------------------|---------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |                  |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG            |
| Manufactured on | October 17, 2008 |

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 20.07.2010 15:48:57

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d082**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.03, 6.03, 6.03); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

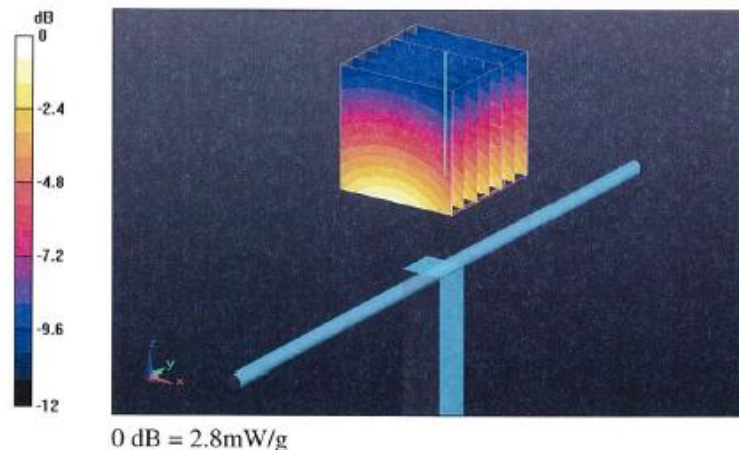
**Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.63 W/kg

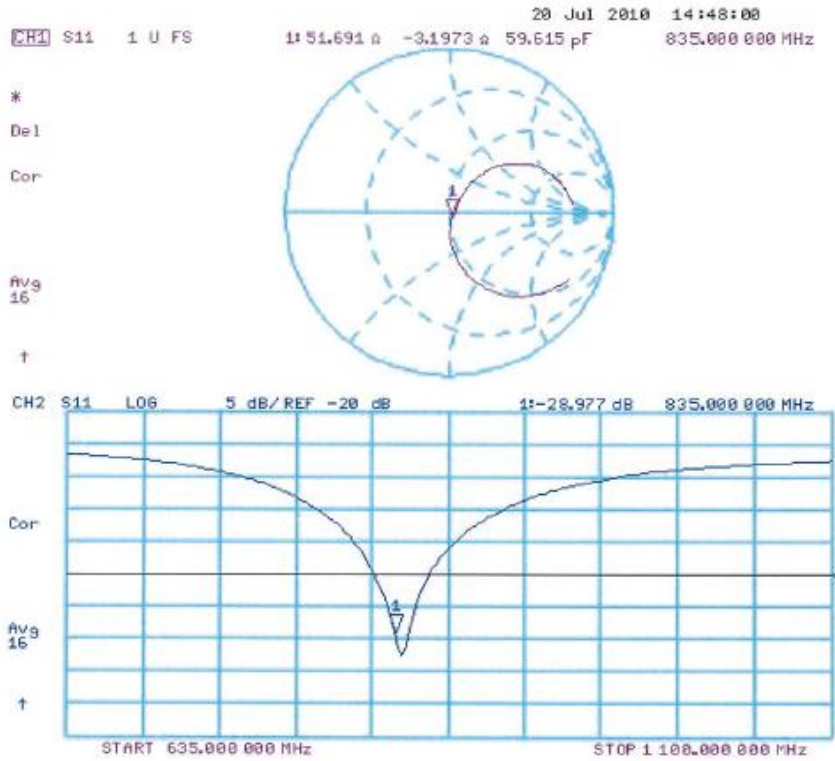
**SAR(1 g) = 2.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.8 mW/g





Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



**DASY5 Validation Report for Body**

Date/Time: 20.07.2010 12:03:13

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d082**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

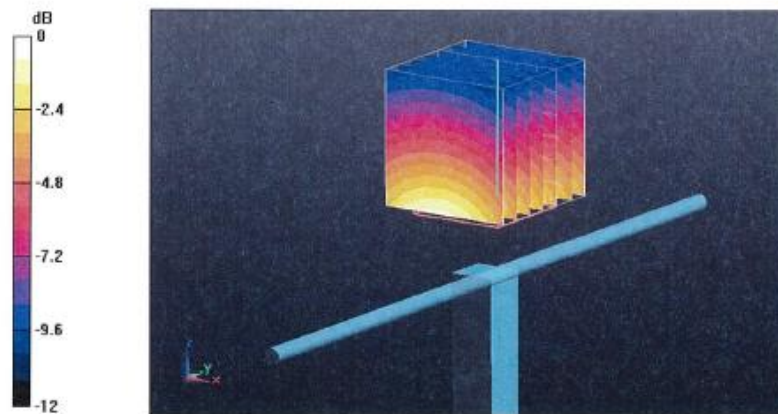
**Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.81 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.58 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.69 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.98 mW/g

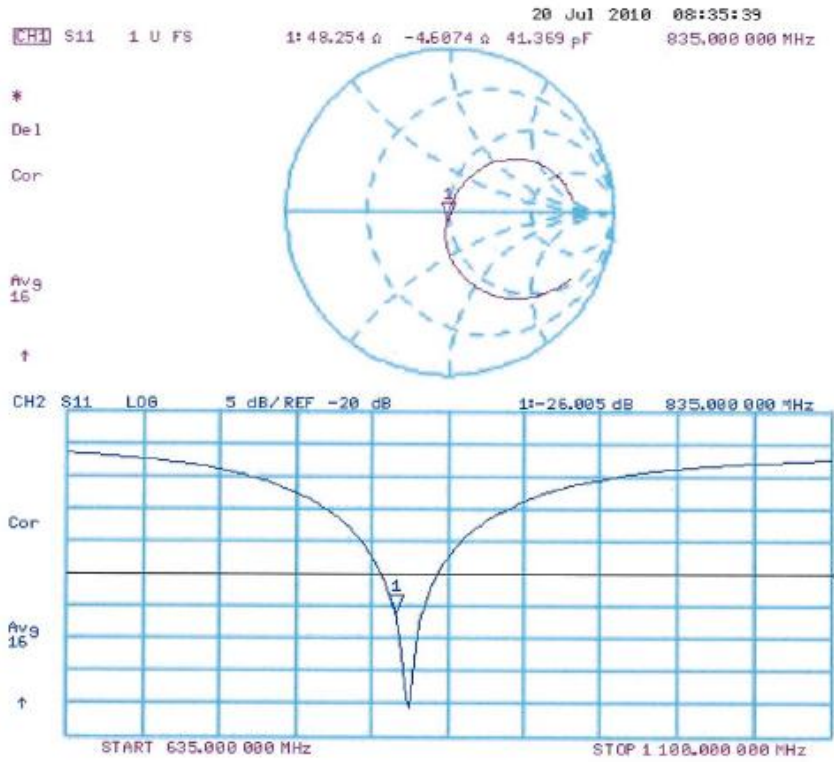


0 dB = 2.98mW/g





### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Auden

Certificate No: D2450V2-735\_Jun10

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D2450V2 - SN: 735
Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-05.v7
Calibration date: June 17, 2010
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)
Primary Standards table with columns: Primary Standards, ID #, Cal Date (Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration.
Secondary Standards table with columns: Secondary Standards, ID #, Check Date (in house), Scheduled Check.
Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler, Laboratory Technician
Approved by: Katja Pokovic, Technical Manager
Issued: June 21, 2010

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.



**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                           |             |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY5                     | V52.2       |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation    |             |
| Phantom                      | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                     | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm         |             |
| Frequency                    | 2450 MHz ± 1 MHz          |             |

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                  | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters      | 22.0 °C         | 39.2         | 1.80 mho/m       |
| Measured Head TSL parameters     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 38.9 ± 6 %   | 1.78 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | ----         | ----             |

**SAR result with Head TSL**

| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                  |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 13.0 mW / g                      |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 52.0 mW / g                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                   | normalized to 1W   | <b>52.2 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | condition          |                                  |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 6.10 mW / g                      |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 24.4 mW / g                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | <b>24.4 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |



**Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature     | Permittivity | Conductivity     |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| <b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>      | 22.0 °C         | 52.7         | 1.95 mho/m       |
| <b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>     | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 52.7 ± 6 %   | 1.96 mho/m ± 6 % |
| <b>Body TSL temperature during test</b> | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | ----         | ----             |

**SAR result with Body TSL**

| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b> | Condition          |                                   |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 13.4 mW / g                       |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 53.6 mW / g                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>53.5 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b> | condition          |                                   |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured  | 250 mW input power | 6.28 mW / g                       |
| SAR normalized  | normalized to 1W   | 25.1 mW / g                       |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>25.1 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |



**Appendix**

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.8 $\Omega$ + 3.4 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 25.1 dB                      |

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.5 $\Omega$ + 3.7 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 26.5 dB                      |

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.154 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

|                 |              |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG        |
| Manufactured on | May 07, 2003 |

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 16.06.2010 10:56:25

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:735**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.78$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF (4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

**Head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

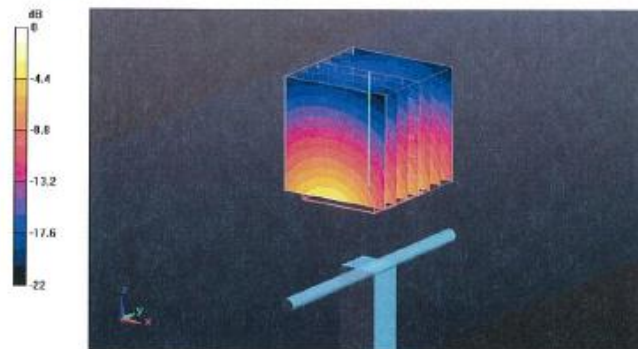
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 mW/g**

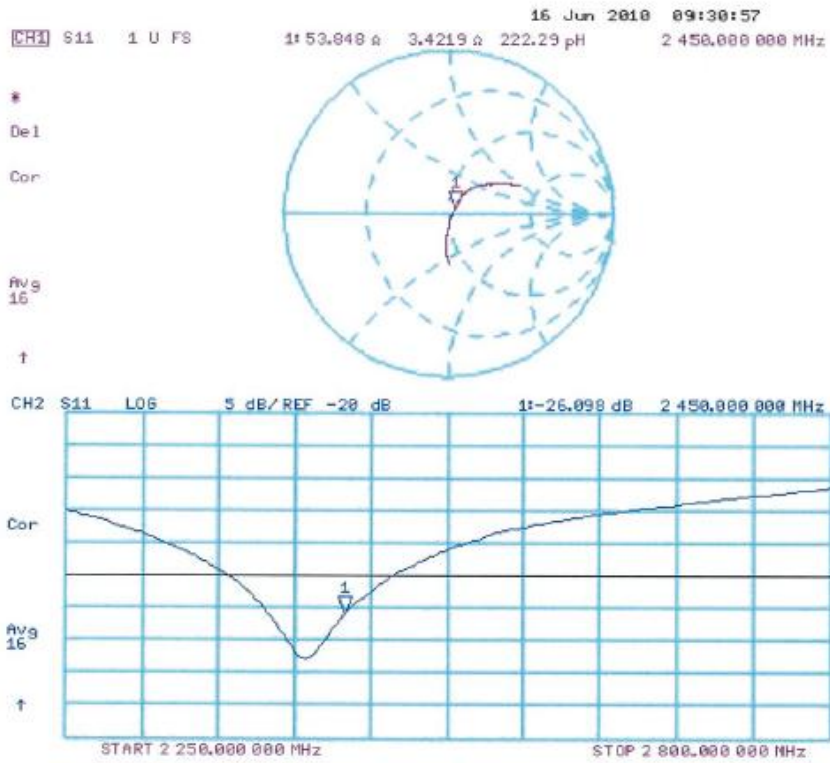
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.6 mW/g



0 dB = 16.6mW/g



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





**DASY5 Validation Report for Body**

Date/Time: 17.06.2010 11:28:23

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:735**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASYS2, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

**Body/d=10mm, Pin250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.073 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.28 mW/g**

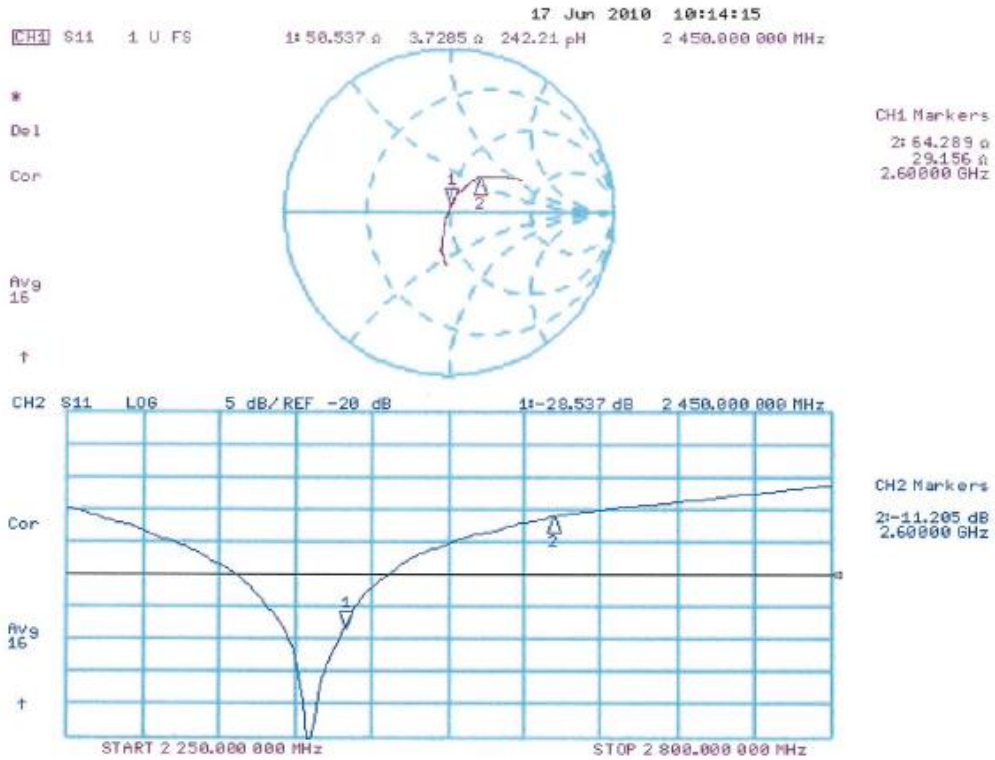
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 mW/g



0 dB = 16.7mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



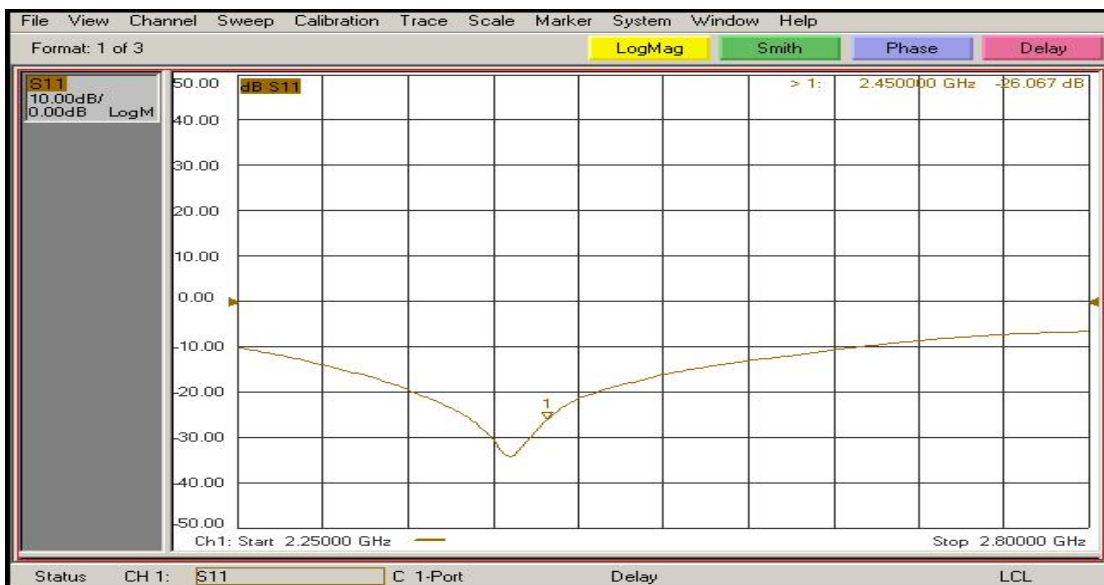
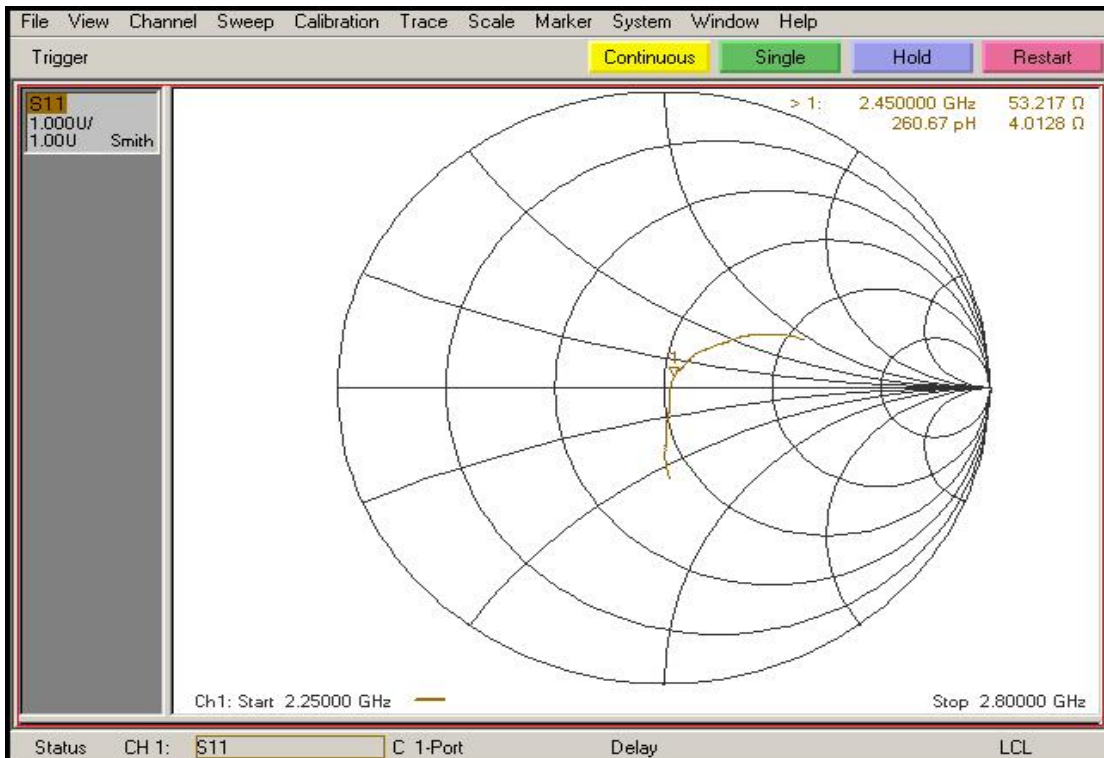


### D2450V2, serial no. 735 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

#### <Dipole Verification Data> - D2450 V2, serial no. 735

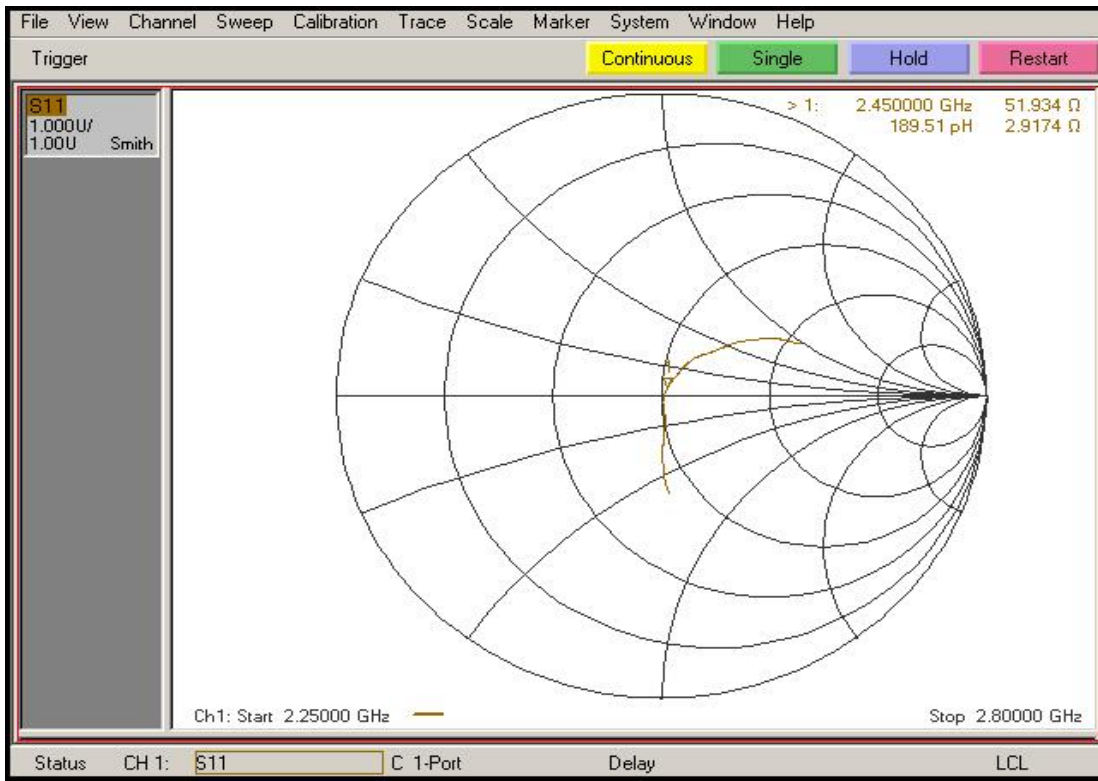
##### 2450 MHz - Head





# FCC Test Report

## 2450 MHz – Body



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL : 886-3-327-3456

FAX : 886-3-328-4978



<Justification of the extended calibration>

| D2450V2 – serial no. 735 |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
|--------------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
|                          | 2450 Head        |           |                      |             |                           |             | 2450 Body        |           |                      |             |                           |             |
| Date of Measurement      | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 6.17.2010                | -26.098          |           | 53.848               |             | 3.4219                    |             | -28.537          |           | 50.537               |             | 3.7285                    |             |
| 6.17.2011                | -26.067          | 0.119     | 53.219               | 0.629       | 4.0128                    | -0.591      | -28.516          | 0.074     | 51.934               | -1.397      | 2.9174                    | 0.811       |

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Amphenol CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE3-495\_Apr11**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AD - SN: 495**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v22  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **April 28, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards             | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 | SN: 0810278        | 28-Sep-10 (No:10376)       | Sep-11                 |
| Secondary Standards           | ID #               | Check Date (in house)      | Scheduled Check        |
| Calibrator Box V1.1           | SE UMS 006 AB 1004 | 07-Jun-10 (in house check) | In house check: Jun-11 |

|                |                                  |                          |               |
|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name<br><b>Dominique Steffen</b> | Function<br>Technician   | Signature<br> |
| Approved by:   | Name<br><b>Fin Bornholt</b>      | Function<br>R&D Director | Signature<br> |

Issued: April 28, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

## Glossary

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| DAE             | data acquisition electronics  |
| Connector angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system. |

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity*: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity*: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation*: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted*: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current*: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance*: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage*: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption*: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X                        | Y                        | Z                        |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| High Range          | 404.324 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 405.291 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 405.622 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range           | 3.95043 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 3.97613 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 3.95159 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) |

## Connector Angle

|   |                                     |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 227.5 $^{\circ}$ $\pm$ 1 $^{\circ}$ |
|---|-------------------------------------|



## Appendix

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range |         | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|------------|---------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X  | + Input | 199993.1                  | -2.74                        | -0.00     |
| Channel X  | + Input | 20001.66                  | 1.46                         | 0.01      |
| Channel X  | - Input | -19994.94                 | 5.16                         | -0.03     |
| Channel Y  | + Input | 200006.0                  | 1.16                         | 0.00      |
| Channel Y  | + Input | 20002.16                  | 1.86                         | 0.01      |
| Channel Y  | - Input | -19997.98                 | 2.02                         | -0.01     |
| Channel Z  | + Input | 200005.6                  | 1.57                         | 0.00      |
| Channel Z  | + Input | 20003.05                  | 3.05                         | 0.02      |
| Channel Z  | - Input | -19998.31                 | 1.59                         | -0.01     |

| Low Range |         | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-----------|---------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X | + Input | 2000.3                    | 0.26                         | 0.01      |
| Channel X | + Input | 199.66                    | -0.24                        | -0.12     |
| Channel X | - Input | -200.28                   | -0.38                        | 0.19      |
| Channel Y | + Input | 2001.0                    | 1.06                         | 0.05      |
| Channel Y | + Input | 200.75                    | 0.85                         | 0.42      |
| Channel Y | - Input | -202.12                   | -2.12                        | 1.06      |
| Channel Z | + Input | 1999.0                    | -1.13                        | -0.06     |
| Channel Z | + Input | 198.35                    | -1.65                        | -0.82     |
| Channel Z | - Input | -200.94                   | -1.04                        | 0.52      |

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Channel X | 200                            | 2.91   | 1.12  |
|           | - 200                          | 0.15   | -1.40                                       |
| Channel Y | 200                            | -0.69  | -0.74                                       |
|           | - 200                          | -0.12  | -0.47                                       |
| Channel Z | 200                            | 2.83   | 2.71  |
|           | - 200                          | -4.22  | -4.44                                       |

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                | -                           | 2.33                        | 0.36                        |
| Channel Y | 200                | 2.17                        | -                           | 4.08                        |
| Channel Z | 200                | 3.22                        | -0.54                       | -                           |

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15791            | 16416           |
| Channel Y | 15742            | 16582           |
| Channel Z | 15883            | 16533           |

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M $\Omega$

|           | Average ( $\mu$ V) | min. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | max. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Channel X | -1.87              | -3.03                  | -0.77                  | 0.45                      |
| Channel Y | -1.74              | -2.98                  | -0.06                  | 0.56                      |
| Channel Z | -1.44              | -2.79                  | -0.14                  | 0.61                      |

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

|           | Zeroing (kOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 200            | 200              |
| Channel Y | 200            | 200              |
| Channel Z | 200            | 200              |

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9              |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6              |

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.01             | +6            | +14               |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01             | -8            | -9                |

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

### USAGE OF THE DAE 4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

**Battery Exchange:** The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

**Shipping of the DAE:** Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures:** Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair:** Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

**Important Note:**

**Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.**

**Important Note:**

**Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.**

**Important Note:**

**To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.**



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **TMC Shanghai (Auton)**

Certificate No: **DAE4-1244\_Jan11**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 1244**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v22  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **January 7, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards             | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 | SN: 0810278        | 28-Sep-10 (No:10376)       | Sep-11                 |
| Secondary Standards           | ID #               | Check Date (in house)      | Scheduled Check        |
| Calibrator Box V1.1           | SE UMS 006 AB 1004 | 07-Jun-10 (in house check) | In house check: Jun-11 |

Calibrated by: Name **Eric Hainfeld** Function **Technician** Signature

Approved by: Name **Fin Bornhof** Function **R&D Director**

Issued: January 7, 2011

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

## Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics  
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X                        | Y                        | Z                        |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| High Range          | 403.887 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 403.652 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 404.563 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range           | 3.94990 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 3.98747 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 4.01028 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) |

## Connector Angle

|   |                                    |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 45.5 $^{\circ}$ $\pm$ 1 $^{\circ}$ |
|---|------------------------------------|

## Appendix

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range        | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 200006.7                  | 2.68                         | 0.00      |
| Channel X + Input | 20004.22                  | 4.42                         | 0.02      |
| Channel X - Input | -19996.87                 | 2.43                         | -0.01     |
| Channel Y + Input | 200002.3                  | 9.75                         | 0.00      |
| Channel Y + Input | 20000.79                  | 1.09                         | 0.01      |
| Channel Y - Input | -19996.30                 | 2.80                         | -0.01     |
| Channel Z + Input | 200016.6                  | 14.59                        | 0.01      |
| Channel Z + Input | 20000.52                  | 1.12                         | 0.01      |
| Channel Z - Input | -20001.82                 | -1.92                        | 0.01      |

| Low Range         | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 1999.3                    | -0.65                        | -0.03     |
| Channel X + Input | 199.90                    | -0.10                        | -0.05     |
| Channel X - Input | -199.38                   | 0.52                         | -0.26     |
| Channel Y + Input | 1999.5                    | -0.55                        | -0.03     |
| Channel Y + Input | 199.14                    | -0.76                        | -0.38     |
| Channel Y - Input | -200.51                   | -0.51                        | 0.26      |
| Channel Z + Input | 2000.4                    | 0.25                         | 0.01      |
| Channel Z + Input | 197.55                    | -2.35                        | -1.18     |
| Channel Z - Input | -199.87                   | 0.03                         | -0.02     |

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Channel X | 200                            | -4.02  | -5.75                                       |
|           | - 200                          | 7.57   | 5.74  |
| Channel Y | 200                            | -4.12  | -4.43                                       |
|           | - 200                          | 3.61   | 3.23  |
| Channel Z | 200                            | -8.62  | -8.36                                       |
|           | - 200                          | 7.43   | 7.26  |

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                | -                           | 4.20                        | -0.48                       |
| Channel Y | 200                | 0.42                        | -                           | 5.19                        |
| Channel Z | 200                | 1.62                        | -1.40                       | -                           |

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 16839            | 16089           |
| Channel Y | 16413            | 16187           |
| Channel Z | 15813            | 16273           |

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M $\Omega$

|           | Average ( $\mu$ V) | min. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | max. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Channel X | 0.16               | -1.30                  | 2.22                   | 0.67                      |
| Channel Y | -0.69              | -3.00                  | 0.96                   | 0.69                      |
| Channel Z | -0.93              | -2.25                  | 0.49                   | 0.59                      |

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

|           | Zeroing (kOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 200            | 200              |
| Channel Y | 200            | 200              |
| Channel Z | 200            | 200              |

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9              |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6              |

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.01             | +6            | +14               |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01             | -8            | -9                |



## IMPORTANT NOTICE

### USAGE OF THE DAE 3

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

**Battery Exchange:** The battery cover of the DAE3 unit is connected to a fragile 3-pin battery connector. Customer is responsible to apply utmost caution not to bend or damage the connector when changing batteries.

**Shipping of the DAE:** Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration the customer shall remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures:** Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, Customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair:** Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

**Important Note:**

**Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.**

**Important Note:**

**Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.**

**Important Note:**

**To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.**



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sporton TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE3-577\_Jun11**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object: **DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 577**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-06.v23  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **June 20, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards             | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 | SN: 0810278        | 28-Sep-10 (No:10376)       | Sep-11                 |
| Secondary Standards           | ID #               | Check Date (in house)      | Scheduled Check        |
| Calibrator Box V1.1           | SE UMS 006 AB 1004 | 08-Jun-11 (in house check) | In house check: Jun-12 |

|                | Name              | Function     | Signature |
|----------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Dominique Steffen | Technician   |           |
| Approved by:   | Fin Bornholt      | R&D Director |           |

Issued: June 20, 2011

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

## Glossary

**DAE** data acquisition electronics  
**Connector angle** information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity*: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity*: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation*: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted*: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current*: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance*: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage*: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption*: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V, full range = -100...+300 mV  
Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X                        | Y                        | Z                        |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| High Range          | 404.381 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 403.844 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) | 404.277 $\pm$ 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range           | 3.93296 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 3.93560 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) | 3.95800 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2) |

## Connector Angle

|   |                                     |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 101.5 $^{\circ}$ $\pm$ 1 $^{\circ}$ |
|---|-------------------------------------|

## Appendix

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range        | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 199995.4                  | -2.24                        | -0.00     |
| Channel X + Input | 20003.13                  | 3.03                         | 0.02      |
| Channel X - Input | -19996.01                 | 3.89                         | -0.02     |
| Channel Y + Input | 199996.5                  | -0.01                        | -0.00     |
| Channel Y + Input | 20000.48                  | 0.58                         | 0.00      |
| Channel Y - Input | -19998.50                 | 2.10                         | -0.01     |
| Channel Z + Input | 199994.4                  | -1.15                        | -0.00     |
| Channel Z + Input | 20003.30                  | 3.40                         | 0.02      |
| Channel Z - Input | -19996.26                 | 3.24                         | -0.02     |

| Low Range         | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2000.4                    | 0.29                         | 0.01      |
| Channel X + Input | 200.33                    | 0.43                         | 0.21      |
| Channel X - Input | -199.88                   | -0.08                        | 0.04      |
| Channel Y + Input | 1999.9                    | -0.31                        | -0.02     |
| Channel Y + Input | 200.45                    | 0.55                         | 0.28      |
| Channel Y - Input | -200.38                   | -0.58                        | 0.29      |
| Channel Z + Input | 1999.6                    | -0.23                        | -0.01     |
| Channel Z + Input | 199.26                    | -0.64                        | -0.32     |
| Channel Z - Input | -200.62                   | -0.82                        | 0.41      |

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Channel X | 200                            | 15.32  | 13.45                                       |
|           | - 200                          | -13.16                                       | -14.40                                      |
| Channel Y | 200                            | -5.58  | -5.70                                       |
|           | - 200                          | 4.51   | 4.52  |
| Channel Z | 200                            | -1.42  | -1.57                                       |
|           | - 200                          | 0.56   | 0.17  |

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                | -                           | 0.73                        | -0.43                       |
| Channel Y | 200                | 3.10                        | -                           | 4.07                        |
| Channel Z | 200                | 0.93                        | -1.25                       | -                           |

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15973            | 16638           |
| Channel Y | 15856            | 15275           |
| Channel Z | 16211            | 16876           |

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M $\Omega$

|           | Average ( $\mu$ V) | min. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | max. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Channel X | -0.94              | -2.52                  | 0.28                   | 0.54                      |
| Channel Y | -1.05              | -1.87                  | 0.16                   | 0.43                      |
| Channel Z | -0.85              | -1.57                  | 1.34                   | 0.39                      |

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

|           | Zeroing (kOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 200            | 200              |
| Channel Y | 200            | 200              |
| Channel Z | 200            | 200              |

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9              |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6              |

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.01             | +6            | +14               |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01             | -8            | -9                |



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst, C Service suisse d'étalonnage, S Servizio svizzero di taratura, S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS). The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3731\_Sep10

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: EX3DV4 - SN:3731
Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2
Calibration date: September 20, 2010

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Table with 4 columns: Primary Standards, ID #, Cal Date (Certificate No.), Scheduled Calibration. Lists equipment like Power meter E4419B, Power sensor E4412A, Reference 3 dB Attenuator, etc.

Table with 4 columns: Secondary Standards, ID #, Check Date (in house), Scheduled Check. Lists RF generator HP 8648C, Network Analyzer HP 8753E.

Calibrated by: Kaša Pokovic, Technical Manager
Approved by: Fin Bornholt, R&D Director

Issued: September 22, 2010

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
 Schmid & Partner  
 Engineering AG  
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| TSL                      | tissue simulating liquid  |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>    | sensitivity in free space   |
| ConvF                    | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>  |
| DCP                      | diode compression point   |
| CF                       | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal  |
| A, B, C                  | modulation dependent linearization parameters   |
| Polarization $\varphi$   | $\varphi$ rotation around probe axis  |
| Polarization $\vartheta$ | $\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),<br>i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- **NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- **NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub> = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- **DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- **A<sub>x,y,z</sub>, B<sub>x,y,z</sub>, C<sub>x,y,z</sub>, VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- **ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- **Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- **Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.





EX3DV4 SN:3731

September 20, 2010

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3731

|                  |                    |
|------------------|--------------------|
| Manufactured:    | October 19, 2009   |
| Last calibrated: | July 16, 2010      |
| Repaired:        | September 8, 2010  |
| Recalibrated:    | September 20, 2010 |

Calibrated for DASYS/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)



EX3DV4 SN:3731

September 20, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3731

Basic Calibration Parameters

|   | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2)    |
|---|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 0.51     | 0.53     | 0.56     | $\pm 10.1\%$ |
| DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>                                     | 87.1     | 87.4     | 87.7     |              |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID   | Communication System Name | PAR  |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dBuV | C    | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|-------|---------------------------|------|---|---------|-----------|------|----------|---------------------------|
| 10000 | CW                        | 0.00 | X | 0.00    | 0.00      | 1.00 | 300      | $\pm 1.5\%$               |
|       |                           |      | Y | 0.00    | 0.00      | 1.00 | 300      |                           |
|       |                           |      | Z | 0.00    | 0.00      | 1.00 | 300      |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3731**

**Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup> | Permittivity | Conductivity | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth Unc (k=2) |
|---------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-----------------|
| 835     | ± 50 / ± 100                | 41.5 ± 5%    | 0.90 ± 5%    | 8.85    | 8.85    | 8.85    | 0.60  | 0.69 ± 11.0%    |
| 1900    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 40.0 ± 5%    | 1.40 ± 5%    | 7.46    | 7.46    | 7.46    | 0.75  | 0.60 ± 11.0%    |
| 2300    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 39.5 ± 5%    | 1.67 ± 5%    | 7.16    | 7.16    | 7.16    | 0.47  | 0.71 ± 11.0%    |
| 2600    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 39.0 ± 5%    | 1.96 ± 5%    | 6.88    | 6.88    | 6.88    | 0.31  | 0.95 ± 11.0%    |
| 3500    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 37.9 ± 5%    | 2.91 ± 5%    | 6.60    | 6.60    | 6.60    | 0.20  | 1.50 ± 13.1%    |
| 5200    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 36.0 ± 5%    | 4.66 ± 5%    | 4.83    | 4.83    | 4.83    | 0.35  | 1.90 ± 13.1%    |
| 5300    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 35.9 ± 5%    | 4.76 ± 5%    | 4.46    | 4.46    | 4.46    | 0.38  | 1.90 ± 13.1%    |
| 5500    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 35.6 ± 5%    | 4.96 ± 5%    | 4.46    | 4.46    | 4.46    | 0.42  | 1.90 ± 13.1%    |
| 5600    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 35.5 ± 5%    | 5.07 ± 5%    | 4.07    | 4.07    | 4.07    | 0.48  | 1.90 ± 13.1%    |
| 5800    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 35.3 ± 5%    | 5.27 ± 5%    | 4.22    | 4.22    | 4.22    | 0.50  | 1.90 ± 13.1%    |

<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3731

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup> | Permittivity | Conductivity | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth Unc (k=2) |
|---------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-----------------|
| 835     | ± 50 / ± 100                | 55.2 ± 5%    | 0.97 ± 5%    | 8.84    | 8.84    | 8.84    | 0.49  | 0.79 ± 11.0%    |
| 1900    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 53.3 ± 5%    | 1.52 ± 5%    | 7.13    | 7.13    | 7.13    | 0.65  | 0.66 ± 11.0%    |
| 2300    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 52.8 ± 5%    | 1.85 ± 5%    | 7.12    | 7.12    | 7.12    | 0.37  | 0.88 ± 11.0%    |
| 2600    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 52.5 ± 5%    | 2.16 ± 5%    | 6.85    | 6.85    | 6.85    | 0.32  | 0.97 ± 11.0%    |
| 3500    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 51.3 ± 5%    | 3.31 ± 5%    | 6.02    | 6.02    | 6.02    | 0.30  | 1.43 ± 13.1%    |
| 5200    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 49.0 ± 5%    | 5.30 ± 5%    | 3.87    | 3.87    | 3.87    | 0.60  | 1.95 ± 13.1%    |
| 5300    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 48.9 ± 5%    | 5.42 ± 5%    | 3.63    | 3.63    | 3.63    | 0.60  | 1.95 ± 13.1%    |
| 5500    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 48.6 ± 5%    | 5.65 ± 5%    | 3.44    | 3.44    | 3.44    | 0.63  | 1.95 ± 13.1%    |
| 5600    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 48.5 ± 5%    | 5.77 ± 5%    | 3.20    | 3.20    | 3.20    | 0.65  | 1.95 ± 13.1%    |
| 5800    | ± 50 / ± 100                | 48.2 ± 5%    | 6.00 ± 5%    | 3.55    | 3.55    | 3.55    | 0.60  | 1.95 ± 13.1%    |

<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

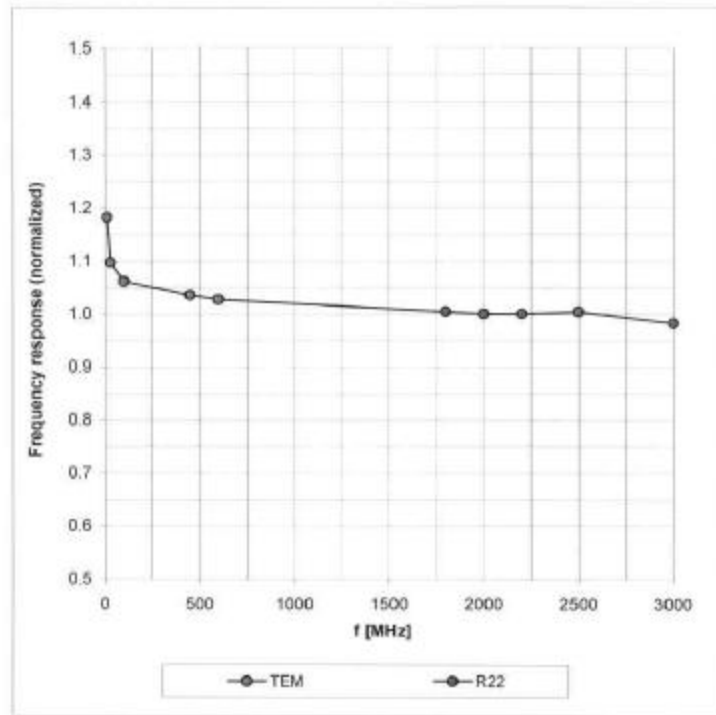


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### Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



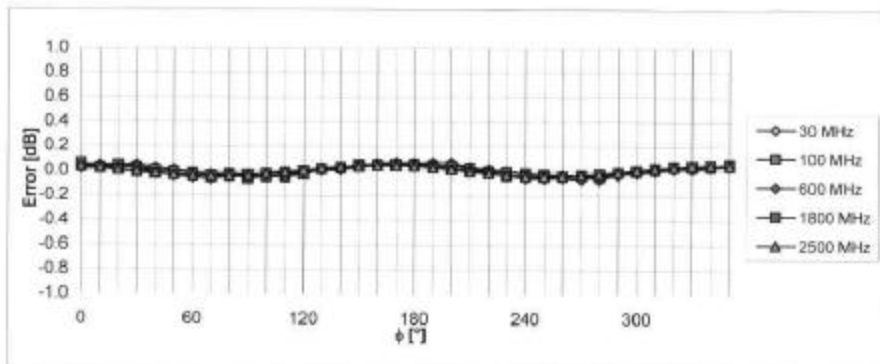
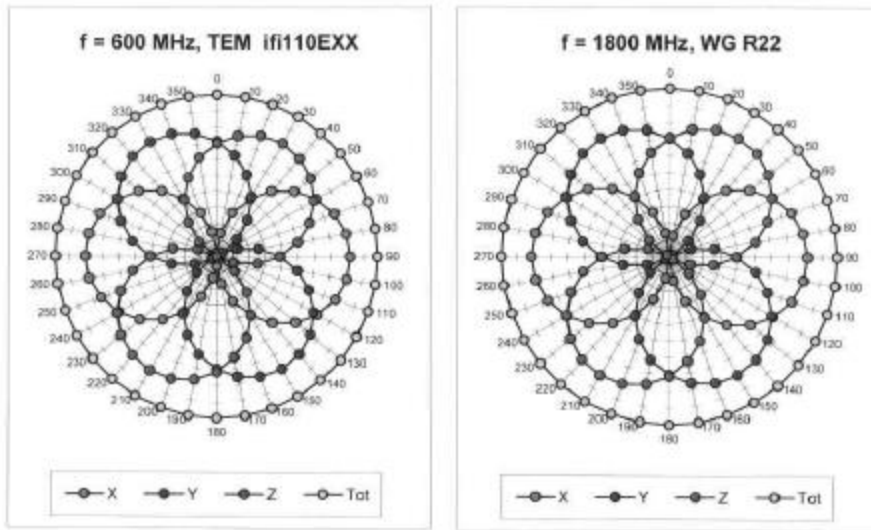
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )



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### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



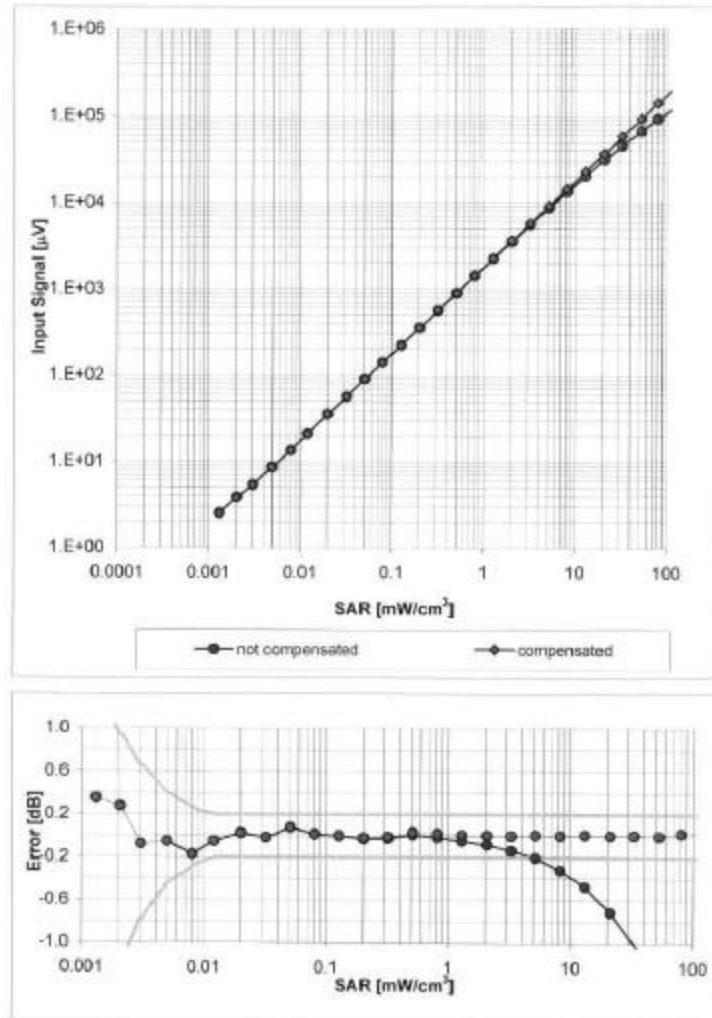
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)



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### Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800$ MHz)

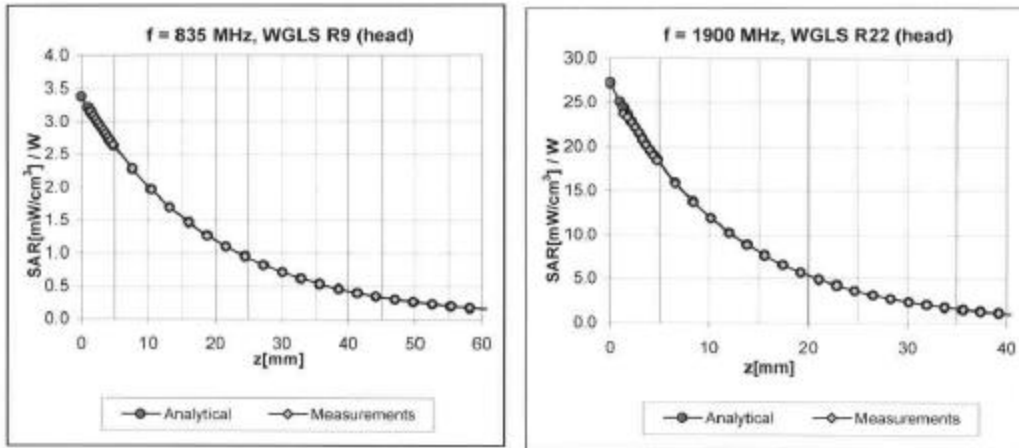


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

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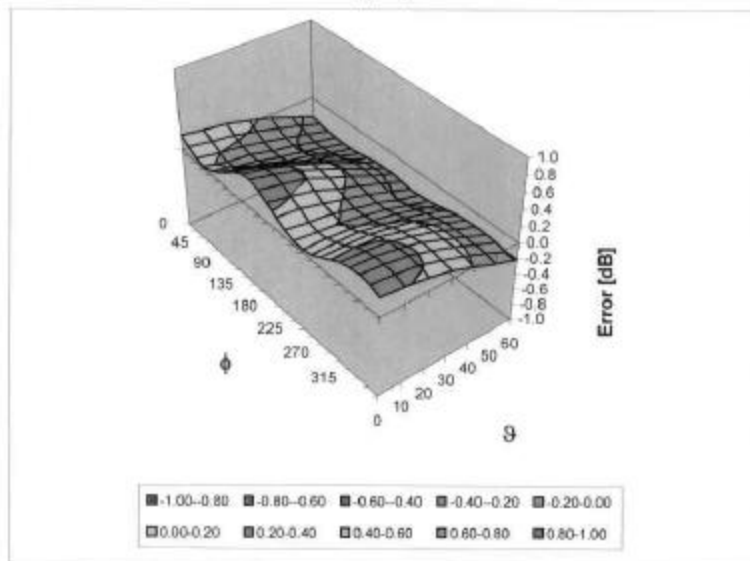
September 20, 2010

### Conversion Factor Assessment



### Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  (k=2)