



SAR TEST REPORT

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MODEL NO.: CAVA100

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1. CERTIFICATION

PRODUCT: Smart Phone
MODEL: CAVA100
APPLICANT: High Tech Computer Corp.
TESTED: Mar. 31 ~ Apr. 17, 2007
TEST SAMPLE: ENGINEERING SAMPLE
STANDARDS: **FCC Part 2 (Section 2.1093)**
FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)
RSS-102

The above equipment (model: CAVA100) have been tested by **Advance Data Technology Corporation**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's EMC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

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Responsible for RF Stanely Hsu

APPROVED BY : Gary Chang , **DATE:** Apr. 20, 2007
Gary Chang / Supervisor



2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

PRODUCT	Smart Phone
MODEL NO.	CAVA100
FCC ID	NM8CAVA100
POWER SUPPLY	3.7Vdc from rechargeable lithium battery 5.0Vdc from power adapter 5.0Vdc from host equipment
CLASSIFICATION	Portable device, production unit
MODULATION TYPE	Mobile phone: GMSK, 8PSK for GSM, GPRS, E-GPRS QPSK, BPSK for WCDMA
	Wireless LAN: CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK for DSSS 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM Bluetooth: GFSK for FHSS
FREQUENCY RANGE	Mobile phone: Tx Frequency: 824.2MHz ~ 848.8MHz (GSM band) 1850.2MHz ~ 1909.8MHz (PCS band) 824MHz ~ 849MHz (WCDMA band) 1850MHz ~ 1910MHz (WCDMA band) Rx Frequency: 869.2MHz ~ 893.8MHz (GSM band) 1930.2MHz ~ 1989.8MHz (PCS band) 869MHz ~ 894MHz (WCDMA band) 1930MHz ~ 1990MHz (WCDMA band)
	Wireless LAN & Bluetooth: 2400.0MHz ~ 2483.5MHz

CHANNEL FREQUENCIES UNDER TEST AND ITS CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	GSM band: 1.778Watts / 824.2MHz for channel 128 1.820Watts / 836.6MHz for channel 190 1.738Watts / 848.8MHz for channel 251
	PCS band: 0.912Watts / 1850.2MHz for channel 512 0.851Watts / 1880.0MHz for channel 661 0.813Watts / 1909.8MHz for channel 810
	WCDMA 850: 0.230Watts / 826.4MHz for channel 4132 0.219Watts / 836.4MHz for channel 4182 0.210Watts / 846.6MHz for channel 4233 WCDMA 1900: 0.206Watts / 1852.4MHz for channel 9262 0.208Watts / 1880.0MHz for channel 9400 0.187Watts / 1907.6MHz for channel 9538
	Wireless LAN: 63.680mW / 2412.0MHz for channel 1 (DSSS) 65.163mW / 2437.0MHz for channel 6 (DSSS) 64.565mW / 2462.0MHz for channel 11 (DSSS) 51.286mW / 2412.0MHz for channel 1 (OFDM) 50.933mW / 2437.0MHz for channel 6 (OFDM) 51.050mW / 2462.0MHz for channel 11 (OFDM) Bluetooth: 1.413mW / 2402.0MHz for channel 0 1.274mW / 2441.0MHz for channel 39 1.114mW / 2480.0MHz for channel 78
MAX. AVERAGE SAR (1g)	Head: 1.010W/kg (GSM band) 0.737W/kg (PCS band) 0.738W/kg (WCDMA 850 band) 1.300W/kg (WCDMA 1900 band) 0.633W/kg (Wireless LAN) 0.023W/kg (Bluetooth)
	Body: 1.040W/kg (GSM band) 0.821W/kg (PCS band) 0.395W/kg (WCDMA 850 band) 1.010W/kg (WCDMA 1900 band) 0.091W/kg (Wireless LAN) 0.00195W/kg (Bluetooth)



ANTENNA TYPE	Monopole antenna with 0dBi gain for GSM850/WCDMA850 Monopole antenna with 1dBi gain for PCS1900/WCDMA1900 Monopole antenna with 1dBi gain for Wireless LAN & Bluetooth
DATA CABLE	1.0m shielded USB cable without core
I/O PORTS	Refer to user's manual
ASSOCIATED DEVICES	Adapter*2, Battery*2, Earpiece (1.6m), Holster, LCD Panel

NOTE:

1. The EUT is a GSM850/PCS1900/WCDMA850/WCDMA1900/GPRS/E-GPRS Smart Phone with wireless LAN and bluetooth functions.
2. The EUT is a GPRS / E-GPRS class 10 device, which provide 2 up-link / 4 down-link. The up-link with 2 time slots has been chosen for the worst case to do the final test and record.
3. The communicated functions of EUT listed as below:

		GSM850MHz	PCS1900MHz	WCDMA850MHz	WCDMA1900MHz	With 802.11b/g & bluetooth
2G	GPRS	√	√			
	Edge	√	√			
3G	HSDPA			√	√	

4. The EUT has two lithium batteries listed as below:

STANDARD BATTERY 1:	
MANUFACTURER:	Simplo Technology Co., Ltd.
MODEL:	LIBR160
RATING:	3.7Vdc, 1050mAh

STANDARD BATTERY 2:	
MANUFACTURER:	SANYO
MODEL:	LIBR160
RATING:	3.7Vdc, 1050mAh

**Battery 1 was the worst case for final test.

5. The EUT was operated with following power adapters:

ADAPTER 1:	
BRAND:	PHIHONG
MODEL:	PSAA05A-050
INPUT:	100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 200mA, 13-20VA
OUTPUT:	5Vdc, 1A
POWER LINE:	1.8m non-shielded cable without core

ADAPTER 2:	
BRAND:	DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC.
MODEL:	ADP-5FH B
INPUT:	100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 0.2A
OUTPUT:	5.0Vdc, 1A
POWER LINE:	1.8m non-shielded cable without core

6. The following accessories are specified to use in this EUT.

PRODUCT	BRAND	MODEL
Holster	New Tech	HTC-372
Earpiece	Cotron	CHM-60STV07002
LCD Panel	Sony	ACX362AKM-8
	TOPPOLY	TD025THED1

**TOPPOLY LCD Panel was the worst case for final test.

7. The EUT used the same antenna in Wireless LAN & Bluetooth function, but the two functions can not work at the same time.
8. IMEI Code: 352131 01*****.
9. The above EUT information was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.



2.2 SAR MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS FOR WCDMA

The following procedures were followed according to FCC “SAR Measurement Procedures Devices”, June 2006.

Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1s” . Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCH_n and spreading codes) should be tabulated in the test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations should be clearly identified

Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1s” . SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2 RMC. The highest head SAR measured for the left & right side, in touch & tilt positions with antenna extended and retracted on a channel in 12.2 kbps RMC. The possible channels are the High, Middle & Low channel.

Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits configured to all “1s”

Handsets with HSDPA

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities, when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. HSDPA is tested with FRC (fixed reference channel). See Appendix for interim information until more detail procedures are available for HSDPA. Otherwise, SAR for HSDPA is measured using FRC (fixed reference channel) in the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2 RMC.



WCDMA 850 CONDUCTED POWER

Channel	Frequency	HSDPA Inactive		HSDPA Active
		RMC	AMR	RMC
4132	826.4	23.46	23.41	23.38
4182	836.4	23.21	23.23	23.15
4233	846.6	23.14	23.19	23.16

This device was tested under all configurations and the worst case is reported with (RMC, HSDPA Inactive).

WCDMA 1900 CONDUCTED POWER

Channel	Frequency	HSDPA Inactive		HSDPA Active
		RMC	AMR	RMC
9538	1852.4	23.54	23.46	23.48
9400	1880	23.53	23.51	23.45
9578	1907.6	23.58	23.53	23.51

This device was tested under all configurations and the worst case is reported with (RMC, HSDPA Inactive).

2.3 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, this product must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01- 01)

RSS-102

IEEE 1528-2003

All test items have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.



2.4 GENERAL INFORMATION OF THE SAR SYSTEM

DASY4 (software 4.7 Build 53) consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4 software defined. The DASY4 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

ET3DV6 ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE

CONSTRUCTION	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycoether).
FREQUENCY	10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
DYNAMIC RANGE	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
OPTICAL SURFACE DETECTION	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
DIMENSIONS	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip Length: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body diameter: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
APPLICATION	General dosimetric measurements up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of GSM Tri-band Digital Mobile Phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms (ET3DV6)

NOTE:

1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference "APPENDIX D" for the Calibration Certification Report.
2. For frequencies above 800 MHz, calibration in a rectangular wave-guide is used, because wave-guide size is manageable.
3. For frequencies below 800 MHz, temperature transfer calibration is used because the wave-guide size becomes relatively large.



TWIN SAM V4.0

CONSTRUCTION The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

SHELL THICKNESS 2 ± 0.2 mm

FILLING VOLUME Approx. 25 liters

DIMENSIONS Height: 810 mm; Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm

SYSTEM VALIDATION KITS:

CONSTRUCTION	Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor
CALIBRATION	Calibrated SAR value for specified position and input power at the flat phantom in brain simulating solutions
FREQUENCY	900, 1800, 1900, 2450 MHz
RETURN LOSS	> 20 dB at specified validation position
POWER CAPABILITY	> 100 W ($f < 1\text{GHz}$); > 40 W ($f > 1\text{GHz}$)
OPTIONS	Dipoles for other frequencies or solutions and other calibration conditions upon request

DEVICE HOLDER FOR SAM TWIN PHANTOM

CONSTRUCTION

The device holder for the GSM900/DCS1800/PCS1900 GSM/GPRS/CDMA Mobile Phone device is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered. The device holder for the portable device makes up of the polyethylene foam. The dielectric parameters of material close to the dielectric parameters of the air.

DATA ACQUISITION ELECTRONICS

CONSTRUCTION

The data acquisition electronics (DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplex, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe is mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE3 box is 200M Ω ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

2.5 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The DASY4 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the micro-volt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device parameters:	- Frequency	F
	- Crest factor	Cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

V _i	=compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
U _i	=input signal of channel I	(i = x, y, z)
Cf	=crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
dcp _i	=diode compression point	(DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-fieldprobes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

$$\text{H-field probes: } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

V_i	=compensated signal of channel I	(i = x, y, z)
Norm _i	=sensor sensitivity of channel i $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ for (i = x, y, z)	E-field Probes
ConvF	= sensitivity enhancement in solution	
a_{ij}	= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes	
F	= carrier frequency [GHz]	
E_i	= electric field strength of channel i in V/m	
H_i	= magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m	

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{S}{r \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR	= local specific absorption rate in mW/g
E_{tot}	= total field strength in V/m
σ	= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
ρ	= equivalent tissue density in g/cm ³



Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid. The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within -2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.



The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7 x 7 x 7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30 x 30 x 30mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (42875 points). In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is then moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

3. DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

NO.	PRODUCT	BRAND	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CAL. DATE
1	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	101095	Apr. 11, 2008
2	NJZ-2000 (GSM+WCDMA simulator)	JRC	NJZ-2000	ET00054	Sep. 05, 2007

NO.	SIGNAL CABLE DESCRIPTION OF THE ABOVE SUPPORT UNITS
1	NA
2	NA

NOTE: All power cords of the above support units are non shielded (1.8m).

4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

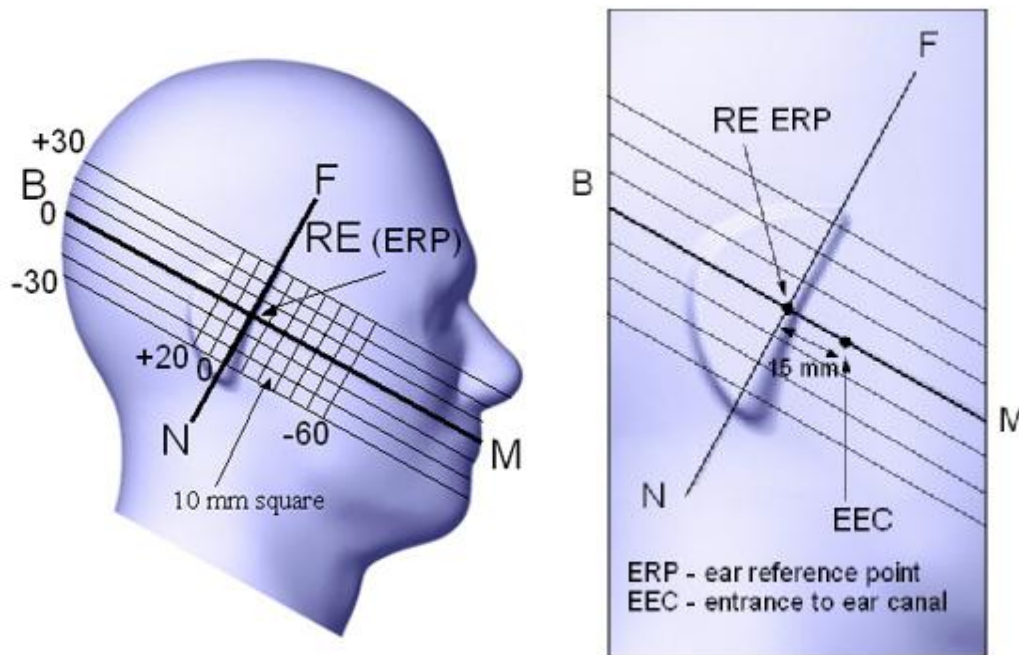


FIGURE 3.1

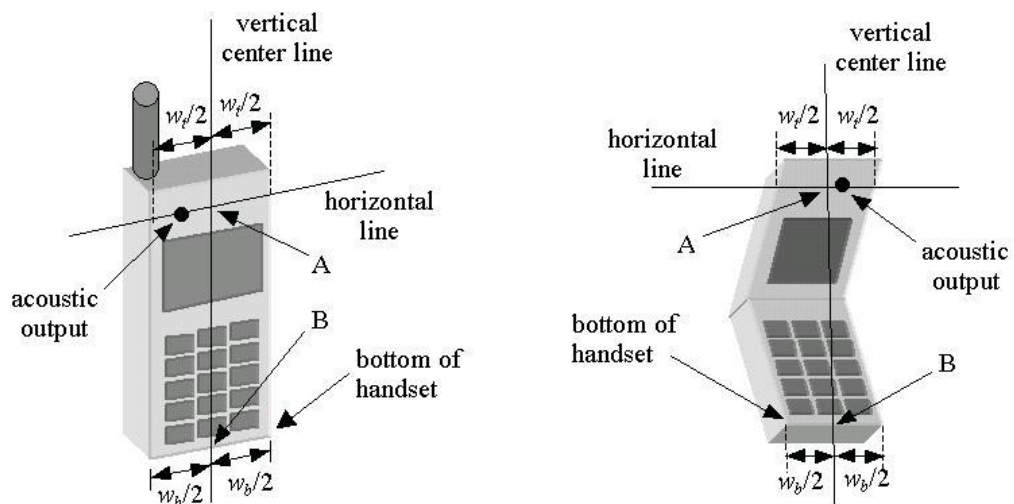
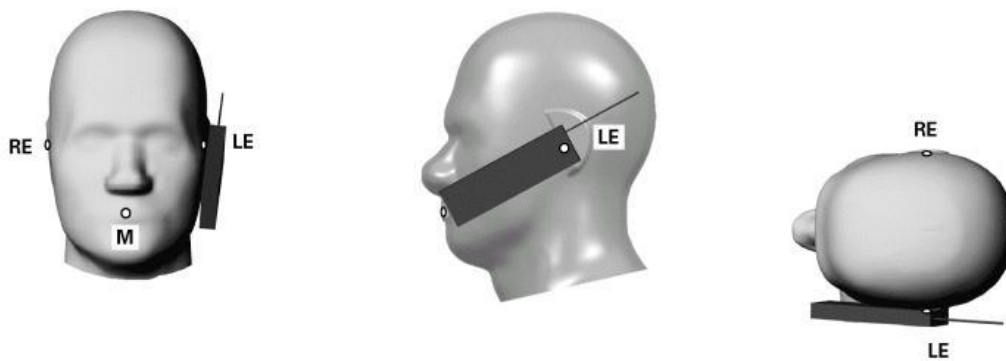


FIGURE 3.1a

FIGURE 3.1b

4.1.1 TOUCH/CHEEK TEST POSITION

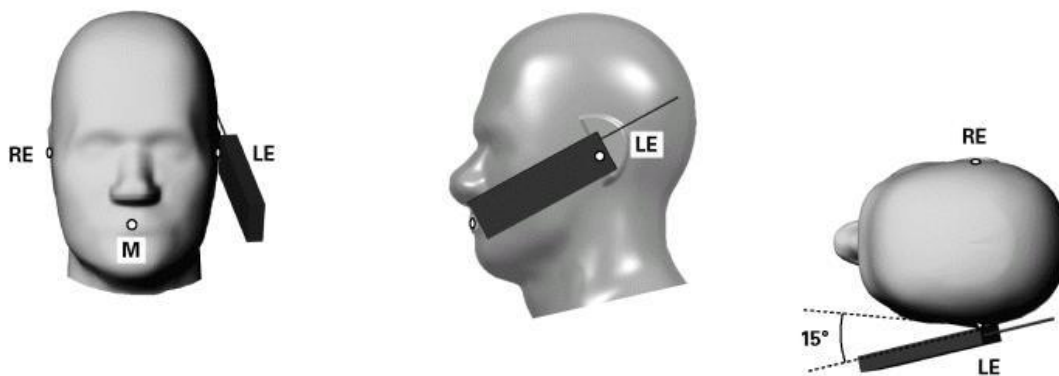
The head position in Figure 3.1, the ear reference points ERP are 15mm above entrance to ear canal along the B-M line. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the B-M (Back Mouth) line. The handset device in Figure 3.1a and 3.1b, The vertical centerline pass through two points on the front side of handset: the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A) and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The vertical centerline is perpendicular to the horizontal line and pass through the center of the acoustic output. The point A touches the ERP and the vertical centerline of the handset is parallel to the B-M line. While maintaining the point A contact with the ear(ERP), rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on handset is in contact with the cheek of the phantom



TOUCH/CHEEK POSITION FIGURE

4.1.2 TILT TEST POSITION

Adjust the device in the cheek position. While maintaining a point of the handset contact in the ear, move the bottom of the handset away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees.



TILT POSITION FIGURE

4.1.3 BODY-WORN CONFIGURATION

The handset device attached the belt clip or the holster. The keypad face of the handset is against with the bottom of the flat phantom face and the bottom of the keypad face contact to the bottom of the flat phantom.

When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

4.2 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODE

TEST MODE	COMMUNICATION MODE	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	ASSESSMENT POSITION	TESTED CHANNEL	REMARK
1	GSM 850	GSM	A / Cheek	L, M, H	
2		GSM	A / Tilt	L, M, H	
3		GSM	B / Cheek	L, M, H	
4		GSM	B / Tilt	L, M, H	
5		GSM	B / Cheek	H	Battery 2
6		GPRS with TS2	C / Bottom	L, M, H	
7		GPRS with TS2	C / Front	H	
8		GPRS with TS1	C / Bottom	H	
9		GPRS with TS1	C / Front	H	
10		E-GPRS with TS2	C / Bottom	H	
11		E-GPRS with TS2	C / Front	H	
12		E-GPRS with TS1	C / Bottom	H	
13		E-GPRS with TS1	C / Front	H	
14		GSM	C / Bottom	H	
15		GSM	C / Front	H	
16	PCS 1900	GSM	A / Cheek	L, M, H	
17		GSM	A / Tilt	L, M, H	
18		GSM	B / Cheek	L, M, H	
19		GSM	B / Tilt	L, M, H	
20		GPRS with TS2	C / Bottom	L, M, H	
21		GPRS with TS2	C / Front	L	
22		GPRS with TS1	C / Bottom	L	
23		GPRS with TS1	C / Front	L	

TEST MODE	COMMUNICATION MODE	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	ASSESSMENT POSITION	TESTED CHANNEL	REMARK
24	PCS 1900	E-GPRS with TS2	C / Bottom	L	
25		E-GPRS with TS2	C / Front	L	
26		E-GPRS with TS1	C / Bottom	L	
27		E-GPRS with TS1	C / Front	L	
28		GSM	C / Bottom	L	
29		GSM	C / Front	L	
30	WCDMA 850	WCDMA	A / Cheek	L, M, H	
31		WCDMA	A / Tilt	L, M, H	
32		WCDMA	B / Cheek	L, M, H	
33		WCDMA	B / Tilt	L, M, H	
34		WCDMA	C / Bottom	L, M, H	
35		WCDMA	C / Front	L	
36	HSDPA 850	WCDMA	C / Bottom	L	
37		WCDMA	C / Front	L	
38	WCDMA 1900	WCDMA	A / Cheek	L, M, H	
39		WCDMA	A / Tilt	L, M, H	
40		WCDMA	B / Cheek	L, M, H	
41		WCDMA	B / Tilt	L, M, H	
42		WCDMA	C / Bottom	L, M, H	
43		WCDMA	C / Front	M	
44	HSDPA 1900	WCDMA	C / Bottom	M	
45		WCDMA	C / Front	M	

TEST MODE	COMMUNICATION MODE	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	ASSESSMENT POSITION	TESTED CHANNEL	REMARK	
46	WLAN	DSSS	A / Cheek	L, M, H		
47		DSSS	A / Tilt	L, M, H		
48		DSSS	B / Cheek	L, M, H		
49		DSSS	B / Tilt	L, M, H		
50		DSSS	C / Bottom	L, M, H		
51		DSSS	C / Front	M		
52		OFDM	A / Cheek	L, M, H		
53		OFDM	A / Tilt	L, M, H		
54		OFDM	B / Cheek	L, M, H		
55		OFDM	B / Tilt	L, M, H		
56		OFDM	C / Bottom	L, M, H		
57		OFDM	C / Front	L		
58		Bluetooth	FHSS	A / Cheek	L, M, H	
59			FHSS	A / Tilt	L, M, H	
60	FHSS		B / Cheek	L, M, H		
61	FHSS		B / Tilt	L, M, H		
62	FHSS		C / Bottom	L, M, H		
63	FHSS		C / Front	L		
64	GSM850 + 802.11b	NOTE 1	B / Cheek	NOTE 1		
65	PCS1900 + 802.11b	NOTE 1	B / Cheek	NOTE 1		
66	WCDMA850 + 802.11b	NOTE 1	B / Cheek	NOTE 1		
67	WCDMA1900 + 802.11b	NOTE 1	B / Cheek	NOTE 1		
68	GPRS850 TS2 + 802.11b	NOTE 1	C / Bottom	NOTE 1		
69	GPRS1900 TS2 + 802.11b	NOTE 1	C / Bottom	NOTE 1		
70	WCDMA850 + 802.11b	NOTE 1	C / Bottom	NOTE 1		
71	WCDMA1900 + 802.11b	NOTE 1	C / Bottom	NOTE 1		

TEST MODE	COMMUNICATION MODE	MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	ASSESSMENT POSITION	TESTED CHANNEL	REMARK
72	GSM850 + Bluetooth	NOTE 1	B / Cheek	NOTE 1	
73	PCS1900 + Bluetooth	NOTE 1	B / Cheek	NOTE 1	
74	WCDMA850 + Bluetooth	NOTE 1	B / Cheek	NOTE 1	
75	WCDMA1900 + Bluetooth	NOTE 1	B / Cheek	NOTE 1	
76	GPRS850 TS2 + Bluetooth	NOTE 1	C / Bottom	NOTE 1	
77	GPRS1900 TS2 + Bluetooth	NOTE 1	C / Bottom	NOTE 1	
78	WCDMA850 + Bluetooth	NOTE 1	C / Bottom	NOTE 1	
79	WCDMA1900 + Bluetooth	NOTE 1	C / Bottom	NOTE 1	

NOTE: 1. The combination is from the worst situation of each communication mode.

2. Assessment position A: Right head position, B: Left head position, C: Body position, please refer to appendix E for the photo.

4.3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

HEAD POSITION

PART OF ASSESSMENT	HEAD POSITION							
COMMUNICATION MODE	GSM 850				PCS 1900			
	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)							
	RIGHT		LEFT		RIGHT		LEFT	
CHANNEL	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT
LOW	0.618	0.189	0.609	0.213	0.563	0.345	0.696	0.317
MIDDLE	0.886	0.273	0.895	0.316	0.628	0.356	0.737	0.335
HIGH	0.967	0.316	1.010	0.361	0.590	0.304	0.641	0.304

NOTE: The worst value of each communication has been marked by boldface.

PART OF ASSESSMENT	HEAD POSITION							
COMMUNICATION MODE	WCDMA 850				WCDMA 1900			
	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)							
	RIGHT		LEFT		RIGHT		LEFT	
CHANNEL	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT
LOW	0.622	0.239	0.738	0.232	0.852	0.547	1.070	0.515
MIDDLE	0.538	0.208	0.642	0.216	1.000	0.623	1.300	0.585
HIGH	0.633	0.241	0.727	0.247	0.996	0.576	1.270	0.536

NOTE: The worst value has been marked by boldface.

PART OF ASSESSMENT	HEAD POSITION							
COMMUNICATION MODE	DSSS				OFDM			
	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)							
	RIGHT		LEFT		RIGHT		LEFT	
CHANNEL	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT
LOW	0.263	0.450	0.405	0.512	0.274	0.411	0.325	0.474
MIDDLE	0.282	0.533	0.485	0.633	0.262	0.407	0.334	0.489
HIGH	0.272	0.487	0.443	0.527	0.259	0.388	0.281	0.409

NOTE: The worst value has been marked by boldface.

PART OF ASSESSMENT	HEAD POSITION			
COMMUNICATION MODE	BLUETOOTH			
	MEASURED VALUE OF 10g SAR (W/kg)			
	RIGHT		LEFT	
CHANNEL	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT
LOW	0.00891	0.00680	0.01500	0.02300
MIDDLE	0.00804	0.00673	0.01400	0.02200
HIGH	0.00757	0.00663	0.01300	0.02000

NOTE: The worst value has been marked by boldface.

THE EUT OF THIS MODE IS WITH BATTERY 2:

PART OF ASSESSMENT	HEAD POSITION
COMMUNICATION MODE	GSM 850
	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LEFT
CHANNEL	CHEEK
HIGH	0.989

BODY POSITION

PART OF ASSESSMENT	BODY POSITION									
COMMUNICATION MODE	GSM 850									
	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)									
	GPRS				E-GPRS				GSM	
	TS2		TS1		TS2		TS1			
CHANNEL	BOTTOM	FRONT	BOTTOM	FRONT	BOTTOM	FRONT	BOTTOM	FRONT	BOTTOM	FRONT
LOW	0.914	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MIDDLE	0.979	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HIGH	1.040	0.958	0.450	0.431	0.212	0.193	0.205	0.161	0.518	0.479

NOTE: The worst value has been marked by boldface.

PART OF ASSESSMENT	BODY POSITION									
COMMUNICATION MODE	PCS 1900									
	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)									
	GPRS				E-GPRS				GSM	
	TS2		TS1		TS2		TS1			
CHANNEL	BOTTOM	FRONT	BOTTOM	FRONT	BOTTOM	FRONT	BOTTOM	FRONT	BOTTOM	FRONT
LOW	0.821	0.450	0.387	0.229	0.267	0.157	0.137	0.080	0.446	0.228
MIDDLE	0.817	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HIGH	0.805	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NOTE: The worst value has been marked by boldface.

PART OF ASSESSMENT	BODY POSITION							
COMMUNICATION MODE	WCDMA 850		HSDPA 850		WCDMA 1900		HSDPA 1900	
	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)							
CHANNEL	BOTTOM	FRONT	BOTTOM	FRONT	BOTTOM	FRONT	BOTTOM	FRONT
LOW	0.395	0.264	0.326	0.224	0.874	-	-	-
MIDDLE	0.315	-	-	-	1.010	0.572	0.768	0.404
HIGH	0.338	-	-	-	0.958	-	-	-

NOTE: The worst value has been marked by boldface.

PART OF ASSESSMENT	BODY POSITION					
COMMUNICATION MODE	WLAN			BLUEOOTH		
	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)					
	DSSS		OFDM		FHSS	
CHANNEL	BOTTOM	FRONT	BOTTOM	FRONT	BOTTOM	FRONT
LOW	0.065	-	0.076	0.037	0.00195	0.0000452
MIDDLE	0.091	0.064	0.058	-	0.00144	-
HIGH	0.078	-	0.060	-	0.00126	-

NOTE: The worst value of each communication has been marked by boldface.

TEST RESULTS OF MULTI-BANDS CO-LOCATED ASSESSMENT

The worst situations had been chosen from the above tables, and make up following combinations for the test of co-location listed as below.

TEST MODE	DESCRIPTION	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)
64	GSM850 high channel + 802.11b middle channel	1.010
65	PCS1900 middle channel + 802.11b middle channel	0.737
66	WCDMA850 low channel + 802.11b middle channel	0.738
67	WCDMA1900 middle channel + 802.11b middle channel	1.300
68	GPRS850 TS2 high channel + 802.11b middle channel	1.040
69	GPRS1900 TS2 low channel + 802.11b middle channel	0.821
70	WCDMA850 low channel + 802.11b middle channel	0.395
71	WCDMA1900 middle channel + 802.11b middle channel	1.010
72	GSM850 high channel + Bluetooth low channel	1.010
73	PCS1900 middle channel + Bluetooth low channel	0.737
74	WCDMA850 low channel + Bluetooth low channel	0.738
75	WCDMA1900 middle channel + Bluetooth low channel	1.300
76	GPRS850 TS2 high channel + Bluetooth low channel	1.040
77	GPRS1900 TS2 low channel + Bluetooth low channel	0.821
78	WCDMA850 low channel + Bluetooth low channel	0.395
79	WCDMA1900 middle channel + Bluetooth low channel	1.010

5. TEST RESULTS

5.1 TEST PROCEDURES

The EUT makes a phone call to the GSM / WCDMA base station. Establish the simulation communication configuration rather the actual communication. Then the EUT could continuous the transmission mode. Adjust the PCL of the base station could controlled the EUT to transmitted the maximum output power. The base station also could control the transmission channel. The SAR value was calculated via the 3D spline interpolation algorithm that has been implemented in the software of DASY4 SAR measurement system manufactured and calibrated by SPEAG. According to the IEEE 1528, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Verification of the power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power reference measurement

The area scan with 15mm x 15mm grid was performed for the highest spatial SAR location. Consist of 11 x 13 points while the scan size is the 150mm x 180mm. The zoom scan with 30mm x 30mm x 30mm volume was performed for SAR value averaged over 1g and 10g spatial volumes.



In the zoom scan, the distance between the measurement point at the probe sensor location (geometric center behind the probe tip) and the phantom surface is 4.0 mm and maintained at a constant distance of ± 1.0 mm during a zoom scan to determine peak SAR locations. The distance is 4mm between the first measurement point and the bottom surface of the phantom. The secondary measurement point to the bottom surface of the phantom is with 9mm separation distance. The cube size is 7 x 7 x 7 points consist of 343 points and the grid space is 5mm.

The measurement time is 0.5 s at each point of the zoom scan. The probe boundary effect compensation shall be applied during the SAR test. Because of the tip of the probe to the Phantom surface separated distances are longer than half a tip probe diameter.

In the area scan, the separation distance is 4mm between the each measurement point and the phantom surface. The scan size shall be included the transmission portion of the EUT. The measurement time is the same as the zoom scan. At last the reference power drift shall be less than $\pm 5\%$.

5.2 MEASURED SAR RESULTS

GSM 850 BAND RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.2°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 60%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Mar. 31, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
128	824.20 (Low)	GSM	1.778	1.763	-0.84	Standard Battery	1	0.618
190	836.60 (Mid.)	GSM	1.820	1.803	-0.93	Standard Battery	1	0.886
251	848.80 (High)	GSM	1.738	1.720	-1.04	Standard Battery	1	0.967
128	824.20 (Low)	GSM	1.778	1.757	-1.18	Standard Battery	2	0.189
190	836.60 (Mid.)	GSM	1.820	1.797	-1.26	Standard Battery	2	0.273
251	848.80 (High)	GSM	1.738	1.714	-1.38	Standard Battery	2	0.316

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

GSM 850 BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.2°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 60%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Mar. 31, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
128	824.20 (Low)	GSM	1.778	1.766	-0.67	Standard Battery	3	0.609
190	836.60 (Mid.)	GSM	1.820	1.807	-0.71	Standard Battery	3	0.895
251	848.80 (High)	GSM	1.738	1.721	-0.98	Standard Battery	3	1.010
128	824.20 (Low)	GSM	1.778	1.758	-1.12	Standard Battery	4	0.213
190	836.60 (Mid.)	GSM	1.820	1.795	-1.37	Standard Battery	4	0.316
251	848.80 (High)	GSM	1.738	1.712	-1.50	Standard Battery	4	0.361

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



GSM 850 BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION (WITH BATTERY 2)

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.2°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 60%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Mar. 31, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
251	848.80 (High)	GSM	1.738	1.706	-1.84	Standard Battery	5	0.989

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



GSM 850 BAND BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 60%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 16, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
128	824.20 (Low)	GPRS TS2	1.660	1.647	-0.78	Standard Battery	6	0.914
190	836.60 (Mid.)	GPRS TS2	1.660	1.644	-0.96	Standard Battery	6	0.979
251	848.80 (High)	GPRS TS2	1.660	1.640	-1.20	Standard Battery	6	1.040
251	848.80 (High)	GPRS TS2	1.660	1.637	-1.39	Standard Battery	7	0.958
251	848.80 (High)	GPRS TS1	1.698	1.685	-0.77	Standard Battery	8	0.450
251	848.80 (High)	GPRS TS1	1.698	1.678	-1.18	Standard Battery	9	0.431

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 60%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 16, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
251	848.80 (High)	EGPRS TS2	0.479	0.475	-0.84	Standard Battery	10	0.212
251	848.80 (High)	EGPRS TS2	0.479	0.472	-1.46	Standard Battery	11	0.193
251	848.80 (High)	EGPRS TS1	0.741	0.735	-0.81	Standard Battery	12	0.205
251	848.80 (High)	EGPRS TS1	0.741	0.731	-1.35	Standard Battery	13	0.161
251	848.80 (High)	GSM	1.738	1.721	-0.98	Standard Battery	14	0.518
251	848.80 (High)	GSM	1.738	1.717	-1.21	Standard Battery	15	0.479

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

PCS 1900 BAND RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.6°C Humidity : 62%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 02, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
512	1850.20 (Low)	GSM	0.912	0.903	-0.99	Standard Battery	16	0.563
661	1880.00 (Mid.)	GSM	0.851	0.842	-1.06	Standard Battery	16	0.628
810	1909.80 (High)	GSM	0.813	0.803	-1.23	Standard Battery	16	0.590
512	1850.20 (Low)	GSM	0.912	0.898	-1.54	Standard Battery	17	0.345
661	1880.00 (Mid.)	GSM	0.851	0.836	-1.76	Standard Battery	17	0.356
810	1909.80 (High)	GSM	0.813	0.797	-1.97	Standard Battery	17	0.304

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

PCS 1900 BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.6°C Humidity : 62%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 02, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
512	1850.20 (Low)	GSM	0.912	0.905	-0.77	Standard Battery	18	0.696
661	1880.00 (Mid.)	GSM	0.851	0.843	-0.94	Standard Battery	18	0.737
810	1909.80 (High)	GSM	0.813	0.804	-1.11	Standard Battery	18	0.641
512	1850.20 (Low)	GSM	0.912	0.901	-1.21	Standard Battery	19	0.317
661	1880.00 (Mid.)	GSM	0.851	0.838	-1.53	Standard Battery	19	0.335
810	1909.80 (High)	GSM	0.813	0.799	-1.72	Standard Battery	19	0.304

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



PCS 1900 BAND BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 62%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 17, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
512	1850.20 (Low)	GPRS TS2	0.871	0.863	-0.92	Standard Battery	20	0.821
661	1880.00 (Mid.)	GPRS TS2	0.813	0.802	-1.35	Standard Battery	20	0.817
810	1909.80 (High)	GPRS TS2	0.776	0.763	-1.68	Standard Battery	20	0.805
512	1850.20 (Low)	GPRS TS2	0.871	0.858	-1.49	Standard Battery	21	0.450
512	1850.20 (Low)	GPRS TS1	0.851	0.841	-1.18	Standard Battery	22	0.387
512	1850.20 (Low)	GPRS TS1	0.851	0.838	-1.53	Standard Battery	23	0.229

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 62%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 17, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
512	1850.20 (Low)	GPRS TS2	0.417	0.413	-0.96	Standard Battery	24	0.267
512	1850.20 (Low)	GPRS TS2	0.417	0.411	-1.44	Standard Battery	25	0.157
512	1850.20 (Low)	GPRS TS1	0.676	0.670	-0.89	Standard Battery	26	0.137
512	1850.20 (Low)	GPRS TS1	0.676	0.668	-1.18	Standard Battery	27	0.080
512	1850.20 (Low)	GSM	0.912	0.906	-0.66	Standard Battery	28	0.446
512	1850.20 (Low)	GSM	0.912	0.901	-1.21	Standard Battery	29	0.228

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA 850 BAND RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.2°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 60%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Mar. 31, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
4132	826.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.230	0.228	-0.87	Standard Battery	30	0.622
4182	836.40 (Mid.)	WCDMA	0.219	0.216	-1.37	Standard Battery	30	0.538
4233	846.60 (High)	WCDMA	0.210	0.207	-1.43	Standard Battery	30	0.633
4132	826.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.230	0.227	-1.30	Standard Battery	31	0.239
4182	836.40 (Mid.)	WCDMA	0.219	0.215	-1.83	Standard Battery	31	0.208
4233	846.60 (High)	WCDMA	0.210	0.206	-1.90	Standard Battery	31	0.241

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

WCDMA 850 BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.2°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 60%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Mar. 31, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
4132	826.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.230	0.229	-0.43	Standard Battery	32	0.738
4182	836.40 (Mid.)	WCDMA	0.219	0.217	-0.91	Standard Battery	32	0.642
4233	846.60 (High)	WCDMA	0.210	0.208	-0.95	Standard Battery	32	0.727
4132	826.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.230	0.227	-1.30	Standard Battery	33	0.232
4182	836.40 (Mid.)	WCDMA	0.219	0.216	-1.37	Standard Battery	33	0.216
4233	846.60 (High)	WCDMA	0.210	0.207	-1.43	Standard Battery	33	0.247

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA 850 BAND BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 60%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 16, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
4132	826.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.230	0.228	-0.87	Standard Battery	34	0.395
4182	836.40 (Mid.)	WCDMA	0.219	0.217	-0.91	Standard Battery	34	0.315
4233	846.60 (High)	WCDMA	0.210	0.208	-0.95	Standard Battery	34	0.338
4132	826.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.230	0.227	-1.30	Standard Battery	35	0.264
4132	826.40 (Low)	HSDPA	0.226	0.225	-0.44	Standard Battery	36	0.326
4132	826.40 (Low)	HSDPA	0.226	0.224	-0.88	Standard Battery	37	0.224

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

WCDMA 1900 BAND RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.6°C Humidity : 62%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 02, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
9262	1852.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.206	0.204	-0.97	Standard Battery	38	0.852
9400	1880.00 (Mid.)	WCDMA	0.208	0.206	-0.96	Standard Battery	38	1.000
9538	1907.60 (High)	WCDMA	0.187	0.185	-1.07	Standard Battery	38	0.996
9262	1852.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.206	0.203	-1.46	Standard Battery	39	0.547
9400	1880.00 (Mid.)	WCDMA	0.208	0.205	-1.44	Standard Battery	39	0.623
9538	1907.60 (High)	WCDMA	0.187	0.184	-1.60	Standard Battery	39	0.576

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA 1900 BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.6°C Humidity : 62%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 02, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
9262	1852.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.206	0.205	-0.49	Standard Battery	40	1.070
9400	1880.00 (Mid.)	WCDMA	0.208	0.207	-0.48	Standard Battery	40	1.300
9538	1907.60 (High)	WCDMA	0.187	0.186	-0.53	Standard Battery	40	1.270
9262	1852.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.206	0.204	-0.97	Standard Battery	41	0.515
9400	1880.00 (Mid.)	WCDMA	0.208	0.206	-0.96	Standard Battery	41	0.585
9538	1907.60 (High)	WCDMA	0.187	0.185	-1.07	Standard Battery	41	0.536

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA 1900 BAND BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 62%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 17, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
9262	1852.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.206	0.203	-1.46	Standard Battery	42	0.874
9400	1880.00 (Mid.)	WCDMA	0.208	0.205	-1.44	Standard Battery	42	1.010
9538	1907.60 (High)	WCDMA	0.187	0.184	-1.60	Standard Battery	42	0.958
9262	1852.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.208	0.206	-0.96	Standard Battery	43	0.572
9400	1880.00 (Mid.)	HSDPA	0.204	0.202	-0.98	Standard Battery	44	0.768
9400	1880.00 (Mid.)	HSDPA	0.204	0.203	-0.49	Standard Battery	45	0.404

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WLAN BAND (DSSS) RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.4°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.2°C Humidity : 62%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 11, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
1	2412.00 (Low)	DSSS	63.680	63.231	-0.71	Standard Battery	46	0.263
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	DSSS	65.163	64.587	-0.88	Standard Battery	46	0.282
11	2462.00 (High)	DSSS	64.565	63.976	-0.91	Standard Battery	46	0.272
1	2412.00 (Low)	DSSS	63.680	63.126	-0.87	Standard Battery	47	0.450
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	DSSS	65.163	64.463	-1.07	Standard Battery	47	0.533
11	2462.00 (High)	DSSS	64.565	63.828	-1.14	Standard Battery	47	0.487

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

WLAN BAND (DSSS) LEFT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.4°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.2°C Humidity : 62%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 11, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
1	2412.00 (Low)	DSSS	63.680	63.214	-0.73	Standard Battery	48	0.405
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	DSSS	65.163	64.572	-0.91	Standard Battery	48	0.485
11	2462.00 (High)	DSSS	64.565	63.851	-1.11	Standard Battery	48	0.443
1	2412.00 (Low)	DSSS	63.680	63.054	-0.98	Standard Battery	49	0.512
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	DSSS	65.163	64.392	-1.18	Standard Battery	49	0.633
11	2462.00 (High)	DSSS	64.565	63.688	-1.36	Standard Battery	49	0.527

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WLAN BAND (DSSS) BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.1°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.0°C Humidity : 64%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 10, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
1	2412.00 (Low)	DSSS	63.680	63.054	-0.98	Standard Battery	50	0.065
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	DSSS	65.163	64.417	-1.14	Standard Battery	50	0.091
11	2462.00 (High)	DSSS	64.565	63.729	-1.29	Standard Battery	50	0.078
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	DSSS	65.163	64.223	-1.44	Standard Battery	51	0.064

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WLAN BAND (OFDM) RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.4°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.2°C Humidity : 62%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 11, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
1	2412.00 (Low)	OFDM	51.286	50.863	-0.82	Standard Battery	52	0.274
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	OFDM	50.933	50.471	-0.91	Standard Battery	52	0.262
11	2462.00 (High)	OFDM	51.050	50.533	-1.01	Standard Battery	52	0.259
1	2412.00 (Low)	OFDM	51.286	50.721	-1.10	Standard Battery	53	0.411
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	OFDM	50.933	50.329	-1.19	Standard Battery	53	0.407
11	2462.00 (High)	OFDM	51.050	50.417	-1.24	Standard Battery	53	0.388

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

WLAN BAND (OFDM) LEFT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.4°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.2°C Humidity : 62%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 11, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
1	2412.00 (Low)	OFDM	51.286	50.938	-0.68	Standard Battery	54	0.325
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	OFDM	50.933	50.567	-0.72	Standard Battery	54	0.334
11	2462.00 (High)	OFDM	51.050	50.537	-1.00	Standard Battery	54	0.281
1	2412.00 (Low)	OFDM	51.286	50.847	-0.86	Standard Battery	55	0.474
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	OFDM	50.933	50.431	-0.99	Standard Battery	55	0.489
11	2462.00 (High)	OFDM	51.050	50.476	-1.12	Standard Battery	55	0.409

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WLAN BAND (OFDM) BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.1°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.0°C Humidity : 64%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 10, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
1	2412.00 (Low)	OFDM	51.286	50.489	-1.55	Standard Battery	56	0.076
6	2437.00 (Mid.)	OFDM	50.933	50.105	-1.63	Standard Battery	56	0.058
11	2462.00 (High)	OFDM	51.050	50.143	-1.78	Standard Battery	56	0.060
1	2412.00 (Low)	OFDM	51.286	50.308	-1.91	Standard Battery	57	0.037

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



BLUETOOTH BAND RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.4°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.2°C Humidity : 62%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 11, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
0	2402.00 (Low)	FHSS	1.413	1.409	-0.28	Standard Battery	58	0.00891
39	2441.00 (Mid.)	FHSS	1.274	1.270	-0.31	Standard Battery	58	0.00804
78	2480.00 (High)	FHSS	1.114	1.111	-0.27	Standard Battery	58	0.00757
0	2402.00 (Low)	FHSS	1.413	1.411	-0.14	Standard Battery	59	0.00680
39	2441.00 (Mid.)	FHSS	1.274	1.272	-0.16	Standard Battery	59	0.00673
78	2480.00 (High)	FHSS	1.114	1.112	-0.18	Standard Battery	59	0.00663

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



BLUETOOTH BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.4°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.2°C Humidity : 62%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 11, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
0	2402.00 (Low)	FHSS	1.413	1.411	-0.14	Standard Battery	60	0.01500
39	2441.00 (Mid.)	FHSS	1.274	1.272	-0.16	Standard Battery	60	0.01400
78	2480.00 (High)	FHSS	1.114	1.111	-0.27	Standard Battery	60	0.01300
0	2402.00 (Low)	FHSS	1.413	1.410	-0.21	Standard Battery	61	0.02300
39	2441.00 (Mid.)	FHSS	1.274	1.271	-0.24	Standard Battery	61	0.02200
78	2480.00 (High)	FHSS	1.114	1.113	-0.09	Standard Battery	61	0.02000

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



BLUETOOTH BAND BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.1°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.0°C Humidity : 64%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 10, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (mW)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
0	2402.00 (Low)	FHSS	1.413	1.410	-0.21	Standard Battery	62	0.00195
39	2441.00 (Mid.)	FHSS	1.274	1.271	-0.24	Standard Battery	62	0.00144
78	2480.00 (High)	FHSS	1.114	1.112	-0.18	Standard Battery	62	0.00126
0	2402.00 (Low)	FHSS	1.413	1.411	-0.14	Standard Battery	63	0.0000452

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



GSM850 + 802.11b LEFT HEAD (CHEEK) POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.2°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Mar. 31, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
251	848.80 (High)	GSM	1.738 W	1.721 W	-0.98	Standard Battery	64	1.010
6	2437.00 (Middle)	DSSS	65.163 mW	64.572 mW	-0.91			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



PCS1900 + 802.11b LEFT HEAD (CHEEK) POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.6°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 02, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
661	1880.0 (Middle)	GSM	0.851 W	0.843 W	-0.94	Standard Battery	65	0.737
6	2437.00 (Middle)	DSSS	65.163 mW	64.572 mW	-0.91			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

WCDMA850 + 802.11b LEFT HEAD (CHEEK) POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.2°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Mar. 31, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
4132	826.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.230 W	0.229 W	-0.43	Standard Battery	66	0.738
6	2437.00 (Middle)	DSSS	65.163 mW	64.572 mW	-0.91			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

WCDMA1900 + 802.11b LEFT HEAD (CHEEK) POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.6°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 02, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
9400	1880.0 (Middle)	WCDMA	0.208 W	0.207 W	-0.48	Standard Battery	67	1.300
6	2437.00 (Middle)	DSSS	65.163 mW	64.572 mW	-0.91			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

GPRS850 TS2 + 802.11b BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 16, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
251	848.80 (High)	GSM	1.660 W	1.640 W	-1.20	Standard Battery	68	1.040
6	2437.00 (Middle)	DSSS	65.163 mW	64.417 mW	-1.14			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

GPRS1900 TS2 + 802.11b BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 17, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
512	1850.20 (Middle)	GSM	0.871 W	0.863 W	-0.92	Standard Battery	69	0.821
6	2437.00 (Middle)	DSSS	65.163 mW	64.417 mW	-1.14			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

WCDMA850 + 802.11b BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 59%RH						
Apr. 17, 2007		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 16, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
4132	826.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.230 W	0.228 W	-0.87	Standard Battery	70	0.395
6	2437.00 (Middle)	DSSS	65.163 mW	64.417 mW	-1.14			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

WCDMA1900 + 802.11b BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 17, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
9400	1880.0 (Middle)	WCDMA	0.208 W	0.205 W	-1.44	Standard Battery	71	1.010
6	2437.00 (Middle)	DSSS	65.163 mW	64.417 mW	-1.14			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

GSM850 + BLUETOOTH LEFT HEAD (CHEEK) POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.2°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Mar. 31, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
251	848.80 (High)	GSM	1.738 W	1.721 W	-0.98	Standard Battery	72	1.010
0	2402.00 (Low)	DSSS	1.413 mW	1.411 mW	-0.14			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

PCS1900 + BLUETOOTH LEFT HEAD (CHEEK) POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.6°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 02, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
661	1880.0 (Middle)	GSM	0.851 W	0.843 W	-0.94	Standard Battery	73	0.737
0	2402.00 (Low)	DSSS	1.413 mW	1.411 mW	-0.14			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA850 + BLUETOOTH LEFT HEAD (CHEEK) POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.2°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 09, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
4132	826.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.230 W	0.229 W	-0.43	Standard Battery	74	0.738
0	2402.00 (Low)	DSSS	1.413 mW	1.411 mW	-0.14			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA1900 + BLUETOOTH LEFT HEAD (CHEEK) POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.6°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 02, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
9400	1880.0 (Middle)	WCDMA	0.208 W	0.207 W	-0.48	Standard Battery	75	1.300
0	2402.00 (Low)	DSSS	1.413 mW	1.411 mW	-0.14			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

GPRS850 TS2 + BLUETOOTH BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 16, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
251	848.80 (High)	GSM	1.660 W	1.640 W	-1.20	Standard Battery	76	1.040
0	2402.00 (Low)	DSSS	1.413 mW	1.410 mW	-0.21			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

GPRS1900 TS2 + BLUETOOTH BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 17, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
512	1850.20 (Middle)	GSM	0.871 W	0.863 W	-0.92	Standard Battery	77	0.821
0	2402.00 (Low)	DSSS	1.413 mW	1.410 mW	-0.21			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

WCDMA850 + BLUETOOTH BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 59%RH						
Apr. 17, 2007		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 16, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
4132	826.40 (Low)	WCDMA	0.230 W	0.228 W	-0.87	Standard Battery	78	0.395
0	2402.00 (Low)	DSSS	1.413 mW	1.410 mW	-0.21			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA1900 + BLUETOOTH BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 23.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.1°C Humidity : 59%RH						
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Apr. 17, 2007	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODE	CONDUCTED POWER		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE USE POWER	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST				
9400	1880.0 (Middle)	WCDMA	0.208 W	0.205 W	-1.44	Standard Battery	79	1.010
0	2402.00 (Low)	DSSS	1.413 mW	1.410 mW	-0.21			

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A-1 for the data, and Appendix E for the photo of the test configuration.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

5.3 SAR LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over 1 g)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

NOTE:

1. This limits accord to 47 CFR 2.1093 – Safety Limit.
2. The EUT property been complied with the partial body exposure limit under the general population environment.

5.4 RECIPES FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom, the phantom must be filled with 25 liters of tissue simulation liquid.

The following ingredients are used :

- **WATER-** Deionized water (pure H₂O), resistivity ≈ 16 M - as basis for the liquid
- **SUGAR-** Refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops - to reduce relative permittivity
- **SALT-** Pure NaCl - to increase conductivity
- **CELLULOSE-** Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125 mPa.s, 2% in water, 20°C),
CAS # 54290 - to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution
- **PRESERVATIVE-** Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS # 55965-84-9 - to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds
- **DGMBE-** Diethylenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS # 112-34-5 - to reduce relative permittivity

THE RECIPES FOR 900MHz SIMULATING LIQUID TABLE

INGREDIENT	HEAD SIMULATING LIQUID 900MHz (HSL-900)	MUSCLE SIMULATING LIQUID 900MHz (MSL-900)
Water	40.28%	50.07%
Cellulose	02.41%	NA
Salt	01.38%	0.94%
Preventtol D-7	00.18%	0.09%
Sugar	57.97%	48.2%
Dielectric Parameters at 22°C	f = 900MHz $\epsilon = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ S/m	f = 900MHz $\epsilon = 55.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\%$ S/m

THE RECIPES FOR 1900MHz SIMULATING LIQUID TABLE

INGREDIENT	HEAD SIMULATING LIQUID 1900MHz (HSL-1900)	MUSCLE SIMULATING LIQUID 1900MHz (MSL-1900)
Water	55.24%	70.16%
DGMBE	44.45%	29.44%
Salt	0.306%	00.39%
Dielectric Parameters at 22°C	f= 1900MHz ε= 40.0 ± 5% σ= 1.40 ± 5% S/m	f= 1900MHz ε= 53.3 ± 5% σ= 1.52 ± 5% S/m

THE RECIPES FOR 2450MHz SIMULATING LIQUID TABLE

INGREDIENT	HEAD SIMULATING LIQUID 2450MHz (HSL-2450)	MUSCLE SIMULATING LIQUID 2450MHz (MSL-2450)
Water	45%	69.83%
DGMBE	55%	30.17%
Salt	NA	NA
Dielectric Parameters at 22°C	f= 2450MHz ε= 39.2 ± 5% σ= 1.80 ± 5% S/m	f= 2450MHz ε= 52.7 ± 5% σ= 1.95 ± 5% S/m



Testing the liquids using the Agilent Network Analyzer E8358A and Agilent Dielectric Probe Kit 85070D. The testing procedure is following as

1. Turn Network Analyzer on and allow at least 30 min. warm up.
2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to Network Analyzer will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature ($\pm 1^\circ$).
4. Set water temperature in Agilent-Software (Calibration Setup).
5. Perform calibration.
6. Validate calibration with dielectric material of known properties (e.g. polished ceramic slab with >8mm thickness $\epsilon' = 10.0$, $\epsilon'' = 0.0$). If measured parameters do not fit within tolerance, repeat calibration (± 0.2 for ϵ' : ± 0.1 for ϵ'').
7. Conductivity can be calculated from ϵ'' by $\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon'' = \epsilon'' f$ [GHz] / 18.
8. Measure liquid shortly after calibration. Repeat calibration every hour.
9. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample (~50ml) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
10. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
11. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
12. Perform measurements.
13. Adjust medium parameters in DASY4 for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Brain 900 MHz) and press 'Option'-button.

Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 900 MHz).



FOR GSM 850 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-850	MSL-850		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		22.1	22.1		
TESTED DATE		Mar. 31, 2007	Apr. 16, 2007		
TESTED BY		Sam Onn	Sam Onn		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE
824.20	Permittivity (ϵ)	41.60	42.10	55.20	56.50
835.00		41.50	41.90	55.20	56.30
836.60		41.50	41.90	55.20	56.30
848.80		41.50	41.80	55.20	56.20
824.20	Conductivity (σ) S/m	0.90	0.90	0.96	0.98
835.00		0.90	0.92	0.97	0.99
836.60		0.90	0.92	0.97	0.99
848.80		0.91	0.93	0.99	1.00
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 900MHz $\epsilon= 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$	f= 900MHz $\epsilon= 55.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.05 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$		



FOR WCDMA 850 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-850		MSL-850	
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		22.1		22.1	
TESTED DATE		Mar. 31, 2007		Apr. 16, 2007	
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		Sam Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE
824.20	Permittivity (ϵ)	41.50	42.10	55.20	56.50
835.00		41.50	41.90	55.20	56.30
836.60		41.50	41.90	55.20	56.30
848.80		41.50	41.80	55.20	56.20
824.20	Conductivity (σ) S/m	0.90	0.90	0.97	0.98
835.00		0.90	0.92	0.97	0.99
836.60		0.90	0.92	0.97	0.99
848.80		0.91	0.93	0.98	1.00
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 900MHz $\epsilon= 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 0.97 \pm 5\%$ S/m		f= 900MHz $\epsilon= 55.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.05 \pm 5\%$ S/m	



FOR PCS 1900 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-1900		MSL-1900	
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.6		22.1	
TESTED DATE		Apr. 02, 2007		Apr. 17, 2007	
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		Sam Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE
1850.2	Permittivity (ϵ)	40.00	39.70	53.30	53.40
1880.0		40.00	39.60	53.30	53.30
1900.0		40.00	39.50	53.30	53.20
1909.8		40.00	39.40	53.30	53.20
1850.2	Conductivity (σ) S/m	1.40	1.40	1.52	1.47
1880.0		1.40	1.43	1.52	1.51
1900.0		1.40	1.45	1.52	1.53
1909.8		1.40	1.46	1.52	1.54
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 1900MHz $\epsilon= 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.40 \pm 5\%$ S/m		f= 1900MHz $\epsilon= 53.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.52 \pm 5\%$ S/m	



FOR WCDMA 1900 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-1900		MSL-1900	
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.6		22.1	
TESTED DATE		Apr. 02, 2007		Apr. 17, 2007	
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		Sam Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE
1850.2	Permittivity (ϵ)	40.00	39.70	53.30	53.40
1880.0		40.00	39.60	53.30	53.30
1900.0		40.00	39.50	53.30	53.20
1909.8		40.00	39.40	53.30	53.20
1850.2	Conductivity (σ) S/m	1.40	1.40	1.52	1.47
1880.0		1.40	1.43	1.52	1.51
1900.0		1.40	1.45	1.52	1.53
1909.8		1.40	1.46	1.52	1.54
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 1900MHz $\epsilon = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$		f= 1900MHz $\epsilon = 53.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$	



FOR WLAN BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-2450	MSL-2450		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.2	22.0		
TEST DATE		Apr. 11, 2007	Apr. 10, 2007		
TESTED BY		Sam Onn	Sam Onn		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE
2412.0	Permittivity (ϵ)	39.30	39.90	52.80	54.30
2437.0		39.20	39.80	52.70	54.20
2450.0		39.20	39.70	52.70	54.20
2462.0		39.20	39.60	52.70	54.10
2412.0	Conductivity (σ) S/m	1.77	1.81	1.91	1.93
2437.0		1.79	1.83	1.94	1.96
2450.0		1.80	1.84	1.95	1.98
2462.0		1.81	1.85	1.97	1.99
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 2450MHz $\epsilon= 39.2 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.80 \pm 5\%$ S/m	f= 2450MHz $\epsilon= 52.7 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.95 \pm 5\%$ S/m		



FOR BLUETOOTH BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-2450		MSL-2450	
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.2		22.0	
TEST DATE		Apr. 11, 2007		Apr. 10, 2007	
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		Sam Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE
2402.0	Permittivity (ϵ)	39.30	40.00	52.80	54.30
2441.0		39.20	39.80	52.70	54.20
2450.0		39.20	39.70	52.70	54.20
2480.0		39.20	39.50	52.70	54.10
2402.0	Conductivity (σ) S/m	1.77	1.79	1.90	1.91
2441.0		1.79	1.83	1.94	1.97
2450.0		1.80	1.84	1.95	1.98
2480.0		1.83	1.87	1.99	2.01
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 2450MHz $\epsilon = 39.2 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.80 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$		f= 2450MHz $\epsilon = 52.7 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.95 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$	



5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT FOR TISSUE PROPERTY

ITEM	NAME	BAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	CALIBRATED UNTIL
1	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E8358A	US41480538	Nov. 06, 2007
2	Dielectric Probe	Agilent	85070D	US01440176	NA

NOTE:

1. Before testing the measurement, all test equipment shall have 30 min warm up.
2. The tolerance ($k=1$) specified by Agilent for general dielectric measurements, deriving from inaccuracies in the calibration data, analyzer drift, and random errors, are usually $\pm 2.5\%$ and $\pm 5\%$ for measured permittivity and conductivity, respectively. However, the tolerances for the conductivity is smaller for material with large loss tangents, i.e., less than $\pm 2.5\%$ ($k=1$). It can be substantially smaller if more accurate methods are applied.



6. SYSTEM VALIDATION

The system validation was performed in the flat phantom with equipment listed in the following table. Since the SAR value is calculated from the measured electric field, dielectric constant and conductivity of the body tissue and the SAR is proportional to the square of the electric field. So, the SAR value will be also proportional to the RF power input to the system validation dipole under the same test environment. In our system validation test, 250mW RF input power was used.

6.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

ITEM	NAME	BAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	CALIBRATED UNTIL
1	SAM Phantom	S & P	QD000 P40 CA	PT-1150	NA
2	Signal Generator	Anritsu	68247B	984703	May 08, 2007
3	E-Field Probe	S & P	ET3DV6	1790	Nov. 22, 2007
4	DAE	S & P	DAE3 V1	510	Sep. 06, 2007
6	Robot Positioner	Staubli Unimation	NA	NA	NA
7	Validation Dipole	S & P	D835V2	4d021	May 22, 2007
		S & P	D1900V2	5d036	Apr. 27, 2007
		S & P	D1900V2	5d022	Aug. 15, 2007
		S & P	D2450V2	716	Apr. 20, 2007

NOTE: 1. Before starting the measurement, all test equipment shall be warmed up for 30min.

6.2 TEST PROCEDURE

Before you start the system performance check, need only to tell the system with which components (probe, medium, and device) are performing the system performance check; the system will take care of all parameters. The dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM Twin Phantom with the correct distance holder in place. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking (little cross) and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. Accurate positioning is not necessary, since the system will search for the peak SAR location, except that the dipole arms should be parallel to the surface. The device holder for the EUT can be left in place but should be rotated away from the dipole.

1.The "Power Reference Measurement" and "Power Drift Measurement" jobs are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the amplifier output power. If it is too high (above ± 0.1 dB), the system performance check should be repeated; some amplifiers have very high drift during warm-up. A stable amplifier gives drift results in the DASY system below ± 0.02 dB.

2.The "Surface Check" job tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). In that case it is better to abort the system performance check and stir the liquid. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^\circ$.) However, varying breaking indices of different liquid compositions might also influence the distance. If the indicated difference varies from the actual setting, the probe parameter "optical surface



3. The "Area Scan" job measures the SAR above the dipole on a plane parallel to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR. The proposed scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field, the peak detection is reliable. If a finer graphic is desired, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result.

4. The "Zoom Scan" job measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous "Area Scan" job (for more information see the application note on SAR evaluation).

About the validation dipole positioning uncertainty, the constant and low loss dielectric spacer is used to establish the correct distance between the top surface of the dipole and the bottom surface of the phantom, the error component introduced by the uncertainty of the distance between the liquid (i.e., phantom shell) and the validation dipole in the DASy4 system is less than ± 0.1 mm.

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{(a + d)^2}{a^2} - 1 \right)$$

As the closest distance is 10mm, the resulting tolerance $SAR_{tolerance} [\%]$ is <2%.



6.3 VALIDATION RESULTS

SYSTEM VALIDATION TEST OF SIMULATING LIQUID					
FREQUENCY (MHz)	REQUIRED SAR (mW/g)	MEASURED SAR (mW/g)	DEVIATION (%)	SEPARATION DISTANCE	TESTED DATE
HSL 835	2.31 (1g)	2.25	-2.60	15mm	Mar. 31, 2007
MSL 835	2.45 (1g)	2.41	-1.63	15mm	Apr. 16, 2007
HSL 1900	9.61 (1g)	9.35	-2.71	10mm	Apr. 02, 2007
MSL 1900	9.77 (1g)	9.59	-1.84	10mm	Apr. 17, 2007
HSL 2450	14.00 (1g)	13.50	-3.57	10mm	Apr. 11, 2007
MSL 2450	13.40 (1g)	13.60	1.49	10mm	Apr. 10, 2007
TESTED BY	Sam Onn				

NOTE: Please sees Appendix for the photo of system validation test.

6.4 SYSTEM VALIDATION UNCERTAINTIES

In the table below, the system validation uncertainty with respect to the analytically assessed SAR value of a dipole source as given in the IEEE 1528 standard is given. This uncertainty is smaller than the expected uncertainty for mobile phone measurements due to the simplified setup and the symmetric field distribution.

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(C)		Standard Uncertainty (±%)		(vi)
				(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	4.8	Normal	1	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
Boundary effect	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration Time	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe positioning	2.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Dipole								
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						8.4	8.1	∞
Coverage Factor for 95%						k _p =2		
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						16.8	16.2	

NOTE: About the system validation uncertainty assessment, please reference the section 7.

7. MEASUREMENT SAR PROCEDURE UNCERTAINTIES

The assessment of spatial peak SAR of the hand handheld devices is according to IEEE 1528. All testing situation shall be met below these requirements.

- The system is used by an experienced engineer who follows the manual and the guidelines taught during the training provided by SPEAG.
- The probe has been calibrated within the requested period and the stated uncertainty for the relevant frequency bands does not exceed 4.8% (k=1).
- The validation dipole has been calibrated within the requested period and the system performance check has been successful.
- The DAE unit has been calibrated within the within the requested period.
- The minimum distance between the probe sensor and inner phantom shell is selected to be between 4 and 5mm.
- The operational mode of the DUT is CW, CDMA, FDMA or TDMA (GSM, DCS, PCS, IS136 and PDC) and the measurement/integration time per point is >500 ms.
- The dielectric parameters of the liquid have been assessed using Agilent 85070D dielectric probe kit or a more accurate method.
- The dielectric parameters are within 5% of the target values.
- The DUT has been positioned as described in section 3.

7.1 PROBE CALIBRATION UNCERTAINTY

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 50361, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO17025. The uncertainties are stated on the calibration certificate. For the most relevant frequency bands, these values do not exceed 4.8% (k=1). If evaluations of other bands are performed for which the uncertainty exceeds these values, the uncertainty tables given in the summary have to be revised accordingly.

7.2 ISOTROPY UNCERTAINTY

The axial isotropy tolerance accounts for probe rotation around its axis while the hemispherical isotropy error includes all probe orientations and field polarizations. These parameters are assessed by SPEAG during initial calibration. In 2001, SPEAG further tightened its quality controls and warrants that the maximal deviation from axial isotropy is ± 0.20 dB, while the maximum deviation of hemispherical isotropy is ± 0.40 dB, corresponding to $\pm 4.7\%$ and $\pm 9.6\%$, respectively. A weighting factor of c_p equal to 0.5 can be applied, since the axis of the probe deviates less than 30 degrees from the normal surface orientation.

7.3 BOUNDARY EFFECT UNCERTAINTY

The effect can be estimated according to the following error approximation formula

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = SAR_{be} [\%] \times \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} e^{-\frac{d_{be}}{d/2}}$$

$$d_{be} + d_{step} < 10mm$$

The parameter d_{be} is the distance in mm between the surface and the closest measurement point used in the averaging process; d_{step} is the separation distance in mm between the first and second measurement points; δ is the minimum penetration depth in mm within the head tissue equivalent liquids (i.e., $\delta = 13.95$ mm at 3GHz); SAR_{be} is the deviation between the measured SAR value at the distance d_{be} from the boundary and the wave-guide analytical value SAR_{ref} . DASY4 applies a boundary effect compensation algorithm according to IEEE 1528, which is possible since the axis of the probe never deviates more than 30 degrees from the normal surface orientation. $SAR_{be}[\%]$ is assessed during the calibration process and SPEAG warrants that the uncertainty at distances larger than 4mm is always less than 1%. In summary, the worst case boundary effect SAR tolerance[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is $< \pm 0.8\%$.

7.4 PROBE LINEARITY UNCERTAINTY

Field probe linearity uncertainty includes errors from the assessment and compensation of the diode compression effects for CW and pulsed signals with known duty cycles. This error is assessed using the procedure described in IEEE 1528. For SPEAG field probes, the measured difference between CW and pulsed signals, with pulse frequencies between 10 Hz and 1 kHz and duty cycles between 1 and 100, is $< \pm 0.20$ dB ($< \pm 4.7\%$).

7.5 READOUT ELECTRONICS UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties related to the probe readout electronics (DAE unit), including the gain and linearity of the instrumentation amplifier, its loading effect on the probe, and accuracy of the signal conversion algorithm, have been assessed accordingly to IEEE 1528. The combination (root-sum-square RSS method) of these components results in an overall maximum error of $\pm 1.0\%$.

7.6 RESPONSE TIME UNCERTAINTY

The time response of the field probes is assessed by exposing the probe to a well-controlled electric field producing SAR larger than 2.0 W/kg at the tissue medium surface. The signal response time is evaluated as the time required by the system to reach 90% of the expected final value after an on/of switch of the power source. Analytically, it can be expressed as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{T_m}{T_m + te^{-T_m/t} - t} - 1 \right)$$

where T_m is 500 ms, i.e., the time between measurement samples, and τ the time constant. The response time τ of SPEAG's probes is < 5 ms. In the current implementation, DASY4 waits longer than 100 ms after having reached the grid point before starting a measurement, i.e., the response time uncertainty is negligible.

7.7 INTEGRATION TIME UNCERTAINTY

If the device under test does not emit a CW signal, the integration time applied to measure the electric field at a specific point may introduce additional uncertainties due to the discretization and can be assessed as follows

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \sum_{all\ sub-frames} \frac{t_{frame}}{t_{integration}} \frac{slot_{idle}}{slot_{total}}$$

The tolerances for the different systems are given in Table 7.1, whereby the worst-case $SAR_{tolerance}$ is 2.6%.

System	$SAR_{tolerance} \%$
CW	0
CDMA*	0
WCDMA*	0
FDMA	0
IS-136	2.6
PDC	2.6
GSM/DCS/PCS	1.7
DECT	1.9
Worst-Case	2.6

TABLE 7.1

7.8 PROBE POSITIONER MECHANICAL TOLERANCE

The mechanical tolerance of the field probe positioner can introduce probe positioning uncertainties. The resulting SAR uncertainty is assessed by comparing the SAR obtained according to the specifications of the probe positioner with respect to the actual position defined by the geometric center of the probe sensors. The tolerance is determined as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \frac{d_{ph}}{d/2}$$

The specified repeatability of the RX robot family used in DASY4 systems is $\pm 25 \mu\text{m}$. The absolute accuracy for short distance movements is better than $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$, i.e., the $SAR_{tolerance} [\%]$ is better than 1.5% (rectangular).

7.9 PROBE POSITIONING

The probe positioning procedures affect the tolerance of the separation distance between the probe tip and the phantom surface as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \frac{d_{ph}}{d/2}$$

where d_{ph} is the maximum deviation of the distance between the probe tip and the phantom surface. The optical surface detection has a precision of better than 0.2 mm, resulting in an $SAR_{tolerance} [\%]$ of <2.9% (rectangular distribution). Since the mechanical detection provides better accuracy, 2.9% is a worst-case figure for DASY4 system.

7.10 PHANTOM UNCERTAINTY

The SAR measurement uncertainty due to SPEAG phantom shell production tolerances has been evaluated using

$$SAR_{tolerance}[\%] \cong 100 \times \frac{2d}{a}, \quad d \ll a$$

For a maximum deviation d of the inner and outer shell of the phantom from that specified in the CAD file of ± 0.2 mm, and a 10mm spacing a between source and tissue liquid, the calculated phantom uncertainty is $\pm 4.0\%$.



7.11 DASY4 UNCERTAINTY BUDGET

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(C _i)		Standard Uncertainty (±%)		(v _i)
				(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement Equipment								
Probe Calibration	4.8	Normal	1	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary effect	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	0.8	Normal	1	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Integration Time	2.6	Normal	1	1	1	2.6	2.6	∞
Noise	0.0	Normal	1	0	0	0	0	∞
Mechanical Constraints								
Scanning System	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Phantom Shell	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	875
Physical Parameters								
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.5	2	1.4	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	4.3	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.5	1.7	1.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	4.3	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.5	1.5	1.2	∞
Power Drift	5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Post-Processing								
Extrapolation and Integration	1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						9.9	9.7	
Coverage Factor for 95%						kp=2		
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						19.9	19.3	

TABLE 7.2

The table 7.2: Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY4 assessed according to IEEE 1528. The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz ~ 3GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerable smaller.



8. INFORMATION ON THE TESTING LABORATORIES

We, ADT Corp., were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved by the following approval agencies according to ISO/IEC 17025.

USA	FCC, UL, A2LA
GERMANY	TUV Rheinland
JAPAN	VCCI
NORWAY	NEMKO
CANADA	INDUSTRY CANADA , CSA
R.O.C.	CNLA, BSMI, NCC
NETHERLANDS	Telefication
SINGAPORE	PSB , GOST-ASIA (MOU)
RUSSIA	CERTIS (MOU)

Copies of accreditation certificates of our laboratories obtained from approval agencies can be downloaded from our web site:

www.adt.com.tw/index.5/phtml. If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Linko EMC/RF Lab:

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Fax: 886-2-26051924

Hsin Chu EMC/RF Lab:

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The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.