# **Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) RF Emissions Test Report**

APPLICANT : HTC Corporation

EQUIPMENT : Smartphone

MODEL NAME : 0PFH100

FCC ID : NM80PFH100

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2011

HAC RATING : M4

The product was completely tested on Oct. 07, 2014. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

Cole huan

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager





Report No.: HA472933A

#### SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80PFH100 Page Number : 1 of 23 Report Issued Date: Oct. 08, 2014

Report Version : Rev. 01



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Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check Appendix B. Plots of RF Emission Measurement Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate Appendix D. Test Setup Photos

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# **Revision History**

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
HA472933A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Oct. 08, 2014

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# 1. Statement of Compliance

The HAC Rating of each air interface found during testing for the HTC Corporation, 0PFH100 are follows:

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Band	M Rating
GSM850	M4
GSM1900	M4
WCDMA II	M4
WCDMA V	M4
WCDMA IV	M4

They are in compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47 CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

**HAC Rating = M4 (ANSI C63.19-2011)** 

# 2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.				
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 <sup>st</sup> Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978				
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No. :				
	SAR04-HY				
	Applicant				
Company Name	HTC Corporation				
Address	No.23, Xinghua Rd., Taoyuan City, Taoyuan County 330, Taiwan.				
	Manufacturer				
Company Name	HTC Corporation				
Address	No.23, Xinghua Rd., Taoyuan City, Taoyuan County 330, Taiwan.				
Application Details					
Date of Start during the Test	Aug. 06, 2014				
Date of End during the Test	Oct. 07, 2014				

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# 3. General Information

# 3.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

	Product Feature & Specification
EUT Type	Smartphone
Model Name	0PFH100
FCC ID	NM80PFH100
IMEI Code	Sample1 for SAR Testing: 355281060010904 Sample3 for SAR Testing: 355281060040646
Sample 1	EUT with Main Camera 1, Speaker(top) 1, Speaker(bottom) 1, Microphone 1, RAM 1, and RF PA 1
Sample 2	EUT with Main Camera 1, Speaker(top) 2, Speaker(bottom) 2, Microphone 2, RAM 2, and RF PA 1
Sample 3	EUT with Main Camera 2, Speaker(top) 2, Speaker(bottom) 2, Microphone 2, RAM 2, and RF PA 2
Tx Frequency	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Antenna Type	WWAN Fixed Internal Antenna WLAN PIFA Antenna Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna NFC: Loop Antenna
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS  WCDMA  HSDPA  HSUPA  LTE: QPSK, 16QAM  802.11a/b/g/n HT20/HT40  Bluetooth v3.0-EDR  Bluetooth v4.0-LE  NFC:ASK
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

#### Remark

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<sup>1.</sup> This product have three kinds of sample, since difference between the sample1 and sample2 is speaker, microphone and RAM, therefore HAC testing was selected Sample1 perform testing, and since the sample3 of the WWAN PA is difference with sample1, therefore sample3 will spot-check worse case find in sample1.



## 3.2 Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Туре	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	отт	Power Reduction
	850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	NA	No
GSM	1900	VO	res	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	GPRS/EDGE	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
	850			WLAN, BT	NA	No
WCDMA	1750	vo	No <sup>(1)</sup>	WLAN, BT	NA	No
WCDIVIA	1900			WLAN, BT	NA	No
	HSPA	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
	Band 2		No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
	Band 4	DT		WLAN, BT		No
LTE	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 17			WLAN, BT		No
	2450			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
	5200			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
WLAN	5300	DT	No	GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE	Yes	No
	5500			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
	5800			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE	NA	No

VO=CMRS Voice Service

DT=Digital Transport

VD=CMRS IP Voice Service and Digital Transport

(\*)No Associated T-Coil measurement has been made in accordance with 285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP

#### Remark

1. WCDMA is exempted from testing by low power exemption that its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17 dBm, and is rated as M4

# 3.3 Applied Standards

- · FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- · ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- · FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v04
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing for CMRS IP v01r01

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# 4. HAC RF Emission

FCC wireless hearing aid compatibility rules ensure that consumers with hearing loss are able to access wireless communications services through a wide selection of handsets without experiencing disabling radio frequency (RF) interference or other technical obstacles.

To define and measure the hearing aid compatibility of handsets, in CFR47 part 20.19 ANSI C63.19 is referenced. A handset is considered hearing aid-compatible for acoustic coupling if it meets a rating of at least M3 under ANSI C63.19, and A handset is considered hearing aid compatible for inductive coupling if it meets a rating of at least T3.

According to ANSI C63.19 2011 version, for acoustic coupling, the RF electric field emissions of wireless communication devices should be measured and rated according to the emission level as below.

Emissian Catagories	E-field emissions			
Emission Categories	<960Mhz	>960Mhz		
M1	50 to 55 dB (V/m)	40 to 45 dB (V/m)		
M2	45 to 50 dB (V/m)	35 to 40 dB (V/m)		
М3	40 to 45 dB (V/m)	30 to 35 dB (V/m)		
M4	<40 dB (V/m)	<30 dB (V/m)		

Table 4.1 Telephone near-field categories in linear units

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# 5. Measurement System Specification

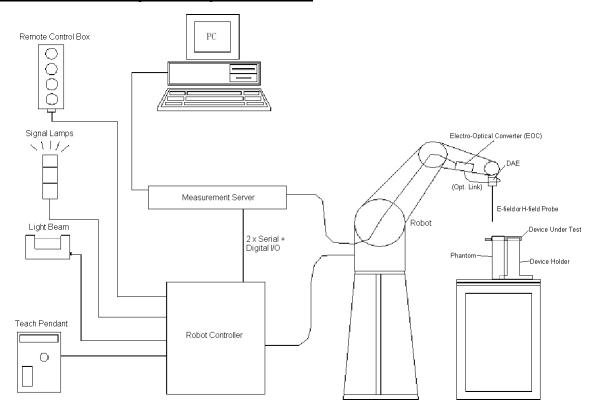
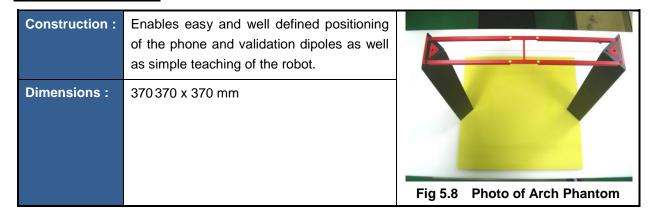


Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY5 System Configurations

#### 5.1 Test Arch Phantom



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#### 5.2 E-Field Probe System

# E-Field Probe Specification <ER3DV6>

• ( ()	0 " 1 " 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to
	probe axis Built-in shielding against static
	charges
Calibration	In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz
	(absolute accuracy ±6.0%, k=2)
Frequency	100 MHz to 6 GHz;
	Linearity: ± 2.0 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis)
	± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to 1000 V/m
	(M3 or better device readings fall well below
	diode compression point)
Linearity	± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)
	Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5
	mm



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Fig 5.2 Photo of E-field Probe

#### Probe Tip Description:

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

#### 5.3 System Hardware

#### DAE

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

#### **Robot**

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used.

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## 5.4 Data Storage and Evaluation

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files.

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**Probe parameters**: - Sensitivity Norm<sub>i</sub>,  $a_{i0}$ ,  $a_{i1}$ ,  $a_{i2}$ 

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} - Conversion factor & ConvF_i \\ - Diode compression point & dcp_i \end{tabular}$ 

**Device parameters**: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

**Media parameters**: - Conductivity σ

- Density ρ

The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field Probes}: E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm<sub>i</sub> = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z),  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E<sub>i</sub> = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

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The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.



# 5.5 Test Equipment List

Manadaatanan	Name of Employment	Type/Model	Osai's I Nisasak sa	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment		Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	835MHz Calibration Dipole	CD835V3	1045	Jun. 14, 2012	Jun. 13, 2015	
SPEAG	1880MHz Calibration Dipole	CD1880V3	1038	Jun. 14, 2012	Jun. 13, 2015	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	Aug. 21, 2013	Aug. 20, 2014	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1399	Nov. 07, 2013	Nov. 06, 2014	
SPEAG	Isotropic E-Field Probe	ER3DV6	2358	Jan. 30, 2014	Jan. 29, 2015	
Wisewind	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM281	Oct. 22, 2013	Oct. 21, 2014	
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Phone Positoiner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1349001	Dec. 04, 2013	Dec. 03, 2014	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1306099	Dec. 03, 2013	Dec. 02, 2014	
Agilent	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49070755	Oct. 08, 2013	Oct. 07, 2014	
R&S	Base Station	CMU200	116457	Jun. 24, 2014	Jun. 23, 2015	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NCR	NCR	
Woken	Attenuator	WK0602-XX	N/A	NCR	NCR	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	NCR	NCR	

**Table 5.1 Test Equipment List** 

#### Note:

1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

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# 6. Measurement System Validation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the test Arch and a corresponding distance holder.

### 6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal HAC measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### 6.2 System Setup

- 1. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator.
- 2. The center point of the probe element(s) is 15mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.
- 3. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the arch phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

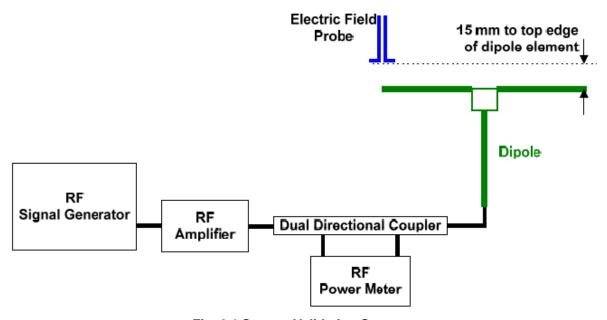


Fig. 6.1 System Validation Setup

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The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Fig 7.2 Dipole Setup

#### 6.3 Verification Results

Comparing to the original E-field value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 25 %. Table 6.1 shows the target value and measured value. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to appendix A of this report.

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	E-Field above high end (V/m)	E-Field above low end (V/m)	Average Value (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Date
835	20	107.7	104.1	108.2	106.15	-1.44	2014/8/6
835	20	107.7	103.9	108.1	106	-1.58	2014/10/7
1880	20	89.2	98.96	93.2	96.08	7.71	2014/8/6
1880	20	89.2	87.51	82.37	84.94	-4.78	2014/10/7

**Table 6.1 Test Results of System Validation** 

Note: Deviation = ((Average E-field Value) - (Target value)) / (Target value) \* 100%

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# 7. Modulation Interference Factor

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF).

For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be developed that relates its interference potential to its steady-state rms signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. It is important to emphasize that the MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic. Any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63.19-2007.

ER3D, EF3D and EU2D E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the indirect measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading. Probe Modulation Response (PMR) calibration linearizes the probe response over its dynamic range for specific modulations which are characterized by their UID and result in an uncertainty specified in the probe calibration certificate. The MIF is characteristic for a given waveform envelope and can be used as a constant conversion factor if the probe has been PMR calibrated.

The evaluation method for the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is scaled to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty. It may alliteratively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constant and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well-defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and it is automatically applied.

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MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider, SPEAG, and the values are listed below

UID	Communication System Name	MIF(dB)
10021	GSM-FDD(TDMA,GMSK)	3.63
10011	UMTS-FDD(WCDMA)	-27.23

The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, declared by HAC equipment provider SPEAG, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

i) 0.2 dB for MIF: -7 to +5 dB,
 ii) 0.5 dB for MIF: -13 to +11 dB
 iii) 1 dB for MIF: > -20 dB

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## 8. RF Emissions Test Procedure

Referenced from ANSI C63.19 -2011 section 5.5.1

- a) Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- b) Position the WD in its intended test position.
- c) Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
- d) The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, refer to illustrated in Figure 8.2. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- e) Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.
- f) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equality spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point, The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- g) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- h) Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step g).
- i) Indirect measurement method
  - The RF audio interference level in dB (V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB (V/m)
- j) Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 8 and record the resulting WD category rating.
- k) For the T-Coil mode M-rating assessment, determine whether the chosen perpendicular measurement point is contained in an included sub-grid of the first scan. If so, then a second scan is not necessary. The first scan and resultant category rating may be used for the T-Coil mode M rating.

Otherwise, repeat step a) through step i), with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.

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### **Test Instructions**

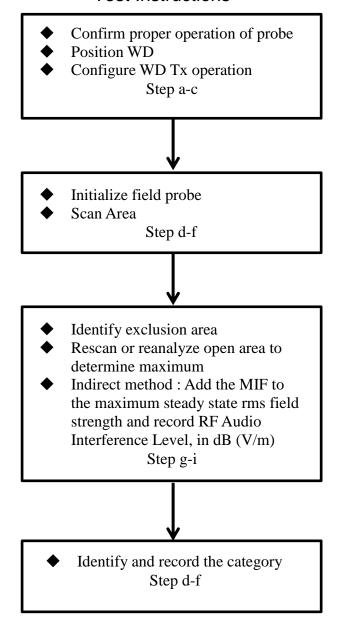


Fig 8.1 Flow Chart of HAC RF Emission

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Fig 8.2 EUT reference and plane for HAC RF emission measurements

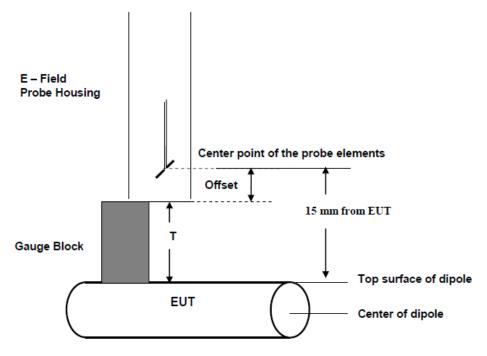


Fig. 8.3 Gauge block with E-field probe

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# 9. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

Air Interface	GSM850			GSM1900			
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	
Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)	32.78	32.70	32.89	29.78	29.91	29.80	

Air Interface	WCDMA Band V		WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band IV			
Channel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)	23.25	23.12	23.24	23.00	23.09	23.13	23.22	23.17	23.29

# 10. Low-power Exemption

According to ANSI C63.19 2011-version, an RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is  $\leq$ 17 dBm for any of its operating modes.

Air Interface	Operating Mode	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
GSM850	GSM	32.89	3.63	36.52	Yes
GSM1900	GSM	29.91	3.63	33.54	Yes
WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.25	-27.23	-3.98	No
WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.13	-27.23	-4.10	No
WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.29	-27.23	-3.94	No

Conclusion: HAC RF rating is M4 for the air interface which meets the low power exemption.

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# 11. HAC RF Emission Test Results

### 11.1 E-Field Emission

Emissian Catagories	E-field emissions			
Emission Categories	<960Mhz	>960Mhz		
M1	50 to 55 dB (V/m)	40 to 45 dB (V/m)		
M2	45 to 50 dB (V/m)	35 to 40 dB (V/m)		
М3	40 to 45 dB (V/m)	30 to 35 dB (V/m)		
M4	<40 dB (V/m)	<30 dB (V/m)		

Plot No.	Air Interface	Operating Mode	Channel	Sample	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF	RF audio Interference level dB(V/m)	Margin to FCC M3 limit (dB)	M-Rating
1	GSM850	GSM Voice	128	Sample1	32.78	3.63	37.89	7.11	M4
2	GSM850	GSM Voice	189	Sample1	32.70	3.63	37.6	7.4	M4
3	GSM850	GSM Voice	251	Sample1	32.89	3.63	37.15	7.85	M4
8	GSM850	GSM Voice	128	Sample3	32.78	3.63	37.51	7.49	M4
4	GSM1900	GSM Voice	512	Sample1	29.78	3.63	29.62	5.38	M4
5	GSM1900	GSM Voice	661	Sample1	29.91	3.63	29.83	5.17	M4
6	GSM1900	GSM Voice	810	Sample1	29.80	3.63	29.76	5.24	M4
9	GSM1900	GSM Voice	661	Sample3	29.91	3.63	27.48	7.52	M4

#### Remark:

- 1. The HAC measurement system applies MIF value onto the measured RMS E-field, which is indirect method in ANSI C63.19 2011 version, and reports the RF audio interference level.
- 2. The uncertainty is 0.2dB of MIF ranges from -7dB to +5dB.GSM850 band with rating M4, GSM1900 band with rating M4 would not be affected considering the MIF uncertainty.
- 3. There is no special HAC mode software on this EUT.

Test Engineer: Angelo Chang and Jack Wu.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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### 12. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 12.1.

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Error Description	Uncerta inty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (E)	Standard Uncertainty (E)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	5.1	Normal	1	1	± 5.1 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Sensor Displacement	16.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 9.5 %
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Phantom Boundary Effects	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	± 4.1 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Scaling with PMF Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 5.77 %
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 6.9 %
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.7 %
Probe Positioning	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup Related					
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Combined Standard Uncerta	± 16.30 %				
Coverage Factor for 95 %	K = 2				
Expanded Std. Uncertainty o	± 32.6 %				
Expanded Std. Uncertainty o	± 16.3 %				

Table 12.1 Uncertainty Budget of HAC free field assessment

#### Remark:

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for HAC free field assessment according to ANSIC63.19 [1], [2]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 700 MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst case analysis.

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# 13. References

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011
- [2] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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# Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

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Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/8/6

# **HAC E Dipole 835 140806**

#### **DUT: HAC Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

#### **DASY5** Configuration

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2013/8/21

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 = 10mm & 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x361x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 108.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 108.2 V/m

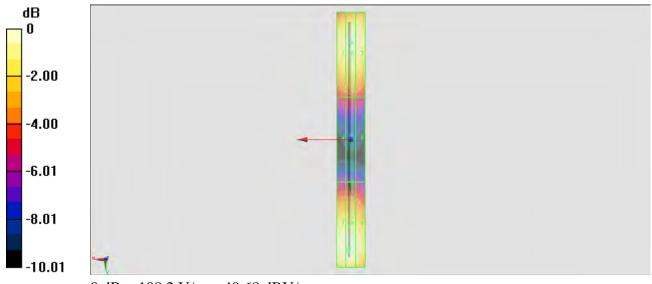
Average value of Total=(104.1+108.2) / 2 = 106.15 V/m

#### PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b>	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
101.7 V/m	104.1 V/m	103.0 V/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
65.13 V/m	65.99 V/m	64.85 V/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
107.9 V/m	108.2 V/m	103.6 V/m

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 108.2 V/m E Category: M4 Location: 2, 77.5, 9.7 mm



 $0 \; dB = 108.2 \; V/m = 40.68 \; dBV/m$ 

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/10/7

# **HAC\_E\_Dipole\_835\_141007**

#### **DUT: HAC Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 ℃

#### **DASY5** Configuration

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2013/11/7

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 = 10mm & 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x361x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 108.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 108.1 V/m

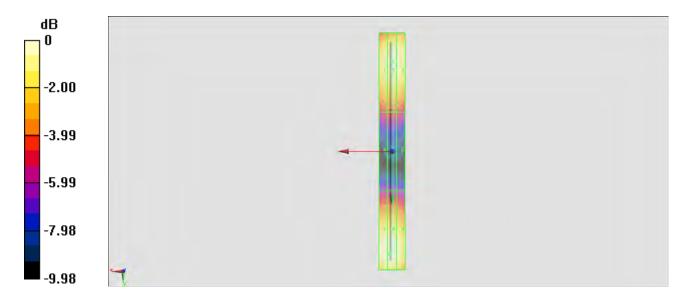
Average value of Total=(103.9+108.1) / 2 = 106 V/m

#### PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b>	Grid 3 M4
101.5 V/m	103.9 V/m	102.9 V/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
65.03 V/m	65.89 V/m	64.76 V/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
107.7 V/m	108.1 V/m	103.4 V/m

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 108.1 V/m E Category: M4 Location: 2, 77.5, 9.7 mm



# HAC\_E\_Dipole\_1880\_140806

#### **DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 ℃

#### **DASY5** Configuration

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2013/8/21

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 = 10mm & 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 167.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 98.96 V/m

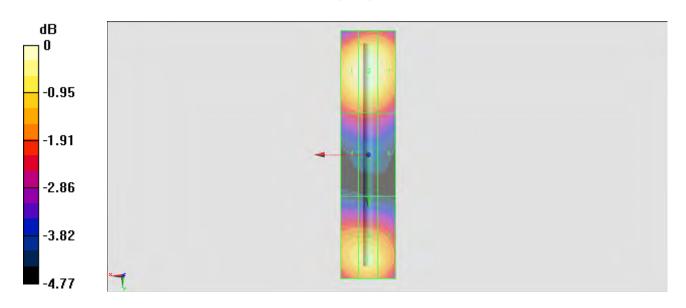
Average value of Total=(98.96+93.2) / 2 = 96.08 V/m

#### PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M3</b>	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M3
97.46 V/m	98.96 V/m	97.25 V/m
Grid 4 M3	Grid 5 <b>M3</b>	Grid 6 M3
78.77 V/m	79.17 V/m	77.63 V/m
Grid 7 <b>M3</b>	Grid 8 <b>M3</b>	Grid 9 <b>M3</b>
91.95 V/m	93.20 V/m	91.00 V/m

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 98.96 V/m E Category: M3 Location: 0, -30, 9.7 mm



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/10/7

# HAC\_E\_Dipole\_1880\_141007

#### **DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 ℃

#### **DASY5** Configuration

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2013/11/7

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 = 10mm & 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 147.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 87.51 V/m

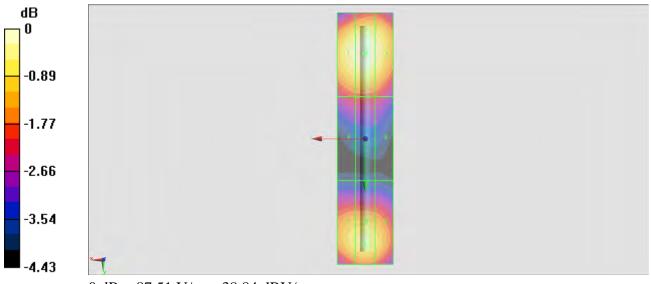
Average value of Total=(87.51+82.37) / 2 = 84.94 V/m

#### PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M3</b>	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 <b>M3</b>
86.13 V/m	87.51 V/m	85.45 V/m
Grid 4 <b>M3</b>	Grid 5 <b>M3</b>	Grid 6 M3
69.86 V/m	70.16 V/m	68.99 V/m
Grid 7 <b>M3</b>	Grid 8 <b>M3</b>	Grid 9 <b>M3</b>
81.51 V/m	82.37 V/m	80.49 V/m

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 87.51 V/m E Category: M3 Location: 0.5, -30.5, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 87.51 V/m = 38.84 dBV/m

# Appendix B. Plots of RF Emission Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

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# #01\_HAC\_E\_GSM850\_GSM Voice\_Ch128

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Date: 2014/8/6

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

#### **DASY5** Configuration

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2013/8/21

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# Ch128/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 62.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 37.89 dBV/m

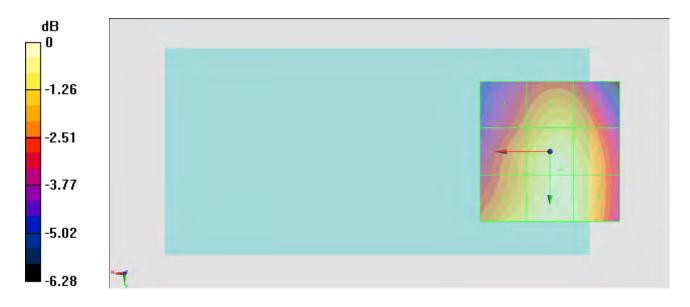
Emission category: M4

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b>
35.78 dBV/m	36.9 dBV/m	36.5 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
36.65 dBV/m	37.65 dBV/m	37.46 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
37.24 dBV/m	37.89 dBV/m	37.59 dBV/m

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 37.89 dBV/m E Category: M4 Location: -3.5, 25, 8.7 mm



## #02\_HAC\_E\_GSM850\_GSM Voice\_Ch189

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Date: 2014/8/6

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

#### **DASY5** Configuration

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2013/8/21

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# Ch189/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 59.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 37.60 dBV/m

**Emission category: M4** 

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b>
35.27 dBV/m	36.47 dBV/m	36.28 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
36.23 dBV/m	37.24 dBV/m	37.09 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
36.87 dBV/m	37.6 dBV/m	37.31 dBV/m

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 37.60 dBV/m E Category: M4 Location: -3.5, 25, 8.7 mm



## #03\_HAC\_E\_GSM850\_GSM Voice\_Ch251

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Date: 2014/8/6

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2013/8/21

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# Ch251/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 54.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 37.15 dBV/m

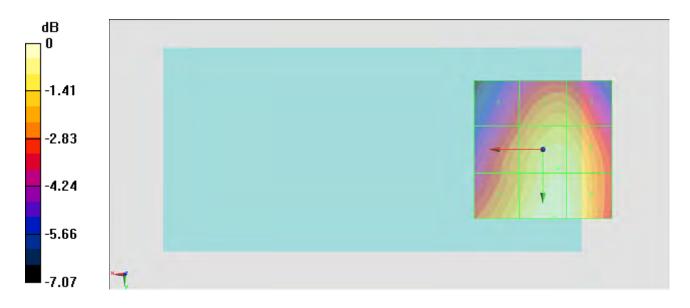
Emission category: M4

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b>
34.24 dBV/m	35.72 dBV/m	35.62 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
35.39 dBV/m	36.69 dBV/m	36.63 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
36.18 dBV/m	37.15 dBV/m	36.95 dBV/m

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 37.15 dBV/m E Category: M4 Location: -4, 25, 8.7 mm



## #08 HAC E GSM850 GSM Voice Ch128

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Date: 2014/10/7

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 ℃

## **DASY5** Configuration

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2013/11/7

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# Ch128/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 54.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 37.51 dBV/m

**Emission category: M4** 

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b>
34.64 dBV/m	36.6 dBV/m	36.61 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
35.49 dBV/m	37.19 dBV/m	37.2 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
36.23 dBV/m	37.51 dBV/m	37.51 dBV/m

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 37.51 dBV/mE Category: M4 Location: -8, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 75.10 V/m = 37.51 dBV/m

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/8/6

## #04 HAC E GSM1900 GSM Voice Ch512

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2013/8/21

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## Ch512/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 10.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 29.62 dBV/m

**Emission category: M4** 

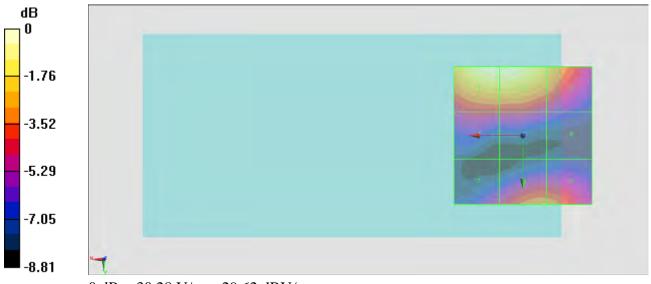
#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b>
29.59 dBV/m	29.62 dBV/m	27.89 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
25.21 dBV/m	25.14 dBV/m	24.19 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
24.91 dBV/m	26.61 dBV/m	26.6 dBV/m

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 29.62 dBV/mE Category: M4

Location: 6.5, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 30.28 V/m = 29.62 dBV/m

## #05\_HAC\_E\_GSM1900\_GSM Voice\_Ch661

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Date: 2014/8/6

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2013/8/21

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# Ch661/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 9.931 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 29.83 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b>
29.77 dBV/m	29.83 dBV/m	28.13 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
25.62 dBV/m	25.52 dBV/m	24.76 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
25.17 dBV/m	27.28 dBV/m	27.27 dBV/m

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 29.83 dBV/m E Category: M4 Location: 6.5, -25, 8.7 mm



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/8/6

## #06 HAC E GSM1900 GSM Voice Ch810

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C

## **DASY5** Configuration

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2013/8/21

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

## Ch810/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 8.714 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 29.76 dBV/m

**Emission category: M4** 

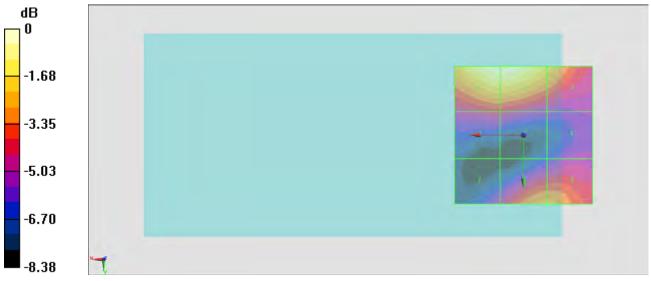
#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b>
29.72 dBV/m	29.76 dBV/m	28.08 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
25.56 dBV/m	25.51 dBV/m	24.46 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
24.82 dBV/m	27.22 dBV/m	27.22 dBV/m

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 29.76 dBV/mE Category: M4

Location: 6.5, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 30.76 V/m = 29.76 dBV/m

## #09 HAC E GSM1900 GSM Voice Ch661

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Date: 2014/10/7

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 ℃

## **DASY5** Configuration

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2013/11/7
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

# Ch661/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 11.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 27.48 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M4</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b>
25.95 dBV/m	27.48 dBV/m	27.38 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
24.28 dBV/m	25.61 dBV/m	25.52 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b>
24.16 dBV/m	25.41 dBV/m	25.45 dBV/m

#### **Cursor:**

Total = 27.48 dBV/m E Category: M4 Location: -2.5, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 23.66 V/m = 27.48 dBV/m

# Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80PFH100 Page Number : C1 of C1
Report Issued Date : Oct. 08, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01

Report No.: HA472933A

## **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton-TW (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045\_Jun12

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: June 14, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	1D #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 ( No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	29-Dec-11 (No. ER3-2336_Dec11)	Dec-12
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	29-Dec-11 (No. H3-6065_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 781	29-May-12 (No. DAE4-781_May12)	May-13
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8482H	SN: 3318A09450	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
RF generator E4433B	MY 41000675	03-Nov-04 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	( Du
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Du

Issued: June 18, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045\_Jun12

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution cresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045 Jun12 Pr

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## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10mm 15mm	
Scan resolution	dx, $dy = 5 mm$	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.455 A / m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	173.2 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	162.0 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	167.6 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	109.5 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	105.8 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	107.7 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## **Appendix**

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	15.2 dB	42.0 Ω - 14.1 jΩ
835 MHz	33.4 dB	48.8 Ω + 1.8 jΩ
900 MHz	17.1 dB	54.6 Ω - 14.0 jΩ
950 MHz	17.3 dB	$46.4 \Omega + 12.8 j\Omega$
960 MHz	13.4 dB	$57.2 \Omega + 22.4 jΩ$

## 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

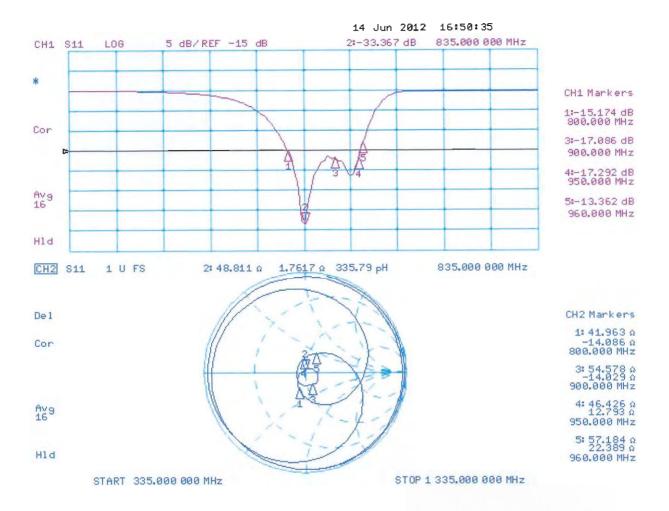
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## **Impedance Measurement Plot**



#### **DASY4 H-field Result**

Date: 14.06.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 29.12.2011

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

## Dipole H-Field measurement @ 835MHz/H-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4840 A/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

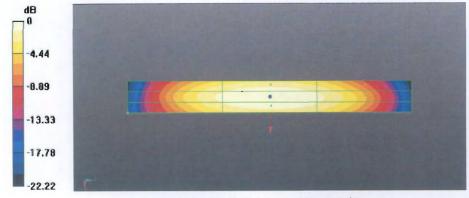
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4547 A/m

Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

## PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
0.386 A/m	0.403 A/m	0.376 A/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
0.437 A/m	0.455 A/m	0.423 A/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
0.391 A/m	0.403 A/m	0.370 A/m



0 dB = 0.4547 A/m = -6.85 dB A/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045\_Jun12

#### **DASY4 E-field Result**

Date: 14.06.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 29.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

## Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 110.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 173.2 V/m

Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

## PMF scaled E-field

 Grid 2 M4 162.0 V/m	
Grid 5 M4 87.68 V/m	
Grid 8 M4 173.2 V/m	

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045\_Jun12

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# Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 110.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

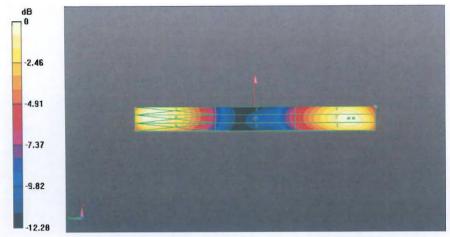
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 105.8 V/m

Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 103.8 V/m		
Grid 4 M4 62.22 V/m	Name and Address of the Owner, which the	The second secon
CONTRACT CONTRACT	Grid 8 M4 109.5 V/m	Control of the Contro



0 dB = 173.2 V/m = 44.77 dB V/m

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Client

Sporton-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Jun12

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: June 14, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 ( No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	29-Dec-11 (No. ER3-2336_Dec11)	Dec-12
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	29-Dec-11 (No. H3-6065_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 781	29-May-12 (No. DAE4-781_May12)	May-13
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8482H	SN: 3318A09450	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
RF generator E4433B	MY 41000675	03-Nov-04 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	12 M

Issued: June 18, 2012

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Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Jun12

# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
  antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The
  maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as
  calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the
  feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution cresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038 Jun12

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## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10mm 15mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.463 A / m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	139.9 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	138.1 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	139.0 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	90.4 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	88.0 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	89.2 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## **Appendix**

## **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	21.5 dB	$50.7 \Omega + 8.4 j\Omega$
1880 MHz	22.5 dB	$53.3 \Omega + 7.0 j\Omega$
1900 MHz	22.2 dB	55.4 Ω + 6.2 jΩ
1950 MHz	25.2 dB	53.9 Ω - 4.1 jΩ
2000 MHz	20.0 dB	$40.9 \Omega + 0.1 j\Omega$

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

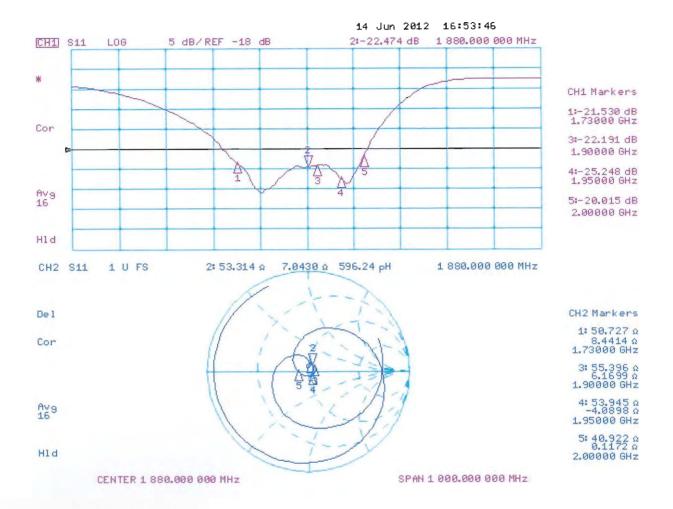
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## **Impedance Measurement Plot**



#### **DASY4 H-field Result**

Date: 14.06.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

## DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 29.12.2011

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

## Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

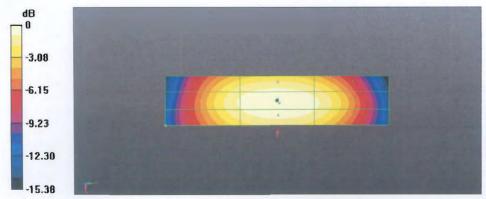
Reference Value = 0.4900 A/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4633 A/m Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M2 0.409 A/m		1222212301
	Grid 5 M2 0.463 A/m	18:22
Grid 7 M2 0.415 A/m		



0 dB = 0.4633 A/m = -6.68 dB A/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Jun12

#### **DASY4 E-field Result**

Date: 14.06.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 29.12.2011

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

## Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 157.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 139.9 V/m

Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

#### PMF scaled E-field

Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2 139.9 V/m	Grid 9 M2
	Grid 5 M3 91.35 V/m	
	Grid 2 M2 138.1 V/m	12.00

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Jun12

## Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 157.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

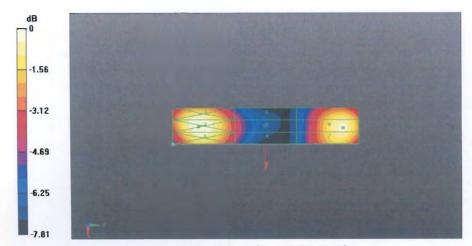
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 87.97 V/m

Near-field category: M3 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3 89.00 V/m	
Grid 4 M3 69.82 V/m	
Grid 7 M3 87.06 V/m	



0 dB = 139.9 V/m = 42.92 dB V/m

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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Sporton-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038 Nov12

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: November 13, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10q)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01527)	Apr-13
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	29-Dec-11 (No. ER3-2336_Dec11)	Dec-12
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	29-Dec-11 (No. H3-6065_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 781	29-May-12 (No. DAE4-781_May12)	May-13
Secondary Standards	1D #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: MY41495277	01-Apr-08 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-14
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	D. Flier
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	T7 / //

Issued: November 14, 2012

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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007

American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge-of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- *H-field distribution:* H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10mm + 15mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1730 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 1730 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.496 A / m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	153.5 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	150.1 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	151.8 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	98.4 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	97.6 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	98.0 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## **Appendix**

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	22.2 dB	$52.0 \Omega + 7.7 j\Omega$
1880 MHz	22.1 dB	$53.4 \Omega + 7.4 j\Omega$
1900 MHz	21.9 dB	$55.8 \Omega + 6.2 j\Omega$
1950 MHz	26.6 dB	53.5 Ω - 3.3 jΩ
2000 MHz	20.2 dB	41.1 Ω - 0.4 jΩ

## 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

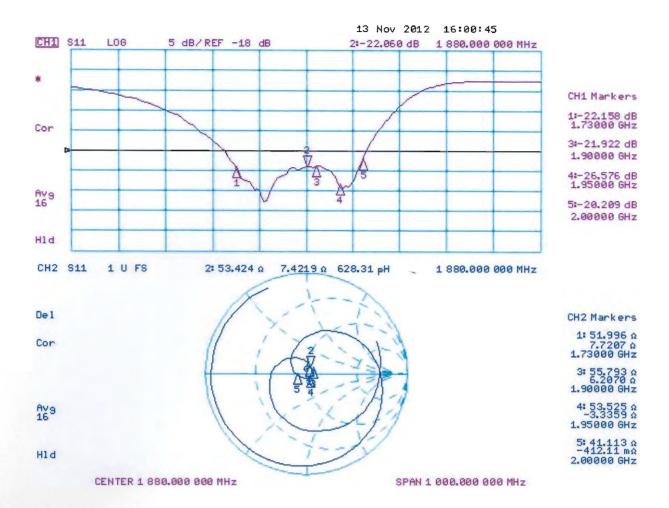
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## **Impedance Measurement Plot**



#### **DASY5 H-field Result**

Date: 13.11.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1730 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

## DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 29.12.2011

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

## Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1730MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.5260 A/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

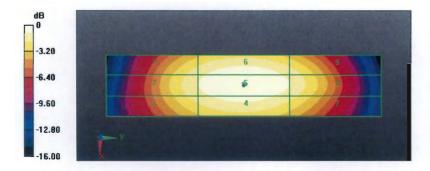
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4960 A/m

Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

## PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
0.413 A/m	0.437 A/m	0.422 A/m
Grid 4 M2		
0.463 A/m	0.496 A/m	0.480 A/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
0.405 A/m	0.438 A/m	0.422 A/m



0 dB = 0.4960 A/m = -6.09 dBA/m

#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 13.11.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1730 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007 / IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

## DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 29.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012

• Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

• DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

## Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 168.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 153.5 V/m

Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

## PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 M2
143.2 V/m	150.1 V/m	147.5 V/m
Grid 4 M3	Grid 5 M3	Grid 6 M3
99.65 V/m	103.3 V/m	100.4 V/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
142.9 V/m	153.5 V/m	151.9 V/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Nov12

# Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 168.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

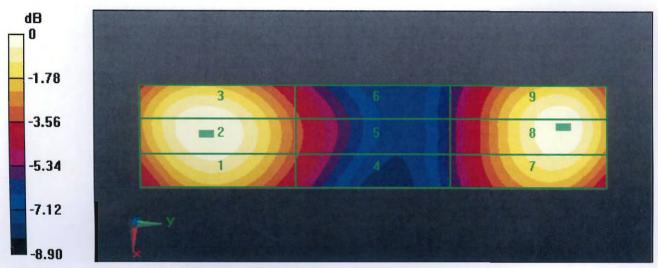
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 98.39 V/m

Near-field category: M3 (AWF 0 dB)

## PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3 95.58 V/m	Grid 3 <b>M3</b> <b>97.31 V/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M3</b> 75.77 <b>V/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M3</b> <b>76.33 V/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M3</b> <b>94.38 V/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M3</b> <b>97.12 V/m</b>



0 dB = 153.5 V/m = 43.72 dBV/m

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

## **USAGE OF THE DAE 4**

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

**Shipping of the DAE**: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures:** Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair**: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

### Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

### Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the Estop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

### Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Schmid & Partner Engineering

## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Approved by:

Sporton-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-778\_Aug13

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 778

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v26

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: August 21, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	02-Oct-12 (No:12728)	Oct-13
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-13 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-14
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-13 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-14

Name Function Signatur

Calibrated by: R.Mayoraz Technician

Fin Bomholt Deputy Technical Manager

Issued: August 21, 2013

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Certificate No: DAE4-778\_Aug13 Page 1 of 5

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### Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot Connector angle

coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Page 2 of 5 Certificate No: DAE4-778\_Aug13

## **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:  $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$ , full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1......+3 mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	_ x	Y	Z
High Range	404.656 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.459 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.006 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98558 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96461 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99935 ± 1.50% (k=2)

## **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	283.0 ° ± 1 °

Certificate No: DAE4-778\_Aug13 Page 3 of 5

## **Appendix**

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	2	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199995.77	0.06	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20002.53	2.55	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-19999.49	1.92	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199997.44	1.64	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20001.15	1.28	0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20001.01	0.48	-0.00
Channel Z	+ input	199996.91	1.45	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19997.43	-2.47	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20003.75	-2.20	0.01

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.81	0.69	0.03
Channel X	+ Input	201.01	0.45	0.23
Channel X	- Input	-198.36	0.93	-0.46
Channel Y	+ input	2000.40	0.37	0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	199.54	-0.90	-0.45
Channel Y	- Input	-200.61	-1.22	0.61
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.36	0.26	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199.66	-0.86	-0.43
Channel Z	- Input	-200.42	-1.13	0.56

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-4.53	-5.58
	- 200	7.17	6.04
Channel Y	200	-1.81	-2.21
	- 200	-0.01	-0.08
Channel Z	200	-8.38	-9.43
	- 200	7.65	7.91

## 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	-1.57	-3.03
Channel Y	200	8.98	-	0.17
Channel Z	200	4.34	6.37	~

## 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16059	17241
Channel Y	16174	15934
Channel Z	16438	15805

## 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.80	-0.20	1.81	0.38
Channel Y	-0.87	-2.38	0.78	0.61
Channel Z	-0.59	-1.80	0.66	0.51

## 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE4-778\_Aug13 Page 5 of 5

## Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Sporton - TW (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: DAE4-1399 Nov13

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1399

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v26

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: November 07, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 0810278	01-Oct-13 (No:13976)	Oct-14
ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-13 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-14
SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-13 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-14
	SN: 0810278 ID # SE UWS 053 AA 1001	SN: 0810278 01-Oct-13 (No:13976)

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Eric Hainfeld Technician

Fin Bomholt Deputy Technical Manager

Issued: November 7, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-1399\_Nov13

Approved by:

Page 1 of 5

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

### Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters**

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-1399\_Nov13 Page 2 of 5

## **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:  $1LSB = 6.1\mu V$ , full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1......+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	Z
High Range	403.576 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.837 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.694 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.99338 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98864 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.95341 ± 1.50% (k=2)

## **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	303.0 ° ± 1 °
Commediate for the design in Britan Cyclem	00010 2 .

Certificate No: DAE4-1399\_Nov13 Page 3 of 5

## **Appendix**

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199997.26	-0.61	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20001.91	1.03	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-19999.07	1.82	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199998.80	1.10	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	19999.34	-1.47	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20001.19	-0.12	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199998.69	1.55	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19998.02	-2.80	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20002.75	-1.69	0.01

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2002.09	1.09	0.05
Channel X	+ Input	201.25	-0.05	-0.02
Channel X	- Input	-198.06	0.36	-0.18
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.83	0.90	0.04
Channel Y	+ Input	200.93	-0.36	-0.18
Channel Y	- Input	-198.96	-0.48	0.24
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.86	1.03	0.05
Channel Z	+ Input	200.25	-0.93	-0.46
Channel Z	- Input	-199.87	-1.30	0.65

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-4.61	-6.77
	- 200	8.22	6.43
Channel Y	200	-5.41	-6.04
	- 200	5.24	4.85
Channel Z	200	-7.82	-7.62
	- 200	5.24	5.18

## 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	5.08	-1.79
Channel Y	200	9.74	-	6.74
Channel Z	200	8.83	7.35	-

Certificate No: DAE4-1399\_Nov13 Page 4 of 5

## 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15808	15817
Channel Y	16090	15683
Channel Z	15894	15745

## 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.60	-0.24	1.27	0.29
Channel Y	-0.27	-1.00	0.44	0.33
Channel Z	-1.58	-2.64	-0.67	0.40

## 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Sporton-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: ER3-2358 Jan14

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ER3DV6 - SN:2358

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date: January 30, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed faboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	10-Oct-13 (No. ER3-2328_Oct13)	Oct-14
DAE4	SN: 7 <b>8</b> 9	15-May-13 (No. DAE4-789_May13)	May-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	RF generator HP 8648C		In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585		18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by:

Israe El-Naouq

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: January 31, 2014

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## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z

sensitivity in free space diode compression point

DCP CF

crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal

A, B, C, D

modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, April 2010.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  for XY sensors and  $\vartheta = 90$  for Z sensor (f  $\leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

January 30, 2014 ER3DV6 - SN:2358

# Probe ER3DV6

SN:2358

Manufactured: July 7, 2005 Calibrated: January 30, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2358

## **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	1.71	1.56	1.59	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>8</sup>	99.7	97.5	100.6	

## **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	cw	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	168.1	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		200.1	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		184.6	
10011- CAA	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	Х	3.53	68.7	20.5	2.91	136.6	±1.4 %
		Υ	3.10	65.5	17.7		117.9	
		Z	3.14	66.0	17.8		146.0	
10012- CAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	Х	3.23	70.8	21.0	1.87	139.8	±1.9 %
		Υ	2.54	65.4	16.9		120.4	
		Z	2.91	68.2	18.1		149.4	
10021- DAA	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	19.71	100.0	29.4	9.39	146.3	±2.5 %
		Υ	19.96	99.5	28.9		125.1	
		Z	15.19	92.3	26.2		116.4	
10039- CAA	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	Х	5.11	68.2	20.6	4.57	139.6	±1.2 %
		Υ	4.72	66.1	18.7		119.6	
		Z	4.71	66.7	18.9		145.4	
10081- CAA	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	Х	4.19	67.5	20.3	3.97	134.7	±0.9 %
		Υ	3.75	64.7	17.8		116.1	
		Z	3.80	65.5	18.0		141.0	
10100- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.55	68.2	20.9	5.67	109.0	±2.2 %
		Υ	6.59	68.1	20.3		131.5	
		Z	6.11	66.4	19.1		115.1	
10108- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.43	67.6	20.7	5.80	107.9	±2.2 %
		Υ	6.47	67.7	20.2		130.0	
		Z	5.95	65.9	18.9		113.7	
10154- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.42	68.5	21.0	5.75	146.8	±2.2 %
		Υ	6.17	67.2	20.0		128.5	
		Z	5.71	65.6	18.9		113.3	
10169- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	5.28	67.7	20.8	5.73	130.5	±1.9 %
		Υ	5.05	66.3	19.7		114.0	
		Z	5.13	66.9	19.7		142.0	
10175- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	5.32	68.0	21.0	5.72	130.2	±1.9 %
		Υ	5.04	66.2	19.6		114.0	
		Z	5.13	66.9	19.8		140.9	

Certificate No: ER3-2358\_Jan14

January 30, 2014 ER3DV6-SN:2358

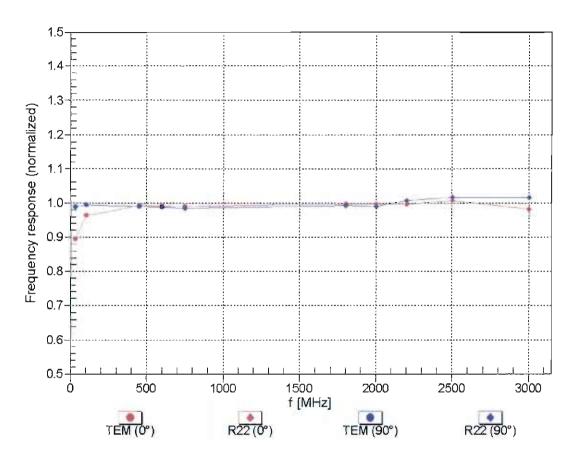
10235- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	8.41	77.6	28.7	9.48	106.5	±2.2 %
		Υ	10.27	83.5	31.4		133.7	
		Z	9.30	79.1	28.3		121.3	
10237- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	8.21	77.7	28.8	9.21	107.1	±2.2 %
		Υ	10.03	83.6	31.5		133.5	
		Z	8.75	77.9	27.7		122.0	
10295- AAA	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	Х	15.69	99.1	41.0	12.49	87.2	±2.5 %
		Y	16.45	99.6	40.7		110.9	
		Z	15.67	95.3	37.5		103.4	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.37	67.5	20.4	5.81	107.1	±2.2 %
		Υ	6.49	67.7	20.2		131.1	
		Z	6.06	66.3	19.2		116.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

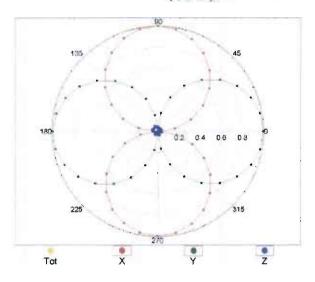


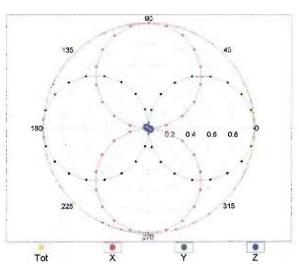
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM,0°

f=2500 MHz,R22,0°

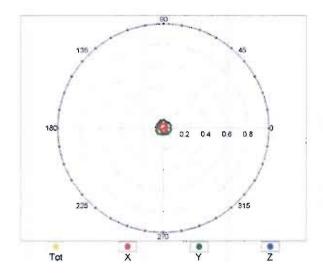


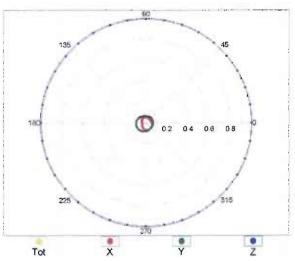


## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

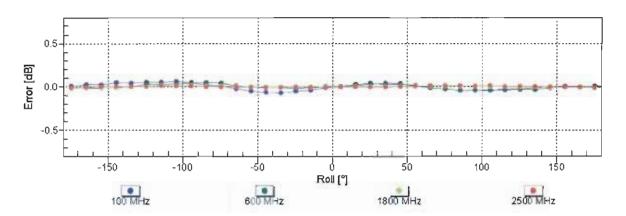
f=600 MHz,TEM,90°

f=2500 MHz,R22,90°



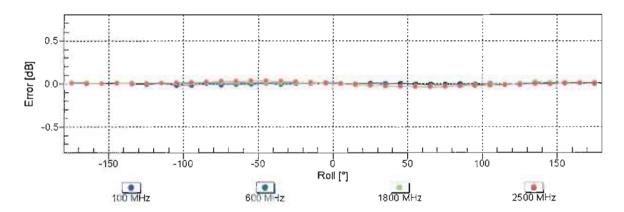


## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



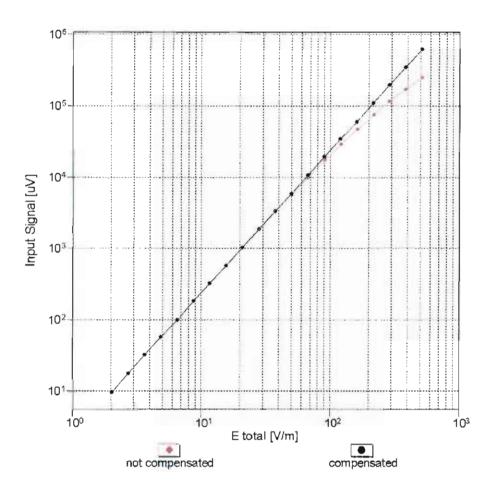
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

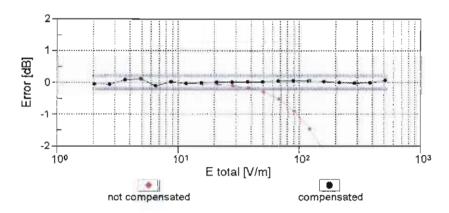
## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

## Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)

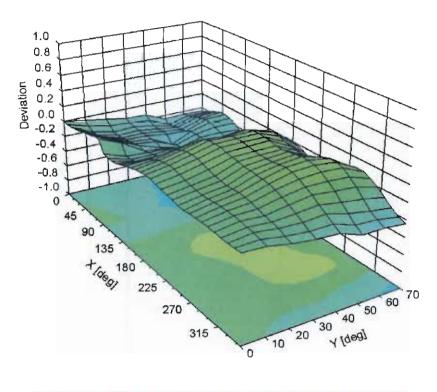


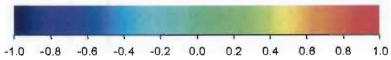


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

## **Deviation from Isotropy in Air**

Error (0, 9), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2358

## **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangula			
Connector Angle (°)	-64.5			
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled			
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled			
Probe Overall Length	337 mm			
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm			
Tip Length	10 mm			
Tip Diameter	8 mm			
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm			
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm			
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm			