

Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) RF Emissions Test Report

APPLICANT: HTC Corporation

EQUIPMENT: Smartphone

MODEL NAME : 0P9O110

FCC ID : NM80P9O110

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2011

M CATEGORY : M4

The product was completely tested on Feb. 25, 2014. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

Erle huan?

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager





Report No.: HA421125A

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 1 of 24
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014



Table of Contents

Rev	ision I	History	3						
1.	Statement of Compliance								
2.		nistration Data							
3.	General Information								
	3.1	Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)							
	3.2	Air Interface and Operating Mode							
	3.3	Applied Standards							
4.	HAC I	RF Emission							
5.		urement System Specification							
		st Arch Phantom							
		Field Probe System							
		E-Field Probe Specification	10						
		Probe Tip Description:	10						
	5.3	System Hardware	10						
	5.4	Data Storage and Evaluation							
	5.5	Test Equipment List							
6.	Meas	urement System Validation							
	6.1	Purpose of System Performance Check	13						
	6.2	System Setup							
	6.3	Verification Results	14						
7.	Modu	lation Interference Factorlation Interference Factor	15						
8.	RF En	nissions Test Procedure	17						
9.	Cond	ucted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	20						
10.	Low-r	power Exemption	20						
		RF Emission Test Results							
		E-Field Emission.							
12.	Uncertainty Assessment								
13	Refer	ances	2/						

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check Appendix B. Plots of RF Emission Measurement

Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

Appendix D. Test Setup Photos

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 2 of 24 Report Issued Date: Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A



Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
HA421125A Rev. 01		Initial issue of report	Mar. 14, 2014

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 3 of 24 Report Issued Date: Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of RF Emission of Hearing Aid Compliance (HAC) found during testing for the **HTC Corporation Smartphone**, **0P9O110** are follows:

Band	HAC RF Emission	on Test Result	M Rating
GSM850	E-Field dB (V/m) 38.3		M4
GSM1900	E-Field dB (V/m)	29.06	M4
WCDMA Band V	E-Field dB (V/m)	•	-
WCDMA Band II	E-Field dB (V/m)	•	-

Remark: Low power exemption is applicable to WCDMA, and WCDMA HAC RF emission rating is M4.

They are in compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47 CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

Results Summary: M Category = M4 (ANSI C63.19-2011)

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 4 of 24 Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A



2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.				
No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978					
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No. :				
rest site no.	SAR04-HY				
	Applicant				
Company Name	HTC Corporation				
Address	No. 23, Xinghua Rd., Taoyuan City, Taoyuan County 330, Taiwan.				
	Manufacturer				
Company Name	HTC Corporation				
Address	No. 23, Xinghua Rd., Taoyuan City, Taoyuan County 330, Taiwan.				
Application Details					
Date of Start during the Test	Feb. 25, 2014				
Date of End during the Test	Feb. 25, 2014				

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 5 of 24
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A

3. General Information

3.1 <u>Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)</u>

	Product Feature & Specification
EUT Type	Smartphone
Model Name	0P9O110
FCC ID	NM80P9O110
IMEI Code	352189060000275
Tx Frequency	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Antenna Type	WWAN PIFA Antenna WLAN PIFA Antenna Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna
Type of Modulation	GSM: GMSK GPRS: GMSK EDGE: GMSK / 8PSK WCDMA (Rel 99): QPSK HSDPA (Rel 7): QPSK HSUPA (Rel 6): QPSK LTE: QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b: DSSS (DBPSK / DQPSK / CCK) 802.11g/n: OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM) Bluetooth : GFSK Bluetooth 4.0 LE: GFSK
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	idonidai i rototypo

Remark:

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 6 of 24

Report No.: HA421125A

Report Issued Date: Mar. 14, 2014 : Rev. 01 Report Version

^{1.} This product has two kinds of earphone and battery accessories only different is manufacturer, therefore RF exposure evaluation was selected battery1 and earphone 1 performed SAR testing, more detail information please referred to External Photo, report No: EP421125.



3.2 Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Туре	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	отт	Power Reduction		
	850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	NA	No		
GSM	1900	٧٥	res	WLAN, BT	NA	No		
	GPRS/EDGE	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No		
	850	\(\)	Yes	WLAN, BT	NA	No		
WCDMA	1900	VO		WLAN, BT	NA	No		
	HSPA	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No		
	Band 2			WLAN, BT		No		
LTC	Band 4	DT	DT	DT	DT No	WLAN, BT	Vaa	No
LTE	Band 5		DI NO -	INO		INO	WLAN, BT	Yes
	Band 17			WLAN, BT		No		
WLAN	2450	DT	No	GSM, WCDMA,LTE	Yes	No		
ВТ	2450	DT	No	GSM, WCDMA,LTE	NA	No		

VO=CMRS Voice Service

DT=Digital Transport

VD=CMRS IP Voice Service and Digital Transport

(*)No Associated T-Coil measurement has been made in accordance with 285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP

3.3 Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- · ANSI C63.19 2011-versiorn
- · FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v04
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing for CMRS IP v01r01

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 7 of 24
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A

4. HAC RF Emission

FCC wireless hearing aid compatibility rules ensure that consumers with hearing loss are able to access wireless communications services through a wide selection of handsets without experiencing disabling radio frequency (RF) interference or other technical obstacles.

To define and measure the hearing aid compatibility of handsets, in CFR47 part 20.19 ANSI C63.19 is referenced. A handset is considered hearing aid-compatible for acoustic coupling if it meets a rating of at least M3 under ANSI C63.19, and A handset is considered hearing aid compatible for inductive coupling if it meets a rating of at least T3.

According to ANSI C63.19 2011 version, for acoustic coupling, the RF electric field emissions of wireless communication devices should be measured and rated according to the emission level as below.

Emission Catagories	E-field emissions			
Emission Categories	<960Mhz	>960Mhz		
M1	50 to 55 dB (V/m)	40 to 45 dB (V/m)		
M2	45 to 50 dB (V/m)	35 to 40 dB (V/m)		
М3	40 to 45 dB (V/m)	30 to 35 dB (V/m)		
M4	<40 dB (V/m)	<30 dB (V/m)		

Table 4.1 Telephone near-field categories in linear units

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 8 of 24
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A



5. Measurement System Specification

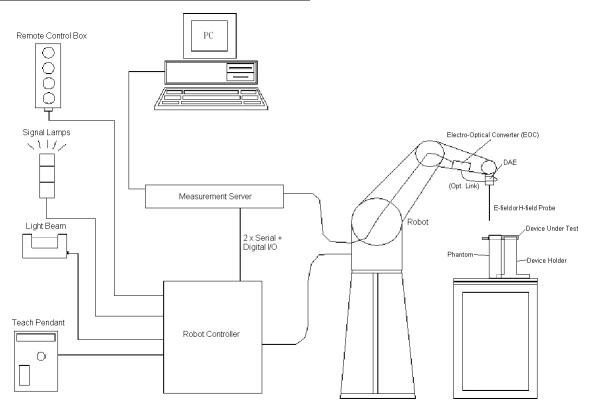


Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY5 System Configurations

5.1 Test Arch Phantom

Construction:	Enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot.	
Dimensions:	370 370 x 370 mm	Fig 5.8 Photo of Arch Phantom

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 9 of 24 Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A

5.2 E-Field Probe System

E-Field Probe Specification

<ER3DV6>

12.102.102		
Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges	
Calibration	In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy ±6.0%, k=2)	
Frequency	100 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 2.0 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to 1000 V/m (M3 or better device readings fall well below diode compression point)	
Linearity	± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm	Fig 5.2 Photo of E-field Probe
Probe Tip Descri	iption:	

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

5.3 System Hardware

DAE

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110

: 10 of 24 Page Number Report Issued Date: Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A



5.4 Data Storage and Evaluation

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files.

Report No.: HA421125A

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}

- Conversion factor ConvF_i

- Diode compression point $\mbox{ }\mbox{ }\m$

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

 $\textbf{Media parameters}: \qquad \text{- Conductivity} \qquad \qquad \sigma$

- Density ρ

The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field Probes}: E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$\mathbf{E_{tot}} = \sqrt{\mathbf{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}}$$

Page Number

Report Version

: 11 of 24

: Rev. 01

Report Issued Date: Mar. 14, 2014

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.



5.5 Test Equipment List

Manufacturan	Name of Equipment	Toma/Madal	O and all Niconals and	Calibration	
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Isotropic E-Field Probe	ER3DV6	2358	Jan. 30, 2014	Jan. 29, 2015
SPEAG	835MHz Calibration Dipole	CD835V3	1045	Jun. 14, 2012	Jun. 13, 2015
SPEAG	1880MHz Calibration Dipole	CD1880V3	1038	Jun. 14, 2012	Jun. 13, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1279	Jan. 30, 2014	Jan. 29, 2015
Wisewind	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM281	Oct. 22, 2013	Oct. 21, 2014
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positoiner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1349001	Dec. 04, 2013	Dec. 03, 2014
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1306099	Dec. 03, 2013	Dec. 02, 2014
Agilent	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49070755	Oct. 08, 2013	Oct. 07, 2014
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48360820	Jan. 10, 2014	Jan. 09, 2016
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NCR	NCR
Woken	Attenuator	WK0602-XX	N/A	NCR	NCR
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	NCR	NCR

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. TEL: 886-3-327-3456

FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 12 of 24 Report Issued Date: Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A



6. Measurement System Validation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the test Arch and a corresponding distance holder.

6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal HAC measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

6.2 System Setup

- 1. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator.
- 2. The center point of the probe element(s) is 15mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.
- 3. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the arch phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

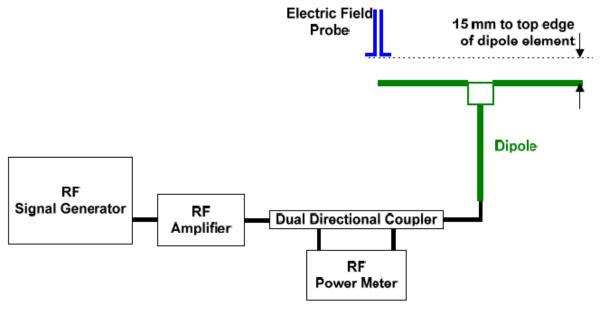


Fig. 6.1 System Validation Setup

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 13 of 24 Report Issued Date: Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A

Report No. : HA421125A

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Fig 7.2 Dipole Setup

6.3 Verification Results

Comparing to the original E-field value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 25 %. Table 6.1 shows the target value and measured value. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to appendix A of this report.

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	E-Field above high end (V/m)	E-Field above low end (V/m)	Average Value (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Date
835	20	107.7	114	113.5	113.75	5.62	2014/2/25
1880	20	89.2	87.52	83.32	85.42	-4.24	2014/2/25

Table 6.1 Test Results of System Validation

Note: Deviation = ((Average E-field Value) - (Target value)) / (Target value) * 100%

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 14 of 24
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



7. Modulation Interference Factor

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF).

For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be developed that relates its interference potential to its steady-state rms signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. It is important to emphasize that the MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic. Any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63.19-2007.

ER3D, EF3D and EU2D E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the indirect measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading. Probe Modulation Response (PMR) calibration linearizes the probe response over its dynamic range for specific modulations which are characterized by their UID and result in an uncertainty specified in the probe calibration certificate. The MIF is characteristic for a given waveform envelope and can be used as a constant conversion factor if the probe has been PMR calibrated.

The evaluation method for the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is scaled to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty. It may alliteratively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constant and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well-defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and it is automatically applied.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 15 of 24
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A



MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider, SPEAG, and the values are listed below

UID	Communication System Name	MIF(dB)
10021	GSM-FDD(TDMA,GMSK)	3.63
10011	UMTS-FDD(WCDMA)	-27.23

The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, declared by HAC equipment provider SPEAG, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

i) 0.2 dB for MIF: -7 to +5 dB, ii) 0.5 dB for MIF: -13 to +11 dB

1 dB for MIF: > -20 dB iii)

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 16 of 24 Report Issued Date: Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A



8. RF Emissions Test Procedure

Referenced from ANSI C63.19 -2011 section 5.5.1

- Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- b) Position the WD in its intended test position.
- c) Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
- d) The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, refer to illustrated in Figure 8.2. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- e) Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.
- f) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equality spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point, The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- g) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step g).
- i) Indirect measurement method
 - The RF audio interference level in dB (V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB (V/m)
- j) Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 8 and record the resulting WD category rating.
- k) For the T-Coil mode M-rating assessment, determine whether the chosen perpendicular measurement point is contained in an included sub-grid of the first scan. If so, then a second scan is not necessary. The first scan and resultant category rating may be used for the T-Coil mode M rating.

Otherwise, repeat step a) through step i), with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
TEL: 886-3-327-3456

FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 17 of 24
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



Test Instructions

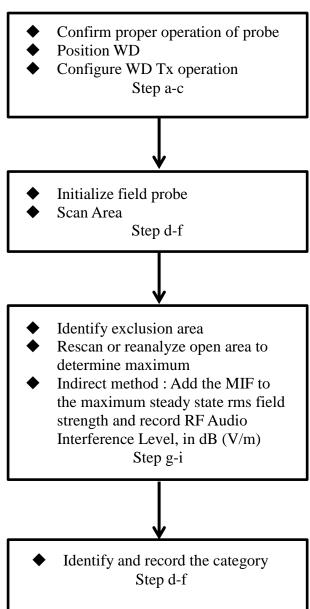


Fig 8.1 Flow Chart of HAC RF Emission

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 18 of 24
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A





Fig 8.2 EUT reference and plane for HAC RF emission measurements

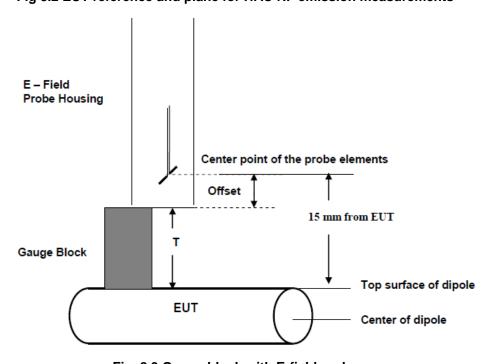


Fig. 8.3 Gauge block with E-field probe

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 19 of 24
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A



9. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

Band		GSM850			GSM1900	
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM	33.41	33.37	33.27	29.98	29.95	29.97

Band	WCDMA Band V			W	CDMA Band	III
Channel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 12.2Kbps	23.26	23.77	23.65	24.06	23.30	23.79

10. Low-power Exemption

According to ANSI C63.19 2011-version, an RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17 dBm for any of its operating modes.

Band	Mode	Maximum Average conducted power (dBm)	MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
GSM850	GSM	33.41	3.63	37.04	Yes
GSM1900	GSM	29.98	3.63	33.61	Yes
WCDMA V	AMR12.2Kbps	23.77	-27.23	-3.46	No
WCDMA II	AMR12.2Kbps	24.06	-27.23	-3.17	No

Conclusion: Low power exemption is applicable to WCDMA, and WCDMA HAC RF emission rating is M4.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 20 of 24
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A

11. HAC RF Emission Test Results

11.1 E-Field Emission

Emission Catagories	E-field	emissions
Emission Categories	<960Mhz	>960Mhz
M1	50 to 55 dB (V/m)	40 to 45 dB (V/m)
M2	45 to 50 dB (V/m)	35 to 40 dB (V/m)
М3	40 to 45 dB (V/m)	30 to 35 dB (V/m)
M4	<40 dB (V/m)	<30 dB (V/m)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Channel	MIF	RF audio interference level dB(V/m)	Margin to FCC M3 limit (dB)	M-Rating
1	GSM850	GSM Voice	128	3.63	36.58	8.42	M4
2	GSM850	GSM Voice	189	3.63	38.16	6.84	M4
3	GSM850	GSM Voice	251	3.63	38.3	6.7	M4
4	GSM1900	GSM Voice	512	3.63	28.04	6.96	M4
5	GSM1900	GSM Voice	661	3.63	29.06	5.94	M4
6	GSM1900	GSM Voice	810	3.63	28.69	6.31	M4

Remark:

- 1. The HAC measurement system applies MIF value onto the measured RMS E-field, which is indirect method in ANSI C63.19 2011 version, and reports the RF audio interference level.
- **2.** The uncertainty is 0.2dB of MIF ranges from -7dB to +5dB.GSM850 band with rating M4, GSM1900 band with rating M4 would not be affected considering the MIF uncertainty.
- 3. There is no special HAC mode software on this EUT.

Test Engineer : Vic Yang.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 21 of 24
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A



12. <u>Uncertainty Assessment</u>

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 12.1.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 22 of 24 Report Issued Date: Mar. 14, 2014

Report No.: HA421125A



Error Description	Uncerta inty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (E)	Standard Uncertainty (E)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	5.1	Normal	1	1	± 5.1 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Sensor Displacement	16.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 9.5 %
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Phantom Boundary Effects	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	± 4.1 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Scaling with PMF Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 5.77 %
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 6.9 %
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.7 %
Probe Positioning	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup Related					
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 16.30 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K = 2
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Power					± 32.6 %
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Field					± 16.3 %

Table 12.1 Uncertainty Budget of HAC free field assessment

Remark:

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for HAC free field assessment according to ANSIC63.19 [1], [2]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 700 MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst case analysis.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 23 of 24
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



13. References

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011
- [2] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : 24 of 24
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : A1 of A1
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/2/25

HAC_E_Dipole_835_140225

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz

Communication System:CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2014/1/30
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835

= 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x361x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 115.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 114.0 V/m

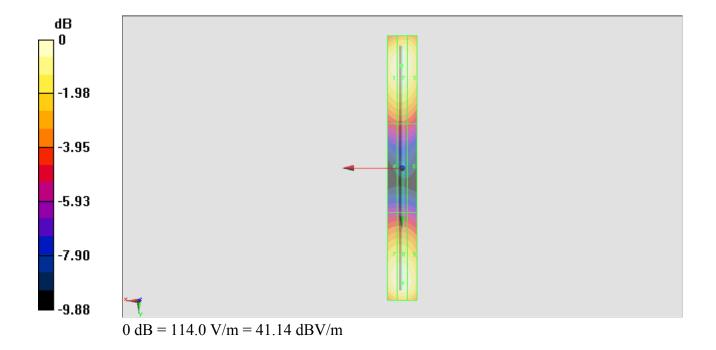
Average value of Total=(114+113.5) / 2 = 113.75 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
112.5 V/m	114.0 V/m	111.8 V/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
69.02 V/m	69.58 V/m	67.98 V/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
111.8 V/m	113.5 V/m	111.1 V/m

Cursor:

Total = 114.0 V/m E Category: M4 Location: 0.5, -69.5, 9.7 mm



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2014/2/25

HAC_E_Dipole_1880_140225

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2014/1/30

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 145.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 87.52 V/m

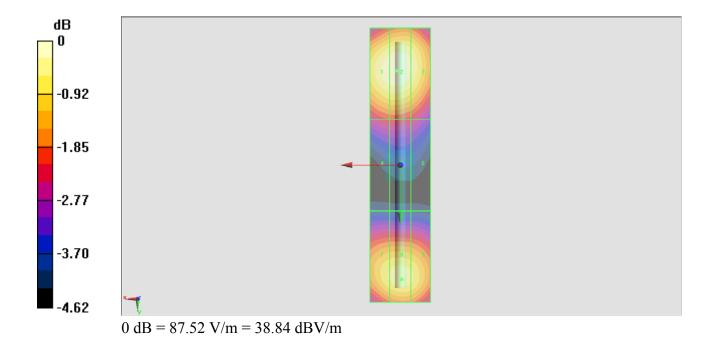
Average value of Total=(87.52+83.32) / 2 = 85.42 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M3
86.85 V/m	87.52 V/m	85.09 V/m
Grid 4 M3		
68.44 V/m	68.62 V/m	66.82 V/m
Grid 7 M3	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
81.96 V/m	83 32 V/m	82.32 V/m

Cursor:

Total = 87.52 V/m E Category: M3 Location: 1, -31, 9.7 mm





Appendix B. Plots of RF Emission Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : B1 of B1
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01

#01_HAC_E_GSM850_GSM Voice_Ch128

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Date: 2014/2/25

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2014/1/30
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch128/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 57.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 36.58 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
35.84 dBV/m	36.26 dBV/m	35.56 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
36.31 dBV/m	36.58 dBV/m	35.73 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
36.45 dBV/m	36.62 dBV/m	35.79 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 36.62 dBV/m E Category: M4 Location: 2, 25, 8.7 mm



#02_HAC_E_GSM850_GSM Voice_Ch189

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Date: 2014/2/25

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2014/1/30

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch189/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 66.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.16 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
37.19 dBV/m	37.64 dBV/m	36.9 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
37.89 dBV/m	38.16 dBV/m	37.34 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
38.35 dBV/m	38.53 dBV/m	37.64 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 38.53 dBV/m E Category: M4 Location: 3, 25, 8.7 mm



#03_HAC_E_GSM850_GSM Voice_Ch251

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Date: 2014/2/25

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2014/1/30
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch251/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 68.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.30 dBV/m

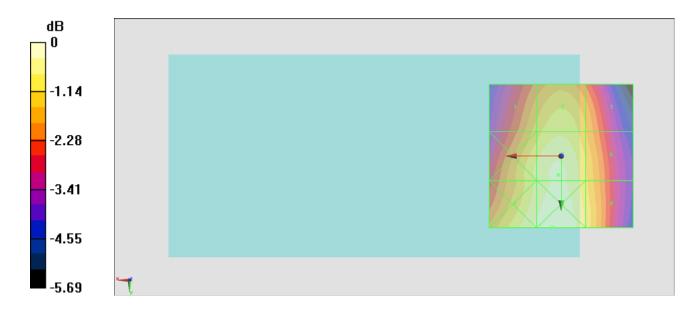
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
37.29 dBV/m	37.8 dBV/m	37.16 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
37.96 dBV/m	38.3 dBV/m	37.55 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
38.35 dBV/m	38.59 dBV/m	37.78 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 38.59 dBV/m E Category: M4 Location: 3, 25, 8.7 mm



#04_HAC_E_GSM1900_GSM Voice_Ch512

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Date: 2014/2/25

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2014/1/30
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch512/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 19.60 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 28.04 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M4
30.02 dBV/m	30.17 dBV/m	29.38 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
27.5 dBV/m	28.04 dBV/m	27.69 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
24.91 dBV/m	25.53 dBV/m	25.55 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 30.17 dBV/m E Category: M3 Location: 4, -25, 8.7 mm



#05_HAC_E_GSM1900_GSM Voice_Ch661

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Date: 2014/2/25

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2014/1/30
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch661/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 21.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 29.06 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M4
30.65 dBV/m	30.71 dBV/m	29.86 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
28.07 dBV/m	29.06 dBV/m	28.48 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
25.48 dBV/m	26.17 dBV/m	26.05 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 30.71 dBV/m E Category: M3 Location: 1.5, -25, 8.7 mm



#06_HAC_E_GSM1900_GSM Voice_Ch810

Communication System: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.6896

Date: 2014/2/25

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2358; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2014/1/30;

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2014/1/30

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch810/E Scan - ER3D: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 21.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 28.69 dBV/m

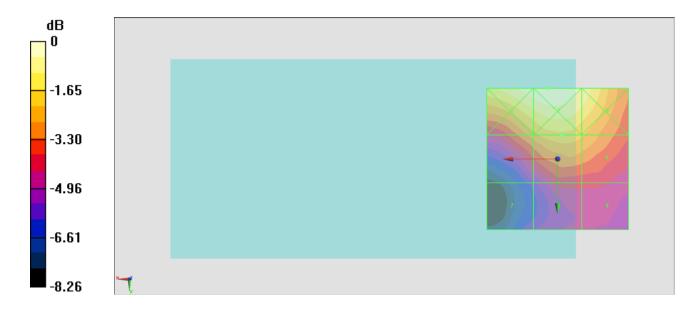
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M4
30.3 dBV/m	30.47 dBV/m	29.86 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
28.05 dBV/m	28.69 dBV/m	28.36 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
25 dBV/m	26.33 dBV/m	26.28 dBV/m

Cursor:

Total = 30.47 dBV/m E Category: M3 Location: 3.5, -25, 8.7 mm





FCC HAC RF Emissions Test Report

Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: NM80P9O110 Page Number : C1 of C1
Report Issued Date : Mar. 14, 2014
Report Version : Rev. 01

Report No.: HA421125A

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: ER3-2358_Jan14

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

S

C

S

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ER3DV6 - SN:2358

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date: January 30, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed faboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	10-Oct-13 (No. ER3-2328_Oct13)	Oct-14
DAE4	SN: 7 8 9	15-May-13 (No. DAE4-789_May13)	May-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by:

Israe El-Naouq

Laboratory Technician

Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: January 31, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

NORMx,y,z DCP sensitivity in free space diode compression point

CF

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

A, B, C, D Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, April 2010.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 for XY sensors and 9 = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

January 30, 2014 ER3DV6 - SN:2358

Probe ER3DV6

SN:2358

Manufactured: July 7, 2005

Calibrated:

January 30, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2358

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	1.71	1.56	1.59	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ⁸	99.7	97.5	100.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc [⊨] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	168.1	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		200.1	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		184.6	
10011- CAA	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	Х	3.53	68.7	20.5	2.91	136.6	±1.4 %
		Υ	3.10	65.5	17.7		117.9	
		Ζ	3.14	66.0	17.8		146.0	
10012- CAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	Х	3.23	70.8	21.0	1.87	139.8	±1.9 %
		Υ	2.54	65.4	16.9		120.4	
		Z	2.91	68.2	18.1		149.4	
10021- DAA	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	19.71	100.0	29.4	9.39	146.3	±2.5 %
		Υ	19.96	99.5	28.9		125.1	
		Z	15.19	92.3	26.2		116.4	
10039- CAA	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	Х	5.11	68.2	20.6	4.57	139.6	±1.2 %
		Υ	4.72	66.1	18.7		119.6	
		Ζ	4.71	66.7	18.9		145.4	
10081- CAA	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	Х	4.19	67.5	20.3	3.97	134.7	±0.9 %
		Υ	3.75	64.7	17.8		116.1	
		Z	3.80	65.5	18.0		141.0	
10100- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.55	68.2	20.9	5.67	109.0	±2.2 %
		Υ	6.59	68.1	20.3		131.5	
		Ζ	6.11	66.4	19.1		115.1	
10108- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.43	67.6	20.7	5.80	107.9	±2.2 %
		Υ	6.47	67.7	20.2		130.0	
		Z	5.95	65.9	18.9		113.7	
10154- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.42	68.5	21.0	5.75	146.8	±2.2 %
		Υ	6.17	67.2	20.0		128.5	
		Z	5.71	65.6	18.9		113.3	
	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	5.28	67.7	20.8	5.73	130.5	±1.9 %
		Υ	5.05	66.3	19.7		114.0	
		Z	5.13	66.9	19.7		142.0	
10175- CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	5.32	68.0	21.0	5.72	130.2	±1.9 %
		Υ	5.04	66.2	19.6		114.0	
		Ζ	5.13	66.9	19.8		140.9	

Certificate No: ER3-2358_Jan14

January 30, 2014 ER3DV6-SN:2358

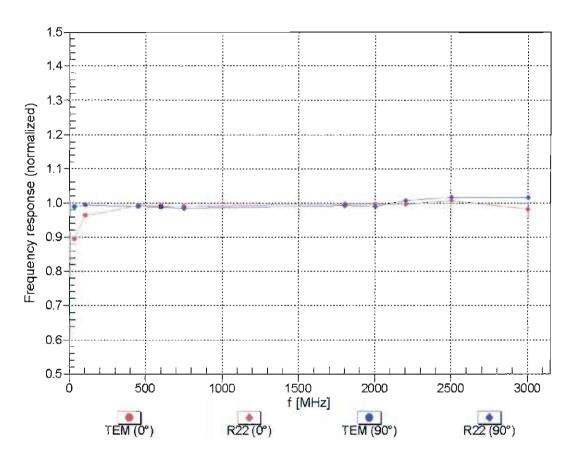
10235- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	8.41	77.6	28.7	9.48	106.5	±2.2 %
		Υ	10.27	83.5	31.4		133.7	
		Z	9.30	79.1	28.3		121.3	
10237- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	Х	8.21	77.7	28.8	9.21	107.1	±2.2 %
		Υ	10.03	83.6	31.5		133.5	
		Z	8.75	77.9	27.7		122.0	
10295- AAA	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	Х	15.69	99.1	41.0	12.49	87.2	±2.5 %
		Y	16.45	99.6	40.7		110.9	
		Z	15.67	95.3	37.5		103.4	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.37	67.5	20.4	5.81	107.1	±2.2 %
		Υ	6.49	67.7	20.2		131.1	
		Z	6.06	66.3	19.2		116.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

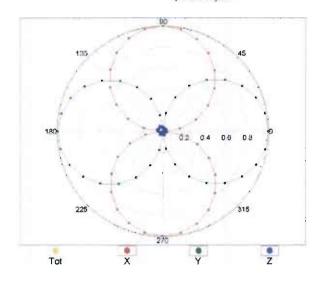


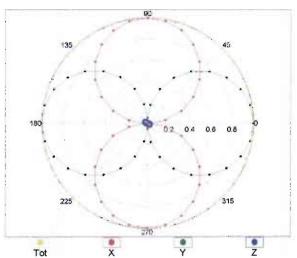
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM,0°

f=2500 MHz,R22,0°

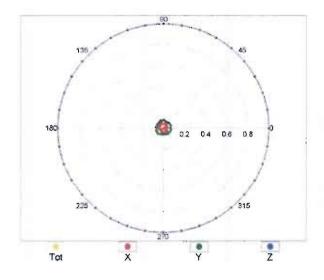


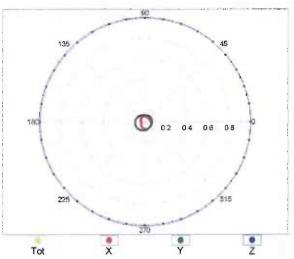


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

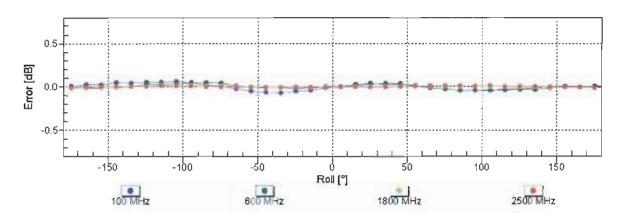
f=600 MHz,TEM,90°

f=2500 MHz,R22,90°



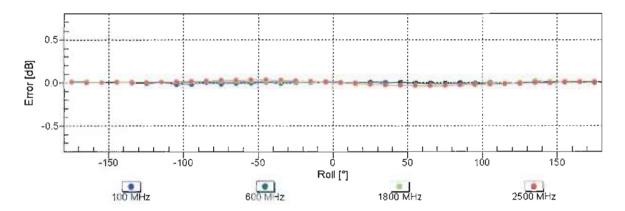


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



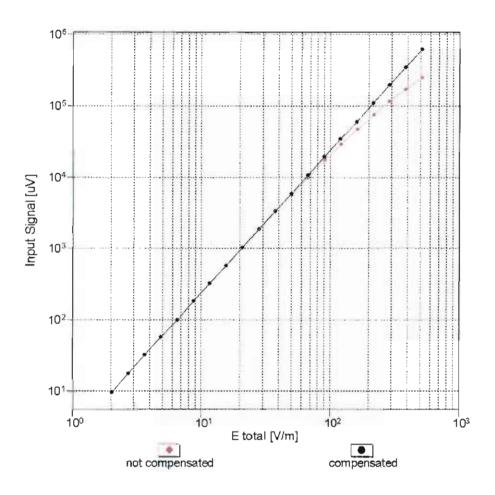
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

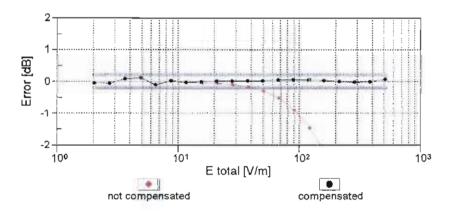
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)

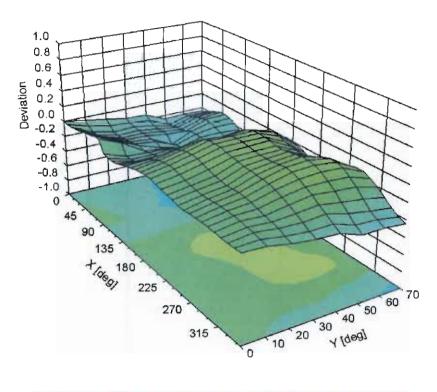


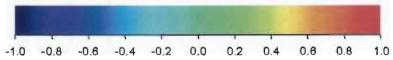


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error (0, 9), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2358

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	-64.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton-TW (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045_Jun12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: June 14, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	1D #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	29-Dec-11 (No. ER3-2336_Dec11)	Dec-12
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	29-Dec-11 (No. H3-6065_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 781	29-May-12 (No. DAE4-781_May12)	May-13
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8482H	SN: 3318A09450	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
RF generator E4433B	MY 41000675	03-Nov-04 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	lah
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	2011

Issued: June 18, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045_Jun12

Page 1 of 8

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution cresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045 Jun12 Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10mm 15mm	_
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.455 A / m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	173.2 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	162.0 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	167.6 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	109.5 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	105.8 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	107.7 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	15.2 dB	42.0 Ω - 14.1 jΩ
835 MHz	33.4 dB	48.8 Ω + 1.8 jΩ
900 MHz	17.1 dB	54.6 Ω - 14.0 jΩ
950 MHz	17.3 dB	$46.4 \Omega + 12.8 j\Omega$
960 MHz	13.4 dB	$57.2 \Omega + 22.4 jΩ$

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

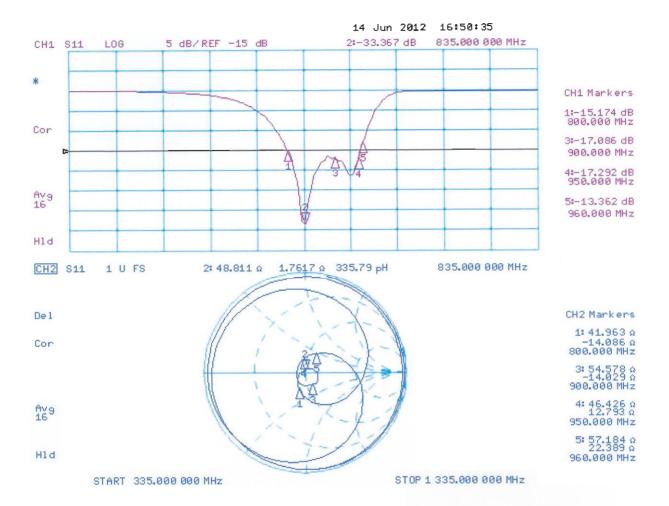
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY4 H-field Result

Date: 14.06.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 29.12.2011

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 835MHz/H-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4840 A/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

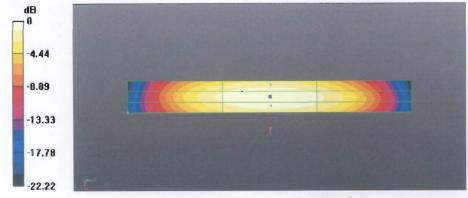
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4547 A/m

Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
0.386 A/m	0.403 A/m	0.376 A/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
0.437 A/m	0.455 A/m	0.423 A/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
0.391 A/m	0.403 A/m	0.370 A/m



0 dB = 0.4547 A/m = -6.85 dB A/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045_Jun12

DASY4 E-field Result

Date: 14.06.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 29.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 110.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 173.2 V/m

Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 156.7 V/m		the second second second
Grid 4 M4 85.93 V/m		
Grid 7 M4 171.2 V/m	Grid 8 M4 173.2 V/m	The second second second

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045_Jun12

Page 7 of 8

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 110.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

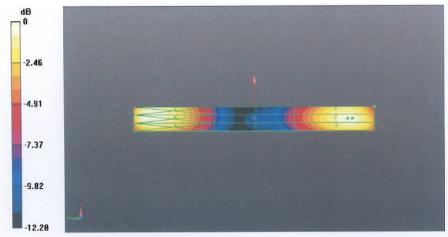
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 105.8 V/m

Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 103.8 V/m	The state of the s	and the same of th
Grid 4 M4 62.22 V/m	The second secon	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE
	Grid 8 M4 109.5 V/m	Grid 9 M4 104.3 V/m



0 dB = 173.2 V/m = 44.77 dB V/m

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

C

S

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038_Jun12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: June 14, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
SN: 2336	29-Dec-11 (No. ER3-2336_Dec11)	Dec-12
SN: 6065	29-Dec-11 (No. H3-6065_Dec11)	Dec-12
SN: 781	29-May-12 (No. DAE4-781_May12)	May-13
ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
SN: 3318A09450	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
MY 41000675	03-Nov-04 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Name	Function	Signature
Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	2010
	GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 2336 SN: 6065 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: 3318A09450 SN: US37295597 US37390585 MY 41000675 Name Claudio Leubler	GB37480704

Issued: June 18, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The
 maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as
 calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the
 feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution cresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038 Jun12

Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10mm 15mm	
Scan resolution	dx, $dy = 5$ mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.463 A / m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	139.9 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	138.1 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	139.0 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	90.4 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	88.0 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	89.2 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	21.5 dB	$50.7 \Omega + 8.4 j\Omega$
1880 MHz	22.5 dB	$53.3 \Omega + 7.0 j\Omega$
1900 MHz	22.2 dB	55.4 Ω + 6.2 jΩ
1950 MHz	25.2 dB	53.9 Ω - 4.1 jΩ
2000 MHz	20.0 dB	$40.9 \Omega + 0.1 j\Omega$

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

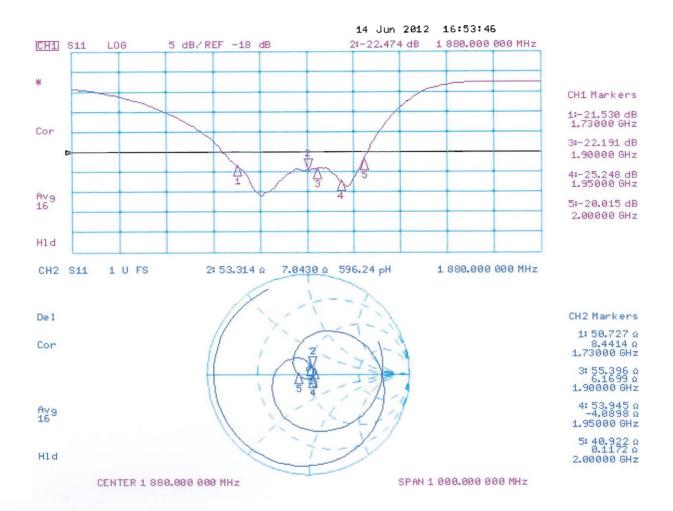
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY4 H-field Result

Date: 14.06.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 29.12.2011

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

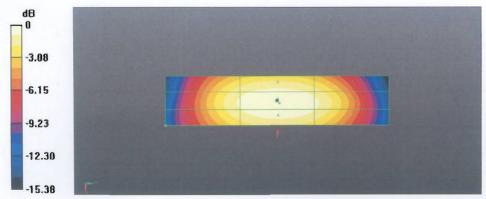
Reference Value = 0.4900 A/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4633 A/m Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 2 M2 0.420 A/m	
Grid 5 M2 0.463 A/m	
Grid 8 M2 0.427 A/m	The state of the s



0 dB = 0.4633 A/m = -6.68 dB A/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038_Jun12

DASY4 E-field Result

Date: 14.06.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 29.12.2011

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 157.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 139.9 V/m

Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

	Grid 2 M2 138.1 V/m	
	Grid 5 M3 91.35 V/m	
1	Grid 8 M2 139.9 V/m	

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038_Jun12

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 157.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

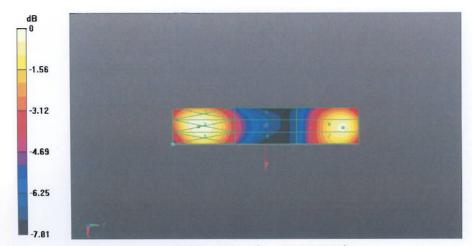
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 87.97 V/m

Near-field category: M3 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M3
89.00 V/m	90.38 V/m	88.77 V/m
Grid 4 M3	Grid 5 M3	Grid 6 M3
69.82 V/m	70.24 V/m	68.73 V/m
Grid 7 M3	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
87.06 V/m	87.97 V/m	85.67 V/m



0 dB = 139.9 V/m = 42.92 dB V/m

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038 Nov12

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: November 13, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10q)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01527)	Apr-13
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	29-Dec-11 (No. ER3-2336_Dec11)	Dec-12
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	29-Dec-11 (No. H3-6065_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 781	29-May-12 (No. DAE4-781_May12)	May-13
Secondary Standards	1D #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: MY41495277	01-Apr-08 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-14
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	D. Flier
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	En III

Issued: November 14, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007

American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge-of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- *H-field distribution:* H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10mm + 15mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1730 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1730 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.496 A / m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	153.5 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	150.1 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	151.8 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	98.4 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	97.6 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	98.0 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	22.2 dB	$52.0 \Omega + 7.7 j\Omega$
1880 MHz	22.1 dB	$53.4 \Omega + 7.4 j\Omega$
1900 MHz	21.9 dB	$55.8 \Omega + 6.2 j\Omega$
1950 MHz	26.6 dB	53.5 Ω - 3.3 jΩ
2000 MHz	20.2 dB	41.1 Ω - 0.4 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

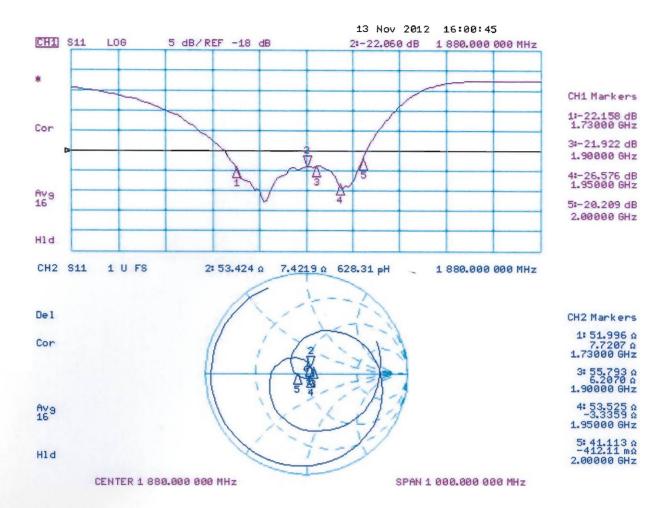
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 13.11.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1730 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 29.12.2011

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1730MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility

Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.5260 A/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

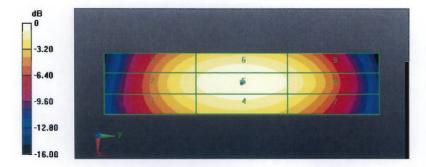
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4960 A/m

Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M2		
0.413 A/m	0.437 A/m	0.422 A/m
Grid 4 M2		
0.463 A/m	0.496 A/m	0.480 A/m
Grid 7 M2		
0.405 A/m	0.438 A/m	0.422 A/m



0 dB = 0.4960 A/m = -6.09 dBA/m

DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 13.11.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1730 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007 / IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 29.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012

• Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

• DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 168.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 153.5 V/m

Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
143.2 V/m	150.1 V/m	147.5 V/m
Grid 4 M3	Grid 5 M3	Grid 6 M3
99.65 V/m	103.3 V/m	100.4 V/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
142.9 V/m	153.5 V/m	151.9 V/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038_Nov12

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid

Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 168.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

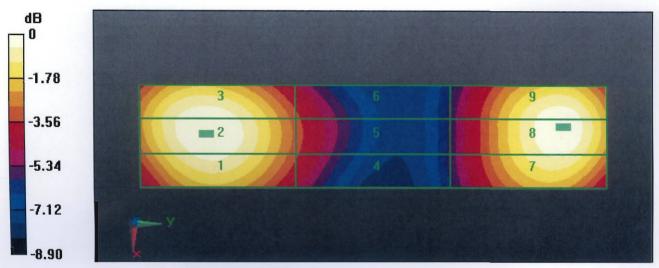
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 98.39 V/m

Near-field category: M3 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 2 M3 98.39 V/m	Grid 3 M3 97.31 V/m
Grid 5 M3 77.30 V/m	Grid 6 M3 76.33 V/m
Grid 8 M3 97.64 V/m	Grid 9 M3 97.12 V/m



0 dB = 153.5 V/m = 43.72 dBV/m

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

S

C

Certificate No: DAE4-1279_Jan14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1279

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v26

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: January 30, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	01-Oct-13 (No:13976)	Oct-14
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15
Calibrator Box V2.1		07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Dominique Steffen Technician

Approved by: Fin Bomholt Deputy Technical Manager

Issued: January 30, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-1279_Jan14 Page 1 of 5

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-1279_Jan14 Page 2 of 5

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$, full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1......+3 mVDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Υ	Z
High Range	405.178 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.973 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.309 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.96880 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.97235 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99752 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	334.0 ° ± 1 °
-------------------------------------------	---------------

Certificate No: DAE4-1279_Jan14 Page 3 of 5

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200028.82	-4.52	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20005.82	2.76	0.01
Channel X - Input	-20004.34	1.52	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200032.35	-1.27	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	20004.35	1,40	0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20006.83	-0.81	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200030.61	-3.01	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	20002.53	-0.55	-0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20006.90	-0.91	0.00

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.24	0.47	0.02
Channel X	+ Input	200.68	0.67	0.33
Channel X	- Input	-198.71	1.35	-0.68
Channel Y	+ input	2001.36	1.65	0.08
Channel Y	+ Input	198.60	-1.29	-0.65
Channel Y	- Input	-200.40	-0.15	0.08
Channel Z	+ Input	1999.81	0.15	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199.07	-0.84	-0.42
Channel Z	- Input	-201.20	-0.91	0.46

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	18.49	17.11
	- 200	-15.07	-16.64
Channel Y	200	9.07	8.72
	- 200	-8.43	-9.57
Channel Z	200	-1.18	-1.55
	- 200	-1.04	-0.85

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	2.78	-3.39
Channel Y	200	8.58	-	4.01
Channel Z	200	10.19	6.19	-

Certificate No: DAE4-1279_Jan14 Page 4 of 5

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15685	15484
Channel Y	16475	15992
Channel Z	15949	16054

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	2.95	0.79	4.24	0.59
Channel Y	-1.35	-3.08	0.56	0.73
Channel Z	1.85	0.28	3.67	0.61

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE4-1279_Jan14 Page 5 of 5