

# FCC RF Test Report

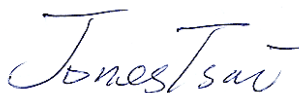
APPLICANT : HTC Corporation  
EQUIPMENT : Smartphone  
MODEL NAME : 0P3Z111  
FCC ID : NM80P3Z111  
STANDARD : FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247  
CLASSIFICATION : (DSS) Spread Spectrum Transmitter

The product was received on Jul. 02, 2013 and completely tested on Jul. 19, 2013. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Joseph Lin / Supervisor



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



## SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1<sup>st</sup> Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.



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### SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Report Section	FCC Rule	IC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.1	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.4(2)	Number of Channels	≥ 15Chs	Pass	-
3.2	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(b)	Hopping Channel Separation	≥ 2/3 of 20dB BW	Pass	-
3.3	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(d)	Dwell Time of Each Channel	≤ 0.4sec in 31.6sec period	Pass	-
3.4	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(a)	20dB Bandwidth	NA	Pass	-
3.5	15.247(b)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(b)	Peak Output Power	≤ 1 W for 1Mbps ≤ 125 mW for 2, 3Mbps	Pass	-
3.6	15.247(d)	RSS-210 A8.5	Conducted Band Edges	≤ 20dBc	Pass	-
3.7	15.247(d)	RSS-210 A8.5	Conducted Spurious Emission	≤ 20dBc	Pass	-
3.8	15.247(d)	RSS-210 A8.5	Radiated Band Edges and Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209(a) & 15.247(d)	Pass	Under limit 3.91 dB at 30.000 MHz
3.9	15.207	RSS-Gen 7.2.4	AC Conducted Emission	15.207(a)	Pass	Under limit 8.90 dB at 0.198 MHz
3.10	15.203 & 15.247(b)	RSS-210 A8.4	Antenna Requirement	N/A	Pass	-
3.11	15.247(a)(1), (g),(h)	-	FHSS System	N/A	Pass	

# 1 General Description

## 1.1 Applicant

HTC Corporation

No. 23, Xinghua Rd., Taoyuan City, Taoyuan County 330, Taiwan.

## 1.2 Manufacturer

HTC Corporation

No. 23, Xinghua Rd., Taoyuan City, Taoyuan County 330, Taiwan.

## 1.3 Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
Equipment	Smartphone
Model Name	0P3Z111
FCC ID	NM80P3Z111
Sample 1	EUT with LCM 1, Camera Front, and Camera Back 1
Sample 2	EUT with LCM 2, Camera Front, and Camera Back 2
EUT supports Radios application	GSM/EGPRS/WCDMA/HSPA WLAN 11bgn / Bluetooth 2.1/3.0/4.0LE
HW Version	EVT
SW Version	0.97.10000.1
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

**Remark:** The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

## 1.4 Product Specification of Equipment Under Test

Product Specification subjective to this standard	
<b>Tx/Rx Frequency Range</b>	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
<b>Number of Channels</b>	79
<b>Carrier Frequency of Each Channel</b>	2402+n*1 MHz; n=0~78
<b>Maximum Output Power to Antenna</b>	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 7.47 dBm (0.0056 W) Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 8.28 dBm (0.0067 W) Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 8.69 dBm (0.0074 W)
<b>Antenna Type</b>	PIFA Antenna type with gain 1.20 dBi
<b>Type of Modulation</b>	Bluetooth 2.1 BR (1Mbps) : GFSK Bluetooth 2.1 EDR (2Mbps) : $\pi/4$ -DQPSK Bluetooth 2.1 EDR (3Mbps) : 8-DPSK Bluetooth 3.0 BR (1Mbps) : GFSK Bluetooth 3.0 EDR (2Mbps) : $\pi/4$ -DQPSK Bluetooth 3.0 EDR (3Mbps) : 8-DPSK

## 1.5 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

## 1.6 Testing Site

<b>Test Site</b>	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.			
<b>Test Site Location</b>	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 <sup>st</sup> Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-3273456 / FAX: +886-3-3284978			
<b>Test Site No.</b>	<b>Sporton Site No.</b>			<b>FCC/IC Registration No.</b>
	TH02-HY	CO05-HY	03CH06-HY	722060/4086B-1

**Note:** The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2003 requirement.

## 1.7 Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- ♦ FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
- ♦ FCC Public Notice DA 00-705
- ♦ ANSI C63.10-2009

**Remark:**

1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
2. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.

## 2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

### 2.1 Descriptions of Test Mode

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rates and recorded the RF output power in the following table:

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth RF Output Power		
		Data Rate / Modulation		
		GFSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	8-DPSK
		1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
Ch00	2402MHz	7.47 dBm	8.22 dBm	8.58 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	7.42 dBm	8.28 dBm	8.69 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	7.16 dBm	8.06 dBm	8.51 dBm

**Remark:**

1. All the test data for each data rate were verified, but only the worst case was reported.
  2. The data rate was set in 3Mbps for all the test items due to the highest RF output power.
- a. The EUT has been associated with peripherals pursuant to ANSI C63.10-2009 and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application. Frequency range investigated: conduction (150 kHz to 30 MHz), radiation (9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower). Pre-scanned tests, X, Y, Z in three orthogonal panels, and different data rates were conducted to determine the final configuration (X plane as worst plane) from all possible combinations, and the worst mode of radiated spurious emissions is Bluetooth 3Mbps mode, and recorded in this report.
  - b. AC power line Conducted Emission was tested under maximum output power.



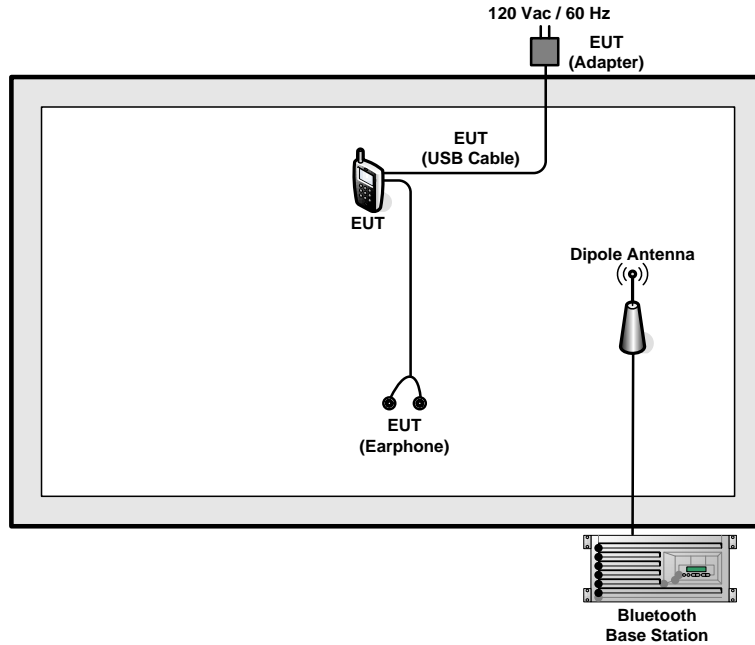
## 2.2 Test Mode

The following summary table is showing all test modes to demonstrate in compliance with the standard.

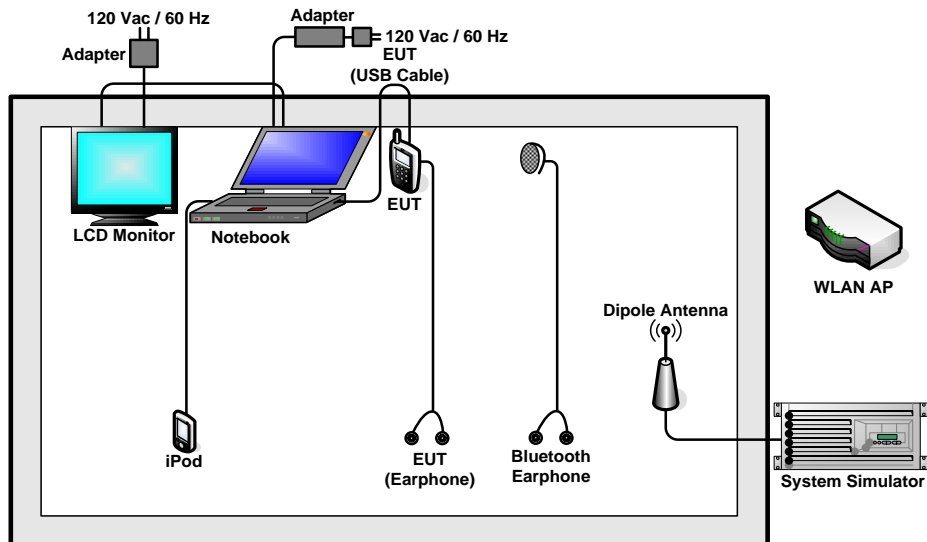
Summary table of Test Cases			
Test Item	Data Rate / Modulation		
	Bluetooth BR 1Mbps GFSK	Bluetooth EDR 2Mbps $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK
<b>Conducted Test Cases</b>	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 4: CH00_2402 MHz Mode 5: CH39_2441 MHz Mode 6: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 7: CH00_2402 MHz Mode 8: CH39_2441 MHz Mode 9: CH78_2480 MHz
<b>Radiated Test Cases</b>	<b>Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK</b>		
	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz		
<b>AC Conducted Emission</b>	Mode 1 :GSM850 Idle + Bluetooth Link + WLAN Link + MPEG4 + Earphone 1 + Battery 1 + USB Cable 1 (Data Link with Notebook) for Sample 1 Mode 2 :GSM850 Idle + Bluetooth Link + WLAN Link + MPEG4 + Earphone 1 + Battery 1 + USB Cable 1 (Data Link with Notebook) for Sample 2		
<b>Remark:</b>			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For radiated test cases, the worst mode data rate 3Mbps was reported only, because this data rate has the highest RF output power at preliminary tests, and the conducted spurious emissions and conducted band edge measurement for each data rate are no worse than 3Mbps, and no other significantly frequencies found in conducted spurious emission .</li> <li>The worst case of conducted emission is mode 2; only the test data of it was reported.</li> <li>For Radiated Test Cases, The tests were performance with Adapter 1, Battery 1, Earphone 1, USB Cable 1, and Sample 1.</li> </ol>			

## 2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System

<Bluetooth Tx Mode>



<EUT with USB Cable (Link with Notebook) Mode>



## 2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model Name	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	System Simulator	R&S	CMU 200	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
2.	Bluetooth Base Station	R&S	CBT32	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
3.	GPS Station	Pendulum	GSG-54	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
4.	WLAN AP	D-Link	DIR-628	KA2DIR628A2	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
5.	Notebook	DELL	Latitude E6320	FCC DoC	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.2 m DC O/P: Shielded, 1.8 m
6.	LCD Monitor	DELL	U2410	FCC DoC	Shielded, 1.6 m	Unshielded, 1.8 m
7.	Bluetooth Earphone	Sony Ericsson	MW600	PY7DDA-2029	N/A	N/A
8.	SD Card	SanDisk	MicroSD HC	FCC DoC	N/A	N/A
9.	iPod	Apple	A1285	FCC DoC	Shielded, 1.0 m	N/A

## 2.5 Description of RF Function Operation Test Setup

For Bluetooth function, programmed RF utility, "QRCT" installed in the notebook which was programmed in order to make the EUT get into the engineering modes to contact with Bluetooth base station for continuous transmitting and receiving signals.



## **2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example**

**For all conducted test items:**

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Example:

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

*Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.*

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 4.2 dB and 10dB attenuator.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Offset(dB)} &= \text{RF cable loss(dB)} + \text{attenuator factor(dB)}. \\ &= 4.2 + 10 = 14.2 \text{ (dB)} \end{aligned}$$

### 3 Test Result

#### 3.1 Number of Channel Measurement

##### 3.1.1 Limits of Number of Hopping Frequency

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

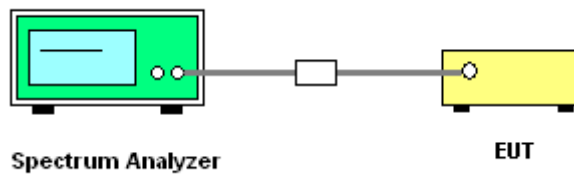
##### 3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

##### 3.1.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation; RBW  $\geq$  1% of the span; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel.
7. Record the measurement data derived from spectrum analyzer.

##### 3.1.4 Test Setup



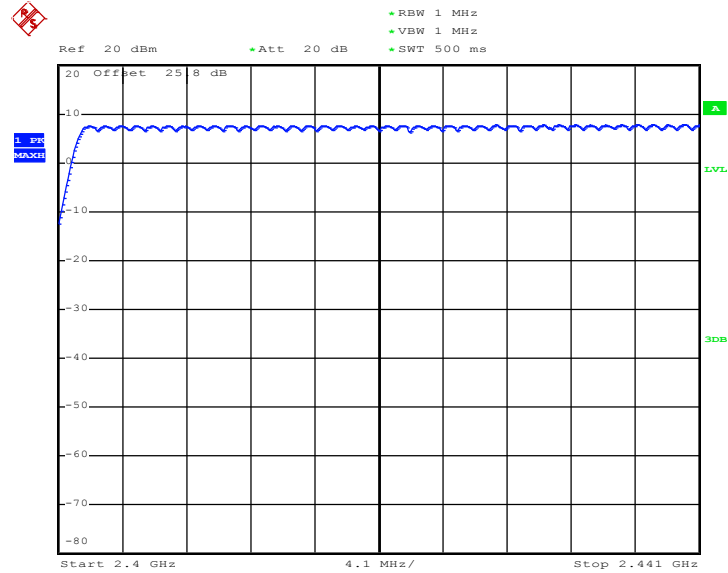
##### 3.1.5 Test Result of Number of Hopping Frequency

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

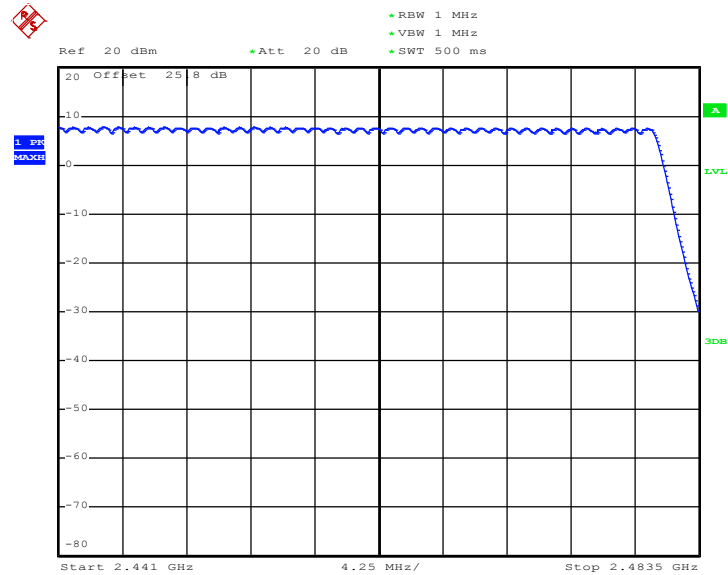
Number of Hopping (Channel)	Adaptive Frequency Hopping (Channel)	Limits (Channel)	Pass/Fail
79	20	> 15	Pass



Number of Hopping Channel Plot on Channel 00 - 78



Date: 10.JUL.2013 14:16:18



Date: 10.JUL.2013 14:18:27

## 3.2 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement

### 3.2.1 Limit of Hopping Channel Separation

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

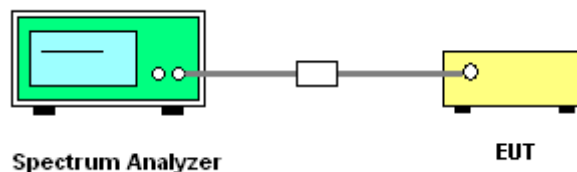
### 3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

### 3.2.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels;  $RBW \geq 1\%$  of the span;  
 $VBW \geq RBW$ ; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.2.4 Test Setup



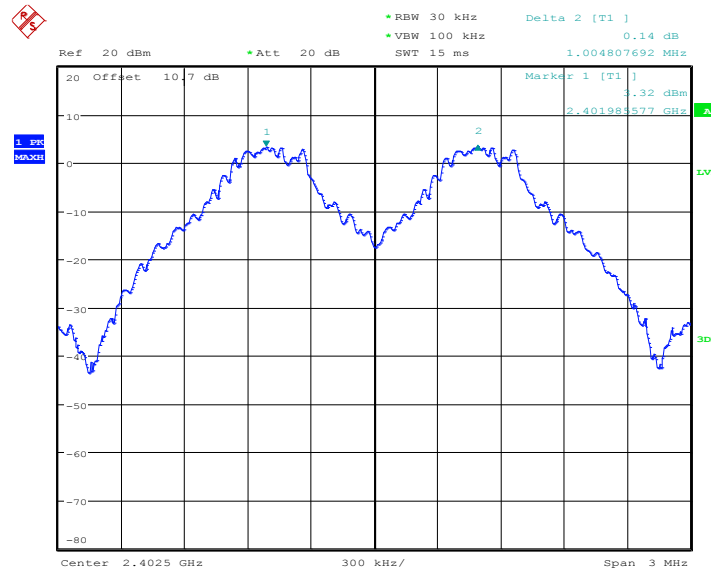


3.2.5 Test Result of Hopping Channel Separation

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.005	0.6453	Pass
39	2441	1.005	0.6453	Pass
78	2480	1.005	0.6453	Pass

Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01

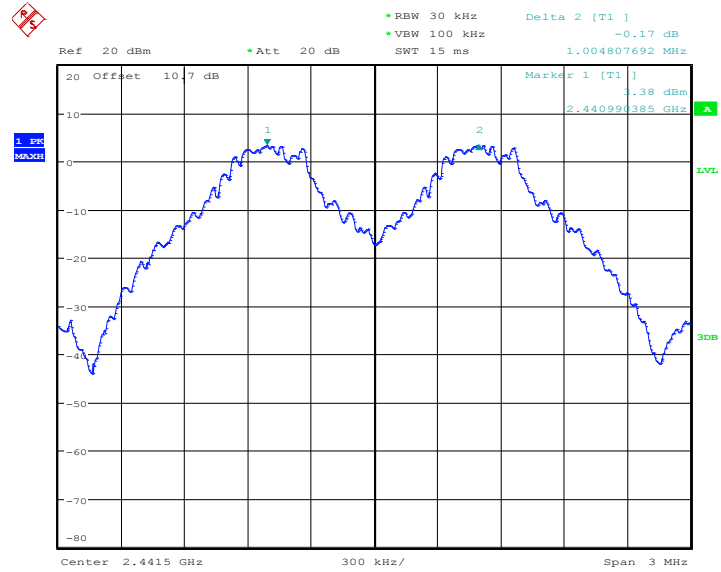


Date: 12.JUL.2013 09:04:33



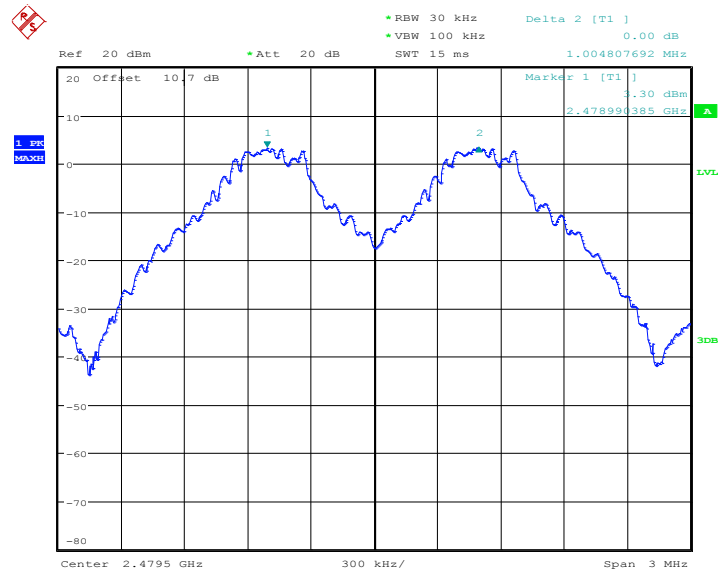


### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 12.JUL.2013 09:05:38

### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



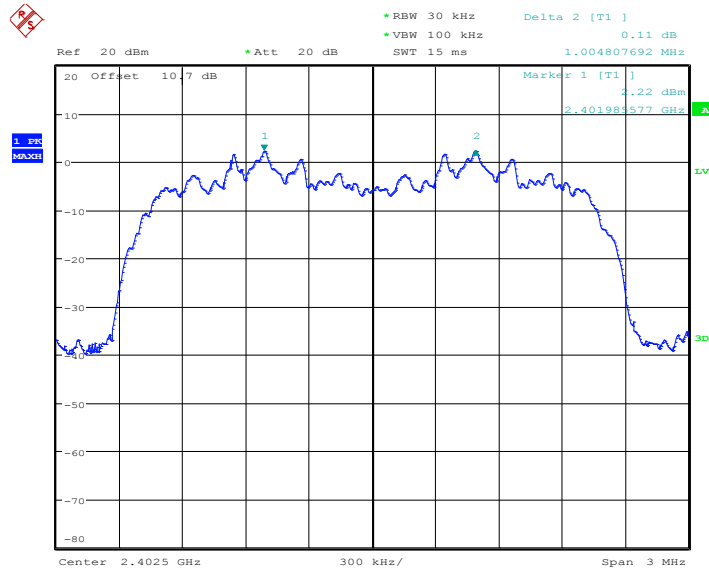
Date: 12.JUL.2013 09:06:57



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.005	0.8686	Pass
39	2441	1.005	0.8686	Pass
78	2480	1.005	0.8686	Pass

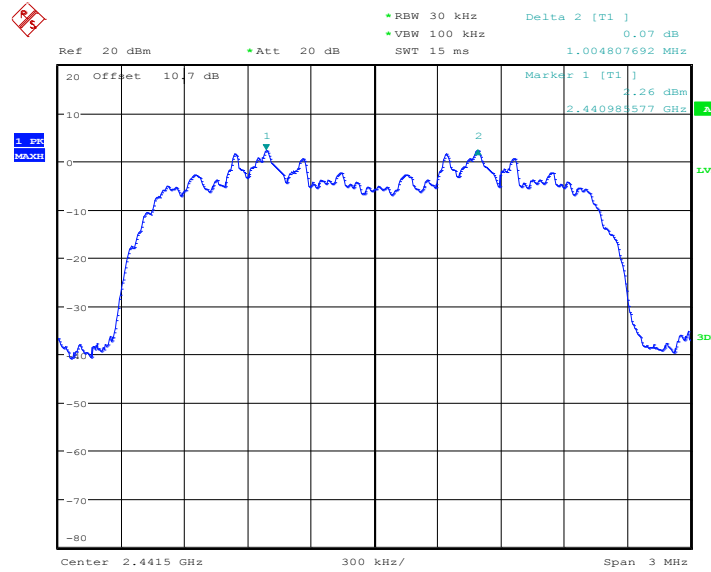
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



Date: 12.JUL.2013 09:20:36

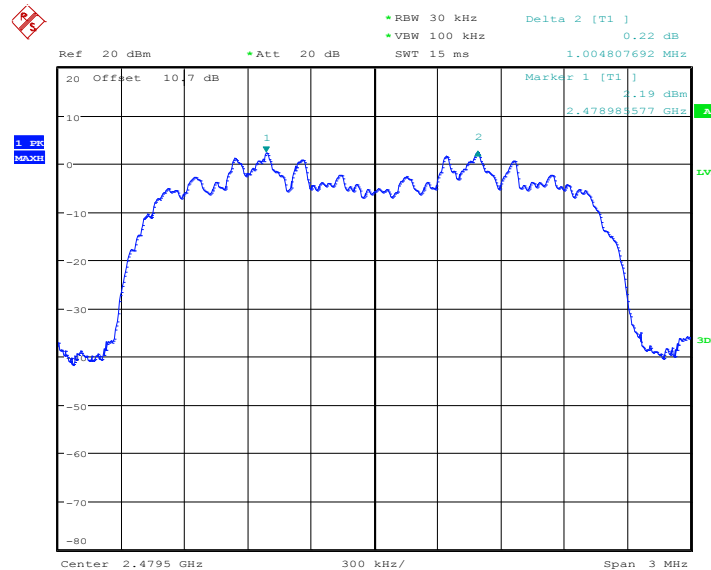


Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 12.JUL.2013 09:17:52

Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



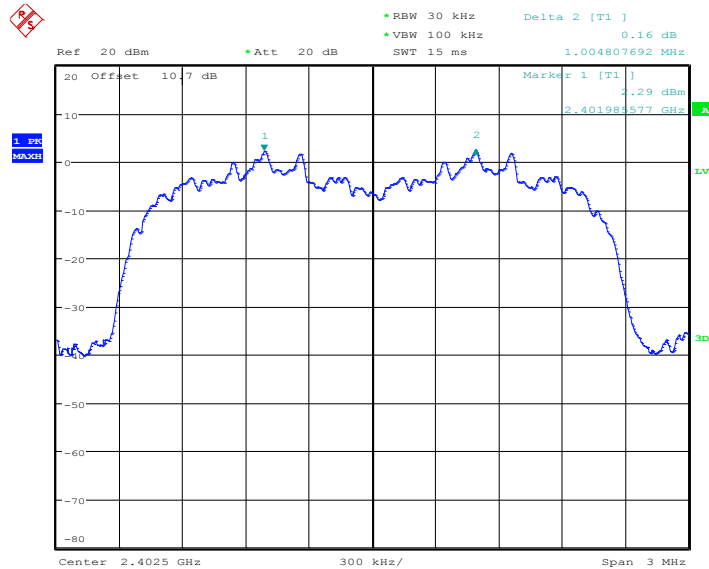
Date: 12.JUL.2013 09:08:25



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.005	0.8718	Pass
39	2441	1.005	0.8718	Pass
78	2480	1.005	0.8718	Pass

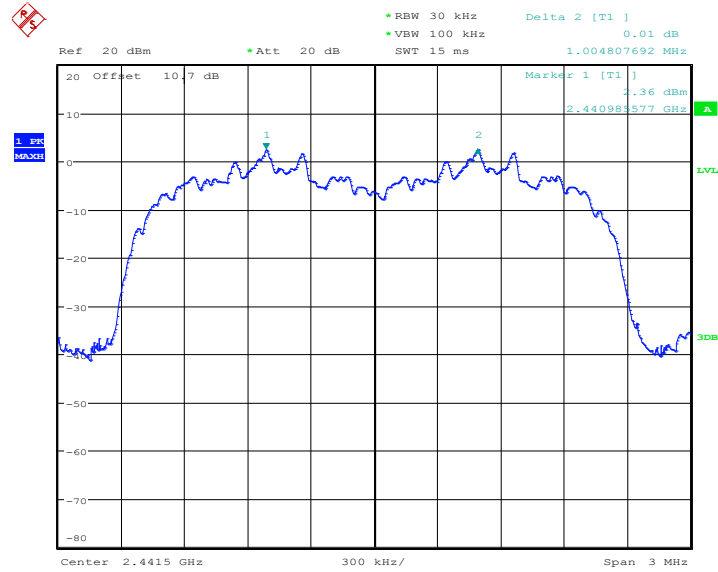
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



Date: 12.JUL.2013 09:23:49

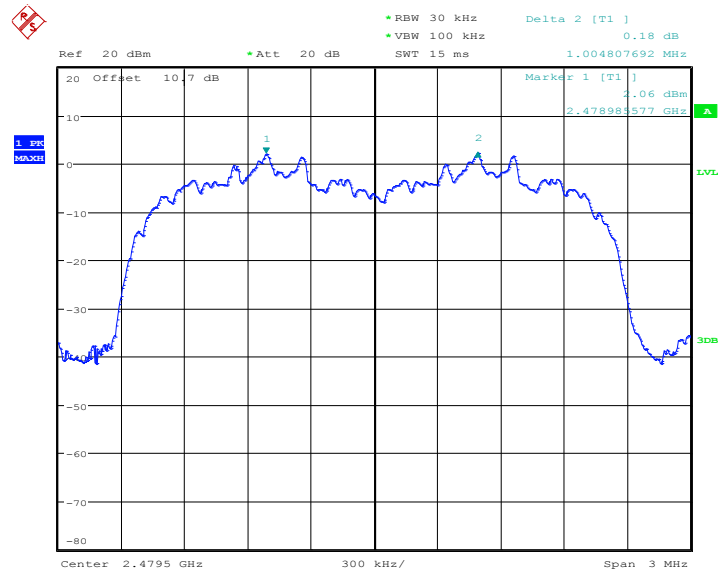


Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 12.JUL.2013 09:25:00

Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



Date: 12.JUL.2013 09:26:09

### 3.3 Dwell Time Measurement

#### 3.3.1 Limit of Dwell Time

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

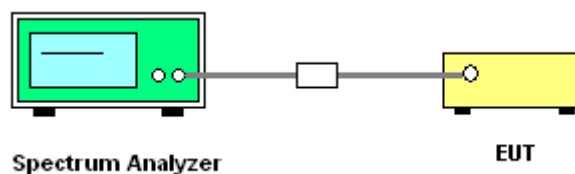
#### 3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

#### 3.3.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel; RBW = 1 MHz; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

#### 3.3.4 Test Setup





3.3.5 Test Result of Dwell Time

Test Mode :	DH5	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

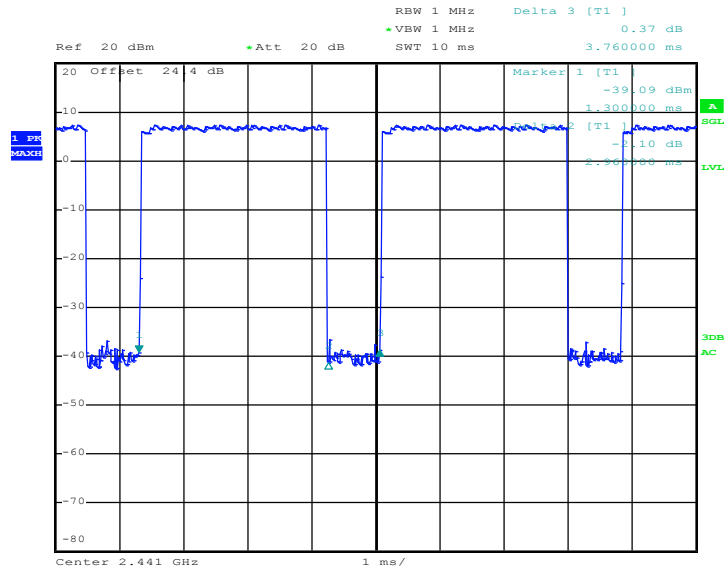
Mode	Hopping Channel Number	Hops Over Occupancy Time(hops)	Package Transfer Time (msec)	Dwell Time (sec)	Limits (sec)	Pass/Fail
Normal	79	106.67	2.96	0.32	0.4	Pass
AFH	20	53.33	2.96	0.16	0.4	Pass

Remark:

1. In normal mode, hopping rate is 1600hops/s with 6 slots in 79 hopping channels.  
With channel hopping rate (1600 / 6 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s),  
Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 6 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 106.67 hops.
2. In AFH mode, hopping rate is 800hops/s with 6 slots in 20 hopping channels.  
With channel hopping rate (800 / 6 / 20) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 20) (s),  
Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (800 / 6 / 20) x (0.4 x 20) = 53.33 hops.
3. Dwell Time(s) = Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops) x Package Transfer Time



Package Transfer Time Plot



Date: 5.JUL.2013 12:04:01



### 3.4 20dB Bandwidth Measurement

#### 3.4.1 Limit of 20dB Bandwidth

Reporting only

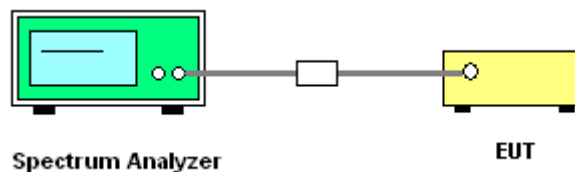
#### 3.4.2 Measuring Instruments

See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

#### 3.4.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 20dB Bandwidth measurement.  
Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel;  
RBW  $\geq$  1% of the 20 dB bandwidth; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak;  
Trace = max hold.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

#### 3.4.4 Test Setup



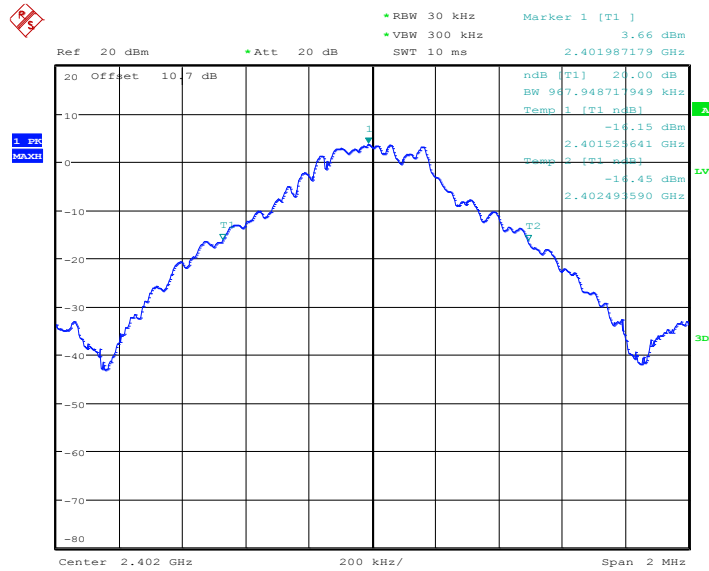


3.4.5 Test Result of 20dB Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.968
39	2441	0.968
78	2480	0.968

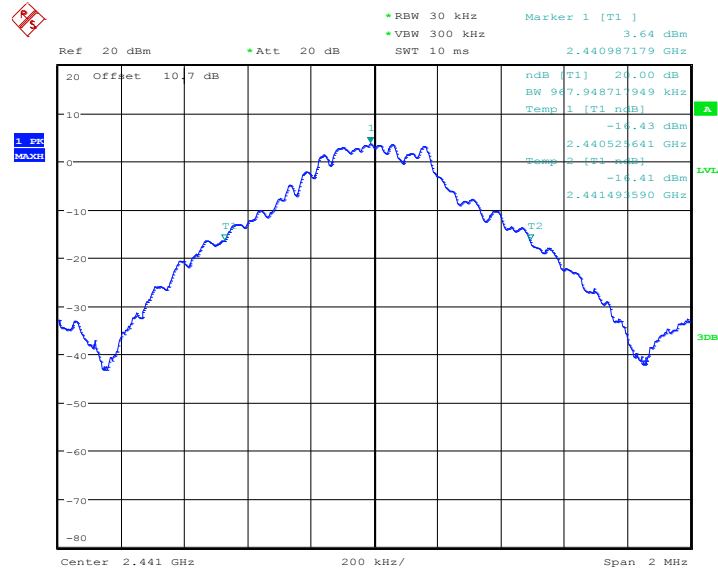
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 9.JUL.2013 16:11:29

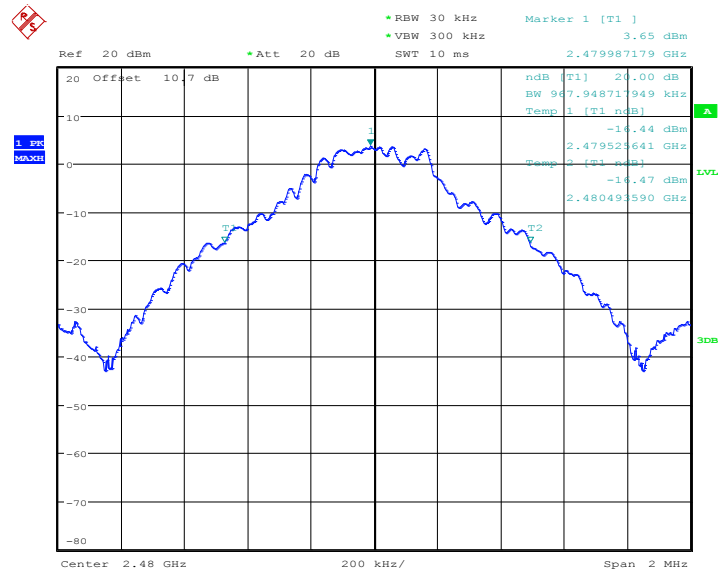


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 9.JUL.2013 16:17:59

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



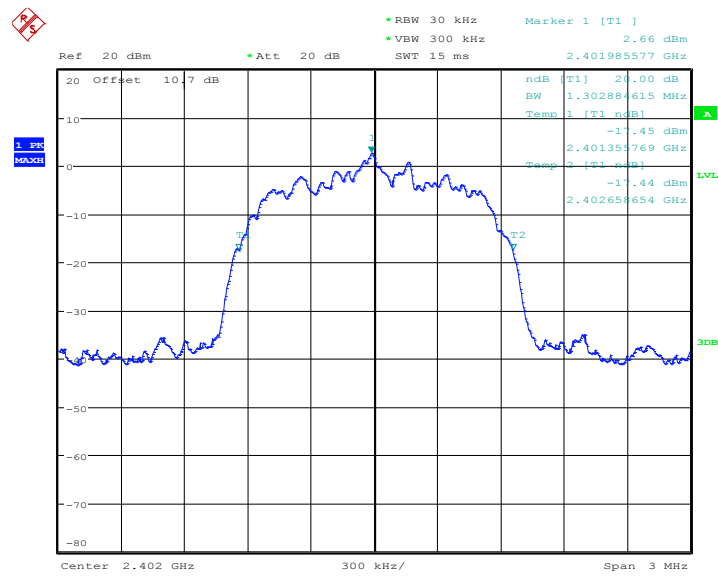
Date: 9.JUL.2013 16:22:29



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.303
39	2441	1.303
78	2480	1.303

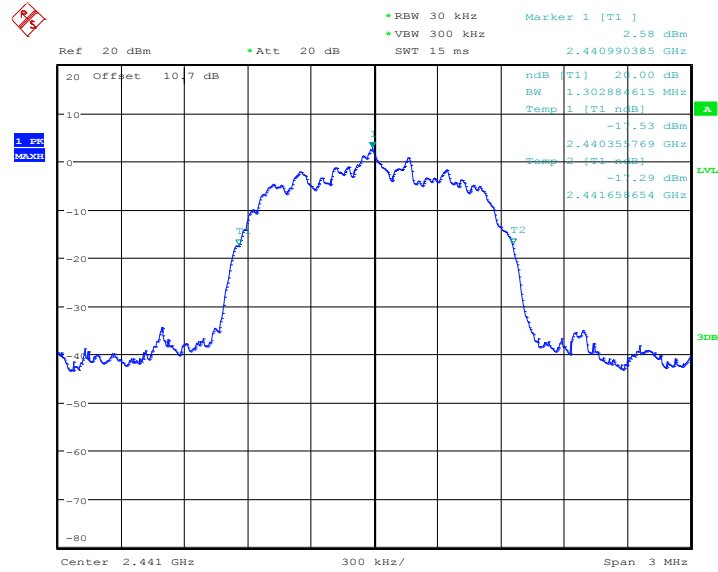
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 9.JUL.2013 16:40:04

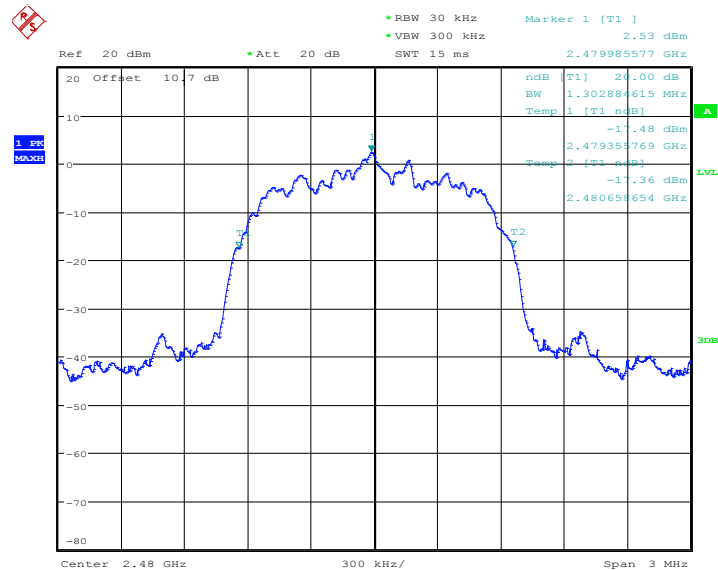


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 9.JUL.2013 16:46:50

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



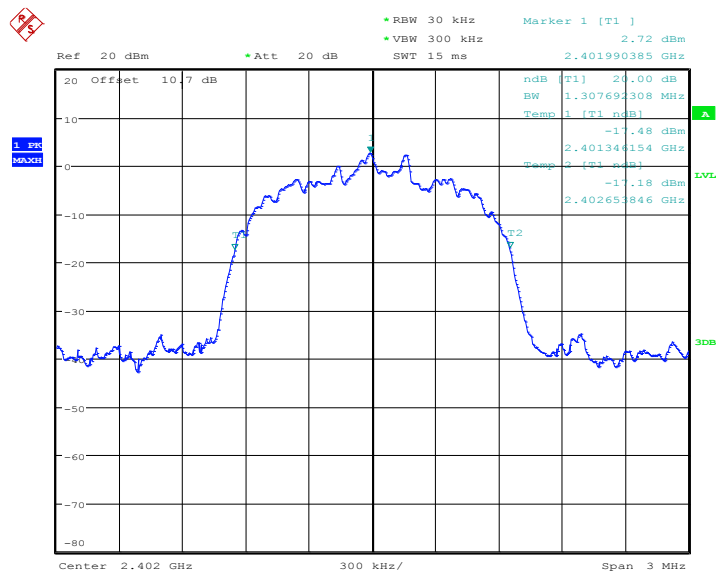
Date: 9.JUL.2013 16:51:34



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.308
39	2441	1.308
78	2480	1.308

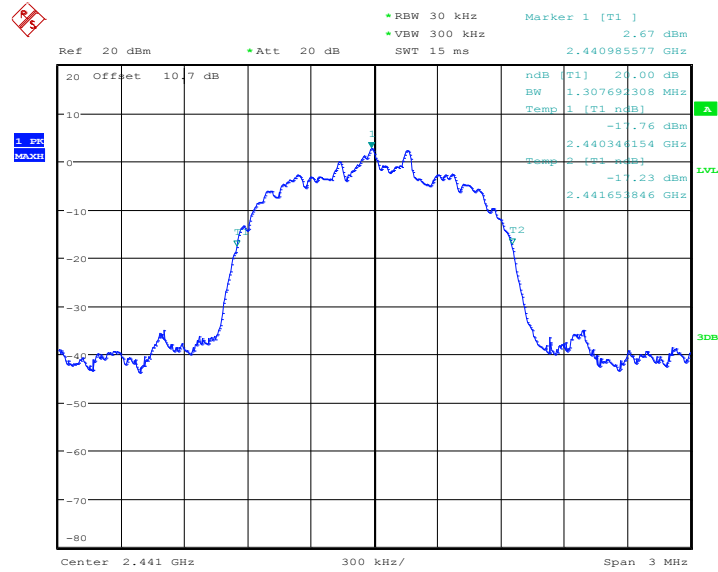
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 9.JUL.2013 17:04:14

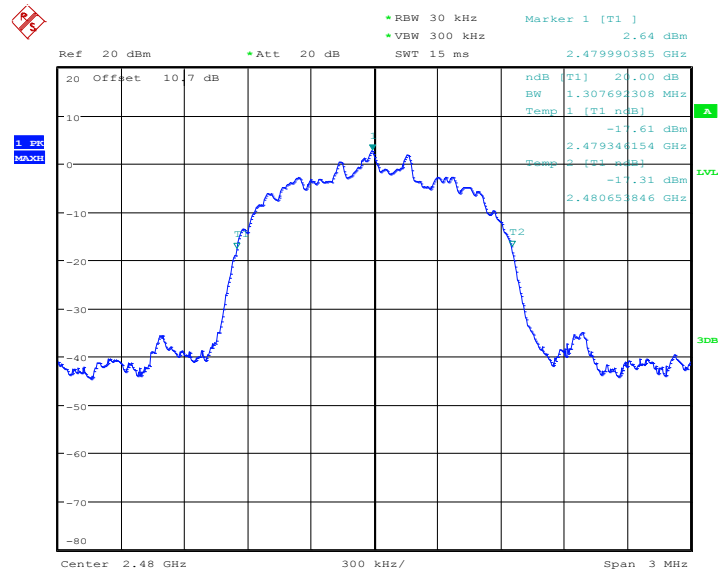


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 9.JUL.2013 17:09:00

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



Date: 9.JUL.2013 17:12:05

## 3.5 Peak Output Power Measurement

### 3.5.1 Limit of Peak Output Power

Section 15.247 (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: (1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts. The power limit for 1Mbps is 1watt, and for 2Mbps, 3Mbps and AFH are 0.125 watts.

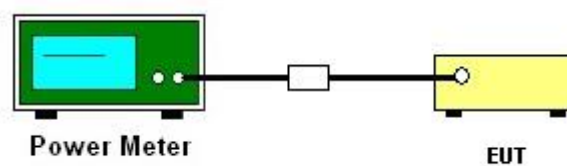
### 3.5.2 Measuring Instruments

See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

### 3.5.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the power meter by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Measure the conducted output power with cable loss and record the results in the test report.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.5.4 Test Setup







3.5.5 Test Result of Peak Output Power

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		GFSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		1 Mbps		
00	2402	7.47	20.97	Pass
39	2441	7.42	20.97	Pass
78	2480	7.16	20.97	Pass

Note: For AFH mode using 20 hopping channels, the maximum output power limit is 20.97dBm.

Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		2 Mbps		
00	2402	8.22	20.97	Pass
39	2441	8.28	20.97	Pass
78	2480	8.06	20.97	Pass

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		8-DPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		3 Mbps		
00	2402	8.58	20.97	Pass
39	2441	8.69	20.97	Pass
78	2480	8.51	20.97	Pass

## 3.6 Conducted Band Edges Measurement

### 3.6.1 Limit of Band Edges

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

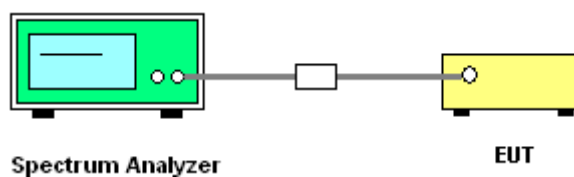
### 3.6.2 Measuring Instruments

See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

### 3.6.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Set RBW = 300kHz ( $\geq 1\%$  span=30MHz ), VBW = 300kHz ( $\geq$  RBW). Band edge emissions must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 300kHz RBW. The attenuation shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB when RMS conducted output power procedure is used.
4. Enable hopping function of the EUT and then repeat step 2. and 3.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.6.4 Test Setup

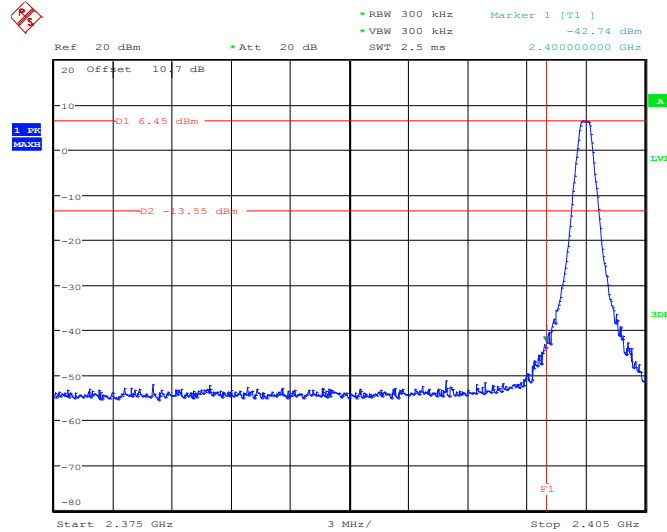




3.6.6 Test Result of Conducted Band Edges

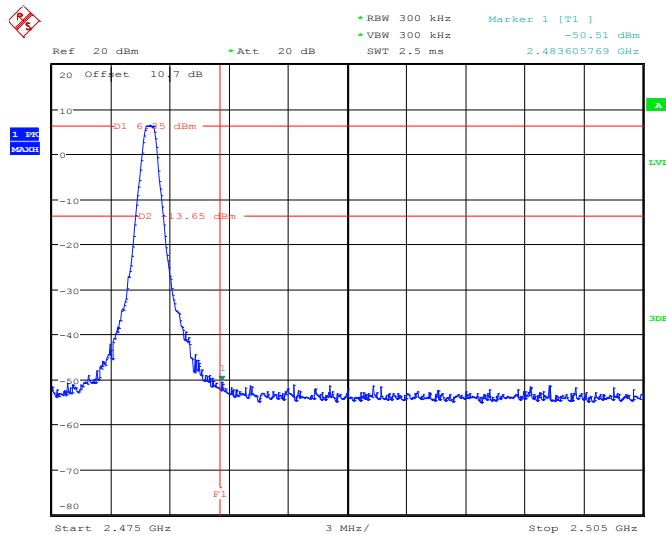
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Alex Lee

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 9.JUL.2013 16:13:42

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

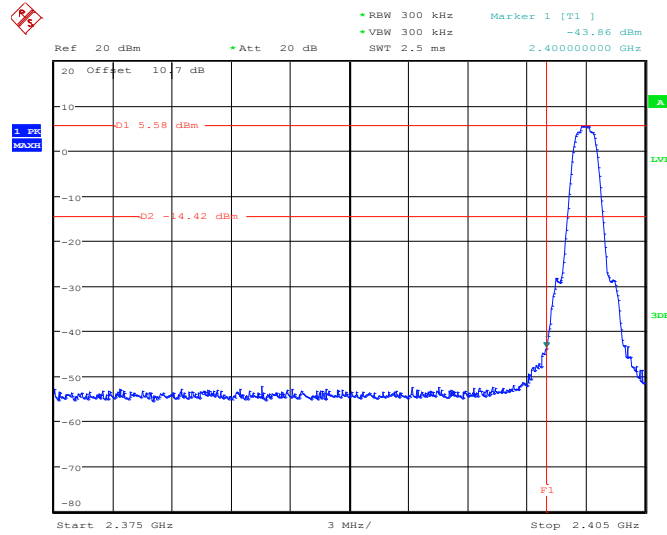


Date: 9.JUL.2013 16:23:54



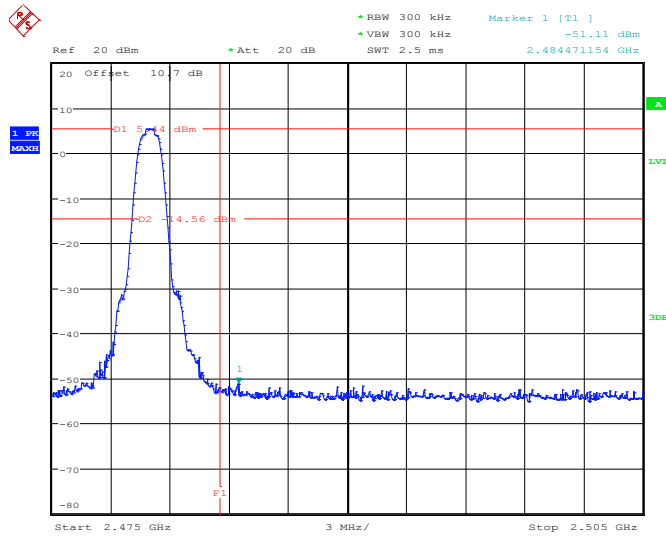
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Alex Lee

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 9.JUL.2013 16:42:13

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

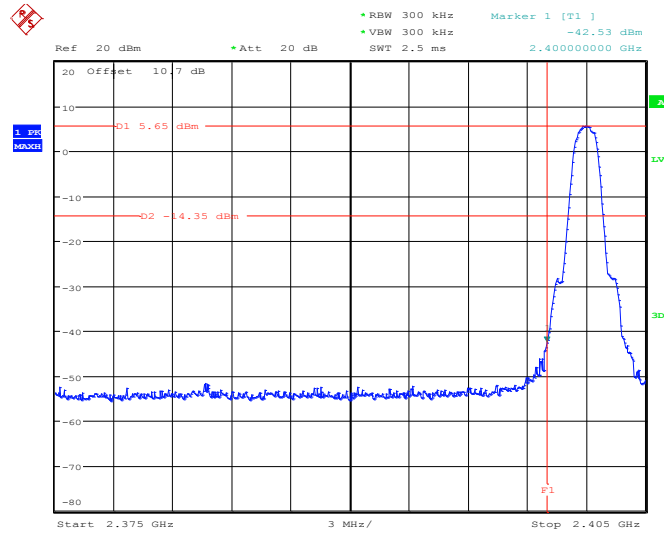


Date: 9.JUL.2013 16:53:14



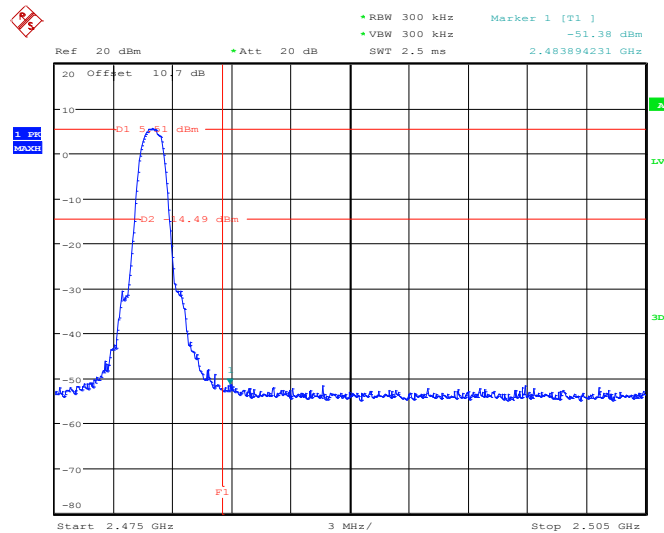
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Alex Lee

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 9,JUL,2013 17:06:07

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78



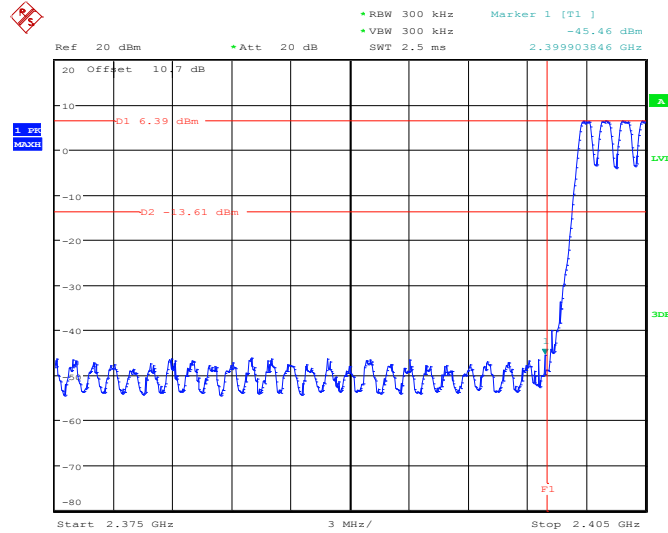
Date: 9,JUL,2013 17:13:35



### 3.6.7 Test Result of Conducted Hopping Mode Band Edges

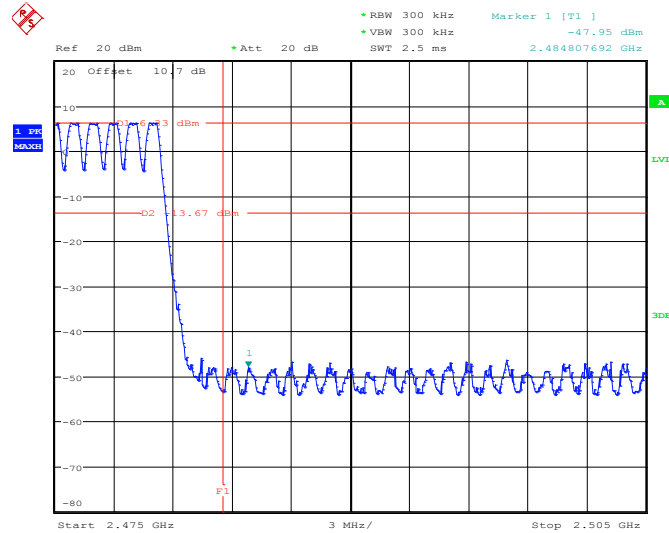
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

#### 1Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 9.JUL.2013 16:12:49

#### 1Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

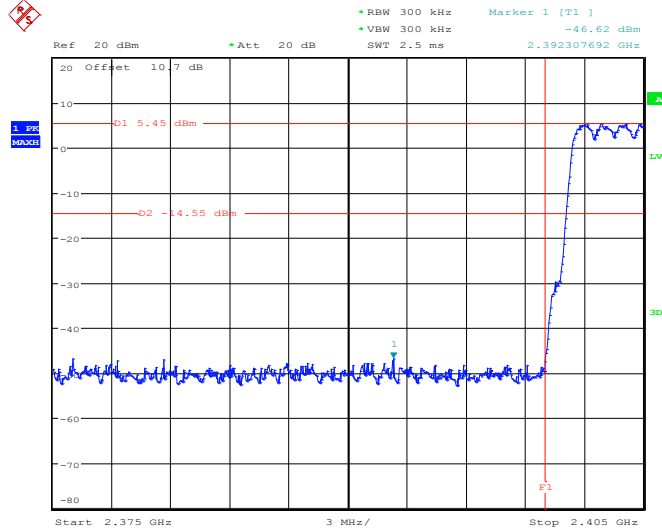


Date: 9.JUL.2013 16:23:36



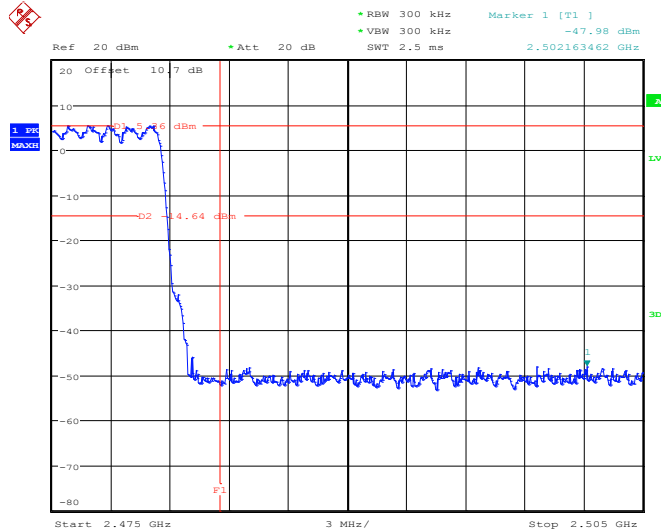
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

2Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 9,JUL,2013 16:41:14

2Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

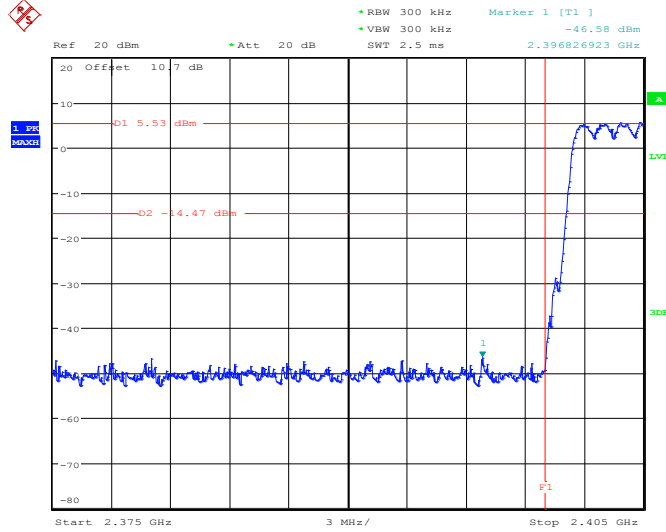


Date: 9,JUL,2013 16:52:45



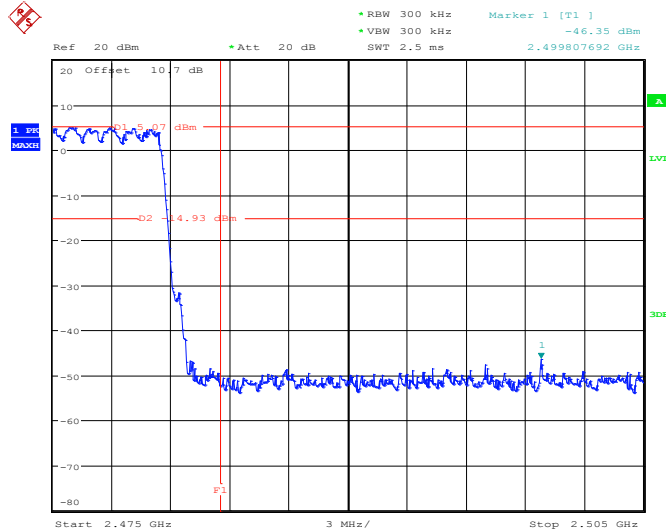
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Alex Lee	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

### 3Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 9, JUL, 2013 17:05:23

### 3Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot



Date: 9, JUL, 2013 17:12:59



## 3.7 Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

### 3.7.1 Limit of Spurious Emission Measurement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

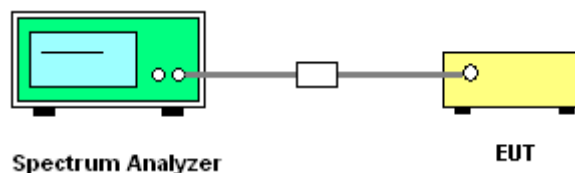
### 3.7.2 Measuring Instruments

See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

### 3.7.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious RF Conducted Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300kHz, scan up through 10th harmonic. All harmonics / spurs must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

### 3.7.4 Test Setup

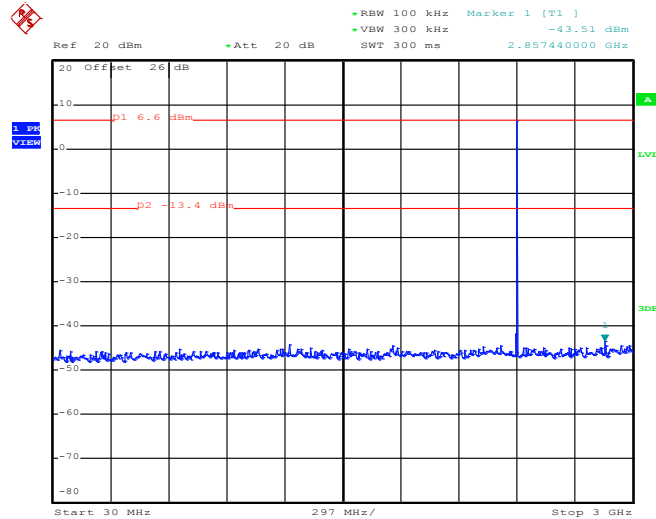




### 3.7.5 Test Result of Conducted Spurious Emission

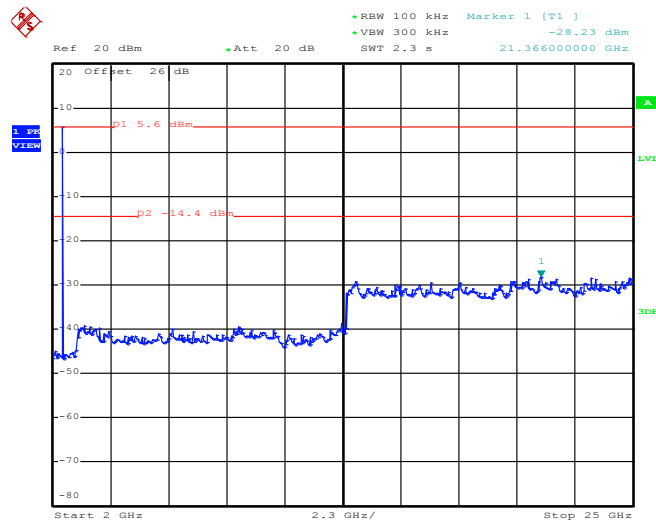
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Alex Lee

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:44:26

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

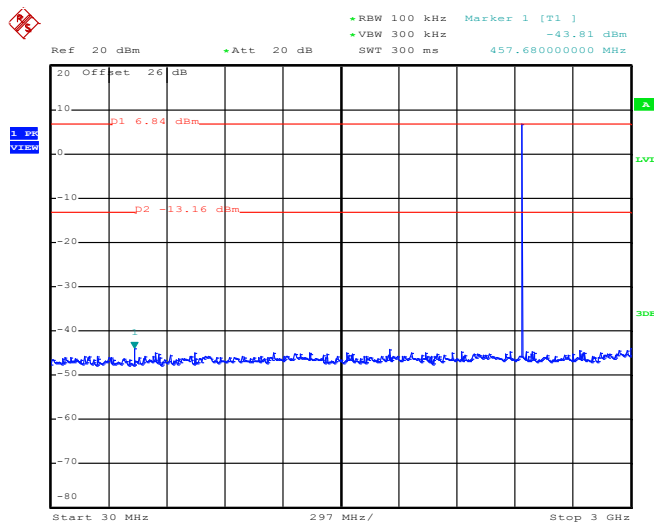


Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:44:48



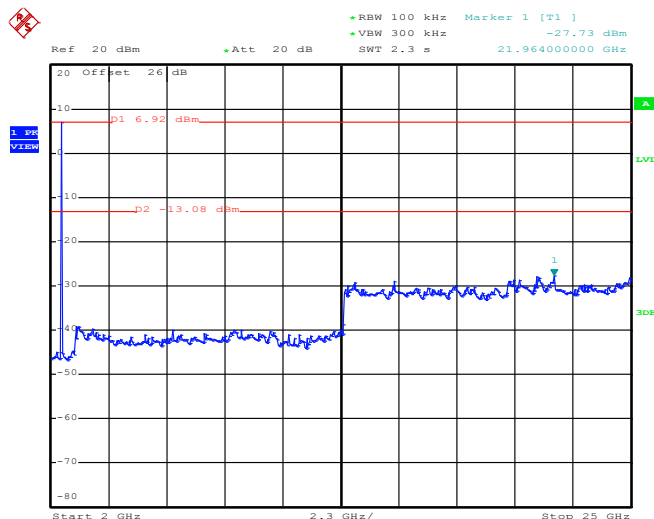
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Alex Lee

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:45:26

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

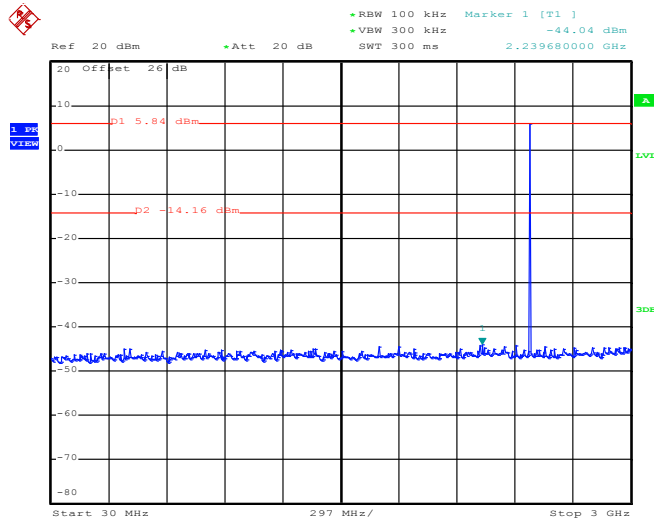


Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:45:48



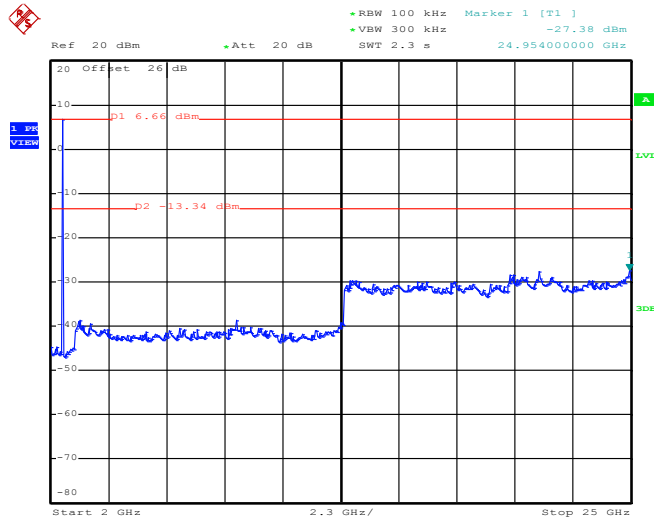
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Alex Lee

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:46:24

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

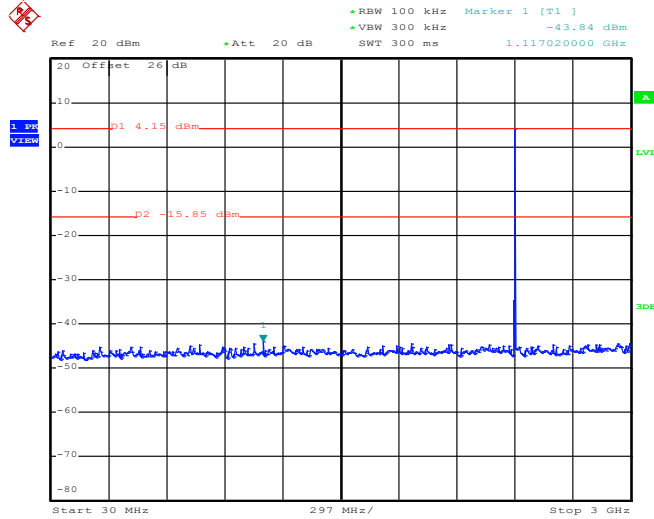


Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:46:46



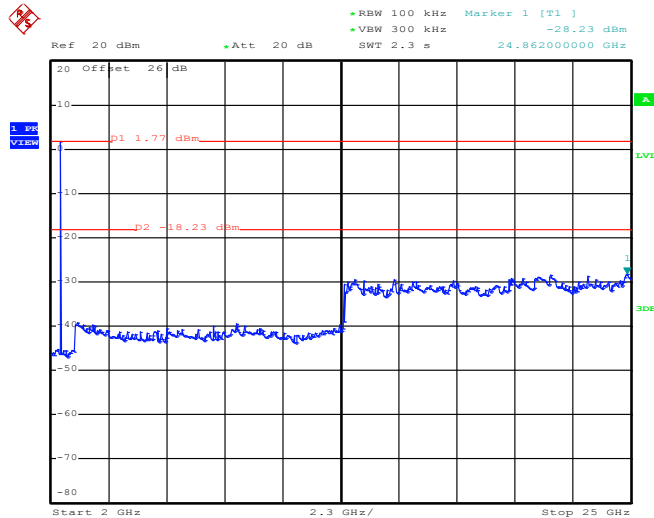
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Alex Lee

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:48:56

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

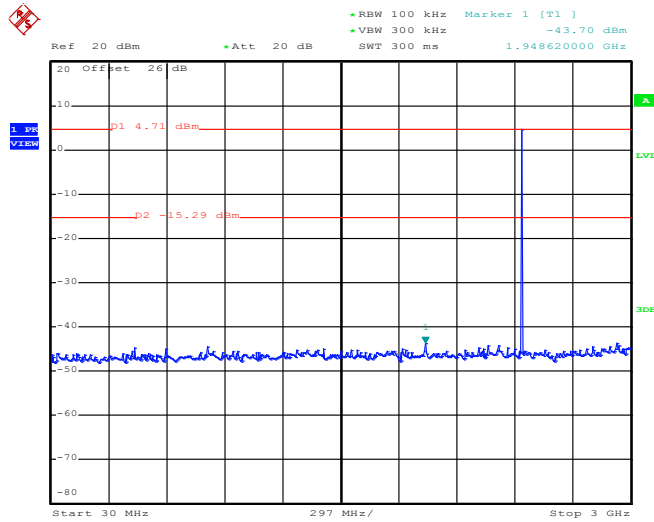


Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:49:18



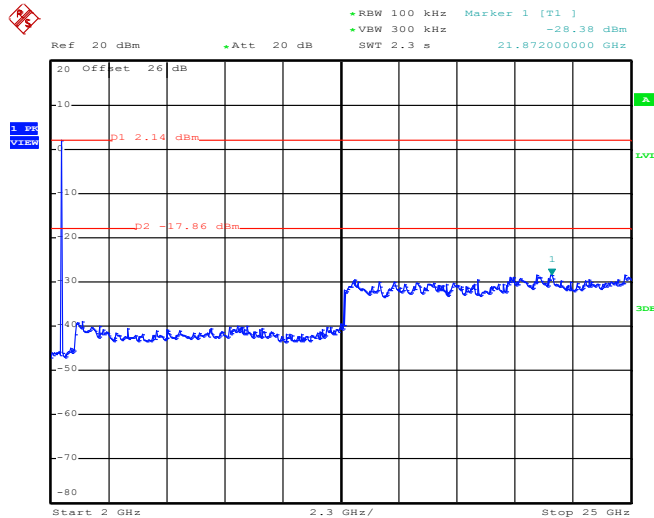
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Alex Lee

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:48:06

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

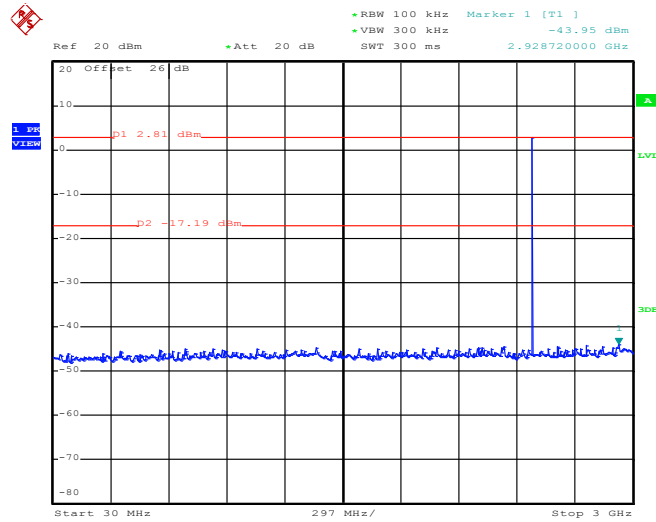


Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:48:27



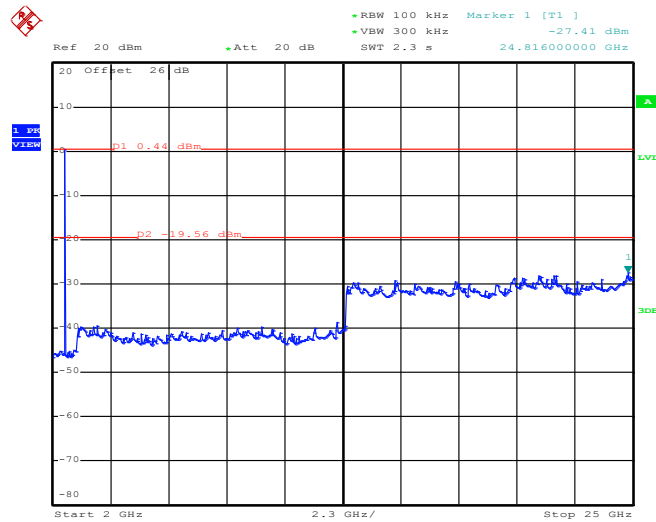
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Alex Lee

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:47:17

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

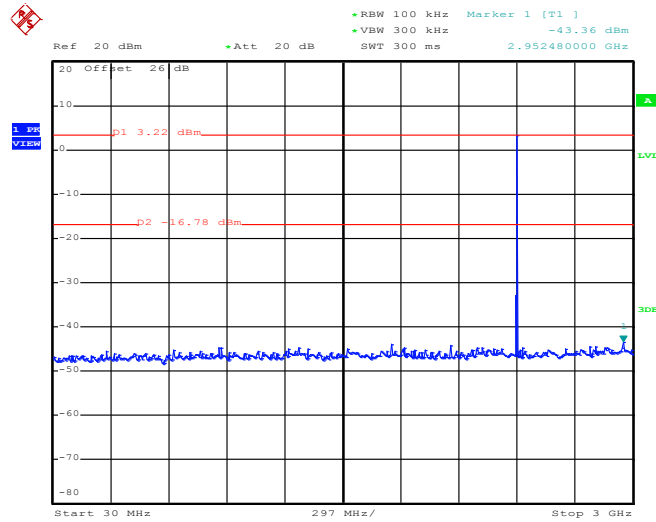


Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:47:38



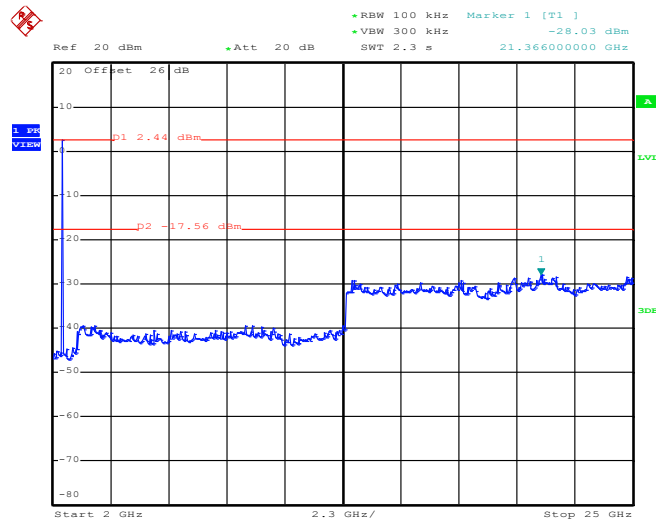
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Alex Lee

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:49:45

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



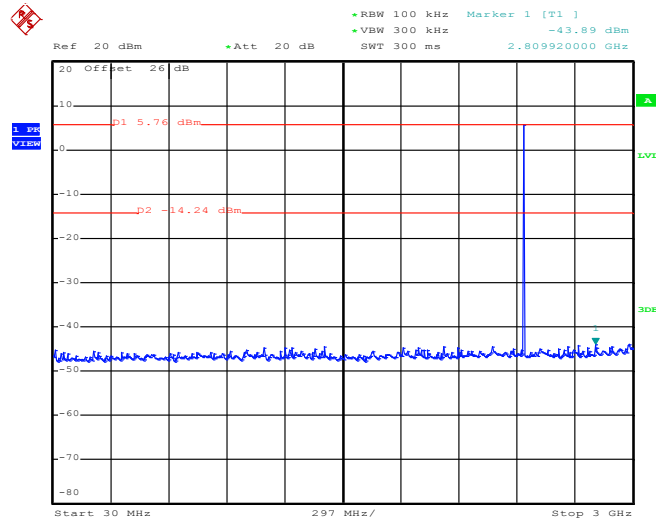
Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:50:07





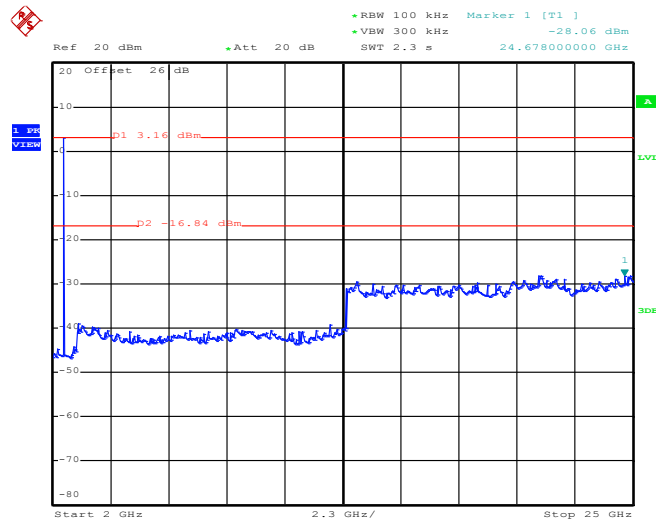
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Alex Lee

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:50:33

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

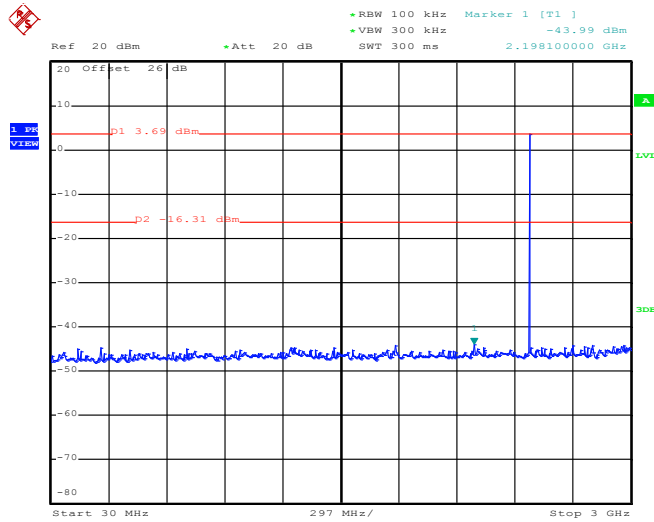


Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:50:55



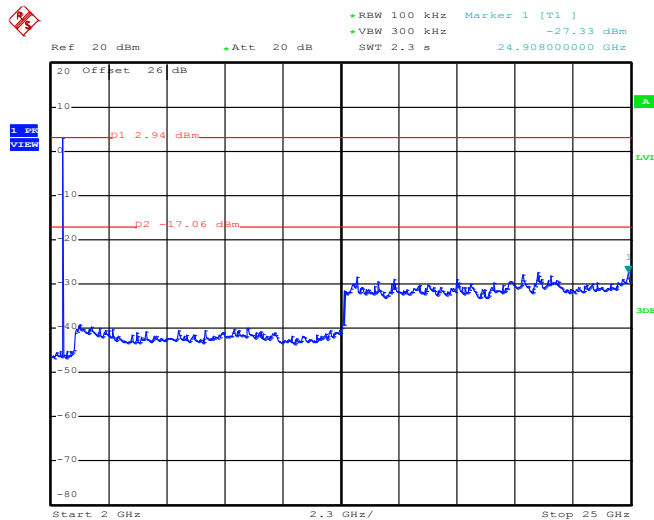
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Alex Lee

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:51:24

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date: 11.JUL.2013 09:51:45

## 3.8 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

### 3.8.1 Limit of Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the FCC section 15.209 limits as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

### 3.8.2 Measuring Instruments

See list of measuring instruments of this test report.



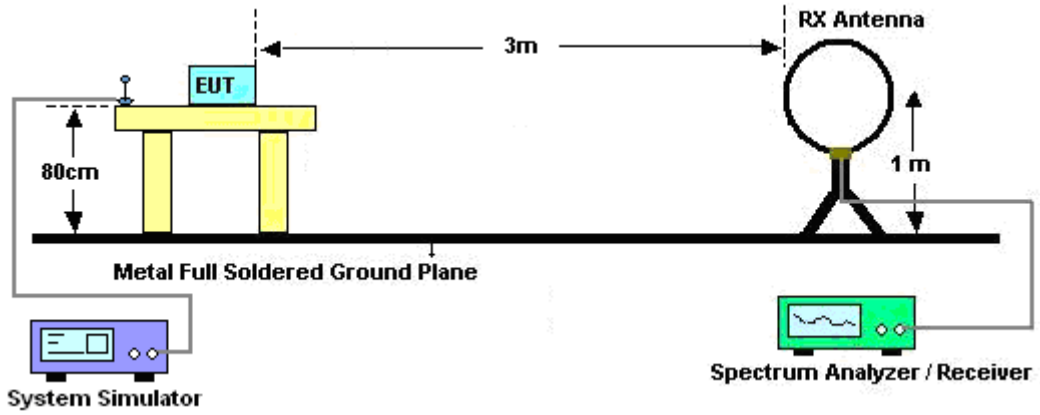
### 3.8.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious Radiated Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines and the guidelines in ANSI C63.10-2009.
2. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter above ground.
3. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the Antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level to comply with the guidelines.
5. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
6. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
  - (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz, RBW=1MHz for  $f > 1$ GHz ; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold for peak
  - (3) For average measurement: use duty cycle correction factor method per 15.35(c).  
Duty cycle = On time/100 milliseconds  
On time =  $N_1 * L_1 + N_2 * L_2 + \dots + N_{n-1} * L_{n-1} + N_n * L_n$   
Where  $N_1$  is number of type 1 pulses,  $L_1$  is length of type 1 pulses, etc.  
Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level +  $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle})$
7. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level

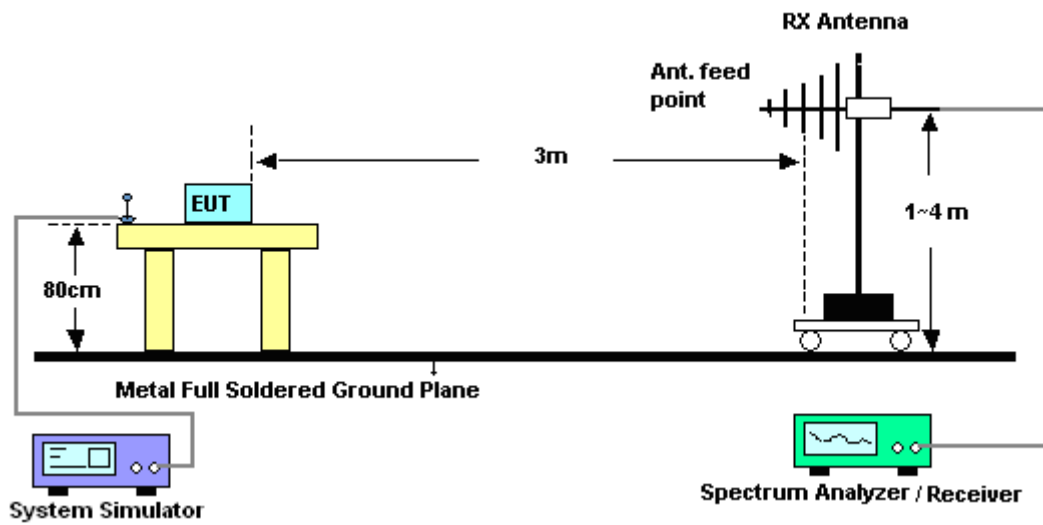
Note: The average levels were calculated from the peak level corrected with duty cycle correction factor (24.78dB) derived from  $20 \log(\text{dwell time}/100\text{ms})$ .

### 3.8.4 Test Setup

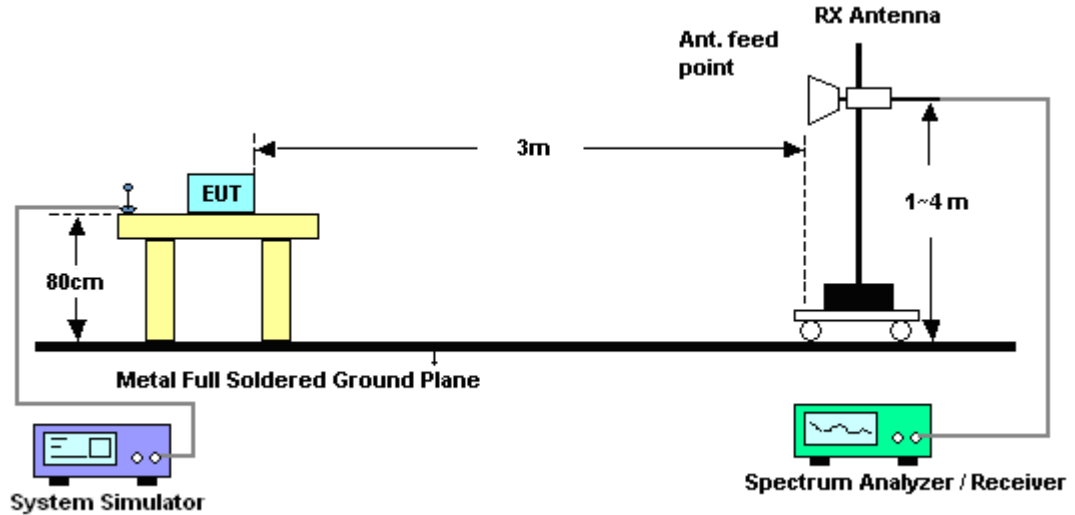
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz



For radiated emissions above 1GHz

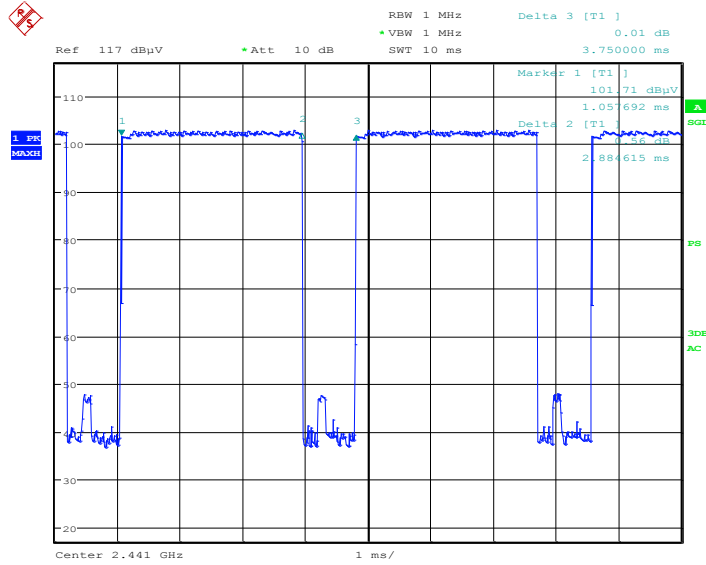


### 3.8.5 Test Results of Radiated Spurious Emissions (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

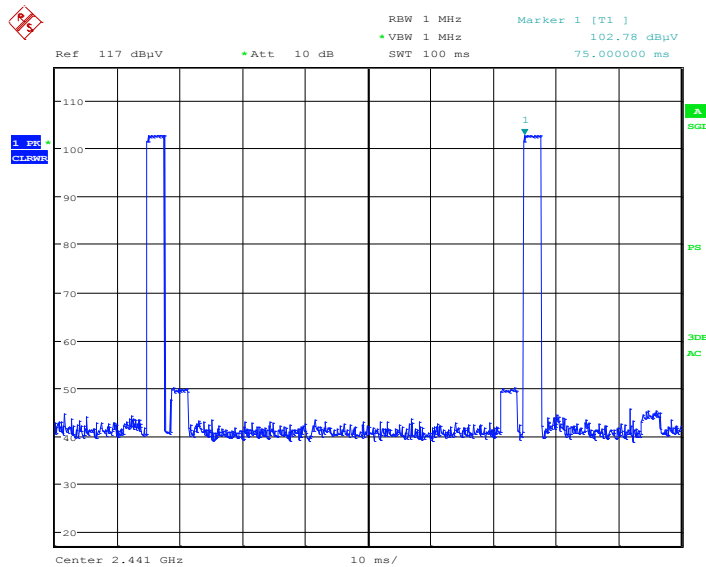
### 3.8.6 Duty cycle correction factor for average measurement

3DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39



Date: 16.JUL.2013 11:32:02

3DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



Date: 16.JUL.2013 11:29:06

**Note:**

1. Worst case Duty cycle = on time/100 milliseconds =  $2 * 2.88 / 100 = 5.77 \%$
2. Worst case Duty cycle correction factor =  $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = -24.78 \text{ dB}$
3. 3DH5 has the highest duty cycle worst case and is reported.



**Duty Cycle Correction Factor Consideration for AFH mode:**

Bluetooth normal hopping rate is 1600Hz and reduced to 800Hz in AFH mode; due to the reduced number of hopping frequencies, with the same packet configuration the dwell time in each channel frequency within 100msec period is longer in AFH mode than normal mode.

In AFH mode, the minimum hopping frequencies are 20, to get the longest dwell time DH5 packet is observed; the period to have DH5 packet completing one hopping sequence is

$$2.88 \text{ ms} \times 20 \text{ channels} = 57.7 \text{ ms}$$

There cannot be 2 complete hopping sequences within 100ms period, considering the random hopping behavior, maximum 2 hops can be possibly observed within the period.  $[100\text{ms} / 57.6\text{ms}] = 2$  hops

Thus, the maximum possible ON time:

$$2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.77 \text{ ms}$$

Worst case Duty Cycle Correction factor, which is derived from the maximum possible ON time,

$$20 \times \log(5.77 \text{ ms}/100\text{ms}) = -24.78 \text{ dB}$$





3.8.7 Test Result of Radiated Spurious at Band Edges

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	23~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	44~46%
		Test Engineer :	Hayden Wu and David Yang

ANTENNA POLARITY : HORIZONTAL										
Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level ( dBμV )	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2338.35	50.62	-23.38	74	46.31	32.28	6.38	34.35	200	275	Peak
2338.35	25.84	-28.16	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average

ANTENNA POLARITY : VERTICAL										
Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level ( dBμV )	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2361.03	48.64	-25.36	74	44.25	32.31	6.42	34.34	200	303	Peak
2361.03	23.86	-30.14	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	23~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	44~46%
		Test Engineer :	Hayden Wu and David Yang

ANTENNA POLARITY : HORIZONTAL										
Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level ( dBμV )	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2483.5	63.58	-10.42	74	58.81	32.48	6.59	34.3	103	278	Peak
2483.5	38.80	-15.20	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average

ANTENNA POLARITY : VERTICAL										
Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level ( dBμV )	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2483.5	60.09	-13.91	74	55.32	32.48	6.59	34.3	200	306	Peak
2483.5	35.31	-18.69	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average

**3.8.8 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission (30MHz ~ 10<sup>th</sup> Harmonic)**

**Note:** Pre-scanned all test modes and only choose the worst case mode recorded in the test report for radiated spurious emission below 1GHz.

<b>Test Mode :</b>	3Mbps	<b>Temperature :</b>	23~25°C
<b>Test Channel :</b>	00	<b>Relative Humidity :</b>	44~46%
<b>Test Engineer :</b>	Hayden Wu and David Yang	<b>Polarization :</b>	Horizontal
<b>Remark :</b>	1. 2402 MHz is fundamental signal which can be ignored. 2. 7206 MHz is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level. For example, 107.79 dBµV/m - 20dB = 87.79 dBµV/m.		

Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBµV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBµV/m )	Read Level ( dBµV )	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2402	107.79	-	-	103.31	32.36	6.45	34.33	200	275	Peak
2402	83.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average
4804	49.24	-24.76	74	59.76	34.88	10.16	55.56	100	0	Peak
4804	24.46	-29.54	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average
7206	49.19	-38.6	87.79	58.55	36.16	10.97	56.49	100	0	Peak

**Note:** Other harmonics are lower than background noise.

<b>Test Mode :</b>	3Mbps	<b>Temperature :</b>	23~25°C
<b>Test Channel :</b>	00	<b>Relative Humidity :</b>	44~46%
<b>Test Engineer :</b>	Hayden Wu and David Yang	<b>Polarization :</b>	Vertical
<b>Remark :</b>	1. 2402 MHz is fundamental signal which can be ignored. 2. 7206 MHz is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20dB below the highest emission level.		

Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBµV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBµV/m )	Read Level ( dBµV )	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2402	101.45	-	-	96.97	32.36	6.45	34.33	200	303	Peak
2402	76.67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average
4804	48.17	-25.83	74	58.69	34.88	10.16	55.56	100	0	Peak
4804	23.39	-30.61	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average
7206	49.24	-32.21	81.45	58.6	36.16	10.97	56.49	100	0	Peak

**Note:** Other harmonics are lower than background noise.



<b>Test Mode :</b>	3Mbps	<b>Temperature :</b>	23~25°C
<b>Test Channel :</b>	39	<b>Relative Humidity :</b>	44~46%
<b>Test Engineer :</b>	Hayden Wu and David Yang	<b>Polarization :</b>	Horizontal
<b>Remark :</b>	2442 MHz is fundamental signal which can be ignored.		

Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level ( dBμV )	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2442	107.7	-	-	103.06	32.43	6.52	34.31	200	277	Peak
2442	82.92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average
4882	48.03	-25.97	74	58.67	34.85	10.19	55.68	100	0	Peak
4882	23.25	-30.75	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average
7323	48.8	-25.2	74	57.97	36.13	10.94	56.24	100	0	Peak
7323	24.02	-29.98	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average

**Note:** Other harmonics are lower than background noise.

<b>Test Mode :</b>	3Mbps	<b>Temperature :</b>	23~25°C
<b>Test Channel :</b>	39	<b>Relative Humidity :</b>	44~46%
<b>Test Engineer :</b>	Hayden Wu and David Yang	<b>Polarization :</b>	Vertical
<b>Remark :</b>	2442 MHz is fundamental signal which can be ignored.		

Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level ( dBμV )	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2442	100.94	-	-	96.3	32.43	6.52	34.31	200	293	Peak
2442	76.16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average
4882	47.94	-26.06	74	58.58	34.85	10.19	55.68	100	0	Peak
4882	23.16	-30.84	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average
7323	48.85	-25.15	74	58.02	36.13	10.94	56.24	100	0	Peak
7323	24.07	-29.93	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average

**Note:** Other harmonics are lower than background noise.



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	23~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	44~46%
Test Engineer :	Hayden Wu and David Yang	Polarization :	Horizontal
Remark :	2480 MHz is fundamental signal which can be ignored.		

Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
30	19.3	-20.7	40	31.56	18.9	0.64	31.8	-	-	Peak
121.26	24.51	-18.99	43.5	42.67	12.36	1.23	31.75	121	154	Peak
213.6	24.13	-19.37	43.5	45.19	9.1	1.59	31.75	-	-	Peak
552	20.12	-25.88	46	30.49	19.08	2.55	32	-	-	Peak
751.5	22.08	-23.92	46	31.23	19.78	3.05	31.98	-	-	Peak
900.6	25.91	-20.09	46	33.46	20.6	3.37	31.52	-	-	Peak
2480	106.4	-	-	101.63	32.48	6.59	34.3	103	278	Peak
2480	81.62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average
4960	47.53	-26.47	74	58.35	34.81	10.21	55.84	100	0	Peak
4960	22.75	-31.25	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average
7440	49.12	-24.88	74	58.11	36.11	10.9	56	100	0	Peak
7440	24.34	-29.66	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average

**Note:** Other harmonics are lower than background noise.



<b>Test Mode :</b>	3Mbps	<b>Temperature :</b>	23~25°C
<b>Test Channel :</b>	78	<b>Relative Humidity :</b>	44~46%
<b>Test Engineer :</b>	Hayden Wu and David Yang	<b>Polarization :</b>	Vertical
<b>Remark :</b>	2480 MHz is fundamental signal which can be ignored.		

Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
30	36.09	-3.91	40	48.35	18.9	0.64	31.8	100	320	Peak
45.66	30.11	-9.89	40	50.84	10.28	0.77	31.78	-	-	Peak
101.55	24.07	-19.43	43.5	43.43	11.28	1.11	31.75	-	-	Peak
488.3	17.92	-28.08	46	29.91	17.56	2.37	31.92	-	-	Peak
742.4	20.81	-25.19	46	30.14	19.64	3.02	31.99	-	-	Peak
900.6	26.27	-19.73	46	33.82	20.6	3.37	31.52	-	-	Peak
2480	102.5	-	-	97.73	32.48	6.59	34.3	200	306	Peak
2480	77.72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average
4960	47.73	-26.27	74	58.55	34.81	10.21	55.84	100	0	Peak
4960	22.95	-31.05	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average
7440	48.74	-25.26	74	57.73	36.11	10.9	56	100	0	Peak
7440	23.96	-30.04	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	Average

**Note:** Other harmonics are lower than background noise.

### 3.9 AC Conducted Emission Measurement

#### 3.9.1 Limit of AC Conducted Emission

For equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBµV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

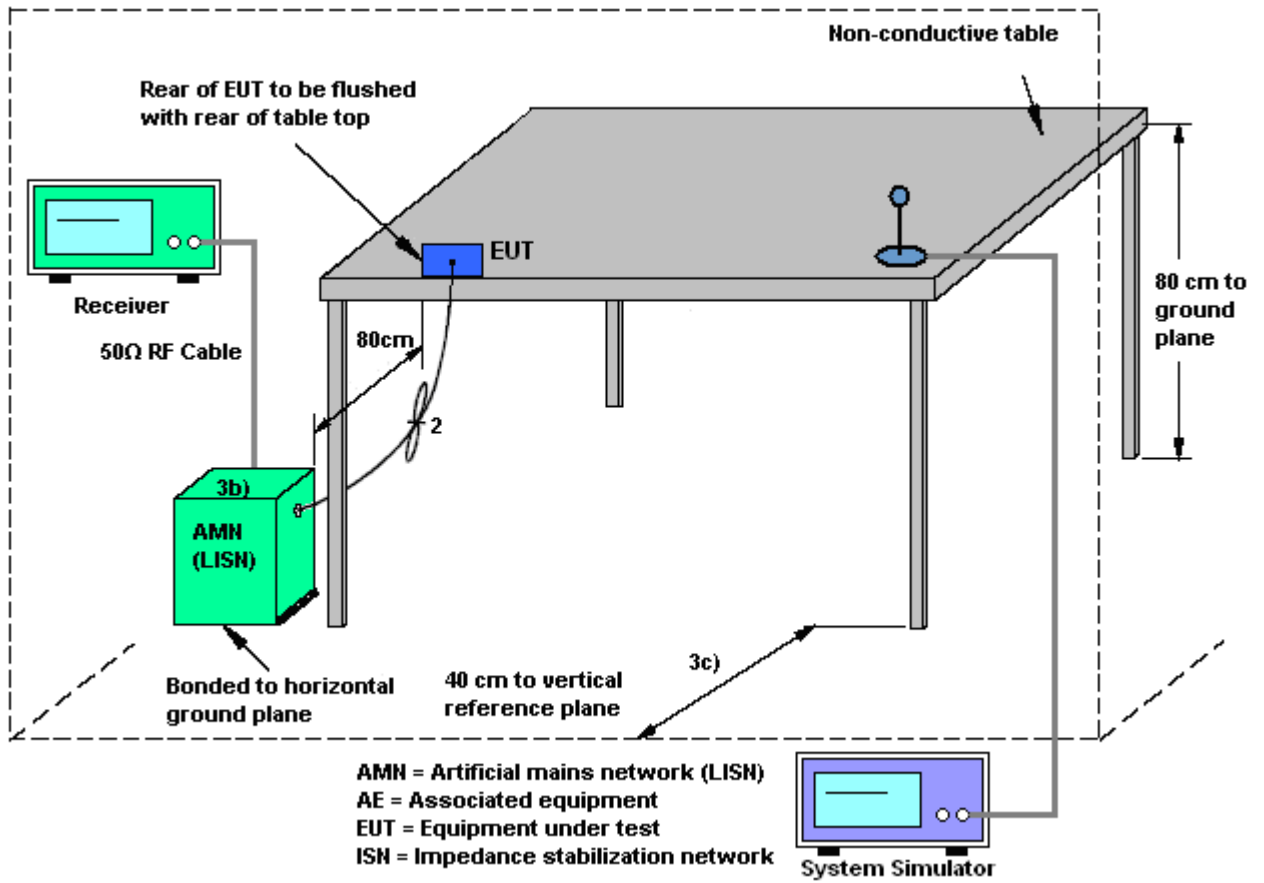
#### 3.9.2 Measuring Instruments

See list of measuring instruments of this test report.

#### 3.9.3 Test Procedures

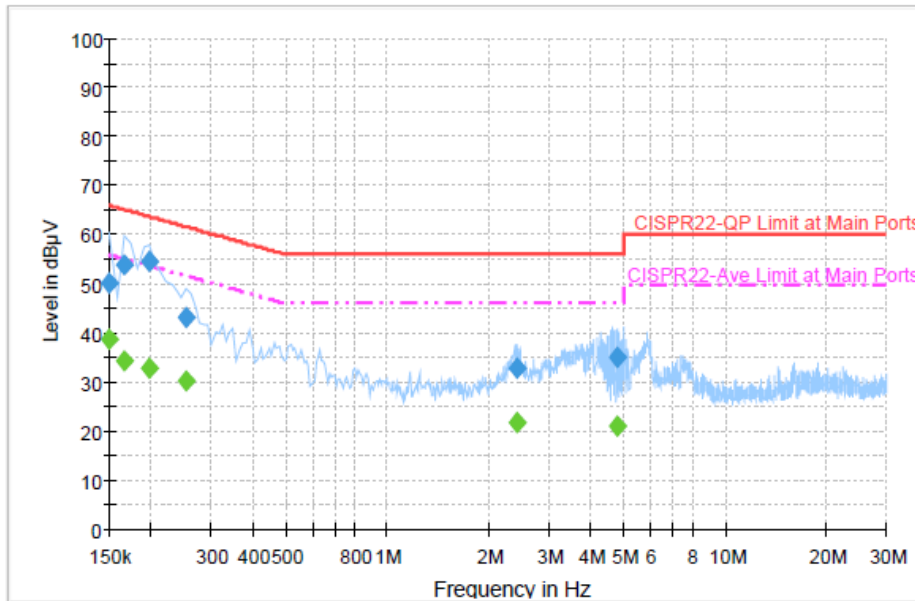
1. The test follows the guidelines in ANSI C63.10-2009 test site requirement.
2. The EUT was placed 0.4 meter from the conducting wall of the shielding room was kept at least 80 centimeters from any other grounded conducting surface.
3. Connect EUT to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
4. All the support units are connecting to the other LISN.
5. The LISN provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
6. The FCC states that a 50 ohm, 50 microhenry LISN should be used.
7. Both sides of AC line were checked for maximum conducted interference.
8. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched.
9. Set the test-receiver system to Peak Detect Function and specified bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

### 3.9.4 Test Setup



3.9.5 Test Result of AC Conducted Emission

Test Mode :	Mode 2	Temperature :	20~22°C
Test Engineer :	Slash Huang	Relative Humidity :	45~47%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Line
Function Type :	GSM850 Idle + Bluetooth Link + WLAN Link + MPEG4 + Earphone 1 + Battery 1 + USB Cable 1 (Data Link with Notebook) for Sample 2		



Final Result : Quasi-Peak

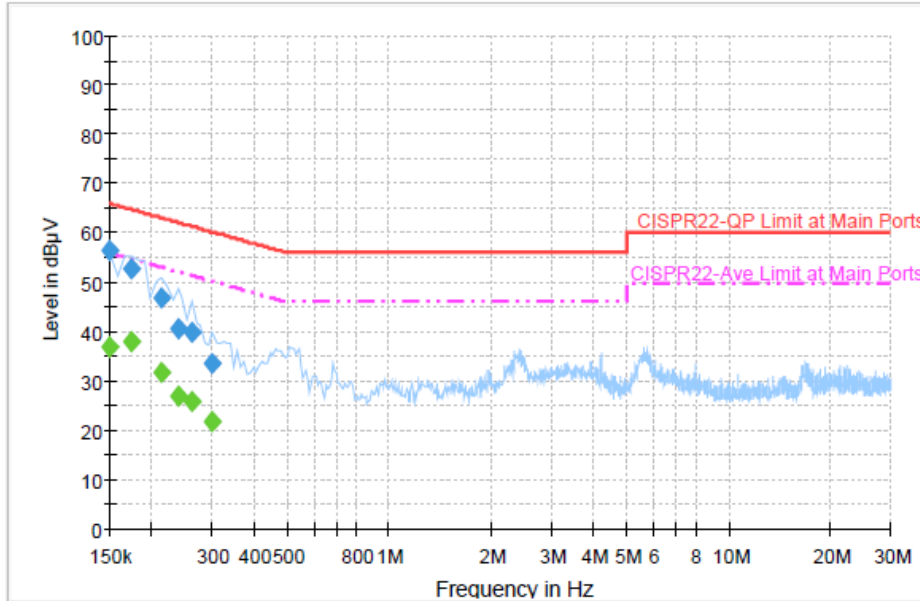
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBµV)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	50.3	Off	L1	19.4	15.7	66.0
0.166000	53.7	Off	L1	19.4	11.5	65.2
0.198000	54.8	Off	L1	19.3	8.9	63.7
0.254000	43.4	Off	L1	19.5	18.2	61.6
2.414000	32.9	Off	L1	19.6	23.1	56.0
4.806000	34.9	Off	L1	19.6	21.1	56.0

Final Result : Average

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBµV)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	38.8	Off	L1	19.4	17.2	56.0
0.166000	34.5	Off	L1	19.4	20.7	55.2
0.198000	33.0	Off	L1	19.3	20.7	53.7
0.254000	30.1	Off	L1	19.5	21.5	51.6
2.414000	21.7	Off	L1	19.6	24.3	46.0
4.806000	21.0	Off	L1	19.6	25.0	46.0



Test Mode :	Mode 2	Temperature :	20~22°C
Test Engineer :	Slash Huang	Relative Humidity :	45~47%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Neutral
Function Type :	GSM850 Idle + Bluetooth Link + WLAN Link + MPEG4 + Earphone 1 + Battery 1 + USB Cable 1 (Data Link with Notebook) for Sample 2		



**Final Result : Quasi-Peak**

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBµV)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	56.3	Off	N	19.4	9.7	66.0
0.174000	52.9	Off	N	19.4	11.9	64.8
0.214000	47.0	Off	N	19.4	16.0	63.0
0.238000	40.6	Off	N	19.5	21.6	62.2
0.262000	39.7	Off	N	19.4	21.7	61.4
0.302000	33.7	Off	N	19.4	26.5	60.2

**Final Result : Average**

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBµV)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	37.1	Off	N	19.4	18.9	56.0
0.174000	38.0	Off	N	19.4	16.8	54.8
0.214000	31.6	Off	N	19.4	21.4	53.0
0.238000	27.0	Off	N	19.5	25.2	52.2
0.262000	25.7	Off	N	19.4	25.7	51.4
0.302000	21.7	Off	N	19.4	28.5	50.2



## **3.10 Antenna Requirements**

### **3.10.1 Standard Applicable**

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

### **3.10.2 Antenna Connected Construction**

Non-standard connector used.

### **3.10.3 Antenna Gain**

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



## **3.11 Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems**

### **3.11.1 Standard Applicable for FHSS**

15.247

(a)(1) The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

### **3.11.2 Bluetooth Compliance**

For Bluetooth operating for frequency hopping systems, the device complies with the Bluetooth specifications to ensure compliance with 15.247 (a) (1), (g) and (h) with respect to the pseudo random hopping sequence, receiver bandwidth, receiver hopping synchronously with the transmitter, and equal use of all channels.



## 4 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	100055	9kHz~40GHz	Jun. 07, 2013	Jul. 05, 2013 ~ Jul. 12, 2013	Jun. 06, 2014	Conducted (TH02-HY)
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB4129234 4	300MHz~40GHz	Feb. 05, 2013	Jul. 05, 2013 ~ Jul. 12, 2013	Feb. 04, 2014	Conducted (TH02-HY)
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441548	300MHz~40GHz	Feb. 05, 2013	Jul. 05, 2013 ~ Jul. 12, 2013	Feb. 04, 2014	Conducted (TH02-HY)
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCS 30	100356	9kHz ~ 2.75GHz	Nov. 13, 2012	Jul. 19, 2013	Nov. 12, 2013	Conduction (CO05-HY)
Two-LISN (for auxiliary equipment)	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	100081	9kHz ~ 30MHz	Dec. 12, 2012	Jul. 19, 2013	Dec. 11, 2013	Conduction (CO05-HY)
Two-LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	100080	9kHz ~ 30MHz	Dec. 06, 2012	Jul. 19, 2013	Dec. 05, 2013	Conduction (CO05-HY)
AC Power Source	APC	APC-1000W	N/A	N/A	N/A	Jul. 19, 2013	N/A	Conduction (CO05-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP30	101352	9kHz~30GHz	Nov. 07, 2012	Jul. 16, 2013	Nov. 06, 2013	Radiation (03CH06-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4408B	MY4421103 0	9kHz ~ 26.5GHz	Nov. 26, 2012	Jul. 16, 2013	Nov. 25, 2013	Radiation (03CH06-HY)
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVS10	834468/0003	20MHz ~ 1000MHz	May 06, 2013	Jul. 16, 2013	May 05, 2014	Radiation (03CH06-HY)
Loop Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	860004/0001	9 kHz~30 MhZ	Jul. 03, 2012	Jul. 16, 2013	Jul. 03, 2014	Radiation (03CH06-HY)
Bilog Antenna	SCHAFFNER	CBL6112B	2885	30MHz ~ 2GHz	Oct. 06, 2012	Jul. 16, 2013	Oct. 05, 2013	Radiation (03CH06-HY)
Double Ridge Horn Antenna	EMCO	3117	00066583	1GHz ~ 18GHz	Aug. 01, 2012	Jul. 16, 2013	Jul. 31, 2013	Radiation (03CH06-HY)
Amplifier	Agilent	310N	186713	9kHz ~ 1GHz	Apr. 12, 2013	Jul. 16, 2013	Apr. 11, 2014	Radiation (03CH06-HY)
Pre Amplifier	EMCI	EMC051845	SN980048	1GHz ~ 18GHz	Jul. 21, 2012	Jul. 16, 2013	Jul. 20, 2013	Radiation (03CH06-HY)
SHF-EHF Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	BBHA91702 51	15GHz ~ 40GHz	Sep. 28, 2012	Jul. 16, 2013	Sep. 27, 2013	Radiation (03CH06-HY)
Preamplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01917	1GHz ~ 26.5GHz	Apr. 12, 2013	Jul. 16, 2013	Apr. 11, 2014	Radiation (03CH06-HY)
Turn Table	INN-CO	DS2000	420/650/00	0 - 360 degree	N/A	Jul. 16, 2013	N/A	Radiation (03CH06-HY)
Antenna Mast	MF	MF-7802	MF7802082 12	1 m ~ 4 m	N/A	Jul. 16, 2013	N/A	Radiation (03CH06-HY)



## 5 Uncertainty of Evaluation

### Uncertainty of Conducted Emission Measurement (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	2.26
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	2.54
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### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (1 GHz ~ 40 GHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	4.72
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