

## FCC TEST REPORT

Test report No.: EMC- FCC- R0162  
FCC ID: NLMSNHE6440BN  
Type of equipment: Home Smart Camera  
Model Name: SNH-E6440BN  
Applicant: Samsung Techwin Co., Ltd.  
Max.RF Output Power: 22.88 dBm  
FCC Rule Part(s): FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247  
Frequency Range: 2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz  
2 422 MHz ~ 2 452 MHz  
Test result: Complied

The above equipment was tested by EMC compliance Testing Laboratory for compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations.

The results of testing in this report apply to the product/system which was tested only. Other similar equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of receipt: 2013. 12. 05

Date of test: 2014. 06. 13 ~ 06. 17

Issued date: 2014. 08. 26

Tested by:



KIM, SUNG SIN

Approved by:



YU, SANG HOON

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## 1. Client information

**Applicant:** Samsung Techwin Co., Ltd.  
**Address:** 84, Jeongdong-ro, Seongsan-gu, Changwon-si, Gyeongsangnam-do,  
Korea  
**Telephone number:** +82-31-277-3695  
**Facsimile number:** +82-31-277-2784  
**Contact person:** Kang, Jei Soon / js2002.kang@samsung.com

**Manufacturer:** Shen Zhen G.credit Electronics CO.LTD  
**Address:** Zhida Industrial Park, West LongPing Road, Central City,  
Long Gang District, Shenzhen, China

## 2. Laboratory information

### Address

#### **EMC compliance Ltd.**

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon- si, Gyeonggi-do, 443-390, Korea

Telephone Number: 82-31-336-9919 Facsimile Number: 82-505-299-8311

### Certificate

KOLAS No.: 231

FCC Site Registration No.: 687132

VCCI Site Registration No.: R-3327, G-198, C-3706, T-1849

IC Site Registration No.:8035A-2

### SITE MAP



### **EMC compliance Ltd.**

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon- si, Gyeonggi-do, 443-390, Korea

82-31-336-9919 (Main) 82-505-299-8311 (Fax)

### 3. Description of E.U.T.

#### 3.1 Basic description

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Applicant:              | Samsung Techwin Co., Ltd.  |
| Address of Applicant    | 84, Jeongdong-ro, Seongsan-gu, Changwon-si, Gyeongsangnam-do, Korea                          |
| Manufacturer            | Shen Zhen G.credit Electronics CO.LTD  |
| Address of Manufacturer | Zhida Industrial Park, West LongPing Road, Central City, Long Gang District, Shenzhen, China |
| Type of equipment       | Home Smart Camera  |
| Basic Model             | SNH-E6440BN  |
| Serial number           | Proto Type   |

#### 3.2 General description

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Frequency Range    | 2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz (802.11b/g/n_HT20)<br>2 422 MHz ~ 2 452 MHz (802.11n_HT40) |
| Communication      | IEEE 802.11b/g/n_HT20, HT40  |
| Type of Modulation | CCK, OFDM  |
| Number of Channels | 11 ch (802.11b/g/n_HT20), 9 ch(802.11n_HT40)                                     |
| Type of Antenna    | PCB  |
| Antenna Gain       | 4.368 dBi  |
| Transmit Power     | 22.88 dBm  |
| Power supply       | DC 9 V   |

### 3.3 Test frequency

For all test items, the low, middle and high channels of the modes were tested with above worst case data rate.

#### 802.11b/g/n\_HT20

|                  | Frequency |
|------------------|-----------|
| Low frequency    | 2 412 MHz |
| Middle frequency | 2 437 MHz |
| High frequency   | 2 462 MHz |

#### 802.11n\_HT40

|                  | Frequency |
|------------------|-----------|
| Low frequency    | 2 422 MHz |
| Middle frequency | 2 437 MHz |
| High frequency   | 2 452 MHz |

### 3.4 Test Voltage

| mode             | Voltage |
|------------------|---------|
| Norminal voltage | DC 9 V  |

## 4. Summary of test results

### 4.1 Standards & results

| FCC Rule Reference                    | IC Rule Reference                                | Parameter   | Report Section | Test Result |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|----------------|-------------|
| 15.203,<br>15.247(b)(4)               | RSS-GEN, 7.1.2                                   | Antenna Requirement                                   | 5.1            | C           |
| 15.247(b)(3)                          | RSS-210, A8.4(2)                                 | Maximum Peak Output Power                             | 5.2            | C           |
| 15.247(e)                             | -  | Peak Power Spectral Density                           | 5.3            | C           |
| 15.247(a)(2)                          | RSS-GEN,4.6.2                                    | 6 dB Channel Bandwidth                                | 5.4            | C           |
| -                                     | RSS-210, A1.1                                    | Occupied Bandwidth                                    | 5.4            | C           |
| 15.247(d),<br>15.205(a),<br>15.209(a) | RSS-210, A8.5<br>RSS-210, A2.9<br>RSS-GEN, 7.2.3 | Spurious Emission,<br>Band Edge, and Restricted bands | 5.5            | C           |
| 15.207(a)                             | RSS-GEN, 7.2.4                                   | Conducted Emissions                                   | 5.6            | C           |

Note: C = complies  
NC = Not complies  
NT = Not tested  
NA = Not Applicable

### 4.2 Uncertainty

| Measurement Item             | Expanded Uncertainty<br>$U = KUc (K = 2)$ |                      |
|------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| Conducted RF power           | ± 1.36 dB                                 |                      |
| Conducted Spurious Emissions | ± 1.52 dB                                 |                      |
| Radiated Spurious Emissions  | 30 MHz ~ 300 MHz:                         | + 4.86 dB, - 4.88 dB |
|                              | 300 MHz ~ 1 000 MHz:                      | + 4.98dB, - 4.99 dB  |
|                              | 1 GHz ~ 6 GHz:                            | + 6.19 dB, - 6.20 dB |
|                              | 6 GHz ~ 18 GHz:                           | + 6.41 dB, - 6.53 dB |
|                              | 18 GHz ~ 25 GHz:                          | + 6.41 dB, - 6.53 dB |
| Conducted Emissions          | 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz:                          | ± 3.82 dB            |
|                              | 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz:                         | ± 3.43 dB            |

## 5. Test results

### 5.1 Antenna Requirement

#### 5.1.1 Regulation

According to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### 5.1.2 Result

- Complied

The transmitter has a wire type of antenna. The directional peak gain of the antenna is 4.368 dBi.



## 5.2 Maximum Peak Output Power

### 5.2.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(b)(3), For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2 400-2 483.5 MHz, and 5 725-5 850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to §15.247(b)(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### 5.2.2 Measurement Procedure

These test measurement settings are specified in section 9.0 of 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

#### 5.2.2.1 PKPM1 Peak power meter method

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the *DTS bandwidth* and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

### 5.2.3 Test Result

- Complied

**\* 802.11b**

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Result (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|---------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Low     | 2 412           | 17.21        | 30.00       | 12.79       |
| Middle  | 2 437           | 14.84        | 30.00       | 15.16       |
| High    | 2 462           | 16.26        | 30.00       | 13.74       |

**\* 802.11g**

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Result (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|---------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Low     | 2 412           | 22.88        | 30.00       | 7.12        |
| Middle  | 2 437           | 20.67        | 30.00       | 9.33        |
| High    | 2 462           | 21.55        | 30.00       | 8.45        |

**\* 802.11n HT20**

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Result (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|---------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Low     | 2 412           | 22.80        | 30.00       | 7.20        |
| Middle  | 2 437           | 20.59        | 30.00       | 9.41        |
| High    | 2 462           | 21.44        | 30.00       | 8.56        |

**\* 802.11n HT40**

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Result (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Margin (dB) |
|---------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Low     | 2 422           | 21.42        | 30.00       | 8.58        |
| Middle  | 2 437           | 20.25        | 30.00       | 9.75        |
| High    | 2 452           | 20.48        | 30.00       | 9.52        |

**-NOTE:**

1. Since the directional gain of the integral antenna declared by the manufacturer ( $G_{ANT} = 4.368$  dBi), does not exceed 6.0 dBi, there was no need to reduce the output power.
2. We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.

## 5.3 Peak Power Spectral Density

### 5.3.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

### 5.3.2 Measurement Procedure

These test measurement settings are specified in section 10.0 of 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

#### 5.3.2.1 Method PKPSD (peak PSD)

This procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance, and is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance.

- 1) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3) Set the RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .
- 4) Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$ .
- 5) Detector = peak.
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### 5.3.3 Test Result

- Complied

**\* 802.11b**

| Channel | Result [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin [dBm] |
|---------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| Low     | 4.21         | 8.00        | 3.79         |
| Middle  | 2.99         | 8.00        | 5.01         |
| High    | 3.35         | 8.00        | 4.65         |

**\* 802.11g**

| Channel | Result [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin [dBm] |
|---------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| Low     | 1.33         | 8.00        | 6.67         |
| Middle  | 0.85         | 8.00        | 7.15         |
| High    | 1.13         | 8.00        | 6.87         |

**\* 802.11n HT20**

| Channel | Result [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin [dBm] |
|---------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| Low     | 0.43         | 8.00        | 7.57         |
| Middle  | -0.17        | 8.00        | 8.17         |
| High    | 0.02         | 8.00        | 7.98         |

**\* 802.11n HT40**

| Channel | Result [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin [dBm] |
|---------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| Low     | -3.22        | 8.00        | 11.22        |
| Middle  | -3.24        | 8.00        | 11.24        |
| High    | -3.23        | 8.00        | 11.23        |

**-NOTE:**

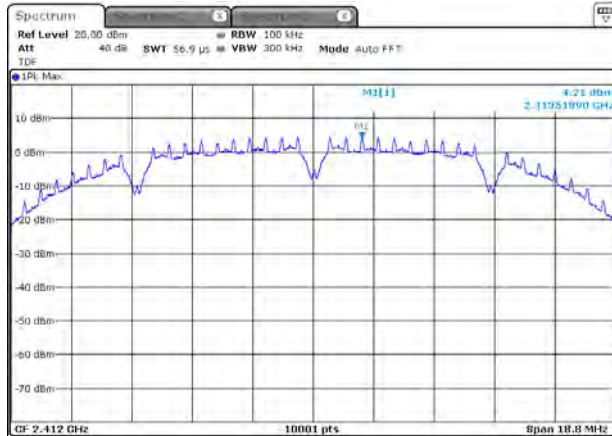
1. Since the directional gain of the integral antenna declared by the manufacturer ( $G_{ANT} = 4.368$  dBi), does not exceed 6.0 dBi, there was no need to reduce the output power.
2. We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.

### 5.3.4 Test Plot

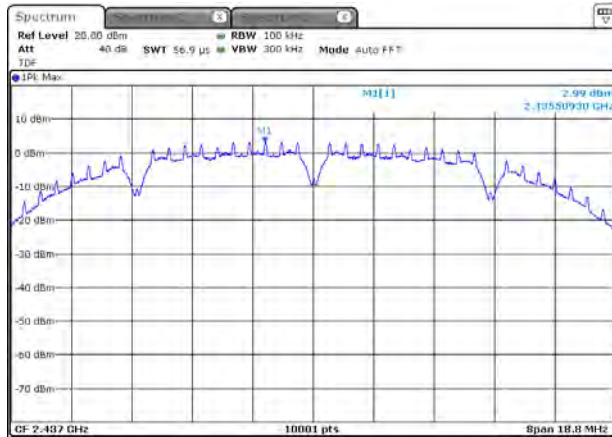
Figure 3. Plot of the Power Density

**\* 802.11b**

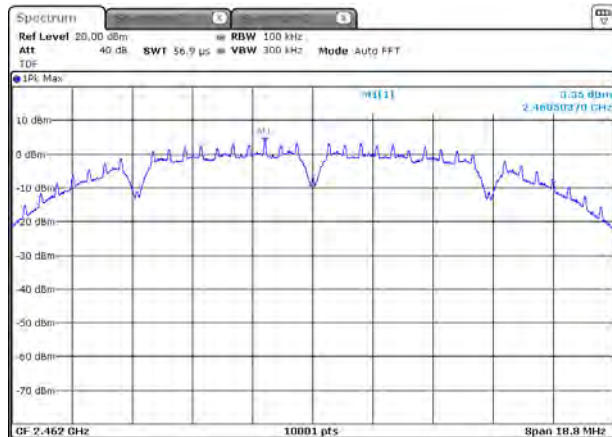
Lowest Channel( 2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)

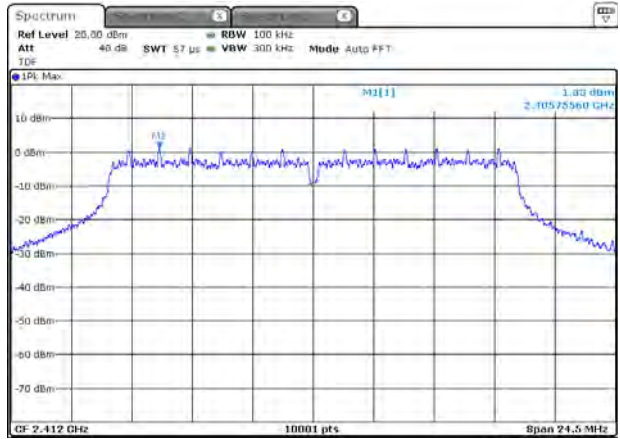


Highest Chnnel (2 462 MHz)

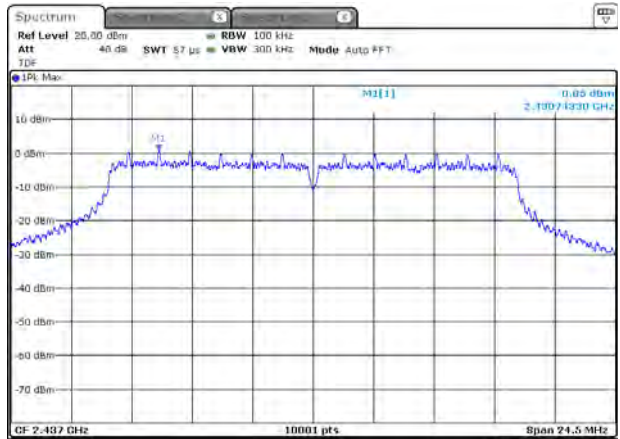


**\* 802.11g**

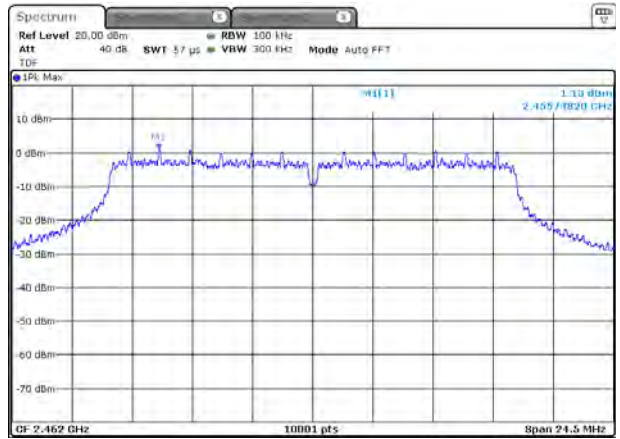
Lowest Channel( 2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)

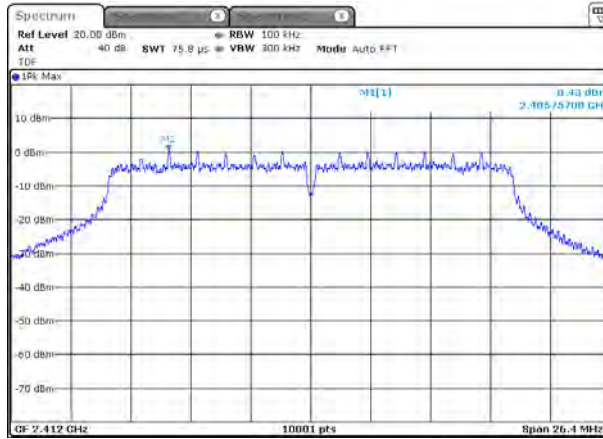


Highest Chnnel (2 462 MHz)

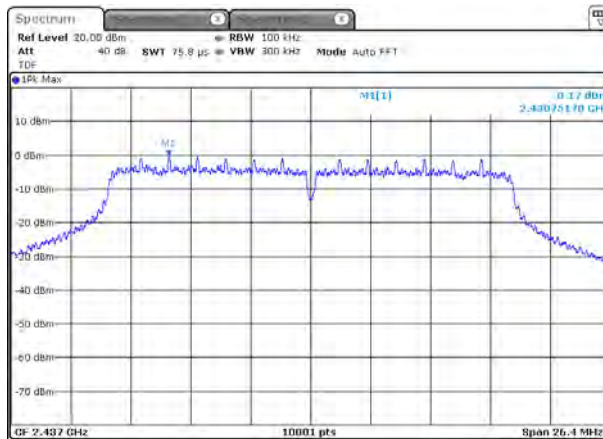


**\* 802.11n HT20**

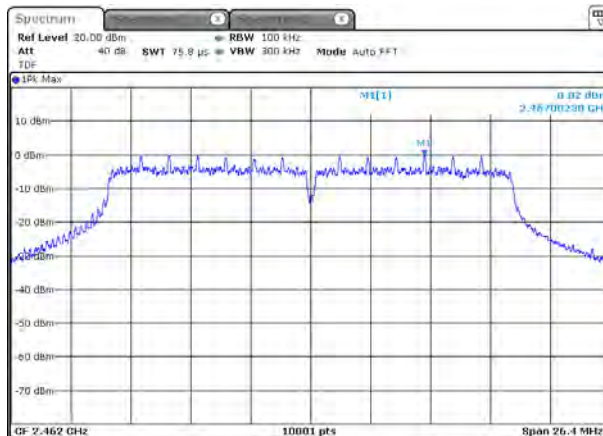
Lowest Channel( 2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)

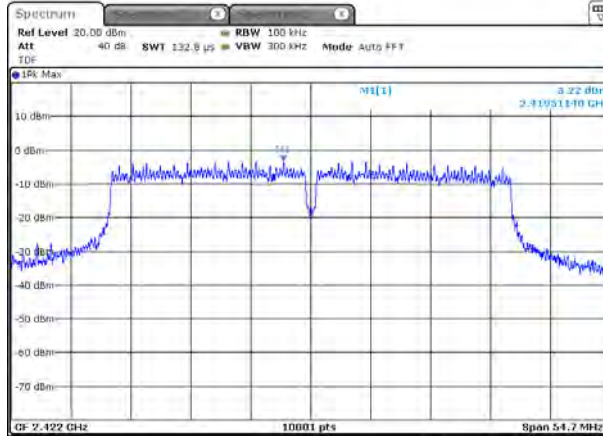


Highest Chnnel (2 462 MHz)

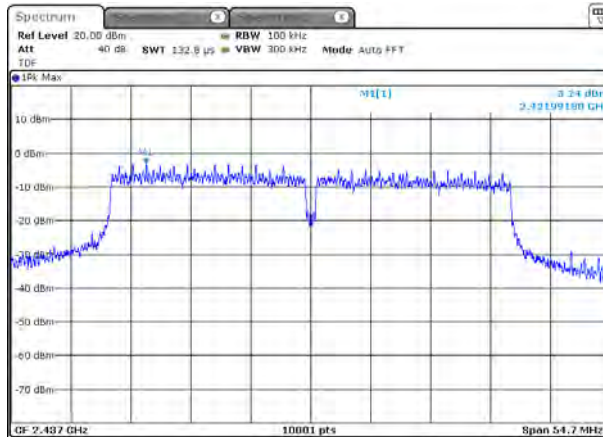


**\* 802.11n HT40**

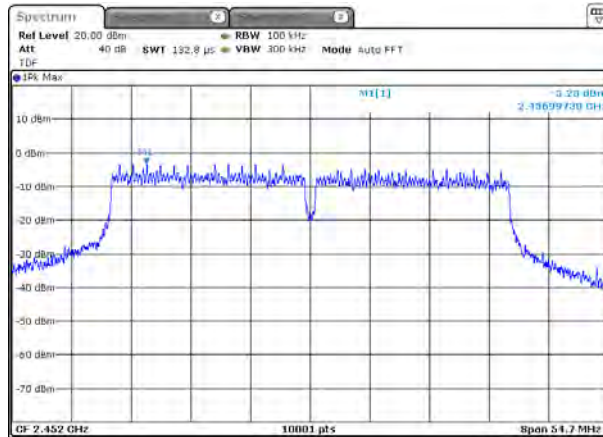
Lowest Channel( 2 422 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)



Highest Chnnel (2 452 MHz)





## 5.4 6 dB Bandwidth(DTS Channel Bandwidth)

### 5.4.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(a)(2) Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2 400–2 483.5 MHz, and 5 725–5 850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### 5.4.2 Measurement Procedure

These test measurement settings are specified in section 8.0 of 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance.

#### 5.4.2.1 DTS Channel Bandwidth-Option 1

- 1) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2) Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- 3) Detector = Peak.
- 4) Trace mode = max hold.
- 5) Sweep = auto couple.
- 6) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

#### 5.4.2.2 DTS Channel Bandwidth Measurement Procedure-Option 2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described above (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW, peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be  $\geq 6$  dB.

### 5.4.3 Test Result

- Complied

**\* 802.11b**

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz) | Min. Limit (kHz) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 % BW) (MHz) |
|---------|-----------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Low     | 2 412           | 12.55                | 500 kHz          | 15.80                              |
| Middle  | 2 437           | 12.56                | 500 kHz          | 15.85                              |
| High    | 2 462           | 12.55                | 500 kHz          | 15.87                              |

**\* 802.11g**

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz) | Min. Limit (kHz) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 % BW) (MHz) |
|---------|-----------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Low     | 2 412           | 16.35                | 500 kHz          | 16.57                              |
| Middle  | 2 437           | 16.35                | 500 kHz          | 16.69                              |
| High    | 2 462           | 16.35                | 500 kHz          | 16.66                              |

**\* 802.11n HT20**

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz) | Min. Limit (kHz) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 % BW) (MHz) |
|---------|-----------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Low     | 2 412           | 17.59                | 500 kHz          | 17.77                              |
| Middle  | 2 437           | 17.57                | 500 kHz          | 17.88                              |
| High    | 2 462           | 17.39                | 500 kHz          | 17.79                              |

**\* 802.11n HT40**

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz) | Min. Limit (kHz) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 % BW) (MHz) |
|---------|-----------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Low     | 2 422           | 36.47                | 500 kHz          | 36.25                              |
| Middle  | 2 437           | 36.45                | 500 kHz          | 36.27                              |
| High    | 2 452           | 36.45                | 500 kHz          | 36.24                              |

**-NOTE:**

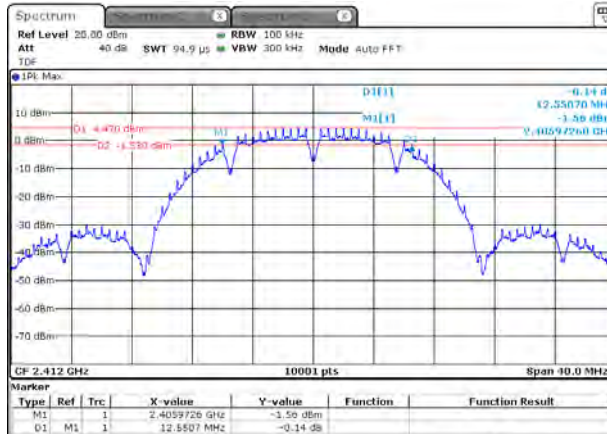
1. We took the insertion loss of the cable loss into consideration within the measuring instrument.

### 5.4.4 Test Plot

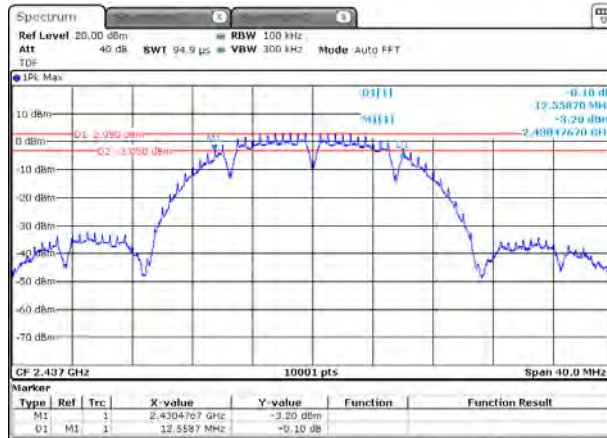
Figure 4. Plot of the 6dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth

**\* 802.11b (6 dB Bandwidth)**

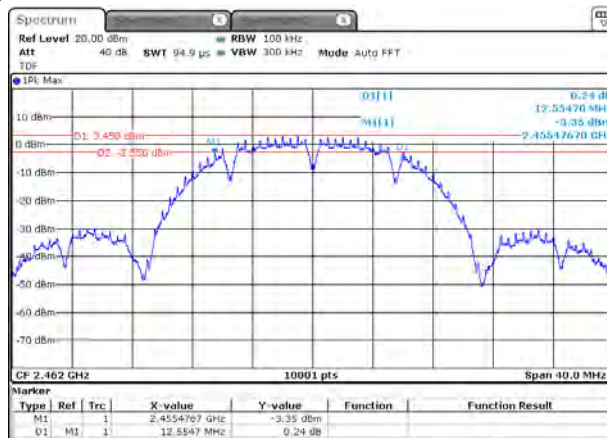
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)

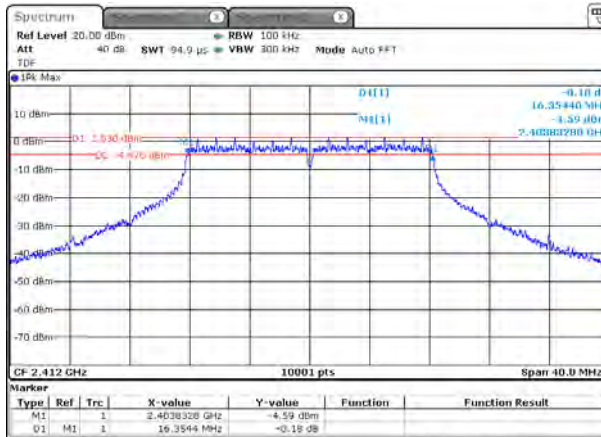


Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)

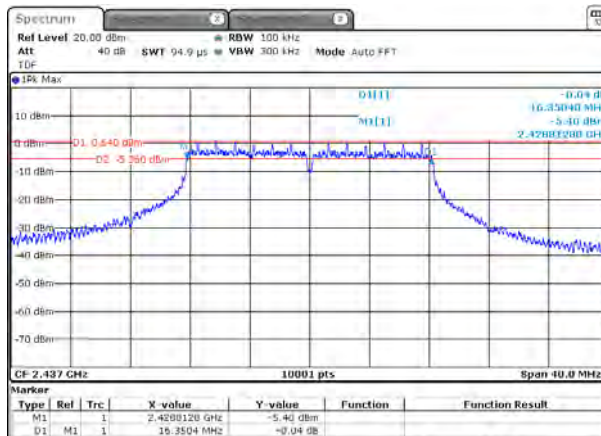


**\* 802.11g (6 dB Bandwidth)**

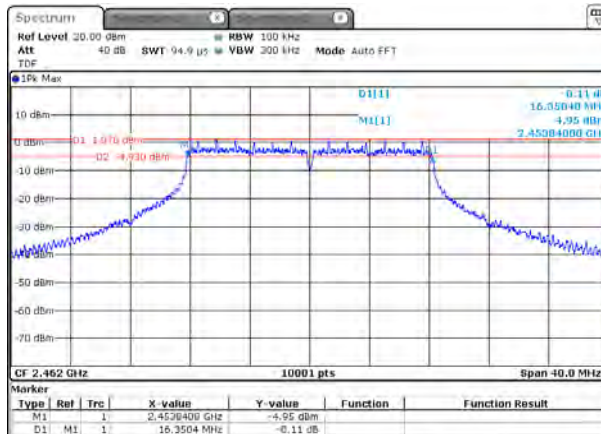
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)

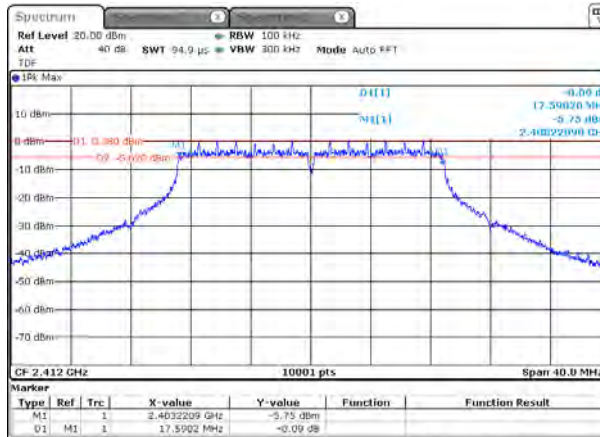


Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)

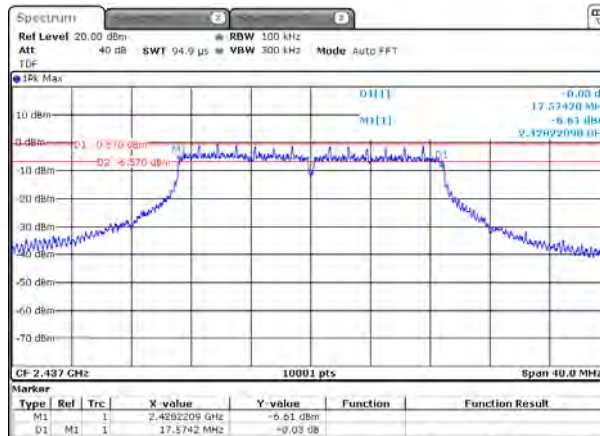


**\* 802.11n HT20 (6 dB Bandwidth)**

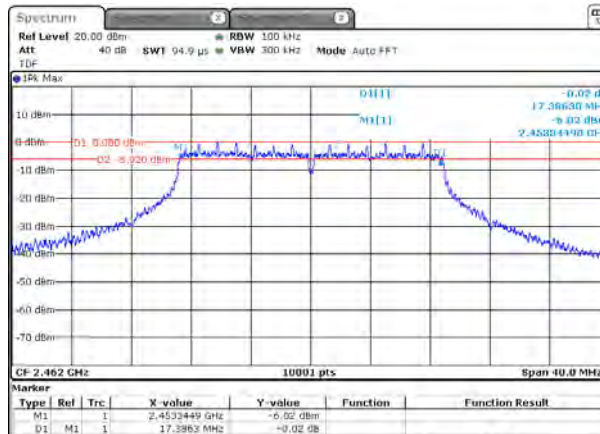
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)

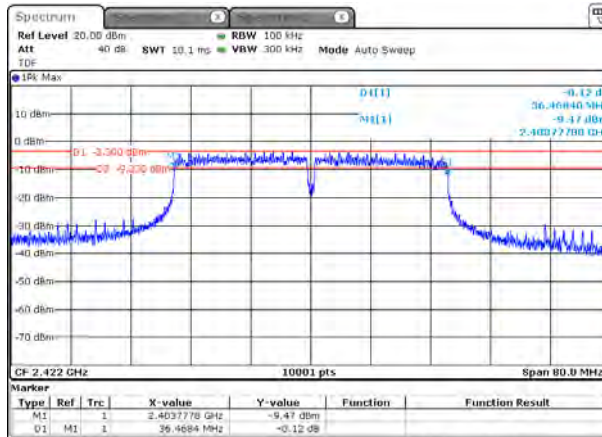


Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)

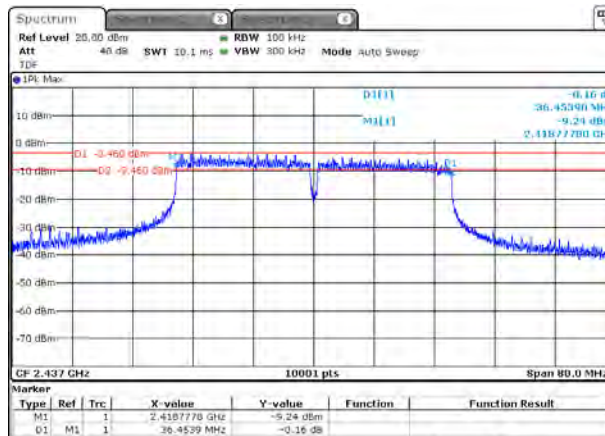


**\* 802.11n HT40 (6 dB Bandwidth)**

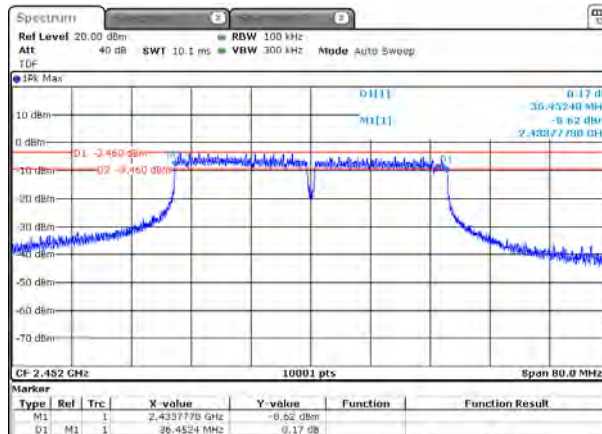
Lowest Channel (2 422 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)

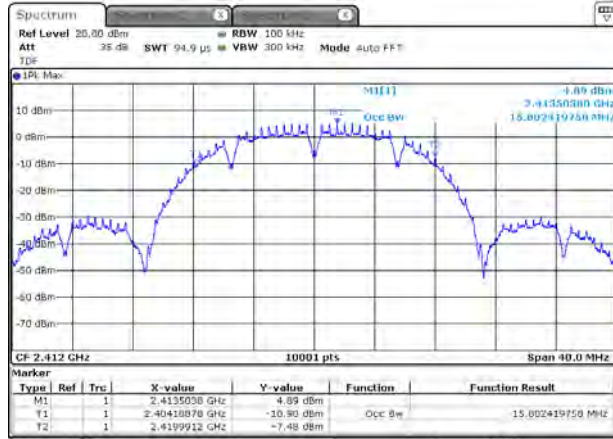


Highest Channel (2 452 MHz)

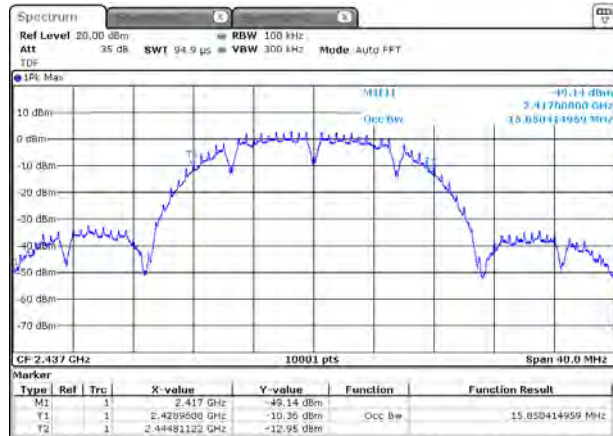


**\* 802.11b (Occupied Bandwidth)**

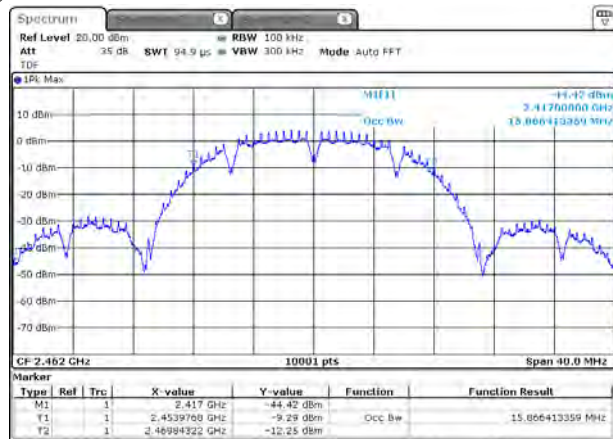
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)

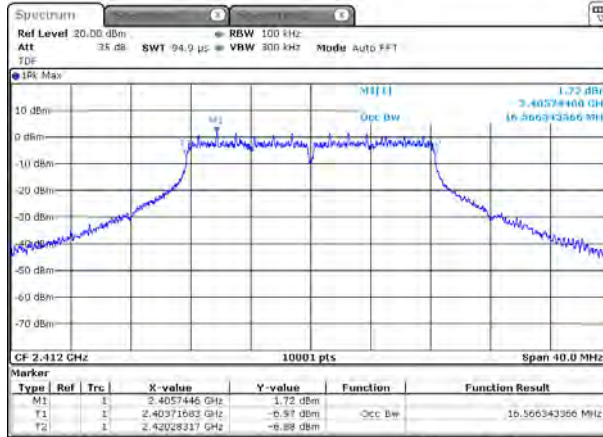


Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)

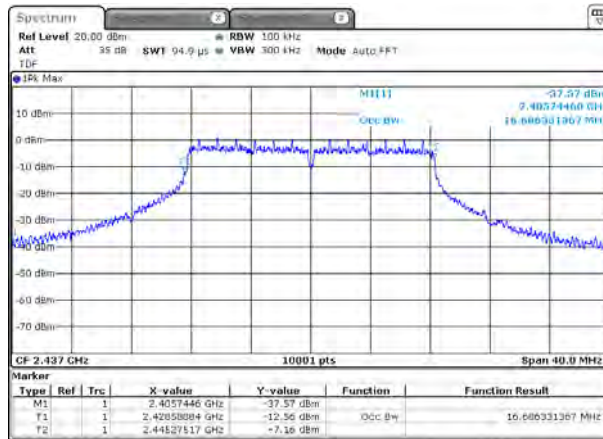


**\* 802.11g (Occupied Bandwidth)**

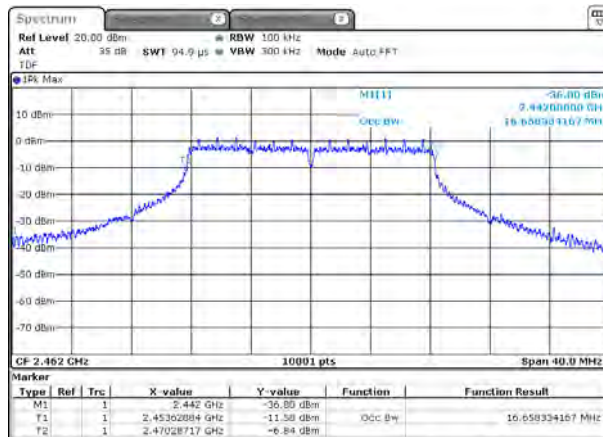
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)



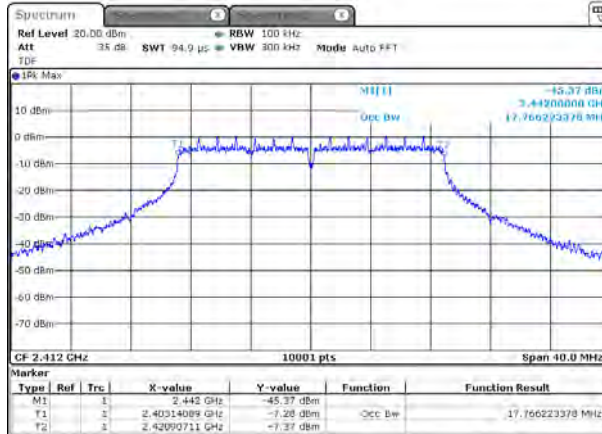
Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)



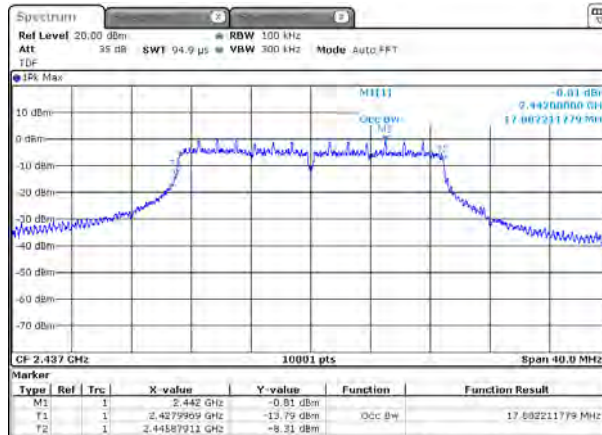


**\* 802.11n HT20 (Occupied Bandwidth)**

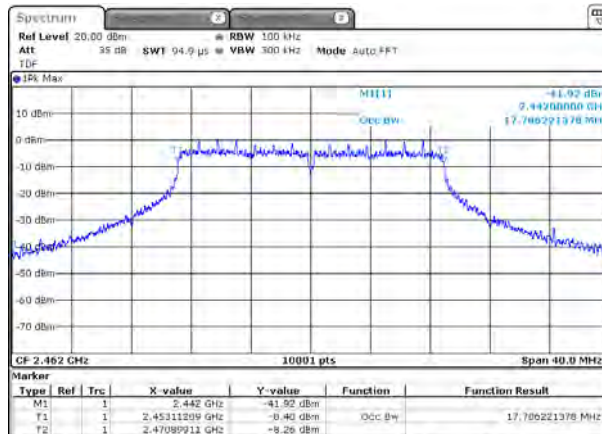
Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)

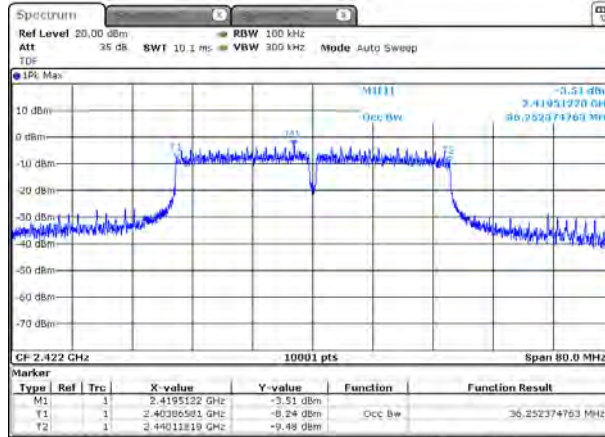


Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)

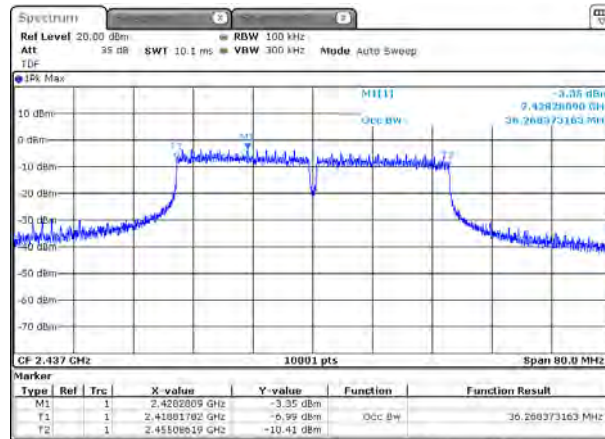


**\* 802.11n HT40 (Occupied Bandwidth)**

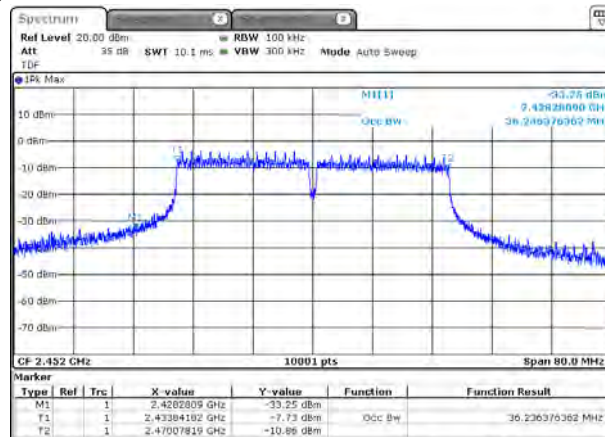
Lowest Channel (2 422 MHz)



Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)



Highest Channel (2 452 MHz)



## 5.5 Spurious Emission, Band Edge, and Restricted bands

### 5.5.1 Regulation

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

| Frequency (MHz) | Field strength ( $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ ) | Measurement distance (m) |
|-----------------|---|--------------------------|
| 0.009 - 0.490   | 2 400/F(kHz)                              | 300                      |
| 0.490 - 1.705   | 24 000/F(kHz)                             | 30                       |
| 1.705 - 30      | 30  | 30                       |
| 30 - 88         | 100**                                     | 3                        |
| 88 - 216        | 150**                                     | 3                        |
| 216 - 960       | 200**                                     | 3                        |
| Above 960       | 500                                       | 3                        |

\*\*Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54–72 MHz, 76–88 MHz, 174–216 MHz or 470–806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.

According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

| MHz                   | MHz                     | MHz               | GHz           |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 0.009 - 0.110         | 16.42 - 16.423          | 399.9 - 410       | 4.5 - 5.15    |
| 0.495 - 0.505         | 16.694 75 - 16.695 25   | 608 - 614         | 5.35 - 5.46   |
| 2.173 5 - 2.190 5     | 16.804 25 - 16.804 75   | 960 - 1 240       | 7.25 - 7.75   |
| 4.125 - 4.128         | 25.5 - 25.67            | 1 300 - 1 427     | 8.025 - 8.5   |
| 4.177 25 - 4.177 75   | 37.5 - 38.25            | 1 435 - 1 626.5   | 9.0 - 9.2     |
| 4.207 25 - 4.207 75   | 73 - 74.6               | 1 645.5 - 1 646.5 | 9.3 - 9.5     |
| 6.215 - 6.218         | 74.8 - 75.2             | 1 660 - 1 710     | 10.6 - 12.7   |
| 6.267 75 - 6.268 25   | 108 - 121.94            | 1 718.8 - 1 722.2 | 13.25 - 13.4  |
| 6.311 75 - 6.312 25   | 123 - 138               | 2 200 - 2 300     | 14.47 - 14.5  |
| 8.291 - 8.294         | 149.9 - 150.05          | 2 310 - 2 390     | 15.35 - 16.2  |
| 8.362 - 8.366         | 156.524 75 - 156.525 25 | 2 483.5 - 2 500   | 17.7 - 21.4   |
| 8.376 25 - 8.386 75   | 156.7 - 156.9           | 2 690 - 2 900     | 22.01 - 23.12 |
| 8.414 25 - 8.414 75   | 162.012 5 - 167.17      | 3 260 - 3 267     | 23.6 - 24.0   |
| 12.29 - 12.293        | 167.72 - 173.2          | 3 332 - 3 339     | 31.2 - 31.8   |
| 12.519 75 - 12.520 25 | 240 - 285               | 3 345.8 - 3 358   | 36.43 - 36.5  |
| 12.576 75 - 12.577 25 | 322 - 335.4             | 3 600 - 4 400     | Above 38.6    |
| 13.36 - 13.41         |                         |                   |               |

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1 000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1 000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

## 5.5.2 Measurement Procedure

### 5.5.2.1 Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

#### 5.5.2.1.1 Reference Level Measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- 1) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2) Set the span to  $\geq 1.5$  times the DTS bandwidth.
- 3) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- 4) Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- 5) Detector = peak.
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

#### 5.5.2.1.2 Emissions Level Measurement

- 1) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- 2) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- 3) Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- 4) Detector = peak.
- 5) Ensure that the number of measurement points  $\geq$  span/RBW
- 6) Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7) Trace mode = max hold.
- 8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

### 5.5.2.2 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Set the spectrum analyzer as follows:

- 1) Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.  
Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.
- 2) RBW = 100 kHz
- 3) VBW  $\geq$  RBW
- 4) Sweep = auto
- 5) Detector function = peak
- 6) Trace = max hold
- 7) Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded.
- 8) Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated.  
The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.

### 5.5.2.3 Radiated Spurious Emissions

- 1) The preliminary and final radiated measurements were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions in a 10m anechoic chamber. The EUT was tested at a distance 3 meters.
- 2) The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8-meter height, 1  $\times$  1.5 meter non-metallic table. To find the maximum emission levels, the height of a measuring antenna was changed and the turntable was rotated 360°.
- 3) The antenna polarization was also changed from vertical to horizontal. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to 30 MHz using the loop antenna, and from 30 to 1 000 MHz using the TRILOG broadband antenna, and from 1 000 MHz to 26 500 MHz using the horn antenna.
- 4) Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.

- Sample calculation

The field strength is calculated adding the antenna Factor, cable loss and, Antenna pad adding, subtracting the amplifier gain from the measured reading.

\*\* The sample calculation is as follow:

$$\text{Result} = \text{M.R} + \text{C.F}(\text{A.F} + \text{C.L} + 3 \text{ dB Att} - \text{A.G})$$

M.R = Meter Reading

C.F = Correction Factor

A.F = Antenna Factor

C.L = Cable Loss

A.G = Amplifier Gain

3 dB Att = 3 dB Attenuator

### 5.5.3 Test Result

- Complied

1. Conducted Spurious Emissions was shown in figure 5.  
Note: We took the insertion loss of the cable into consideration within the measuring instrument.
2. Band edge compliance of Radiated Emissions(Restricted Bands) was shown in figure 6.
3. Measured value of the Field strength of spurious Emissions (Radiated)

**\* Below 1 GHz data (worst-case: 802.11b)**

#### Low channel (2 412 MHz)

| Frequency<br>[MHz]  | Receiver<br>Bandwidth<br>[kHz] | Pol.<br>[V/H] | Reading<br>[dB( $\mu$ V)] | Factor<br>[dB] | Result<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Limit<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Margin<br>[dB] |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Quasi-Peak DATA. Emissions below 30 MHz (3 m Distance)</b> |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Below<br>30.00  | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |
| <b>Quasi-Peak DATA. Emissions below 1 GHz</b>                 |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| 347.796   | 120                            | H             | 35.3                      | -10.6          | 24.7                       | 46.0                      | 29.3           |
| 422.365   | 120                            | H             | 42.5                      | -8.8           | 33.7                       | 46.0                      | 20.3           |
| 993.210   | 120                            | H             | 33.7                      | 2.9            | 36.6                       | 46.0                      | 17.4           |
| 993.695   | 120                            | V             | 33.1                      | 2.9            | 36.0                       | 46.0                      | 18.0           |

**\* Above 1 GHz data**

**802.11b\_Low channel (2 412 MHz)**

| Frequency<br>[MHz]                         | Receiver<br>Bandwidth<br>[kHz] | Pol.<br>[V/H] | Reading<br>[dB( $\mu$ V)] | Factor<br>[dB] | Result<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Limit<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Margin<br>[dB] |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b>    |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |
| <b>Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b> |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |

**802.11b\_Middle channel (2 437 MHz)**

| Frequency<br>[MHz]                         | Receiver<br>Bandwidth<br>[kHz] | Pol.<br>[V/H] | Reading<br>[dB( $\mu$ V)] | Factor<br>[dB] | Result<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Limit<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Margin<br>[dB] |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b>    |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |
| <b>Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b> |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |



**802.11b\_High channel (2 462 MHz)**

| Frequency<br>[MHz]                         | Receiver<br>Bandwidth<br>[kHz] | Pol.<br>[V/H] | Reading<br>[dB( $\mu$ V)] | Factor<br>[dB] | Result<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Limit<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Margin<br>[dB] |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b>    |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |
| <b>Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b> |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |

**802.11g\_Low channel (2 412 MHz)**

| Frequency<br>[MHz]                         | Receiver<br>Bandwidth<br>[kHz] | Pol.<br>[V/H] | Reading<br>[dB( $\mu$ V)] | Factor<br>[dB] | Result<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Limit<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Margin<br>[dB] |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b>    |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |
| <b>Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b> |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |

**802.11g\_Middle channel (2 437 MHz)**

| Frequency<br>[MHz]                         | Receiver<br>Bandwidth<br>[kHz] | Pol.<br>[V/H] | Reading<br>[dB( $\mu$ V)] | Factor<br>[dB] | Result<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Limit<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Margin<br>[dB] |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b>    |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |
| <b>Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b> |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |

**802.11g\_High channel (2 462 MHz)**

| Frequency<br>[MHz]                         | Receiver<br>Bandwidth<br>[kHz] | Pol.<br>[V/H] | Reading<br>[dB( $\mu$ V)] | Factor<br>[dB] | Result<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Limit<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Margin<br>[dB] |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b>    |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |
| <b>Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b> |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |

**802.11n HT20\_Low channel (2 412 MHz)**

| Frequency<br>[MHz]                         | Receiver<br>Bandwidth<br>[kHz] | Pol.<br>[V/H] | Reading<br>[dB( $\mu$ V)] | Factor<br>[dB] | Result<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Limit<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Margin<br>[dB] |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b>    |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |
| <b>Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b> |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |

**802.11n HT20\_Middle channel (2 437 MHz)**

| Frequency<br>[MHz]                         | Receiver<br>Bandwidth<br>[kHz] | Pol.<br>[V/H] | Reading<br>[dB( $\mu$ V)] | Factor<br>[dB] | Result<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Limit<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Margin<br>[dB] |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b>    |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |
| <b>Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b> |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |

**802.11n HT20\_High channel (2 462 MHz)**

| Frequency<br>[MHz]                         | Receiver<br>Bandwidth<br>[kHz] | Pol.<br>[V/H] | Reading<br>[dB( $\mu$ V)] | Factor<br>[dB] | Result<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Limit<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Margin<br>[dB] |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b>    |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |
| <b>Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b> |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |

**802.11n HT40\_Low channel (2 422 MHz)**

| Frequency<br>[MHz]                         | Receiver<br>Bandwidth<br>[kHz] | Pol.<br>[V/H] | Reading<br>[dB( $\mu$ V)] | Factor<br>[dB] | Result<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Limit<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Margin<br>[dB] |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b>    |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |
| <b>Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b> |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |

**802.11n HT40\_ Middle channel (2 437 MHz)**

| Frequency<br>[MHz]                         | Receiver<br>Bandwidth<br>[kHz] | Pol.<br>[V/H] | Reading<br>[dB( $\mu$ V)] | Factor<br>[dB] | Result<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Limit<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Margin<br>[dB] |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b>    |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |
| <b>Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b> |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |

**802.11n HT40\_ High channel (2 452 MHz)**

| Frequency<br>[MHz]                         | Receiver<br>Bandwidth<br>[kHz] | Pol.<br>[V/H] | Reading<br>[dB( $\mu$ V)] | Factor<br>[dB] | Result<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Limit<br>[dB( $\mu$ V/m)] | Margin<br>[dB] |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b>    |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |
| <b>Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz</b> |                                |               |                           |                |                            |                           |                |
| Above<br>1 000.00                          | Not<br>Detected                | -             | -                         | -              | -                          | -                         | -              |

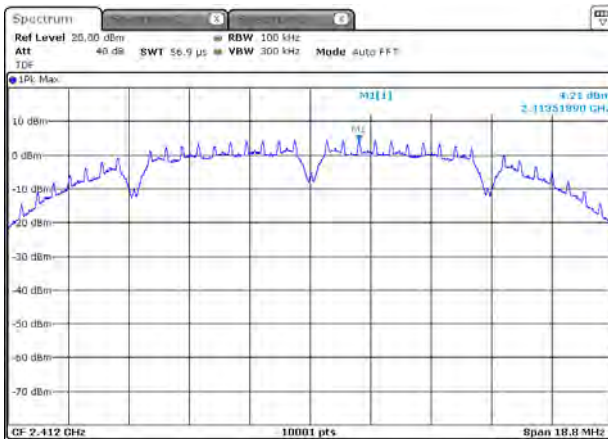
### 5.5.4 Test Plot

Figure 5. Plot of the Band-edge & Conducted Spurious Emissions

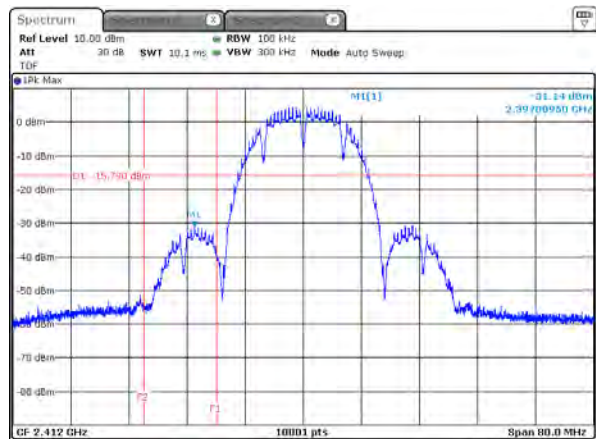
\* 802.11b

Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)

#### Reference

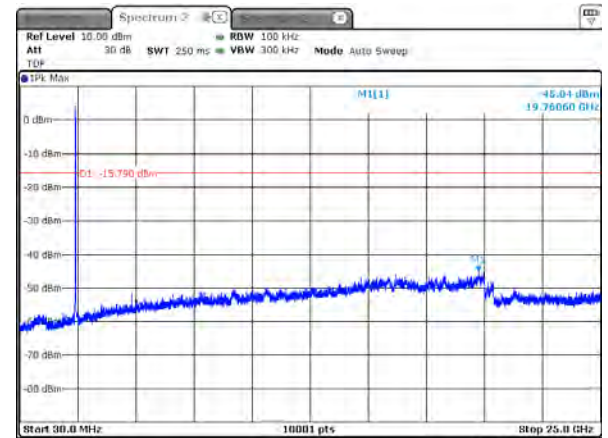


#### Band-edge



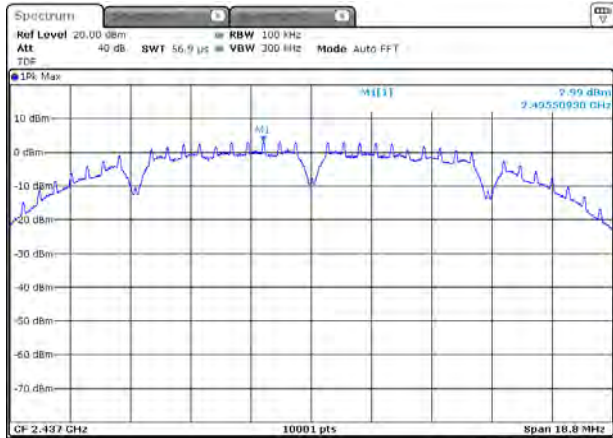
\* NOTE : F1 : 2 400 MHz, F2 :2 390 MHz

#### Conducted Spurious Emissions

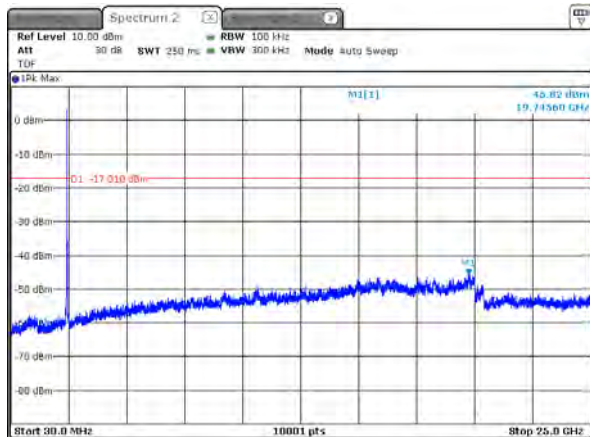


Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)

**Reference**

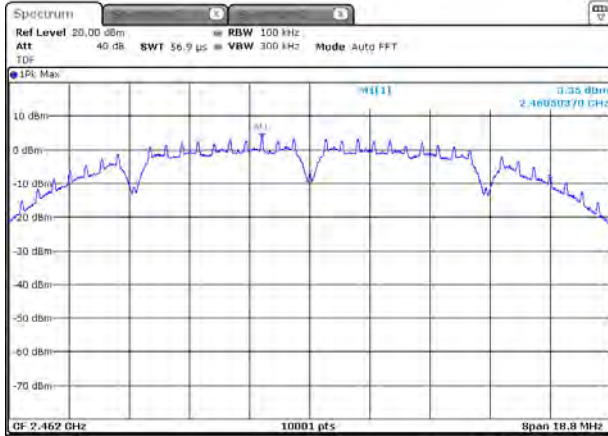


**Conducted Spurious Emissions**

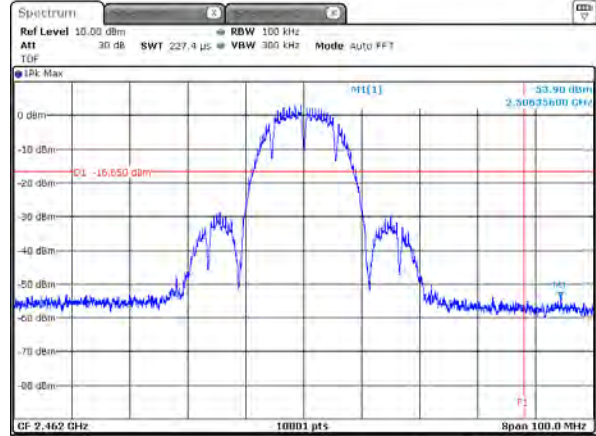


Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)

Reference

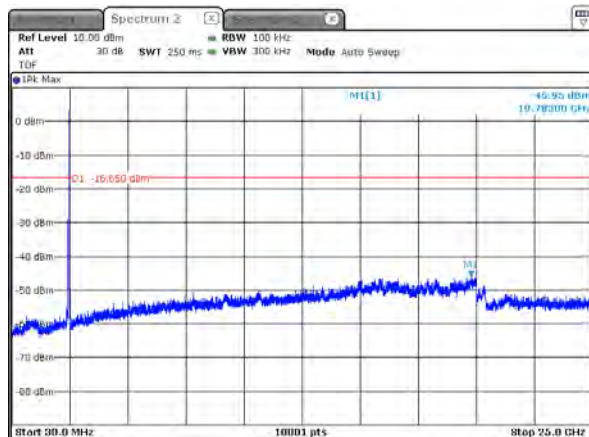


Band-edge



Conducted Spurious Emissions

\* NOTE : F1 : 2 500 MHz

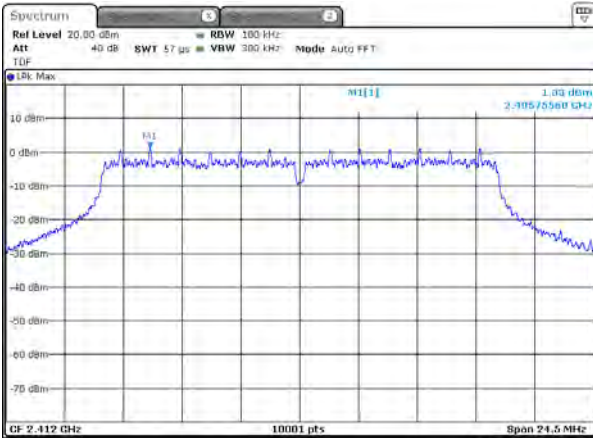




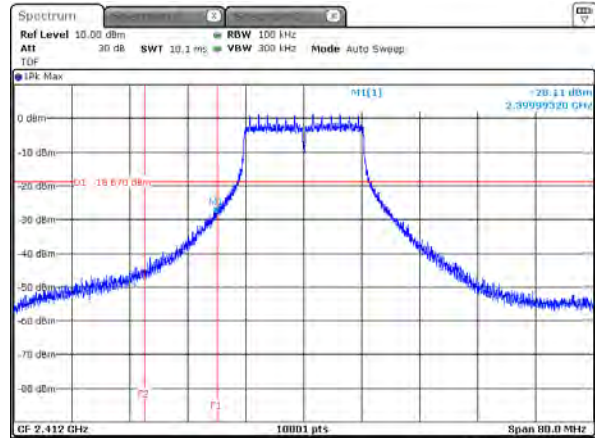
**\* 802.11g**

Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)

**Reference**

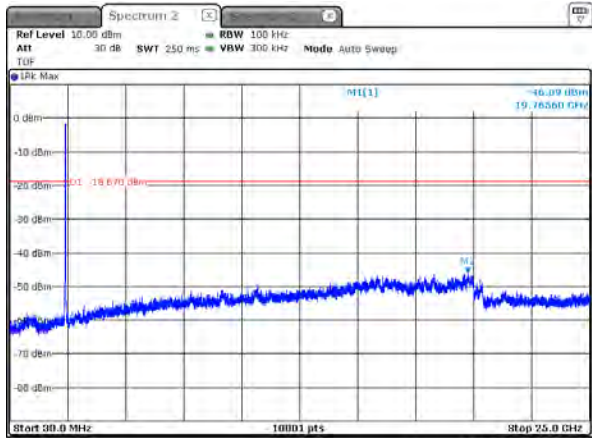


**Band-edge**



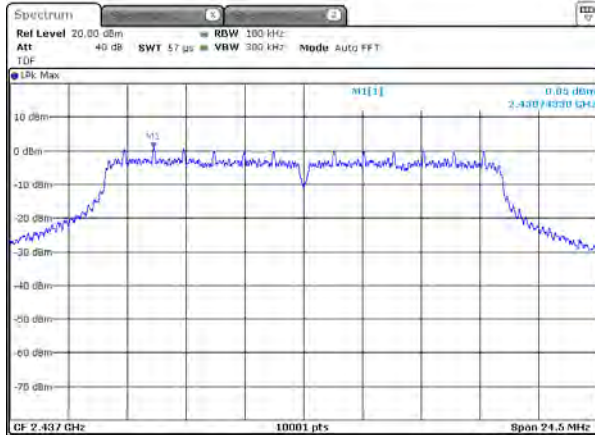
**Conducted Spurious Emissions**

\* NOTE : F1 : 2 400 MHz, F2 : 2 390 MHz

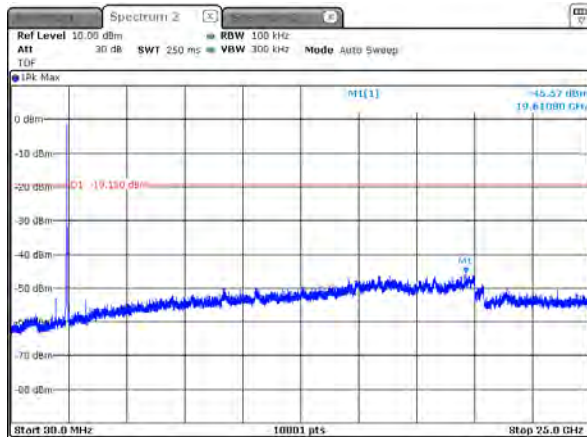


Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)

**Reference**

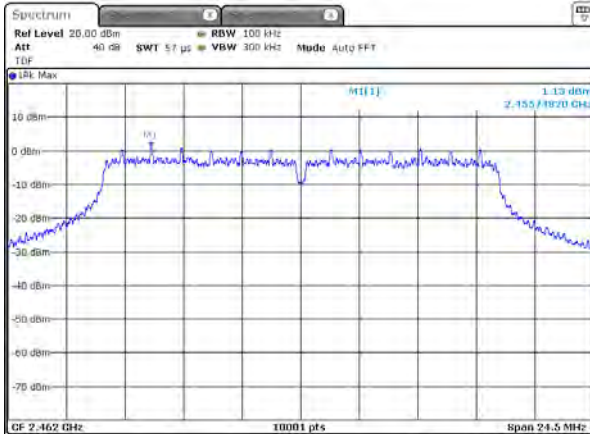


**Conducted Spurious Emissions**

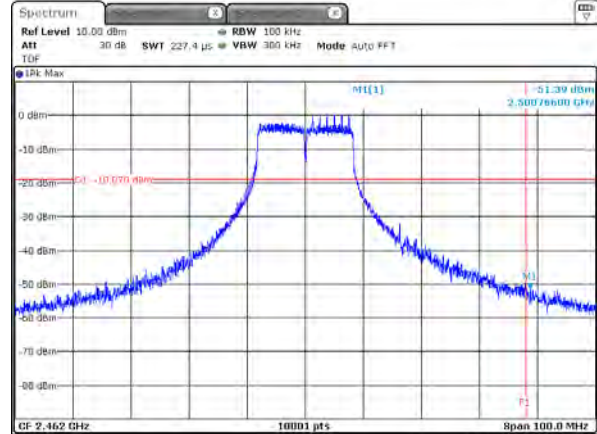


Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)

Reference

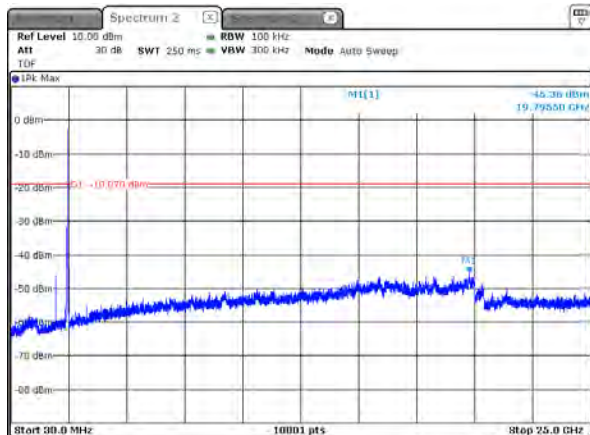


Band-edge



Conducted Spurious Emissions

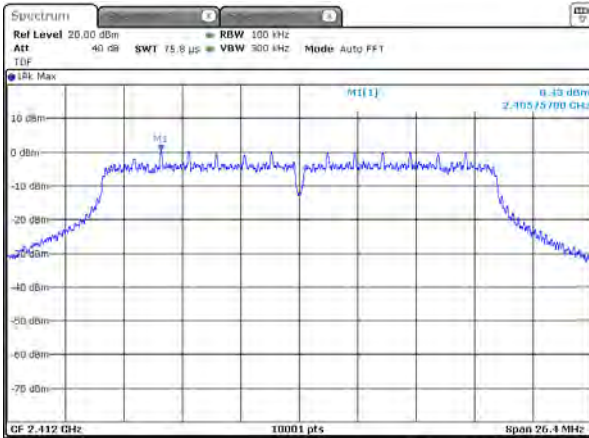
\* NOTE : F1 : 2 500 MHz



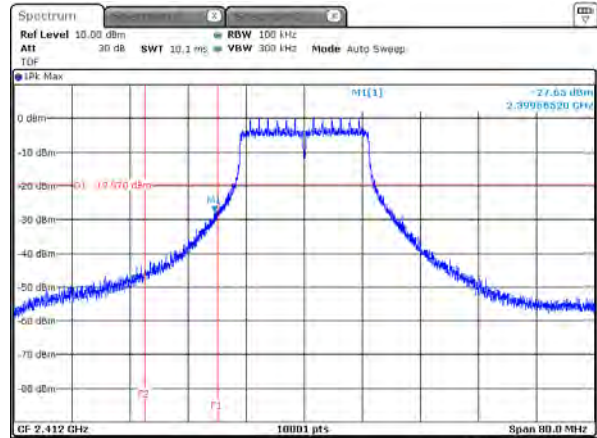
**\* 802.11n HT20**

Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)

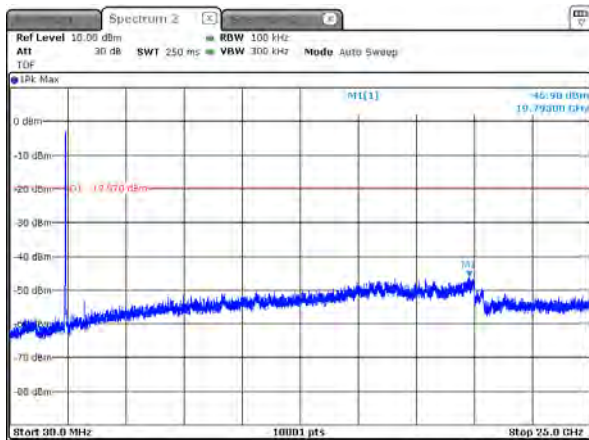
**Reference**



**Band-edge**



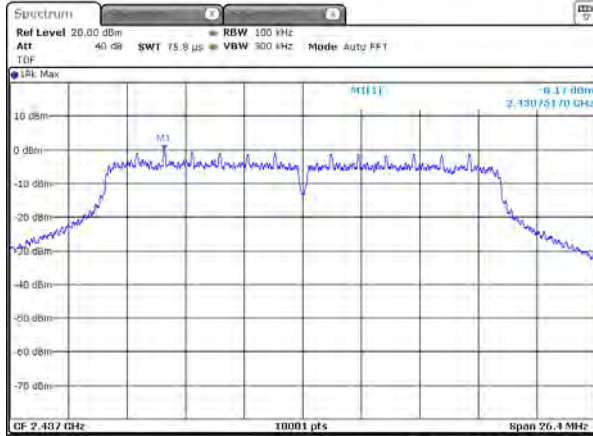
**Conducted Spurious Emissions**



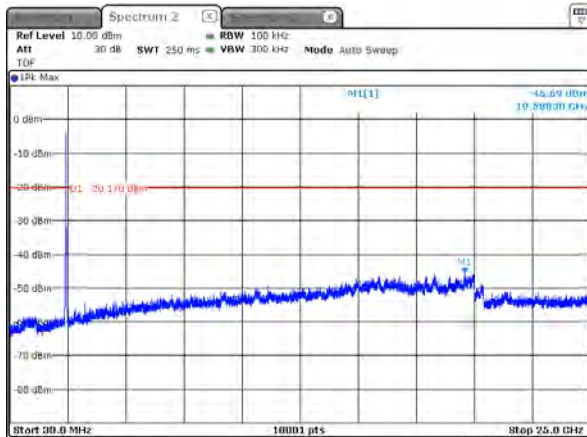
\* NOTE : F1 : 2 400 MHz, F2 : 2 390 MHz

Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)

Reference

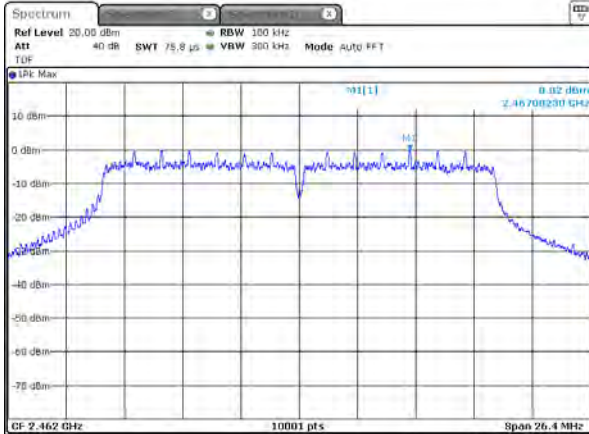


Conducted Spurious Emissions

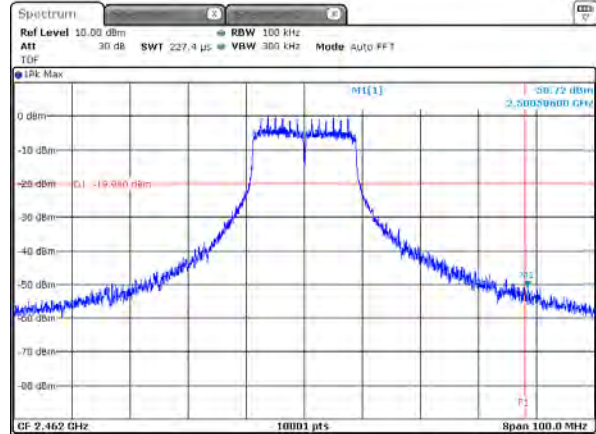


Highest Channel (2 462 MHz)

Reference

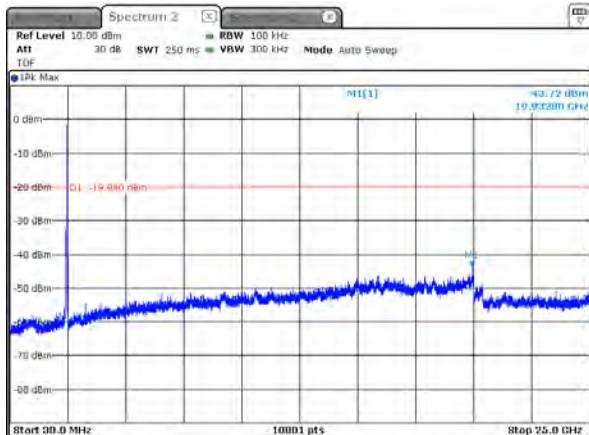


Band-edge



Conducted Spurious Emissions

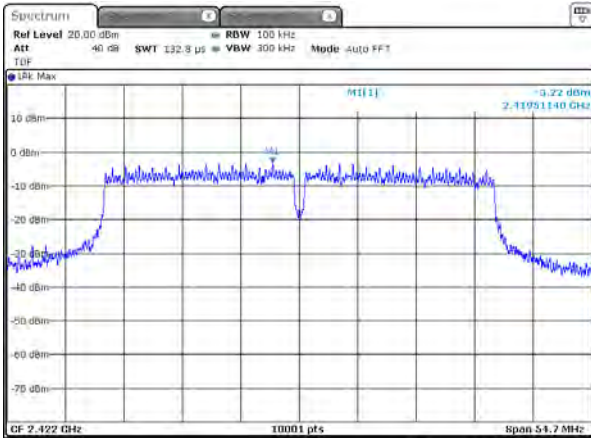
\* NOTE : F1 : 2 500 MHz



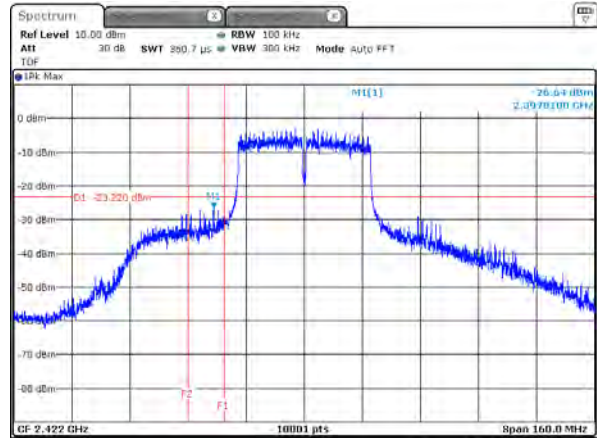
**\* 802.11n HT40**

Lowest Channel (2 422 MHz)

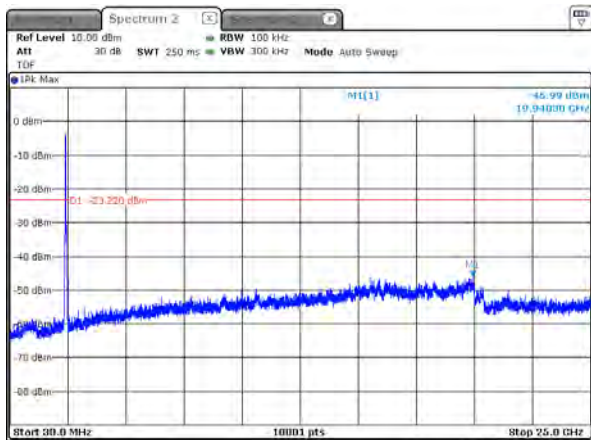
**Reference**



**Band-edge**



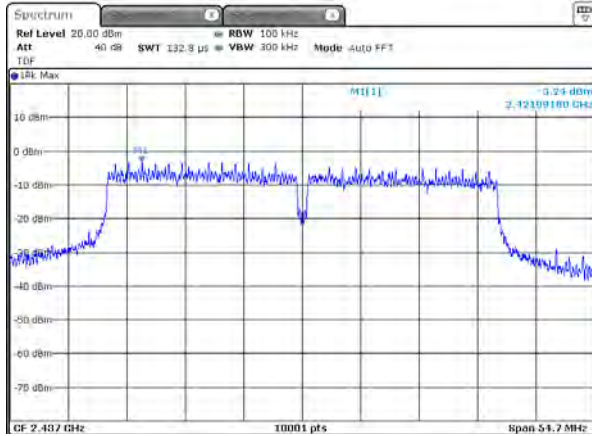
**Conducted Spurious Emissions**



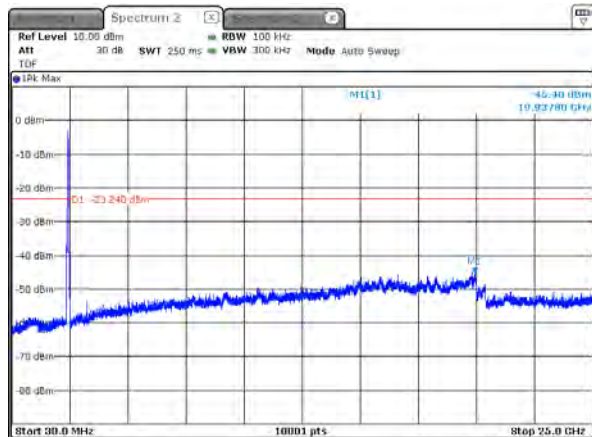
\* NOTE : F1 : 2 400 MHz, F2 : 2 390 MHz

Middle Channel (2 437 MHz)

**Reference**



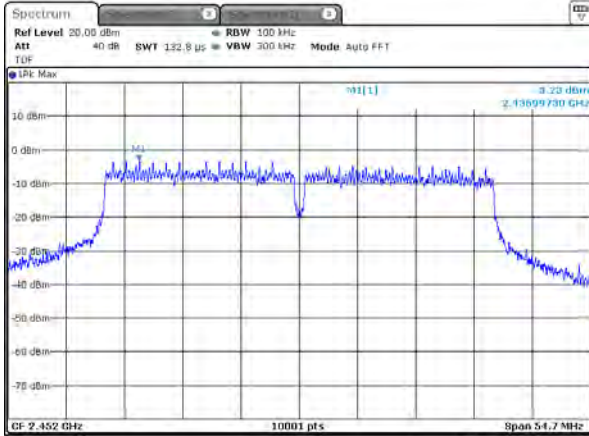
**Conducted Spurious Emissions**



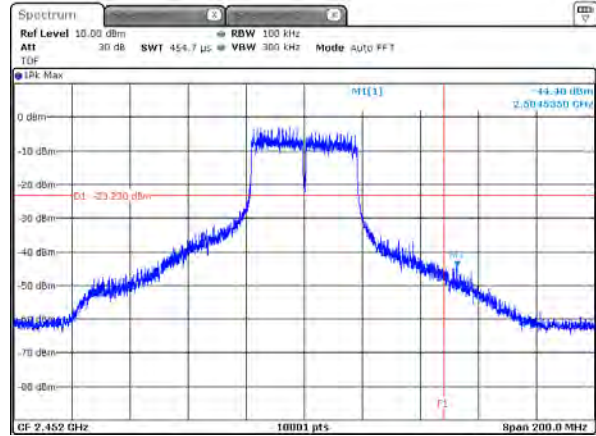


Highest Channel (2 452 MHz)

Reference

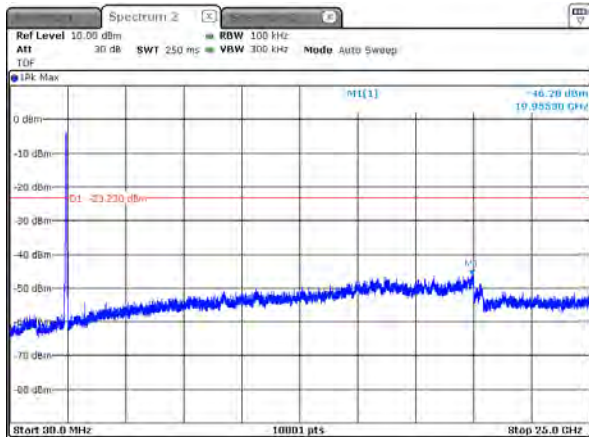


Band-edge



Conducted Spurious Emissions

\* NOTE : F1 : 2 500 MHz

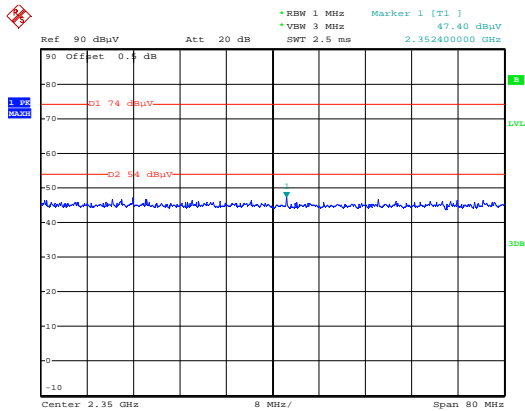


### 5.5.5 Test Plot (Continue)

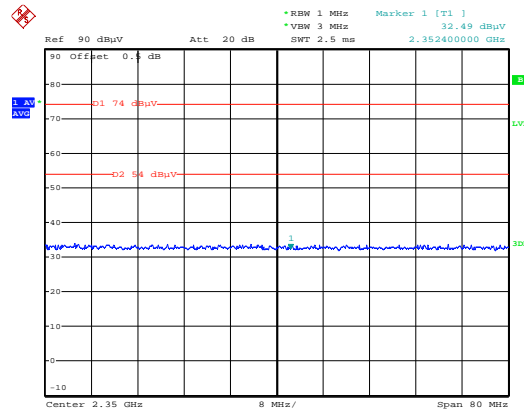
Figure 6. Plot of the Band Edge (Radiated Restricted Bands)

\* 802.11b

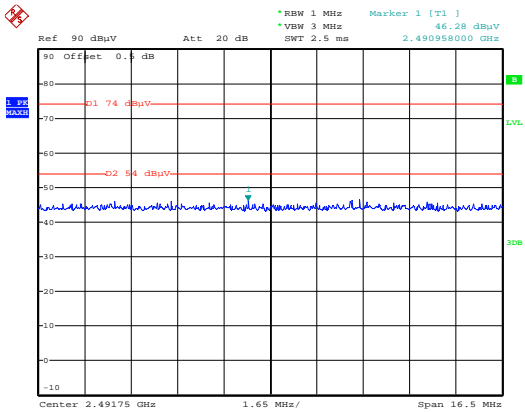
Lowest Channel(2 412 MHz): Peak



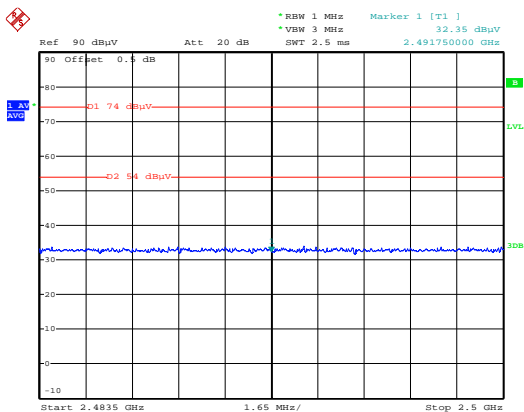
Lowest Channel(2 412 MHz): Average



Highest Channel(2 462 MHz): Peak



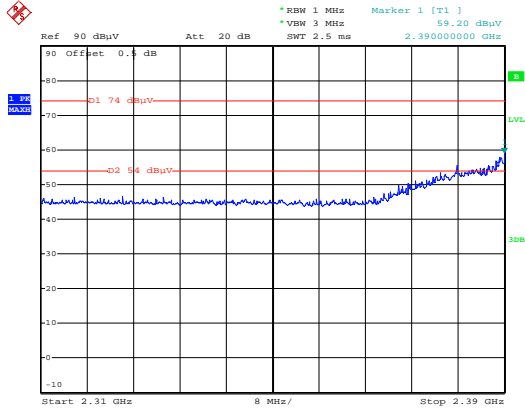
Highest Channel(2 462 MHz): Average



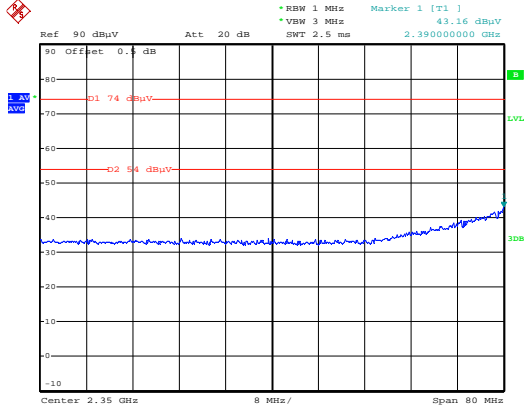
\* offset = Factor (ANT Factor+ Amp Gain + Cable Loss) [dB]  
 = 0.5 dB (2 412 Mhz)  
 = 0.5 dB (2 462 Mhz)

**\* 802.11g**

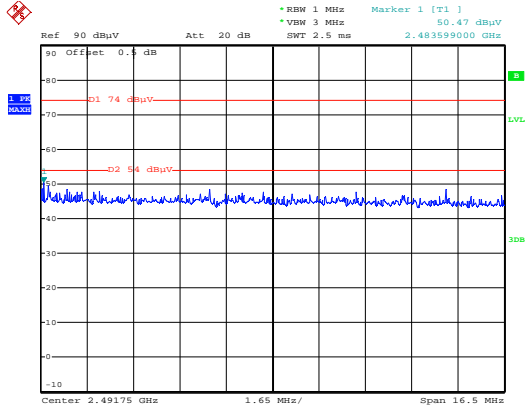
Lowest Channel(2 412 Mhz): Peak



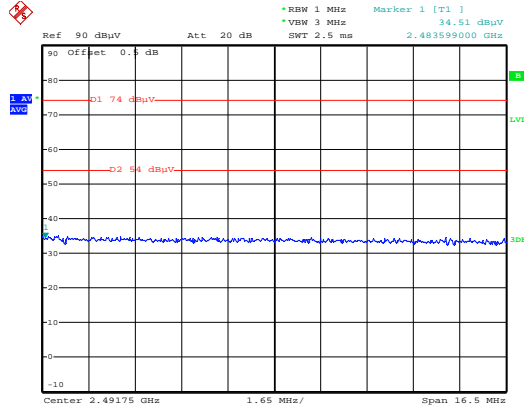
Lowest Channel(2 412 Mhz): Average



Highest Channel(2 462 Mhz): Peak



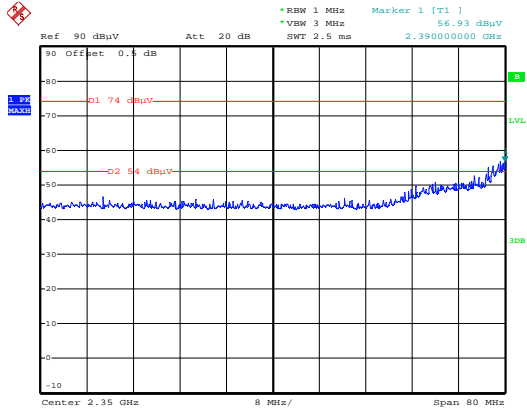
Highest Channel(2 462 Mhz): Average



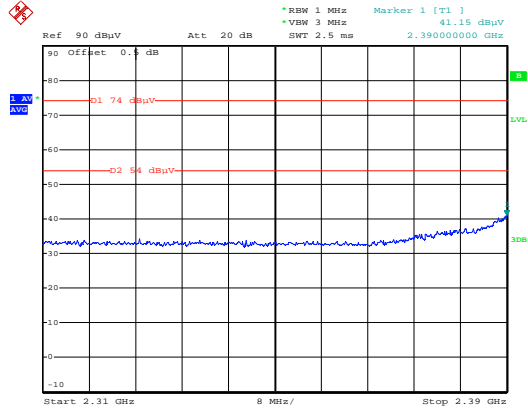
\* offset = Factor (ANT Factor+ Amp Gain + Cable Loss) [dB]  
 = 0.5 dB (2 412 Mhz)  
 = 0.5 dB (2 462 Mhz)

**\* 802.11n HT20**

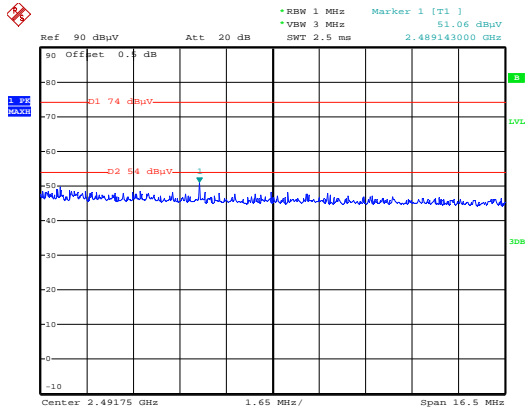
Lowest Channel(2 412 MHz): Peak



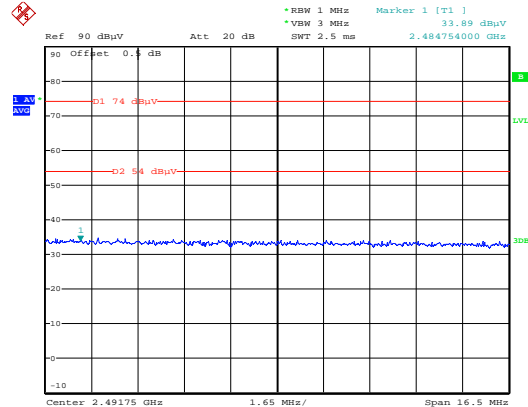
Lowest Channel(2 412 MHz): Average



Highest Channel(2 462 MHz): Peak



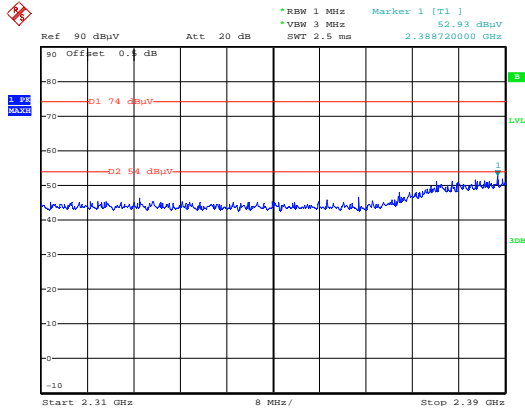
Highest Channel(2 462 MHz): Average



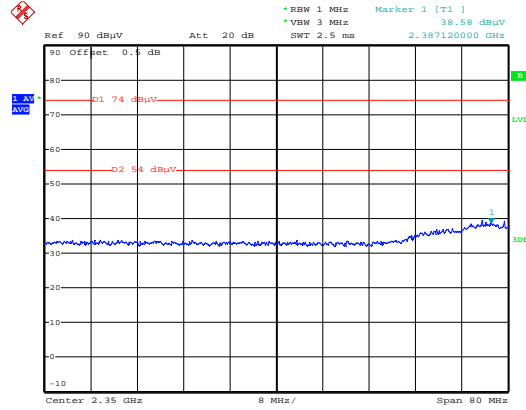
\* **offset** = **Factor (ANT Factor+ Amp Gain + Cable Loss) [dB]**  
 = 0.5 dB (2 412 MHz)  
 = 0.5 dB (2 462 MHz)

**\* 802.11n HT40**

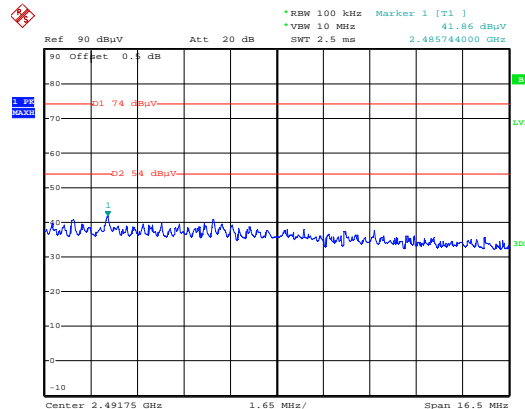
Lowest Channel(2 422 Mhz): Peak



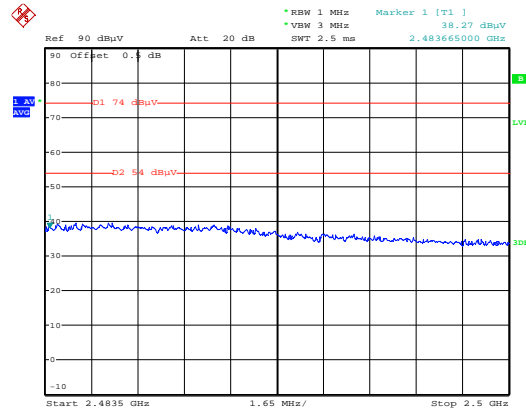
Lowest Channel(2 422 Mhz): Average



Highest Channel(2 452 Mhz): Peak



Highest Channel(2 452 Mhz): Average



\* offset = Factor (ANT Factor+ Amp Gain + Cable Loss) [dB]  
 = 0.5 dB (2 422 Mhz)  
 = 0.5 dB (2 452 Mhz)

## 5.6 Conducted Emission

### 5.6.1 Regulation

According to §15.207(a), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μH/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

| Frequency of emission (MHz) | Conducted limit (dBμV) |            |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------|
|                             | Quasi-peak             | Average    |
| 0.15 – 0.5                  | 66 to 56 *             | 56 to 46 * |
| 0.5 – 5                     | 56                     | 46         |
| 5 – 30                      | 60                     | 50         |

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

According to §15.107(a), for unintentional device, except for Class A digital devices, line conducted emission limits are the same as the above table.

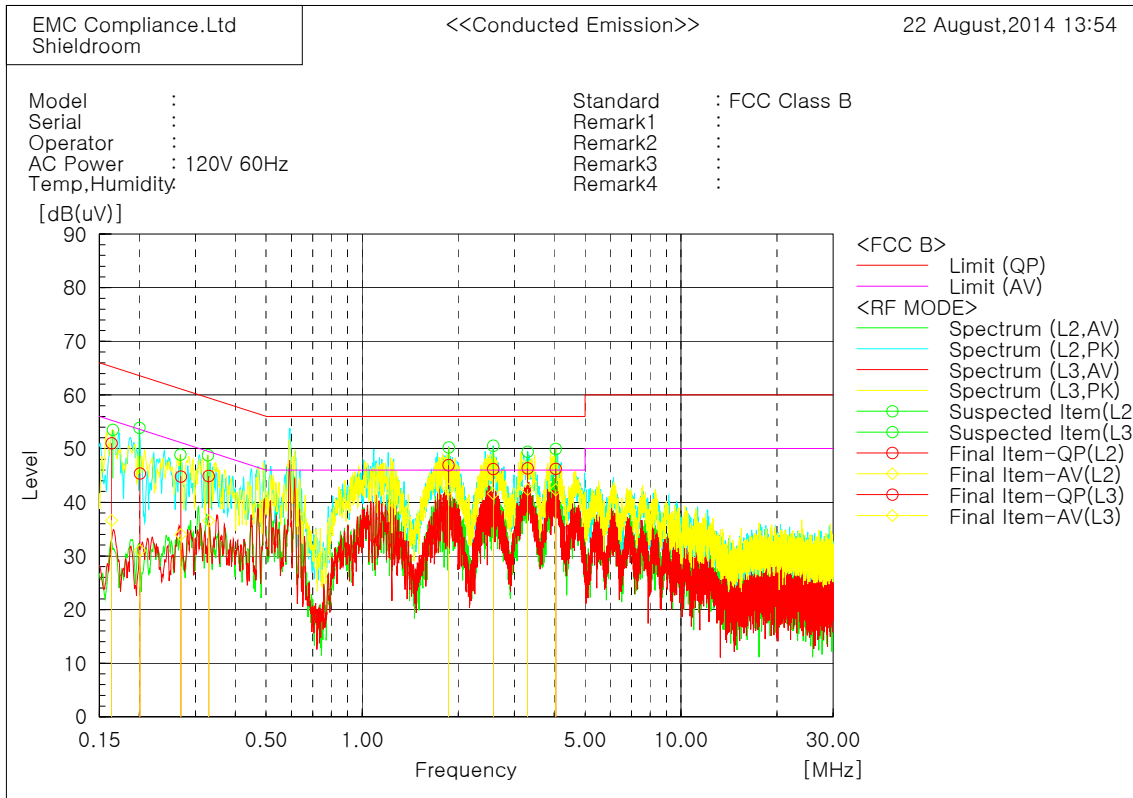
### 5.6.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1) The EUT was placed on a wooden table of size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm in which is located 40 cm away from the vertical wall and 1.5m away from the side wall of the shielded room.
- 2) Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord was individually connected through a 50 $\Omega$ /50 $\mu$ H LISN, which is an input transducer to a Spectrum Analyzer or an EMI/Field Intensity Meter, to the input power source.
- 3) Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that had the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable position, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that had produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit was selected for the final measurement.
- 4) The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment is the system) was then performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz.
- 5) The measurements were made with the detector set to PEAK amplitude within a bandwidth of 10 kHz or to QUASI-PEAK and AVERAGE within a bandwidth of 9 kHz. The EUT was in transmitting mode during the measurements.

5.6.3 Test Result

- Complied

\*Conducted worst-case data : 802.11g\_Lowest Channel (2 412 MHz)



Final Result

--- L2 Phase ---

| No. | Frequency [MHz] | Reading QP [dB(uV)] | Reading CAV [dB(uV)] | c.f [dB] | Result QP [dB(uV)] | Result CAV [dB(uV)] | Limit QP [dB(uV)] | Limit AV [dB(uV)] | Margin QP [dB] | Margin CAV [dB] |
|-----|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1   | 0.20096         | 34.9                | 20.5                 | 10.5     | 45.4               | 31.0                | 63.6              | 53.6              | 18.2           | 22.6            |
| 2   | 2.57574         | 35.9                | 31.3                 | 10.3     | 46.2               | 41.6                | 56.0              | 46.0              | 9.8            | 4.4             |
| 3   | 3.30446         | 35.9                | 32.0                 | 10.4     | 46.3               | 42.4                | 56.0              | 46.0              | 9.7            | 3.6             |

--- L3 Phase ---

| No. | Frequency [MHz] | Reading QP [dB(uV)] | Reading CAV [dB(uV)] | c.f [dB] | Result QP [dB(uV)] | Result CAV [dB(uV)] | Limit QP [dB(uV)] | Limit AV [dB(uV)] | Margin QP [dB] | Margin CAV [dB] |
|-----|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1   | 0.16384         | 40.7                | 26.3                 | 10.3     | 51.0               | 36.6                | 65.3              | 55.3              | 14.3           | 18.7            |
| 2   | 0.2699          | 34.6                | 23.8                 | 10.2     | 44.8               | 34.0                | 61.1              | 51.1              | 16.3           | 17.1            |
| 3   | 0.33029         | 34.5                | 26.1                 | 10.4     | 44.9               | 36.5                | 59.4              | 49.4              | 14.5           | 12.9            |
| 4   | 1.86495         | 36.7                | 32.2                 | 10.2     | 46.9               | 42.4                | 56.0              | 46.0              | 9.1            | 3.6             |
| 5   | 4.05121         | 35.8                | 32.0                 | 10.4     | 46.2               | 42.4                | 56.0              | 46.0              | 9.8            | 3.6             |



## 6. Test equipment used for test

|   | Description               | Manufacture                    | Model No.            | Serial No. | Next Cal Date. |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|------------|----------------|
| ■ | EMI Test Receiver         | R&S                            | ESCI                 | 100001     | 14.07.25       |
| ■ | LISN                      | R&S                            | ENV216               | 101352     | 14.10.04       |
| ■ | Signal Generator          | R&S                            | SMR40                | 100007     | 15.06.10       |
| ■ | Amplifier                 | Sonoma<br>Instrument           | 310N                 | 293004     | 14.10.31       |
| ■ | Spectrum Analyzer         | R&S                            | FSV40                | 100989     | 15.01.29       |
| ■ | Spectrum Analyzer         | R&S                            | FSP40                | 100209     | 14.10.21       |
| ■ | Broadband<br>Preamplifier | Schwarzbeck                    | BBV9718              | 233        | 15.03.21       |
| ■ | Broadband<br>Preamplifier | Schwarzbeck                    | BBV9721              | 2          | 15.05.09       |
| ■ | Loop Antenna              | R&S                            | HFH2-Z2              | 100355     | 15.06.19       |
| ■ | Bi-Log Antenna            | Schwarzbeck                    | VULB9163             | 552        | 16.05.14       |
| ■ | Horn Antenna              | ETS - Lindgren                 | 3115                 | 62589      | 14.11.11       |
| ■ | Horn Antenna              | ETS - Lindgren                 | 3116                 | 86635      | 15.02.26       |
| ■ | Attenuator                | HP                             | 8491A                | 16861      | 15.07.01       |
| ■ | Highpass Filter           | Wainwright<br>Instruments GmbH | WHKX3.0/<br>18G-12SS | 44         | 15.02.05       |
| ■ | Wideband Power<br>Sensor  | R&S                            | NRP-Z81              | 102398     | 14.11.25       |
| ■ | Antenna Mast              | Innco Systems                  | MA4000-EP            | 303        | -              |
| ■ | Turn Table                | Innco Systems                  | DT2000S-1t           | 79         | -              |