

**Produkte**  
*Products*

# **Appendix 5**

## **RF Exposure Information**

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**Maximum transmitter power:**

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum peak output power (dBm)	Output power (mW)
27.145	-36.83	0.002

**For FCC**

According to KDB 447498 D01:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$

for 1-g SAR and ≤7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

**Result:**

$$(0.002/5) \cdot \sqrt{0.027145} = 0.0006 < 3.0$$

**Conclusion:**

No SAR is required.

**For ISED**

According to table 1 in RSS-102 Issue 5, below exemption limit is applied

Frequency: 27.145MHz

At separation distance of ≤ 5mm

Exemption limits: 4mW

**Results:**

$$\text{Max. power of channel} = 0.002\text{mW} < 4\text{mW}$$

**Conclusion:**

The maximum peak output power of the transmitter is less than the SAR evaluation exemption threshold and hence it complies with the RSS-102 RF exposure requirement.