

Appendix 5

RF Exposure Information

Maximum transmitter power:

| Frequency (MHz) | Maximum peak output power (dBm) | Output power (mW) |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| 2410 | 3.8 | 2.383 |
| 2443 | 3.1 | 2.028 |
| 2475 | 4.7 | 2.932 |

For FCC

According to KDB 447498 D01:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

Result:

$$(2.383/5) \cdot \sqrt{2.410} = 0.74 < 3.0$$

$$(2.028/5) \cdot \sqrt{2.443} = 0.63 < 3.0$$

$$(2.932/5) \cdot \sqrt{2.475} = 0.92 < 3.0$$

Conclusion:

No SAR is required.