

FCC TEST REPORT

REPORT NO.: RF910819R02 **MODEL NO.:** VM4-3B

ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure IEEE C95.1

APPLICANT: Wistron NeWeb Corp.

ADDRESS: No. 10-1, Li-hsin Road I, Science-based Industrial Park, Hsinchu 300, Taiwan, R.O.C.

- **ISSUED BY:** Advance Data Technology Corporation
- **LAB LOCATION:** 47 14th Lin, Chiapau Tsun, Linko, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.



Lab Code: 200102-0



RF Exposure Measurement

1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in ADT, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

2. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Average Time	
Range	Strength (V/m)	Strength (A/m)	(mW/cm ²)	(minutes)	
(MHz)					
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures					
300-1500			F/300	6	
1500-100,000			5	6	
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure					
300-1500			F/1500	6	
1500-100,000			1.0	30	

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

F = Frequency in MHz



3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : Pd = (Pout*G) / $(4*pi*r^2)$

where Pd = power density in mW/cm² Pout = output power to antenna in mW G = gain of antenna in linear scale Pi = 3.1416 R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm². If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

Ref. : David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition, Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

4 EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

5 Climate Condition

The temperature and related humidity: 20 deg. C and 63 % RH

6. Classification

This device is not fixed inside the host equipment, it is connected with host through wire. So it is easy to be re-located in the place where at least 20 cm far away from the body of the user. Warning statement to the user for keeping at least 20cm or more separation distance with the antenna should be included in users manual. So, this device is classified as **Mobile Device**.



7 Test Results

7.1 Antenna Gain

The maximum Gain measured in Fully Anechoic Chamber are 2.7dBi or 1.86(numeric) for 5GHz and 2.5dBi or 1.78(numeric) for 2.4GHz.

7.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure Distance :

For Part 802.11b:

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	OUTPUT POWER TO ANTENNA (mW)	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE DISTANCE (r) FROM SKIN (Centi-Meter)
1	2412	39.08	2.35
6	2437	37.84	2.31
11	2462	38.90	2.35

For Part 802.11a:

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	OUTPUT POWER TO ANTENNA (mW)	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE DISTANCE (r) FROM SKIN (Centi-Meter)
1	5180	20.99	1.76
4	5240	23.55	1.87
5	5260	23.99	1.89
8	5320	24.83	1.92
9	5745	14.42	1.46
12	5805	21.28	1.78

Turbo Mode:

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	OUTPUT POWER TO ANTENNA (mW)	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE DISTANCE (r) FROM SKIN (Centi-Meter)
1	5210	16.94	1.58
2	5250	15.85	1.53
3	5290	15.24	1.50
4	5760	12.25	1.35
5	5800	16.37	1.56

The minimum allowable distance is very close to the enclosure of the antenna. So, the user has no need to worry about the harmfulness of radiation. But it is recommended to always keep, at least, 20 cm separation distance with the antenna.