PCIe 802.11n WiFi Module

WNC

User Manual (DNXA-H1)

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Copyright Statement

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Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

This device is intended only for OEM integrators under the following conditions:

- 1) The antenna must be installed such that 20 cm is maintained between the antenna and users, and
- 2) The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna,
- 3) For all products market in US, OEM has to limit the operation channels in CH1 to CH11 for 2.4G band by supplied firmware programming tool. OEM shall not supply any tool or info to the end-user regarding to Regulatory Domain change.

As long as 3 conditions above are met, further <u>transmitter</u> test will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed.

IMPORTANT NOTE: In the event that these conditions can not be met (for example certain laptop configurations or co-location with another transmitter), then the FCC authorization is no longer considered valid and the FCC ID can not be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization.

End Product Labeling

This transmitter module is authorized only for use in device where the antenna may be installed such that 20 cm may be maintained between the antenna and users. The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following: "Contains FCC ID: NKR- DNXAH1".

Manual Information To the End User

The OEM integrator has to be aware not to provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product which integrates this module.

The end user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warning as show in this manual.

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1. Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the PCIe 802.11n WiFi Module that provides the easiest way to wireless networking. This User Manual contains detailed instructions in the operation of this product. Please keep this manual for future reference.

1.1 System Requirements

- A laptop PC contains:
 - 32 MB memory or greater
 - 300 MHz processor or higher
- Microsoft[®] Win[™]2000/ME/98 Second Edition/XP

1.2 Features

- Mini-PCI adapter, half size design
- IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n compatible: allowing inter-operation among multiple vendors
- Support Atheros Super A/GTM Mode
- Provide seamless roaming within the IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n WLAN infrastructure
- Site survey function

2. Driver/Utility Installation / Uninstallation

2.1 Installation

Note! The Installation Section in this User Manual describes the first-time installation for Windows. To re-install the driver, please first uninstall the previously installed driver. See Chapter 2.3 "Uninstallation" in this User Manual.

Follow the steps below to complete the driver/utility installation:

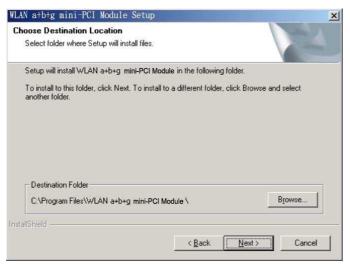
- 1. Insert the Installation Software CD into the CD-Rom Drive.
- 2. Click "Next".

WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Modul	e Setup
	Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Module The InstallShieldR Wizard will install WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Module on your computer. To continue, click Next.
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>Next></u> Cancel

3. Read the License Agreement and click "Yes".

WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Module Setup
License Agreement Please read the following license agreement carefully.
Press the PAGE DOWN key to see the rest of the agreement.
All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, transmitted, transcribed, stored in a retrieval system, or translated into any language or computer language, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, magnetic, optical, chemical, manual or otherwise, without the prior written permission of this company
InstallShield

4. Click "Next" to continue or click "Browse" to choose a destination folder.



5. Click "Next".

AN a+b+g mini-PCI Module Setu	up	
Select Program Folder		A start of
Please select a program folder.		1
Setup will add program icons to the Pro name, or select one from the existing for		ype a new folder
Program Folders:		
WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Module		
Fuinting Faldered		
Existing Folders: ACD Systems		
Lotus Applications		
allShield		
	< Back Next >	Cancel
	Cont Hours	

6. Click **"Yes"** to create a shortcut icon on your desktop.

Question		×
?	Do you want to add a \mathbb{WLAN} a+b+g mini-PCI Module shortcut to your deskto	p?
	Yes No	

7. Click "Finish".

WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Modu	Le Setup InstallShield Wizard Complete Setup has finished installing WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Module on your computer.
	< Back Finish Cancel

8. You should now see a shortcut icon on your desktop.

2.2 Additional Setup Processes

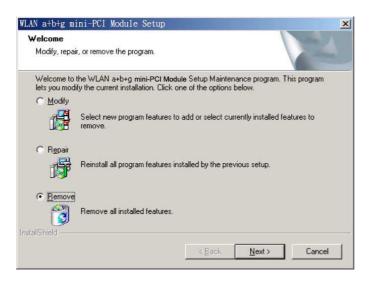
During software installation procedure, each operating system may prompt different specific options:

- 1. **Windows 98SE:** The system will request the original Windows CD during the installation process. When the installation is finished, you'll have to restart your computer.
- 2. Windows Me: Please restart your computer when the installation is finished.
- 3. **Windows 2000/XP:** Select "Install the software automatically" when the window with this option appears, and then click "Next" to continue installation.

2.3 Uninstallation

Note! Before uninstallation, please close all running programs.

- 1. Click <u>Start>Programs>WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Module >UnInstall WLAN a+b+g</u> <u>mini-PCI Module</u>.
- 2. Choose "Remove". Click "Next".



3. Click "OK" to start Uninstall.



4. Click "Finish". Uninstall is now completed.

WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Modul	e Setup
	Maintenance Complete InstallShield Wizard has finished performing maintenance operations on WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Module .
	< Back Finish Cancel

3. Connecting to an Existing Network

1. Double click the shortcut icon of WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Module on the desktop, and the Configuration window appears.

Profile List		New Modify Delete Apply		Configuration Name Network Name Network Connection WEP	Default AP(Infrastructure) Disabled AP(Infrastructure) None 3 1 Mbps 24%	
Network Name	Connection Mode	Channel	WEP	Signal Strength	Network Connection	
	Pre	ss Refresh bu	utton to initi	ate site survey process		

2. Click on the **Refresh** button Prefresh to list all available networks.

						More
Profile List				Information List	Detail List	
Frome List			CÎI 🖂	Selected Profile Information	1	
Default	1 20	New		 Configuration Name 	Default	
Control Control		INCOV		 Network Name 		
	1723			 Network Connection 	AP(Infrastructure)	
		Modify	search of the	= WEP	Disabled	
	1000		日點	Link Information		
	m	Delete		 Network Name 	WN	
				 Network Connection 	AP(Infrastructure)	
				 Network Connection Security 	AP(Infrastructure) None	
		Apply				
Enable Smar	t Selection	Apply		 Security 	None	
Enable Smar	t Selection	Apply		SecurityChannel	None 5	
Enable Smar	t Selection	Apply		 Security Channel Transmission Rate 	None 5 1 Mbps	
wailable Networks	t Selection	Apply		 Security Channel Transmission Rate 	None 5 1 Mbps	_
vailable Networks Network Name	Connection Mode		Enable	 Security Channel Transmission Rate Signal Strength 	None 5 1 Mbps 36%	
wailable Networks	Connection Mode	Channel	1000000	Security Channel Transmission Rate Signal Strength Signal Strength	None 5 1 Mbps 36%	_
vailable Networks Network Name	Connection Mode	Channel	Enable	Security Channel Transmission Rate Signal Strength Signal Strength G255	None 5 1 Mbps 36% Network Connection	
Available Networks Network Name NC50	Connection Mode B B	Channel 6	Enable Disable	Security Channel Transmission Rate Signal Strength Signal Strengt	None 5 1 Mbps 36% Network Connection Infrastucture	
Available Networks Network Name NC50 NC50 NC50	Connection Mode B B B	Channel 6 5 2	Enable [Disable [Enable [Security Channel Transmission Rate Signal Strength Signal Strength G226 36% 31%	None 5 1 Mbps 36% Network Connection Infrastucture Infrastucture	

Note! To automatically connect to the network with the strongest signal, select **Enable Smart Selection**. **Any** displays in Profile List.

3. From the list of "Available Networks", choose one network by double clicking the **Network Name**. One of the following dialog boxes appears. Click "**Yes**" to continue.

Connection wizard	×	Connection wizard	×
Network name (SSID) : WN This is a wireless access point. To access this network, click Yes.		Network name (SSID) :NC60 This is a wireless access point. This network requires the use of a network key (WEP). To access this network, click Yes.	
Yes Cancel Don't show this wizard next time.		Yes Cancel Don't show this wizard next time.	

4. If the chosen network has security enabled, the **Security** tab displays. Select the security option used by the network. Contact the network administrator for the correct settings.

onfiguration Setting	Jacomon I. J		
Profile Editor Security	ICP/IP Property		
Set Security Optic	ons		
C WPA	WPA EAP Type	TLS	¥
C WPA-PSK			
O 802.1x	802.1x EAP Type	TLS	
C Pre-Shared	ГКеу		
None			
Config	jure		
12			
	-11 11	-	1
	OK	Cancel	Apply

5. If selecting **WPA** or **802.1X**, select the EAP type, then click on the **Configure** button to select the certificate.

James [Issued: 2002/10/24]	
Use Any Certificate Authority	C Choose a Certificate Authority
CW HKT SecureNet CA SGC Root	×
lames	

6. If selecting **WPA-PSK**, click on the **Configure** button to enter the PassPhrase.



- 7. If selecting **Pre-Shared Key**, click on the **Configure** button to enter the correct Encryption Keys.
 - Key entry method:
 - a.10hex digits: User must enter 10 hexadecimal digits.
 - The hexadecimal define is "0-9" and "A-F".
 - ex: 123456abc
 - b.5 chars: User must enter 5 characters. ex: ab3#@
 - c.13 chars: User must enter 13 characters. ex: ab3#@kf08&kdk
 - ex. a03#@k108&kuk
 - d.16 chars: User must enter 16 characters.

ex: ab3#@kf08&kdk456

For WEP key, please contact with MIS administrator.

Encryption Keys (H	lex 0-9 A-F)			
		Key Le	ngth	
Unique Key:		64 (40+24)	10 hex digits	•
Shared				
First:		64 (40+24)	10 hex digits	•
Second:		64 (40+24)	10 hex digits	-
Third:		64 (40+24)	10 hex digits	•
Fourth:		64 (40+24)	10 hex digits	•
First Key: Column	1, Length 0			

- 8. Click on **OK** (or **Apply** if using the other tabs) when done to save the settings.
- 9. Once connected (the icon 😵 or 😵 in front of the name of the Connected Network), you can check the signal strength from the icon 🖼 in the Windows System Tray.

Additional Note for Windows XP

In Windows XP, it is recommended that you use the WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Module Configuration Utility. Before using the Utility, please follow the steps below to disable the Windows XP Zero Configuration:

Option 1:

- 1. Double click the shortcut icon to open the Utility.
- 2. From the Windows System Tray, you should see the signal icon. Right-click it and select "Disable Zero-Configuration".



Option 2:

- 1. Go to "Control Panel" and double click "Network Connections".
- Right-click "Wireless Network Connection" of "WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Module", and select "Properties".



3. Select "Wireless Networks" tab, and uncheck the check box of "Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings", and then click "OK".

Acced	able netwo	22	e my wireles:	s networ	k settings
		200000	e network, cli	ck Confi	gure.
4	NC60			~	Configure
4	NC datacomF	PM		~	Refresh
Autor			vailable:net#	ooks in t	he order listed
1.000	natically c		vailable netv	vorks in t	he order listed Move up
Autor	natically c		vailable netv	vorks in t	
Autor	natically c			vorks in t	Move up Move down

4. Creating an Ad Hoc New Network

Profile List Information List Detail List Default Configuration Name Default Configuration Name Default Configuration Name Default Network Name Security None Signal Strength Network Connection Available Networks Network Name Connection Mode Channel Signal Strength Network Connection NC50 B Disable Signal Strength Infrastucture Infrastucture NC50 B Enable Signal Strength Infrastucture Infrastucture NC50 B Enable Signal Strength Infrastucture Infrastucture NC50 B Enable Signal Strength Infrastucture Infrastucture Infrastucture Infrastucture Infrastucture Infrastucture		-PCI Module Configur N Configuration D.2.11a/b/g	Sugar Contraction	and a start		and an output of	Mc
Perfault New Image: Selected Profile Information Default Configuration Name Default Image: Network Name Output Image: Network Name Network Connection Image: Network Name Network Name Image: Network Name Security None Security None Signal Strength Network Name Connection Mode NCS0 B 6 Image: NCS0 B 2 Image: NCS0 B 2 NCS0 B 4 Image: NCS0 B 4 <th>Drofile List</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Information List</th> <th>Detail List</th> <th></th>	Drofile List				Information List	Detail List	
Perfault New Network Name Default Network Name Network Name Network Name Network Connection Apply Network Name Enable Smart Selection Apply Network Name VW Network Name VM Network Connection Apply Network Name VM Network Name Security Noco B 6 NCSU B 2 NCSU B 30% Nofrastucture 30%	- Profile List			e fe	Selected Profile Information		
Network Name Network Name Network Connection AP(Infrastructure) WeP Disabled Network Name Network Name Network Name Network Name Network Name Security None Signal Strength Network Connection Network Connection Network Name Network Name Signal Strength Network Connection Network Name Signal Strength Network Connection Network Name Signal Strength Network Connection Network Connection Network Connection Network Name Signal Strength Network Connection Network Network Connection Network Netw	Default		Now	- 5/	 Configuration Name 	Default	
Image: Second Secon	Contraction of the second		INEW		 Network Name 		
Image: Signal Strength Network Connection Available Networks Metwork Name Connection Mode Channel 5 Transmission Rate 1 Mbps Signal Strength 36%		121			 Network Connection 	AP(Infrastructure)	
			Modify	10000	= WEP	Disabled	
Apply A		1000		8			
			Delete				
Image: Second		1.2	Same				
Available Networks Signal Strength Network Connection Mode NCS0 B 6 Enable 62% Infrastructure NCS0 B 2 Enable 36% NCS0 B 2 Enable 36% NCS0 B 2 Enable 36% NCS0 B 2 Enable 31% NCS0 B 4 Enable 30%	Enable Smart	Selection	Abbil				
Available Networks Network Name Connection Mode Channel WEP Signal Strength Network Connection NC50 B 6 Enable 62% Infrastucture NC50 B 2 Enable 36% Infrastucture NC50 B 2 Enable 31% Infrastucture NC50 B 4 Enable 30% Infrastucture		- Oelection					
Network Name Connection Mode Channel WEP Signal Strength Network Connection NC50 B 6 Enable 62% Infrastucture NC50 B 2 Enable 36% Infrastucture NC50 B 2 Enable 31% Infrastucture NC50 B 4 Enable 30% Infrastucture					 Signal Strength 	36%	
NC50 B 6 Enable 62% Infrastucture NC B 5 Disable 36% Infrastucture NC50 B 2 Enable 31% Infrastucture NC50 B 4 Enable 30% Infrastucture							
NC B S Disable 36% Infrastucture NC50 B 2 Enable 31% Infrastucture NC50 B 4 Enable 30% Infrastucture	Available Networks	Connection Mode	Channel	WEP	Signal Strength	Network Connection	
NC50 B 2 Enable 31% Infrastucture NC50 B 4 Enable 30% Infrastucture		Connection would				lefrectucture	
NC50 B 4 Enable 30% Infrastucture	Network Name		6	Enable	62%		
	Network Name	B	16	1011000000000000	62%	20000000000000000000000000000000000000	
KC B 3 Disable 24% Infrastucture	Network Name NC50	B	5	Disable		Intrastucture	
	Network Name	B B	2	Disable Enable	31%	Infrastucture	
Double click a "Network Name" to connect to an available network.	Network Name NC50 NC NC50 NC50 NC50 NC50	B B B B	2 4	Disable Enable Enable	31%	Infrastucture Infrastucture Infrastucture	

2. Select the "Profile Editor" tab.

nfiguration Setting Profile Editor Security TC	P/IP Property
Profile Items	Content
Configuration Name	Default
Network Name(SSID1)	
Network Name(SSID2)	
Network Name(SSID3)	
Network Connection	Ad Hoc 💌
Power Saving	AP(leftestructure)
Wireless Mode	
Ad Hoc Net Start	802.11a
802.11b Range	Normal Range
Scan Mode	Auto
Transmit Power	Full Power
QoS	Disabled
Country	UNITED_STATES
2.4 GHz Preamble	Long only
I▼ Enable Advanced Settin	ng Default
	OK Cancel Apply

- 3. Choose the check box of **Enable Advanced Setting** to edit all settings.
- 4. If joining or creating an Ad-Hoc network, choose Ad Hoc.
- 5. If the correct country is not selected, select the country where the computer is located.

ALERT! Different countries have different regulations that affect which channels can be used. You should always choose the country where you are physically located to avoid using an illegal channel.

- Click OK (or Apply if using the other tabs) to save the settings.
 For details of each setting, refer to Modifying a Wireless Network on page 20.
- 7. Click the **Security** tab. If not using security, select **None**.

VVPA	WPA EAP Type	TLS	Ý
802.1x	802.1x EAP Type	TLS	×
Pre-Shared Ke	зу		
Configure	9		

8. If security is used, select **Pre-Shared Key** and click on the **Configure** button.

9. Enter an encryption key in the **Shared: First** field.

	Default Encryption Key:		*
		1	1
Encryption Keys (H	lex 0-9 A-F)		
		Key Length	
Unique Key:		64 (40+24) 10 hex o	ligits 💌
Shared			
First		64 (40+24) 10 hex	digits 💌
Second:		64 (40+24) 10 hex	digits 💌
Third:		64 (40+24) 10 hex	digits 💌
Fourth:		64 (40+24) 10 hex	digits 💌
First Key: Column	1, Length 0		

10. Click **OK** (or **Apply** if using the other tabs) to save the settings. The new **Network Name** is listed in the **Profile List**.

The driver does not allow channel selection in Ad-Hoc mode. Instead, the driver starts with an initial channel then checks channel status. If the channel is busy, the driver automatically uses a different channel.

For details of each setting, please see chapter 5.

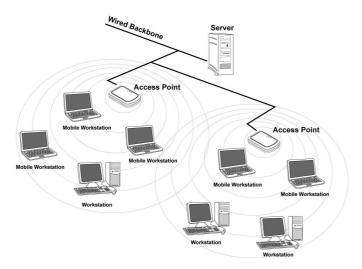
5. Modifying a Wireless Network

5.1 Infrastructure Mode and Ad Hoc Mode

You can set the Wireless Network Adapter to work in either **Infrastructure mode** or **Ad Hoc mode**.

Infrastructure Mode

In infrastructure mode, devices communicate with each other by first going through an Access Point (AP). Wireless devices can communicate with each other or can communicate with a wired network. When one AP is connected to wired network and a set of wireless stations, it is referred to as a BSS (Basic Service Set).



Ad Hoc Mode

Ad-hoc mode is also called "peer-to-peer mode" or "Independent Basic Service Set (IBSS)". In ad hoc mode, devices communicate directly with each other without using an Access Point (AP).



5.2 Modifying a Wireless Network

- 1. Open "WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Module Configuration" by double clicking the shortcut icon on the desktop.
 - **Note!** If there's no network name listed in the "Profile List", click **Refresh** button and double click a Network Name from **Available Networks**. The chosen Network Name is listed in the Profile List.

Modify

2. From the Profile List, select one Profile and click **Modify** button

		JAN N			12-13
Profile List			E ID	Information List Selected Profile Information	Detail List
1234 Default		New Modify	□ %	Configuration Name Network Name Network Connection WEP Link Information	NC NC AP(Infrastructure) Disabled
Enable Smart	Selection	Delete Apply		Network Name Network Connection Security Channel Transmission Rate Signal Strength	1234 AP(Infrastructure) None 1 1 Mbps 20%
vailable Networks		Apply		Network Connection Security Channel Transmission Rate Signal Strength	AP(Infrastructure) None 1 1 Mlops 20%
vailable Networks Network Name	Connection Mode	Apply	WEP	Network Connection Security Channel Transmission Rate Signal Strength Signal Strength	AP(Infrastructure) None 1 1 Mbps 20% Network Connection
vailable Networks Network Name	Connection Mode	Apply Channel 5	Disable [Network Connection Security Channel Transmission Rate Signal Strength Signal Strength 37%	AP(Infrastructure) None 1 1 Mbps 20%
vailable Networks Network Name NC NC50	Connection Mode B B	Apply	Disable [Enable [Network Connection Security Channel Transmission Rate Signal Strength Signal Strength 37% 36%	AP(Infrastructure) None 1 Mitps 20%
vailable Networks Network Name	Connection Mode	Apply Channel 5	Disable [Network Connection Security Channel Transmission Rate Signal Strength Signal Strength 37%	AP(Infrastructure) None 1 1 Mbps 20%

3. Select **Profile Editor** tab and edit the settings. Click **OK** to save the modifications.

Configuration Setti Profile Editor	ng Security TCP/IF	Prope	erty			×
Profile	Homo		• •	Content		-
Configuration		efault		Content		·
Network Nam		crauit				
Network Nan						
Network Nam						
Network Con		P(Infre	astructure)			
Power Savin	g N	lormal	· · ·			
Wireless Mod	ie A	luto				
Ad Hoc Net S	Start 8	02.11a	3			
802.11b Ran	ge N	lormal	Range			
Scan Mode	β	Nuto				
Transmit Pov	ver F	ull Pov	ver			
QoS	C	isable	d			
Country	L	INITED.	_STATES			
2.4 GHz Prea	amble S	hort a	nd Long			
, I▼ Enable Adv	vanced Setting			[Default	
			ОК	Cancel	Apply	

- **Configuration Name:** This name identifies the configuration. This name should be unique.
- Network Name (SSID1) (SSID2) (SSID3): The name of the wireless network. This name cannot be longer than 32 characters. If the field is set to be "ANY" or is left blank, your computer will connect to an AP with the best signal strength.
- Network Connection: Specifies the mode of the network. Two options are "Infrastructure" and "Ad Hoc".
- Power Saving: Minimizes power consumption while maintaining network connectivity and high data transfer performance. In Ad Hoc mode, Power Savings function cannot be enabled. The power management options are:
 - Off: PC Card is powered up at all times.
 - Normal: PC Card sleeps less often and stays asleep for a shorter period.
 - **Maximum**: PC Card sleeps more frequently and stays asleep as much as possible.
- Wireless Mode: Three options are "802.11b", "802.11a", "802.11g",

"Super A", "Super G" or "Auto". "Auto" allows the use of either 802.11a, 802.11g or 802.11b mode.

- Ad Hoc Net Start: Specifies a band to establish an Ad Hoc network if no matching SSID is found. Four options are available: 802.11b, 802.11a, 802.11aTurbo and 802.11g.
- 802.11b Range: Options are Normal Range and Extended Range. This function can let user to determine the transfer range in 802.11b mode. Extended Range can prolong the transfer range with a lower data transmitting rate.
- Scan Mode: Options are Active Scan, Passive Scan and Auto. In Active Scan, the driver sends out the probe request frames from each channel and collects the response frames from the responding. In Passive Scan, the driver scan each requested channel, listening the beacons on each channel.
- **Transmit Power:** This setting allows you to change the output power of the PC Card to increase or decrease the coverage area.
- QoS: Disables or enables the PC Card to cooperate in a network using QoS (Quality of Service).
- Country: Select the country where this PC Card will operate.
 ALERT! Different countries have different regulations that affect which channels can be used. You should always choose the country where you are physically located to avoid using an illegal channel.
- 2.4 GHz Preamble: Allows Ad-Hoc compatibility with other 2.4 GHz devices. Two options are Short and Long and Long only. Use Long Only when configuring the client for an 802.11b RoamAbout AP wireless network.

4. Select **Security** tab and choose the security mode.

Note! *Check with your Network Administrator for the security features supported by your AP.*

Profile Editor Security	TCDAD Desearty		
Set Security Optio			
C WPA		TLS	<u>×</u>
C WPA-PSK	802.1× EAP Type	TLS	<u> </u>
C Pre-Shared	Кеу		
Config	ure		
			2011

- WPA: Enables the use of WiFi protected Access (WPA). This option requires IT administration.
 - **a)** Select **WPA** to open the WPA EAP drop-down menu. The options includes TLS and PEAP.
 - **b)** Click on the **Configure** button and complete the configuration information in the Define Certificate dialog.
- WPA-PSK: Enables the WPA-Pre Shared Key (PSK). Click on the Configure button and complete the configuration information in the WPA Passphrase dialog.
- **802.1x:** Enables 802.1x security. This option requires IT administration.
 - **a)** Select **802.1x** to open the 802.1x EAP drop-down menu. The options include TLS and PEAP.
 - **b)** Click on the **Configure** button and complete the configuration information in the Define Certificate dialog.

- Pre-Shared Key: Enables the use of pre-shared keys that are defined on the AP and the station.
 - a) Select the Pre-Shared Key radio button.
 - **b)** Click on the **Configure** button and complete the configuration information in the Define Certificate dialog.
- **None:** No security.
- 5. Define the Certificate.

James [Issued: 2002/10/24]	
Mines [188464. 2002/10/24]	
Use Any Certificate Authority	C Choose a Certificate Authority
CW HKT SecureNet CA SGC Root	Y
lames	

- Select a Certificate: Select the Certificate to Authenticate to the RADIUS server from the drop-down menu.
- Use any Certificate Authority: The Default Setting. Select this radio button to use any Certificate Authority (CA) for authentication.
- **Choose a Certificate Authority:** Select this radio button to choose the desired Certificate Authority for authentication from the drop-down menu.
- Server/Domain Name: The the RADIUS server name or the domain name used for the network access.
- **Login Name:** The username used to log into the server or domain.
- Define User Information (PEAP): Click on the Define User Information button and complete the configuration information in the Define User Information dialog.

- 6. If selecting **WPA-PSK**, click on the **Configure** button to enter the PassPhrase. The PassPhrase must be a minimum of 8 printable ASCII characters. The PassPhrase should be at least 20 characters to make it more difficult for an attacker to decipher the key.
- 7. If selecting **Pre-Shared Key**, click on the **Configure** button to enter the Encryption Keys.When finished, click **OK**. For WEP key, please contact with MIS administrator.

Encryption Keys (F	lex Π.9 Δ.F)				
cherifenen note (i	(XCC111)		Key Le	ngth	
Unique Key:		64 ((40+24)	10 hex digits	•
Shared					
First:		64	(40+24)	10 hex digits	•
Second:		64	(40+24)	10 hex digits	•
Third:		64	(40+24)	10 hex digits	•
Fourth:		64	(40+24)	10 hex digits	•
First Key: Column	1, Length 0				

- Key Entry Method: Determines the entry method for the key. Hexadecimal (0-9, A-F) or ASCII text (all keyboard characters).
- Default Encryption Key: Allows you to choose one encryption key (First, Second, Third, or Fourth) as the transmit key, which encrypts transmissions from the PC Card.
- Unique Key: Defines the per-session encryption key for the current network configuration. Not used in Ad-Hoc mode.
- Shared Keys: Use these fields to enter the wireless network's encryption keys. The keys must be in the correct position (First, Second, Third, or Fourth).
- Key Length: Defines the length of each encryption key.
 o For 40/64 bit (enter 10 digits for hexadecimal or 5 characters for ASCII)
 o For 104/128 bit (Enter 26 digits for hexadecimal or 13 characters for ASCII)

When the length is changed, the number of available characters in the field automatically changes. If a previously entered key is too long, the key is automatically truncated to fit. If the key length is increased again, the key does not update to the previous value.

- 8. Click **OK** to save the settings.
- 9. Select "TCP/IP Property" tab. Enter the settings and click "OK" to save the settings.

Profile Editor	Security Setting	TCP/IP Prope	rty					
capabilit	get IP settings as y. Otherwise, you ate IP settings							
C Obte	ain an IP address a	automatically						
⊢ ি Use	the following IP a	dress						1
IP	address :			89	-	164 164		
s	ubnet mask :			.				
D	efault gateway:			39 4	¥	3 9		
C Obt	ain DNS server ad	dress automat	ically					
Use	the following DNS	server addres	s					1
Pi	referred DNS serv	er:		- 14	90		-	
А	lternate DNS serv	er:	Г	59	90	99		

- If the network uses DHCP server, choose **Obtain an IP address automatically**.
- If the network does not use DHCP server, choose Use the following IP address to set the relative settings. For the IP configuration information, please contact the network administrator.

5.3 Default Settings Windows XP Zero-Configuration

You may also choose the default parameters and directly proceed to Windows XP zero-configuration through the steps below:

- 1. Go to "Control Panel" and open "Network Connections".
- 2. Right-click the Wireless Network Connection of "WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Module", and make sure this connection is **Enabled**.
- 3. Right-click the Wireless Network Connection of "WLAN a+b+g mini-PCI Module", and then click "Properties".
- 4. Select "Wireless Networks" tab and select "Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings" check box.
- **Note!** Clear the check box of "Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings" will disable automatic wireless network configuration.

5.4 Super A/G Setting

The Super A/G features do not require station configuration as the command are handled during auto-negotiation.

- 1. User can double click the AP that set in Super A/G mode in the site survey list, the configuration tool would auto connect to that AP.
- 2. User can manually create a new profile, and then modify the profile setting by changing the "wireless Mode" to "Super A" or "Super G".

Appendix A: FAQ about WLAN

1. Can I run an application from a remote computer over the wireless network? This will depend on whether or not the application is designed to be used over a network. Consult the application's user guide to determine whether it supports operation over a network.

2. Can I play computer games with other members of the wireless network? Yes, as long as the game supports multiple players over a LAN (local area network). Refer to the game's user guide for more information.

3. What is Spread Spectrum?

Spread Spectrum technology is a wideband radio frequency technique developed by the military for use in reliable, secure, mission-critical communications systems. It is designed to trade off bandwidth efficiency for reliability, integrity, and security. In other words, more bandwidth is consumed than in the case of narrowband transmission, but the trade-off produces a signal that is, in effect, louder and thus easier to detect, provided that the receiver knows the parameters of the spread-spectrum signal being broadcast. If a receiver is not tuned to the right frequency, a spread-spectrum signal looks like background noise. There are two main alternatives, Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) and Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS).

4. What is DSSS? What is FHSS? And what are their differences?

Frequency-Hopping Spread-Spectrum (FHSS) uses a narrowband carrier that changes frequency in a pattern that is known to both transmitter and receiver. Properly synchronized, the net effect is to maintain a single logical channel. To an unintended receiver, FHSS appears to be short-duration impulse noise. Direct-Sequence Spread-Spectrum (DSSS) generates a redundant bit pattern for each bit to be transmitted. This bit pattern is called a chip (or chipping code). The longer the chip, the greater the probability that the original data can be recovered. Even if one or more bits in the chip are damaged during transmission, statistical techniques embedded in the radio can recover the original data without the need for retransmission. To an unintended receiver, DSSS appears as low power wideband noise and is rejected (ignored) by most narrowband receivers.

5. Would the information be intercepted while transmitting on air? WLAN features two-fold protection in security. On the hardware side, as with Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum technology, it has the inherent security feature of scrambling. On the software side, WLAN offers the encryption function (WEP) to enhance security and access control.

6. What is WEP?

WEP is Wired Equivalent Privacy, a data privacy mechanism based on a 64-bit or 128-bit shared key algorithm, as described in the IEEE 802.11 standard.

7. What is infrastructure mode?

When a wireless network is set to infrastructure mode, the wireless network is configured to communicate with a wired network through a wireless access point.

8. What is roaming?

Roaming is the ability of a portable computer user to communicate continuously while moving freely throughout an area greater than that covered by a single access point. Before using the roaming function, the workstation must make sure that it is the same channel number with the access point of dedicated coverage area.

To achieve true seamless connectivity, the wireless LAN must incorporate a number of different functions. Each node and access point, for example, must always acknowledge receipt of each message. Each node must maintain contact with the wireless network even when not actually transmitting data. Achieving these functions simultaneously requires a dynamic RF networking technology that links access points and nodes. In such a system, the user's end node undertakes a search for the best possible access to the system. First, it evaluates such factors as signal strength and quality, as well as the message load currently being carried by each access point and the distance of each access point to the wired backbone. Based on that information, the node next selects the right access point and registers its address. Communications between end node and host computer can then be transmitted up and down the backbone. As the user moves on, the end node's RF transmitter regularly checks the system to determine whether it is in touch with the original access point or whether it should seek a new one. When a node no longer receives acknowledgment from its original access point, it undertakes a new search. Upon finding a new access point, it then re-registers, and the communication process continues.