

Report No. : FZ671331

Project No: CB10508247

FCC DFS Test Report

Equipment	: 802.11 abgn + BT module
Brand Name	: WNC
Model No.	: DHUR-W32
FCC ID	: NKR-DHURW32
Standard	: 47 CFR FCC Part 15.407
Frequency Range	: 5250 MHz – 5350 MHz 5470 MHz – 5725 MHz
Applicant	: Wistron NeWeb Corporation 20 Park Avenue II, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu 308,Taiwan,R.O.C.
Manufacturer	: Wistron NeWeb Corporation 20 Park Avenue II, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu 308,Taiwan,R.O.C.
Operate Mode	: Client without radar detection

The product sample received on Jul. 13, 2016 and completely tested on Aug. 04, 2016. We, SPORTON, would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures given in FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02 and shown compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Cliff Chang

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Summary of Test Result

	Conformance Test Specifications							
Report Clause	Ref Sto Clause	Description	Limit	Result				
3.3	FCC KDB 905462 7.8.3	DFS: In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time (CMT)	CMT ≤ 10sec	Complied				
3.3 FCC KDB 905462 7.8.3 3.3 FCC KDB 905462 7.8.3		DFS: In-Service Monitoring for Channel Closing Transmission Time (CCTT)	CCTT ≤ 60 ms starting at CMT 200ms	Complied				
		DFS: In-Service Monitoring for Non-Occupancy Period (NOP)	NOP ≥ 30 min	Complied				

Note: Since the product is client without radar detection function, only Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time and Non-Occupancy Period are required to perform.



Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FZ671331	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 12, 2017



1 General Description

1.1 Information

1.1.1 **RF General Information**

Specification Items	Dese	cription	
Product Type	WLAN (2TX, 2RX)		
Radio Type	Intentional Transceiver		
Power Type	From host system		
Modulation	IEEE 802.11a: OFDM (BPSK / QP	SK / 16QAM / 64QAM)	
	IEEE 802.11n: see the below table	2	
Data Rate (Mbps)	IEEE 802.11a: OFDM (6/9/12/18/2	24/36/48/54)	
	IEEE 802.11n: see the below table)	
Channel Bandwidth	20/40 MHz operating channel ban	dwidth	
	Master		
Operating Mode	Client with radar detection		
	Client without radar detection		
Communication Mode	IP Based (Load Based)	Frame Based	
TPC Function	With TPC	Without TPC	
Weather Band (5600~5650MHz)	With 5600~5650MHz Without 5600~5650MHz		
Max. Con. Power (DFS band)	Band 2:		
	IEEE 802.11a: 21.48 dBm		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT20): 21.5	52 dBm	
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT40): 21.9	96 dBm	
	Band 3:		
	IEEE 802.11a: 21.41 dBm		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT20): 21.4		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT40): 23.4	45 dBm	
Min. Con. Power (DFS band)	Band 2:		
	IEEE 802.11a: 15.48 dBm		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT20): 15.52 dBm		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT40): 15.96 dBm		
	Band 3:		
	IEEE 802.11a: 15.41 dBm		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT20): 15.4		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT40): 17.4	45 dBm	



Max. EIRP Power (DFS band)	Band 2:		
	IEEE 802.11a: 28.00 dBm		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT20): 28.04 dBm		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT40): 28.48 dBm		
	Band 3:		
	IEEE 802.11a: 27.93 dBm		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT20): 27.70 dBm		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT40): 29.97 dBm		
Min. EIRP Power (DFS band)	Band 2:		
	IEEE 802.11a: 22.00 dBm		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT20): 22.04 dBm		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT40): 22.48 dBm		
	Band 3:		
	IEEE 802.11a: 21.93 dBm		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT20): 21.70 dBm		
	IEEE 802.11n MCS0 (HT40): 23.97 dBm		
Power-on cycle	NA (No Channel Availability Check Function)		
Software / Firmware Version	Firmware Version 1.E1.301		
Note: EUT employ a TPC mechanism and TPC have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below highest RF output power.			

Antenna & Band width

Antenna	Two (TX)		
Band width Mode	20 MHz	40 MHz	
IEEE 802.11a	V	х	
IEEE 802.11n	V	V	

IEEE 11n Spec.

Protocol	Number of Transmit Chains (NTX)	Data Rate / MCS		
802.11n (HT20)	2	MCS0-15		
802.11n (HT40)	2	MCS0-15		
Note 1: IEEE Std. 802.11n modulation consists of HT20 and HT40 (HT: High Throughput). Then EUT support HT20 and HT40.				
Note 2: Modulation modes consist of below configuration: 11a: IEEE 802.11a, HT20/HT40: IEEE 802.11n				



1.1.2 Antenna Information

Ant.	Brand	Part Number	Antonno Turco	Connector	Gain (dBi)	
Ant.	Branu	Fait Nulliber	Antenna Type		WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5GHz
1	WNC	3ADHUBW69S2-111	PIFA Antenna	N/A	2.04	4.95
2	WNC	3ADHUAW08S1-111	PIFA Antenna	N/A	2.37	6.52
Ant.		Gain (dBi)				
Ant.	Brand	Part Number	Antenna Type	Connector	Bluet	ooth
3	WNC	81.EEW15.GM3	PIFA Antenna	I-PEX	-1.	39
4	WNC	81.EEW15.GM4	PIFA Antenna	I-PEX	-1.	99

Note: The EUT has four antennas.

For WLAN function (2TX/2RX):

Ant. 1 and Ant. 2 can be used as transmitting/receiving antenna.

Ant. 1 and Ant. 2 could transmit/receive simultaneously.

For Bluetooth function (1TX/1RX):

Because Ant. 3 and Ant. 4 are the same type antennas, only the higher gain antenna "Ant. 3" was tested and recorded in the report.



Connect to Ant. 3 or Ant. 4



1.1.3 DFS Band Carrier Frequencies

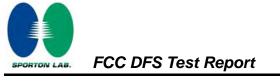
There are three bandwidth systems.

For 20MHz bandwidth systems, use Channel 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136,

140, 144.

For 40MHz bandwidth systems, use Channel 54, 62, 102, 110, 118, 126, 134, 142.

Frequency Band	Channel No.	Frequency	Channel No.	Frequency
5250~5350 MHz	52	5260 MHz	60	5300 MHz
Band 2	54	5270 MHz	62	5310 MHz
Danu Z	56	5280 MHz	64	5320 MHz
	100	5500 MHz	124	5620 MHz
	102	5510 MHz	126	5630 MHz
	104	5520 MHz	128	5640 MHz
5470~5725 MHz	108	5540 MHz	132	5660 MHz
Band 3	110	5550 MHz	134	5670 MHz
Danu S	112	5560 MHz	136	5680 MHz
	116	5580 MHz	140	5700 MHz
	118	5590 MHz	142	5710 MHz
	120	5600 MHz	144	5720 MHz



1.2 Accessories

N/A

1.3 Support Equipment

	Support Equipment						
No.	No. Equipment Brand Name Model Name FCC ID						
1	NB	DELL	E4300	DoC			
2	2 NB DELL		E4300	DoC			
3	WLAN AP	D-LINK	DIR860L	KA2IR860LA1			

1.4 Testing Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02

1.5 Testing Location Information

	Testing Location						
	HWA YA	ADD	ADD : No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.				
		TEL : 886-3-327-3456 FAX : 886-3-327-0973					
\square	JHUBEI	ADD	D: No.8, Lane 724, Bo-ai St., Jhubei City, HsinChu County 302, Taiwan, R.O.C.				
		TEL : 886-3-656-9065 FAX : 886-3-656-9085					
Te	Test Condition Test Site No. Test Engineer Test Environment Test Date						
	DFS Site DF01-CB Jeff Wu 23.4°C / 70% Aug. 04, 2016						

Test site Designation No. TW0006 with FCC

Test site registered number IC 4086D with Industry Canada.



2 Test Configuration of EUT

2.1 Test Channel Frequencies Configuration

Test Channel Frequencies Configuration			
IEEE Std. Test Channel Freq. (MHz)			
802.11n (HT40)	5510 MHz		

2.2 The Worst Case Measurement Configuration

Tł	The Worst Case Mode for Following Conformance Tests				
Tests Item Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)					
Test Condition	Radiated measurement The EUT shall be configured to operate at the highest transmitter output power setting. If more than one antenna assembly is intended for this power setting, the gain of the antenna assembly with the lowest gain shall be used. The DFS radar test signals have been aligned to the direction corresponding to the EUT's maximum antenna gain.				
Modulation Mode	802.11n (HT40)				



3 Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) Test Result

3.1 General DFS Information

3.1.1 DFS Parameters

Table D.1: DFS requirement values					
Parameter Value					
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes				
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds				
Channel Move Time 10 seconds (Note 1).					
Channel Closing Transmission Time 200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds remaining 10 second periods. (Notes 1 and 2).					
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the 99% power bandwidth (Note 3).				
Type 0. The measurement timing begins Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time	losing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar s at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst. e is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning itional intermittent control signals required to facilitate				

Channel changes (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions. Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 is used and for each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90%. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

Maximum Transmit Power Value (see note)				
-64 dBm				
-62 dBm				
-64 dBm				
-				

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response. Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911D01.



3.1.2 Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel

	DFS Operational mode				
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection		
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes		
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes		

3.1.3 Applicability of DFS Requirements during Normal Operation

	DFS Operational mode					
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection			
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes			
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	Yes			
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes			

Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master Device or Client with Radar Detection	Client Without Radar Detection			
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required			
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link			
All other tests	Any single BW mode Not required				
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth — For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the banded 20 MHz					
bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.					

3.1.4 Channel Loading/Data Streaming

\boxtimes	IP Based (Load Based) - stream the test file from the Master to the Client.
	The data file (MPEG-4) has been transmitting in a streaming mode.
	Software to ping the client is permitted to simulate data transfer with random ping intervals.
	Minimum channel loading of approximately 17%.
	Unicast protocol has been used.
	Frame Based - stream the test file from the Master to the Client.
	fixed talk/listen ratio, set the ratio to 45%/55%



3.2 Radar Test Waveform Calibration

3.2.1 Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
1A	1	15 unique PRI in KDB 905462 D02 Table 5a	$- ((1) (19 \times 10^6))$	60%	15
1B	1	15 unique PRI within 518-3066, Excluding 1A PRI			15
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggrega	ate (Radar Type	80%	120		

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the short pulse radar types 1 through 4. If more than 30 waveforms are used for short pulse radar types 1 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. The aggregate is the average of the percentage of successful detections of short pulse radar types 1-4.

3.2.2 Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses per <i>Burst</i>	Number of <i>Bursts</i>	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

Each waveform is defined as follows:

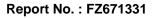
• The transmission period for the Long Pulse Radar test signal is 12 seconds.

• There are a total of 8 to 20 Bursts in the 12 second period, with the number of Bursts being randomly chosen. This number is Burst Count.

• Each Burst consists of 1 to 3 pulses, with the number of pulses being randomly chosen. Each Burst within the 12 second sequence may have a different number of pulses.

- The pulse width is between 50 and 100 microseconds, with the pulse width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a Burst will have the same pulse width. Pulses in different Bursts may have different pulse widths.
- Each pulse has a linear FM chirp between 5 and 20 MHz, with the chirp width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a transmission period will have the same chirp width. The chirp is centered on the pulse. For example, with a radar frequency of 5300 MHz and a 20 MHz chirped signal, the chirp starts at 5290 MHz and ends at 5310 MHz.
- If more than one pulse is present in a Burst, the time between the pulses will be between 1000 and 2000 microseconds, with the time being randomly chosen. If three pulses are present in a Burst, the time

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between the first and second pulses is chosen independently of the time between the second and third pulses.

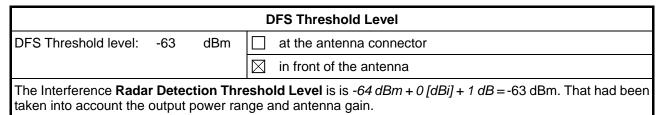
 The 12 second transmission period is divided into even intervals. The number of intervals is equal to Burst Count. Each interval is of length (12,000,000 / Burst Count) microseconds. Each interval contains one Burst. The start time for the Burst, relative to the beginning of the interval, is between 1 and [(12,000,000 / Burst Count) – (Total Burst Length) + (One Random PRI Interval)] microseconds, with the start time being randomly chosen. The step interval for the start time is 1 microsecond. The start time for each Burst is chosen independently.

3.2.3 Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

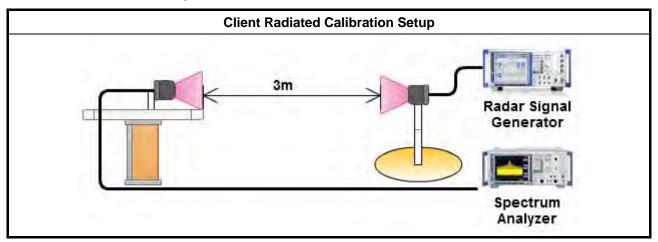
Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (ms)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

The FCC Type 6 waveform uses a static waveform with 100 bursts in the instruments ARB. In addition, the RF list mode is operated with a list containing 100 frequencies from a randomly generated list and it had be ensured that at least one of the random frequencies falls into the UNII Detection Bandwidth of the DUT. Each burst from the waveform file initiates a trigger pulse at the beginning that switches the RF list from one item to the next one.

3.2.4 DFS Threshold Level

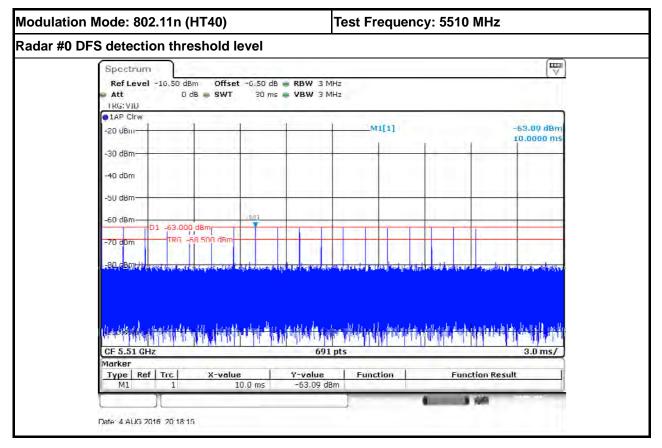


3.2.5 Calibration Setup





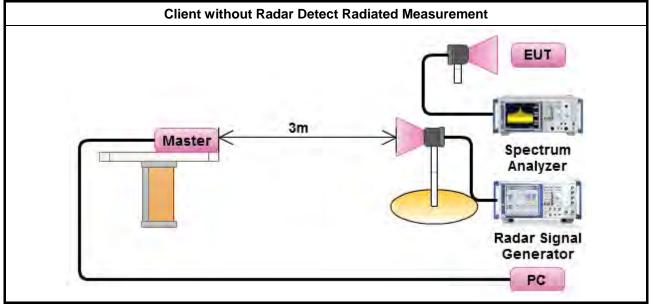
3.2.6 Radar Waveform calibration Plot





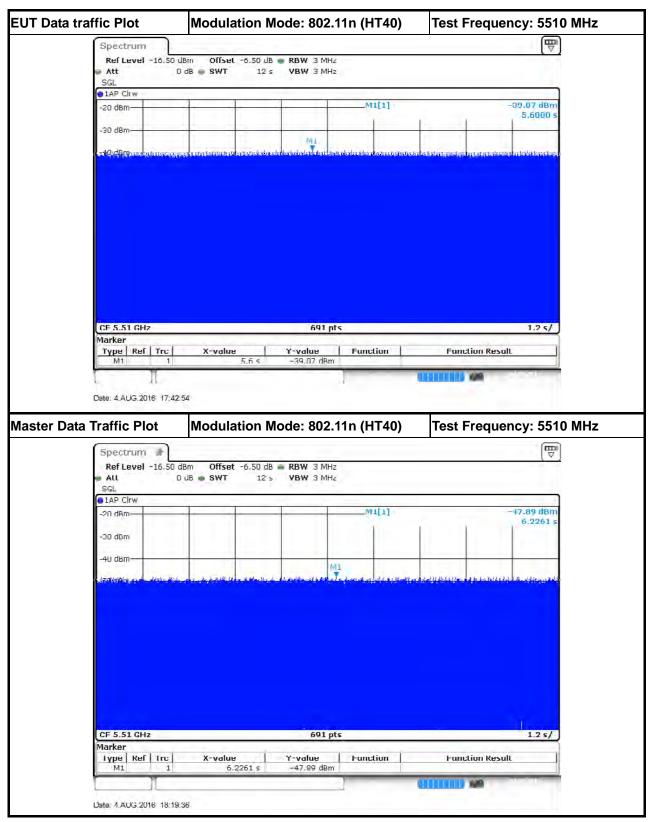
3.2.7 Test Setup

A spectrum analyzer is used as a monitor to verify that the EUT has vacated the Channel within the (Channel Closing Transmission Time and Channel Move Time, and does not transmit on a Channel during the Non-Occupancy Period after the detection and Channel move.





3.2.8 Data traffic Plot





lithout Dat	a Traffic Plot	Modulation M	lode: 802	.11n (HT4	0) Test I	Frequency: 55	10 MH:
	Spectrum Ref Level -16.50 Att SGL		● RBW 3 MH VBW 3 MH			Ę	<u>)</u>
	-20 dBm -30 dBm -10 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm			M1[1]		-76,25 dBi 6,9043	
	-70 dBm		g to g to globality	MI	a taddaan i g		
	CF 5.51 GHz		691 p	ts		1.2 s/	2
	Marker Type Ref Trc M1 1	X-value 6.9043 s	Y-value -76.25 dBm	Function	Fun	ction Result	



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In-service Monitoring 3.3

3.3.1 **In-service Monitoring Limit**

In-service Monitoring Limit					
Channel Move Time	10 sec				
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 ms + an aggregate of 60 ms over remaining 10 sec periods.				
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes				

3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

3.3.3 Test Procedures

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Test Method
Verified during In-Service Monitoring; Channel Closing Transmission Time, Channel Move Time. Client Device will associate with the EUT. Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the EUT during the observation time (Channel Move Time). Compare the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time limits.
Verified during In-Service Monitoring; Channel Closing Transmission Time, Channel Move Time. One 12 sec plot needs to be reported for the Short Pulse Radar Types 0 and one for the Long Pulse Radar Type in a 22 sec plot. And zoom-in a 60 ms plot verified channel closing time for the aggregate transmission time starting from 200ms after the end of the radar signal to the completion of the channel move.
Verified during In-Service Monitoring; Non-Occupancy Period. Client Device will associate with the EUT. Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar Burst on the Operating Channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the EUT during the observation time (Non-Occupancy Period). Compare the Non-Occupancy Period limits.

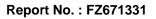


3.3.4 Test Result of In-service Monitoring

Modulation Mode: 802.11n (HT40)

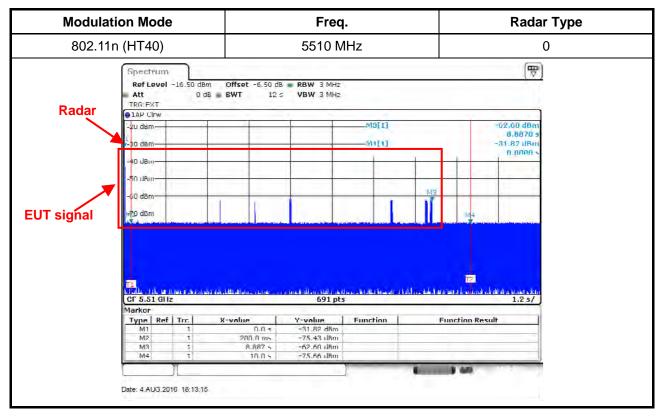
Parameter	Test Result	Limit	
Farameter	Туре 0		
Test Channel (MHz)	5510 MHz	-	
Channel Move Time (sec.)	8.887	< 10s	
Channel Closing Transmission Time (ms) (Note)	21.250	< 60ms	
Non-Occupancy Period (min.)	≧30	\geq 30 min	

Note: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 seconds period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.



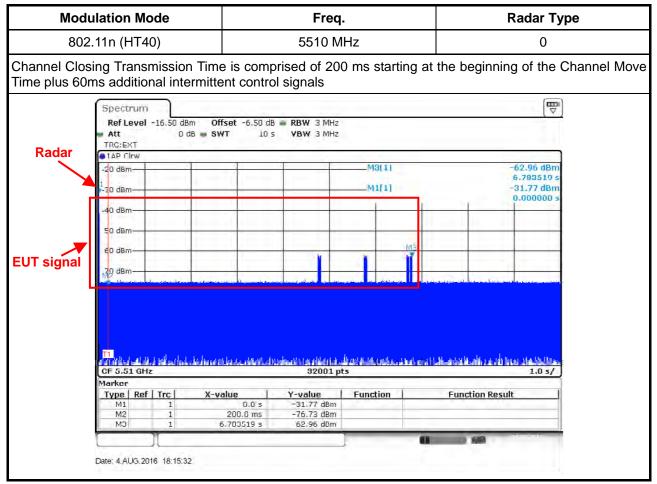


3.3.5 Test Plot of In-Service Monitoring for Channel Move Time





3.3.6 Test Plot of In-Service Monitoring for Channel Closing Transmission Time



Dwell is the dwell time per spectrum analyzer sampling bin.

S is the sweep time

B is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins

C is the intermittent control signals of Channel Closing Transmission Time

N is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins (intermittent control signals) showing a U-NII transmission

Dwell (0.310 ms)= S (10000 ms) / B (32000)

C (21.250 ms) = N (68) X Dwell (0.310 ms)



3.3.7 Test Plot of In-Service Monitoring for Non-Occupancy Period

Modulation Mode	Freq.		
802.11n (HT40)	5510 MHz		

Non-Occupancy Period

During the 30 minutes observation time, UUT did not make any transmissions on a channel after a radar signal was detected on that channel by either the Channel Availability Check or the In-Service Monitoring.

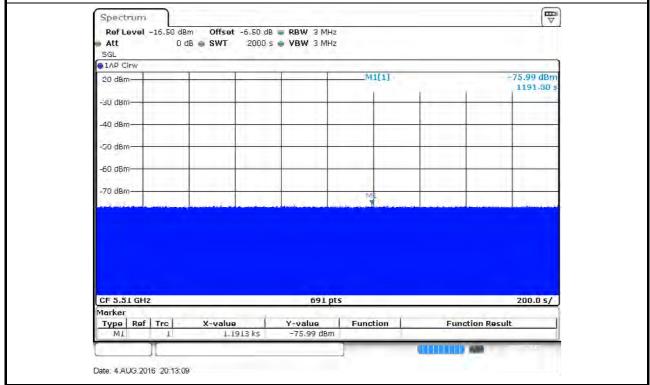
-20 dBmM1[1]	-26.24 dBm
N14	101.45 5
-30 UBIII	
A Mark Bar	
8m	
Bui	-
	1
3m	1.00
	200.0 s/
CF 5 51 CU = 601 ptc	
CF 5.51 GHz 691 pts Marker	



Non-associated test

Master was off.

During the 30 minutes observation time, The UUT did not make any transmissions in the DFS band after UUT power up.





4 Test Equipment and Calibration Data

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101026	9kHz~40GHz	Sep. 15, 2015	Conducted (DF01-CB)
Vector Signal generator	R&S	SMU200A	102782	25MHz-6GHz	Nov. 06, 2015	Conducted (DF01-CB)
Horn Antenna	COM-POWER	AH-118	071187	1GHz – 18GHz	Jul. 28, 2016	Conducted (DF01-CB)
Horn Antenna	COM-POWER	AH-118	071042	1GHz – 18GHz	Dec. 10, 2015	Conducted (DF01-CB)
RF Cable-high	Woken	RG402	High Cable-57	1 GHz –18 GHz	Nov. 02, 2015	Conducted (DF01-CB)
RF Cable-high	Woken	RG402	High Cable-58	1 GHz –18 GHz	Nov. 02, 2015	Conducted (DF01-CB)

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is one year.



5 Measurement Uncertainty

Test Items	Uncertainty	Remark
Radiated Emission	2.9 dB	Confidence levels of 95%