Schmid & Partner Engineering AG
s p e a g
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
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info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D1900V2

Serial: 5d041

Manufactured: July 4, 2003
Calibrated: February 17, 2004

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **head simulating liquid** of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	**38.8**	± 5%
Conductivity	**1.47 mho/m**	± 5%

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 4.96 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.
The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW ± 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of tissue:	**41.6 mW/g** ± 16.8 % (k=2)[1]
averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of tissue:	**21.6 mW/g** ± 16.2 % (k=2)[1]

[1] validation uncertainty

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:	**1.200 ns**	(one direction)
Transmission factor:	**0.993**	(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz:	Re{Z} = **51.2 Ω**
	Im {Z} = **4.9Ω**
Return Loss at 1900 MHz	**-26.1 dB**

4. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **body simulating tissue** of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	**52.5**	± 5%
Conductivity	**1.58 mho/m**	± 5%

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 4.57 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.
The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW ± 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

5. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of tissue:	**42.0 mW/g** ± 16.8 % (k=2)[2]
averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of tissue:	**22.0 mW/g** ± 16.2 % (k=2)[2]

6. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz:	Re{Z} = **46.6 Ω**
	Im {Z} = **5.1 Ω**
Return Loss at 1900 MHz	**-24.0 dB**

7. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

8. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in Section 1. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

9. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

[2] validation uncertainty

Date/Time: 02/17/04 14:13:01

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN5d041

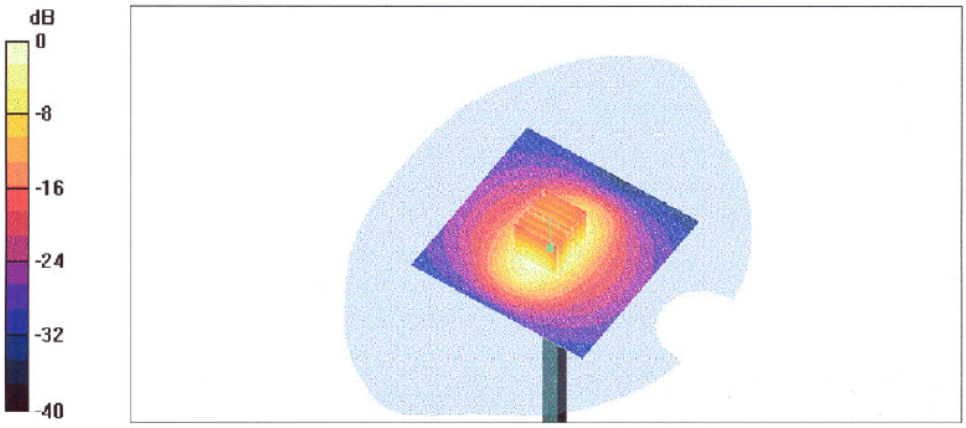
Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL 1900 MHz;
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.47 mho/m; ε_r = 38.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

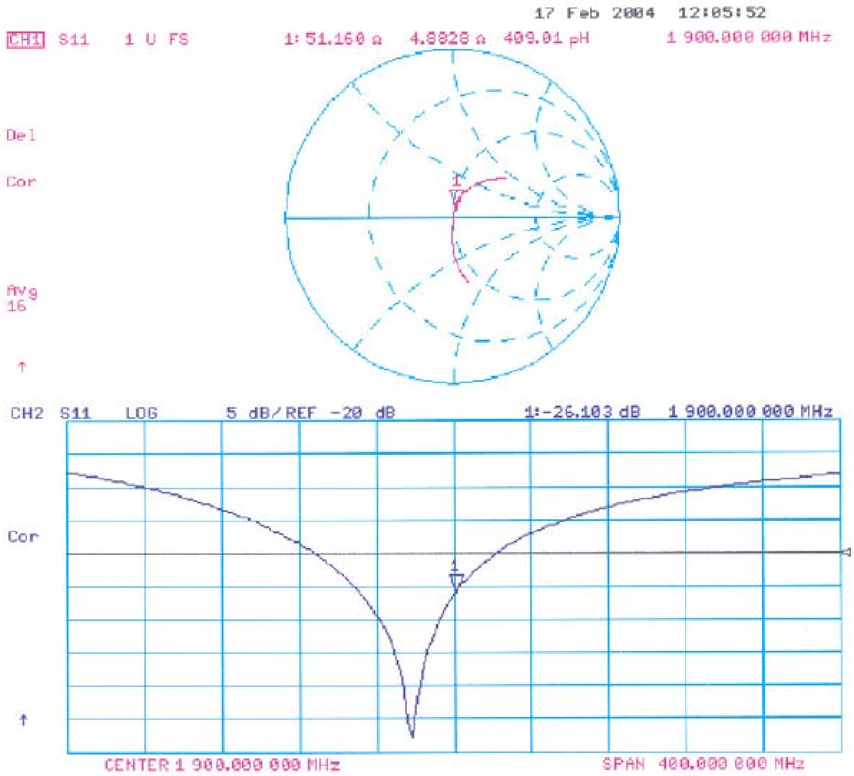
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn411; Calibrated: 11/6/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 30; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 98

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Reference Value = 93.8 V/m
Power Drift = 0.002 dB
Maximum value of SAR = 11.8 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.39 mW/g
Reference Value = 93.8 V/m
Power Drift = 0.002 dB
Maximum value of SAR = 11.7 mW/g



0 dB = 11.7mW/g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CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 51.160 Ω 4.8828 Ω 409.01 pH 1 900.000 000 MHz
Del
Cor
Avg
16
CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/ REF -20 dB 1:-26.103 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz
Cor
CENTER 1 900.000 000 MHz SPAN 400.000 000 MHz

Date/Time: 02/09/04 15:58:45

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN5d041

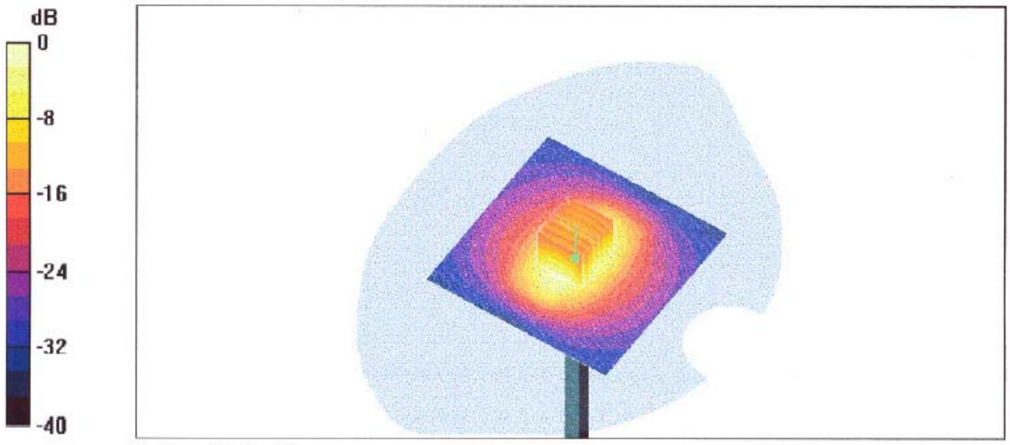
Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Muscle 1900 MHz;
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.58 mho/m; ε_r = 52.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

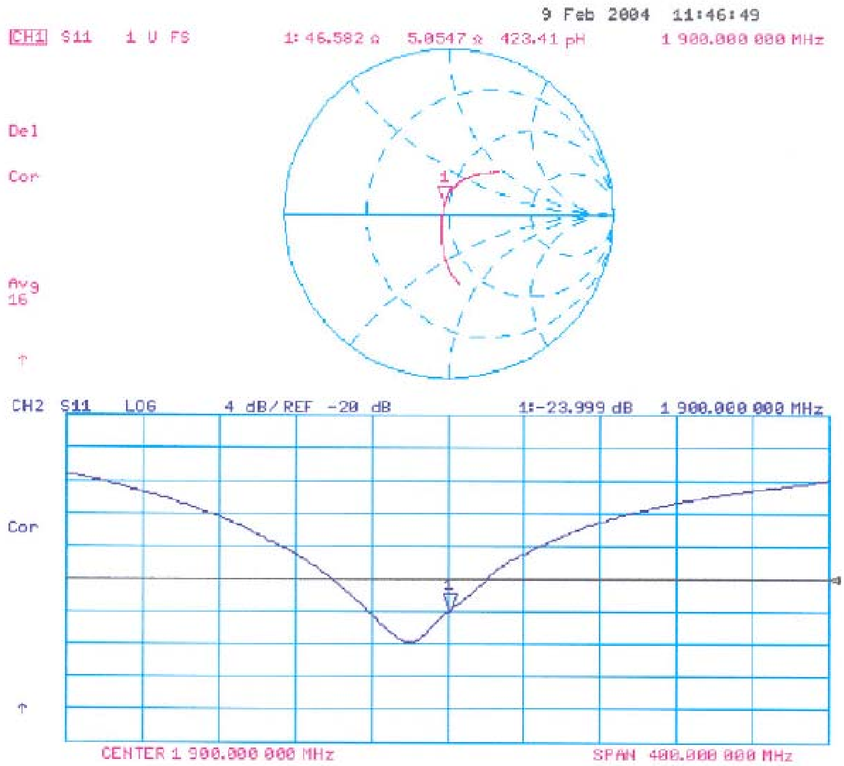
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 11/6/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 25; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 101

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Reference Value = 92.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 92.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.49 mW/g



0 dB = 11.9mW/g


9 Feb 2004 11:46:49
CH1 S11 1 U FS
1: 46.582 Ω 5.0547 Ω 423.41 pH 1 900.000 000 MHz
Del
Cor
Avg
16
CH2 S11 LOG 4 dB/ REF -20 dB
1:-23.999 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz
Cor
CENTER 1 900.000 000 MHz
SPAN 400.000 000 MHz

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client Auden > Sporton Int. Inc.

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)	ET3DV6 - SN:1787
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v2 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	August 29, 2003
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (Agilent, No. 20020918)	Sep-03
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (Agilent, No. 24BR1033101)	In house check: Oct 03
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	3-Sep-01 (ELCAL, No.2360)	Sep-03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: August 29, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

880-KP0301061-A Page 1 (1)

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

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Probe ET3DV6

SN:1787

Manufactured: May 28, 2003
Last calibration: August 29, 2003

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

ET3DV6 SN:1787 August 29, 2003

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1787

Sensitivity in Free Space

NormX	1.62	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$
NormY	1.63	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$
NormZ	1.96	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Diode Compression

DCP X	94	mV
DCP Y	94	mV
DCP Z	94	mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head 900 MHz ε_r = 41.5 ± 5% σ = 0.97 ± 5% mho/m

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	6.5 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	6.5 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.41
ConvF Z	6.5 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.23

Head 1800 MHz ε_r = 40.0 ± 5% σ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	5.3 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	5.3 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.43
ConvF Z	5.3 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.90

Boundary Effect

Head 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	8.6	4.8
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.4

Head 1800 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

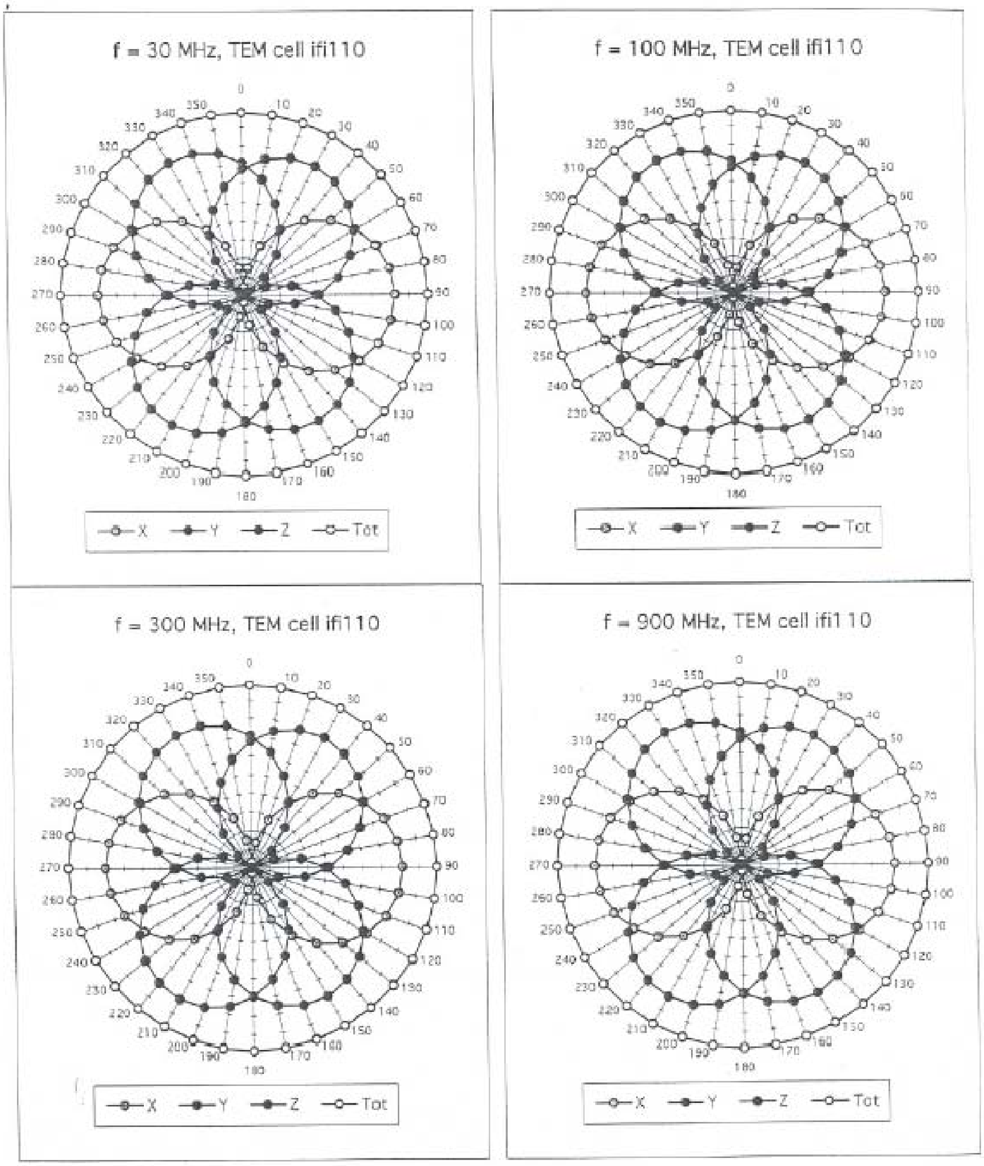
Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	13.3	9.3
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.1

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center	2.7	mm
Optical Surface Detection	1.4 ± 0.2	mm

ET3DV6 SN:1787 August 29, 2003

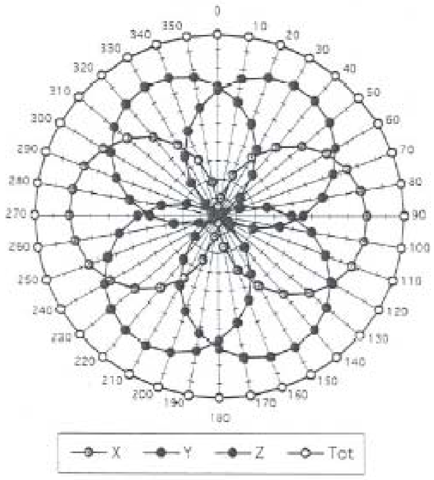
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 0°



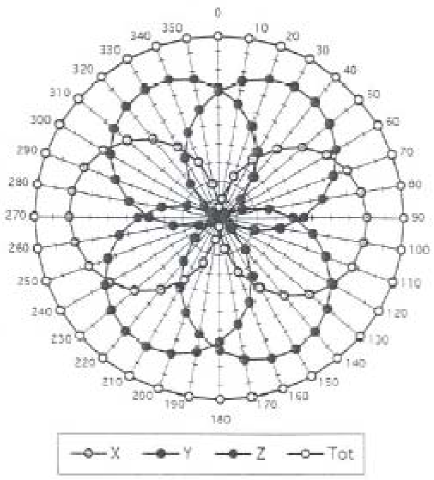
ET3DV6 SN:1787

August 29, 2003

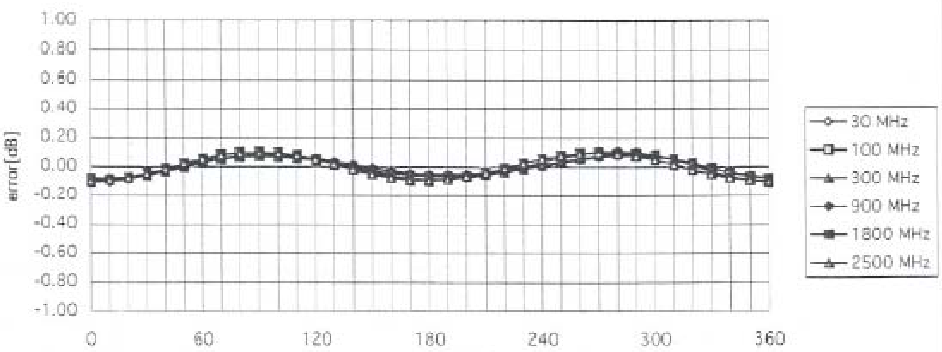
f = 1800 MHz, WG R22



f = 2500 MHz, WG R22



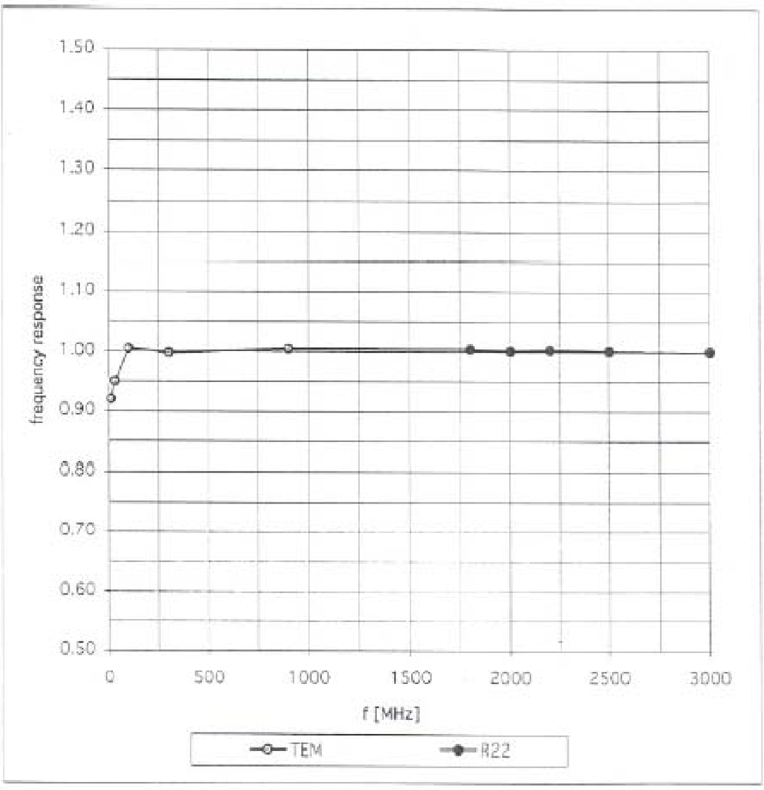
Isotropy Error (ϕ), θ = 0°



ET3DV6 SN:1787 August 29, 2003

Frequency Response of E-Field

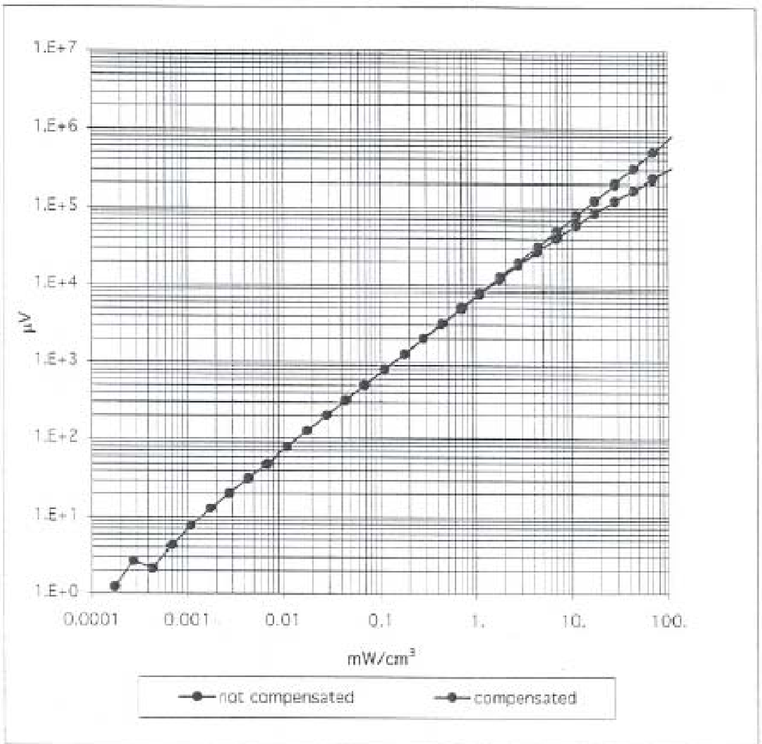
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)

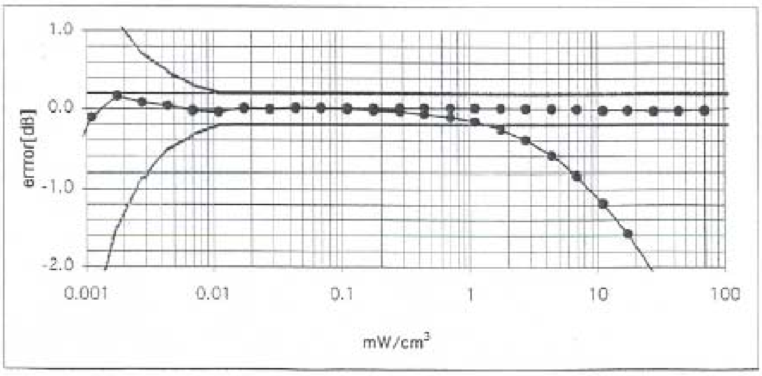


ET3DV6 SN:1787 August 29, 2003

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{brain})

(Waveguide R22)





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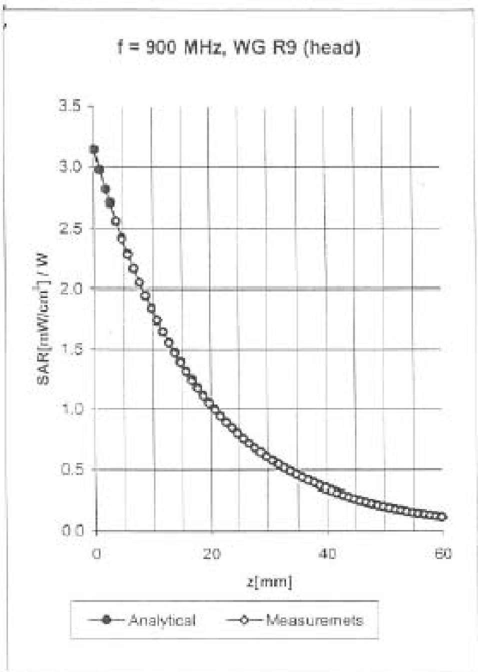
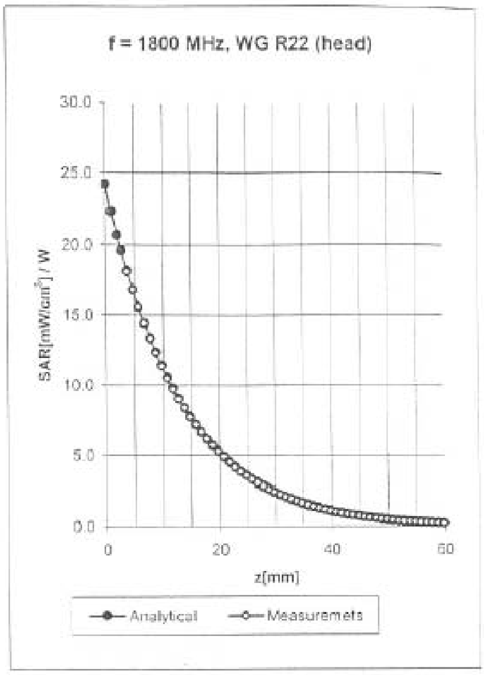
ET3DV6 SN:1787 August 29, 2003

Conversion Factor Assessment





Head 900 MHz ε_r = 41.5 ± 5% σ = 0.97 ± 5% mho/m

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	6.5 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	6.5 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.41
ConvF Z	6.5 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.23

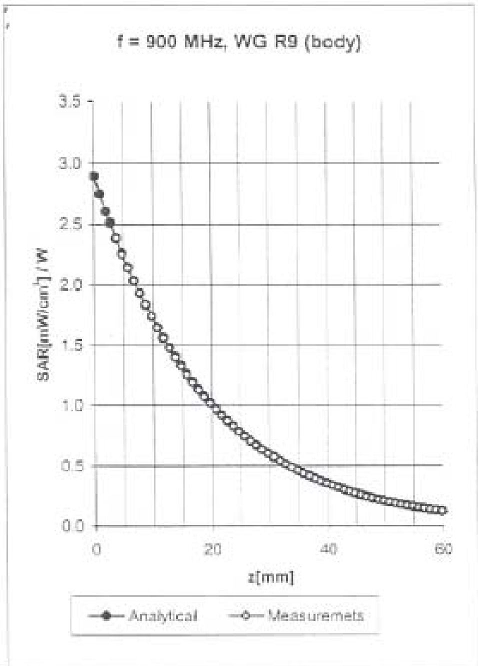
Head 1800 MHz ε_r = 40.0 ± 5% σ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m

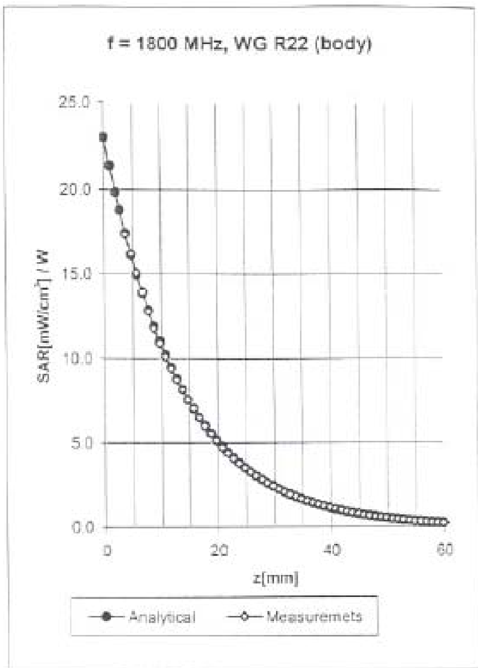
Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	5.3 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	5.3 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.43
ConvF Z	5.3 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.90

ET3DV6 SN:1787 August 29, 2003

Conversion Factor Assessment





Body 900 MHz ε_r = 55.0 ± 5% σ = 1.05 ± 5% mho/m

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X	6.4 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	6.4 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Alpha	0.34
ConvF Z	6.4 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Depth	2.70

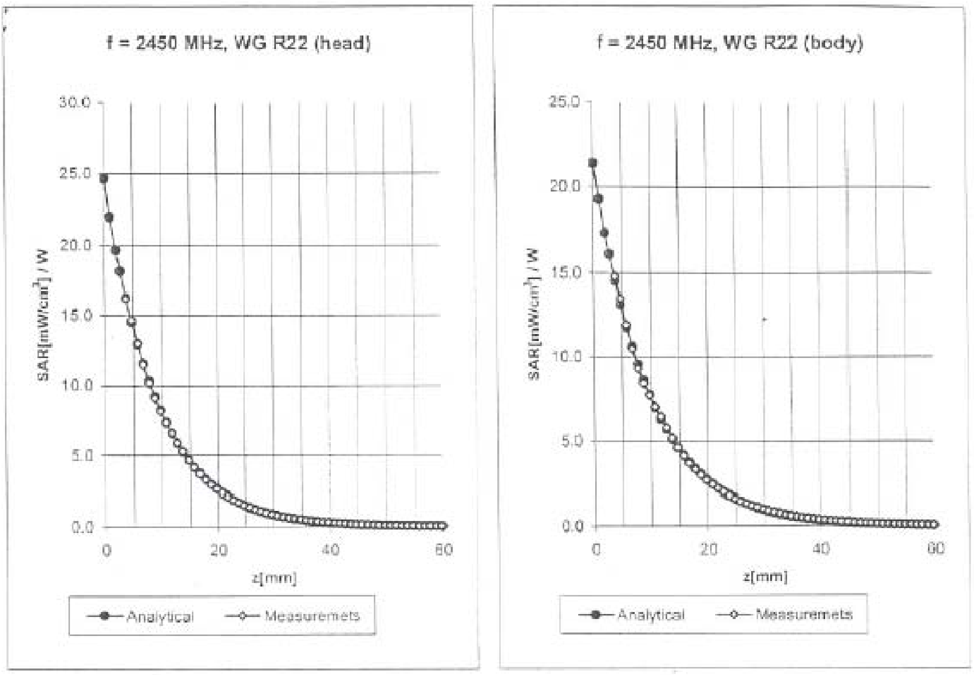
Body 1800 MHz ε_r = 53.3 ± 5% σ = 1.52 ± 5% mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X	4.9 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	4.9 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Alpha	0.51
ConvF Z	4.9 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Depth	2.79

ET3DV6 SN:1787 August 29, 2003

Conversion Factor Assessment



Head	2450 MHz	ε_r = 39.2 ± 5%	σ = 1.80 ± 5% mho/m	

Valid for f=2400-2500 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	4.8 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	4.8 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Alpha	0.95
ConvF Z	4.8 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Depth	1.86

Body	2450 MHz	ε_r = 52.7 ± 5%	σ = 1.95 ± 5% mho/m

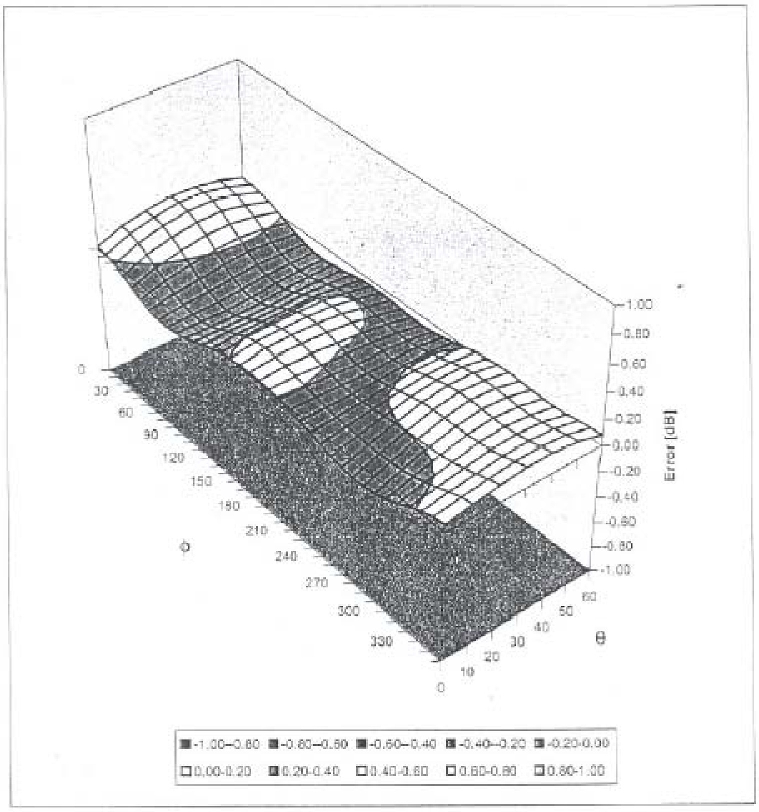
Valid for f=2400-2500 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X	4.5 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	4.5 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Alpha	1.21
ConvF Z	4.5 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Depth	1.55

ET3DV6 SN:1787 August 29, 2003

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (θ,φ), f = 900 MHz



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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client **Sporton (Auden)**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)	DAE3 – SD 000 D03 AA – SN:577
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v4 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition unit (DAE)
Calibration date:	21.11.2003
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	8-Sep-03	Sep-05

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Philipp Storchenegger	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	

Date issued: 21.11.2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

DAE3 SN: 577

DATE: 21.11.2003

1. Cal Lab. Incoming Inspection & Pre Test

Modification Status	Note Status here → → → →	BC
Visual Inspection	Note anomalies.....................	None
	....	....
Pre Test	**Indication**	**Yes/No**
Probe Touch	Function	Yes
Probe Collision	Function	Yes
Probe Touch&Collision	Function	Yes

2. DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , full range = 400 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = 4 mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.434	403.889	404.352
Low Range	3.94303	3.94784	3.9501
Connector Angle to be used	in DASY System	127 °	

High Range	Input	Reading in μV	% Error
Channel X + Input	200mV	200000.6	0.00
	20mV	20000.9	0.00
Channel X - Input	20mV	-19992.7	-0.04
Channel Y + Input	200mV	200000.6	0.00
	20mV	19999.1	0.00
Channel Y - Input	20mV	-19994.7	-0.03
Channel Z + Input	200mV	199999.8	0.00
	20mV	19998.1	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	20mV	-19999.2	0.00

Low Range	Input	Reading in μV	% Error
Channel X + Input	2mV	1999.94	0.00
	0.2mV	199.08	-0.46
Channel X - Input	0.2mV	-200.24	0.12
Channel Y + Input	2mV	1999.98	0.00
	0.2mV	199.50	-0.25
Channel Y - Input	0.2mV	-200.80	0.40
Channel Z + Input	2mV	1999.98	0.00
	0.2mV	199.11	-0.44
Channel Z - Input	0.2mV	-201.12	0.56

DAE3 SN: 577 DATE: 21.11.2003

3. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters:
Auto Zero Time: 3 sec, Measuring time: 3 sec
High/Low Range

in µV	Common mode Input Voltage	High Range Reading	Low Range Reading
Channel X	200mV	12.00	11.9
	- 200mV	-10.76	-12.44
Channel Y	200mV	-8.55	-8.51
	- 200mV	7.58	6.67
Channel Z	200mV	-0.86	-0.58
	- 200mV	-0.85	-0.77

4. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters:
Auto Zero Time: 3 sec, Measuring time: 3 sec
High Range

in µV	Input Voltage	Channel X	Channel Y	Channel Z
Channel X	200mV	-	1.96	0.28
Channel Y	200mV	0.66	-	3.59
Channel Z	200mV	-0.89	-0.11	-

5.1 AD-Converter Values with Input Voltage set to 2.0 VDC

in Zero Low	Low Range Max - Min	Max.	Min
Channel X	17	16137	16120
Channel Y	27	16767	16740
Channel Z	8	15103	15077

5.2 AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

in LSB	Low Range	High Range
Channel X	16134	15955
Channel Y	16740	15960
Channel Z	15093	16252

6. Input Offset Measurement

DAE3 SN: 577 DATE: 21.11.2003

DASY measurement parameters:
Auto Zero Time: 3 sec, Measuring time: 3 sec
Number of measurements: 100, Low Range

Input 10MΩ

in µV	Average	min. Offset	max. Offset	Std. Deviation
Channel X	-0.64	-1.84	0.71	0.49
Channel Y	-1.77	-3.93	0.94	0.58
Channel Z	-2.21	-3.14	-0.81	0.34

Input shorted

in µV	Average	min. Offset	max. Offset	Std. Deviation
Channel X	0.12	-1.34	1.45	0.69
Channel Y	-0.69	-1.39	0.30	0.26
Channel Z	-0.94	-1.58	-0.30	0.23

7. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

8. Input Resistance

In MOhm	Calibrating	Measuring
Channel X	0.2000	197.1
Channel Y	0.1999	200.3
Channel Z	0.2001	198.3

9. Low Battery Alarm Voltage

in V	Alarm Level
Supply (+ Vcc)	7.58
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.65

10. Power Consumption

in mA	Switched off	Stand by	Transmitting
Supply (+ Vcc)	0.00	5.65	13.7
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-7.69	-8.97