## Exposure of humans to RF fields

As per FCC KDB 447498 D01 and Section 2.1091 radio frequency transmitters are required to be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to RF energy levels.

Calculations have been made using the General Public/Uncontrolled Exposure limits that are defined in Section 1.1310.

Minimum safe distances have been calculated below.
Power density, $\mathrm{mW} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}=\mathrm{E}^{2} / 3770$

- General Population / Uncontrolled exposure limit will be $0.28 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$
(f/1500 $=421 \mathrm{MHz} / 1500$ )
As this radio can operate over the range of $421-512 \mathrm{MHz}$ the lowest frequency of operation in the USA, which will give the worst case result, would be 421 MHz .

The minimum distance from the antenna at which the MPE is met is calculated from the equation relating field strength in $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m}$, transmit power in watts, transmit antenna gain, transmitter duty cycle and separation distance in metres:

Power Density $=0.28 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}=\mathrm{E}^{2} / 3770$
$\mathrm{E}=\sqrt{ } 0.28 * 3770$
$\mathrm{E}=32.5 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$
The rated maximum transmitter power $=10$ watts $(+40 \mathrm{dBm})$.
A duty cycle of $100 \%$ as the transmitter is a base station could possibly be operated for long periods of time.

The client has declared that this transmitter can be operated using a range of antennas with various gains, from 0 to 16 dBd , as detailed in the table below.

| Antenna Gains <br> (dBd) | Max Gain <br> (dBi) | TX power <br> $(\mathbf{d B m})$ | EiRP <br> $(\mathbf{d B m})$ | EiRP <br> (Watts) | E Limit <br> $(\mathbf{V} / \mathbf{m})$ | Safe Distance <br> (Metres) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 to 4 | 6.15 | 40.0 | 46.15 | 41.2 | 32.5 | 1.08 |
| 4 to 8 | 10.15 | 40.0 | 50.15 | 103.5 | 32.5 | 1.71 |
| 8 to 12 | 14.15 | 40.0 | 54.15 | 260.0 | 32.5 | 2.72 |
| 12 to 16 | 18.15 | 40.0 | 58.15 | 653.1 | 32.5 | 4.31 |

A sample calculation for the safe distance would be:
$\mathrm{d}=\sqrt{ }\left(30 * P * \mathrm{G}^{*} \mathrm{DC}\right) / \mathrm{E}$
$\mathrm{d}=\sqrt{ }(30 * 10 * 65.3 * 1.0) / 32.5$
$\mathrm{d}=4.31$ metres or 431 cm
Result: Complies if the safe distances defined above are applied.

