SENAO

High-Speed Wireless Cardbus Adapter

User's Manual Version: 1.1

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Revision History

Version	Date	Notes
1.0	September 8, 2003	Initial Version
1.1	October 2, 2003	Updated Screens

1 Introduction

This chapter describes the features & benefits, package contents, PC card description, system requirements, applications, and network configuration.

1.1 Features & Benefits

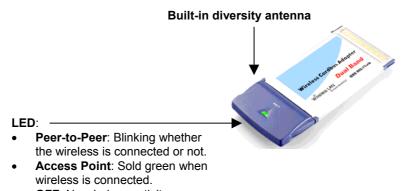
Features	Benefits
High-speed data rate up to 54 Mbps	Capable of handling heavy data payloads such as MPEG video streaming.
WEP Data Encryption and TKIP	Powerful data security.
IEEE 802.1x client support (optional)	Enhances authentication and security.
Multi-country roaming (802.11d) support	Automatically adjusts regulatory domain to operate in different countries.
Advanced power management	Low power consumption in power saving mode.
TPC (Transmission Power Control) and DFS (Dynamic Frequency Selection) support	TPC offers flexibility to adjust RF output power.

1.2 Package Contents

- > One PC Card
- > One Installation CD
- > One Quick Installation Guide

1.3 PC Card Description

The PC card is a standard PC card that fits into any PCMCIA card Type II slot. The PC card has a LED indicator and an integrated built-in diversity antenna



1.4 System Requirements

The following are the minimum system requirements in order to use the PC card.

- PC/AT compatible computer with a PCMCIA Type II slot.
- Windows 98/ME/ /2000/XP operating system.
- 1.3 MB of free disk space for installing the PC Card driver and utility program.

1.5 Applications

The wireless LAN products are easy to install and highly efficient. The following list describes some of the many applications made possible through the power and flexibility of wireless LANs:

a) Difficult-to-wire environments

There are many situations where wires cannot be laid easily. Historic buildings, older buildings, open areas and across busy streets make the installation of LANs either impossible or very expensive.

b) Temporary workgroups

Consider situations in parks, athletic arenas, exhibition centers, disasterrecovery, temporary offices and construction sites where one wants a temporary WLAN established and removed.

c) The ability to access real-time information

Doctors/nurses, point-of-sale employees, and warehouse workers can access real-time information while dealing with patients, serving customers and processing information.

d) Frequently changed environments

Show rooms, meeting rooms, retail stores, and manufacturing sites where frequently rearrange the workplace.

e) Small Office and Home Office (SOHO) networks

SOHO users need a cost-effective, easy and quick installation of a small network.

f) Wireless extensions to Ethernet networks

Network managers in dynamic environments can minimize the overhead caused by moves, extensions to networks, and other changes with wireless LANs.

g) Wired LAN backup

Network managers implement wireless LANs to provide backup for mission-critical applications running on wired networks.

h) Training/Educational facilities

Training sites at corporations and students at universities use wireless connectivity to ease access to information, information exchanges, and learning.

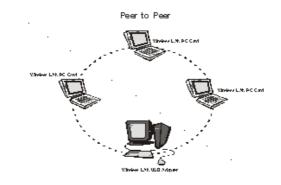
1.6 Network Configuration

To better understand how the wireless LAN products work together to create a wireless network, it might be helpful to depict a few of the possible wireless LAN PC card network configurations. The wireless LAN products can be configured as:

- a) Ad-hoc (or peer-to-peer) for departmental or SOHO LANs.
- b) Infrastructure for enterprise LANs.
- c) Wireless routing and IP sharing.

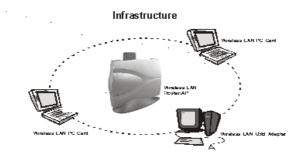
a) Ad-Hoc (peer-to-peer) Mode

This is the simplest network configuration with several computers equipped with the PC Cards that form a wireless network whenever they are within range of one another. In ad-hoc mode, each client is peer-topeer, would only have access to the resources of the other client and does not require an access point. This is the easiest and least expensive way for the SOHO to set up a wireless network. The image below depicts a network in ad-hoc mode.

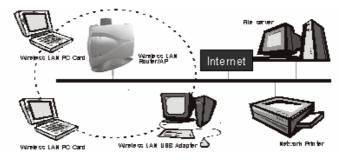


b) Infrastructure Mode

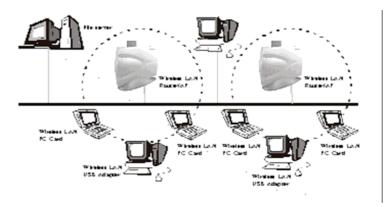
The infrastructure mode requires the use of an access point (AP). In this mode, all wireless communication between two computers has to be via the AP. It doesn't matter if the AP is stand-alone or wired to an Ethernet network. If used in stand-alone, the AP can extend the range of independent wireless LANs by acting as a repeater, which effectively doubles the distance between wireless stations. The image below depicts a network in infrastructure mode.



Extended-range independent WLAN using an AP as a repeater; if wired to an Ethernet network as shown below, the AP serves as a bridge and provides the link between the server and the wireless clients. The wireless clients can move freely throughout the coverage area of the AP while remaining connected to the server. Since the AP is connected to the wired network, each client would have access to the server's resources as well other clients.

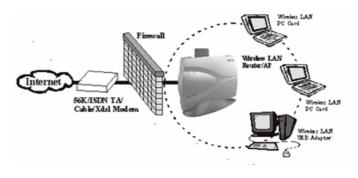


Access points have a finite range, on the order of 50 meters indoor and 100 meters outdoors. In a very large facility such as an enterprise, a warehouse, or on a college campus, it will probably be necessary to install more than one access point to cover an entire building or campus, as shown in the image below. In this scenario, access points hand the client off from one to another in a way that is invisible to the client, ensuring their connectivity. Wireless clients can roam seamlessly between different coverage areas and remain connected to the network.



c) Wireless routing and IP sharing

In infrastructure mode, in addition to acting as a bridge between an Ethernet and wireless network, the AP can be configured as a wireless router and IP sharing device for Internet access as shown below. You don't need to buy an expensive router. Nor do you need to buy several modems and set up phone lines. Just share one AP, one modem, a single dial-up account, and one phone line; dozens of network users can surf the Internet simultaneously.



2 Drivers & Client Utility

This chapter describes how to install the drivers and client utility in Windows 98/ME/2000/XP.

2.1 Before You Begin

Before installing the new drivers into your PC, you need to remove all of the Wireless LAN PC card drivers that you have installed.

During the installation, Windows 98/ME/2000/XP may need to copy systems files from its installation CD. Therefore, you may need a copy of the Windows installation CD at hand before installing the drivers. On many systems, instead of a CD, the necessary installation files are archived on the hard disk in C:\WINDOWS \OPTIONS\CABS directory.

2.2 Installing the PC Card Drivers

Follow the steps below in order to install the PC card drivers:

- 1. Insert the CD-ROM that was provided to you in this package. The setup should run automatically. If the setup does not run automatically, then you must manually select the **setup.exe** file from the CD-ROM drive.
- 2. Once the setup begins you will see the **Install Shield Wizard**, as the image depicts below.



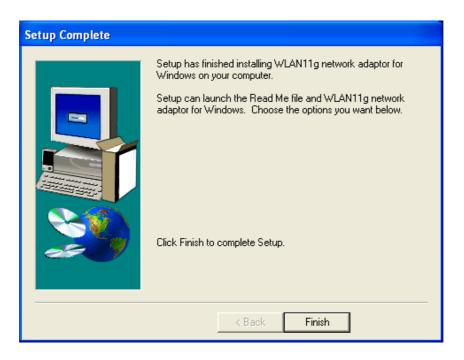
3. Click on the **Next** button to continue. The Install Wizard will then copy a few files that are necessary to install the PC card. You will then see the **Welcome** screen, as the image depicts below.



4. Click on the **Next** button to continue. The setup will then bring you to the **Software License Agreement** screen, as the image depicts below.

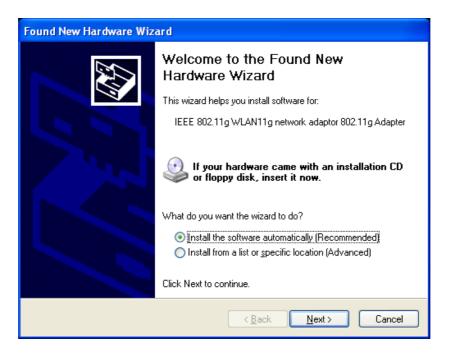
Software License Agreement 🛛 🛛 🔀			
Please read the following License Agreement. Press the PAGE DOV the rest of the agreement.	WN key to see		
END USER LICENSE AGREEMENT FOR WLAN CORPORATION'S IEEE 802.11g Wireless LAN Software			
NOTICE TO USER: WLAN CORPORATION IS WILLING TO ENTER INTO A ONLY UPON THE CONDITION THAT YOU ACCEPT ALL OF THE TERMS CONTAINED IN THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT. BY OPENNING THE SOFTV THIS ACKNOWLEDGES YOUR ACCEPTANCE OF ALL THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS AGREEMENT.			
This WLAN Corporation ("WLAN") Single user license agreement (the "AGREEMENT") is a legal agreement between you ("CUSTOMER"), a single entity, and WLAN (the "PARTIES") for the WLAN software product identified above, which includes computer software, firmware, associated media, printed materials, any upgrades, and online or electronic documentation ("SOFTWARE").			
Do you accept all the terms of the preceding License Agreement? If you choose No, Setup will close. To install WLAN11g network adaptor for Windows, you must accept this agreement.			
< Back Yes	No		

5. After reading the license agreement click on the **Yes** button to continue. The setup will then copy the drivers into your PC. You will then see the **Setup Complete** screen, as the image depicts below.

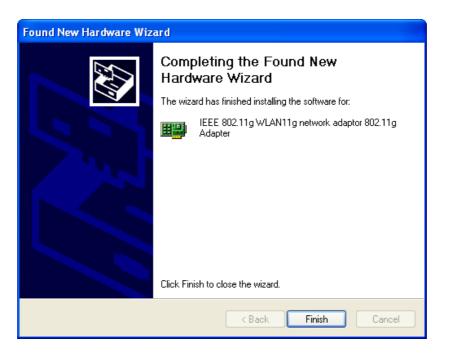


6. Click on the **Finish** button. The first part of the installation is complete.

7. Gently insert the PC card into the PCMCIA Type II slot of your PC. Windows will automatically detect the PC card and display the **Found New Hardware Wizard**, as the image depicts below.



8. Select the **Install the software automatically (Recommended)** radio button, and then click on the **Next** button to continue. The setup will then begin to copy the necessary files. After the copying is completed you will see the final screen of the installation procedure, as the image depicts below.

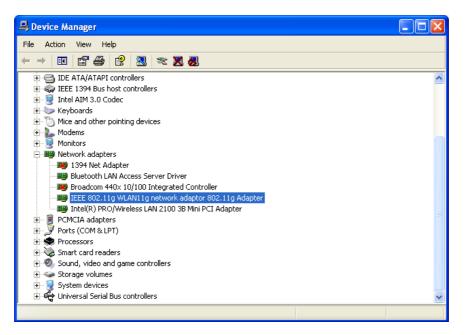


9. The installation of the PC card is now complete. Click on the **Finish** button.

2.3 Verify the installation

Follow the steps below in order to verify that the PC card has been installed and is functioning properly:

- 1. Click on **Start > Settings > Control Panel**.
- 2. Double click on the **System** icon.
- 3. Click on the Hardware tab, and then click on the Device Manger button.
- 4. Select **Network adapters** to view a list of network adapters on your PC. You will then see a window similar to the image below.



Make sure that you do not see a yellow (?) or a red (X) next to the PC card (*IEEE 802.1g WLAN 11g network adaptor 802.11g Adapter*). If you do see a (?) or (X) you would need to uninstall the drivers, and reinstall them again. In order to uninstall the drivers refer to section 2.6 Uninstall Client Utility.

2.4 Disable Windows SSID/WEP Configuration

In order to configure **SSID** and **WEP** settings from the Client Utility, you must first disable the Windows based SSID and WEP configuration from the Network

Configuration in the Control Panel. Follow the steps below in order to disable the SSID and WEP on Windows.

- 1. Click on **Start > Settings > Control Panel**.
- 2. Double click on the **Network Connections** icon.
- 3. Right-click on the wireless network connection for the PC card, and then select **Properties**. The icon may look similar to the image below.



After you click on **Properties**, the **Wireless Network Connection Properties** window will appear, as the image depicts below:

🕹 Wireless Network Connection 3 Properties 👘 🕐 🔀			
General Wireless Networks Authentication Advanced			
Connect using:			
IEEE 802.11g WLAN11g network adaptor 802.11g Adapt			
Configure			
This connection uses the following items:			
Image: Client for Microsoft Networks Image: Client for Microsof			
Allows your computer to access resources on a Microsoft network.			
OK Cancel			

4. Click on the Wireless Networks tab, you will then see the following screen.

- Wireless Network Connection 3 Properties 💦 👔			
General Wireless Networks Authentication Advanced			
Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings			
Available networks:			
To connect to an available network, click Configure.			
🗼 Wireless Network 🔼 Configure			
i wireless_11g i wireless ▼ Refresh			
Automatically connect to available networks in the order listed below:			
k Wireless Network Move up			
Move down			
Add Remove Properties			
Learn about <u>setting up wireless network</u> <u>configuration.</u> Advanced			
OK Cancel			

- 5. Make sure that there isn't any check placed in the **Use Windows to** configure my wireless network settings check box.
- 6. Click on the **OK** button.

2.5 Using the Client Utility

After a successful installation you will see the PC card **Client Utility radio** icon in the system tray.



PC Card Client Utility radio



Green indicates good or excellent link status.

Yellow indicates fair link status.

Red indicates poor or no link status.

Wireless Radio On Wireless Radio Off

WEP Encryption...

Remove Status Icon...

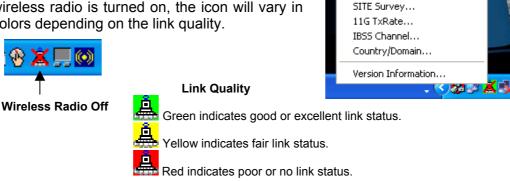
Wireless Network Status...

Advanced Configuration...

The client utility will automatically be executed and show a small green **radio** icon at the bottom right corner of your screen in the system tray whenever the PC card is inserted into the PC card slot of your computer. Right-click the radio icon to view the list of options available. Each item is described below.

2.5.1 Wireless Radio On/Off

The first two items in the icon menu are used to turn on/off the wireless radio (image right). When the wireless radio is turned off, a red cross is placed over the radio icon in the system tray as shown below. When the wireless radio is turned on, the icon will vary in colors depending on the link quality.



2.5.2 Remove Status Icon

This item allows you to set the system tray radio icon to appear or disappear. Once you choose this item, the system will display the dialog box to confirm if you want to remove the system tray icon as shown below.



You can also set the system tray radio icon to disappear permanently by placing a check in the box **Remove Status Icon Permanently** as shown above. When the computer is restarted, the system tray radio icon will reappear unless the **Remove Status Icon Permanently** box was checked.

2.5.3 Wireless Network Status

This item allows you to view the status, configure IBSS, Rates, Domain, and view information about the client utility.

2.5.3.1 Status

The **Status** tab displays the current status of the wireless radio. The following information is included in this tab, as the image depicts below.

Default - WLAN Wireless Settings			
Rates Domain About Status Configuration Encryption Site_Survey IBSS State: Associated - 00:02:6F:05:BD:1B Wireless I ANI			
State: Associated - 00:02:6F:05:BD:1B Wireless LAN			
Current Channel: 1 Disable Radio Rescan			
Throughput (bytes/sec): Tx: 184 Rx: 0			
Link Quality: Good (66%)			
Signal Strength: Good (66%)			
OK Cancel Apply			

- State: this displays the MAC address of the AP that the radio is associated with.
- > Current Tx Rate: this displays the current transfer rate.
- > Disable Radio: click on this button to turn the radio off.
- Rescan: click on this button if you would like the radio to scan for a different channel.
- > Current Channel: this displays the current channel that the radio is using.
- Throughput (bytes/sec): this displays the transmitting (Tx) and receiving (Rx) bytes per second.
- > Link Quality: this displays the quality of the link from the radio to the AP.
- Signal Strength: this displays the strength of the signal from the radio to the AP.
- > Click on the **Apply** or **OK** button if you have made any changes.

2.5.3.2 Configuration

The **Configuration** tab allows you to configure the SSID and type of network. The following information is included in this tab, as the image depicts below.

Default - WLAN	Wireless Settings	
Rates Status Con	Domain figuration Encryption Si	About ite_Survey IBSS
Profile Name:	Default	
Network Name:	ANY	(mmm) (mmm)
Network Type:	Access Point Peer-to-Peer Access Point	Defaults
	OK Ca	ancel Apply

- Profile Name: enter a name for this profile; this can be any name that you may associate with your network.
- Network Name: enter the SSID of the network. The SSID is a unique name shared among all points in your wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all points in the network, and is case-sensitive.
- Network Type: select Peer-to-Peer or Access Point from the drop-down list.
- > Click on the **Apply** or **OK** button if you have made any changes.

2.5.3.3 Encryption

The **Encryption** tab allows you to configure WEP security. The following information is included in this tab, as the image depicts below.

Default - WLAN Wireless Settings		
Rates Domain About Status Configuration Encryption Site_Survey IBSS		
Encryption (WEP security): 64 bit © Create Keys Manually: © Alphanumeric: 5 characters © Hexadecimal: 10 digits (0-9, A-F)		
Key 1: Use WEP Key: Key 2: 1 Key 3: 1 Key 4: 1		
C Create Keys with Passphrase Passphrase:		
OK Cancel Apply		

- Encryption (WEP security): WEP is an acronym for Wired Equivalent Privacy, which is a security protocol for Wireless Local Area Networks (WLANs) defined in the 802.11 standard. WEP is designed to provide the same level of security as a wired LAN. Select disabled, 64-bit, or 128-bit from the drop-down list.
- Alphanumeric characters: select this radio button if you would like to use characters/numbers for the WEP key.
- Hexadecimal digits (0-9, A-F): select this radio button if you would like to use hexadecimal digits for the WEP key.
- **Key 1 Key 4:** enter the WEP key here.
- Create Keys with Pass phrase: enter a string of characters to be used as a WEP key.
- > Use WEP key: select a key number from the drop down list.
- > Click on the **Apply** or **OK** button if you have made any changes.

2.5.3.4 Site Survey

The **Site Survey** tab displays a list of Access Points in the area, and allows you to connect to a specific Access Point. The following information is included in this tab, as the image depicts below.

Default - WLAN Wireless Settings				
Rates Status Configuration	Domain Encryption	About Site_Survey IBSS		
Selected AP:				
SSID LQ	C BSSID	W Mode WP		
<		>		
'C' : Channel	'W' : WEP En	able Connect		
'RSSID' : Remote SSID	'WPA' : WPA	Enable Scan		
'Mode': AP or STA	'LQ' : Link Qu	ality		
1	OK	Cancel Apply		

- **SSID:** displays the SSID of the Access Point.
- **LQ:** displays the link quality of the Access Point.
- **C:** displays the channel number of the Access Point.
- **BSSID:** displays the MAC address of the Access Point.
- ► W: indicates whether WEP is enabled.
- > Mode: indicates whether the SSID is a Station (STA) or Access Point (AP).
- > WPA: indicates whether WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) is enabled.
- Connect: to connect with a specific Access Point, select the Access Point from the drop-down list, and then click on the Connect button.
- **Scan:** to view a list of Access Points in the area click on the **Scan** button.
- > Click on the **Apply** or **OK** button if you have made any changes.

2.5.3.5 IBSS

The **IBSS** tab displays IBSS Channel Selection. You may select a channel from the list, or click on the **Default** button, for a default channel. The image below depicts the **IBSS** tab.

Default - WLAN Wireless Settings
Rates Domain About Status Configuration Encryption Site_Survey IBSS
IBSS Channel Selection Image: Selection 2.412 GHz, Channel 01 Image: Selection 2.412 GHz, Channel 01 Image: Selection 2.417 GHz, Channel 02 Image: Selection 2.427 GHz, Channel 03 Image: Selection 2.427 GHz, Channel 04 Image: Selection 2.437 GHz, Channel 05 Image: Selection 2.442 GHz, Channel 06 Image: Selection 2.447 GHz, Channel 07 Image: Selection 2.452 GHz, Channel 08 Image: Selection 2.452 GHz, Channel 10 Image: Selection 2.462 GHz, Channel 11 Image: Selection
OK Cancel Apply

> Click on the **Apply** or **OK** button if you have made any changes.

2.5.3.6 Rates

The **Rates** tab displays the data rate. You may select a data rate from the list, or click on the **Default** button, for a default data rate (Fully Automatic). The image below depicts the **Rates** tab.

Default - WLAN Wireless	Settings	
Status Configuration Rates Fixed Data Rate Fully Automatic Fully Automatic 1 Mb 2 Mb 5.5 Mb 6 Mb 9 Mb 11 Mb	r r	Site_Survey IBSS About Wireless LAN
12 Mb 18 Mb 24 Mb 36 Mb 48 Mb 54 Mb	OK	Defaults Cancel Apply

> Click on the **Apply** or **OK** button if you have made any changes.

2.5.3.7 Domain

The **Domain** tab displays the 802.11d support and current countries/domains, as the image depicts below.

Default - WLAN Wirele	ess Settings		×
Status Configuratio Rates	on Encryption Domain	Site_Survey IBSS About	
	Strict 💽 Flexib		
Countries/Domains United States			
Country Code: US Domain Name: FCC	*****		
***** 802.11 B/G ***** Channel Freq Power I 01 2412 1000 02 2417 1000	30	Defaults	
03 2422 1000 04 2427 1000	30 30 30	~	
	ОК	Cancel Apply	

- ➤ 802.11d Support: by default 802.11d support is set to flexible. You may change this by selecting None or Strict.
- Countries/Domains: you may select your country from the drop-down list.
 You will then see country specific information in the text box.
- > Click on the **Apply** or **OK** button if you have made any changes.

2.5.3.8 About

The **About** tab displays information about the PC card. This includes the network driver version and date, configuration utility version and date, and the NIC (Network Interface Card) firmware version and date.

IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11g WLAN11g network adaptor IEEE 802.11g Opyright (C) 2003 IEEE 802.11g IEE Network Driver IEEE 802.11g Version: 1.00.17.0065 Date: Aug 27 2003 IEEE 802.11g Configuration Utility Version: Version: 1.00.17 Date: Aug 27 2003 NIC Firmware Version: Version: 1.00.04.02 Address: 00.02.6F.00.00.02	Status Configuration Rates	Encryption Domain	Site_Survey IBSS About
Version: 1.00.17.0065 Date: Aug 27 2003 Configuration Utility	WLAN11g network adap Copyright (C) 2003 IEEE 802.11		
Version: 1.00.17 Date: Aug 27 2003 NIC Firmware		Date:	Aug 27 2003
		Date:	Aug 27 2003
		Address:	00.02.6F.00.00.02

2.6 Uninstall the Client Utility

If the PC card installation is unsuccessful for any reason, the best way to solve the problem may be to completely uninstall the PC card and its software and repeat the installation procedure again.

Follow the steps below in order to uninstall the Client Utility:

1. Double click on the **Safely Remove Hardware** icon in the system tray.



Safely Remove Hardware icon

After clicking on the icon the following window will appear.

💈 Safely Remove Hardware 🛛 🕐 🔀
Select the device you want to unplug or eject, and then click Stop. When Windows notifies you that it is safe to do so unplug the device from your computer.
Hardware devices:
 ✓ USB Mass Storage Device ✓ IEEE 802.11g WLAN11g network adaptor 802.11g Adapter ② QSI DVD-ROM SDR-083 - (F:)
IEEE 802.11g WLAN11g network adaptor 802.11g Adapter at PCI bus 130, device 0, function 0 <u>P</u> roperties <u>S</u> top
Display device components

2. Select **IEEE 802.11g WLAN11g network adaptor 802.11g Adapter** and then click on the **Stop** button. You will then see a window asking you to confirm the stop.

🕏 Stop a Hardware device	? 🛛
Confirm devices to be stopped, Choose OK to continue.	
Windows will attempt to stop the following devices. After the devices stopped they may be removed safely.	are
EEE 802.11g WLAN11g network adaptor 802.11g Adapter	
OK Car	icel

- 3. Click on the **OK** button.
- 4. At this point, gently remove the PC card from the PCMCIA Type II slot.
- 5. Click on **Start > Settings > Control Panel**, and then click on the **Add or Remove Programs** icon. A window will then appear listing all the programs on your PC. From the list click on the PC card item, as the image depicts below.

ក្រ្តិ IEEE 802.11g WLAN network adaptor for Windows	Size	0.06MB
To change this program or remove it from your computer, click Change/Remove.	Change/	Remove

6. Click on the **Change/Remove** button. You will then be asked to confirm the file deletion, as the image depicts below.

Confirm	File Deletion
2	Are you sure you want to completely remove 'IEEE 802.11g WLAN network adaptor for Windows' and all of its components?
	Yes No

7. Click on the **Yes** button. The uninstall shield will then begin to uninstall the files from you computer, as the image depicts below.



8. Click on the **OK** button, the uninstallation is successful.

Appendix A – Troubleshooting

The following table describes the solutions for the problems that may occur when installing the PC card.

Verity that the PC card is properly inserted into the PC card slot. Check whether the computer has a Plug and Play BIOS. Windows 98/ME/2000/XP might not detect the PC
BIOS.
Windows 98/ME/2000/XP might not detect the PC
card if a previous installation of the PC card was cancelled before it was completed. Remove the driver and reinstall it again.
A resource conflict could exit. Use the Device Manger to resolve the resource conflict.
A device conflict may be related to PC card. Use the computer properties to identify the Port Address and IRQ values. If there is a device conflict, select alternative settings for I/O Base Address or IRQ values. If you know which device is conflicting with the PC card, you have the option of changing the device's I/O address or IRQ instead of the PC card.
Verify that the SSID of the PC card matches that of the Access Point. Use the Network Configuration properties in the control panel to modify the SSID.
 The PC card is not powered on: The cause may be: No driver loaded or installed. Card – Driver mismatch, which prevented the driver from loading. Device conflict, which prevented the driver from loading. Actions: Verify that the driver has been installed. Determine if there is a conflict with another

Appendix B – Specifications Wireless PC Card

General	
Data Rates	1,2,5.5,6,9,11,12,18,24,36,48,54 Mbps
Network Standards	IEEE 802.11, IEEE 802.11b, 802.11g draft
Compliance	FCC Part 15/UL, ETSI 300/328/CE
Drivers	Windows 98/ME/2000/XP
Operational Voltage	3.3 ± 0.15V
Current Consumption	Continue Tx: < 850mA
	Continue Rx: < 550mA
Security	IEEE802.1x Client Support
	WPA Wi-Fi Protected Access (64,128-bit WEP with TKIP, Pre- Share Key)

RF Information	
Frequency Band	2412 – 2483.5 MHz
Channels	11 for North America, 14 for Japan, 13 for Europe,
	2 for Spain, 4 for France
Media Access Protocol	Carrier sense multiple access with collision avoidance (CSMA/CA)
Modulation Technology	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)
	DBPSK @ 1Mbps
	DQPSK @2Mbps
	CCK @ 5.5 & 11Mbps
	BPSK @ 6 and 9 Mbps
	QPSK @ 12 and 18 Mbps
	16-QAM @ 24 and 36 Mbps
	64-QAM @ 48 and 54 Mbps
Receive Sensitivity (Typical)	-92dBm @ 1Mbps -91dBm @ 6Mbps -82dBm @ 24Mbps
	-89dBm @ 2Mbps -90dBm @ 9Mbps -78dBm @ 36Mbps
	-88dBm @ 5.5Mbps -87dBm @ 12Mbps -71dBm @ 48Mbps
	-85dBm @ 11Mbps -85dBm @ 18Mbps -71dBm @ 54Mbps
Available transmit power	21 ± 2dBm @1, 2, 5.5 and 11Mbps
(Depend on Different	20 ± 2dBm @6, 9, 12, 18Mbps
Countries' Regulation)	17 ± 2dBm @24, 36Mbps
	16 ± 2dBm @48, 54Mbps

RF link activity
32-bit CardBus PC Card Standard V. 7.1 Type II
Integrated built-in diversity antenna
118 (L)mm x 54(W)mm x 6.3(H)mm

Environmental	
Temperature Range	0°C to 55°C - Operating
	-40°Cto 70°C - Storage
Humidity (non-condensing)	5%~95% Typical

Appendix C – Regulatory Compliance Information

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.

This device complies with FCC RF Exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment, under 47 CFR 2.1093 paragraph (d)(2).

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.