

## TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-6027/18-02-07-A

BNetzA-CAB-02/21-102

### Testing laboratory

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**Accredited Testing Laboratory:**

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-03

### Applicant

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### Manufacturer

**ROBERT BOSCH GmbH**

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### Test standard/s

CFR 47 Part 95,  
Subpart M

The 76-81 GHz Band Radar Service

RSS-251, Issue 1

Field Disturbance Sensors in the Bands 46.7-46.9 GHz (Vehicular Radar) and 76-77 GHz (Vehicular and Airport Fixed Radar)

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

### Test Item

**Kind of test item:** Radarsensor

**Model name:** FR5CPEC

**FCC ID:** NF3FR5CPEC

**IC:** 3887A-FR5CPEC

**Frequency:** 76.0 – 77.0 GHz

**Antenna:** Integrated planar antenna array

**Power supply:** 7.0 V to 16.0 V DC by external power supply

**Temperature range:** -40°C to +85°C

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

### Test report authorized:

Karsten Gerdaldy  
Lab Manager  
Radio Communications & EMC

### Test performed:

Benedikt Gerber  
Lab Manager  
Radio Communications & EMC

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## 2 General information

### 2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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**This test report replaces the test report with the number 1-6027/18-02-07 and dated 2018-08-20.**

### 2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2018-05-24
Date of receipt of test item:	2018-07-26
Start of test:	2018-07-26
End of test:	2018-08-17
Person(s) present during the test:	Mr. Rainer Siegel

### 2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

### 3 Test standard/s and references

Test standard	Date	Description
CFR 47 Part 95, Subpart M	-/-	The 76-81 GHz Band Radar Service
RSS-251, Issue 1	Nov. 2014	Field Disturbance Sensors in the Bands 46.7-46.9 GHz (Vehicular Radar) and 76-77 GHz (Vehicular and Airport Fixed Radar)
RSS-GEN, Issue 5, Amendment 1	April 2018	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

Guidance	Version	Description
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American national standard for methods of measurement of radio-noise emissions from low-voltage electrical and electronic equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American national standard of procedures for compliance testing of unlicensed wireless devices
KDB 653005 D01	V01	Equipment Authorization Guidance for 76-81 GHz Radar Devices

### 4 Test environment

Temperature	:	$T_{nom}$ +22 °C during room temperature tests $T_{max}$ +85 °C during high temperature tests $T_{min}$ -40 °C during low temperature tests
Relative humidity content	:	55 %
Barometric pressure	:	1021 hpa (not relevant for this kind of testing)
Power supply	:	$V_{nom}$ 12.0 V DC by external power supply $V_{max}$ 13.8 V $V_{min}$ 10.2 V



## 6 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

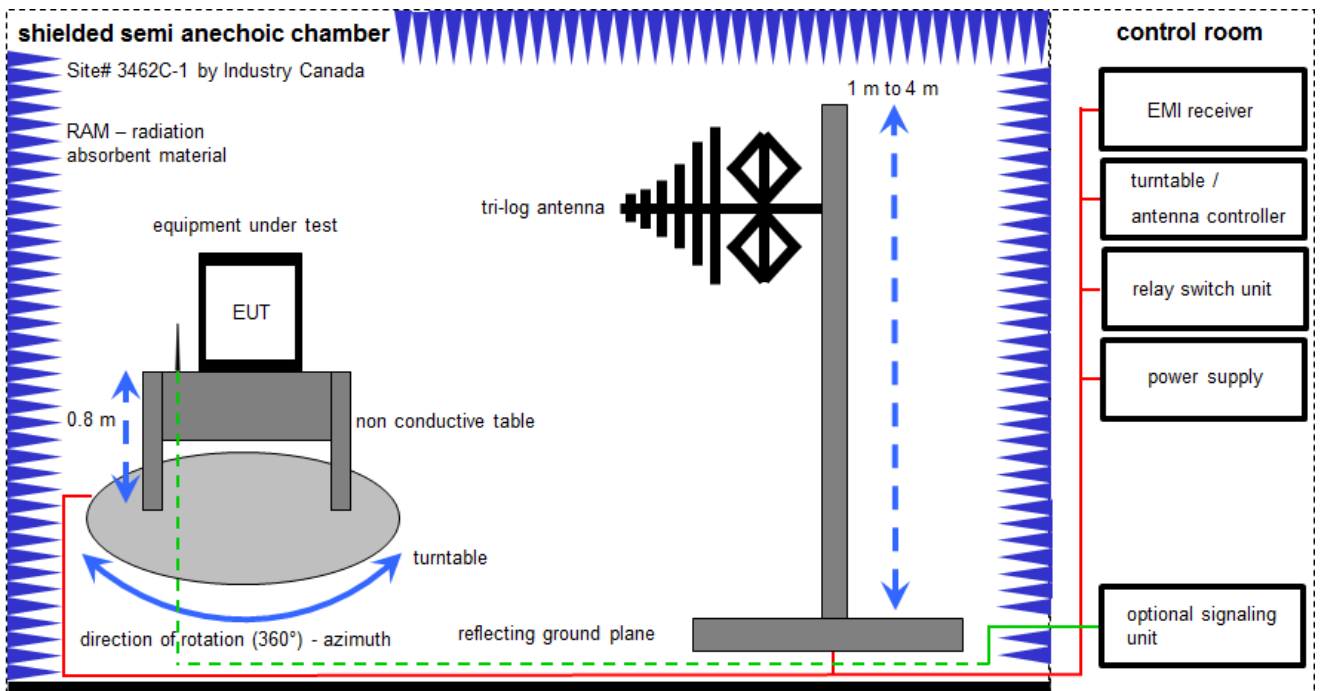
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

**Agenda:** Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

## 6.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter

$$FS = UR + CL + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

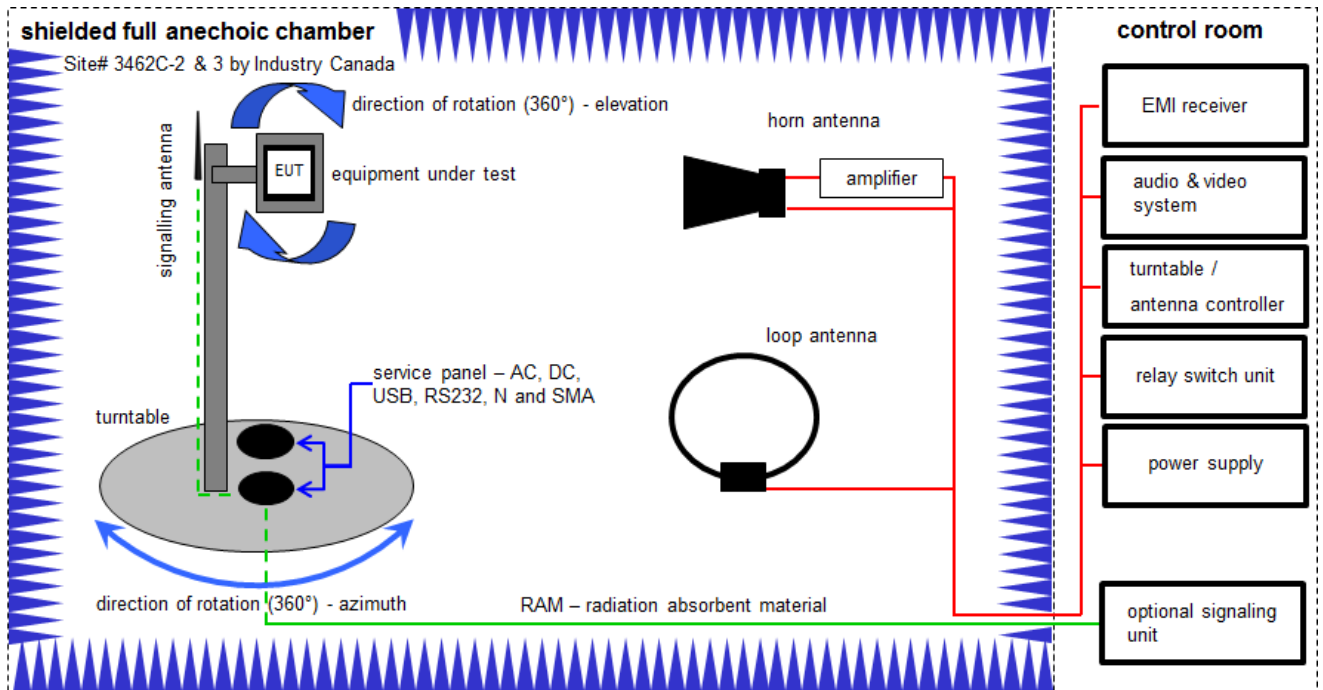
$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 12.35 [dB\mu V/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dB\mu V/m] (35.69 \mu V/m)$$

**Equipment table:**

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	45	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	50	DC power supply, 60Vdc, 50A, 1200 W	6032A	HP	2920A04466	300000580	ne	-/-	-/-
3	93	Meißkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG 300023		300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
4	n. a.	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	15.12.2017	14.12.2018
5	n. a.	Analyzer-Reference-System (Harmonics and Flicker)	ARS 16/1	SPS	A3509 07/0 0205	300003314	vKI!	15.01.2018	14.01.2020
6	n. a.	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
7	n. a.	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
8	n. a.	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
9	n. a.	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess - Elektronik	371	300003854	vKI!	24.11.2017	23.11.2020
10	n. a.	Spectrum-Analyzer	FSU26	R&S	200809	300003874	k	20.12.2017	19.12.2018



## 6.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter / 1 meter

FS = UR + CA + AF  
(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

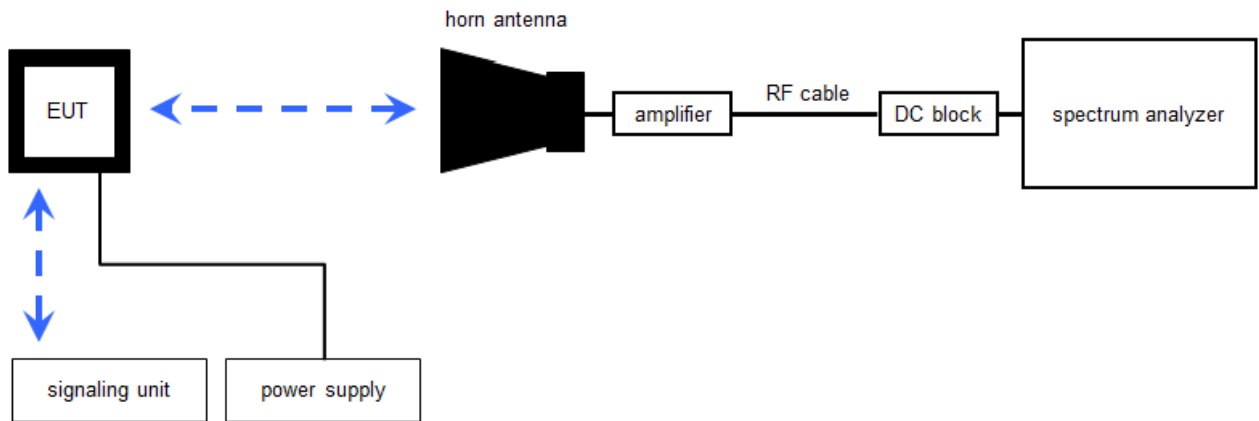
$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 40.0 [dB\mu V/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dB\mu V/m] (71.61 \mu V/m)$$

### Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	n. a.	DC power supply, 60Vdc, 50A, 1200 W	6032A	HP	2818A03450	300001040	vKI!	12.12.2017	11.12.2020
2	n. a.	Active Loop Antenna 9 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	vKI!	07.07.2017	06.07.2019
3	n. a.	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev	-/-	-/-
4	19	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9107-3697	300001605	vKI!	14.02.2017	13.02.2019
5	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	*	300000199	ne	-/-	-/-
6	9	Variable isolating transformer	MPL IEC625 Bus Variable isolating transformer	Erfi	91350	300001155	ne	-/-	-/-
7	n. a.	EMI Test Receiver 20Hz- 26,5GHz	ESU26	R&S	100037	300003555	k	20.12.2017	19.12.2018
8	n. a.	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	19	300003790	ne	-/-	-/-
9	n. a.	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22049	300004481	ev	-/-	-/-
10	n. a.	Broadband Amplifier 5-13 GHz	CBLU5135235	CERNEX	22010	300004491	ev	-/-	-/-
11	n. a.	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000037	300004509	ne	-/-	-/-
12	n. a.	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V3.16.0.49	EMCO		300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
13	n. a.	PC	ExOne	F+W		300004703	ne	-/-	-/-
14	n. a.	RF-Amplifier	AMF-6F06001800-30-10P-R	NARDA-MITEQ Inc	2011572	300005241	ev	-/-	-/-

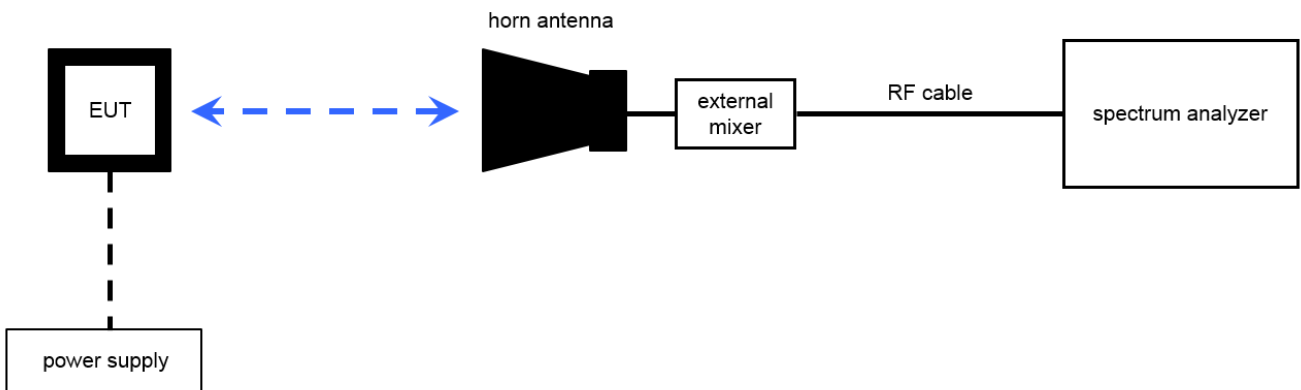
### 6.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz

#### Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



### 6.4 Radiated measurements > 50/85 GHz

#### Radiated measurements RF laboratory



$$OP = AV + D - G$$

(OP-rad. output power; AV-analyzer value; D-free field attenuation of measurement distance; G-antenna gain)

Example calculation:

$$OP \text{ [dBm]} = -54.0 \text{ [dBm]} + 64.0 \text{ [dB]} - 20.0 \text{ [dBi]} = -10 \text{ [dBm]} \text{ (100 } \mu\text{W)}$$

Note: conversion loss of mixer is already included in analyzer value.

**Equipment table:**

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	CR 79	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 26.5-40.0 GHz	V637	Narda	7911	300001751	ne	-/-	-/-
2	A023	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 39.3-59.7 GHz	2424-20	Flann	75	300001979	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A025	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 49.9-75.8 GHz	2524-20	Flann	*	300001983	ne	-/-	-/-
4	A027	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 73.8-112 GHz	2724-20	Flann	*	300001988	ne	-/-	-/-
5	A032	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 114-173 GHz	2924-20	Flann	*	300001999	ne	-/-	-/-
6	A027	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0-26.5 GHz	638	Narda		300000486	vKI!	13.12.2017	12.12.2019
7	n. a.	Harmonic Mixer 3-Port, 110-170 GHz	SAM-170	Radiometer Physics GmbH	100014	300004156	k	15.03.2018	14.03.2019
8	n. a.	Broadband LNA 18-50 GHz	CBL18503070PN	CERNEX	25240	300004948	ev	-/-	-/-
9	n. a.	Harmonic Mixer, 75-110 GHz	M1970W	KEYSIGHT	MY51430848	300005115	k	27.04.2018	26.04.2019
10	A033	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 145-220 GHz	3024-20	Flann	*	300002000	ne	-/-	-/-
11	n. a.	PXA Spectrum Analyzer 3Hz to 50GHz	N9030A PXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	US51350267	300004338	k	05.03.2018	04.03.2019
12	n. a.	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 60-90 GHz	COR 60_90	Thomson CSF		300000814	ev	-/-	-/-
13	n. a.	Spectrum Analyzer 2 Hz - 85 GHz	FSW85	R&S	101311	-/-	k	06.2018	06.2019

## 7 Sequence of testing

### 7.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

#### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, it is placed on a table with 0.8 m height.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

#### Premeasurement\*

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the pre-measurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. (For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT)
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

\*)Note: The sequence will be repeated three times with different EUT orientations.

## 7.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

### Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

### Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position  $\pm 45^\circ$  and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

### 7.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

#### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

#### Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

## 7.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

### Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

### Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

## 7.5 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 50/85 GHz with external mixers

### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate for far field (e.g. 0.25 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

### Premeasurement

- The test antenna with external mixer is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.
- Caution is taken to reduce the possible overloading of the external mixer.

### Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- As external mixers may generate false images care is taken to ensure that any emission measured by the spectrum analyzer does indeed originate in the EUT. Signal identification feature of spectrum analyzer is used to eliminate false mixer images (i.e., it is not the fundamental emission or a harmonic falling precisely at the measured frequency).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.



## 8 Measurement uncertainty

Test case	Uncertainty
Equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.)	Conducted value $\pm 1$ dB Radiated value $\pm 3$ dB
Permitted range of operating frequencies	$\pm 100$ kHz
Conducted unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (up to 40 GHz)	$\pm 1$ dB
Radiated unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (up to 40 GHz)	$\pm 3$ dB
Conducted unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (40 to 50 GHz)	$\pm 4$ dB
Radiated unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (40 to 50 GHz)	$\pm 4$ dB
Conducted unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (50 to 300 GHz)	$\pm 5$ dB
Radiated unwanted emissions in the spurious domain (50 to 300 GHz)	$\pm 5$ dB
DC and low frequency voltages	$\pm 3$ %
Temperature	$\pm 1$ °C
Humidity	$\pm 3$ %

## 9 Summary of measurement results

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<b>No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained</b>
<input type="checkbox"/>	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
<input type="checkbox"/>	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	47 CFR Part 95 Subpart M RSS – 251 Issue 1	see below	2018-09-25	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	Temperature conditions	Power source voltages	C	NC	NA	NP	Results (max.)
§2.1046 §95.3367 (a) / (b) RSS-251 (5.2.2)	Radiated power	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§2.1047	Modulation characteristics	-/-	-/-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§2.1049 RSS-Gen	Occupied bandwidth (99% bandwidth)	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§2.1051	Spurious emissions at antenna terminals	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	see note
§2.1053 §95.3379 (a)(1) §95.3379 (a)(2) §95.3379 (a)(3) RSS-251 (5.3)	Field strength of emissions (radiated spurious)	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies
§2.1055 §95.3379 (b) RSS-251 (5.4)	Frequency stability	Nominal and Extreme	Nominal and Extreme	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	complies

**Note:** C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

### See FCC's Millimeter Wave Test Procedures:

I. A radiated method of measurements in order to demonstrate compliance with the various regulatory requirements has been chosen in consideration of test equipment availability and the limitations of many external harmonic mixers. A conducted method of measurement could be employed if EUT and mixer waveguides both are accessible and of the same type (WG number) and if waveguide sections and transitions can be found. Another potential problem is that the peak power output of devices operating under Sections 15.253 and 15.255 may exceed the +20 dBm input power limit of many commercially available mixers. For these reasons a radiated method is preferred.

## 10 Measurement results

### 10.1 Radiated power

**Description:**

The fundamental radiated emission limits within the 76-81 GHz band are expressed in terms of Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power (EIRP) and are as shown below.

**Measurement:**

Parameters	
Detector:	RMS / Pos-Peak
Sweep time:	120 s
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC §95.3367 (a) (b)

Frequency	Measurement distance	Power Density → EIRP
76.0 - 81.0 GHz	3.0 m	88 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ → 50 dBm (Average) 279 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ → 55 dBm (PEAK)

**Limits:**

RSS-251 (5.2.2)

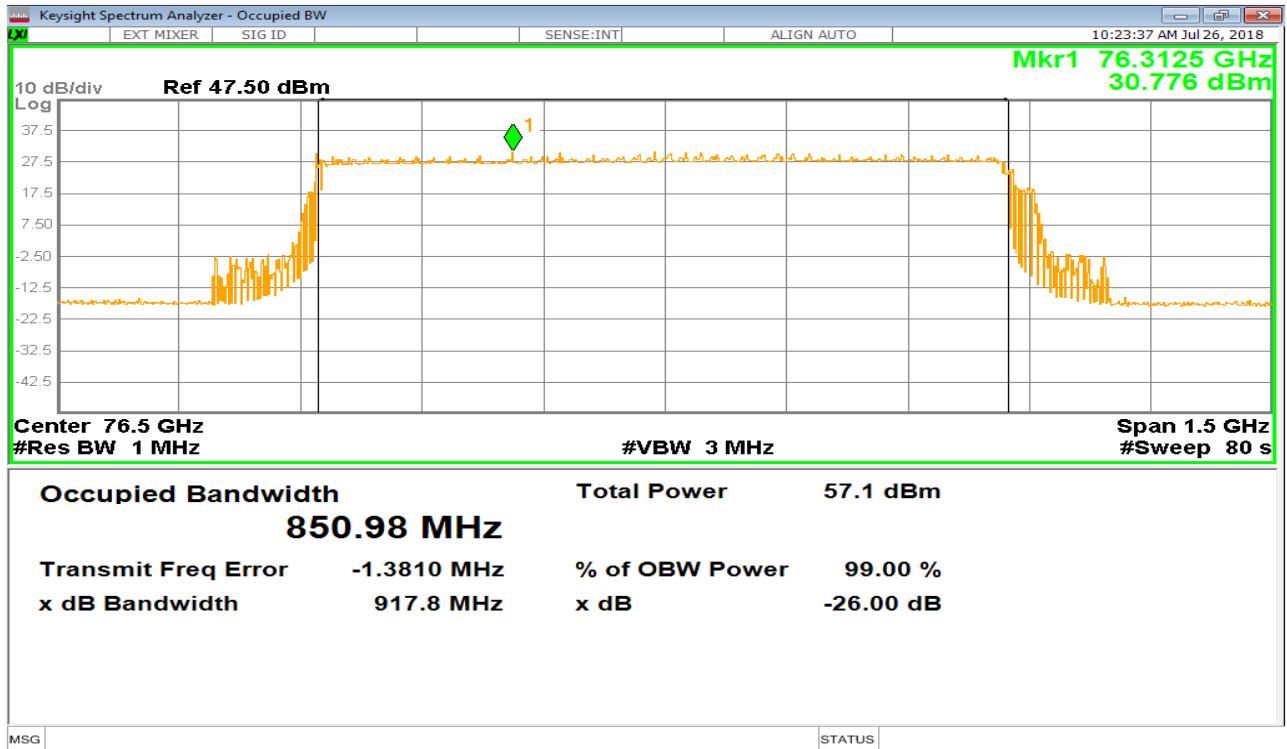
Frequency	Measurement distance	Power Density → EIRP
76.0 - 77.0 GHz	3.0 m	88 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ → 50 dBm (Average) 279 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ → 55 dBm (PEAK)

**Measurement results:**

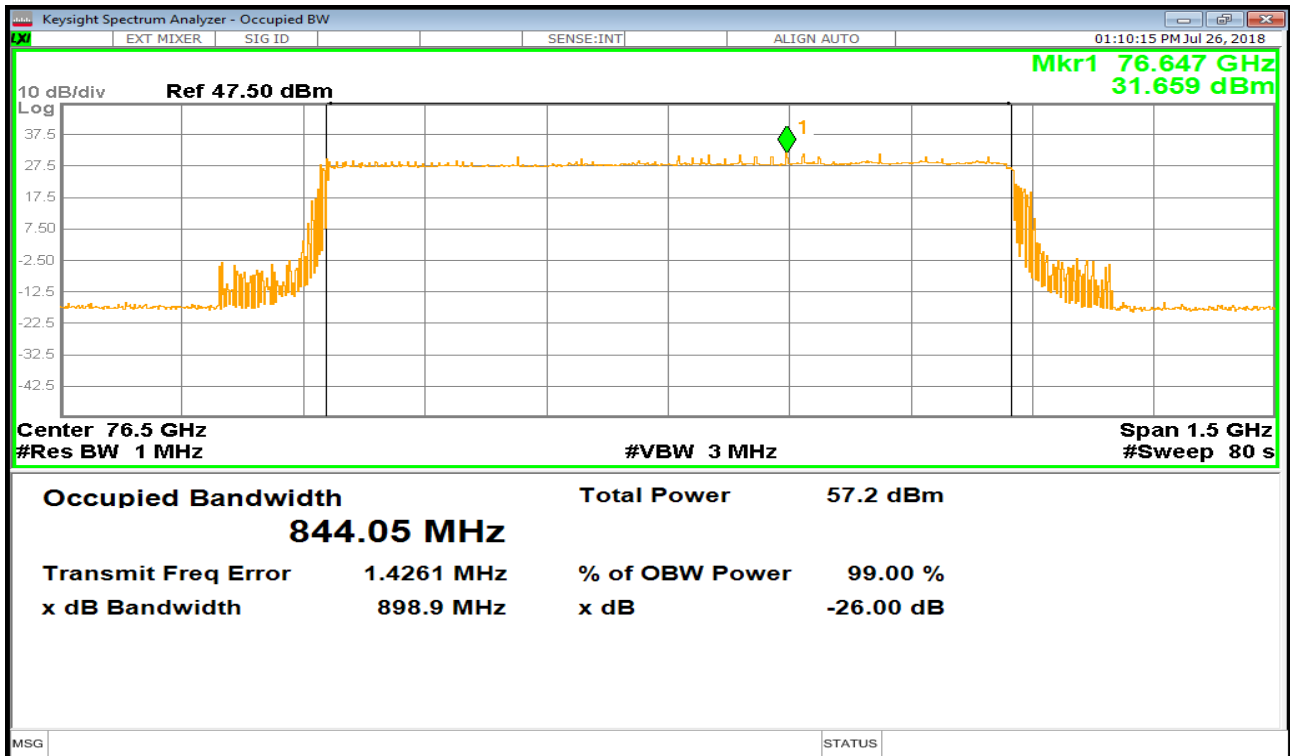
Test conditions	Radiated peak power (eirp) [dBm]
$T_{\text{nom}} / V_{\text{min-max}}$	30.78
$T_{\text{min}} / V_{\text{nom}}$	31.66
$T_{\text{max}} / V_{\text{nom}}$	31.51

Test conditions	Radiated mean power (eirp) / Channel power [dBm]
$T_{\text{nom}} / V_{\text{min-max}}$	22.76
$T_{\text{min}} / V_{\text{nom}}$	23.40
$T_{\text{max}} / V_{\text{nom}}$	21.77

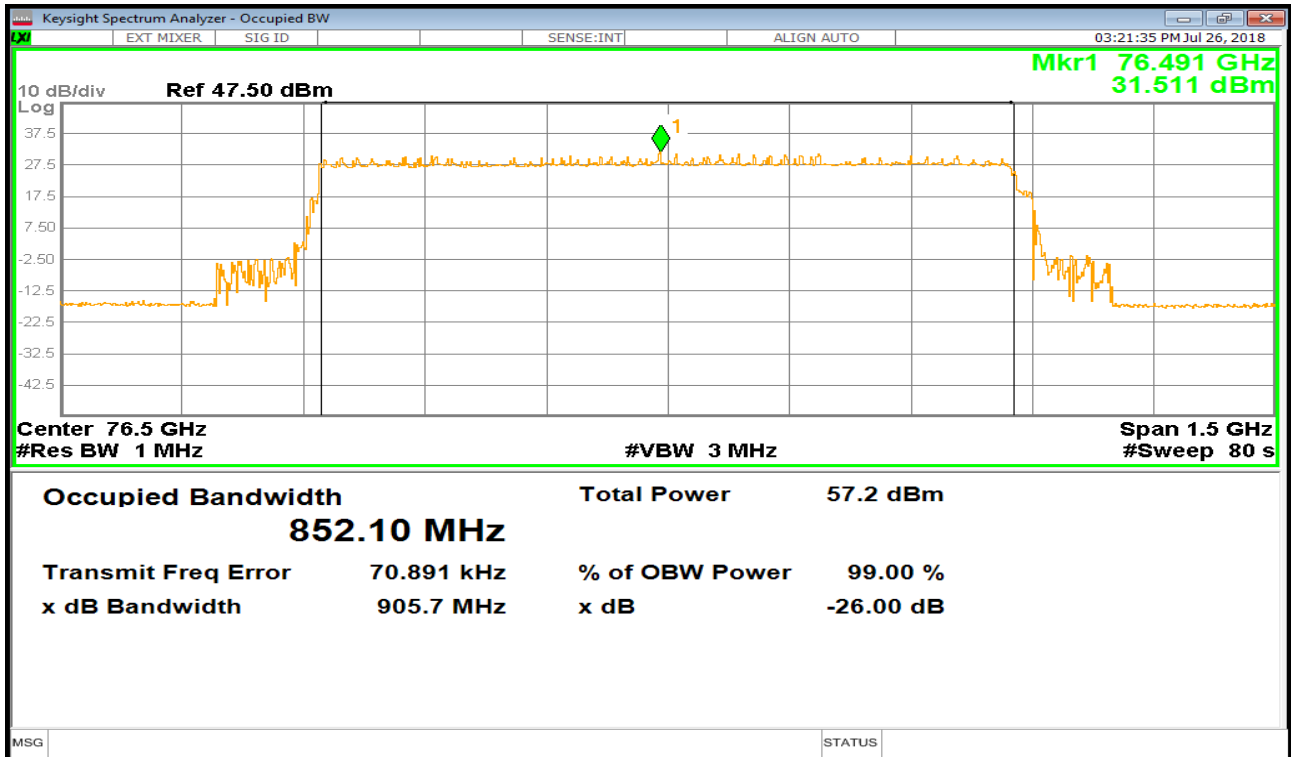
Plot 1: OBW, Radiated peak power,  $T_{nom} / V_{min-max}$



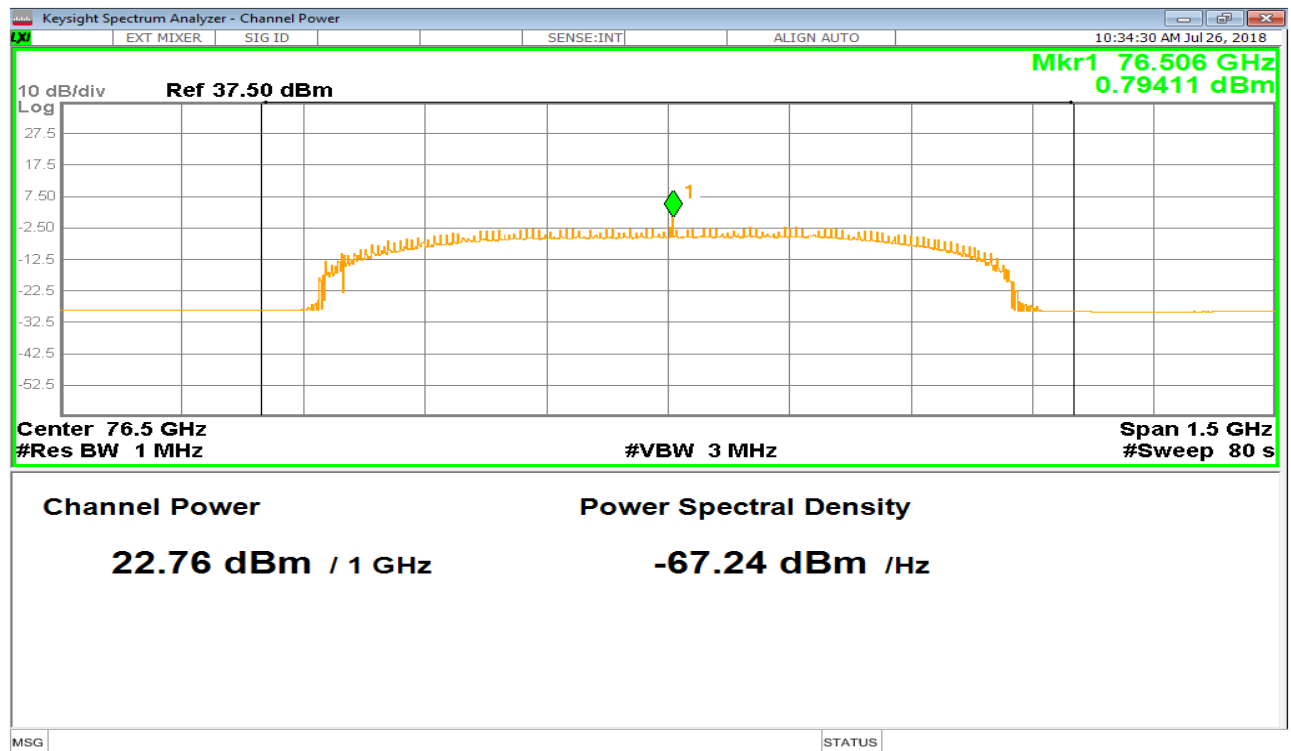
Plot 2: OBW, Radiated peak power,  $T_{min} / V_{nom}$



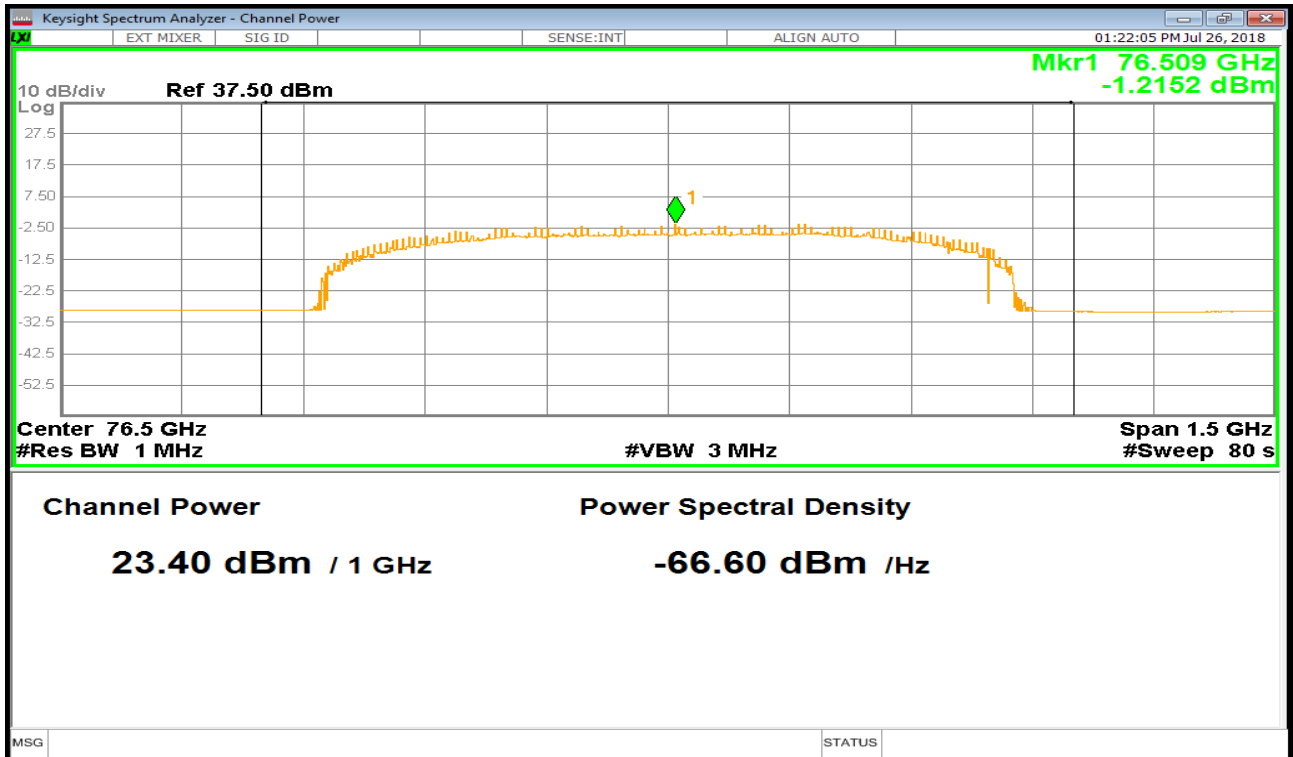
Plot 3: OBW, Radiated peak power,  $T_{max} / V_{nom}$



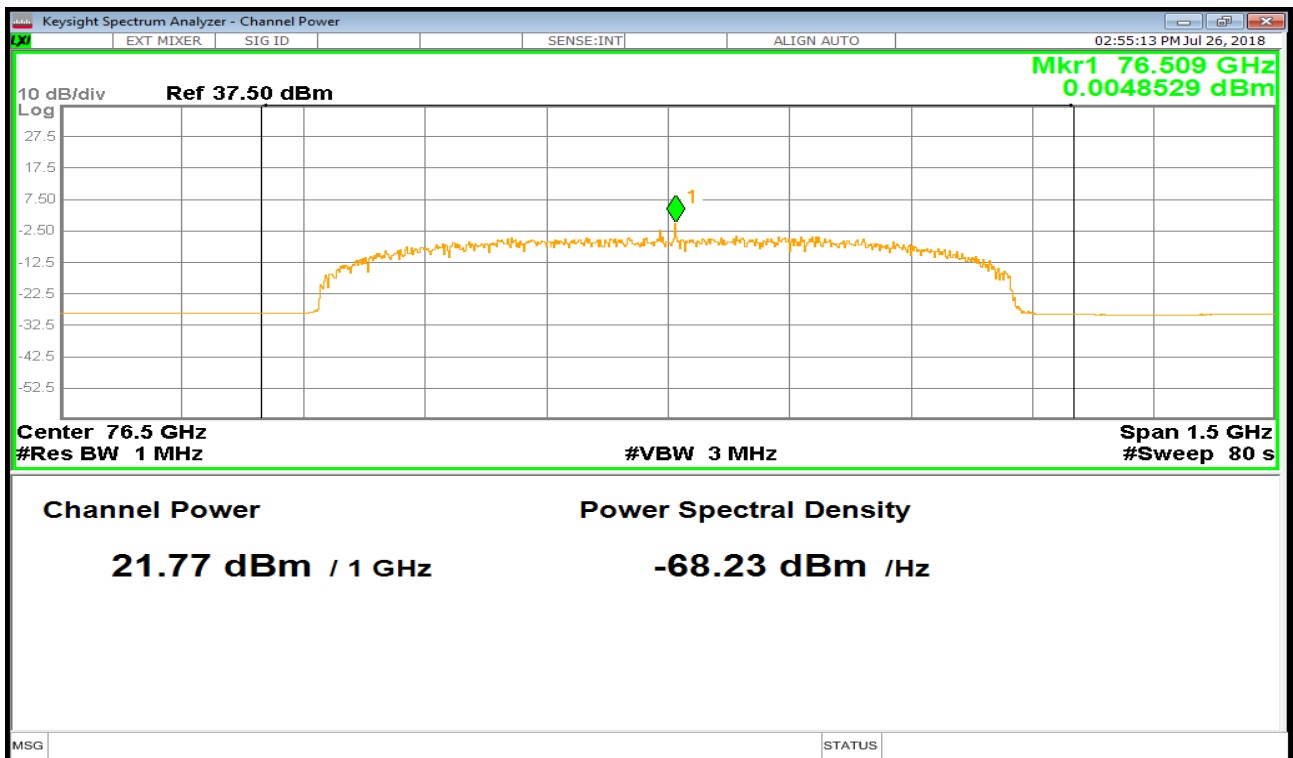
Plot 4: Radiated mean power,  $T_{nom} / V_{min-max}$



Plot 5: Radiated mean power,  $T_{min} / V_{nom}$



Plot 6: Radiated mean power,  $T_{max} / V_{nom}$



## 10.2 Modulation characteristics

### Description:

§2.1047 (d) *Other types of equipment.* A curve or equivalent data which shows that the equipment will meet the modulation requirements of the rules under which the equipment is to be licensed.

### Comments from manufacturer on modulation characteristics according to KDB:

The following information is based on the technical documentation provided by the manufacturer:

### **Information: Frequency over time:**

#### Modulation configuration:

$F_{center}$ : 76.5 GHz

- 1 Sequence = 10 Ramps with 229 MHz deviation and 409,6µs
- 32 Sequences = 320 Ramps with 621 MHz deviation and total time of 16.7ms

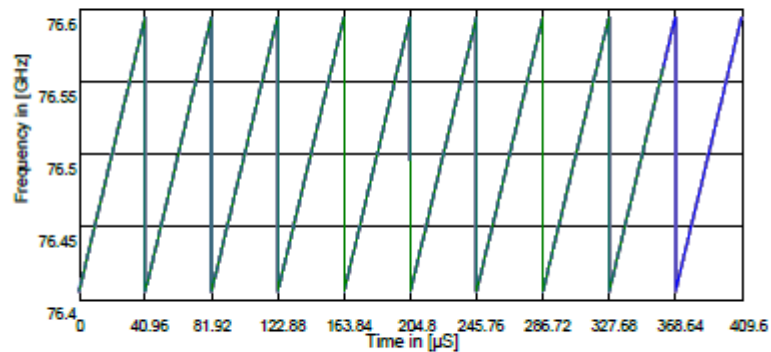


Figure 4 Example of chirp modulation in a single sequence

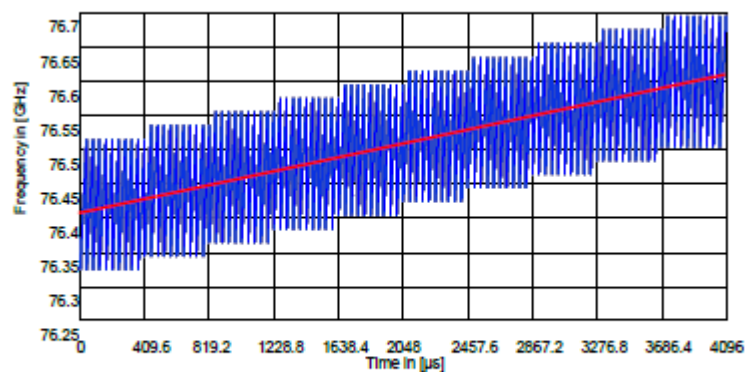
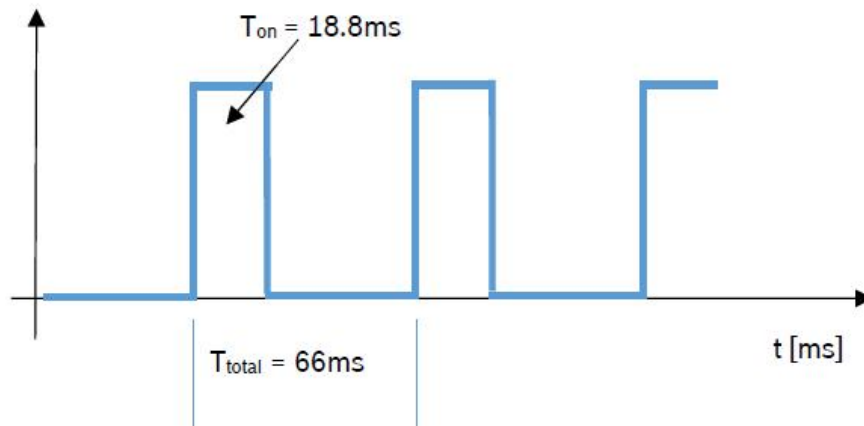
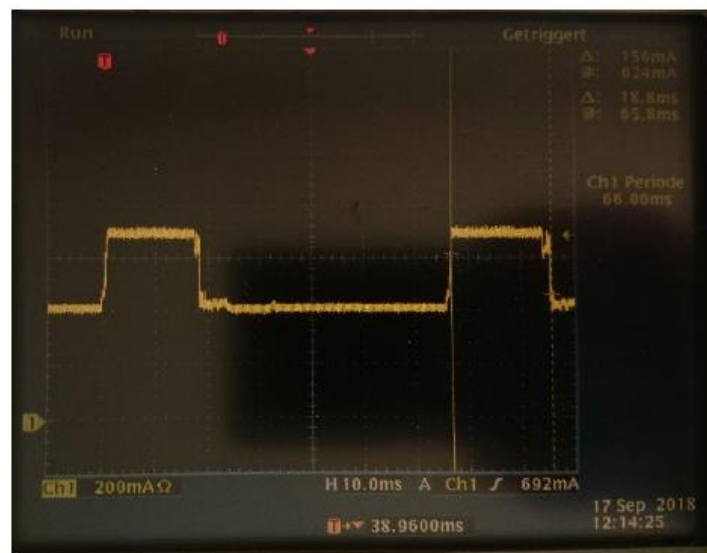


Figure 5 Example one chirp sequence out of 10 sequences

Information : Duty Cycle



$$T_{on} / T_{total} = 18.8ms / 66ms = 28.5\%$$





### 10.3 Occupied bandwidth

#### Description:

§2.1049 The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission.

#### Measurement:

Parameters	
Detector:	Pos-Peak
Sweep time:	120 s
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Measurement uncertainty	Span/1000

#### Limits:

FCC §95.3379 (b)

Frequency range	f(lowest) > 76.0 GHz	f(highest) < 81.0 GHz
-----------------	----------------------	-----------------------

#### Limits:

RSS-251 (5.2.2) / (5.4)

Frequency range	f(lowest) > 76.0 GHz	f(highest) < 77.0 GHz
-----------------	----------------------	-----------------------

#### Measurement results:

Test conditions	Operating Frequency Range		
	f <sub>L</sub> [GHz]	f <sub>H</sub> [GHz]	OBW [MHz]
T <sub>nom</sub> / V <sub>min-max</sub>	76.0731	76.9241	850.98
T <sub>min</sub> / V <sub>nom</sub>	76.0794	76.9235	844.05
T <sub>max</sub> / V <sub>nom</sub>	76.0740	76.9261	852.10

See also plots 1-3

## 10.4 Band edge compliance

### Description:

Investigation of the emission limits at the band edge.

### Measurement:

Parameters	
Detector:	RMS / Pos-Peak
Sweep time:	120s
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

### Limits:

FCC §95.3379 (a) (2) (i) + (ii) / ANSI C63.10-2013 / 6.10

Frequency Range [GHz]	Measurement distance	Power Density
40 – 200	3.0 m	600 pW/cm <sup>2</sup> → -1.7 dBm

### Limits:

FCC §95.3379 (b)

Frequency range	f(lowest) > 76.0 GHz	f(highest) < 81.0 GHz
-----------------	----------------------	-----------------------

### Limits:

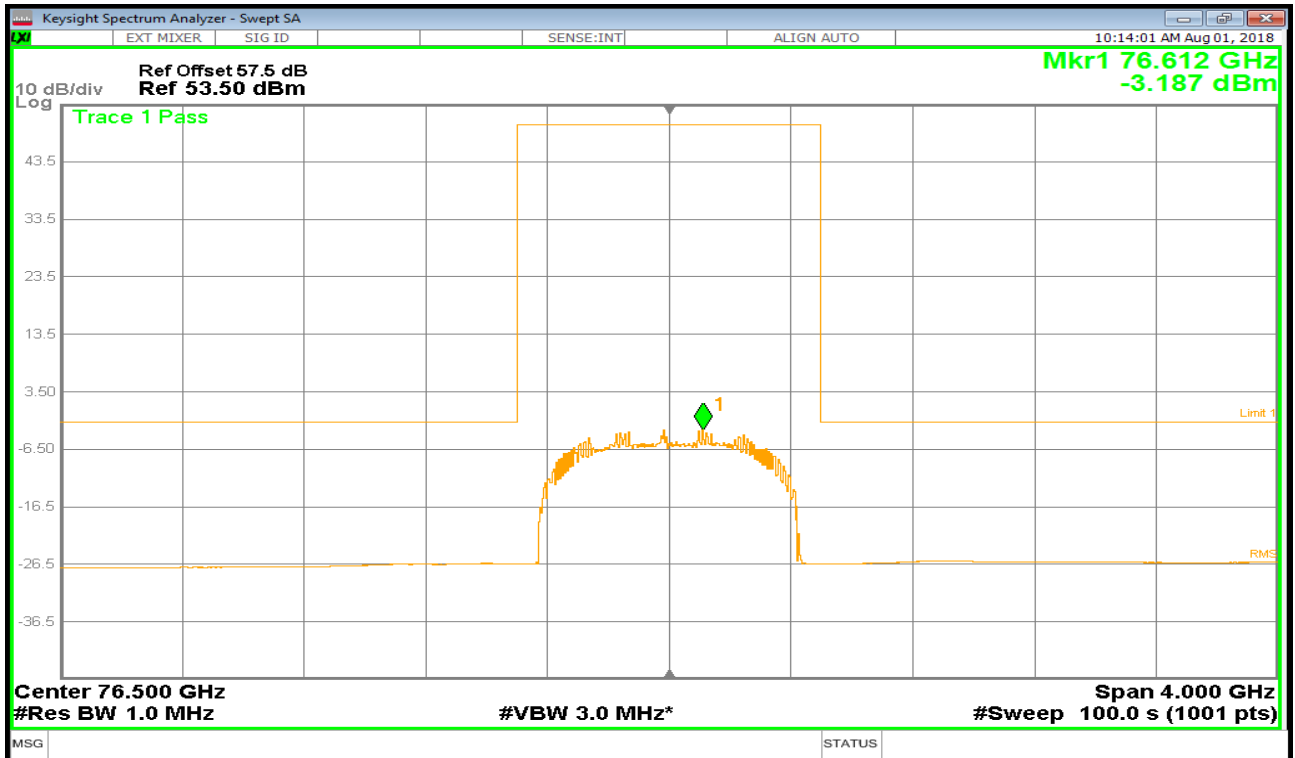
RSS-251 (5.2.2)

Frequency range	f(lowest) > 76.0 GHz	f(highest) < 77.0 GHz
-----------------	----------------------	-----------------------

### Measurement results:

See plots below.

Plot 7: BEC,  $T_{nom} / V_{nom}$



## 10.5 Field strength of spurious emissions

### Description:

The power density of any emissions outside the 76-81 GHz band shall consist solely of spurious emissions and shall not exceed the following:

### Limits:

FCC §95.3379 / RSS-Gen

FCC		
CFR Part 95.3379 (a) (1) / CFR Part 95.3379 (a) (3) / RSS-Gen		
Radiated Spurious Emissions		
Emissions radiated outside of the specified frequency bands, except for harmonics, shall be attenuated by at least 50 dB below the level of the fundamental or to the general radiated emission limits in § 15.209, whichever is the lesser attenuation.		
Frequency [MHz]	Field Strength [dBµV/m]	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F[kHz]	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F[kHz]	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
960 – 40 000	54.0	3

### Limits:

FCC §95.3379 (a) (2) (i) + (ii) / RSS-251 (5.3)

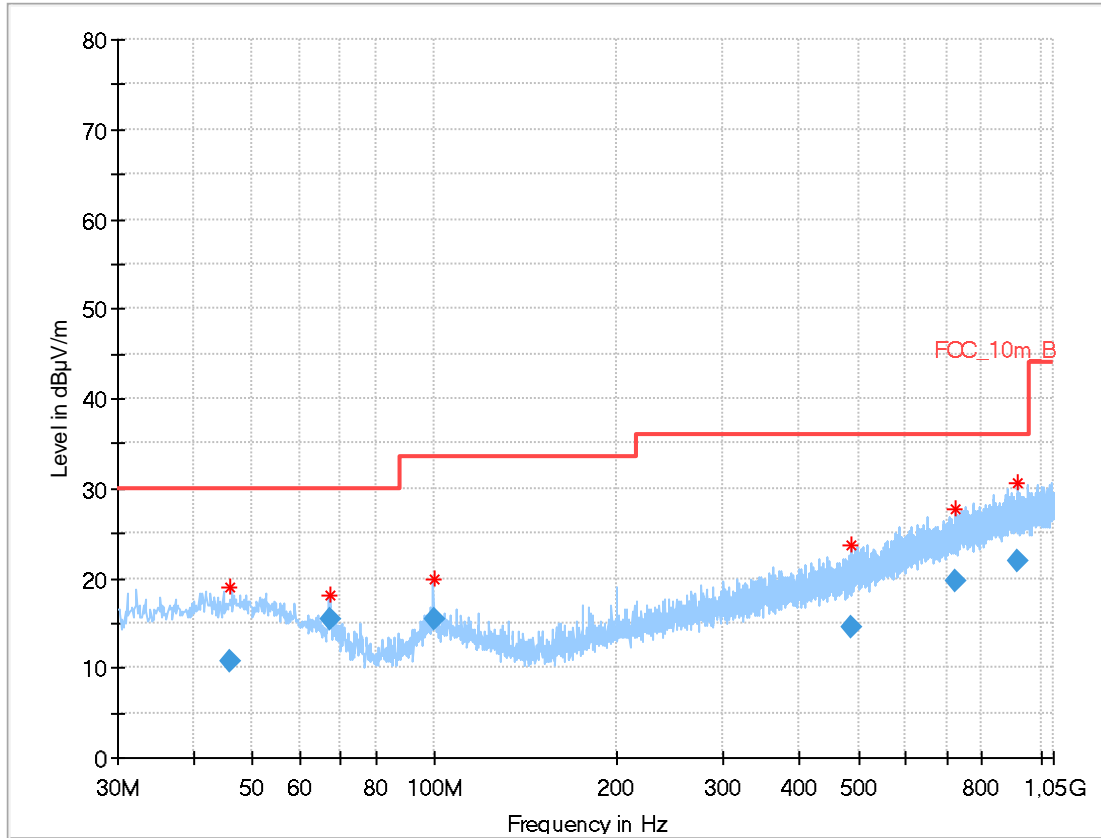
Frequency Range [GHz]	Measurement distance	Power Density
40 – 200	3.0 m	600 pW/cm <sup>2</sup> → -1.7 dBm
200 – 231	3.0 m	1000 pW/cm <sup>2</sup> → +0.5 dBm

### Measurement results:

Mode	Frequency in GHz	Detector	Bandwidth [MHz]	Level	Distance [m]	Limit	Margin [dB]
-	27.3700	Average	1	25.29 dBµV	0.2	54 dBµV	-28.71
-	27.3700	Peak	1	41.26 dBµV	0.2	74 dBµV	-32.74
-	28.2400	Average	1	26.40 dBµV	0.2	54 dBµV	-27.60
-	27.3700	Peak	1	41.05 dBµV	0.2	74 dBµV	-32.95
-	74.1860	Average	1	-46.67 dBm	0.1	-1.7 dBm	-44.97
-	74.1860	Peak	1	-17.93 dBm	0.1	18.3 dBm	-36.23

For emissions between 30 MHz and 1 GHz, please refer to plot 8.

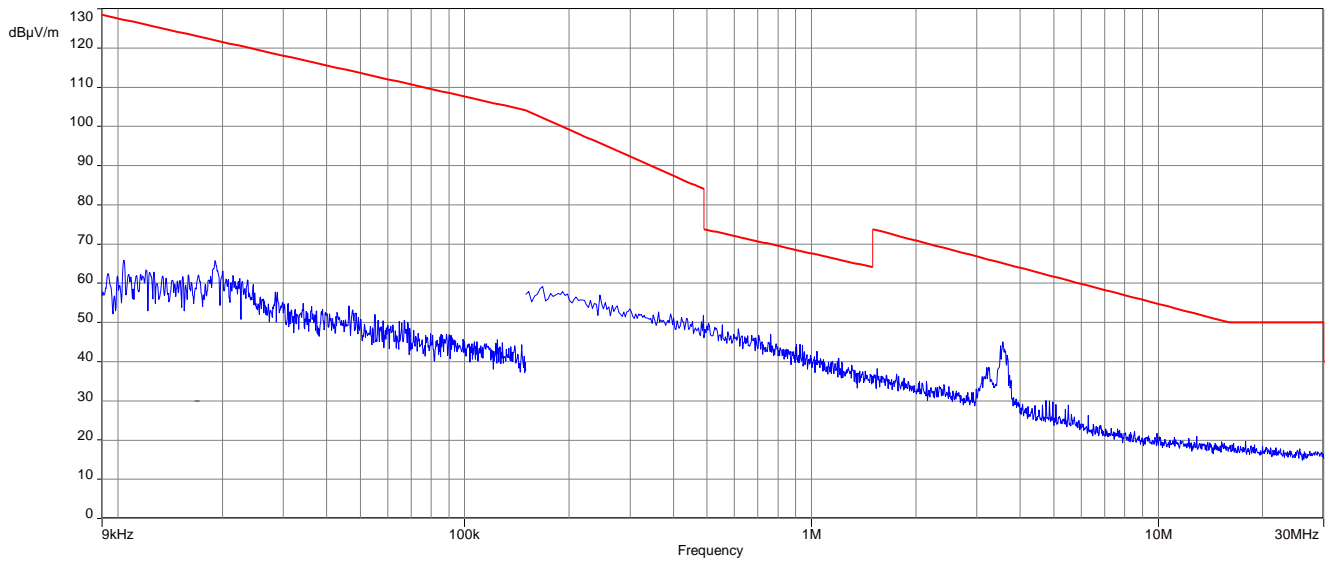
Plot 8: 30 MHz to 1 GHz



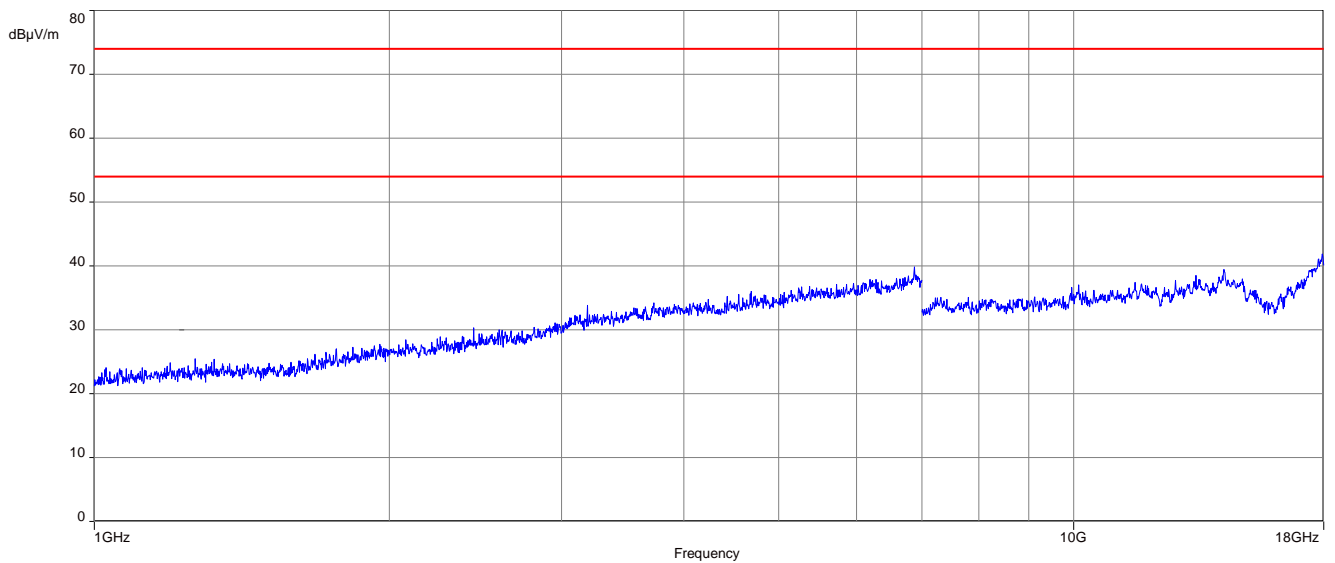
### Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
46.099	10.68	30.0	19.32	1000	120	100.0	V	270.0	14.0
67.169	15.34	30.0	14.66	1000	120	170.0	V	90.0	10.6
99.528	15.51	33.5	17.99	1000	120	101.0	V	270.0	12.2
486.834	14.61	36.0	21.39	1000	120	170.0	V	90.0	18.5
720.772	19.66	36.0	16.34	1000	120	98.0	H	0.0	22.3
912.343	21.86	36.0	14.14	1000	120	170.0	V	270.0	24.6

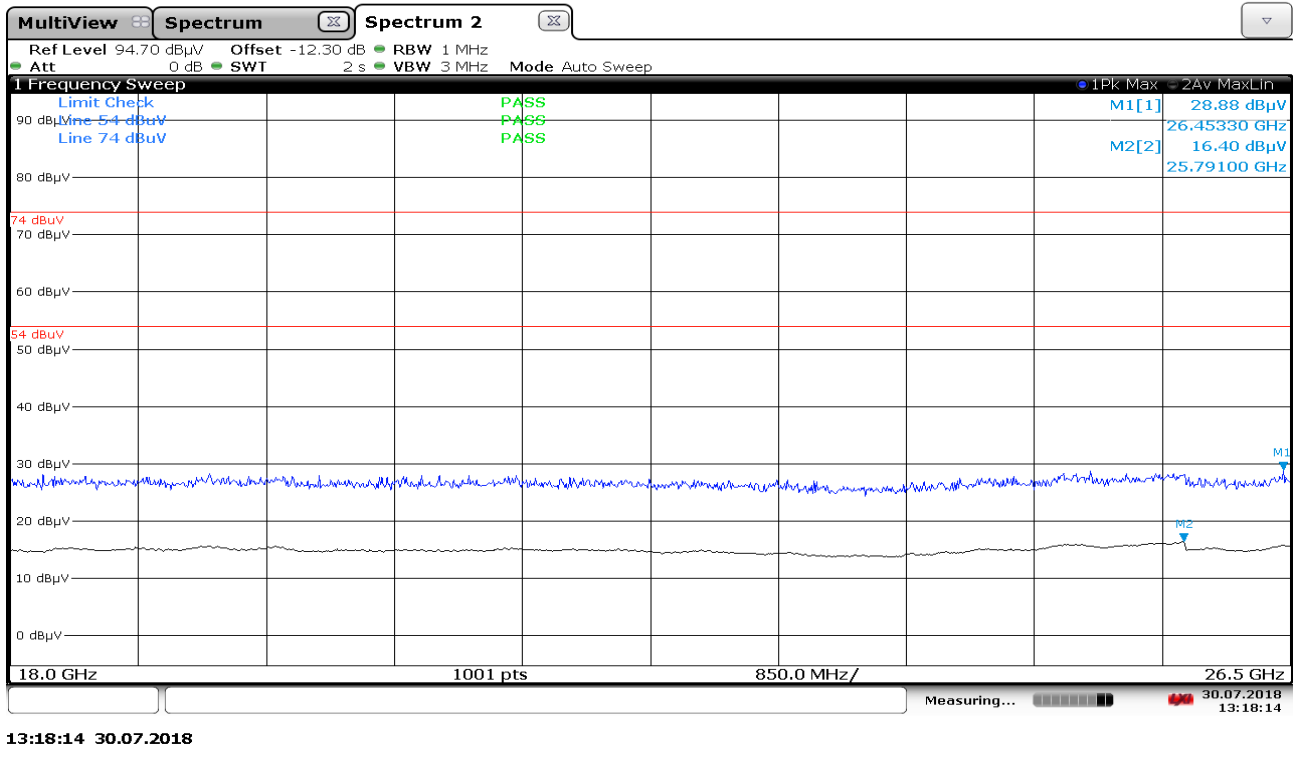
Plot 9: 9 kHz to 30 MHz



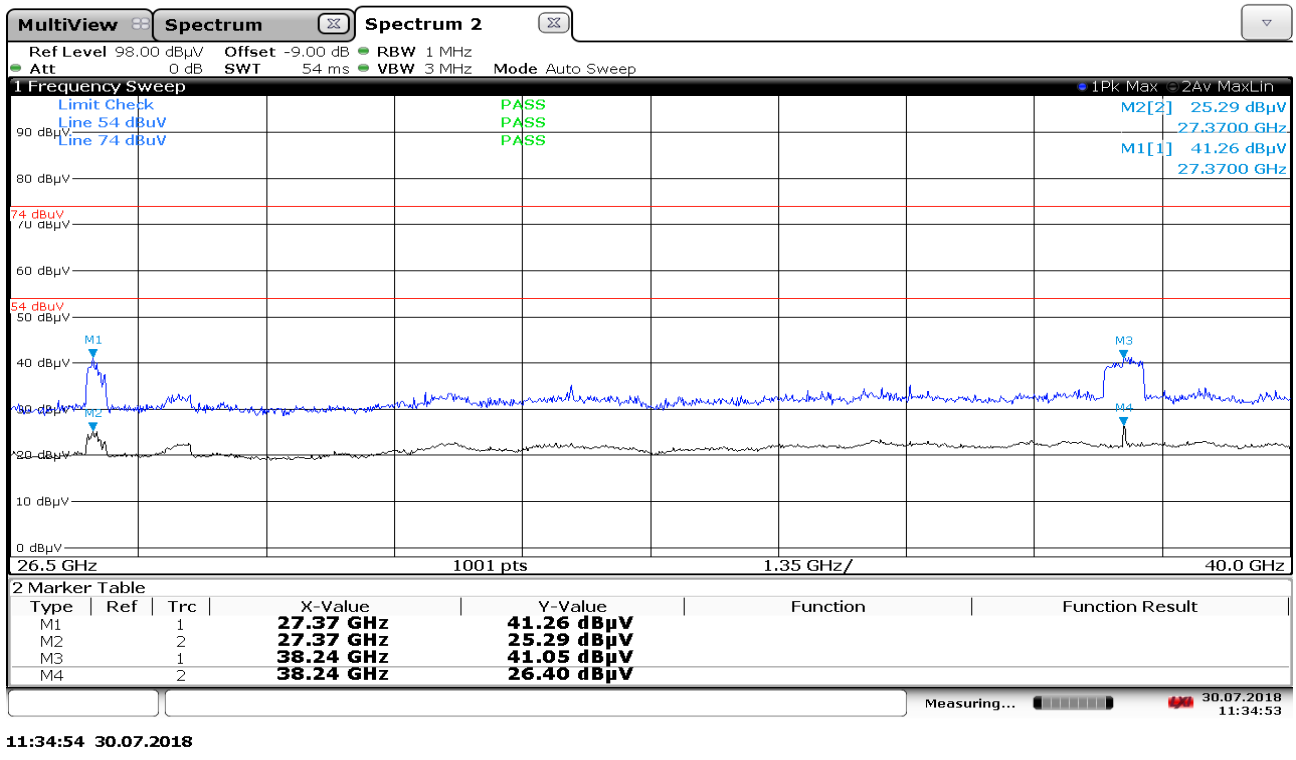
Plot 10: 1 GHz to 18 GHz



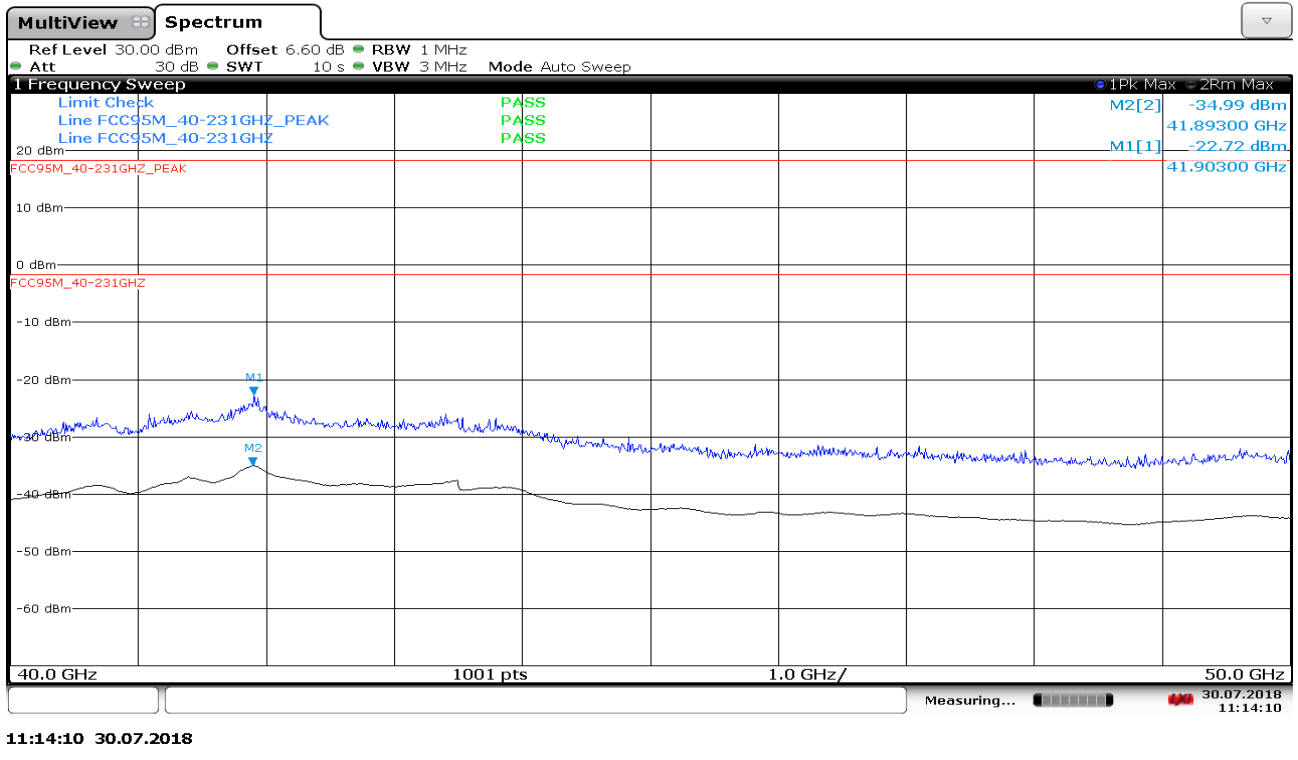
Plot 11: 18 GHz to 26 GHz



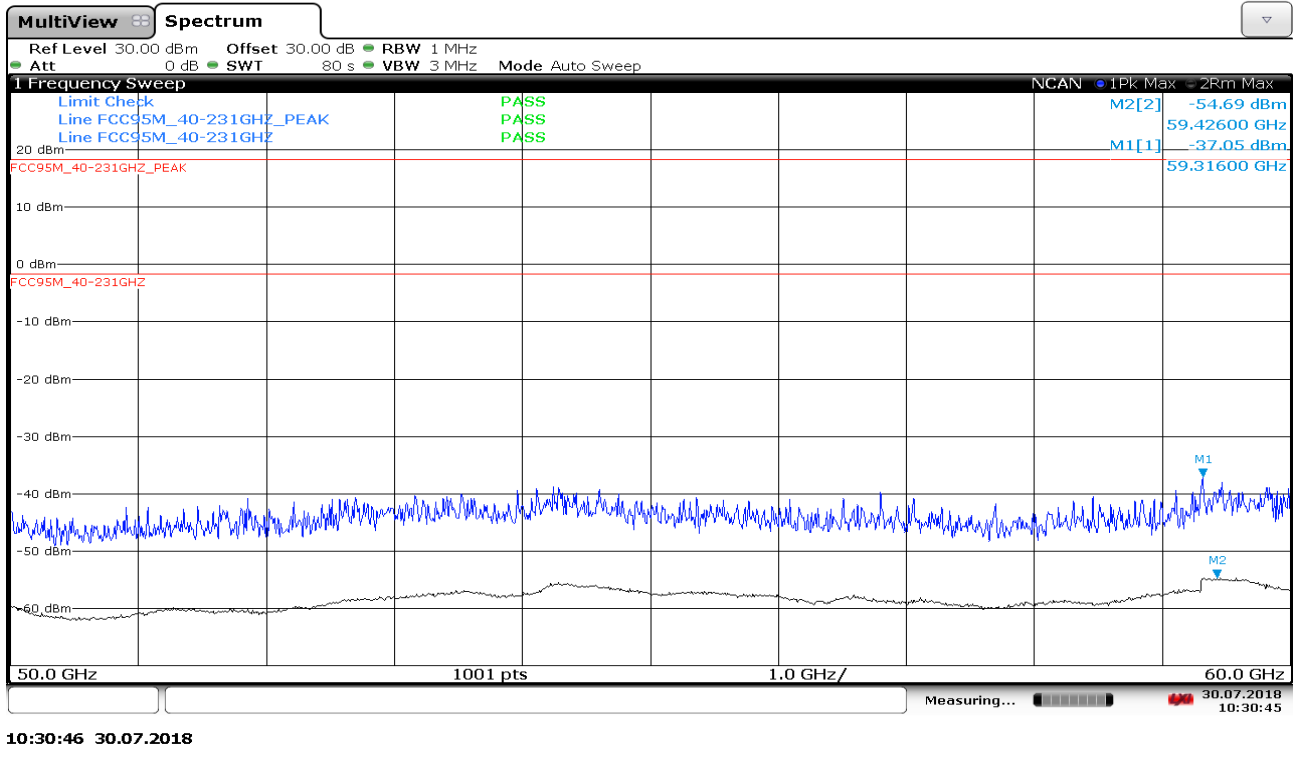
Plot 12: 26 GHz to 40 GHz



Plot 13: 40 GHz to 50 GHz

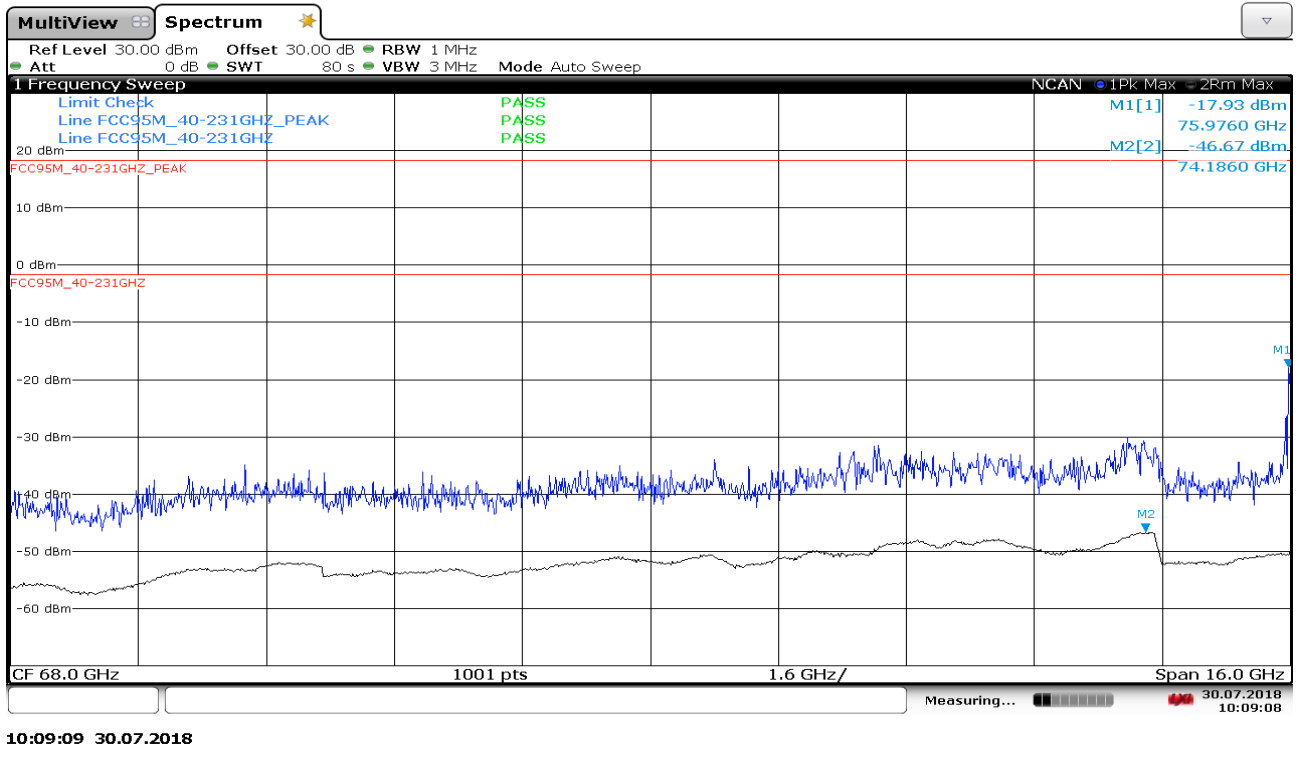


Plot 14: 50 GHz to 60 GHz

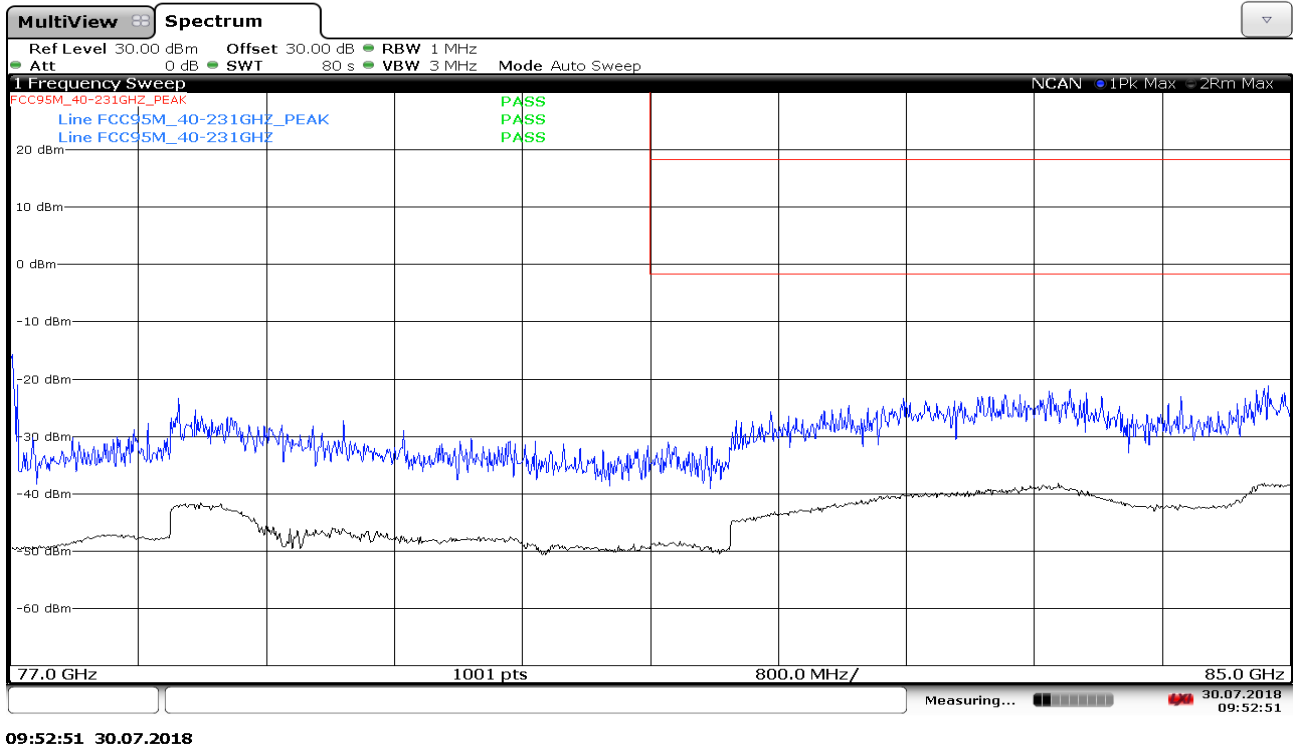




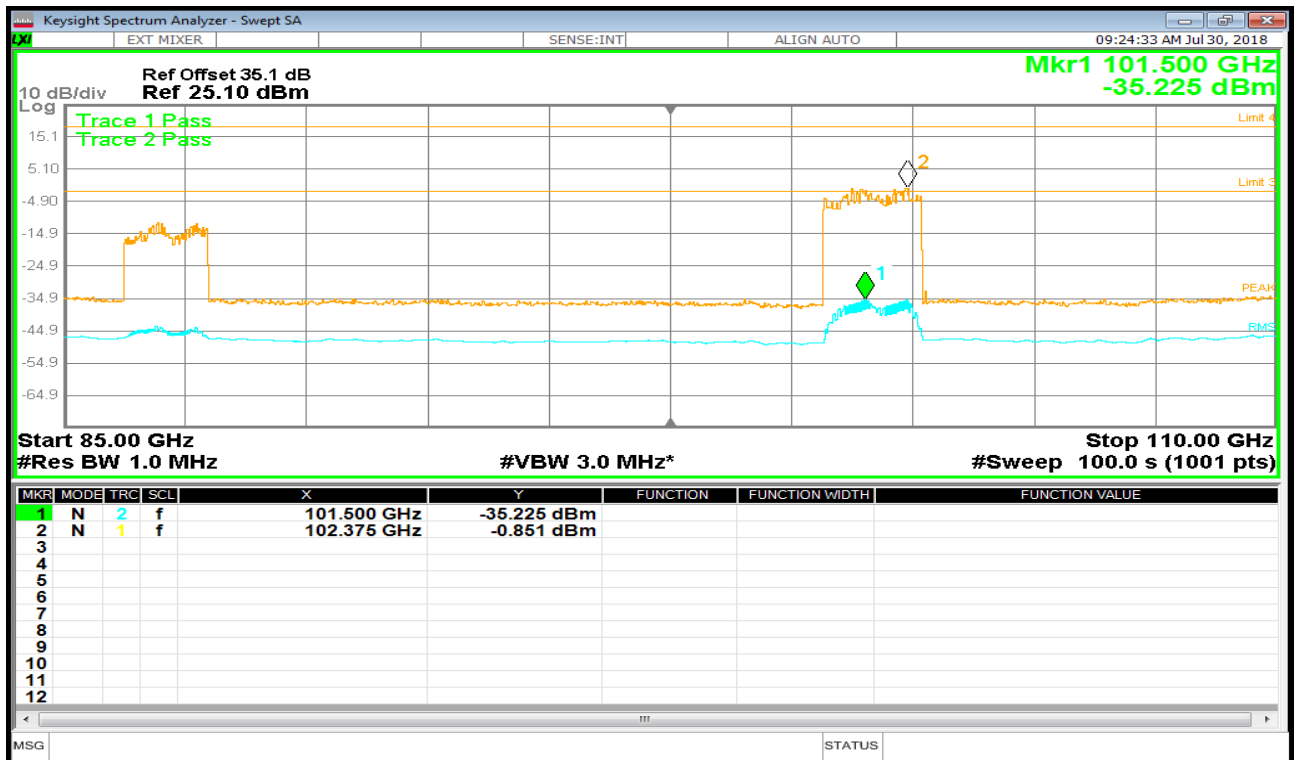
Plot 15: 60 GHz to 76 GHz



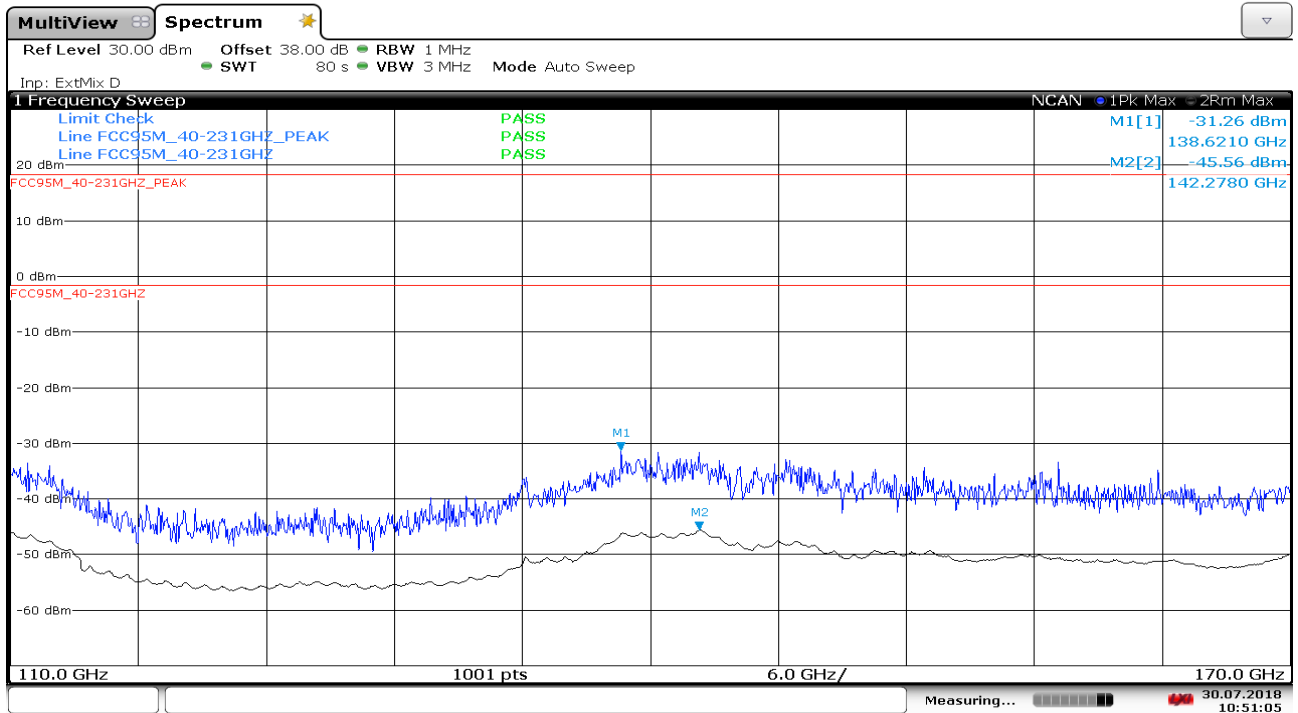
Plot 16: 77 GHz to 85 GHz



Plot 17: 85 GHz to 110 GHz

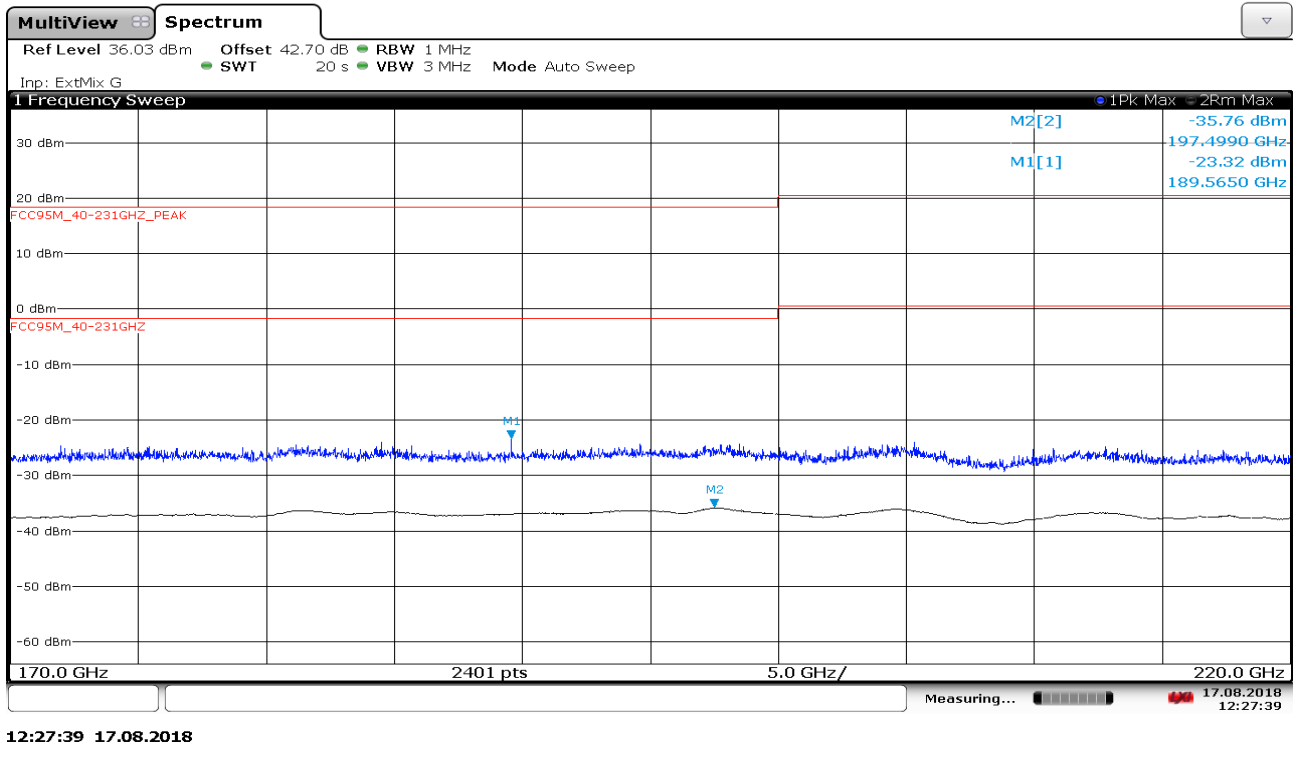


Plot 18: 110 GHz to 170 GHz

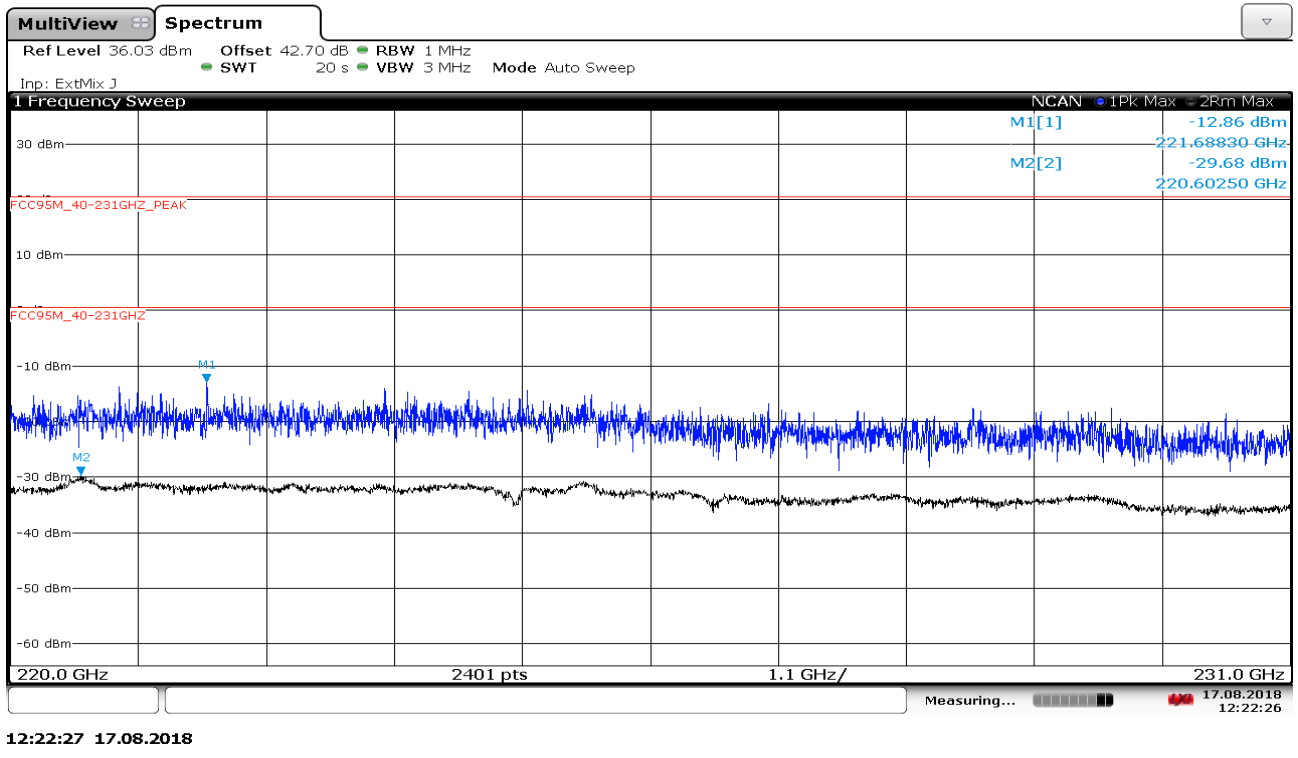


10:51:05 30.07.2018

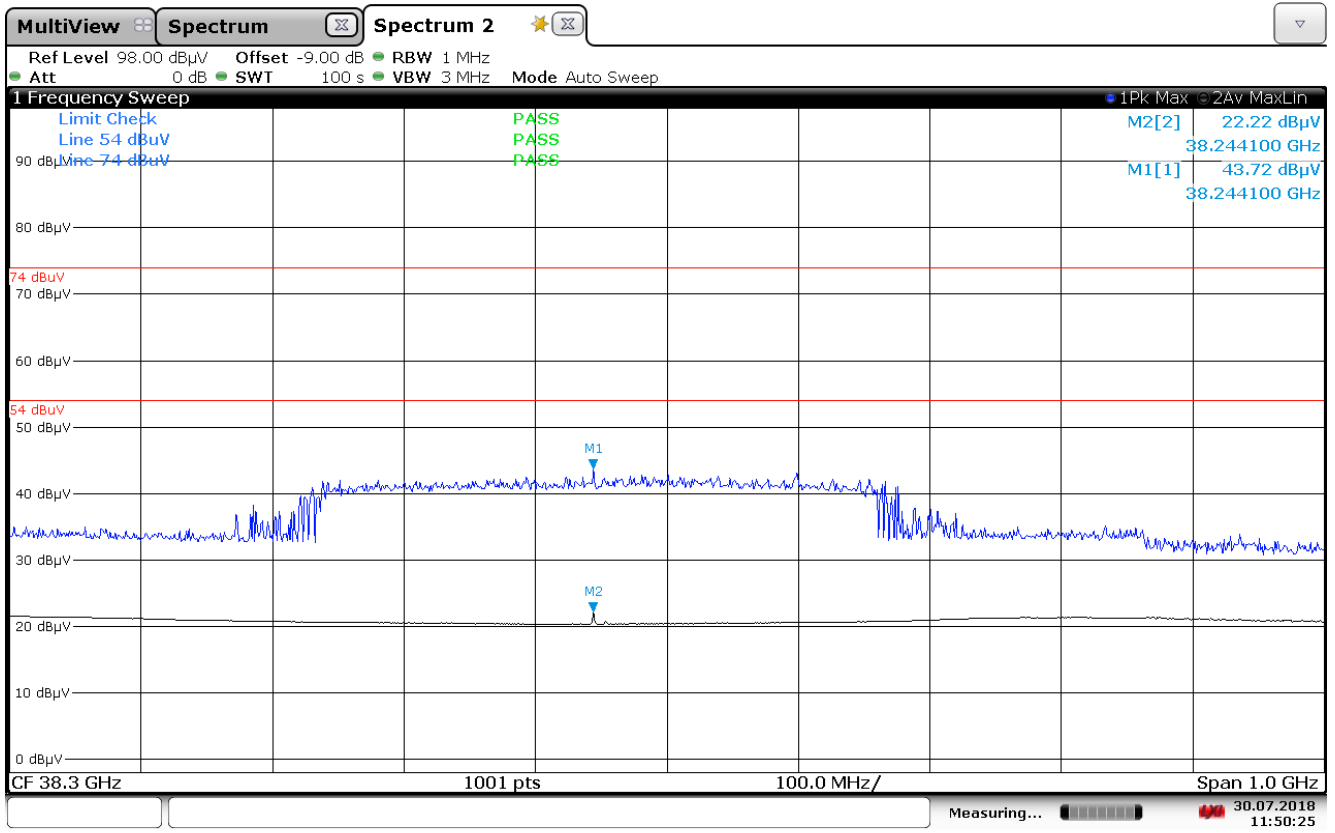
Plot 19: 170 GHz to 220 GHz



Plot 20: 220 GHz to 231 GHz



Plot 21: Final measurement, 38.25 GHz



11:50:26 30.07.2018

## 10.6 Frequency stability

### Description:

§95.3379 (b) Fundamental emissions must be contained within the frequency bands specified in this section during all conditions of operation. Equipment is presumed to operate over the temperature range -20 to +50 degrees Celsius with an input voltage variation of 85% to 115% of rated input voltage, unless justification is presented to demonstrate otherwise.

### Limits:

**FCC §95.3379 (b)**

Frequency range	f(lowest) > 76.0 GHz	f(highest) < 81.0 GHz
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### Limits:

**RSS-251 (5.2.2) / (5.4) and RSS-Gen**

Frequency range	f(lowest) > 76.0 GHz	f(highest) < 77.0 GHz
-----------------	----------------------	-----------------------

### Measurement results:

#### Temperature variation

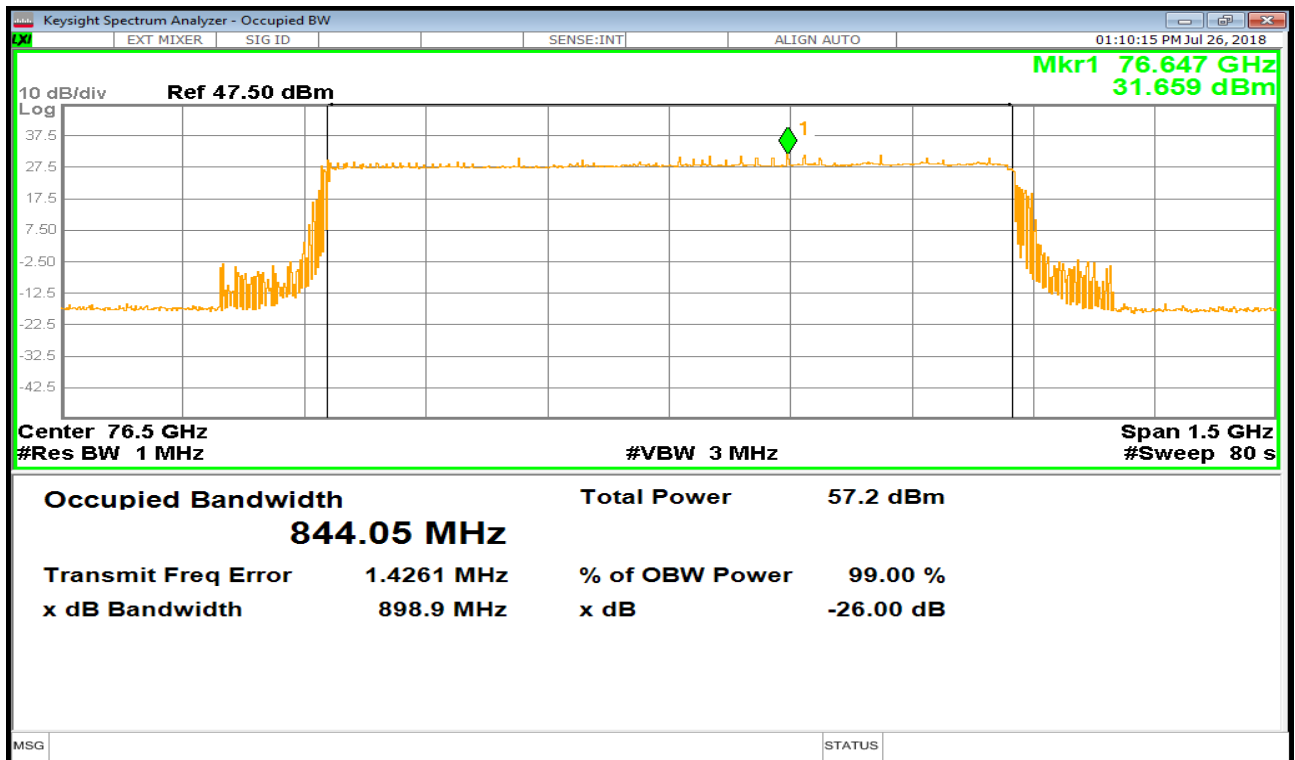
Temperature in °C	f <sub>L</sub> in GHz	f <sub>H</sub> in GHz	Bandwidth [MHz]
-40	76.0794	76.9235	844.05
-30	76.0745	76.9232	848.65
-20	76.0803	76.9217	841.49
-10	76.0768	76.9212	844.38
0	76.0756	76.9211	845.47
10	76.0773	76.9193	842.04
20	76.0731	76.9241	850.98
30	76.0741	76.9203	846.28
40	76.0730	76.9192	846.21
50	76.0745	76.9207	846.20
85	76.0740	76.9261	852.10

#### Voltage variation

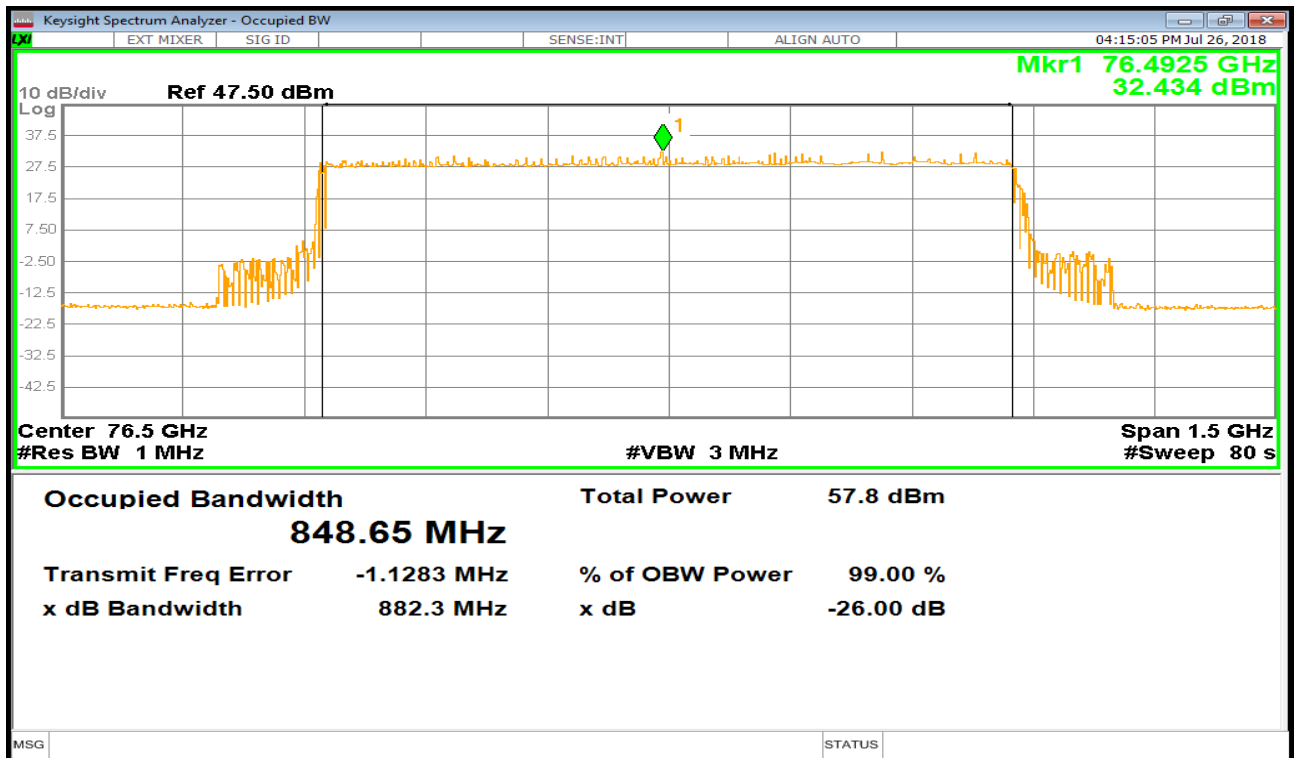
Voltage variation of rated input voltage	f <sub>L</sub> in GHz	f <sub>H</sub> in GHz
< 85 % of U	Voltage variation does not affect the radiated signal	
> 115 % of U		

**Note:** Worst case measurement on mode 7.

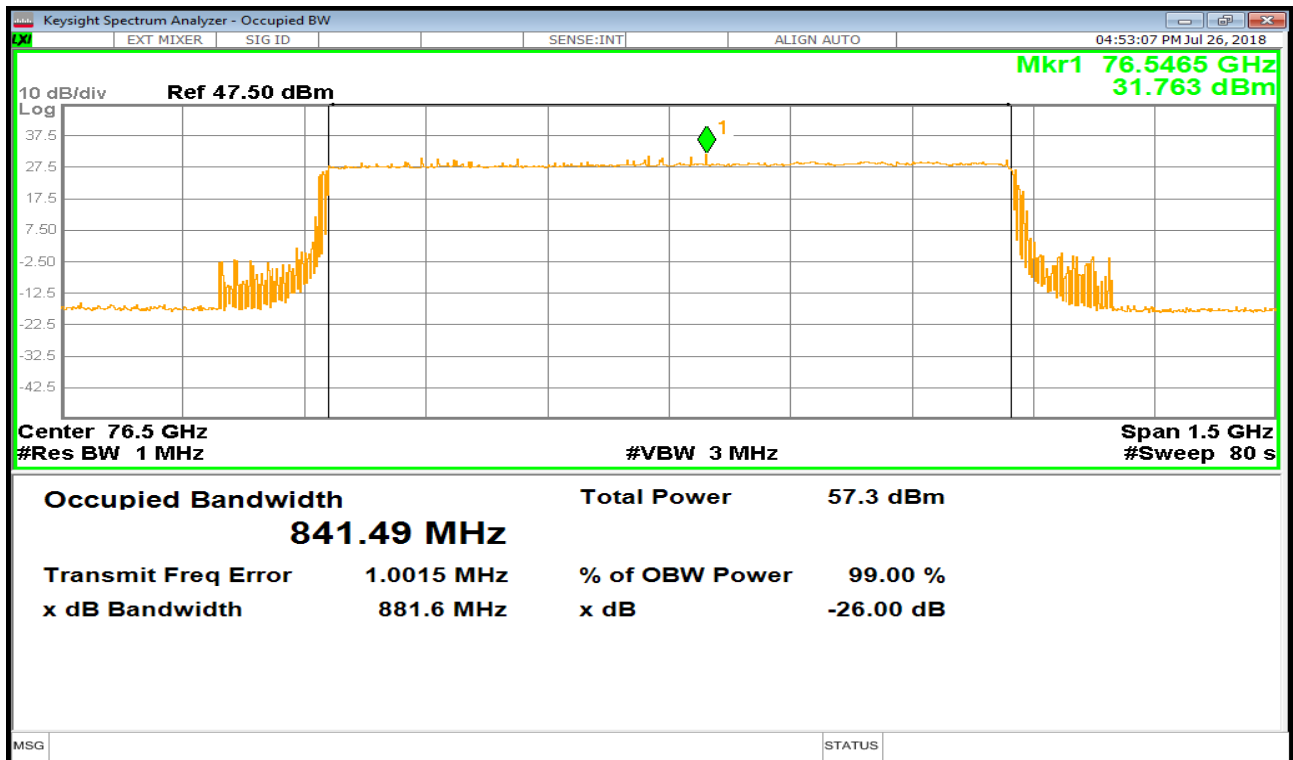
Plot 22: OBW mode 7, -40 °C



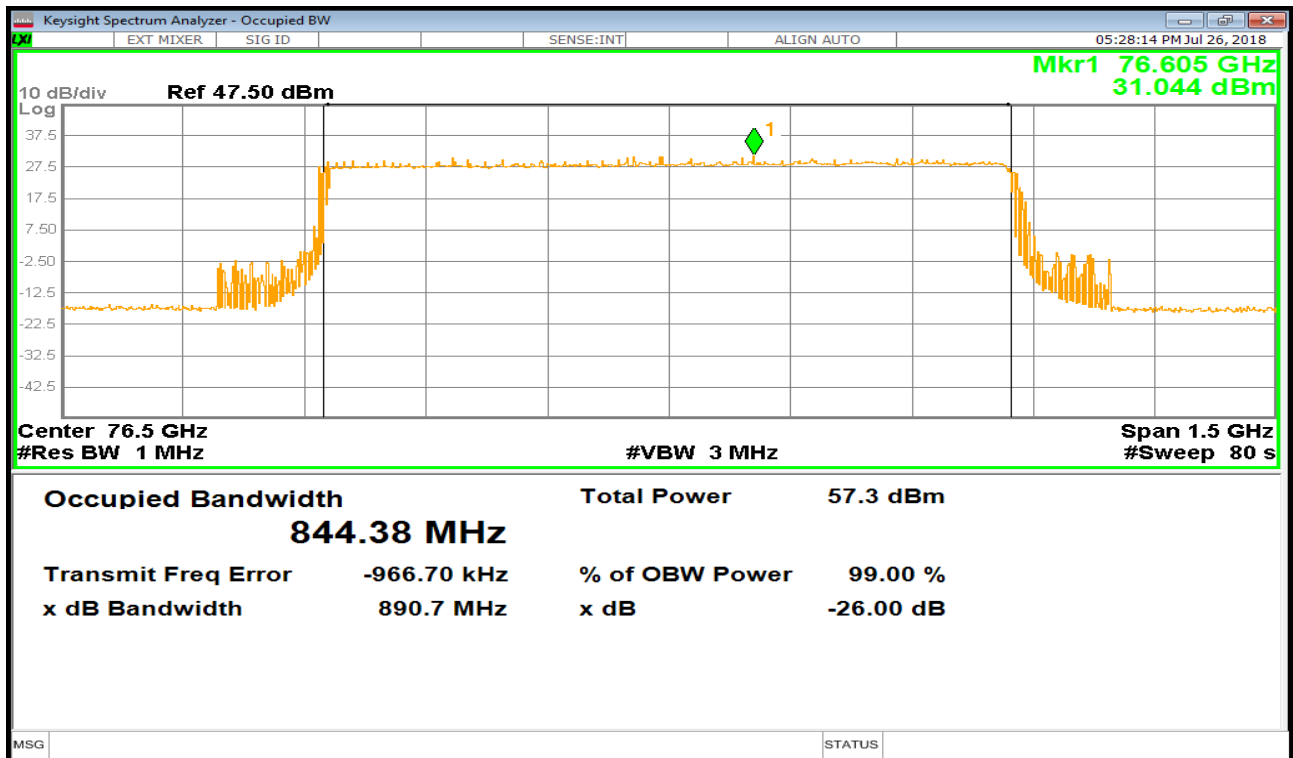
Plot 23: OBW mode 7, -30 °C



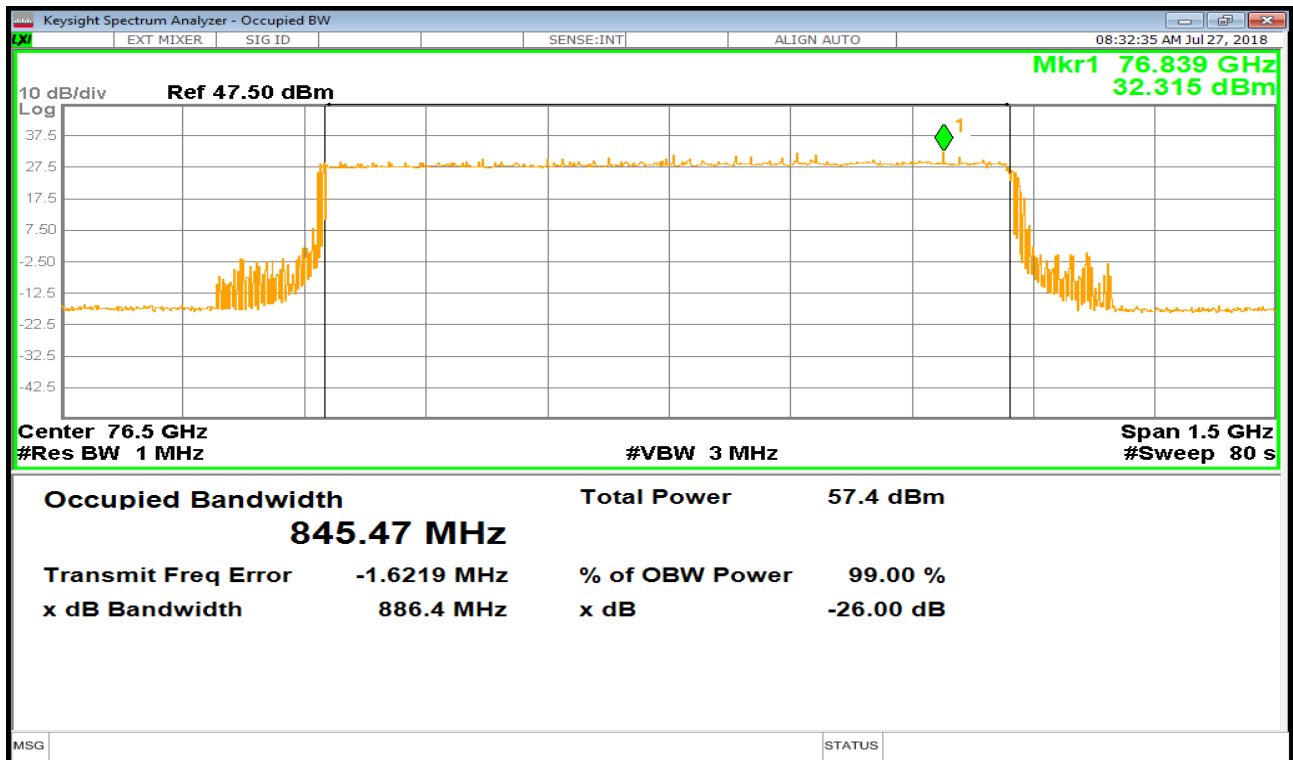
Plot 24: OBW mode 7, -20 °C



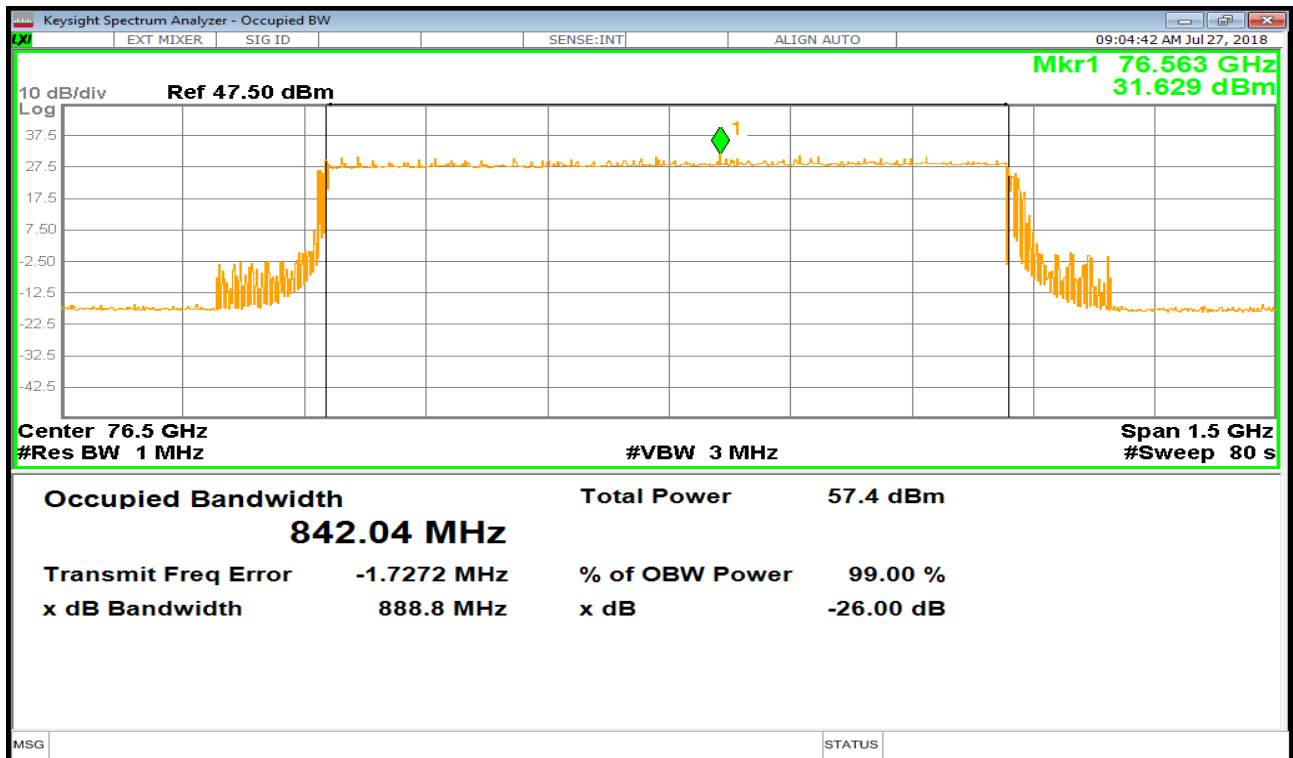
Plot 25: OBW mode 7, -10 °C



Plot 26: OBW mode 7, 0 °C

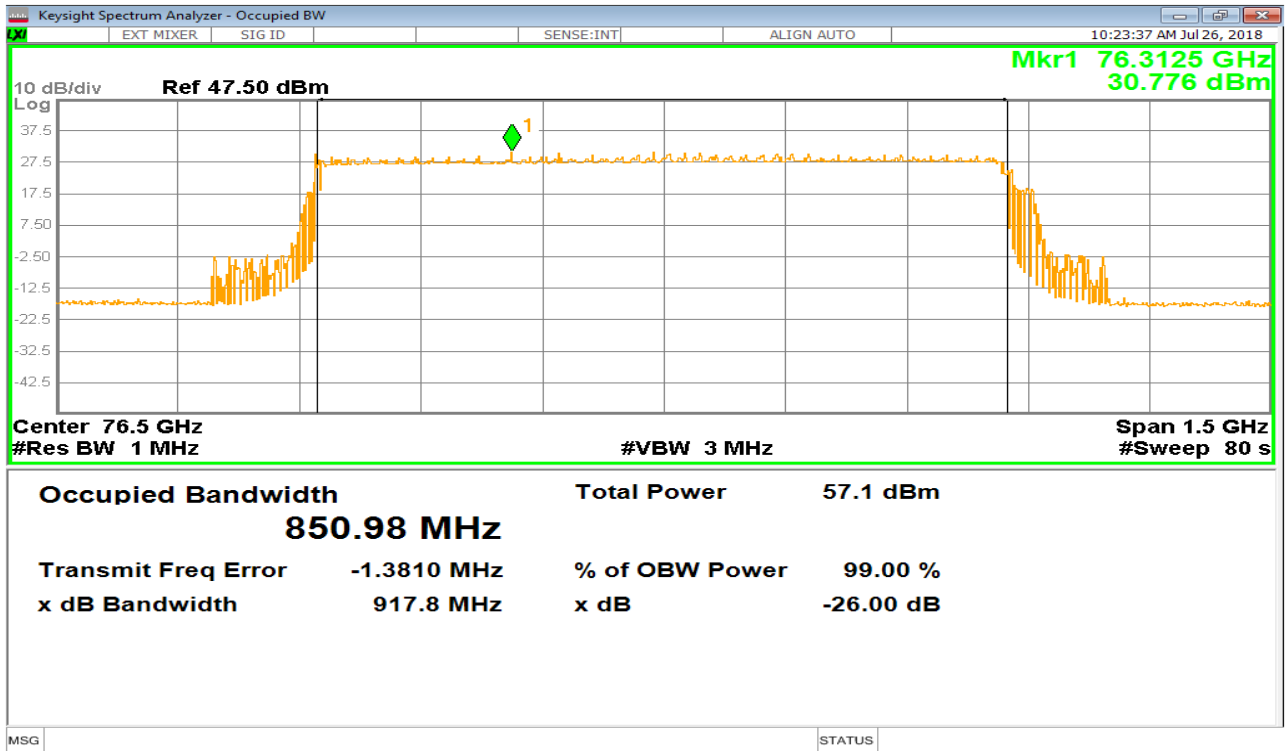


Plot 27: OBW mode 7, 10 °C

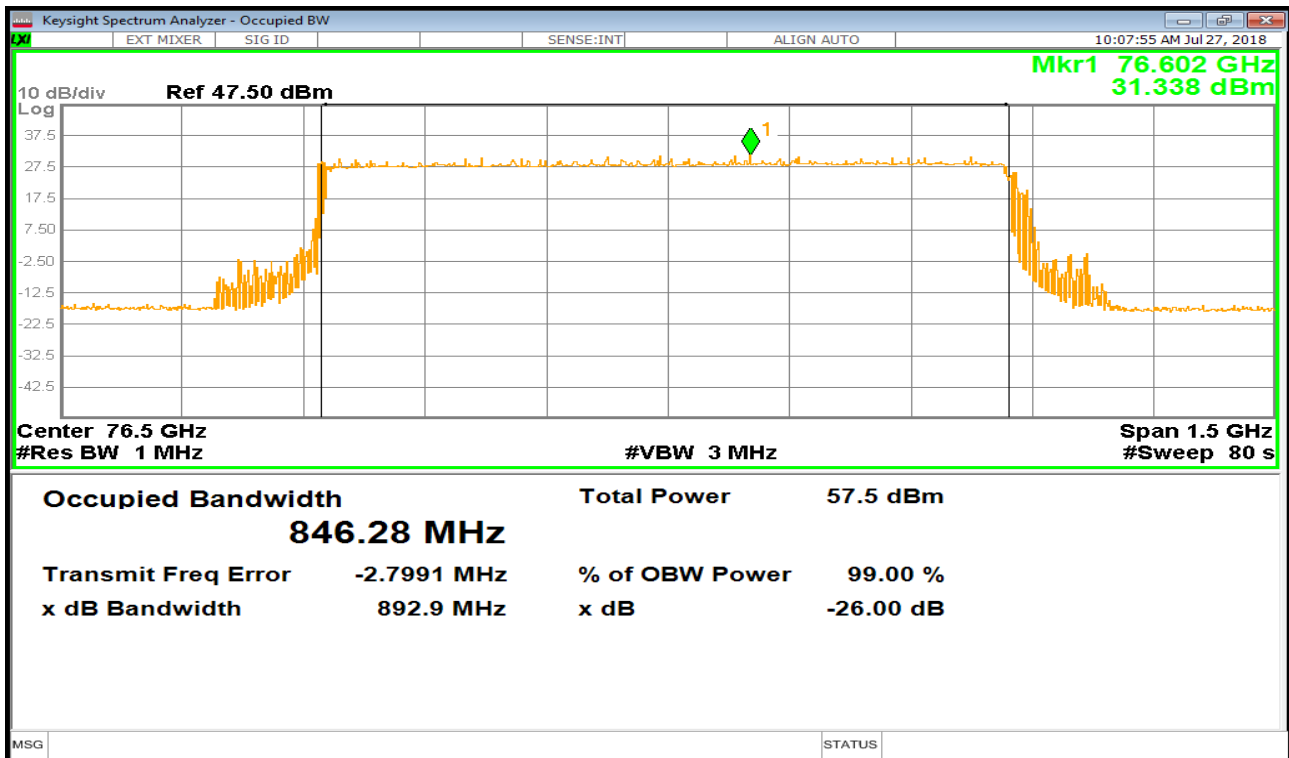




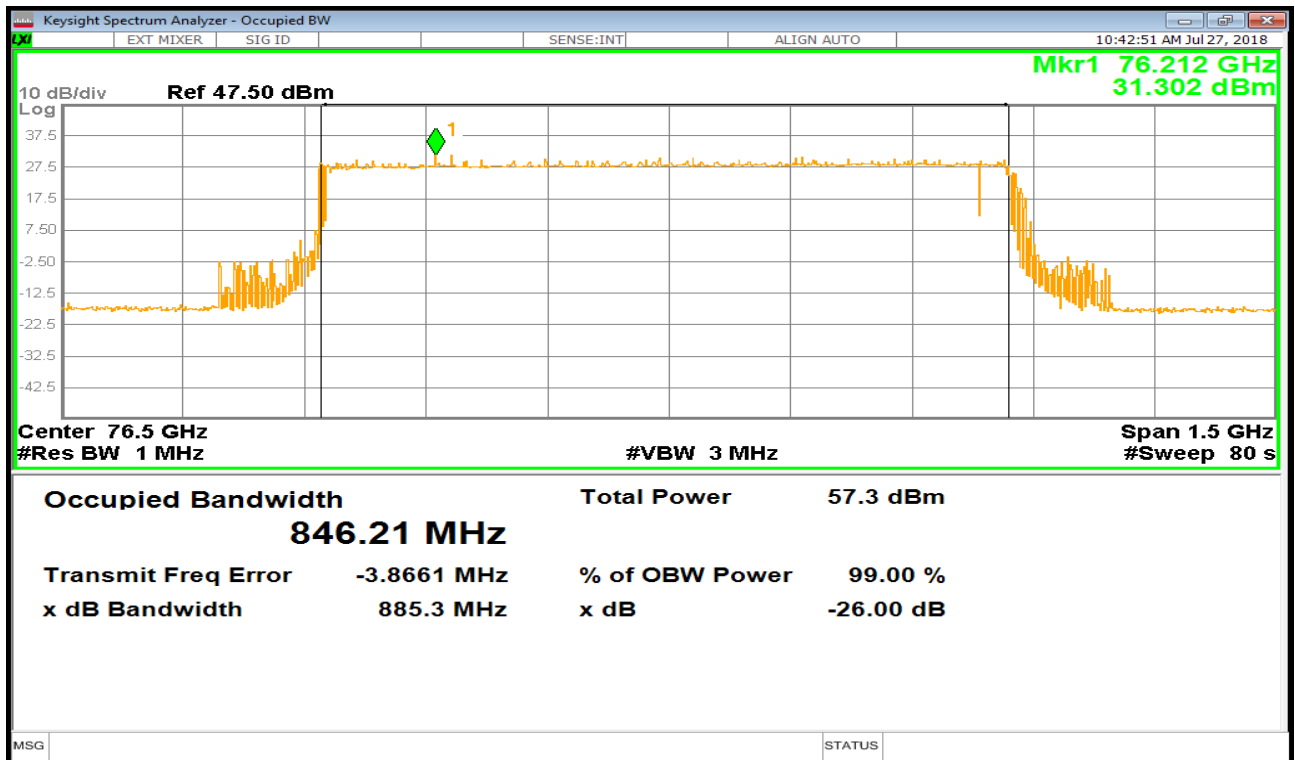
Plot 28: OBW mode 7, 20 °C



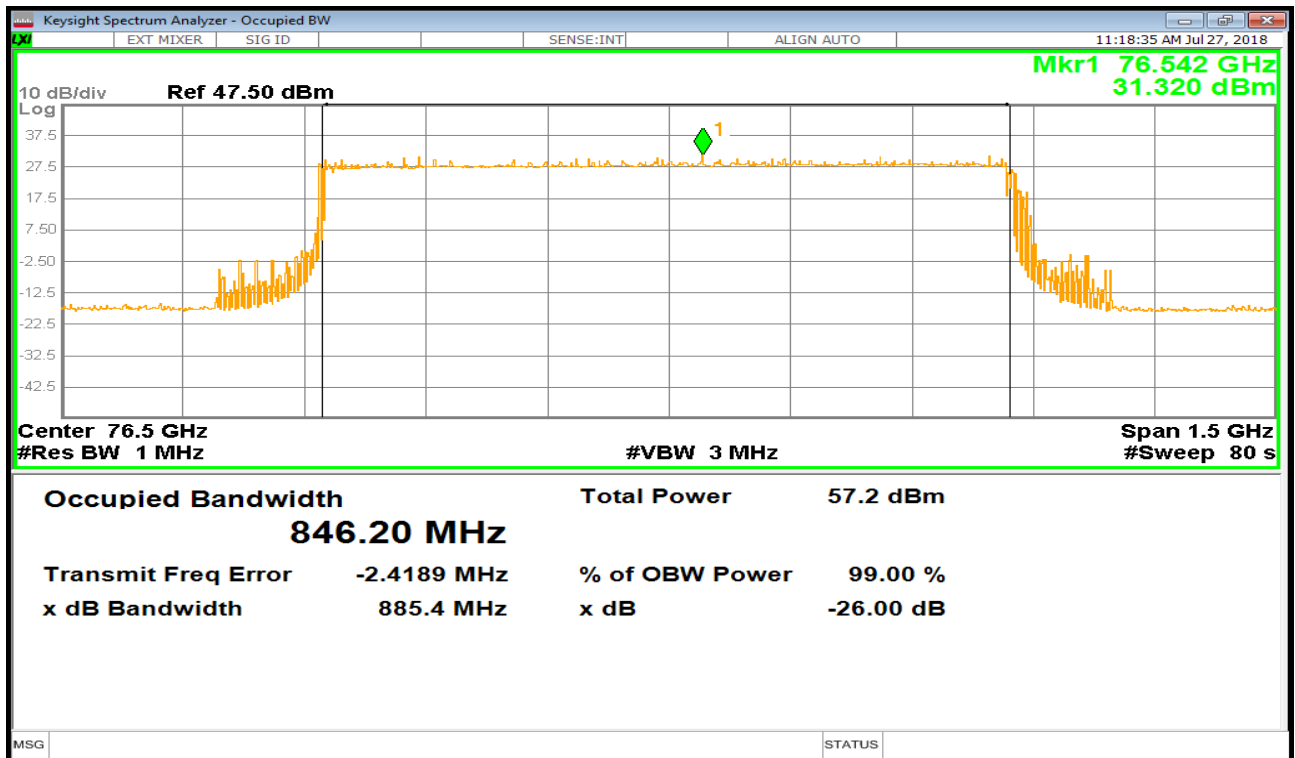
Plot 29: OBW mode 7, 30 °C



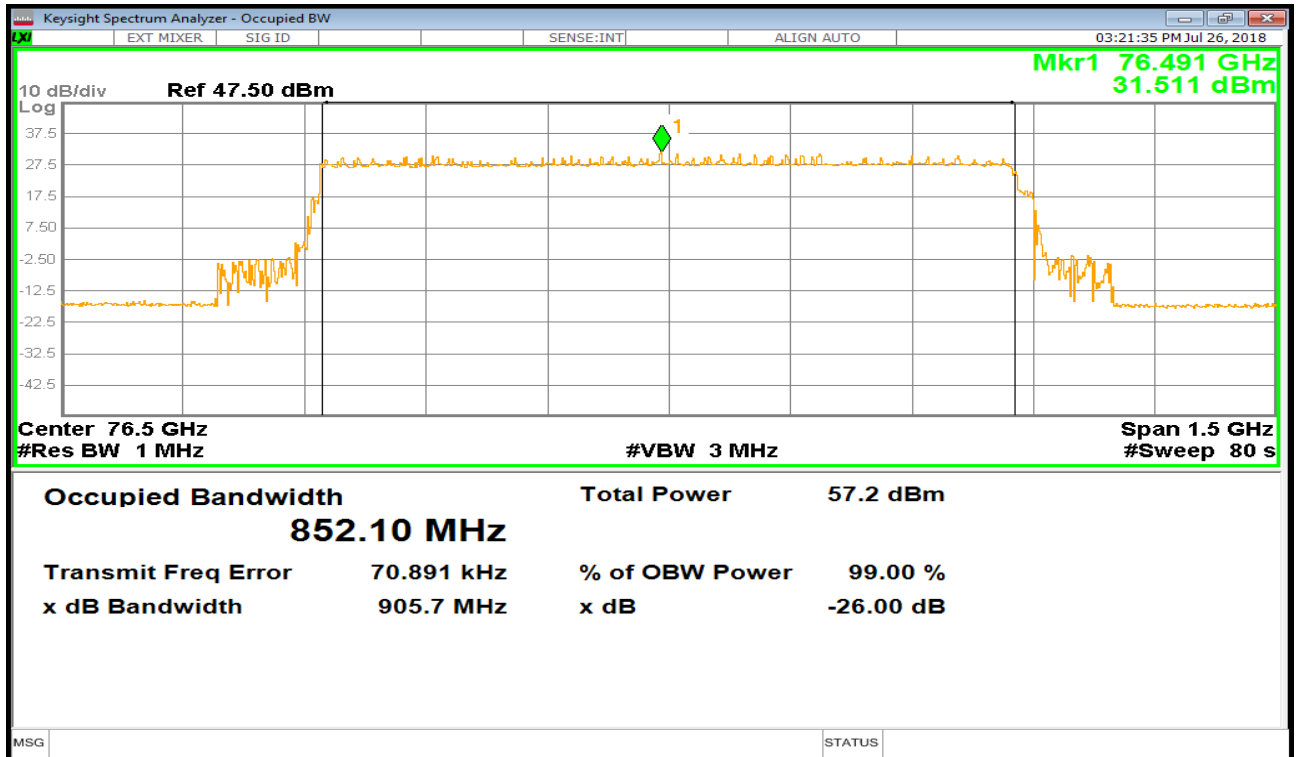
Plot 30: OBW, 40 °C



Plot 31: OBW, 50 °C



Plot 32: OBW, 85 °C



### 10.7 Customer request: Comparison to not in-motion limit

Not in-motion limit @3m	Measurement result @ 3m Radiated mean power (eirp) / Channel power
200 nW/cm <sup>2</sup> = 23.54 dbm	23.4 dBm

Note: See also chapter 10.2

## 11 Glossary

<b>EUT</b>	Equipment under test
<b>DUT</b>	Device under test
<b>UUT</b>	Unit under test
<b>GUE</b>	GNSS User Equipment
<b>ETSI</b>	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
<b>EN</b>	European Standard
<b>FCC</b>	Federal Communications Commission
<b>FCC ID</b>	Company Identifier at FCC
<b>IC</b>	Industry Canada
<b>PMN</b>	Product marketing name
<b>HMN</b>	Host marketing name
<b>HVIN</b>	Hardware version identification number
<b>FVIN</b>	Firmware version identification number
<b>EMC</b>	Electromagnetic Compatibility
<b>HW</b>	Hardware
<b>SW</b>	Software
<b>Inv. No.</b>	Inventory number
<b>S/N or SN</b>	Serial number
<b>C</b>	Compliant
<b>NC</b>	Not compliant
<b>NA</b>	Not applicable
<b>NP</b>	Not performed
<b>PP</b>	Positive peak
<b>QP</b>	Quasi peak
<b>AVG</b>	Average
<b>OC</b>	Operating channel
<b>OCW</b>	Operating channel bandwidth
<b>OBW</b>	Occupied bandwidth
<b>OOB</b>	Out of band
<b>DFS</b>	Dynamic frequency selection
<b>CAC</b>	Channel availability check
<b>OP</b>	Occupancy period
<b>NOP</b>	Non occupancy period
<b>DC</b>	Duty cycle
<b>PER</b>	Packet error rate
<b>CW</b>	Clean wave
<b>MC</b>	Modulated carrier
<b>WLAN</b>	Wireless local area network
<b>RLAN</b>	Radio local area network
<b>DSSS</b>	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
<b>OFDM</b>	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
<b>FHSS</b>	Frequency hopping spread spectrum
<b>GNSS</b>	Global Navigation Satellite System
<b>C/N<sub>0</sub></b>	Carrier to noise-density ratio, expressed in dB-Hz

## 12 Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	Initial release - DRAFT	2018-08-20
-A	Chapter 5.3 and 10.7 added Duty cycle corrected in chapter 10.2	2018-09-25

## 13 Accreditation Certificate

first page	last page
 <p>DAkkS Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle</p> <p>Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH</p> <p>Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition</p> <p><b>Accreditation</b></p> <p>The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory <b>CTC advanced GmbH</b> Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken</p> <p>is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 to carry out tests in the following fields: <b>Telecommunication</b></p> <p>The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 02.06.2017 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01 and is valid until 21.04.2021. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 43 pages. Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-12076-01-03</p> <p>Frankfurt, 02.06.2017</p> <p>Digitally signed by Ralf Böhmer, holder of the qualification</p>	 <p>Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH</p> <p>Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin</p> <p>Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main</p> <p>Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig</p> <p>The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf.</p> <p>No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkkS.</p> <p>The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAkkS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations.</p> <p>The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: <a href="http://www.european-accreditation.org">www.european-accreditation.org</a> ILAC: <a href="http://www.ilac.org">www.ilac.org</a> IAF: <a href="http://www.iaf.nu">www.iaf.nu</a></p>

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<https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-03e.pdf>