CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

Untertuerkheimer Str. 6-10, 66117 Saarbruecken, Germany Phone: +49 (0) 681 598-0 SAR-Laboratory Phone: +49 (0) 681 598-8454

Fax: -8475





Accredited testing laboratory

DAR registration number: DAT-P-176/94-D1

Test report no. : 4-2801-01-01/07-B

Type identification: GI0225

Test specification : IEEE P1528/D1.2 FCC-ID : NCMOGI0225

As of 2007-10-23 Page 1 of 58

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

Test report no.: 4-2801-01-01/07-B



Table of Contents

General Information	3
1.1 Notes	3
1.1.1 Statement of Compliance	3
1.2 Testing laboratory	
1.3 Details of applicant	
1.4 Application details	4
1.5 Test item	5
1.6 Test specification(s)	6
1.6.1 RF exposure limits	6
2 Technical test	
2.1 Summary of test results	
2.2 Test environment	
2.3 Measurement and test set-up	
2.4 Measurement system	
2.4.1 System Description	
2.4.2 Test environment	
2.4.3 Probe description	
2.4.4 Phantom description	
2.4.5 Device holder description	
2.4.6 Scanning procedure	
2.4.7 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	
2.4.8 Data Storage and Evaluation	
2.4.9 Test equipment utilized	
2.4.10 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties	16
2.4.11 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters	
2.4.12 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test	
2.4.13 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system validation	
2.4.14 System validation	
2.4.15 Validation procedure	
2.5 Test results (Body SAR)	
2.5.1 General description of test procedures	
2.6 Test results (conducted power measurement)	23
Annex 1 System performance verification	24
Annex 2 Measurement results (printout from DASY TM)	
Annex 2.1 GSM 850 MHz body	
Annex 2.2 GSM 1900 MHz body	
Annex 3 Photo documentation	43
Annex 3.1 Z-axis scans	56
Annex 3.2 Liquid depth	
Anney 4 Calibration parameters	58



1 General Information

1.1 Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in 1.5. The CETECOM ICT Services GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of the CETECOM ICT Services GmbH.

1.1.1 Statement of Compliance

The SAR values found for the GI0225 **USB Stick** are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1 g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C 95.1:1999, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Health Canada's Safety Code 6 and the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used inside the USB slot a notebook that offers at least 10 mm distance to the underside of the notebook.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in chapter 2.3 of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 1.5.

Test engineer:

2007-10-23 Oleksandr Hnatovskiy

Date Name Signature

Technical responsibility for area of testing:

2007-10-23 Fabien Coulet

Date Name Signature

As of 2007-10-23 Page 3 of 58

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

Test report no.: 4-2801-01-01/07-B



1.2 Testing laboratory

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH Untertuerkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbruecken

Germany

Telephone: + 49 681 598 - 0 Fax: + 49 681 598 - 8475

e-mail: info@ict.cetecom.de
Internet: http://www.cetecom-ict.de

State of accreditation: The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN

ISO/IEC 17025. DAR registration number: DAT-P-176/94-D1

Test location, if different from CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

Name: --Street: --Town: --Country: --Phone: --Fax: ---

1.3 Details of applicant

Name: Option N.V.

Street: Gaston Geenslaan 14

Town: 3001 Leuven Country: Belgium

Contact: Mr. Joeri Boeckx Telephone: +32 16 317 411

1.4 Application details

Date of receipt of application: 2007-10-09
Date of receipt of test item: 2007-10-10
Start/Date of test: 2007-10-15
End of test: 2007-10-15

Person(s) present during the test: Mr. Juris Nys

Mr. Eric Ngouana

As of 2007-10-23 Page 4 of 58



1.5 Test item

Description of the test item:

Type identification:

FCC-ID:

USB Stick
GI0225
NCMOGI0

FCC-ID: NCMOGI0225 Serial number: DR2479V00G

Manufacturer:

Name: Option N.V.

Street: Gaston Geenslaan 14

Town: 3001 Leuven Country: Belgium

additional information on the DUT:	I				
device type :	portable device				
IMEI No:	0044001.44.069303.21				
exposure category:	uncontrolled environment / g	eneral population			
test device production information	identical prototype				
device operating configurations:					
operating mode(s)	GSM, DCS, PCS, UMTS/WO	CDMA			
modulation	GMSK, 8-PSK, QPSK(dl), 2	*BPSK/HPSK(ul)			
GPRS mobile station class:	В				
GPRS multislot class:	12	voice mode :			
EGPRS multislot class	voice mode :				
maximum no. of timeslots in uplink:	4				
operating frequency range(s)	transmitter frequency range	receiver frequency range			
PCS 1900 (tested):	1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz	1930.2 MHz ~ 1989.8 MHz			
PCS 850 (tested):	824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz	869.2 MHz ~ 893.8 MHz			
DCS 1800	1710 MHz ~ 1785 MHz	1805 MHz ~ 1880 MHz			
GSM 900	880 MHz ~ 915 MHz	925 MHz ~ 960 MHz			
UMTS	1922.4 MHz ~ 1977.6 MHz	2112.4 MHz ~ 2167.6 MHz			
Power class:	1, tested with power level 0 (1900 MHz band)			
	4, tested with power level 5 (850 MHz band)			
measured peak output power	850 MHz band: 32.7 dBm (GSM); 30.9 dBm (Edge)			
(conducted):	1900 MHz band: 29.6 dBm (GSM); 29.4 dBm (Edge)			
test channels (mid):	190 (850 MHz band)				
	661 (1900 MHz band)				
hardware version:	3.1				
software version:	1.12.1				
antenna type:	Integrated antenna				
accessories /	1 st Laptop – Fujitsu-Siemens	AMILO Pro V3205			
body-worn configurations:	2 nd Laptop – DELL PP01X				
	3 rd Laptop – Acer BL50				

As of 2007-10-23 Page 5 of 58



1.6 Test specification(s)

Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01)

IEEE P1528/D1.2 (April 21, 2003)

RSS-102: Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 2 of November 2005)

Canada's Safety Code 6: Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz (99-EHD-237)

IEEE Std C95.3 – 1991, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave.

IEEE Std C95.1 – 1999, IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.

1.6.1 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

Table 1: RF exposure limits

The limit applied in this test report is shown in **bold** letters

Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

As of 2007-10-23 Page 6 of 58

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH



2 Technical test

2.1 Summary of test results

No deviations from the technical specification(s) were ascertained in the course of the tests performed.	
The deviations as specified in 2.5 were ascertained in the course of the tests performed.	

2.2 Test environment

General Environment conditions in the test area are as follows:

Ambient temperature: $20^{\circ}\text{C} - 24^{\circ}\text{C}$ Tissue simulating liquid: $20^{\circ}\text{C} - 24^{\circ}\text{C}$ Humidity: 40% - 50%

Exact temperature values for each test are shown in the table(s) under 2.5. and/or on the measurement plots.

2.3 Measurement and test set-up

The measurement system is described in chapter 2.4.

The test setup for the system validation can be found in chapter 2.4.14.

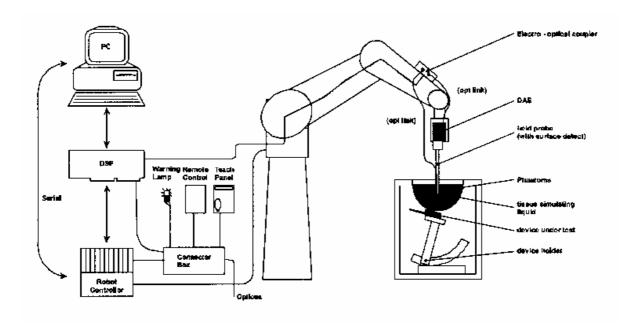
A description of positioning and test signal control can be found in chapter 2.5 together with the test results.

As of 2007-10-23 Page 7 of 58



2.4 Measurement system

2.4.1 System Description



The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The <u>E</u>lectro-<u>O</u>ptical <u>C</u>oupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY4 measurement server.
- The DASY4 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2000
- DASY4 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

As of 2007-10-23 Page 8 of 58



2.4.2 Test environment

The DASY4 measurement system is placed at the head end of a room with dimensions:

 $5 \times 2.5 \times 3 \text{ m}^3$, the SAM phantom is placed in a distance of 75 cm from the side walls and 1.1m from the rear wall. Above the test system a 1.5 x 1.5 m² array of pyramid absorbers is installed to reduce reflections from the ceiling.

Picture 1 of the photo documentation shows a complete view of the test environment.

The system allows the measurement of SAR values larger than 0.005 mW/g.

2.4.3 Probe description

Isotropic E-Field Probe ET3DV6 for Dosimetric Measurements

Technical data	Technical data according to manufacturer information				
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core				
	Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system				
	Built-in shielding against static charges				
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic				
	solvents, e.g., glycolether)				
Calibration	In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz				
	In head tissue simulating liquid (HSL) at 900 (800-				
	1000) MHz and 1.8 GHz (1700-1910 MHz)				
	(accuracy \pm 9.5%; k=2) Calibration for other liquids				
	and frequencies upon request				
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB				
	(30 MHz to 3 GHz)				
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)				
	\pm 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)				
Dynamic range	$5 \mu W/g \text{ to} > 100 \text{ mW/g}$; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$				
Optical Surface Detection	\pm 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over				
	diffuse reflecting surfaces (ET3DV6 only)				
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm				
	Tip length: 16 mm				
	Body diameter: 12 mm				
	Tip diameter: 6.8 mm				
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm				
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz				
	Compliance tests of mobile phones				
	Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms				
	(ET3DV6)				

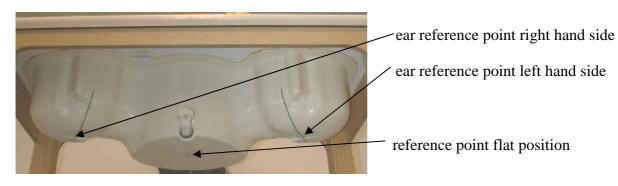
As of 2007-10-23 Page 9 of 58



2.4.4 Phantom description

The used SAM Phantom meets the requirements specified in Edition 01-01 of Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65 for Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) measurements.

The phantom consists of a fibreglass shell integrated in a wooden table. It allows left-hand and right-hand head as well as body-worn measurements with a maximum liquid depth of 18 cm in head position and 22 cm in planar position (body measurements). The thickness of the Phantom shell is 2 mm +/-0.1 mm.



2.4.5 Device holder description

The DASY4 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA's only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used.



Larger DUT's (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values.

Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.

As of 2007-10-23 Page 10 of 58



2.4.6 Scanning procedure

The DASY4 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY4 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above \pm 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within \pm 30°.)
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strenth is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension. If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex 2.
- A "7x7x7 zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. This is a fine 7x7 grid where the robot additionally moves the probe in 7 steps along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom. Grid spacing for the cube measurement is 5 mm in x and y-direction and 5 mm in z-direction. DASY4 is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex 2. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see chapter 1.6.) are shown in table form in chapter 2.5.
- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can depending in the field strength also show the liquid depth. A z-axis scan of the measurement with maximum SAR value is shown in annex 2.

As of 2007-10-23 Page 11 of 58



2.4.7 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of 7 x 7 x 7 points. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY4 uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compansate boundary effects on E-field probes.

As of 2007-10-23 Page 12 of 58



2.4.8 Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

Device parameters:

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i$, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}
-------------------	---------------	---

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{- Conversion factor} & \text{ConvF}_i \\ \text{- Diode compression point} & \text{Dcpi} \\ \text{- Frequency} & \text{f} \\ \text{- Crest factor} & \text{cf} \end{array}$

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

As of 2007-10-23 Page 13 of 58

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

Test report no.: 4-2801-01-01/07-B



If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf/dcp_i$$

 $\label{eq:compensated} \text{with} \quad V_i \qquad = \text{compensated signal of channel } i \quad (i=x,\,y,\,z)$

 U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) $<math>dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)$

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $[mV/(V/m)^2]$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{\text{pwe}} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770$$
 or $P_{\text{pwe}} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with P_{nwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

As of 2007-10-23 Page 14 of 58



2.4.9 Test equipment utilized

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment

Devices used during the test described in chapter 2.5. are marked

Manufacturer	Device	Туре	Serial number	Date of last calibration)*
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1558	August 23, 2007
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1559	January 17, 2007
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	900 MHz System Validation Dipole	D900V2	102	August 23, 2007
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1800 MHz System Validation Dipole	D1800V2	287	August 21, 2007
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1900 MHz System Validation Dipole	D1900V2	5d009	August 21, 2007
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	2450 MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	710	August 20, 2007
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Data acquisition electronics	DAE3V1	413	January 18, 2007
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Software	DASY 4 V4.5		N/A
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Phantom	SAM		N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	106826	March 14, 2007
Hewlett Packard)*	Network Analyser 300 kHz to 6 GHz	8753C	2937U00269	March 13, 2007
Hewlett Packard)*	Network Analyser 300 kHz to 6 GHz	85047A	2936A00872	March 13, 2007
Hewlett Packard	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070C	US99360146	N/A
Hewlett Packard	Signal Generator	8665A	2833A00112	February 9, 2007
Amplifier Reasearch	Amplifier	25S1G4 (25 Watt)	20452	N/A
Agilent	Power Meter	438A	2804U01006	February 2, 2007
Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	8482A	2703A03025	February 2, 2007

^{)* :} Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

As of 2007-10-23 Page 15 of 58



2.4.10 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

(liquids used for tests described in chapter 2.5. are marked with \boxtimes):

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)							
(% of weight)								
frequency band	<u> </u>	⊠ 835	900	1800	∑ 1900	2450		
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body		
Water	51.16	52.4	56.0	69.91	69.91	73.2		
Salt (NaCl)	1.49	1.40	0.76	0.13	0.13	0.04		
Sugar	46.78	45.0	41.76	0.0	0.0	0.0		
HEC	0.52	1.0	1.21	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Bactericide	0.05	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.96	29.96	26.7		

Table 2: Body tissue dielectric properties

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized, $16M\Omega$ + resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

2.4.11 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters

Used Target	Target		Meas	Measured	
Frequency	Body Tissue		Body	Tissue	Date
[MHz]	Permittivity	Conductivity	Permittivity	Conductivity	
		[S/m]		[S/m]	
835	55.2	0.97	54.3	0.97	2007-10-10
900	55.0	1.05	53.7	1.04	2007-10-10
1900	53.3	1.52	52.4	1.53	2007-10-11

Table 3: Parameter of the body tissue simulating liquid

Note: The dielectric properties have been measured using the contact probe method at 22°C.

As of 2007-10-23 Page 16 of 58



2.4.12 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The overall combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system is \pm 10,3% (K=1).

The expanded uncertainty (k=2) is assessed to be $\pm 20.6\%$

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE P1528 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Error Sources	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Divi- sor	c _i	c _i 10g	Standard Uncertainty 1g	Standard Uncertainty 10g	v _i ² or v _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	± 4.8%	Normal	1	1	1	± 4.8%	± 4.8%	∞
Axial isotropy	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9%	± 1.9%	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	± 9.6%	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9%	± 3.9%	∞
Spatial resolution	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.0%	± 0.0%	∞
Boundary effects	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7%	± 2.7%	∞
System detection limits	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Readout electronics	± 1.0%	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.0%	± 1.0%	∞
Response time	± 0.8%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5%	± 0.5%	∞
Integration time	± 2.6%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5%	± 1.5%	∞
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7%	± 1.7%	∞
Probe positioner	± 0.4%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2%	± 0.2%	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7%	± 1.7%	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device positioning	± 2.9%	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9%	± 2.9%	145
Device holder uncertainty	± 3.6%	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6%	± 3.6%	5
Power drift	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9%	± 2.9%	∞
Phantom and Set-up								
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3%	± 2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8%	± 1.2%	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 2.5%	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6%	± 1.1%	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7%	± 1.4%	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.5%	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5%	± 1.2%	∞
Combined Uncertainty						± 10.3%	± 10.0%	330
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						± 20.6%	± 20.1%	

Table 4: Measurement uncertainties

As of 2007-10-23 Page 17 of 58



2.4.13 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system validation

The overall combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system is \pm 8.4% (K=1).

The expanded uncertainty (k=2) is assessed to be $\pm 16.8\%$

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE P1528 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Error Sources	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Divi- sor	c _i	c _i 10g	Standard Uncertainty 1g	Standard Uncertainty 10g	v _i ² or v _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	± 4.8%	Normal	1	1	1	± 4.8%	± 4.8%	∞
Axial isotropy	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9%	± 1.9%	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 0.0%	± 3.9%	∞
Boundary effects	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7%	± 2.7%	∞
System detection limits	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Readout electronics	± 1.0%	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.0%	± 1.0%	∞
Response time	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.0%	± 0.0%	∞
Integration time	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.0%	± 0.0%	∞
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7%	± 1.7%	∞
Probe positioner	± 0.4%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2%	± 0.2%	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7%	± 1.7%	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Dipole axis to liquid distance	± 2.0%	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.2%	± 1.2%	∞
Power drift	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7%	± 2.7%	∞
Phantom and Set-up								
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3%	± 2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8%	± 1.2%	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 2.5%	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6%	± 1.1%	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7%	± 1.4%	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.5%	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5%	± 1.2%	∞
Combined Uncertainty						± 8.4%	± 8.1%	
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						± 16.8%	± 16.2%	

Table 5: Measurement uncertainties

As of 2007-10-23 Page 18 of 58



2.4.14 System validation

The system validation is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system validation is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows validation results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests of the test item described in chapter 1.5. (graphic plot(s) see annex 1).

Validation Kit	Frequency	Target Peak SAR (1000 mW) (+/- 10%)	Target SAR _{1g} (1000 mW) (+/- 10%)	Measured Peak SAR	Measured SAR _{1g}	Measured date
D900V2	900 MHz	15.2 mW/g	10.6 mW/g	16.6 mW/g	11.3 mW/g	2007-10-10
S/N: 102	body	15.2 mw/g				
D1900V2	1900 MHz	(2.2 W/a	27.7 W/a	60.2 mW/s	40.1 W//-	2007-10-11
S/N: 5d009	body	63.2 mW/g	37.7 mW/g	69.3 mW/g	40.1 mW/g	2007-10-11

Table 6: Results system validation

As of 2007-10-23 Page 19 of 58

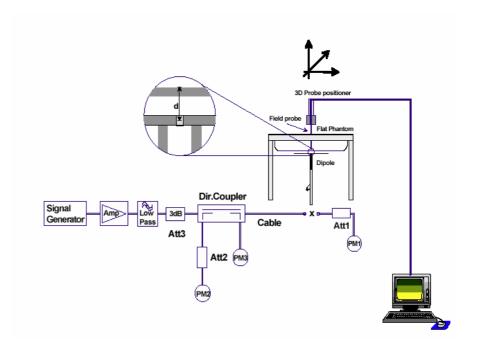


2.4.15 Validation procedure

The validation is performed by using a validation dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a plexiglass spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 1000 mW. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the validation to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

Validation results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.





As of 2007-10-23 Page 20 of 58



2.5 Test results (Body SAR)

The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g						
Channel / frequency	Position	Laptop	Number of TS	Body worn	Limit	Liquid Temp.
190 / 836.6 MHz	Underside vertical slot	Fujitsu- Siemens	4	0.623 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.0°C
190 / 836.6 MHz	Underside vertical slot	Fujitsu- Siemens	3	0.561 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.8°C
190 / 836.6 MHz	Underside vertical slot	Fujitsu- Siemens	2	0.576 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.9°C
190 / 836.6 MHz	Underside vertical slot	Fujitsu- Siemens	1	0.641 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.9°C
190 / 836.6 MHz	underside	Fujitsu- Siemens	4	0.359 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.0°C
190 / 836.6 MHz	underside	DELL	4	0.369 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.9°C
190 / 836.6 MHz	underside	Acer	4	0.261 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	22.0°C
128 / 824.2 MHz	underside			not necessary	1.6 W/kg	
251 / 848.8 MHz	underside			not necessary	1.6 W/kg	
190 / 836.6 MHz EGPRS	underside vertical slot	Fujitsu- Siemens	4	0.234 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.9°C

Table 7: Test results (Body SAR 850 MHz)

Note: The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

As of 2007-10-23 Page 21 of 58



The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g						
Channel / frequency	Position	Laptop	Number of TS	Body worn	Limit	Liquid Temp.
661 / 1880.0 MHz	Underside vertical slot	Fujitsu- Siemens	4	0.473 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.5 °C
661 / 1880.0 MHz	underside	Fujitsu- Siemens	4	0.475 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.5 °C
661 / 1880.0 MHz	underside	Fujitsu- Siemens	3	0.733 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.6 °C
661 / 1880.0 MHz	underside	Fujitsu- Siemens	2	0.440 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.5°C
661 / 1880.0 MHz	underside	Fujitsu- Siemens	1	0.280 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.6 °C
661 / 1880.0 MHz	underside	DELL	4	0.231 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.5 °C
661 / 1880.0 MHz	underside	Acer	4	0.303 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.2 °C
512 / 1850.2 MHz	underside			not necessary	1.6 W/kg	
810 / 1909.8 MHz	underside			not necessary	1.6 W/kg	
661 / 1880.0 MHz	underside EGPRS	Fujitsu- Siemens	3	0.333 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.6 °C

Table 8: Test results (Body SAR 1900 MHz)

Note: The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

2.5.1 General description of test procedures

The DUT is tested using a CMU 200 communications tester as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.

The used notebooks offered the following distances between DUT and SAM phantom when positioned in direct contact to the flat part of the phantom :

Fujitsu-Siemens : 3 mm (vertical USB-slot)

Fujitsu-Siemens : 10 mm DELL : 11 mm Acer : 12 mm

Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.

Tests in body position are performed with the maximum number of timeslots in uplink.

Conducted output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable.

The device was tested with 4 active timeslots.

The host configuration with highest SAR was used for delta checks with different number of active timeslots.

As of 2007-10-23 Page 22 of 58



2.6 Test results (conducted power measurement)

For the measurements a Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester CMU 200 was used. The output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable. The conducted output power was measured before and after each SAR measurement. The resulting power values were within a 0.2 dB tolerance of the values shown below.

PCS 850						
Channel / frequency	Timeslots in uplink	GSM peak	GSM avg.			
190 / 836.6 MHz	1TS	32.7 dBm	23.7 dBm			
190 / 836.6 MHz	2TS	30.0 dBm	24.0 dBm			
190 / 836.6 MHz	3TS	28.2 dBm	23.9 dBm			
190 / 836.6 MHz	4TS	27.1 dBm	24.1 dBm			
PCS 1900						
Channel / frequency	Timeslots in uplink	GSM	GSM avg.			
661 / 1880.0 MHz	1TS	29.6 dBm	20.6 dBm			
661 / 1880.0 MHz	2TS	29.3 dBm	23.6 dBm			
661 / 1880.0 MHz	3TS	26.3 dBm	22.1 dBm			
661 / 1880.0 MHz	4TS	23.3 dBm	20.3 dBm			

Table 9: Test results conducted peak power measurement GSM GMSK

PCS 850						
Channel / frequency	Timeslots in uplink	GSM	EDGE			
190 / 836.6 MHz	1TS	32.7 dBm	30.9 dBm			
PCS 1900						
Channel / frequency	Timeslots in uplink	GSM	EDGE			
661 / 1880.0 MHz	3TS	26.3 dBm	26.1 dBm			

Table 10: Test results conducted peak power measurement GSM EDGE delta measurement

As of 2007-10-23 Page 23 of 58



Annex 1 System performance verification

Date/Time: 2007-10-10 09:19:49Date/Time: 2007-10-10 09:26:10

SystemPerformanceCheck-D900 body 2007-10-10

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: 102

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.04$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(5.92, 5.92, 5.92); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.3 mW/g

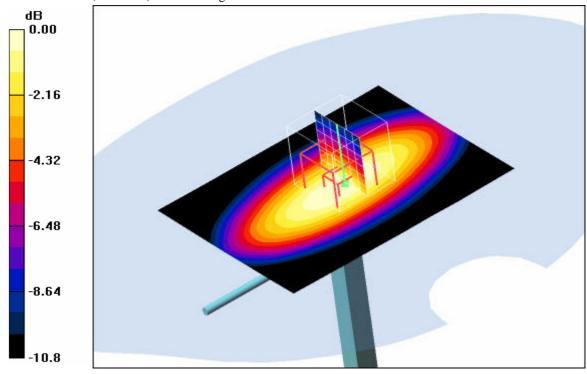
d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 112.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 7.3 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.2 mW/g



0 dB = 12.2 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.1° C; liquid temperature: 21.6° C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 24 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-11 13:29:14Date/Time: 2007-10-11 13:33:26

SystemPerformanceCheck-D1900 body 2007-10-11

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d009

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (51x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 51.5 mW/g

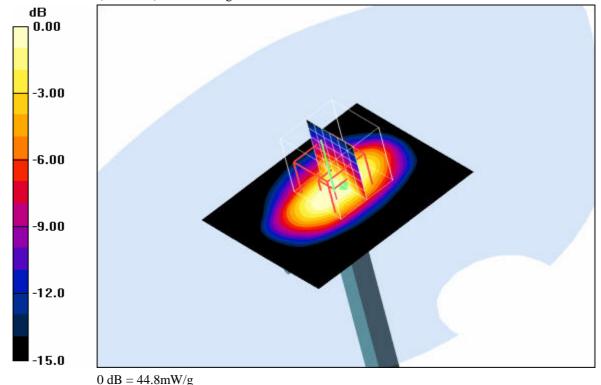
d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 176.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 69.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 40.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 21.2 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 44.8 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.5° C; liquid temperature: 21.2° C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 25 of 58



Annex 2 Measurement results (printout from DASY TM)

Remark: results of conducted power measurements: see chapter 2.5/2.6 (if applicable)

Annex 2.1 GSM 850 MHz body

Date/Time: 2007-10-10 10:13:30Date/Time: 2007-10-10 10:22:07

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 12 Fujitsu-Siemens Vertical

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.688 mW/g

Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

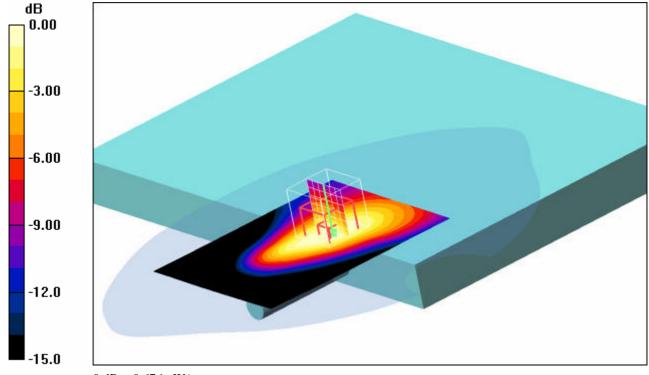
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.093 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.996 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.623 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.395 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.676 mW/g



0~dB=0.676mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 3 mm

ambient temperature: 22.3°C; liquid temperature: 22.0°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 26 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-10 09:58:33Date/Time: 2007-10-10 10:09:21

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 12 Fujitsu-Siemens

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.387 mW/g

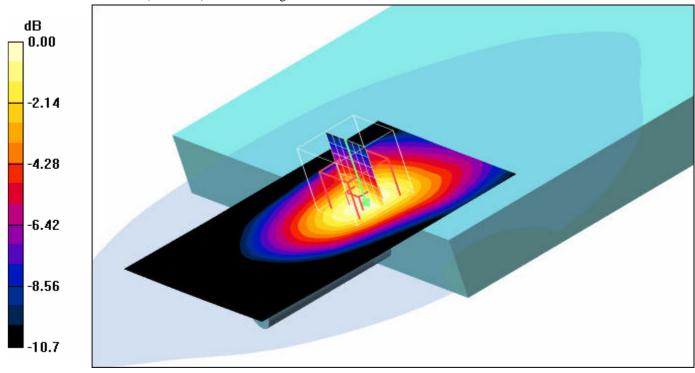
Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.130 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.545 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.359 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.395 mW/g



0 dB = 0.395 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : $10\ mm$

ambient temperature: 22.3°C; liquid temperature: 22.0°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 27 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-10 10:46:14Date/Time: 2007-10-10 11:11:01

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 12 DELL

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (81x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.382 mW/g

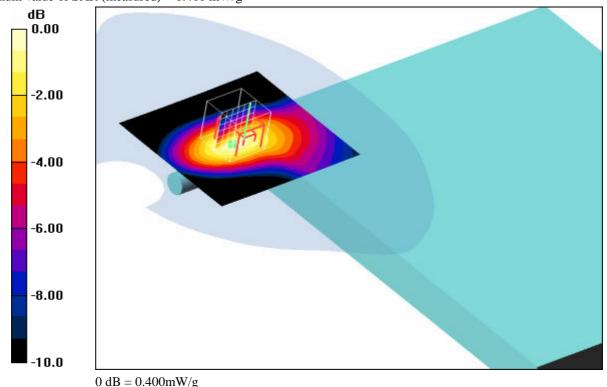
Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.190 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.858 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.369 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.400 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions): 11 mm

ambient temperature: 22.1°C; liquid temperature: 21.9°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 28 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-10 11:50:52Date/Time: 2007-10-10 11:59:04

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 12 ACER

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.282 mW/g

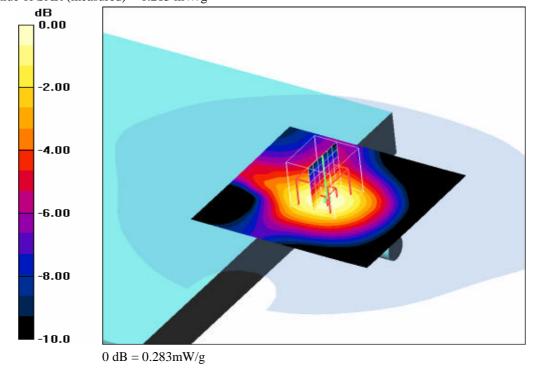
Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.169 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.379 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.261 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.172 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.283 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 12 mm

ambient temperature: 22.2°C; liquid temperature: 22.0°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 29 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-10 12:14:28Date/Time: 2007-10-10 12:23:19

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 11 Fujitsu-Siemens Vertical

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS class 11; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.67 Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.647 mW/g

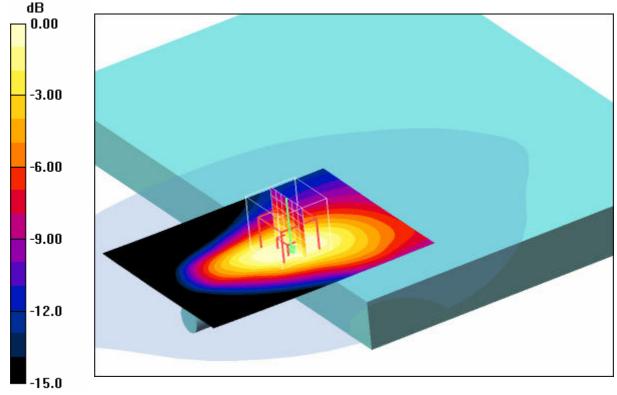
Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.885 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.561 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.358 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.613 mW/g



0 dB = 0.613 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 3 mm ambient temperature: 22.0° C; liquid temperature: 21.8° C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 30 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-10 13:00:26Date/Time: 2007-10-10 13:08:51

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 10 Fujitsu-Siemens Vertical

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS class 10; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.641 mW/g

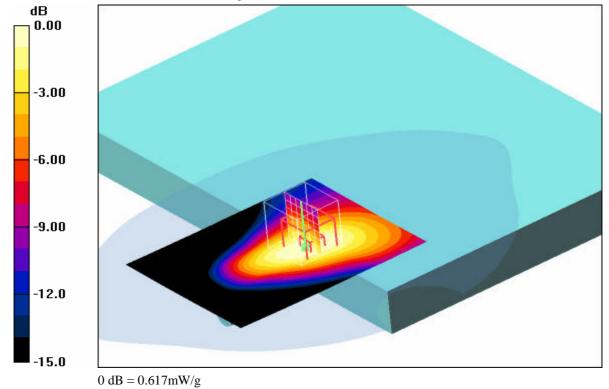
Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.089 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.916 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.576 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.366 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.617 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 3 mm ambient temperature: 22.1°C; liquid temperature: 21.9°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 31 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-10 13:40:39Date/Time: 2007-10-10 13:48:55

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 8 Fujitsu-Siemens Vertical

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.687 mW/g

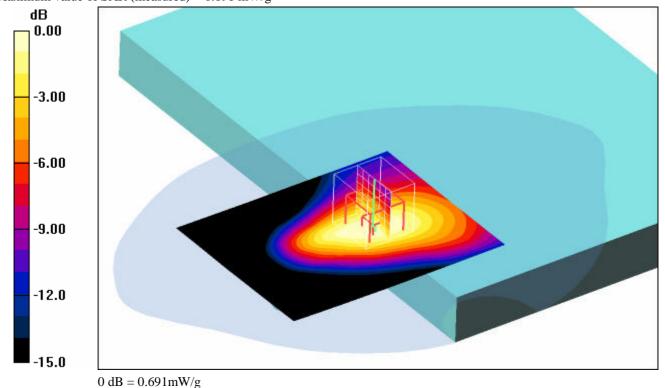
Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.641 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.404 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.691 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 3 mm ambient temperature: 22.3° C; liquid temperature: 21.9° C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 32 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-10 14:13:57Date/Time: 2007-10-10 14:22:17

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 EGPRS class 8 Fujitsu-Siemens Vertical

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 850 EGPRS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.255 mW/g

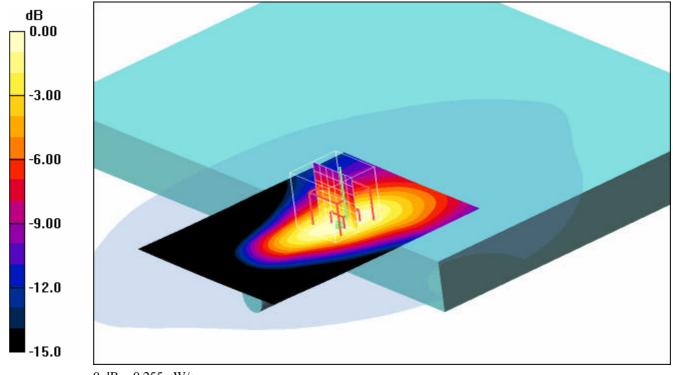
Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.378 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.234 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.255 mW/g



0 dB = 0.255 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 3 mm (vertical USB-slot) ambient temperature: 22.3°C; liquid temperature: 21.9°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 33 of 58



Annex 2.2 GSM 1900 MHz body

Date/Time: 2007-10-11 13:45:01Date/Time: 2007-10-11 13:53:10

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS class 12 Fujitsu-Siemens Vertical

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS class 12; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.613 mW/g

Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

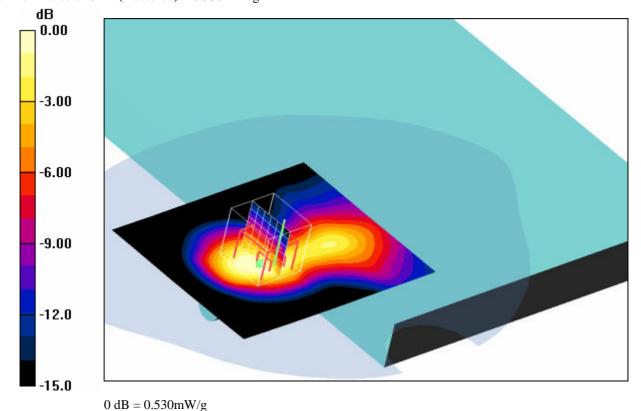
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.057 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.894 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.473 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.257 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.530 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 3 mm (vertical USB-slot) ambient temperature: 22.5°C; liquid temperature: 21.5°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 34 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-11 16:11:31Date/Time: 2007-10-11 16:20:03

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS class 12 Fujitsu-Siemens

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS class 12; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.556 mW/g

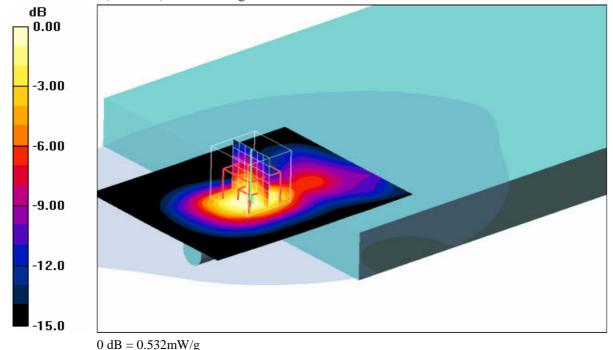
Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.112 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.773 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.475 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.262 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.532 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : $10\ mm$

ambient temperature: 22.5°C; liquid temperature: 21.5°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 35 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-11 16:39:18Date/Time: 2007-10-11 16:47:57

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS class 11 Fujitsu-Siemens

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS class 11; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.67

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section **DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.823 mW/g

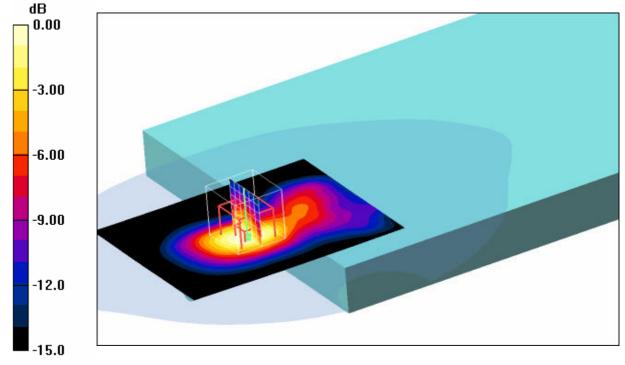
Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.733 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.405 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.814 mW/g



0 dB = 0.814 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions): 10 mm

ambient temperature: 22.4°C; liquid temperature: 21.6°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 36 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-11 17:38:46Date/Time: 2007-10-11 17:46:59

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS class 10 Fujitsu-Siemens

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS class 10; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.480 mW/g

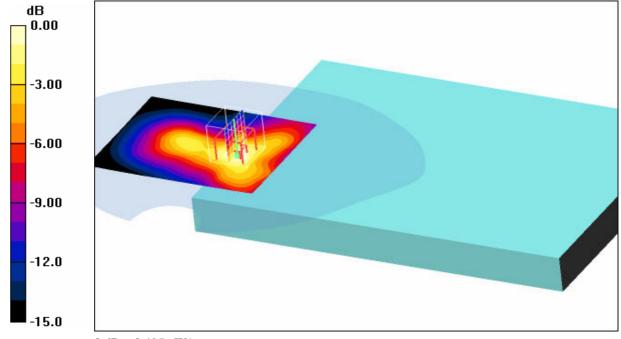
Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.117 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.708 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.440 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.250 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.495 mW/g



0 dB = 0.495 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions): 10 mm

ambient temperature: 22.0°C; liquid temperature: 21.5°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 37 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-11 17:08:22Date/Time: 2007-10-11 17:16:41Date/Time: 2007-10-11 17:28:26

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS class 8 Fujitsu-Siemens

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS class 8; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.305 mW/g

Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.470 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.280 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.154 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 mW/g

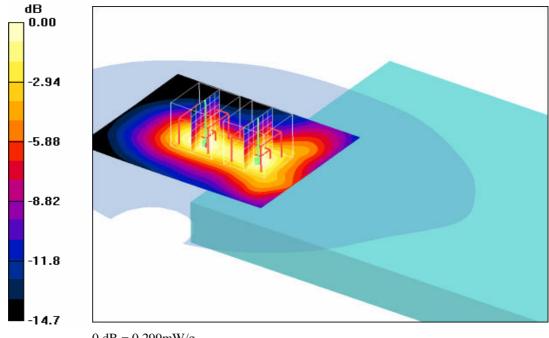
Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.436 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.273 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.299 mW/g



0 dB = 0.299 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions): 10 mm

ambient temperature: 22.4°C; liquid temperature: 21.6°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 38 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-11 14:59:25Date/Time: 2007-10-11 15:08:16 Date/Time: 2007-10-11 15:20:35Date/Time: 2007-10-11 15:33:13

P1528 OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS class 12 DELL

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS class 12; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (91x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.237 mW/g

Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.393 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.231 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.127 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.255 mW/g

Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.259 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.160 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.176 mW/g

Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 2: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

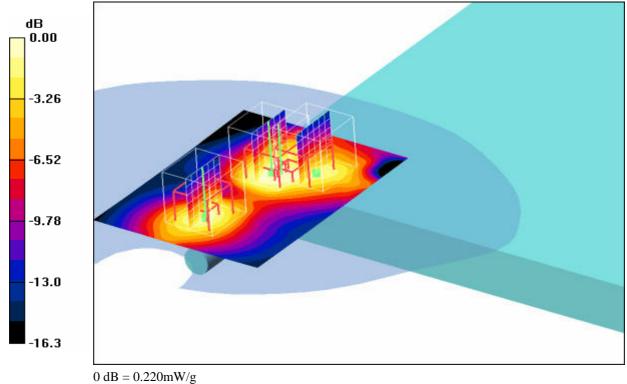
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.329 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.171 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.096 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.220 mW/g

As of 2007-10-23 Page 39 of 58





Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 11 mm ambient temperature: 22.4°C; liquid temperature: 21.5°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 40 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-11 14:17:48Date/Time: 2007-10-11 14:25:43

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS class 12 ACER

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS class 12; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.377 mW/g

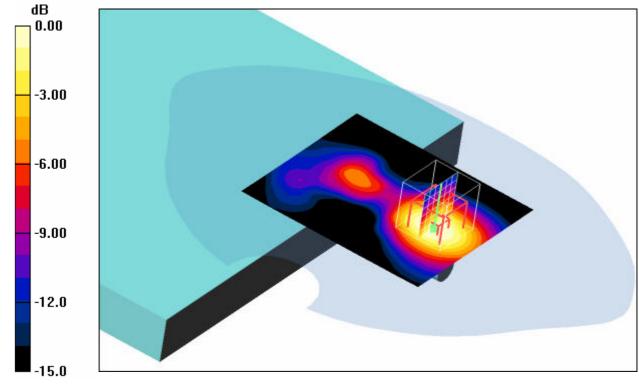
Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.136 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.474 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.303 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.332 mW/g



0 dB = 0.332 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 12 mm

ambient temperature: 22.5°C; liquid temperature: 21.2°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 41 of 58



Date/Time: 2007-10-11 17:54:07Date/Time: 2007-10-11 18:04:19Date/Time: 2007-10-11 18:17:58

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 EGPRS class 11 Fujitsu-Siemens

DUT: Option; Type: GI0225; Serial: 0044001.44.069303.21

Communication System: PCS 1900 EGPRS class 11; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.67 Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Underside position - Middle/Area Scan (71x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.352 mW/g

Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.259 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.529 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.333 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.192 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.362 mW/g

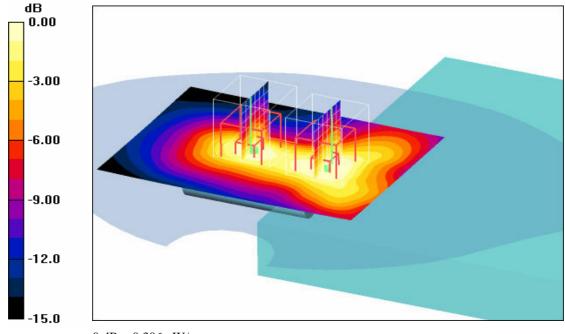
Underside position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.259 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.475 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.281 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.154 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.306 mW/g



0 dB = 0.306 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM: 10 mm

ambient temperature: 22.1°C; liquid temperature: 21.6°C

As of 2007-10-23 Page 42 of 58



Annex 3 Photo documentation

Photo 1: Measurement System DASY 4



Photo 2: DUT - top view



As of 2007-10-23 Page 43 of 58



Photo 3: DUT - top view (open)

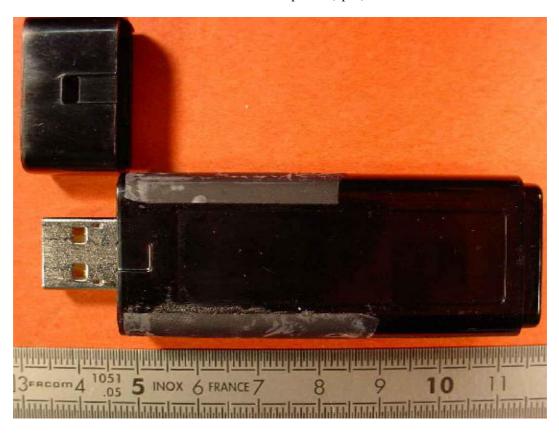


Photo 4: DUT - underside view (open)



As of 2007-10-23 Page 44 of 58



Photo 5: 1st Laptop Fujitsu-Siemens V3205 with DUT - top view



Photo 6: 1st Laptop Fujitsu-Siemens V3205 with DUT - front view



As of 2007-10-23 Page 45 of 58



Photo 7: 1st Laptop Fujitsu-Siemens V3205 with DUT - side view



Photo 8: 1st Laptop Fujitsu-Siemens V3205 with DUT - underside view



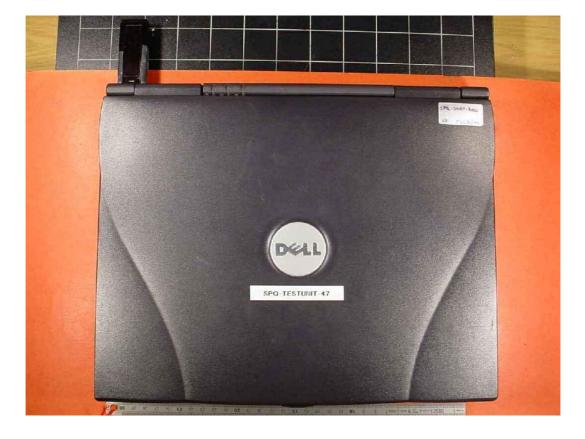
As of 2007-10-23 Page 46 of 58



Photo 9: 1st Laptop Fujitsu-Siemens V3205 (label)



Photo 10: 2nd Laptop DELL PP01X with DUT - top view



As of 2007-10-23 Page 47 of 58



Photo 11: 2nd Laptop DELL PP01X with DUT - side view

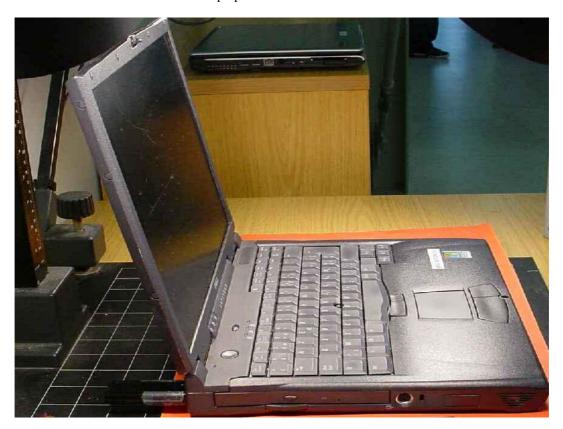


Photo 12: 2nd Laptop DELL PP01X with DUT - underside view



As of 2007-10-23 Page 48 of 58



Photo 13: 2nd Laptop DELL PP01X (label)

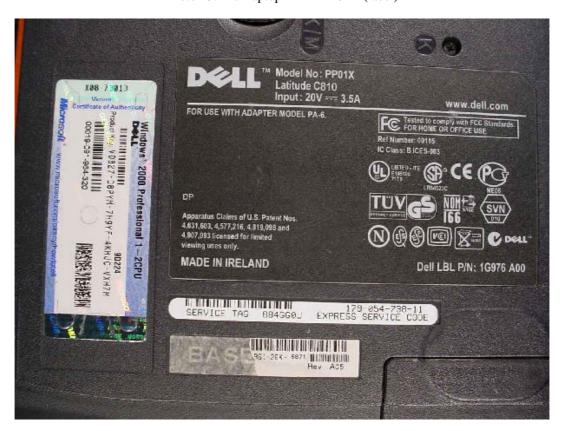


Photo 14: 3rd Laptop Acer BL50 with DUT - top view



As of 2007-10-23 Page 49 of 58



Photo 15: 3rd Laptop Acer BL50 with DUT - front view

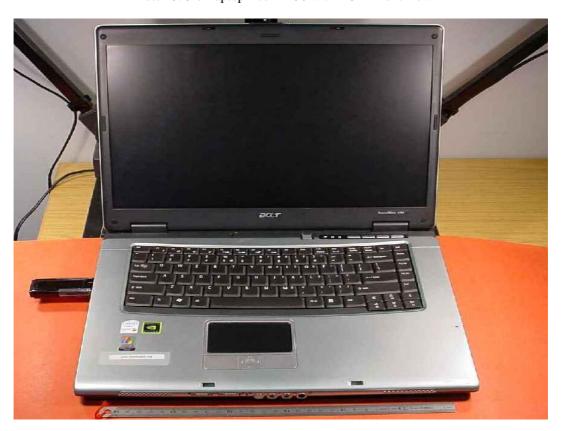


Photo 16: 3rd Laptop Acer BL50 with DUT - side view



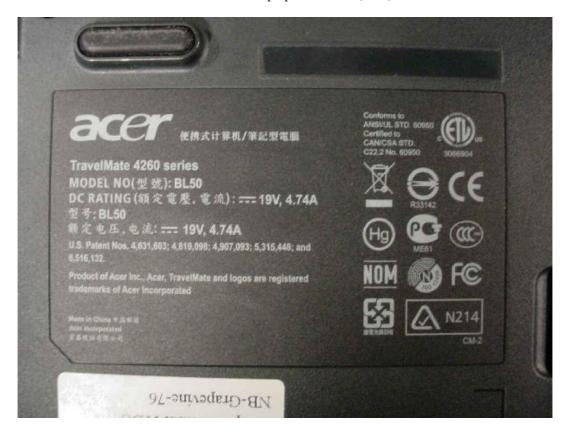
As of 2007-10-23 Page 50 of 58



Photo 17: 3rd Laptop Acer BL50 with DUT - underside view



Photo 18: 3rd Laptop Acer BL50 (label)



As of 2007-10-23 Page 51 of 58



Photo 19: Test position underside with 1st laptop (distance 10 mm)



Photo 20: Test position underside with 1st laptop (distance 10 mm)



As of 2007-10-23 Page 52 of 58



Photo 21: Test position underside with 1st laptop (distance 3 mm) in vertical USB-slot



Photo 22: Test position underside with 1st laptop (distance 3 mm) in vertical USB-slot



As of 2007-10-23 Page 53 of 58



Photo 23: Test position underside with 2nd laptop (distance 11 mm)



Photo 24: Test position underside with 2nd laptop (distance 11 mm)



As of 2007-10-23 Page 54 of 58



Photo 25: Test position underside with 3rd laptop (distance 12 mm)



Photo 26: Test position underside with 3rd laptop (distance 12 mm)



As of 2007-10-23 Page 55 of 58



Annex 3.1 Z-axis scans

Photo 27: Z-axis scans 850 MHz body

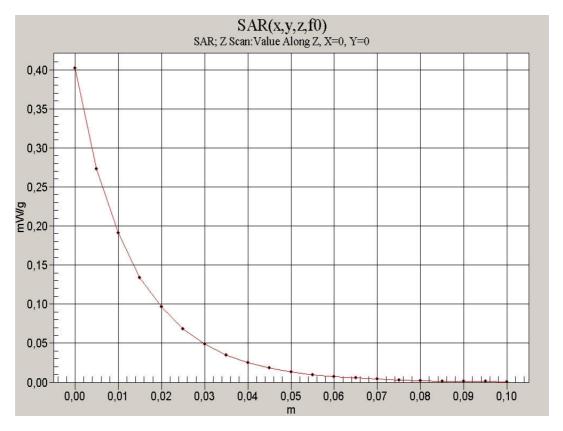
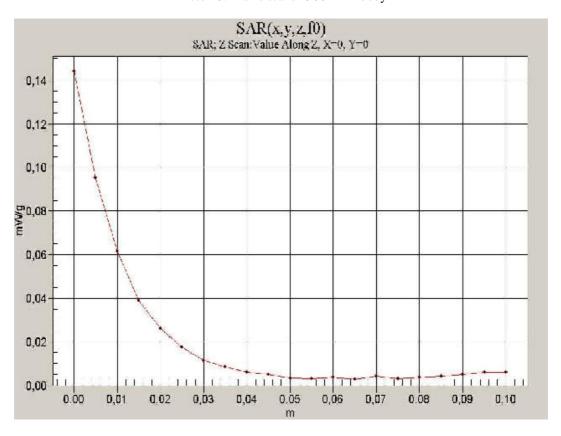


Photo 28: Z-axis scans 1900 MHz body



As of 2007-10-23 Page 56 of 58

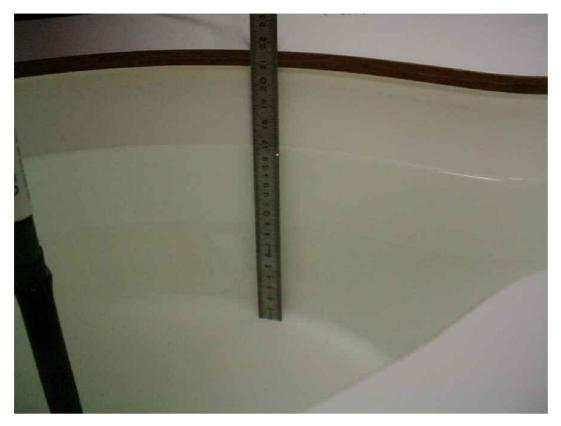


Annex 3.2 Liquid depth

Photo 29: Liquid depth 850 MHz body simulating liquid



Photo 30: Liquid depth 1900 MHz body simulating liquid



As of 2007-10-23 Page 57 of 58

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

Test report no.: 4-2801-01-01/07-B



Annex 4 Calibration parameters

Calibration parameters are described in the additional document :

Appendix to test report no. 4-2801-01-01/07-B' Calibration data, Phantom certificate and detail information of the DASY4 System

As of 2007-10-23 Page 58 of 58