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# CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Novatel Wireless 9645 Scranton Road, Suite 205 San Diego, CA 92121 Dates of Test: Test Report Number: August 15, 2009 SAR.20090804

DD 45

FCC ID: NBZNRMUNDP-1D IC Certificate: 3229A-UNDP1D

Model(s): UNDP-1D in Dell Latitude E4200-2 PC Test Sample: Engineering Same As Production

Serial No.: 2194408900042 Equipment Type: Wireless Modem

Classification: Portable Transmitter Next to Body

TX Frequency Range: 824.2 – 848.8 MHz, 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz

Frequency Tolerance: ± 25 ppm

Maximum RF Output: 835 MHz(WCDMA) – 24.5 dBm, 835 MHz(CDMA) – 24.9 dBm,

835 MHz(GSM) – 32.9 dBm, 1900 MHz(WCDMA) – 24.6 dBm, 1900 MHz(CDMA) – 24.8 dBm, 1900 MHz(GSM) – 29.4 dBm

Conducted

Signal Modulation: CDMA, GMSK, 8PSK, WCDMA

Antenna Type (Length): WWAN – Internal Antenna Locate at Left Side of LCD

Battery: Laptop Supplied

Application Type: Class II
FCC Rule Parts: Part 22 & 24
Industry Canada: RSS-102

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1999 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003, OET Bulletin 65 Supp. C, RSS-102 and Safety Code 6 (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application has been denied FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Jay M. Moulton Vice President ACCREDITED
Certificate # 2387.01



# **Table of Contents**

1. Introduction	
SAR Definition [5]	3
2. SAR Measurement Setup	4
Robotic System	4
System Hardware	4
System Description	4
E-Field Probe	5
3. Robot Specifications	7
4. Probe and Dipole Calibration	8
5. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications	9
SAM Phantom	
Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization	9
Device Holder	
6. Definition of Reference Points	10
Ear Reference Point	10
Device Reference Points	
7. Test Configuration Positions	
Positioning for Cheek/Touch [5]	
Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt [5]	
Body Worn Configurations	
8. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1999 RF Exposure Limits [2]	
Uncontrolled Environment	
Controlled Environment	
9. Measurement Uncertainty	
10. System Validation	
Tissue Verification	
Test System Verification	
11. SAR Test Data Summary	
Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal	
Device Test Condition	
12. Conducted Power Measurement Procedures	
12.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR	
12.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA2000, 1xEV-DO	
12.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA	
12.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for GSM/GPRS/EDGE	
SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body	
SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body	
12.1 Test Equipment List	
13.1 Conclusion	
14.1 References	
Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data	
Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots	
Appendix C – SAR Test Setup Photos	
Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets	
Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets	
Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets	100



### 1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Novatel Wireless Model UNDP-1D FCC ID: NBZNRMUNDP-1D evaluated in Dell Latitude E4200-2 PC with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices and IC Certificate: 3229A-UNDP1D with RSS102 & Safety Code 6. The FCC have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supp. C – 2001 [4], IEEE Std.1528 – 2003 Recommended Practice [5], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

# **SAR Definition [5]**

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)



# 2. SAR Measurement Setup

# **Robotic System**

The measurements are conducted utilizing the ALSAS-10-U automated dosimetric assessment system. The ALSAS-10-U is designed and manufactured by Aprel Laboratories in Nepean, Ontario, Canada. The system utilizes a Robcomm 3 robot manufactured by ThermoCRS located in Michigan USA.

## System Hardware

The system consists of a six axis articulated arm, controller for precise probe positioning (0.05 mm repeatability), a power supply, a teach pendent for teaching area scans, near field probe, an IBM Pentium  $4^{\text{TM}}$  2.66 GHz PC with Windows XP  $\text{Pro}^{\text{TM}}$ , and custom software developed to enable communications between the robot controller software and the host operating system.

An amplifier is located on the articulated arm, which is isolated from the custom designed end effector and robot arm. The end effector provides the mechanical touch detection functionality and probe connection interface. The amplifier is functionally validated within the manufacturer's site and calibrated at NCL Calibration Laboratories. A Data Acquisition Card (DAC) is used to collect the signal as detected by the isotropic e-field probe. The DAC manufacturer calibrates the DAC to NIST standards. A formal validation is executed using all mechanical and electronic components to prove conformity of the measurement platform as a whole.

# **System Description**

The ALSAS-10-U has been designed to measure devices within the compliance environment to meet all recognized standards. The system also conforms to standards, which are currently being developed by the scientific and manufacturing community.

The course scan resolution is defined by the operator and reflects the requirements of the standard to which the device is being tested. Precise measurements are made within the predefined course scan area and the values are logged.

The user predefines the sample rate for which the measurements are made so as to ensure that the full duty-cycle of a pulse modulation device is covered during the sample. The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output for the probe.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \bullet \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$



The Aprel E-Field probe is evaluated to establish the diode compression point.

A complex algorithm is then used to calculate the values within the measured points down to a resolution of 1mm. The data from this process is then used to provide the co-ordinates from which the cube scan is created for the determination of the 1 g and 10 g averages.

Cube scan averaging consists of a number of complex algorithms, which are used to calculate the one, and ten gram averages. The basis for the cube scan process is centered on the location where the maximum measured SAR value was found. When a secondary peak value is found which is within 60% of the initial peak value, the system will report this back to the operator who can then assess the need for further analysis of both the peak values prior to the one and ten-gram cube scan averaging process. The algorithm consists of 3D cubic Spline, and Lagrange extrapolation to the surface, which form the matrix for calculating the measurement output for the one and ten gram average values. The resolution for the physical scan integral is user defined with a final calculated resolution down to 1mm.

In-depth analysis for the differential of the physical scanning resolution for the cube scan analysis has been carried out, to identify the optimum setting for the probe positioning steps, and this has been determined at 8mm increments on the X, & Y planes. The reduction of the physical step increment increased the time taken for analysis but did not provide a better uncertainty or return on measured values.

The final output from the system provides data for the area scan measurements, physical and splined (1mm resolution) cube scan with physical and calculated values (1mm resolution).

The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the ALSAS-10-U used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left( e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2} \right)$$

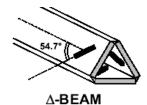
The probe used during the measurement process has been assessed to provide values for diode compression. These values are calculated during the probe calibration exercise and are used in the mathematical calculations for the assessment of SAR.

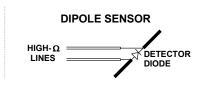
#### **E-Field Probe**

The E-field probe used by RF Exposure Lab, LLC, has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropic, and boundary effect. The probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below right.









The SAR is assessed with the probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (Z height). The diagram above right shows how the center of the sensor is defined with the location of the diode placed at the center of the dipole. The 5mm default in the Z axis is the optimum height for assessing SAR where the boundary effect is at its least, with the probe located closest to the phantom surface (boundary).





# 3. Robot Specifications

#### **Specifications**

Positioner: ThermoCRS, Robot Model: Robocomm 3

Repeatability: 0.05 mm

No. of axis: 6

#### **Data Acquisition Card (DAC) System**

#### Cell Controller

Processor: Pentium 4<sup>™</sup> Clock Speed: 2.66 GHz

Operating System: Windows XP Pro™

#### **Data Converter**

Features: Signal Amplifier, End Effector, DAC

Software: ALSAS 10-U Software

## E-Field Probe

Model: Various See Probe Calibration Sheet
Serial Number: Various See Probe Calibration Sheet
Construction: Triangular Core Touch Detection System

Frequency: 10MHz to 6GHz

#### **Phantom**

Phantom: Uniphantom, Right Phantom, Left Phantom





# 4. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.



# 5. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

#### **SAM Phantom**



The Aprel system utilizes three separate phantoms. Each phantom for SAR assessment testing is a low loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropomorphic data of the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM phantom shell is bisected along the mid sagittai plane into right and left halves. The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom half is extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth of 15 cm that is sufficient to minimize reflections from the upper surface [5]. See photos in Appendix C.

## **Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization**

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a glycol based chemical and saline solution. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following tables. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

**Table 5.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue** 

la ana di anta		Simulatin	Simulating Tissue		
Ingredients		835 MHz Muscle	1900 MHz Muscle		
Mixing Percentage					
Water		52.40	69.91		
Sugar		0.00	29.96		
Salt		45.00	0.00		
HEC		1.40	0.13		
Bactericide		0.10	0.00		
DGBE		1.00	0.00		
Dielectric Constant	Target	55.20	53.30		
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	0.97	1.52		

#### **Device Holder**



In combination with the SAM phantom, the mounting device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can easily, accurately, and repeatably be positioned according to the FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and uni-phantom).

## 6. Definition of Reference Points

#### **Ear Reference Point**

Figure 6.2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 6.1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

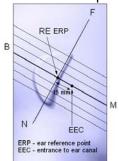


Figure 6.1 Close-up side view of ERP's



Figure 6.2 Front, back and side view of SAM

#### **Device Reference Points**

Two imaginary lines on the device need to be established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device is placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 6.3). The "test device reference point" is than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device is positioned so that the "vertical centerline" is bisecting the front surface of the device at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point [5].

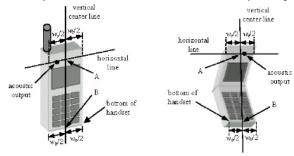


Figure 6.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points



# 7. Test Configuration Positions

## Positioning for Cheek/Touch [5]

1. Position the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 7.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the device is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Figure 7.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

- 2. Translate the device towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the device touches the ear.
- 3. While maintaining the device in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).
- 4. Rotate the device around the vertical centerline until the device (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- 5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE and maintaining the device contact with the ear, rotate the device about the line NF until any point on the device is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). See Figure 7.2.

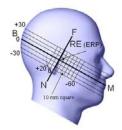


Figure 7.2 Side view w/ relevant markings



# Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt [5]

With the test device aligned in the Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the device, retracted the device parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degrees.
- 2. Rotate the device around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the device, move the device parallel to the reference plane until any part of the device touches the head. (In this position, point A is located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the device shall be reduced. The tilted position is obtained when any part of the device is in contact with the ear as well as a second part of the device is in contact with the head (see Figure 7.3).



Figure 7.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position



# **Body Worn Configurations**

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the accessories attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then, when multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration where a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. All test position spacings are documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worst-case positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements are included in the user's manual.



# 8. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1999 RF Exposure Limits [2]

#### **Uncontrolled Environment**

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

#### **Controlled Environment**

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Table 8.1 Human Exposure Limits** 

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>1</sup> Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR <sup>2</sup> Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>3</sup> Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.





# 9. Measurement Uncertainty

Exposure Assessment Measurement Uncertainty

<b>_</b>		essment M				Laincy	
Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c, 1 (1- g)	c,¹ (10- g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	•3	(1- cp) 1/2	(1- cp) 1/2	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical	10.9	rectangular	•3	•cp	•cp	4.4	4.4
Isotropy							
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	•3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	•3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	•3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	•3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	•3	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition	3.0	rectangular	•3	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech.	0.4	rectangular	•3	1	1	0.2	0.2
1100111							
Restriction							
Probe Positioning	2.9	rectangular	•3	1	1	1.7	1.7
with respect to	2.9	receasing		_	_	/	1.,
Phantom Shell							
Extrapolation and	3.7	rectangular	•3	1	1	2.1	2.1
Integration				-			
Test Sample	4.0	normal	1	1	1	4.0	4.0
Positioning							
Device Holder	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Uncertainty							
Drift of Output	4.2	rectangular	•3	1	1	2.4	2.4
Power		3					
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom	3.4	rectangular	•3	1	1	2.0	2.0
Uncertainty(shape &							
thickness tolerance)							
Liquid	5.0	rectangular	•3	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4
Conductivity(target)				<u> </u>			
Liquid	0.5	normal	1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3
Conductivity (meas.)							
Liquid	5.0	rectangular	•3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4
Permittivity(target)							
Liquid	1.0	normal	1	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5
Permittivity(meas.)							
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.6	9.4
Combined Uncertainty		Normal(k=2)				19.1	18.8
(coverage factor=2)			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			

# 10. System Validation

#### **Tissue Verification**

**Table 10.1 Measured Tissue Parameters** 

rabio for incacarda ficcaci arametere								
		1900	MHz Body	835 MHz Body				
Date(s)		Aug.	15, 2009	Aug. 15, 2009				
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	20.0 Target Me		Target	Measured			
Dielectric Constant: ε		53.30	52.11	55.20	54.70			
Conductivity: σ	Conductivity: σ		1.50	0.97	0.98			

See Appendix A for data printout.

# **Test System Verification**

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the  $\pm 10\%$  of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is extrapolated to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 10.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Measure SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
15-Aug-2009	835 MHz	9.75	9.45	- 3.08
15-Aug-2009	1900 MHz	40.99	39.91	- 2.63

See Appendix A for data plots.

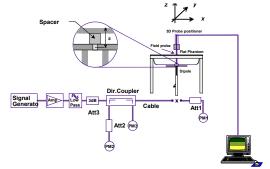


Figure 10.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup



# 11. SAR Test Data Summary See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

## **Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal**

The device was placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. When test modes are not available or inappropriate for testing a device, the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

#### **Device Test Condition**

Each SAR measurement was taken with a fully charged battery. The power was not measured before and after each test due to the necessity of disassembling the device to take the measurement.

The measurements were conducted with the bottom of the PC touching the phantom and on the edge with the WWAN antenna closest to the edge.

This device is capable of operating in 850/1900 GSM/GPRS/EDGE frequency bands. In GSM/GPRS mode, the device is in Class 4 for 850 MHz and Class 1 for 1900 MHz. In EDGE mode, the device is in Class E2 for 850/1900 MHz. The GSM/GPRS testing was conducted in the GPRS mode. The GPRS mode has 2-slot and 4-slot configurations. The power measured is peak power. The average power in GSM is  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB lower than the average power in GPRS 2-slot which is  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than 4-slot . The EDGE mode is 3 dB lower than its equivalent slot configuration for GPRS. Therefore, the device was only tested in the highest power configuration which was 2-slot GPRS.

The WCDMA testing was conducted using 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1. The HSPA testing was conducted with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH all enabled and a 12.2 kbps RMC. FRC was configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-Test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK.

The 1xRTT testing was conducted in RC3 with the device configured using TDSO/SO32 with FCH transmitting at full rate. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." Multiple code channels were not tested due to the conducted power measured was less than ¼ dB higher than with FCH only.

The Rev. 0 and Rev. A Subtype 0/1 testing was conducted with the Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps. The Forward Traffic Channel data rate is set to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." Other rates were not tested due to the conducted power measured was less than ½ dB higher than 153.6 kbps.



The Rev. A Subtype 2 testing was conducted with the Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots. The Forward Traffic Channel data rate is set to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." Other rates were not tested due to the conducted power measured was less than ¼ dB higher than 4096 bits.



## 12. Conducted Power Measurement Procedures

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under average power.

# 12.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a screen room. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and re recommended for evaluating SAR. SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. The SAR measurement software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more than 5% occurred, the tests were repeated.

## 12.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA2000, 1xEV-DO

#### 12.2.1 Output Power Verification 1xRTT

Use CDMA2000 Rev 6 protocol in the call box.

- 1) Test for Reverse/Forward TCH RC1, Reverse/Forward TCH RC2, and RC3 Reverse FCH and demodulation of RC 3, 4 and 5.
  - a. Set up a call using Fundamental Channel Test Mode 1 (RC1, SO 2) with 9600 bps data rate only.
  - b. As per C.S0011 or TIA/EIA-98-F Table 4.4.5.2-1, set the test parameters.
  - c. Send continuously '0' power control bits to the UNDP-1.
  - Measure the output power at UNDP-1 antenna connector as recorded on the power meter with values corrected for cables losses.
  - e. Repeat step b through d for Fundamental Channel Test Mode:
    - i. RC1, SO55
    - ii. RC2, SO9
    - iii. RC2, SO55
    - iv. RC3, SO55
- 2) Test for RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH0 and demodulation of RC 3, 4 and 5.
  - a. Set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3, SO 32) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH0 data rate.
  - b. As per C.S0011 or TIA/EIA-98-F Table 4.4.5.2-2, set the test parameters.
  - c. Send alternating '0' and '1' power control bit to the UNDP-1
  - d. Determine the active channel configuration. If the desired channel configuration is not the active channel configuration, increase for by 1 dB and repeat the verification. Repeat this step until the desired channel configuration becomes active.
  - e. Measure the output power at the UNDP-1 antenna connector.
  - f. Decrease for by 0.5 dB.
  - g. Determine the active channel configuration. If the active channel configuration is the desired channel configuration, measure the output power at the UNDP-1 antenna connector.
  - h. Repeat step f and g until the output power no longer increases or the desired channel configuration is no longer active. Record the highest output power achieved with the desired channel configuration active.
  - i. Repeat step a through h ten times and average the result.



#### 12.2.2 Output Power Verification 1xRTT

- 1) Use 1xEV-DO Rel 0 protocol in the call box 8960.
  - a. FTAP
    - Select Test Application Protocol to FTAP
    - Set FTAP Rate to 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
    - Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
    - Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
    - Send continuously '0' power control bits
    - Measure the power at UNDP-1 antenna connector
  - b. RTAP
- Select Test Application Protocol to RTAP
- Set RTAP Rate to 9.6 kbps
- Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
- Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
- Send continuously '0' power control bits
- Measure the power at UNDP-1 antenna connector
- Repeat above steps for RTAP Rate = 19.2 kbps, 38.4 kbps, 76.8 kbps and 153.6 kbps respectively
- 2) Use 1xEV-DO Rev A protocol in the call box 8960
  - a. FETAP
    - Select Test Application Protocol to FETAP
    - Set FETAP Rate to 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
    - Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
    - Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
    - Send continuously '0' power control bits
    - Measure the power at UNDP-1 antenna connector
  - b. RETAP
    - Select Test Application Protocol to RETAP
    - F-Traffic Format -> 4 (1024, 2, 128) Canonical (307.2k, QPSK) Set R-Data Pkt Size to 128
    - Protocol Subtype Config -> Release A Physical Layer Subtype -> Subtype 2 PL Subtype 2 Access Channel MAC Subtype -> Default (Subtype 0)
    - Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration ->
       16 Slots -> ACK R-Data After -> Subpacket 0 (All ACK)
    - Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
    - Send continuously '0' power control bits
    - Measure the power at UNDP-1 antenna connector
    - Repeat above steps for R-Data Pkt Size = 256, 512, 768, 1024, 1536, 2048, 3072, 4096, 6144, 8192, 12288 respectively.

#### 12.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA

Configure the call box 8960 to support all WCDMA tests in respect to the 3GPP 34.121 (listed in Table below). Measure the power at Ch4132, 4182 and 4233 for US cell; Ch9262, 9400 and 9538 for US PCS band.

For Rel99

• Set a Test Mode 1 loop back with a 12.2kbps Reference Measurement Channel (RMC).

- Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the UNDP-1
- Measure the power at the UNDP-1 antenna connector using the power meter with average detector.

#### For HSDPA Rel 6

- Establish a Test Mode 1 look back with both 1 12.2kbps RMC channel and a H-Set1 Fixed Reference Channel (FRC). With the 8820 this is accomplished by setting the signal Channel Coding to "Fixed Reference Channel" and configuring for HSET-1 QKSP.
- Set beta values and HSDPA settings for HSDPA Subtest1 according to Table below.
- Send continuously Up power control commands to the UNDP-1
- Measure the power at the UNDP-1 antenna connector using the power meter with modulated average detector.
- Repeat the measurement for the HSDPA Subtest2, 3 and 4 as given in Table below.

#### For HSUPA Rel 6

- Use UL RMC 12.2kbps and FRC H-Set1 QPSK, Test Mode 1 loop back. With the 8960 this is accomplished by setting the signal Channel Coding to "E-DCH Test Channel" and configuring the equipment category to Cat5 10ms.
- Set the Absolute Grant for HSUPA Subtest1 according to Table below.
- Set the UNDP power to be at least 5dB lower than the Maximum output power
- Send power control bits to give one TPC\_cmd = +1 command to the UNDP. If UNDP doesn't send any E-DPCH data with decreased E-TFCI within 500ms, then repeat this process until the decreased E-TFCI is reported.
- Confirm that the E-TFCI transmitted by the UNDP is equal to the target E-TFCI in Table below. If the E-TFCI transmitted by the UNDP is not equal to the target E-TFCI, then send power control bits to give one TPC\_cmd = -1 command to the UE. If UE sends any E-DPCH data with decreased E-TFCI within 500 ms, send new power control bits to give one TPC\_cmd = -1 command to the UE. Then confirm that the E-TFCI transmitted by the UE is equal to the target E-TFCI in Table below.
- Measure the power using the power meter with modulated average detector.
- Repeat the measurement for the HSUPA Subtest2, 3, 4 and 5 as given in Table below.

#### 12.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for GSM/GPRS/EDGE

Configure the 8960 box to support GMSK and 8PSK call respectively, and set one timeslot transmission for GMSK GSM/GPRS and 8PSK EDGE. Measure and record power outputs for both modulations.



### **1xRTT Power Measurements**

IS-2000	Channel	SO2 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	SO9 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	SO32 [dBm]	
	F-RC	RC1	RC1	RC2	RC2	RC3	RC3	
Band	Vocoder Rate	Full	Full	Full	Full	Full	Full	
	1013	24.74	24.86	24.77	24.93	24.94	23.26	
Cellular	384	24.79	24.79	24.91	24.85	24.89	23.37	
	777	24.72	24.81	24.65	24.79	24.78	23.48	
	25	24.56	24.82	24.69	24.66	24.54	23.16	
PCS	600	24.48	24.55	24.54	24.62	24.47	23.18	
	1175	24.22	24.37	24.36	24.43	24.20	23.15	

#### **EvDo Rev 0 Power Measurements**

1x	1x EvDo Rev. 0 [dBm] - FTAP rate = 2 Slot Version 307.2 kbps									
	RTAP Rate 9.6 kbps 19.2 kbps 38.4 kbps 76.8 kbps 153.6 kbps									
Band	Channel									
	1013	24.76	24.74	24.79	24.74	24.95				
Cellular	384	24.82	24.89	24.71	24.77	24.90				
	777	24.70	24.55	24.65	24.65	24.77				
	25	24.21	24.20	24.26	24.28	24.60				
PCS	600	24.26	24.25	24.25	24.29	24.51				
	1175	23.94	23.80	23.99	23.88	24.10				

#### **EvDo Rev A Power Measurements**

	1x EvDo Rev. A Type 2 [dBm] - FTAP rate = 2 Slot Version 307.2 kbps, ACK On all slots												
	RETAP Payload	128 bits	256 bits	512 bits	768 bits	1024 bits	1536 bits	2048 bits	3072 bits	4096 bits	6144 bits	8192 bits	12288 bits
Band	Channel												
	1013	24.95	24.76	24.89	24.83	24.88	24.83	24.89	24.97	24.72	24.90	24.70	24.89
Cellular	384	24.96	24.82	24.96	24.74	24.91	24.80	24.85	24.82	24.85	24.86	24.82	24.88
	777	24.78	24.70	24.81	24.79	24.72	24.66	24.61	24.71	24.79	24.69	24.83	24.76
	25	24.56	24.50	24.56	24.49	24.57	24.56	24.51	24.55	24.59	24.60	24.52	24.44
PCS	600	24.53	24.38	24.48	24.52	24.53	24.62	24.42	24.54	24.36	24.39	24.53	24.43
	1175	24.19	24.12	24.16	24.23	24.20	24.11	23.99	24.23	24.10	24.07	24.18	24.15

Power Control was set in "All Bits Up" for all measurements.



3GPP Release	Mode	Cellul	ar Band	[dBm]	Sub-Test (See Table	MPR
Version		4132	5183	4233	Below)	
99	WCDMA	24.26	24.45	24.24	-	-
6		24.29	24.25	24.16	1	0
6	HSDPA	24.21	24.36	24.09	2	0
6	IISDFA	23.83	23.72	23.57	3	0.5
6		23.76	23.64	23.52	4	0.5
6		23.84	24.19	23.88	1	0
6	]	21.91	21.97	21.92	2	2
6	HSUPA	22.79	22.99	22.43	3	1
6		21.86	21.85	21.80	4	2
6		24.06	23.98	24.05	5	0

3GPP Release	Mode	PCS	Band [d	Bm]	Sub-Test (See Table	MPR
Version		9262	9400	9538	Below)	
99	WCDMA	24.56	24.28	24.09	-	-
6		24.31	24.26	23.85	1	0
6	HSDPA	24.38	24.15	23.79	2	0
6	HODEA	24.32	24.07	23.90	3	0.5
6		23.79	23.69	23.43	4	0.5
6		24.45	23.92	24.06	1	0
6		22.59	21.89	21.95	2	2
6	HSUPA	23.48	22.86	22.88	3	1
6		22.83	22.05	21.83	4	2
6		24.58	24.18	24.00	5	0

## **Sub-Test Setup for Release 6 HSDPA**

Sub-Test	$eta_{c}$	$\beta_{d}$	B <sub>c</sub> / β <sub>d</sub>	$eta_{hs}$
1	2/15	15/15	2/15	4/15
2	12/15	15/15	15/15	24/15
3	15/15	8/15	15/8	30/15
4	15/15	4/15	15/4	30/15
$\Delta_{ m ack},\Delta_{ m nack}$ a	and $\Delta_{cqi}$ =	8		



# **Sub-Test Setup for Release 6 HSUPA**

Sub-Test	$\beta_{c}$	$\beta_{d}$	$B_c/\beta_d$	$eta_{\sf hs}$	$B_{ec}$	$B_{ed}$	MPR	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	15/9	30/15	30/15	47/15	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/15	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	15/15	30/15	24/15	134/15	0.0	21	81
$\Delta_{\text{ack}}$ , $\Delta_{\text{nack}}$ a	$nd \Delta_{cqi} = 8$	3							

GSM							
Band Channel Powe							
	128	32.93					
Cellular	190	32.91					
	251	32.90					
	512	29.31					
PCS	661	29.42					
	810	29.36					

GPRS/1-Slot						
Band Channel Power						
	128	32.97				
Cellular	190	32.83				
	251	32.71				
	512	29.35				
PCS	661	29.42				
	810	29.33				

GPRS/2-Slot						
Band	Band Channel					
	128	30.88				
Cellular	190	30.75				
	251	30.69				
	512	27.30				
PCS	661	27.47				
	810	27.36				

EDGE/1-Slot						
Band Channel Power						
	128	27.60				
Cellular	190	27.87				
	251	27.75				
	512	26.65				
PCS	661	26.84				
	810	26.52				

EDGE/2-Slot						
Band	Band Channel Power					
	128	25.53				
Cellular	190	25.80				
	251	25.72				
	512	24.63				
PCS	661	24.81				
	810	24.53				







# SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body

MEASUREMENT RESULTS							
Position	Gap	Frequency		Modulation	End Pow	SAR	
1 03111011	Oup	MHz	Ch.	Modulation	(dBm)	Battery	(W/kg)
	0 mm	836.6	4183	WCDMA	24.45	N/A	0.102
Bottom	0 mm	824.2	128	GMSK	30.88	N/A	0.101
	0 mm	824.07	1013	CDMA	24.95	N/A	0.099
					Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram		
•	is fully cl Measured	narged for		s. Conducted	□ERP	□Е	IRP
2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration  — Left Head  — Head			⊠Uniphantom ⊠Body	□R	ight Heac		
3. Test Signal Call Mode  Test Code			est Code	⊠Base Station Simulator			
4. Test Configuration ☐With Belt Clip ☐Without Belt Clip ☑N/A							

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

Note: When the mid channel is 3 dB or more below the limit the low and high channel are not required to be tested.



# SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body

MEASUREMENT RESULTS							
Position	Gap	Frequency		Modulation	End Power		SAR
	Jup	MHz	Ch.	oud.au.o	(dBm)	Battery	(W/kg)
	0 mm	1852.4	9262	WCDMA	24.56	N/A	0.234
Bottom	0 mm	1880.0	661	GMSK	27.47	N/A	0.146
	0 mm	1851.25	25	CDMA	24.60	N/A	0.228

Muscle
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

1.	Battery is fully charged for a	all tests.			
	Power Measured	⊠Conducted	□ERP	EIRP	
2.	SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration	☐Left Head ☐Head	⊠Uniphantom ⊠Body	Right Head	
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	Test Code	⊠Base Station Simu	lator	
4.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A	

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

Note: When the mid channel is 3 dB or more below the limit the low and high channel are not required to be tested.





# 12.1 Test Equipment List

**Table 12.1 Equipment Specifications** 

Туре	Calibration Due Date	Serial Number
ThermoCRS Robot	N/A	RAF0338198
ThermoCRS Controller	N/A	RCF0338224
ThermoCRS Teach Pendant (Joystick)	N/A	STP0334405
IBM Computer, 2.66 MHz P4	N/A	8189D8U KCPR08N
Aprel E-Field Probe ALS-E020	11/03/2009	RFE-215
Aprel E-Field Probe ALS-E030	06/15/2010	E030-001
Aprel Dummy Probe	N/A	023
Aprel Left Phantom	N/A	RFE-267
Aprel Right Phantom	N/A	RFE-268
Aprel UniPhantom	N/A	RFE-273
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-450-S-2	06/01/2011	RFE-362
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-835-S-2	02/22/2010	RFE-274
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-1900-S-2	02/21/2010	RFE-277
Aprel Validation Dipole ALS-D-2450-S-2	02/20/2010	RFE-278
Agilent (HP) 437B Power Meter	12/01/2009	3125U08837
Agilent (HP) 8481B Power Sensor	12/02/2009	3318A05384
Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer	12/02/2009	31720068
Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator	12/01/2009	2749A10226
Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In	12/01/2009	2647A01172
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	12/01/2009	3135A01724
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	12/01/2009	2904A00595
Agilent (HP) E55125C Base Station Sim.	10/21/2010	MY4860364
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	0011
Brain Equivalent Matter (450 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Brain Equivalent Matter (835 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Brain Equivalent Matter (1900 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Brain Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (450 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (835 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (1900 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (5200 MHz)	N/A	N/A
Muscle Equivalent Matter (5800 MHz)	N/A	N/A



## 13.1 Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]





## 14.1 References

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1999, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [4] Federal Communications Commission, OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01), Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, July 2001.
- [5] IEEE Standard 1528 2003, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, October 2003.
- [6] Industry Canada, RSS 102e, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), November 2005.
- [7] Industry Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 1999.





# Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

```
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
Sat 15/Aug/2009 10:25:29
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH FCC Bulletin 65 Supplement C ( June 2001) Limits for Head Epsilon
         FCC Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) Limits for Head Sigma FCC Limits for Body Epsilon FCC Limits for Body Sigma
FCC sH
FCC eB
FCC_sB
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM
*****************
Freq FCC_eB FCC_sB
0.8050 55.32 0.97
0.8150 55.28 0.97
0.8250 55.24 0.97
                                Test_e
                                             Test_s
                                 54.87
                                             0.92
                                 54.80
                                             0.93
                                  54.78
                                             0.95
                  0.97
0.98

    0.8350
    55.20

    0.8450
    55.17

                               54.70
                                   54.69
                                               1.00
                      0.99
                                             1.02
0.8550
                                  54.65
          55.14
0.8650
          55.11
                      1.01
                                 54.62
                                             1.03
```

```
Sat 15/Aug/2009 08:04:21
Freq Frequency(GHz)
FCC_eH FCC Bulletin 65 Supplement C ( June 2001) Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH FCC Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) Limits for Head Sigma FCC_eB FCC Limits for Body Epsilon FCC_sB FCC Limits for Body Sigma

Test_e Epsilon of UIM

Test_s Sigma of UIM
*****************
                         FCC_sB Test_e
Freq FCC_eB
                                                   Test_s
                       1.52
1.8700
           53.30
                                     52.17
                                                    1.48
1.8800
             53.30
                         1.52
                                       52.15
                                                     1.48
                       1.52
                                     52.14
1.8900
             53.30
                                                    1.49
                                    52.11
                                                1.50
1.9000 53.30 1.52
1.9100 53.30 1.52 52.10 1.51
1.9200
           53.30
                         1.52
                                      52.10
                                                   1.52
```

52.08

1.53

1.9300 53.30 1.52



#### SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 15-Aug-2009

Starting Time : 15-Aug-2009 10:29:30 AM End Time : 15-Aug-2009 10:44:35 AM Scanning Time : 905 secs

Product Data

Product Data
Device Name : Validation
Serial No. : 835
Type : Dipole
Model : ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency : 835.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W Drift Time : 0 min(s)

Length : 161 mm
Width : 3.6 mm
Depth : 89.8 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Touch Power Drift-Start: 1.026 W/kg

Power Drift-Finish: 1.035 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : 0.881

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : BODY
Serial No. : 835
Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 15-Aug-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 54.70 F/m

Sigma : 0.98 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6.3

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^2$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV

: 1.56 mm Offset



Measurement Data

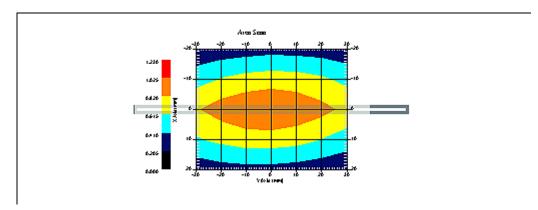
Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 25.00 °C
Set-up Date : 15-Aug-2009
Set-up Time : 9:21:48 AM

Set-up Time : 9:21:48 AM Area Scan : 5x7x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

DUT Position : Touch Separation : 15 mm Channel : Mid

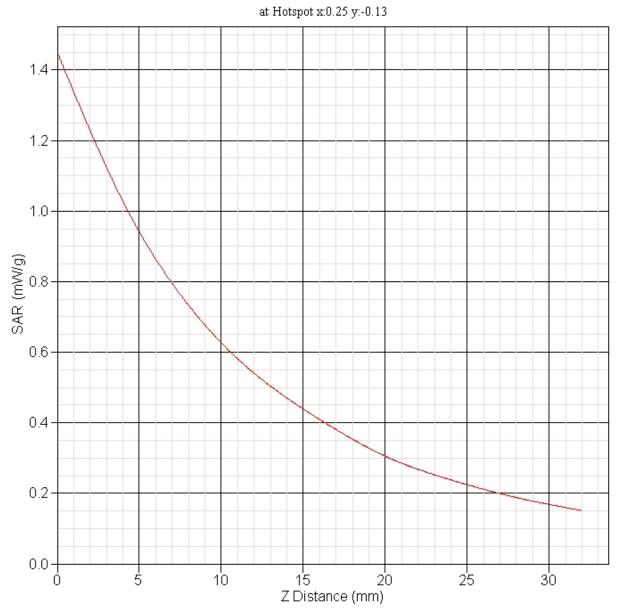


1 gram SAR value : 0.945 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.598 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.026 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.451 W/kg



FCC ID: NBZNRMUNDP-1D

SAR-Z Axis





#### SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 15-Aug-2009

Starting Time : 15-Aug-2009 08:16:43 AM End Time : 15-Aug-2009 08:29:47 AM Scanning Time : 784 secs

Product Data

Device Name : Validation
Serial No. : 1900
Type : Dipole
Model : ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.1 W Drift Time : 0 min(s) Length : 68 mm
Width : 3.6 mm
Depth : 39.5 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Touch Power Drift-Start: 4.458 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 4.423 W/kg Power Drift (%) : -0.792

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 1900
Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 15-Aug-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 49.00 RH%

Epsilon : 52.11 F/m

Sigma : 1.50 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 5

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^{2}$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV

: 1.56 mm Offset



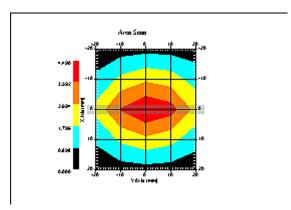
Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 15-Aug-2009
Set-up Time : 8:03:12 AM
Area Scan

Set-up Time : 8:03:12 AM
Area Scan : 5x5x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

DUT Position : Touch Separation : 10 mm Channel : Mid

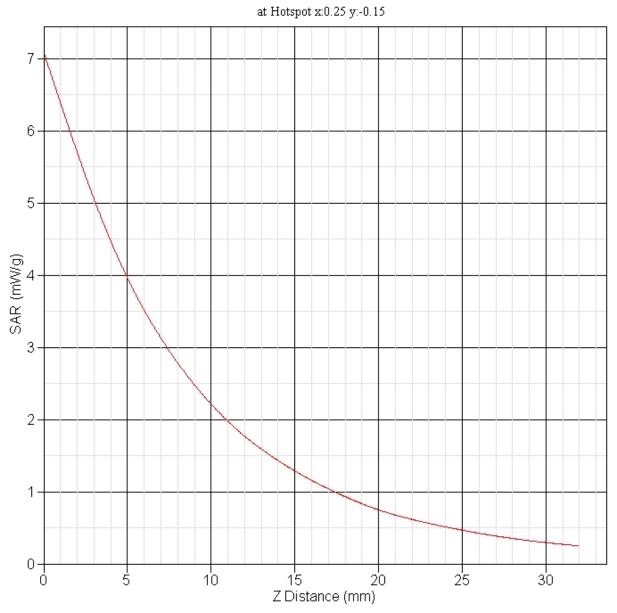


1 gram SAR value : 3.991 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 2.287 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 4.490 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 7.096 W/kg



FCC ID: NBZNRMUNDP-1D

SAR-Z Axis







# Appendix B - SAR Test Data Plots



### SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 15-Aug-2009

Starting Time : 15-Aug-2009 11:33:40 AM End Time : 15-Aug-2009 11:48:29 AM Scanning Time : 889 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Novatel Wireless
Serial No. : 2194408900042
Mode : WCDMA
Model : Latitude E4200 w/UNDP-1D
Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.25 W Drift Time : 0 min(s) Length : 290 mm
Width : 195 mm
Depth : 217 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Touch Power Drift-Start: 0.105 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.108 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : 2.373

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : BODY
Serial No. : 835
Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 15-Aug-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 40.00 RH%

Epsilon : 54.70 F/m

Sigma : 0.98 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6.3

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^2$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV

: 1.56 mm Offset

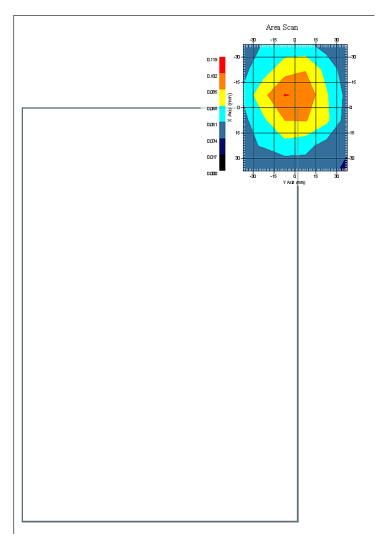


Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 15-Aug-2009
Set-up Time : 10:07:10 AM
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

DUT Position : Touch Separation : 0 mm : Mid Channel

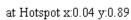


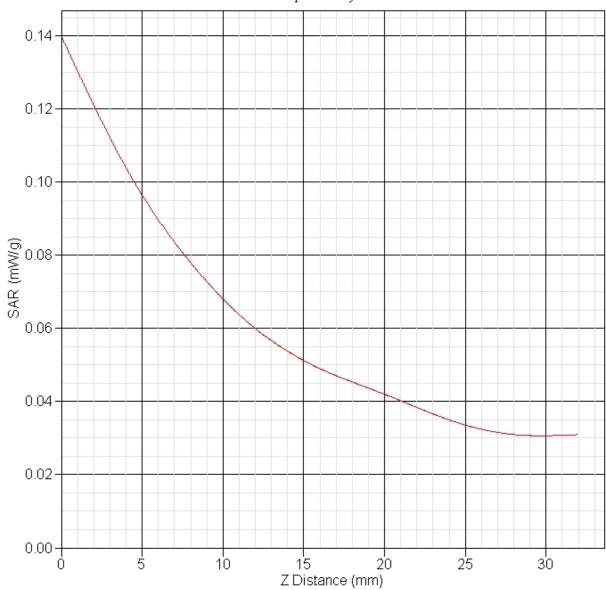
1 gram SAR value : 0.102 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.070 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR: 0.103 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR: 0.140 W/kg



FCC ID: NBZNRMUNDP-1D

SAR-Z Axis







### SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 15-Aug-2009

Starting Time : 15-Aug-2009 11:52:03 AM End Time : 15-Aug-2009 12:09:12 PM Scanning Time : 1029 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Novatel Wireless
Serial No. : 2194408900042
Mode : GPRS
Model : Latitude E4200 w/UNDP-1D
Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 2 W Drift Time : 0 min(s) Length : 290 mm
Width : 195 mm
Depth : 217 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Touch Power Drift-Start: 0.098 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.100 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 2.561

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : BODY
Serial No. : 835
Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 15-Aug-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 40.00 RH%

Epsilon : 54.70 F/m

Sigma : 0.98 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 4 Conversion Factor: 6.3

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^2$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV

: 1.56 mm Offset



Measurement Data Crest Factor : 4

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 15-Aug-2009
Set-up Time : 10:07:10 AM
Area Scan

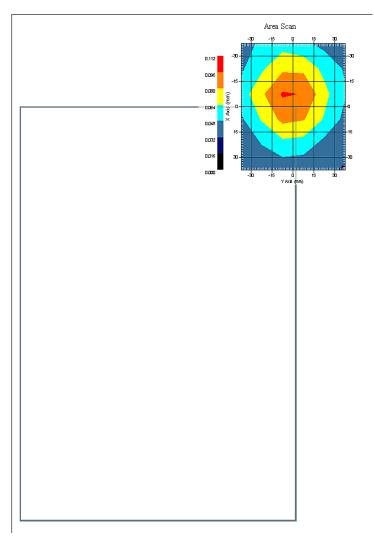
Set-up Time : 10:07:10 AM

Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm

Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

DUT Position : Touch Separation : 0 mm Channel : Low



1 gram SAR value : 0.101 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.067 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.098 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.160 W/kg



### SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 15-Aug-2009

Starting Time : 15-Aug-2009 11:15:33 AM End Time : 15-Aug-2009 11:30:29 AM Scanning Time : 896 secs

Product Data

Product Data
Device Name : Novatel Wireless
Serial No. : 2194408900042
Mode : Rev. 0
Model : Latitude E4200 w/UNDP-1D
Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.25 W Drift Time : 0 min(s) Length : 290 mm
Width : 195 mm
Depth : 217 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Touch Power Drift-Start: 0.101 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.106 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : 4.940

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data

Type : BODY
Serial No. : 835
Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 15-Aug-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 40.00 RH%

Epsilon : 54.70 F/m

Sigma : 0.98 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 835.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 6.3

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^2$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV

: 1.56 mm Offset



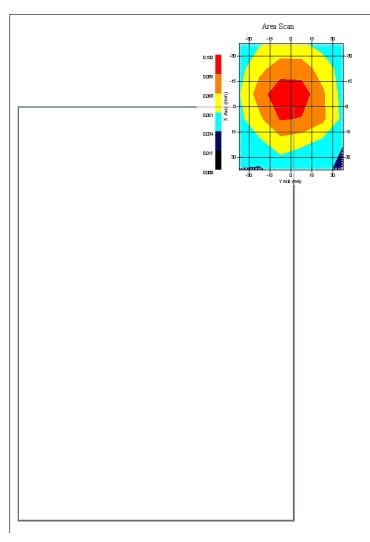
Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 15-Aug-2009
Set-up Time : 10:07:10 AM
Area Scan

Set-up Time : 10:07:10 AM Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

DUT Position : Touch Separation : 0 mm Channel : Low



1 gram SAR value : 0.099 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.067 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.100 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.150 W/kg



### SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 15-Aug-2009

Starting Time : 15-Aug-2009 09:02:08 AM End Time : 15-Aug-2009 09:17:05 AM Scanning Time : 897 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Novatel Wireless
Serial No. : 2194408900042
Mode : WCDMA
Model : Latitude E4200 w/UNDP-1D
Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.25 W Drift Time : 0 min(s) Length : 290 mm
Width : 195 mm
Depth : 217 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Touch Power Drift-Start: 0.250 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.255 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : 2.212

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 1900
Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 15-Aug-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 43.00 RH%

Epsilon : 52.11 F/m

Sigma : 1.50 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 5

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^{2}$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV

: 1.56 mm Offset

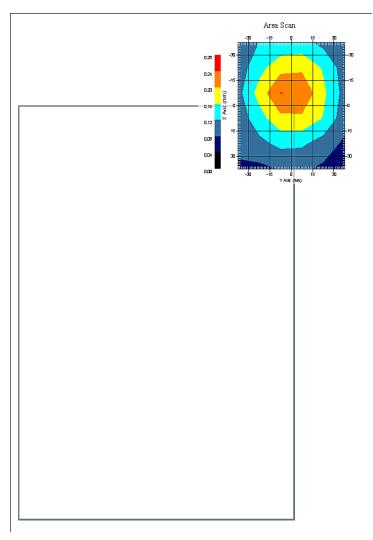


Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 15-Aug-2009
Set-up Time : 8:18:14 AM
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

DUT Position : Touch Separation : 0 mm : Low Channel

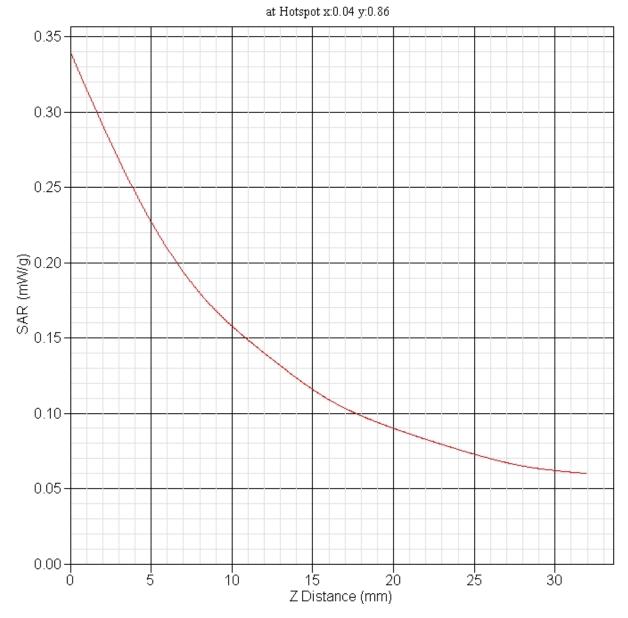


1 gram SAR value : 0.234 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.155 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR: 0.241 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR: 0.340 W/kg



FCC ID: NBZNRMUNDP-1D

SAR-Z Axis





### SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 15-Aug-2009

Starting Time : 15-Aug-2009 08:42:37 AM End Time : 15-Aug-2009 08:59:56 AM Scanning Time : 1039 secs

Product Data
Device Name : Novatel Wireless
Serial No. : 2194408900042
Mode : GPRS
Model : Latitude E4200 w/UNDP-1D
Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W Drift Time : 0 min(s) Length : 290 mm
Width : 195 mm
Depth : 217 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Touch Power Drift-Start: 0.153 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 0.159 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 3.921

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 1900
Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 15-Aug-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 43.00 RH%

Epsilon : 52.11 F/m

Sigma : 1.50 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008

Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 4 Conversion Factor: 5

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^{2}$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV

: 1.56 mm Offset



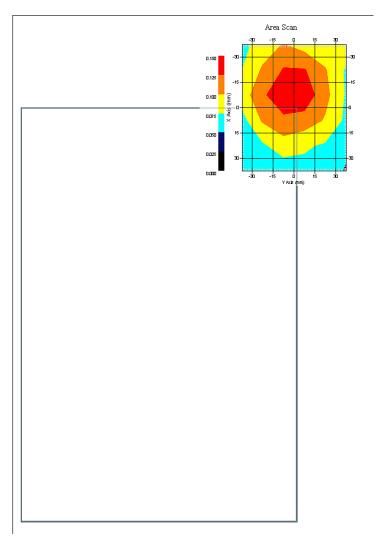
Measurement Data Crest Factor : 4

Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 15-Aug-2009
Set-up Time : 8:18:14 AM

Set-up Time : 8:18:14 AM Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

DUT Position : Touch Separation : 0 mm Channel : Mid



1 gram SAR value : 0.146 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.103 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.150 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.210 W/kg



### SAR Test Report

By Operator : Jay

Measurement Date : 15-Aug-2009

Starting Time : 15-Aug-2009 09:22:18 AM End Time : 15-Aug-2009 09:37:19 AM Scanning Time : 901 secs

Product Data

Product Data
Device Name : Novatel Wireless
Serial No. : 2194408900042
Mode : Rev. 0
Model : Latitude E4200 w/UNDP-1D
Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.25 W Drift Time : 0 min(s) Length : 290 mm
Width : 195 mm
Depth : 217 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Orientation : Touch Power Drift-Start: 0.241 W/kg

Power Drift-Finish: 0.244 W/kg

Power Drift (%) : 1.064

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 200
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Uni-Phantom

Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 1900
Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Last Calib. Date: 15-Aug-2009 Temperature : 20.00 °C

Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C

Humidity : 43.00 RH%

Epsilon : 52.11 F/m

Sigma : 1.50 S/m

Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data
Name : Probe 215 - RFEL
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 215

Last Calib. Date : 03-Nov-2008 Frequency : 1900.00 MHz

Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 5

Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20  $\mu V/\left(V/m\right)^{2}$  Compression Point: 95.00 mV

: 1.56 mm Offset

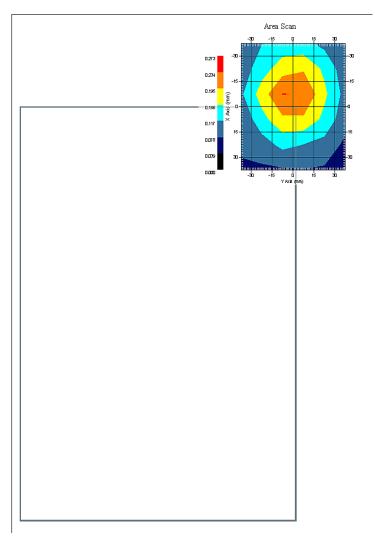


Measurement Data Crest Factor : 1

Scan Type : Complete Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 23.00 °C
Set-up Date : 15-Aug-2009
Set-up Time : 8:18:14 AM
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=15mm, y=15mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 5x5x8 : Measurement x=8mm, y=8mm, z=4mm

Other Data

DUT Position : Touch Separation : 0 mm : Low Channel



1 gram SAR value : 0.228 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.153 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR: 0.235 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR: 0.320 W/kg



# **Appendix C – SAR Test Setup Photos**

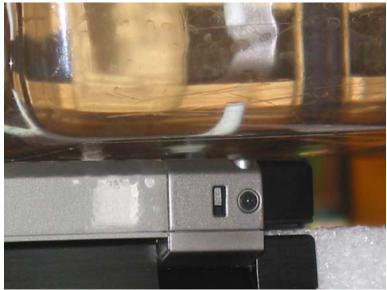


**System Body Configuration** 



**Body Tissue Depth** 





**Bottom Position Side View** 



**Front of Device** 





**Battery** 



**RF Module Location** 





**RF Modules Installed** 



# **Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets**

### **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Calibration File No.: CP-926

Client.: RFEL

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe 835 MHz

**BODY Calibration** 

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 215

Calibration Procedure: SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2

Project No: RFEL-00150-CAL-5367

Calibrated: 3<sup>rd</sup> November 2008 Released on: 3<sup>rd</sup> November 2008

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary This calibration has been conducted in line with the SCC SO-IEC 17025 Scope of Accreditation

Accredited Laboratory Number 48

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

51 SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA K2R 1E6 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 820-4161

### Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure. The results contained within this report are for APREL E-Field Probe E-020 215.

#### References

SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure

IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

IEEE 1309 "IEEE Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9 KHz to 40 GHz" 2005

SSI-TP-011 Tissue Calibration Procedure

IEC 62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from handheld and body-mounted wireless communication devices –Human models, instrumentation and procedures Part 1 & 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 200MHz to 3GHz)"

### **Conditions**

Probe 215 was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5 °C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this probe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within/this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

**Stuart Nicol** 

Jesse Hones

## **Calibration Results Summary**

**Probe Type**: E-Field Probe E-020

Serial Number: 215

Frequency: 835 MHz

Sensor Offset: 1.56 mm

Sensor Length: 2.5 mm

Tip Enclosure: Ertalyte\*

**Tip Diameter:** <5 mm

**Tip Length:** 60 mm

Total Length: 290 mm

## **Sensitivity in Air**

**Diode Compression Point:** 95 mV

<sup>\*</sup>Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

### **Sensitivity in Body Tissue Measured**

Frequency: 835 MHz

**Epsilon:** 55.2 (+/-5%) **Sigma:** 1.05 S/m (+/-10%)

ConvF

Channel X: 6.3

Channel Y: 6.3

Channel Z: 6.3

Tissue sensitivity values were calculated using the load impedance of the APREL Laboratories Daq-Paq.

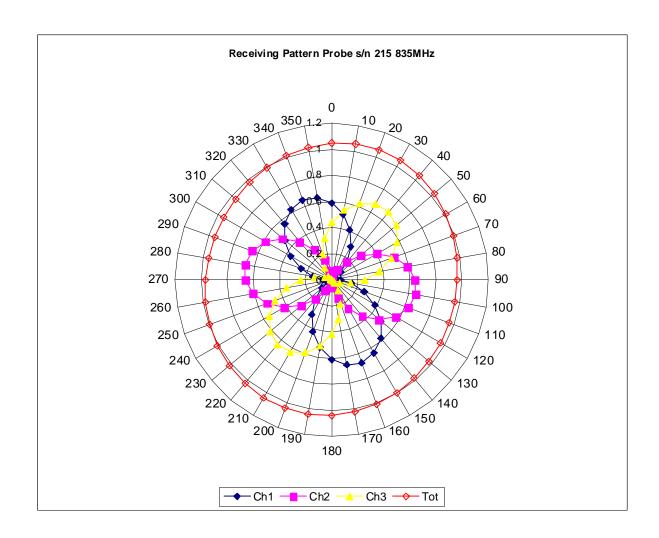
## **Boundary Effect:**

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 2.44mm.

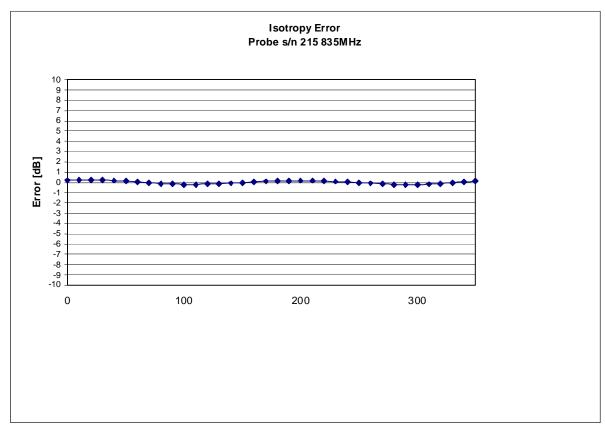
## **Spatial Resolution:**

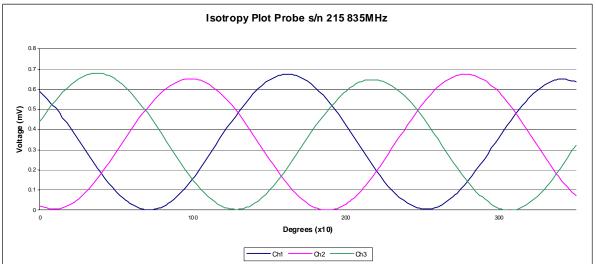
The measured probe tip diameter is 5 mm (+/- 0.01 mm) and therefore meets the requirements of SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032 for spatial resolution.

## Receiving Pattern 835 MHz (Air)



# Isotropy Error 835 MHz (Air)

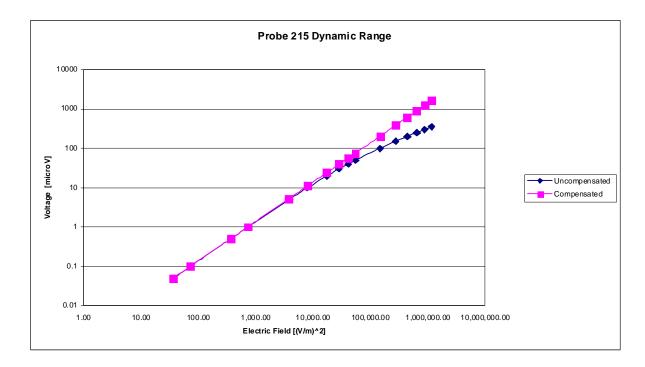




**Isotropicity Tissue:** 

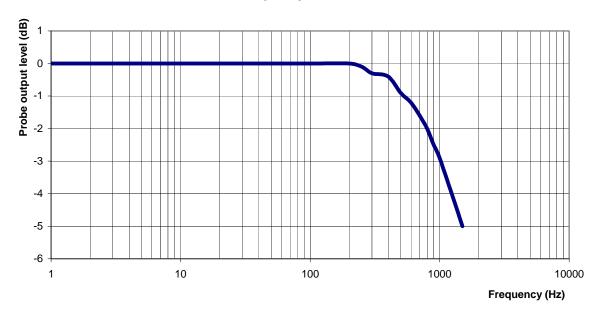
0.10 dB

# **Dynamic Range**



## **Video Bandwidth**

### **Probe Frequency Characteristics**



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

## **Conversion Factor Uncertainty Assessment Measured**

## **Sensitivity in Body Tissue**

Frequency: 835 MHz

**Epsilon:** 55.2 (+/-5%) **Sigma:** 1.05 S/m (+/-10%)

ConvF

**Channel X:** 6.3 7%(K=2)

**Channel Y:** 6.3 7%(K=2)

**Channel Z:** 6.3 7%(K=2)

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M $\Omega$ .

### **Boundary Effect:**

For a distance of 2.5mm the evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2%.

## **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2008.

### **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Calibration File No.: CP-933

Client.: RFEL

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe 1900 MHz

**BODY Calibration** 

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 215

Calibration Procedure: SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2

Project No: RFEL-00150-CAL-5367

Calibrated: 3<sup>rd</sup> November 2008 Released on: 3<sup>rd</sup> November 2008

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary
This calibration has been conducted in line with the SOC \SO-IEC 17025 Scope of Accreditation
Accredited Laboratory Number 48

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

51 SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA K2R 1E6 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 820-4161

### Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure. The results contained within this report are for APREL E-Field Probe E-020 215.

#### References

SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure

IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

IEEE 1309 "IEEE Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9 KHz to 40 GHz" 2005

SSI-TP-011 Tissue Calibration Procedure

IEC 62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from handheld and body-mounted wireless communication devices –Human models, instrumentation and procedures Part 1 & 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 200MHz to 3GHz)"

### **Conditions**

Probe 215 was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5 °C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this probe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within/this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

**Stuart Nicol** 

Jesse Hones

## **Calibration Results Summary**

**Probe Type**: E-Field Probe E-020

Serial Number: 215

Frequency: 1900 MHz

Sensor Offset: 1.56 mm

Sensor Length: 2.5 mm

Tip Enclosure: Ertalyte\*

**Tip Diameter:** <5 mm

**Tip Length:** 60 mm

Total Length: 290 mm

## Sensitivity in Air

**Diode Compression Point:** 95 mV

<sup>\*</sup>Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

### **Sensitivity in Body Tissue Measured**

Frequency: 1900 MHz

**Epsilon:** 54.2 (+/-5%) **Sigma:** 1.57 S/m (+/-5%)

ConvF

Channel X: 5.0

Channel Y: 5.0

Channel Z: 5.0

Tissue sensitivity values were calculated using the load impedance of the APREL Laboratories Daq-Paq.

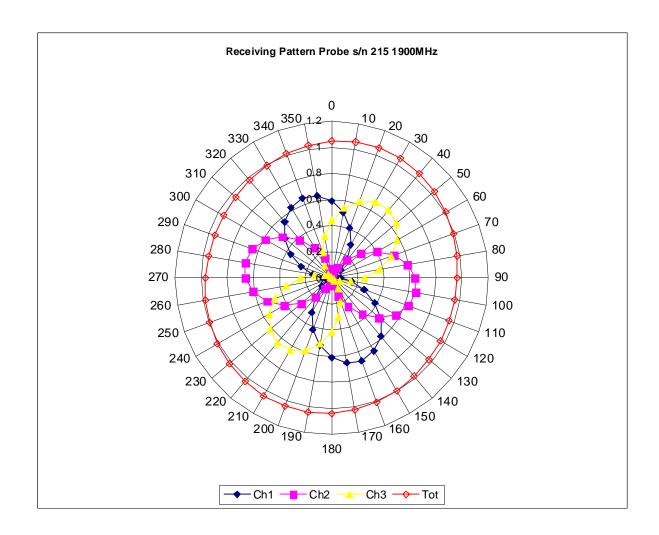
## **Boundary Effect:**

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 2.44mm.

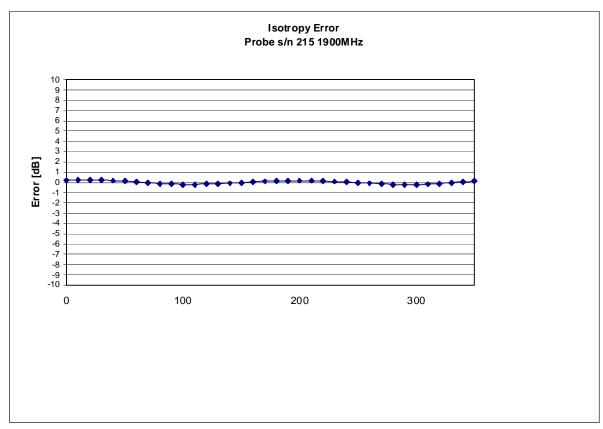
## **Spatial Resolution:**

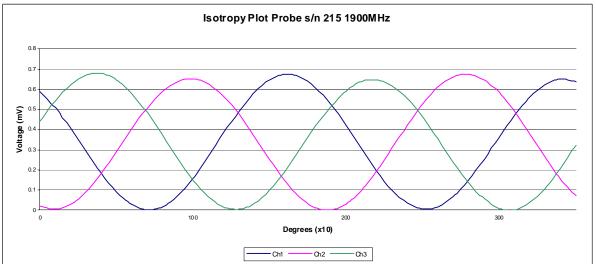
The measured probe tip diameter is 5 mm (+/- 0.01 mm) and therefore meets the requirements of SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032 for spatial resolution.

## Receiving Pattern 1900 MHz (Air)



# Isotropy Error 1900 MHz (Air)

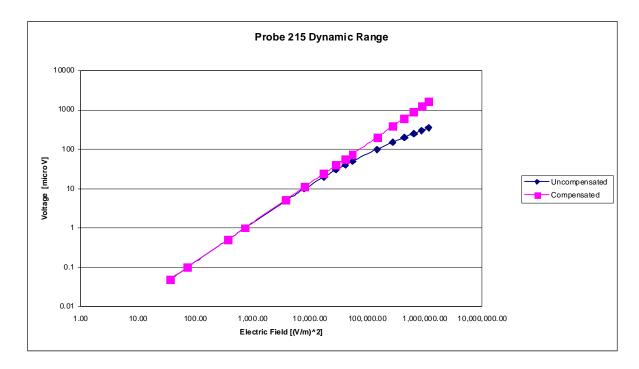




**Isotropicity Tissue:** 

0.10 dB

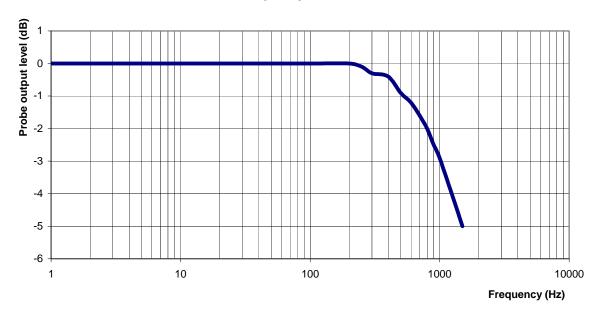
# **Dynamic Range**



Division of APREL Laboratories.

# **Video Bandwidth**

## **Probe Frequency Characteristics**



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB Division of APREL Laboratories.

# **Conversion Factor Uncertainty Assessment Measured**

# **Sensitivity in Body Tissue**

Frequency: 1900 MHz

**Epsilon:** 54.2 (+/-5%) **Sigma:** 1.57 S/m (+/-5%)

ConvF

**Channel X:** 5.0 7%(K=2)

**Channel Y:** 5.0 7%(K=2)

**Channel Z:** 5.0 7%(K=2)

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M $\Omega$ .

## **Boundary Effect:**

For a distance of 2.5mm the evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2%.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

# **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2008.



# **Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets**

## RF Exposure Lab, LLC

Calibration File No: CAL.20080203

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated at RF Exposure Lab, LLC by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

# **Validation Dipole**

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Part Number: ALS-D-835-S-2

Frequency: 835 MHz

Serial No: RFE-274

Manufactured: 20 February 2004 Calibrated: 22 February 2008

Calibrated By: Signature on File

Jay Moulton – Technical Manager

Approved By: Signature on File

Tamara Moulton – Quality Manager

Measurement Uncertainty:

Repeatability: 2.3% Tissue Uncertainty: 3.2% Network Analyzer: 2.5%



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# **Calibration Results Summary**

The following results relate to the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

#### **Mechanical Dimensions**

Length: 161.8 mm Height: 91.1 mm

## **Electrical Specifications**

## **Head**

SWR: 1.1182 U Return Loss: -27.508 dB Impedance:  $49.648 \Omega$ 

## **System Validation Results**

Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram
835 MHz	9.500	6.000

## **Body**

**SWR:** 1.1533 U **Return Loss:** -23.596 dB **Impedance:** 51.395 Ω

#### **System Validation Results**

Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram
835 MHz	9.750	6.240



#### **Head Measurement Conditions**

The measurements were performed in the Uni-Phantom filled with head simulating liquid of the following electrical parameters at 835 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	41.48	± 5%
Conductivity	0.92 mho/m	± 5%

The APREL Laboratories ALSAS system with a dosimetric E-field probe E-020 (SN:217, Conversion factor 6.0 at 835 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from the dipole center to the solution surface.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. The dipole input power (forward power) was  $100mW \pm 3\%$ . The results are normalized to 1W input power.

The laboratories environmental conditions were as follows during the calibration sequence.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:  $24 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1.0 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue:  $20 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1.0 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Relative Humidity: 40%

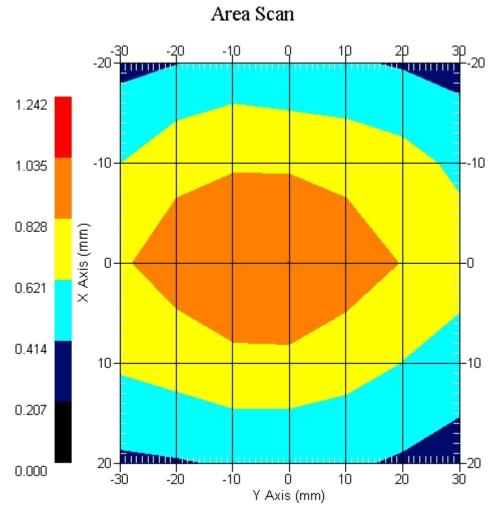


#### **SAR Measurement**

Standard SAR measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described above. The results have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR values measured with the dosimetric probe E-020 SN:217 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

Averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue:  $9.500 \text{ mW/g} \pm 19.0\% \text{ (k=2)}^{1}$ 

Averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue:  $6.000 \text{ mW/g} \pm 18.5\% \text{ (k=2)}^{1}$ 



1 gram SAR value : 0.950 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.600 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.037 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.541 W/kg

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> validation uncertainty



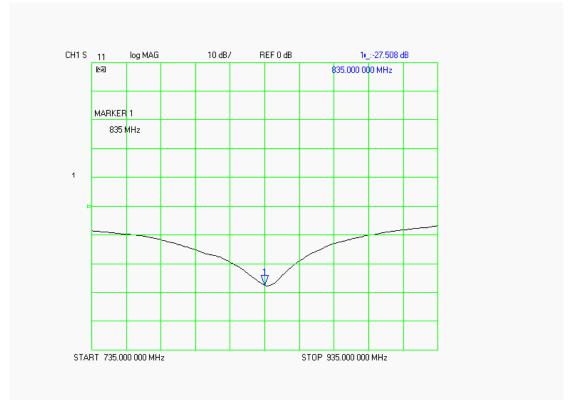
## **Dipole Impedance and Return Loss**

The impedance was measured at the SMA connector with a network analyzer. The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to measurement conditions stated above during impedance measurements.

Test	Result
S11 R/L	-27.508 dB
SWR	1.1182 U
Impedance	49.648 Ω

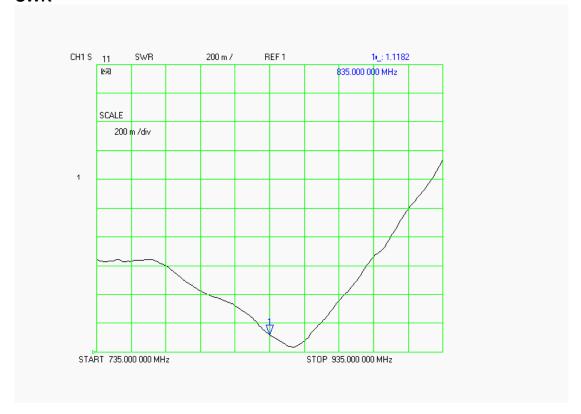
The following graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

#### **S11 Parameter Return Loss**

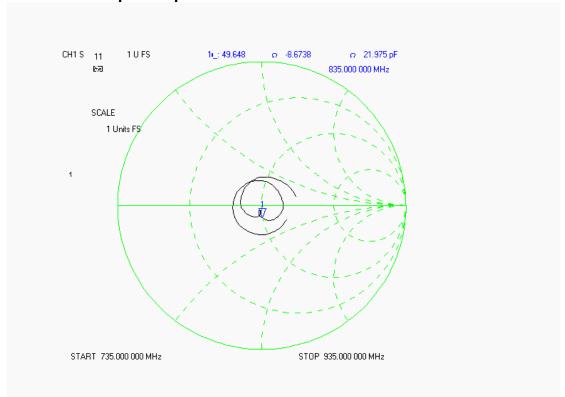




## **SWR**



# **Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**





#### **Body Measurement Conditions**

The measurements were performed in the Uni-Phantom filled with body simulating liquid of the following electrical parameters at 835 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	55.20	± 5%
Conductivity	0.96 mho/m	± 5%

The APREL Laboratories ALSAS system with a dosimetric E-field probe E-020 (SN:217, Conversion factor 6.1 at 835 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from the dipole center to the solution surface.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. The dipole input power (forward power) was  $100mW \pm 3\%$ . The results are normalized to 1W input power.

The laboratories environmental conditions were as follows during the calibration sequence.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:  $24 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1.0 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Temperature of the Tissue:  $20 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1.0 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Relative Humidity: 40%

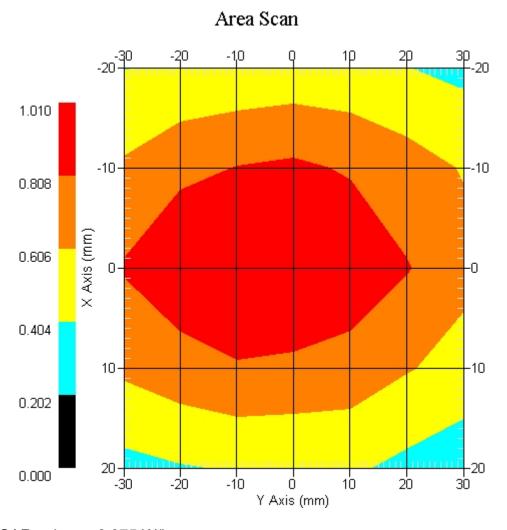


#### **SAR Measurement**

Standard SAR measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described above. The results have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR values measured with the dosimetric probe E-020 SN:217 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

Averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue:  $9.750 \text{ mW/g} \pm 19.1\% \text{ (k=2)}^{1}$ 

Averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue:  $6.240 \text{ mW/g} \pm 18.6\% \text{ (k=2)}^{1}$ 



1 gram SAR value : 0.975 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.624 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.009 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.571 W/kg

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> validation uncertainty



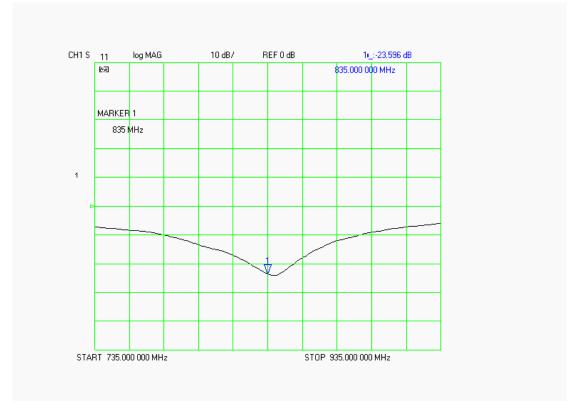
## **Dipole Impedance and Return Loss**

The impedance was measured at the SMA connector with a network analyzer. The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to measurement conditions stated above during impedance measurements.

Test	Result
S11 R/L	-23.596 dB
SWR	1.1533 U
Impedance	51.395 Ω

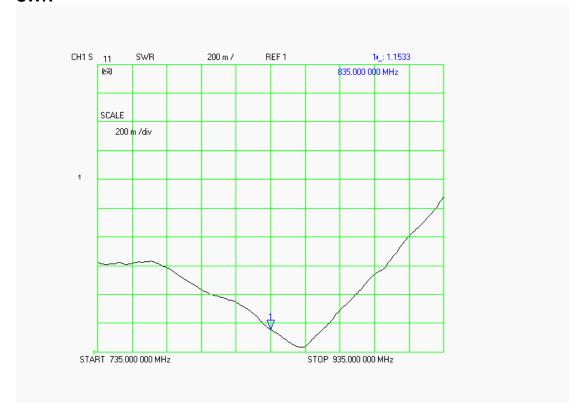
The following graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

#### **S11 Parameter Return Loss**

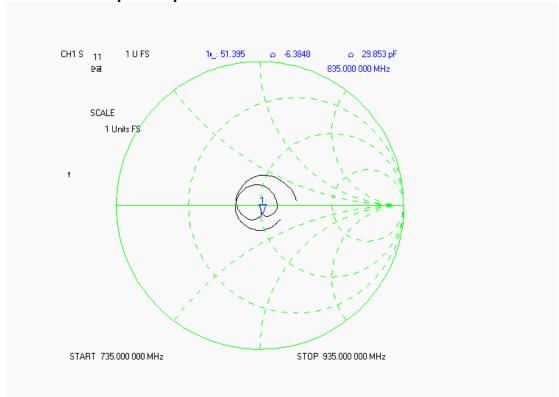




## **SWR**



# **Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**





# **Test Equipment List**

The test equipment used during Dipole Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the RF Exposure Lab, LLC system computer C:\Test Equipment\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List February 2008.

## RF Exposure Lab, LLC

Calibration File No: CAL.20080202

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated at RF Exposure Lab, LLC by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

# **Validation Dipole**

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Part Number: ALS-D-1900-S-2

Frequency: 1.9 GHz

Serial No: RFE-277

Manufactured: 20 February 2004 Calibrated: 21 February 2008

Calibrated By: Signature on File

Jay Moulton - Technical Manager

Approved By: Signature on File

Tamara Moulton – Quality Manager

Measurement Uncertainty:

Repeatability: 2.3% Tissue Uncertainty: 3.2% Network Analyzer: 2.5%



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# **Calibration Results Summary**

The following results relate to the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

#### **Mechanical Dimensions**

**Length:** 68.0 mm **Height:** 37.5 mm

## **Electrical Specifications**

#### **Head**

SWR: 1.0793 U Return Loss: -38.514 dB Impedance: 49.063 Ω

## **System Validation Results**

Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram
1.9 GHz	39.380	20.270

## **Body**

**SWR:** 1.1006 U **Return Loss:** -41.682 dB **Impedance:** 53.580 Ω

## **System Validation Results**

Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram
1.9 GHz	40.990	21.090



#### **Head Measurement Conditions**

The measurements were performed in the Uni-Phantom filled with head simulating liquid of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	39.97	± 5%
Conductivity	1.41 mho/m	± 5%

The APREL Laboratories ALSAS system with a dosimetric E-field probe E-020 (SN:217, Conversion factor 4.65 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from the dipole center to the solution surface.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. The dipole input power (forward power) was  $100mW \pm 3\%$ . The results are normalized to 1W input power.

The laboratories environmental conditions were as follows during the calibration sequence.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 23 °C  $\pm$  1.0 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C  $\pm$  1.0 °C

Relative Humidity: 40%



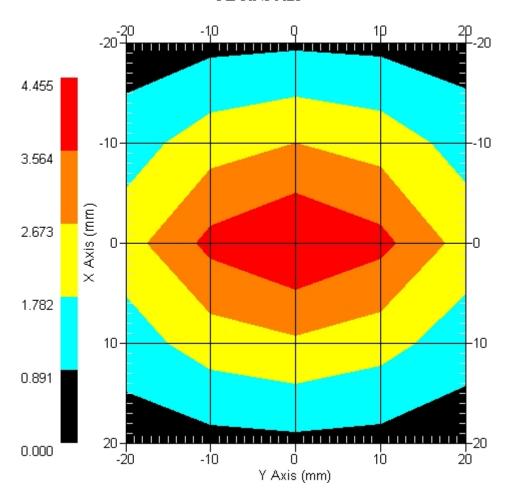
#### **SAR Measurement**

Standard SAR measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described above. The results have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR values measured with the dosimetric probe E-020 SN:217 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

Averaged over 1 cm $^{3}$  (1 g) of tissue: 39.380 mW/g ± 19.2% (k=2) $^{1}$ 

Averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue:  $20.270 \text{ mW/g} \pm 18.8\% \text{ (k=2)}^1$ 

## Area Scan



1 gram SAR value : 3.938 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 2.027 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 4.455 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 7.246 W/kg

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> validation uncertainty



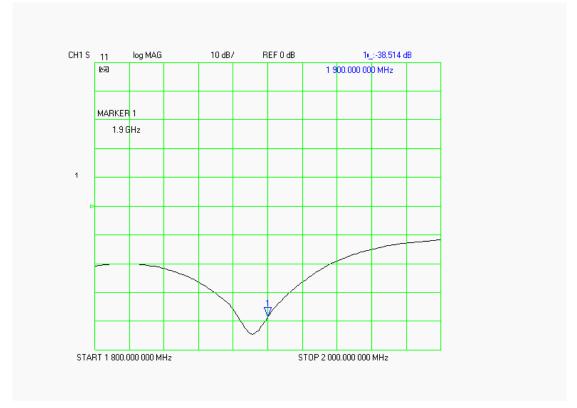
## **Dipole Impedance and Return Loss**

The impedance was measured at the SMA connector with a network analyzer. The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to measurement conditions stated above during impedance measurements.

Test	Result
S11 R/L	-38.514 dB
SWR	1.0793 U
Impedance	49.063 Ω

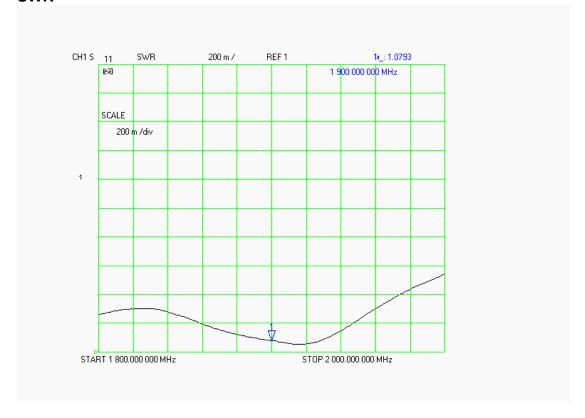
The following graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

#### **S11 Parameter Return Loss**

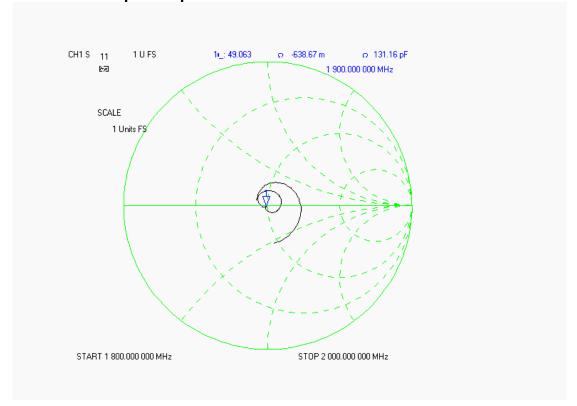




## **SWR**



# **Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**





#### **Body Measurement Conditions**

The measurements were performed in the Uni-Phantom filled with body simulating liquid of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	53.27	± 5%
Conductivity	1.50 mho/m	± 5%

The APREL Laboratories ALSAS system with a dosimetric E-field probe E-020 (SN:217, Conversion factor 4.85 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from the dipole center to the solution surface.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. The dipole input power (forward power) was  $100mW \pm 3\%$ . The results are normalized to 1W input power.

The laboratories environmental conditions were as follows during the calibration sequence.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 23 °C  $\pm$  1.0 °C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C  $\pm$  1.0 °C

Relative Humidity: 40%



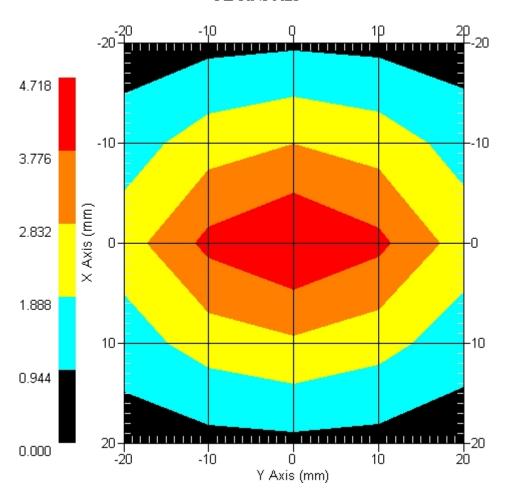
#### **SAR Measurement**

Standard SAR measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described above. The results have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR values measured with the dosimetric probe E-020 SN:217 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

Averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue:  $40.990 \text{ mW/g} \pm 18.9\% \text{ (k=2)}^{1}$ 

Averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue:  $21.090 \text{ mW/g} \pm 18.5\% \text{ (k=2)}^1$ 

## Area Scan



1 gram SAR value : 4.099 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 2.109 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 4.718 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 7.606 W/kg

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> validation uncertainty



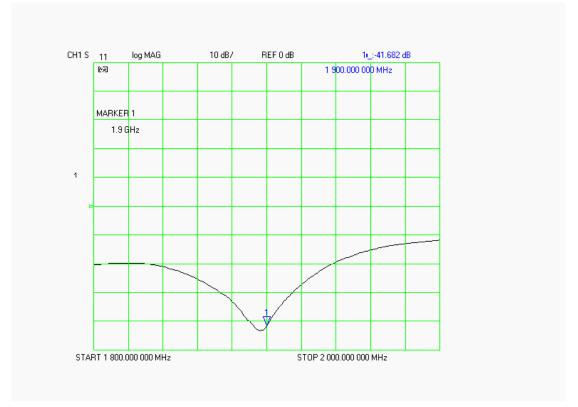
## **Dipole Impedance and Return Loss**

The impedance was measured at the SMA connector with a network analyzer. The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to measurement conditions stated above during impedance measurements.

Test	Result
S11 R/L	-41.682 dB
SWR	1.1006 U
Impedance	53.580 Ω

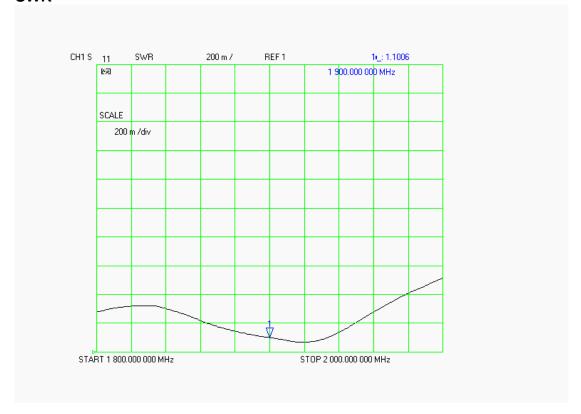
The following graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

#### **S11 Parameter Return Loss**

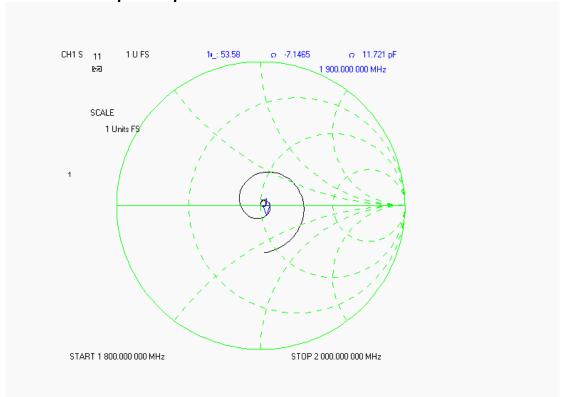




## **SWR**



# **Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**





# **Test Equipment List**

The test equipment used during Dipole Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the RF Exposure Lab, LLC system computer C:\Test Equipment\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List February 2008.



# **Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets**

## NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: RFE-273

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to National Standards.

Thickness of the UniPhantom is 2 mm ± 10% Pinna thickness is 6 mm ± 10%

Resolution:

0.01 mm

Calibrated to: 0.0 mm

Stability:

OK

Accuracy:

< 0.1 mm

Calibrated By: Raven K Feb 17/04.



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