

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

Applicant Name:

FCC ID.

NOVATEL WIRELESS 9645 Scranton Road, Suite 205 San Diego, CA 92121 USA

Date of Testing: 05/12/08-05/14/08 Test Site/Location: PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA **Test Report Serial No.:** 0805020616.NBZ

FCC ID:	NBZNRM-MC990D
APPLICANT:	NOVATEL WIRELESS

EUT Type: Application Type: FCC Rule Part(s): FCC Classification: Model(s):	USB Modem GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSPA Certification §2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001] PCS Licensed Transmitter (PCB) MC990D
Tx Frequency:	824.20 - 848.80 MHz (Cellular GSM)
	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz (GSM PCS) 1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz (PCS WCDMA)
Conducted Power:	32.10 dBm GSM GPRS850 29.40 dBm GSM GPRS1900
	23.49 dBm WCDMA 1900
Max. SAR Measurement:	0.571 W/kg GPRS850 Body SAR 1.44 W/kg GPRS1900 Body SAR
	1.15 W/kg WCDMA1900 Body SAR
Test Device Serial No.:	Pre-Production [S/N: SAR 1]

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-2005 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (2001) and IEEE Std. 1528-2003.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.

Randy Ortanez President



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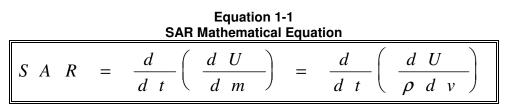
1 INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.[1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-2005 *Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz* ©2005 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.[2] The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [3] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

1.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 1-1).



SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)

E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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2 TEST SITE LOCATION

2.1 INTRODUCTION

The map at the right shows the location of the PCTEST LABORATORY in Columbia, Maryland. It is in proximity to the FCC Laboratory, the Baltimore-Washington International (BWI) airport, the city of Baltimore and Washington, DC (See Figure 2-1).

These measurement tests were conducted at the PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc. facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49' 38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles north of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed



Figure 2-1 Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan Washington, D.C. area

description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4 on January 27, 2006 and Industry Canada.

2.2 Test Facility / Accreditations:

Measurements were performed at an independent accredited PCTEST Engineering Lab located in Columbia, MD 21045, U.S.A.



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- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025-2005 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) in Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing, Hearing-Aid Compatibility (HAC), CTIA Test Plans, and wireless testing for FCC and Industry Canada Rules.
- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP Lab code: 100431-0) in EMC, FCC and Telecommunications.
- PCTEST facility is an FCC registered (PCTEST Reg. No. 90864) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada (IC-2451).
- PCTEST Lab is a recognized U.S. Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) in EMC and R&TTE (n.b. 0982) under the U.S.-EU Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA).
- PCTEST TCB is a Telecommunication Certification Body (TCB) accredited to ISO/IEC Guide 65 by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) in all scopes of FCC Rules and all Industry Canada Standards (RSS).
- PCTEST facility is an IC registered (IC-2451) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for AMPS and CDMA, and EvDO mobile phones.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for Over-the-Air (OTA) Antenna Performance testing for AMPS, CDMA, GSM, GPRS, EGPRS, UMTS (W-CDMA), CDMA 1xEVDO Data, CDMA 1xRTT Data.

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3 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

3.1 Robotic System

Measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY4 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium 4 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Figure 3-1).

3.2 System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Gateway Pentium 4 2.53 GHz computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

3.3 System Electronics

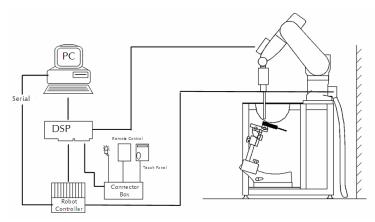


Figure 3-1 SAR Measurement System Setup

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in [7].

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3.4 Automated Test System Specifications

Positioner

Robot:

Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot RX60L Repeatability: 0.02 mm

No. of Axes: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic System (DAE)

Cell Controller

Processor: Pentium 4 Clock Speed: 2.53 GHz Operating System: Windows XP Professional

Data Converter

Features:	Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter & control logic
Software:	DASY4, SEMCAD software
Connecting Lines:	Optical Downlink for data and status info
	Optical upload for commands and clock

PC Interface Card

Function: 166MHz low power Pentium MMX 32MB chipdisk Link to DAE 16-bit A/D converter for surface detection system Two Serial & Ethernet link to robotics Direct emergency stop output for robot

Phantom

Type: SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0) Shell Material: Composite Thickness: 2.0 ± 0.2 mm



Figure 3-2 DASY4 SAR Measurement System

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DASY E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM





The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration [7] (see Figure 4-1) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi-fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip (see Figure 4-2). It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches

Figure 4-1 SAR System maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe

angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting (see Figure 5-1). The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

4.2 Probe Specifications

Model:	EX3DV4
Frequency Range:	10 MHz – 6.0 GHz
Calibration:	In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Dynamic Range:	10 mW/kg – 100 W/kg
Probe Length:	330 mm
Probe Tip Length:	20 mm
Body Diameter:	12 mm
Tip Diameter:	2.5 mm
Tip-Center:	1 mm
Application:	SAR Dosimetry Testing
	Compliance tests of mobile phones



Figure 4-2 Near-Field Probe



Figure 4-3 Triangular Probe Configuration

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5 PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

5.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

5.2 Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

5.3 Temperature Assessment

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

SAR =
$$C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

 $\Delta t = exposure time (30 seconds),$

 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T/\Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

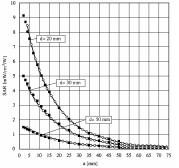


Figure 5-1 E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900MHz [7]

$$\mathsf{SAR} = \frac{\left|\mathsf{E}\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density

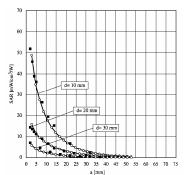


Figure 5-2 E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.9GHz [7]

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PHANTOM AND EQUIVALENT TISSUES

6.1 SAM Phantoms

6



SAM Phantoms

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users [11][12]. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

6.2 Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization



Figure 6-2 Head Simulated The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 6-1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following table. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE-1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartsgrove [13].(See Table 6-1)

-							-		-												
Frequency (MHz)	300	4	50	835		900		1450		18	00		19	00	1950	2000	21	00	24	150	3000
Recipe #	1	1	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	2	3	1	2	4	1	1	2	2	3	2
	Lagredient: (% by weight)																				
1,2-Pro- paneciiol						64.81															
Bactericide	0.19	0.19	0.50	0.10	0.10		0.50					0.50								0.50	
Diacetin			48.90				49.20					49.43								49.75	
DGBE								45.41	47.00	13.84	44.92		44.94	13.84	45.00	50.00	50.00	7.99	7.99		7.99
HEC	0.98	0.98		1.00	1.00																
NaCl	5.95	3.95	1.70	1.45	1.48	0.79	1.10	0.67	0.36	0.35	0.18	0.64	0.18	0.35				0.16	0.16		0.16
Sucrose	55.32	56.32		57.00	56.50																
Triton X-100										30.45				30.45				19.97	19.97		19.97
Water	37.56	38.56	48.90	40.45	40.92	34.40	49.20	53.80	52.64	55.36	54.90	49.43	54.90	55.36	55.00	50.00	50.00	71.88	71.88	49.75	71.88
								Ν	deasured	dielectric	parameo	915									
4	46.00	43.4	44.3	41.6	41.2	41.8	42.7	40.9	39.3	41	40.4	39.2	39.9	41	40.1	37	36.8	41.1	40.3	39.2	37.9
$\sigma(S/m)$	0.86	0.85	0.9	0.9	0.98	0.97	0.99	1.21	1.39	1.38	1.4	1.4	1.42	1.38	1.41	1.4	1.51	1.55	1.88	1.82	2.46
Temp. (°C)	22	22	20	22	22	22	20	22	22	21	22	20	21	21	20	22	22	20	20	20	20
								Targ	et dielect	ric parau	aeters (Ts	ble 2)									
é,	45.30	43	.50	41.5		41_50		40.5				40	0.0				39	.80	35	9.2	38.5
σ(S/m)	0.87	0.	87	0.9		0.97		1.2	1.4					1.	40	1	.8	2.4			

Table 6-1 Composition of the Brain & Muscle Tissue Equivalent Matter

The formulas containing Triton X-100 and corresponding measured parameters are under review and verification.

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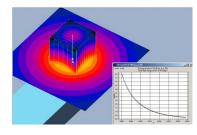
DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT & PHANTOM SPECS

7.1 Measurement Procedure

7

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

- 1. The SAR measurement was taken at a selected spatial reference point to monitor power variations during testing. This fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
- 2. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the phantom was measured at a distance of 3.0mm from the inner surface of the shell. The horizontal grid spacing was 15mm x 15mm.
- 3. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see Figure 7-1):



- a. The data at the surface was extrapolated since the center of the dipoles is 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the Figure 7-1 surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm [15]. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- b. The maximum interpolated value was found with a software algorithm. Around this maximum, the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using 3D-Spline interpolation. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions) [15][16]. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
- c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- 4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 1, was re-measured to measure drift. If the value drifted by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

7.2 Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Figure 7-2). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.



Figure 7-2 SAM Twin Phantom Shell

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8 TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS

8.1 SAR for Notebooks and Lap-touching Devices

Lap-touching devices that have transmitting antennas located less than 20 cm from the lap of the user require routine SAR evaluation. Such devices are considered portable and are capable of being held to the body. Devices are to be setup touching the phantom and are configured with maximum output power during SAR assessment for a worst-case SAR evaluation.



Figure 8-1 **Notebook Setup for SAR**

8.2 Integral Antenna PCMCIA and CompactFlash Cards

KDB 497522. Integral-antenna PCMCIA and CompactFlash radio cards are common module-like devices meant to be purchased and installed without tools or special skills by consumers. The common host configurations (platforms, categories) are notebook (laptop) computers with PCMCIA slot(s) in the keyboard section, and PDAs (personal digital assistants or palmtop computers). Integral-antenna radio



Figure 8-2 CompactFlash radio card in PDA host configuration

cards installed in PDAs with body-worn and/or held-to-ear configurations, and in all notebook computers, must be evaluated under portable RF exposure conditions per 47 C.F.R. 2.1093(b). To better represent the range of near field topography and environment of various notebook and PDA hosts. SAR evaluation using a minimum of three hosts within

each platform type (three PDAs, three notebooks, etc.) is recommended by FCC. Hosts

shall be modern, current-market, and expected final installations for the PC Cards.

For notebook computers with multiple card slots (e.g., two stacked), RF exposure should be evaluated with the transmitter installed in the slot(s) producing the highest SAR (See Figure 8-3). The minimum number of positions that should be evaluated for notebook computers and bodyworn PDAs are bottom-face in parallel and in contact (0 cm) with flat phantom, and device perpendicular to phantom with recommended spacing of 1.5 cm.



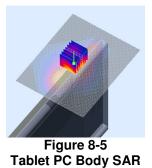
Figure 8-3 PCMCIA Radio Card in a notebook host configuration

8.3 Positioning for Convertible and Slate Tablet Computers





Figure 8-4 **Tablet Computer Form Factors**



KDB 447498. Tablet (notepad) computers are tested in a lap-held position with the bottom of the computer in direct contact against a flat phantom for all user-enabled portrait and landscape positions.

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8.4 SAR Testing with IEEE 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable.



8.4.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

8.4.2 **Frequency Channel Configurations [22]**

802.11 a/b/g and 4.9 GHz operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11 b/g modes are tested on channels 1, 6 and 11. 802.11a is tested for UNII operations on channels 36 and 48 in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: channels 52 and 64 in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: channels 104. 116. 124 and 136 in the 5.470-5.725 GHz band; and channels 149 and 161 in the 5.8 GHz band. When 5.8 GHz §15.247 is also available, channels 149, 157 and 165 should be tested instead of the UNII channels. 4.9 GHz is tested on channels 1, 10 and 5 or 6, whichever has the higher output power, for 5 MHz channels; channels 11, 15 and 19 for 10 MHz channels; and channels 21 and 25 for 20 MHz channels. These are referred to as the "default test channels". 802.11g mode was evaluated only if the output power was 0.25 dB higher than the 802.11b mode.

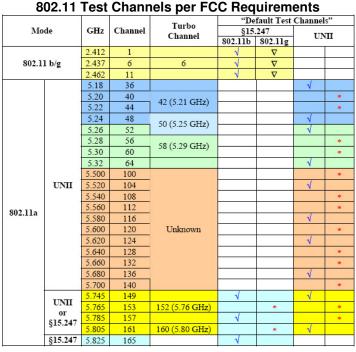


Table 8-1
302.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirements

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9 FCC 3G MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power [22].

9.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) data devices operating under 3GPP Release 6. Body exposure conditions generally apply to these devices, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSUPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and HSDPA. SAR is initially measured in WCDMA test configurations without HSPA. The default test configuration is to establish a radio link between the DUT and a communication test set to configure a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSPA is selectively measured with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, all enabled, along with a 12.2 kbps RMC using the highest SAR configuration in WCDMA with 12.2 kbps RMC only. An FRC is configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK.36 HSPA is configured according to E-DCH Sub-test 5 requirements. SAR for other HSPA sub-test configurations is also confirmed selectively according to output power, exposure conditions and E-DCH UE Category. Maximum output power is verified according to procedures in applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. The following procedures are applicable only if Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements.

9.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for HSPA Data Devices

9.2.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to Release 6 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC, FRC and E-DCH configurations. When E-DCH is not active, TPC (transmit power control) is set to all "1's"; otherwise, inner loop power control with power control algorithm 2 is required to maintain E-TFCI requirements. When HSPA is active output power for the applicable HSPA modes should be measured for E-DCH Sub-test 1 - 5. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCH and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH, E-DPDCH_k) should be tabulated in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations should be clearly identified

9.2.2 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations in voice and data modes is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCH_n, when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCH_n configuration, are less than ¹/₄ dB higher than those measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCH_n using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC.

In addition, body SAR is also measured for HSPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is at least 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA should be configured according to the β values indicated below .

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Sub- test	βc	β_d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β _{ec}	β _{ed}	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_c$. Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

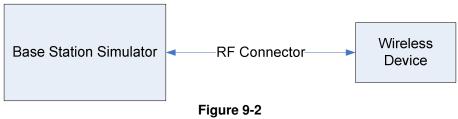
Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g. Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Figure 9-1

HSPA Sub-Test Confiugurations

9.3 **Device Conducted Powers:**



Power Measurement Setup

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				RF	Conducted	d Power T	RF Conducted Power Table											
			GPRS	S Data		EDGE Data												
Band	Channel	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot									
	128	32.10	32.10	31.00	29.00	27.30	27.30	27.20	27.20									
Cellular	190	32.10	32.10	31.00	29.00	27.50	27.40	27.20	27.30									
	251	32.00	32.00	30.90	28.90	27.40	27.20	27.30	27.20									
	512	29.30	29.30	29.20	29.20	26.20	26.30	26.20	26.10									
PCS	661	29.30	29.30	29.20	29.20	26.30	26.30	26.20	26.20									
	810	29.40	29.40	29.40	29.30	26.20	26.20	26.10	26.10									

9.4 Conducted Power Measurement:

Table 9.1 Conducted Power for GSM/GPRS/EDGE

3GPP Release	Mode	PC	6 Band [d	Bm]	βc	βd	βc/βd	HSDPA FRC	MPR
Version		9262	9400	9538				The	
99	WCDMA	23.49	23.45	23.43	-	-	-	-	-
99	WODINA	NA	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-
6	HSDPA	23.37	23.42	23.39	2/15	15/15	2/15	H-SET 1	0
6		23.39	23.48	23.45	12/15	15/15	12/15	H-SET 1	0
6	HODI A	23.35	23.45	23.27	15/15	8/15	15/8	H-SET 1	0.5
6		23.27	23.37	23.29	15/15	4/15	15/4	H-SET 1	0.5
6		23.28	23.44	23.36	11/15	15/15	11/15	H-SET 1	0
6		23.38	23.42	23.39	6/15	15/15	6/15	H-SET 1	2
6	HSUPA	23.19	23.35	23.13	15/15	9/15	15/9	H-SET 1	1
6	1	23.26	23.33	23.16	2/15	15/15	2/15	H-SET 1	2
6		23.22	23.35	23.18	15/15	15/15	15/15	H-SET 1	0

Table 9.2 Conducted Power for WCDMA/HSPA/HSUPA

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10 ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

10.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

10.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS							
	UNCONTROLLED EN√IRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)					
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0					
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4					
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20					

 Table 10-1

 SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005

1 The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

2 The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

3 The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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11 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

a	b	с	d	e=	f	g	h =	i =	k
				f(d,k)			c x f/e	c x g/e	
Uncertainty	IEEE	Tol.	Prob.		c _i	c _i	1gm	10gms	
Component	1528 Sec.	(± %)	Dist.	Div.	1gm	10 gms	u _i	ui	vi
	000.	(,		-	0		(± %)	(± %)	
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.6	Ν	1	1.0	1.0	6.6	6.6	x
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	Ν	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	Ν	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	Ν	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	Ν	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	Ν	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	Ν	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	x
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	Ν	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	x
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)			RSS				12.4	12.0	299
Expanded Uncertainty			k=2				24.7	24.0	
(95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)									

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003

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SYSTEM VERIFICATION 12

12.1 **Tissue Verification**

Measured Tissue Properties								
Calibrated Date:	05/12/08		05/1	2/08	05/12/08		05/1	2/08
	83	5H	83	5M	190	ЮН	190	DOM
	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant	41.50	40.23	55.20	53.91	40.00	38.77	53.30	54.01
Conductivity	0.90	0.89	0.97	0.94	1.40	1.35	1.52	1.59

Table 12-1

12.2 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to ±10% of the specifications at 835 MHz and 1900 MHz by using the system validation kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

	System Verification Results									
	System Verification TARGET & MEASURED									
Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)Liquid Temp(°C)Input Power 									
05/12/08	22.9	21.2	0.1	835	0.92	0.97	5.90%			
05/12/08	22.6	20.8	0.1	1900	3.77	3.79	0.53%			
05/13/08	23.2	21.5	0.1	835	0.92	0.936	2.18%			
05/13/08	23.1	21.3	0.1	1900	3.77	3.87	2.65%			
05/14/08	23.4	21.7	0.1	835	0.92	0.953	4.04%			
05/14/08	23.5	21.2	0.1	1900	3.77	3.83	1.59%			

Table 12-2

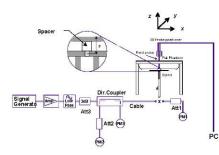


Figure 12-1 System Verification Setup Diagram



Figure 12-2 System Verification Setup Photo

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13 SAR DATA SUMMARY

13.1 GPRS850 Band Body SAR Results with ACER Laptop PC

	MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQU	ENCY	Mode	C_Powe	er[dBm]	Position	Test	Service	Тх	Spacing	Laptop PC	SAR
MHz	Ch.	Mode	Start	End	rosition	Position	Service	Slot	opacing		(W/kg)
824.20	128	GSM	32.10	32.22	Body	Laptop	GPRS	1x	1.4 cm	ACER	0.209
836.60	190	GSM	32.10	32.26	Body	Laptop	GPRS	1x	1.4 cm	ACER	0.259
848.80	251	GSM	32.00	32.09	Body	Laptop	GPRS	1x	1.4 cm	ACER	0.234
824.20	128	GSM	32.10	32.18	Body	Laptop	GPRS	2x	1.4 cm	ACER	0.496
836.60	190	GSM	32.10	32.20	Body	Laptop	GPRS	2x	1.4 cm	ACER	0.571
848.80	251	GSM	32.00	32.10	Body	Laptop	GPRS	2x	1.4 cm	ACER	0.497
824.20	128	GSM	31.00	31.07	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.4 cm	ACER	0.484
836.60	190	GSM	31.00	31.10	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.4 cm	ACER	0.561
848.80	251	GSM	30.90	31.00	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.4 cm	ACER	0.492
824.20	128	GSM	29.00	29.03	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.4 cm	ACER	0.432
836.60	190	GSM	29.00	29.09	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.4 cm	ACER	0.500
848.80	251	GSM	28.90	29.00	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.4 cm	ACER	0.485
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Muscle 6 W/kg (m aged over	W/g)		

Notes:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated
- 4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. \pm 0.1.
- 6. Justification for reduced test configurations: This device supports GPRS CLASS "12" (4Tx) and EDGE. The burst power and timing period is more than 2dB higher in GPRS mode than in GSM mode, hence, the GSM mode was not measured for Body SAR. EDGE mode was also measured but not reported since the TX power in this mode is 4.6 dB lower than that in the GPRS mode.

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	MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
FREQU	ENCY	Mode	C_Pow	er[dBm]	Position	Test	Service	Tx Slot	тх	Spacing	Laptop PC	SAR
MHz	Ch.		Start	End		Position			- I · · · 3		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM	32.10	32.18	Body	Laptop	GPRS	1x	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.408	
836.60	190	GSM	32.10	32.18	Body	Laptop	GPRS	2x	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.455	
836.60	190	GSM	31.00	31.08	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.536	
836.60	190	GSM	29.00	29.13	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.519	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT						Muscle					
	Spatial Peak							1	l.6 W/kg (n	nW/g)		
	Uncon	trolled Ex	posure/0	General F	Population	I		ave	eraged over	r 1 gram		

13.2 GPRS 850 Band Body SAR Results with Toshiba Laptop PC

Notes:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated
- 4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. \pm 0.1.
- 6. Justification for reduced test configurations: This device supports GPRS CLASS "12" (4Tx) and EDGE. The burst power and timing period is more than 2dB higher in GPRS mode than in GSM mode, hence, the GSM mode was not measured for Body SAR. EDGE mode was also measured but not reported since the TX power in this mode is 4.6 dB lower than that in the GPRS mode.

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	MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
FREQU	ENCY	Mode	C_Power[dBm]		Position	Test	Service	Тх	Spacing	Laptop PC	SAR	
MHz	Ch.		Start	End		Position		Slot	-passing		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM	32.10	32.12	Body	Laptop	GPRS	1x	1.8 cm	Panasonic	0.231	
836.60	190	GSM	32.10	32.14	Body	Laptop	GPRS	2x	1.8 cm	Panasonic	0.455	
836.60	190	GSM	31.00	31.06	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.8 cm	Panasonic	0.536	
836.60	190	GSM	29.00	29.01	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.8 cm	Panasonic	0.456	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT							Muscle				
		:	Spatial P	eak		1	I.6 W/kg (n	nW/g)				
	Uncon	trolled Ex	posure/0	General F	Population	1		ave	eraged ove	r 1 gram		

13.3 GPRS850 Band Body SAR Results with Panasonic Laptop PC

Notes:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated
- 4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. \pm 0.1.
- 6. Justification for reduced test configurations: This device supports GPRS CLASS "12" (4Tx) and EDGE. The burst power and timing period is more than 2dB higher in GPRS mode than in GSM mode, hence, the GSM mode was not measured for Body SAR. EDGE mode was also measured but not reported since the TX power in this mode is 4.6 dB lower than that in the GPRS mode.

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					MEASU	REMENT	RESULTS				
FREQU	ENCY	Mode	C_Pow	er[dBm]	Position	Test	Service	Тх	Spacing	Laptop	SAR
MHz	Ch.	Mode	Start	End	FOSILION	Position	Service	Slot	Spacing	PC	(W/kg)
1850.20	512	PCS	29.30	29.25	Body	Laptop	GPRS	1x	1.4 cm	ACER	1.120
1880.00	661	PCS	29.30	29.49	Body	Laptop	GPRS	1x	1.4 cm	ACER	0.527
1909.80	810	PCS	29.40	29.45	Body	Laptop	GPRS	1x	1.4 cm	ACER	0.731
1850.20	512	PCS	29.30	29.24	Body	Laptop	GPRS	2x	1.4 cm	ACER	1.070
1880.00	661	PCS	29.30	29.38	Body	Laptop	GPRS	2x	1.4 cm	ACER	1.140
1909.80	810	PCS	29.40	29.47	Body	Laptop	GPRS	2x	1.4 cm	ACER	0.807
1850.20	512	PCS	29.20	29.36	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.4 cm	ACER	1.390
1880.00	661	PCS	29.20	29.37	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.4 cm	ACER	1.410
1909.80	810	PCS	29.40	29.40	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.4 cm	ACER	1.080
1850.20	512	PCS	29.20	29.10	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.4 cm	ACER	1.440
1880.00	661	PCS	29.20	29.31	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.4 cm	ACER	1.330
1908.80	810	PCS	29.30	29.31	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.4 cm	ACER	1.260
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/k	rain g (mW/g) over 1 gram		

13.4 GPRS1900 Band Body SAR Results with ACER Laptop PC

Notes:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
- 4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. \pm 0.1.
- 6. Justification for reduced test configurations: This device supports GPRS CLASS "12" (4Tx) and EDGE. The burst power and timing period is more than 2dB higher in GPRS mode than in GSM mode, hence, the GSM mode was not measured for Body SAR. EDGE mode was also measured but not reported since the TX power in this mode is 3.1 dB lower than that in the GPRS mode.

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				Γ	MEASUR	EMENT F	RESULTS	i			
FREQU	ENCY	Mode	C_Power[dBm]		Desition	Test	Comilao	Тх	Creating	Lantan DC	SAR
MHz	Ch.	wode	Start	End	Position	Position	Service	Slot	Spacing	Laptop PC	(W/kg)
1880.00	661	PCS	29.30	29.45	Body	Laptop	GPRS	1x	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.288
1880.00	661	PCS	29.30	29.21	Body	Laptop	GPRS	2x	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.565
1850.20	512	PCS	29.20	29.15	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.797
1880.00	661	PCS	29.20	29.08	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.730
1909.80	810	PCS	29.40	29.47	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.678
1850.20	512	PCS	29.20	29.08	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.9 cm	Toshiba	1.260
1880.00	661	PCS	29.20	29.35	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.9 cm	Toshiba	1.070
1908.80	810	PCS	29.30	29.39	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.980
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/	Brain kg (mW/g) d over 1 gra	m	i

13.5 GPRS1900 Band Body SAR Results with Toshiba Laptop PC

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. \pm 0.1.
- 6. Justification for reduced test configurations: This device supports GPRS CLASS "12" (4Tx) and EDGE. The burst power and timing period is more than 2dB higher in GPRS mode than in GSM mode, hence, the GSM mode was not measured for Body SAR. EDGE mode was also measured but not reported since the TX power in this mode is 3.1 dB lower than that in the GPRS mode.

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					MEASUF	REMENT	RESULTS	6			
FREQU	ENCY	Mode	C_Powe	er[dBm]	Position	Test	Service	Тх	Creating	Lantan DO	SAR
MHz	Ch.	Mode	Start	End	Position	Position	Service	Slot	Spacing	Laptop PC	(W/kg)
1880.00	661	PCS	29.30	29.50	Body	Laptop	GPRS	1x	1.8 cm	Panasonic	0.351
1880.00	661	PCS	29.30	29.43	Body	Laptop	GPRS	2x	1.8 cm	Panasonic	0.665
1850.20	512	PCS	29.20	29.17	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.8 cm	Panasonic	1.080
1880.00	661	PCS	29.20	29.27	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.8 cm	Panasonic	0.938
1909.80	810	PCS	29.40	29.52	Body	Laptop	GPRS	Зx	1.8 cm	Panasonic	0.736
1850.20	512	PCS	29.20	29.09	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.8 cm	Panasonic	1.280
1880.00	661	PCS	29.20	29.21	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.8 cm	Panasonic	1.180
1908.80	810	PCS	29.30	29.38	Body	Laptop	GPRS	4x	1.8 cm	Panasonic	1.047
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W	Brain / kg (mW/g) d over 1 gra		

13.6 GPRS1900 Band Body SAR Results with Panasonic Laptop PC

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
- 4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. \pm 0.1.
- 6. Justification for reduced test configurations: This device supports GPRS CLASS "12" (4Tx) and EDGE. The burst power and timing period is more than 2dB higher in GPRS mode than in GSM mode, hence, the GSM mode was not measured for Body SAR. EDGE mode was also measured but not reported since the TX power in this mode is 3.1 dB lower than that in the GPRS mode.

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	MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
FREQU	ENCY	Mode	C_Pow	er[dBm]	Position	Test	Service	Spacing	Laptop PC	SAR		
MHz	Ch.		Start	End		Position		3		(W/kg)		
1852.40	9262	WCDMA	23.49	23.53	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.4 cm	ACER	1.150		
1880.00	9400	WCDMA	23.45	23.50	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.4 cm	ACER	1.090		
1907.60	9538	WCDMA	23.43	23.45	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.4 cm	ACER	0.872		
1852.40	9262	WCDMA	23.39	23.48	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.4 cm	ACER	1.040		
1880.00	9400	WCDMA	23.48	23.57	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.4 cm	ACER	0.996		
1907.60	1907.60 9538 WCDMA 23.45 23.40 Body Laptop							1.4 cm	ACER	0.862		
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT							Muscle				
	Spatial Peak							1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
	Uncontr	olled Expo	sure/Ge	eneral Po	opulation		averaged over 1 gram					

13.7 WCDMA1900 Band Body SAR Results with ACER Laptop PC

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
- 4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. \pm 0.1.
- Body SAR was tested at RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive. HSUPA mode is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC conducted power and SAR is less than 1.2 W/kg; therefore RMC is the only mode required to be tested per FCC 3G Policy.

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	MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQU	IENCY	Mode	C_Pow	er[dBm]	Position	Test	Service	Spacing	Laptop PC	SAR	
MHz	Ch.		Start	End		Position		-F** 3		(W/kg)	
1852.40	9262	WCDMA	23.49	23.57	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.739	
1880.00	9400	WCDMA	23.45	23.57	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.658	
1907.60	9538	WCDMA	23.43	23.50	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.509	
1852.40	9262	WCDMA	23.39	23.42	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.698	
1880.00	9400	WCDMA	23.48	23.49	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.728	
1907.60	1907.60 9538 WCDMA 23.45 23.52 Body Laptop							1.9 cm	Toshiba	0.506	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT							Muscle			
	Spatial Peak							1.6 W/kg (mW/g)			
	Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							averaged	over 1 gram		

13.8 WCDMA1900 Band Body SAR Results with Toshiba Laptop PC

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. \pm 0.1.
- 6. Body SAR was tested at RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive. HSUPA mode is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC conducted power and SAR is less than 1.2 W/kg; therefore RMC is the only mode required to be tested per FCC 3G Policy.

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MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	C_Power[dBm]		Position	Test	Service	Spacing	Laptop PC	SAR
MHz	Ch.		Start	End		Position		-p-onig		(W/kg)
1852.40	9262	WCDMA	23.49	23.44	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.8	Pansonic	0.826
1880.00	9400	WCDMA	23.45	23.59	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.8	Pansonic	0.706
1907.60	9538	WCDMA	23.43	23.54	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.8	Pansonic	0.612
1852.40	9262	WCDMA	23.39	23.36	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.8	Pansonic	0.698
1880.00	9400	WCDMA	23.48	23.54	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.8	Pansonic	0.614
1907.60	9538	WCDMA	23.45	23.47	Body	Laptop	RMC	1.8	Pansonic	0.610
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT				Muscle					
Spatial Peak				1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
	Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population				averaged over 1 gram					

13.9 WCDMA1900 Band Body SAR Results with Panasonic Laptop PC

Notes:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
- 4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. \pm 0.1.
- Body SAR was tested at RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive. HSUPA mode is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC conducted power and SAR is less than 1.2 W/kg; therefore RMC is the only mode required to be tested per FCC 3G Policy.

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14 EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Calibratio n Date	Cal Inerval	Calibratio n Due	Serial No.
Agilent	85070B	Dielectric Probe Kit	7/12/07	Annual	7/11/08	US33020316
Agilent	8648D	(9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	10/11/07	Biennial	10/10/09	3613A00315
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	3/12/08	Annual	3/12/09	JP38020182
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	10/6/06	Biennial	10/5/08	GB43193872
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	6/8/07	Biennial	6/8/09	GB46310798
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	8/31/07	Biennial	8/31/09	GB41450275
Agilent	E6651A	Mobile WiMAX Tester	8/23/07	Biennial	8/22/09	MY47310109
Agilent	E8257D	(250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator	3/8/07	Biennial	3/8/09	MY45470194
Agilent	N4010A	Wireless Connectivity Test Set	6/11/07	Annual	6/11/08	GB46170464
Gigatronics	80701A	(0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	6/20/07	Annual	6/19/08	1833460
Gigatronics	8651A	Universal Power Meter	6/19/07	Annual	6/18/08	8650319
Index SAR	IXTL-010	Dielectric Measurement Kit	N/A		N/A	
Index SAR	IXTL-030	30MM TEM line for 6 GHz	N/A		N/A	
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	5/24/07	Annual	5/23/08	836371/0079
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	9/7/07	Annual	9/6/08	833855/0010
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	12/6/07	Annual	12/5/08	107826
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	12/13/07	Annual	12/13/08	109892
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	Dual Channel Power Meter	12/12/06	Biennial	12/11/08	101695
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVS	Single Channel Power Meter	7/3/07	Biennial	7/2/09	835360/0079
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z32	Peak Power Sensor (100uW-2W)	12/21/06	Biennial	12/20/08	100155
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z33	Peak Power Sensor (1mW-20W)	11/28/06	Biennial	11/27/08	100004
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z53	Power Sensor	7/3/07	Biennial	7/2/09	846076/0007
SPEAG	D1450V2	1450 MHz SAR Dipole	6/11/07	Biennial	6/10/09	1025
SPEAG	D1765V2	1765 MHz SAR Dipole	6/11/07	Biennial	6/10/09	1008
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	1/23/07	Biennial	1/22/09	502
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	1/23/07	Biennial	1/22/09	5d080
SPEAG	D2300V2	2300 MHz SAR Dipole	3/6/08	Biennial	3/6/10	1008
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	9/26/07	Biennial	9/25/09	719
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	1/17/07	Biennial	1/16/09	797
SPEAG	D2600V2	2600 MHz SAR Dipole	1/30/08	Biennial	1/29/10	1004
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	9/25/07	Biennial	9/24/09	1007
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	1/24/07	Biennial	1/23/09	1057
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	1/8/07	Biennial	1/7/09	4d047
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	8/27/07	Biennial	8/26/09	4d026
SPEAG	DAE3	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/13/07	Annual	11/12/08	455
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	5/25/07	Annual	5/24/08	704
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	8/29/07	Annual	8/28/08	665
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	1/30/08	Annual	1/29/09	649
SPEAG	ES3DV2	SAR Probe	10/23/07	Annual	10/22/08	3022
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	5/28/07	Annual	5/27/08	3589
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	8/30/07	Annual	8/29/08	3561
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	1/31/08	Annual	1/30/09	3550

Notes:

The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by the waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by PCTEST prior to SAR evaluation. The brain simulating material is calibrated by PCTEST using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.

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15 CONCLUSION

15.1 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]

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