

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02



Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12053-01-01

**Test Report acc. to FCC Title 47 CFR Part 15
relating to
Hella KGaA Hueck & Co.
BSD - Blind Spot Detection
Master Control Unit: BSD3.0 SG1
Slave Control Unit: BSD3.0 SG2**

**Title 47 - Telecommunication
Part 15 - Radio Frequency Devices
Subpart C – Intentional Radiators
Measurement Procedure:
ANSI C63.4-2009**

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

Manufacturer's details	
Manufacturer	Hella KGaA Hueck & Co.
Manufacturer's grantee code	NBG
Manufacturer's address	Hella KGaA Hueck & Co.
	Rixbecker Str. 75
	59552 Lippstadt
	Germany
	Phone: +49 (0) 2941 38 32616
	Fax: +49 (0) 2941 38 4732616
	Email: christian.elbers@hella.com
Relevant standard used	47 CFR Part 15C - Intentional Radiators
	ANSI C63.4-2009

Test Report prepared by	
Technical engineer	Ralf Trepper
	m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik (laboratory)
	Rottland 5a
	51429 Bergisch Gladbach
	Germany
	Phone: +49 2207 96890
	Fax: +49 2207 968920
	Email: m.duddelabor@dudde.com

Equipment Under Test (EUT)	
Equipment category	Transceiver (Field Disturbance Sensor)
Trade name	---
Type designation	BSD3.0
Serial no.	---
Variants	BSD3.0 SG1
	BSD3.0 SG2

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

1. Test results

Clause	Requirements headline	Test result			Report page number
8.1	Antenna requirement	Pass	Fail	N.t.*	9
8.2	Conducted limits	Pass	Fail	N.t.*	10 to 13
8.3	Restricted bands of operation	Pass	Fail	N.t.*	14 to 16
8.4	Radiated emission limits, general requirements	Pass	Fail	N.t.*	17 to 23
8.5	Fundamental frequencies / Field strength limits	Pass	Fail	N.t.*	24 to 34
8.6	Bandwidth	Pass	Fail	N.t.*	35 to 36

* Not tested

The equipment passed e conducted tests	Yes	No
--	-----	---------------

Signature:
(Technician)Signature:
(Laboratory-Manager)

Table of contents

1. Test results	3
2. Introduction.....	5
3. Testing laboratory	5
4. Applicant.....	6
5. Product and product documentation	6
6. Conclusions, observations and comments.....	7
7. Operational description.....	8
8. Compliance assessment	9
8.1 Antenna requirement.....	9
8.1.2 Result	9
8.2 Conducted limits	10
8.2.1 Regulation.....	10
8.2.2 Test equipment.....	11
8.2.3 Test procedures	11
8.2.4 Result	12
8.3 Restricted bands of operation.....	14
8.3.1 Regulation.....	14
8.3.2 Result	16
8.4 Radiated emission limits, general requirements.....	17
8.4.1 Regulation.....	17
8.4.2 Test equipment.....	18
8.4.3 Test procedure.....	20
8.4.4 Calculation of the field strength.....	21
8.4.5 Result	22
8.5 Fundamental frequencies / Field strength limits	24
8.5.1 Regulation.....	24
8.5.2 Test equipment.....	25
8.5.3 Test procedure.....	27
8.5.4 Calculation of the average correction factor	28
8.5.5 Calculation of the field strengths	28
8.5.7 Result	29
8.6 Bandwidth (20 dB).....	35
8.6.1 Test equipment.....	35
8.6.2 Test procedure.....	36
8.6.3 20 dB bandwidth limit	36
8.6.4 Result	36
9. Additional information to the test report.....	37

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

2. Introduction

This test report consists of:

- Test result summary
- List of contents
- Introduction and further information
- Performance assessment
- Detailed test information

All pages have been numbered consecutively and bear the m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik logo, the test report number, the date, the test specification in its current version as well as the type designation of the EUT. The total number of pages in this report is **38**.

The tests were carried out at:

- m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik, D-51429 Bergisch Gladbach

in a representative assembly and in accordance with the test methods and/or requirements stated in:

FCC Title 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C & ANSI C63.4-2009

The sample of the product was received on:

- 2013-08-07

The tests were carried out in the following period of time:

- 2013-08-16 – 2013-09-19

3. Testing laboratory

m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik
Rottland 5a, 51429 Bergisch Gladbach, Germany

Phone: +49 - (0) 22 07 / 96 89-0

Fax: +49 - (0) 22 07 / 96 89-20

- FCC Registration Number: **699717**

Accredited by:

DAkkS Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH
DAkkS accreditation number: D-PL-12053-01

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

4. Applicant

Company name : Hella KGaA Hueck & Co.
Address : Rixbecker Str. 75
59552 Lippstadt
Country : Germany
Telephone : +49 (0) 2941 38 32616
Fax : +49 (0) 2941 38 4732616
Email : christian.elbers@hella.com
Date of order : 2013-07-26
References : Mr. Christian Elbers

5. Product and product documentation

Samples of the following apparatus were submitted for testing:

Manufacturer : Hella KGaA Hueck & Co.
Trademark : ---
Type designation : **BSD3.0**
Serial number : ---
Hardware versions : ---
Variants : BSD3.0 SG1
BSD3.0 SG2
Software release : ---
Type of equipment : 24 GHz Radar
Power used : 13.2 V DC
Frequency used : **24.050 - 24.250 GHz**
Generated frequencies : 24.050 - 24.250 GHz (carrier), 30.000 MHz (crystal)
ITU emission class : 196M F0N
FCC ID : NBG011719A

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

For issuing this report the following product documentation was used:

Description	Date	Identifications
External photographs of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)	2013-10-02	Annex no. 1
Internal photographs of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)	2013-10-02	Annex no. 2
Channel occupancy / bandwidth	2013-10-02	Annex no. 3
Label sample	2013-10-02	Annex no. 4
Functional description / User manual	2013-10-02	Annex no. 5
Test setup photos	2013-10-02	Annex no. 6
Block diagram	2013-10-02	Annex no. 7
Operational description	2013-10-02	Annex no. 8
Schematics	2013-10-02	Annex no. 9
Parts list	2013-10-02	Annex no. 10
Antenna characteristics / Antenna description	2013-10-02	Annex no. 11

6. Conclusions, observations and comments

The test report will be filed at m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik for a period of 10 years following the issue of this report. It may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik.

The results of the tests as stated in this report are exclusively applicable to the EUT as identified in this report. m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik cannot be held liable for properties of the EUT that have not been observed during these tests.

m. dudde hochfrequenz-technik assumes the sample to comply with the requirements of FCC Title 47 CFR Part 15 for the respective test sector, if the test results turn out positive.

Comments: ---

The equipment may also be marketed with the following type designations:

BSD3.0 SG1 - HRE / BSD3.0 SG2 - HRE
BSD3.0 SG1 - M / BSD3.0 SG2 - M

Date : 2013-10-02

Name : Ralf Trepper

Function : Technician

Signature : 

Date : 2013-10-02

Name : Manfred Dudde

Function : Laboratory Manager

Signature : 

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

7. Operational description

7.1 EUT details

Transceiver, Field disturbance sensor

The BSD 3.0 is an advanced driver assistant system, to warn the driver of the subject vehicle against potential collisions with vehicles to the side and/or to the rear of the subject vehicle, and moving in the same direction as the subject vehicle during lane change manoeuvres. The system therefore detects vehicles to the rear and sides of the subject vehicle.

7.2 EUT configuration

Operation: : As soon as the equipment is powered up, TX starts operating
Purpose of operation : see user manual

7.3 EUT measurement description

Radiated emissions

One configuration was tested as stand alone device. In order to establish the maximum radiation, firstly, there have been viewed all orthogonal adjustments of the test sample. Secondly the test sample has been rotated at all adjustments around the own axis between 0° and 360°, and thirdly, the antenna polarization between horizontal and vertical has been varied. All generated frequencies, the lowest and the highest frequency of the **BSD 3.0 SG1** and **BSD 3.0 SG2** have been viewed. The device was tested on a stand alone basis.

In all measurement distances the 3 dB beam width of the measuring antenna for measurements above 1 GHz is greater than the EUT's dimensions.

8. Compliance assessment

8.1 Antenna requirement

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

8.1.2 Result

The equipment meets the requirements	Yes	No	N.t.
Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.

Integrated patch array antenna!

N.t.* See page no. 37

8.2 Conducted limits

8.2.1 Regulation

(a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of emission(MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 -30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

(b) The limit shown in paragraph (a) of this section shall not apply to carrier current systems operating as intentional radiators on frequencies below 30 MHz. In lieu thereof, these carrier current systems shall be subject to the following standards:

1) For carrier current system containing their fundamental emission within the frequency band 535–1705 kHz and intended to be received using a standard AM broadcast receiver: no limit on conducted emissions.

(2) For all other carrier current systems: 1000 μ V within the frequency band 535–1705 kHz, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms LISN.

(3) Carrier current systems operating below 30 MHz are also subject to the radiated emission limits in §15.205, §15.209, §15.221, §15.223, or §15.227, as appropriate.

(c) Measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines. Devices that include, or make provisions for, the use of battery chargers which permit operating while charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators or that connect to the AC power lines indirectly, obtaining their power through another device which is connected to the AC power lines, shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits.

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

8.2.2 Test equipment

Type	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
V-LISN 50 ohms/(50 uH+5 ohms)	EMCO (49b)	9512-1227	07/2011	07/2014	Dudde
V-LISN 50 ohms/(50 uH+5 ohms)	RFT NNB 11 (72)	13835240	08/2013	08/2016	Dudde
Protector limiter 9 kHz - 30MHz 10 dB	Rhode & Schwarz ESH 3Z2 (272)	357,881052	02/2013	09/2015	Dudde
Receiver (9 kHz - 30MHz)	Schwarzbeck FMLK 1518 (428)	1518294 9360	09/2013	09/2016	Schwarzbeck
Panorama- Monitor FMLK / VUMA	PAZ1550 (429)	---	---	---	---
RF- cable	Aircell 1.5m [BNC/N]	K30	04/2013	04/2014	Dudde

8.2.3 Test procedures

The EUT and the additional equipment (if required) are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). The LISN must be appropriate to ANSI C63.4-2009 Section 7.

Additional equipment must also be connected to a second LISN with the same specifications described in the above sentence (if required).

EUT: BSD3.0
 FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

8.2.4 Result

Tested with external AC power supply

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS (Section 15.107)						
Tested line	Emission frequency [MHz]	Receiver bandwidth [kHz]	Result quasi-peak [dB μ V]	Spec. limit (average) [dB μ V]	Margin [dB]	Remarks
L1		9		> 50.0		* ²
N		9		> 50.0		* ²
L1		9		> 50.0		* ²
N		9		> 50.0		* ²
L1		9		> 46.0		* ²
N		9		> 46.0		* ²
L1		9		> 46.0		* ²
N		9		> 46.0		* ²
L1		9		50.0		* ²
N		9		50.0		* ²
L1		9		50.0		* ²
N		9		50.0		* ²
L1		9		50.0		* ¹
N		9		50.0		* ¹
L1		9		50.0		* ²
N		9		50.0		* ²

Measurement uncertainty: < ± 2 dBRemark: *¹ Noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ -2 dB μ V (0.009 – 30 MHz)Remark: *² Quasi peak measurements lower than "Specified Average Limit"

The equipment passed the conducted tests	Yes	No	N.t. ²
--	----------------	---------------	-------------------

Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
-----------------------------------	----------------	----	----------

N.t.* See page no. 37

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

Tested with a Laptop over USB port

[illegible]

Remark: *¹ Noise level of the measuring instrument $\leq -2\text{dB}_{\mu\text{V}}$ (0.009 – 30MHz)

Remark: *² Quasi peak measurements lower than “Specified Average Limit”

The equipment passed the conducted tests	Yes	No	N.t. ²
--	----------------	---------------	-------------------

Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
-----------------------------------	----------------	-----------	----------

N.t.* See page no. 37

8.3 Restricted bands of operation

8.3.1 Regulation

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	⁽²⁾
13.36 - 13.41			

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

(c) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), regardless of the field strength limits specified elsewhere in this Subpart, the provisions of this Section apply to emissions from any intentional radiator.

(d) The following devices are exempt from the requirements of this Section:

- (1) Swept frequency field disturbance sensors operating between 1.705 and 37 MHz provided their emissions only sweep through the bands listed in paragraph (a), the sweep is never stopped with the fundamental emission within the bands listed in paragraph (a), and the fundamental emission is outside of the bands listed in paragraph (a) more than 99% of the time the device is actively transmitting, without compensation for duty cycle.
- (2) Transmitters used to detect buried electronic markers at 101.4 kHz which are employed by telephone companies.
- (3) Cable locating equipment operated pursuant to Section 15.213.
- (4) Any equipment operated under the provisions of § 15.253, § 15.255 or § 15.257 of this part.
- (5) Biomedical telemetry devices operating under the provisions of Section 15.242 of this part are not subject to the restricted band 608-614 MHz but are subject to compliance within the other restricted bands.
- (6) Transmitters operating under the provisions of Subpart D or F of this part.
- (7) Devices operated pursuant to § 15.225 are exempt from complying with this section for the 13.36-13.41 MHz band only.
- (8) Devices operated in the 24.075-24.175 GHz band under § 15.245 are exempt from complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.15-48.35 GHz and 72.225-72.525 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in § 15.245(b).
- (9) Devices operated in the 24.0-24.25 GHz band under § 15.249 are exempt from complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.0-48.5 GHz and 72.0-72.75 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in § 15.249(a).

(e) Harmonic emissions appearing in the restricted bands above 17.7 GHz from field disturbance sensors operating under the provisions of Section 15.245 shall not exceed the limits specified in Section 15.245(b).

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

(c) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), regardless of the field strength limits specified elsewhere in this Subpart, the provisions of this Section apply to emissions from any intentional radiator. (d) The following devices are exempt from the requirements of this Section:

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

(1) Swept frequency field disturbance sensors operating between 1.705 and 37 MHz provided their emissions only sweep through the bands listed in paragraph (a), the sweep is never stopped with the fundamental emission within the bands listed in paragraph (a), and the fundamental emission is outside of the bands listed in paragraph (a) more than 99% of the time the device is actively transmitting, without compensation for duty cycle.

(2) Transmitters used to detect buried electronic markers at 101.4 kHz which are employed by telephone companies.

(3) Cable locating equipment operated pursuant to Section 15.213.

(4) Any equipment operated under the provisions of § 15.253, § 15.255 or § 15.257 of this part.

(5) Biomedical telemetry devices operating under the provisions of Section 15.242 of this part are not subject to the restricted band 608-614 MHz but are subject to compliance within the other restricted bands.

(6) Transmitters operating under the provisions of Subpart D or F of this part.

(7) Devices operated pursuant to § 15.225 are exempt from complying with this section for the 13.36-13.41 MHz band only.

(8) Devices operated in the 24.075-24.175 GHz band under § 15.245 are exempt from complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.15-48.35 GHz and 72.225-72.525 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in § 15.245(b).

(9) Devices operated in the 24.0-24.25 GHz band under § 15.249 are exempt from 83 complying with the requirements of this section for the 48.0-48.5 GHz and 72.0-72.75 GHz bands only, and shall not exceed the limits specified in § 15.249(a).

(e) Harmonic emissions appearing in the restricted bands above 17.7 GHz from field disturbance sensors operating under the provisions of Section 15.245 shall not exceed the limits specified in Section 15.245(b).

8.3.2 Result

The equipment passed the conducted tests	Yes	No	N.t.
--	-----	---------------	-----------------

Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
-----------------------------------	----------------	----	----------

N.t.* See page no. 37

8.4 Radiated emission limits, general requirements

8.4.1 Regulation

(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

(b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

(c) The level of any unwanted emissions from an intentional radiator operating under these general provisions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission. For intentional radiators which operate under the provisions of other sections within this part and which are required to reduce their unwanted emissions to the limits specified in this table, the limits in this table are based on the frequency of the unwanted emission and not the fundamental frequency. However, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental frequency.

(d) The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

(e) The provisions in §§ 15.31, 15.33, and 15.35 for measuring emissions at distances other than the distances specified in the above table, determining the frequency range over which radiated emissions are to be measured, and limiting peak emissions apply to all devices operated under this part.

(f) In accordance with Section 15.33(a), in some cases the emissions from an intentional radiator must be measured to beyond the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency designed to be emitted by the intentional radiator because of the incorporation of a digital device. If measurements above the tenth harmonic are so required, the radiated emissions above the tenth harmonic shall comply with the general radiated emission limits applicable to the incorporated digital device, as shown in Section 15.109 and as based on the frequency of the emission being measured, or, except for emissions contained in the restricted frequency bands shown in Section 15.205, the limit on spurious emissions specified for the intentional radiator, whichever is the higher limit. Emissions which must be measured above the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency designed to be emitted by the intentional radiator and which fall within the restricted bands shall comply with the general radiated emission limits in Section 15.109 that are applicable to the incorporated digital device.

EUT: BSD3.0
 FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

8.4.2 Test equipment

Type	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
Test fixture	Dudde	---	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
Magnetic loop antenna (9 kHz - 30 MHz)	Schwarzbeck FMZB 1516 (23)	---	05/2013	05/2016	Dudde
OATS	Dudde (104)	---	10/2012	10/2014	Dudde
Pre-amplifier (100kHz - 1.3GHz)	Hewlett Packard 8447 E (166a)	1726A00705	01/2012	01/2014	Dudde
Horn antenna (2.0-14.0 GHz)	Schwarzbeck BBHA 9120 C (169)	305	09/2012	09/2015	Dudde
Mixer WR15 V-Band (50-75 GHz)	OM Labs MA2744A (295a)	V41027-1	03/2013	03/2016	Dudde
Mixer WR22 Q-Band (33-50 GHz)	OM Labs MA2742A (269a)	Q40512-1	03/2013	03/2016	Dudde
Mixer WR10 W-Band (75-110 GHz)	OM Labs MA2746A (296a)	W40706-2	03/2013	03/2016	Dudde
Pre-amplifier (1GHz - 18GHz)	Narda (345)	---	01/2012	01/2014	Dudde
Receiver (9 kHz -40.0 GHz) (40.0 GHz -110 GHz)	Anritsu Spectrum Analyzer MS2668 (359a)	6200163244	05/2011	05/2014	Rohde & Schwarz
Gain Horn antenna (33-50 GHz)	Dorado GH-22-25 (383)	040810	04/2012	04/2015	Dorado
Gain Horn antenna (50-75 GHz)	Dorado GH-15-25 (384)	031003	04/2012	04/2015	Dudde
Gain Horn antenna (75-110 GHz)	Dorado GH-10-25 (385)	040808	04/2012	04/2014	Dudde
Bilog antenna (30- 1000 MHz)	Schwarzbeck VULP 9168 (406)	---	04/2011	04/2014	Schwarzbeck
Logt. Per, Antenne (1- 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck STLP 9148 (445)	---	09/2012	09/2015	Schwarzbeck
Horn antenna (15.0-40.0 GHz)	Schwarzbeck BBHA 9170 (442)	BBHA9170378	09/2011	09/2014	Schwarzbeck
Harmonic Mixer E-Band 60-90 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz FSZ-90 (501)	100062	03/2013	03/2016	Rohde & Schwarz
Signal Analyzer (9 kHz -30.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz FSV 30 (502)	100932	02/2013	02/2016	Rohde & Schwarz
Harmonic Mixer U-Band (40-60 GHz)	Farran FSZ-60 (515)	100037	03/2013	03/2016	Farran
Gain Horn antenna (40-60 GHz)	Dorado GH-19-20 (518)	070106	03/2013	03/2016	Dudde

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

Cable List

Cable no.	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
RF- cable	Kabelmetal 18m [N]	K1a	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 104 2m [APC]	K17a	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 104 2m [APC]	K18a	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Aircell 0.5m [BNC]	K40	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 104 Suhner [N] 1 m	K52	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Aircell 1m [BNC/N]	K56	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 100 Suhner [N] 1 m	K61	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 106 Suhner 6,4m [N]	K74	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 106 Suhner 6,4m [N]	K75	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 13 m [N]	K144	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 8m [SMA]	K145	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 8m [SMA]	K146	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde

8.4.3 Test procedure

The EUT and this peripheral (when additional equipment exists) are placed on a turn table which is 0.8 m above the ground. The turn table would be allowed to rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The test distance between the EUT and the receiving antenna are 3m. To find the maximum emission, the polarization of the receiving antenna is changed in horizontal and vertical polarization; the position of the EUT was changed in different orthogonal determinations.

ANSI C63.4: 2009 Section 8 “Radiated Emissions Testing”

Measurement procedures for electric field radiated emissions above 1 GHz are covered in Clause 8 of ANSI C63.4-2009. The C63.4-2009 measurement procedure consists of both an exploratory test and a final measurement. The exploratory test is critical to determine the frequency of all significant emissions. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum is monitored. Variations in antenna height, antenna orientation, antenna polarization, EUT azimuth, and cable or wire placement is explored to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit.

The final measurements are made based on the findings in the exploratory testing. When making exploratory and final measurements it is necessary to maximize the measured radiated emission. Subclause 8.3.1.2 of C63.4-2009 states that the measurement is to be made “while keeping the antenna in the ‘cone of radiation’ from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response.” We consider the “cone of radiation” to be the 3 dB beamwidth of the measurement antenna.

While the “bore-sighting” technique is not explicitly mentioned in C63.4-2009, it is a useful technique for measurements using a directional antenna, such as a double-ridged waveguide antenna. Several precautions must be observed, including: knowledge of the beamwidth of the antenna and the resulting illumination area relative to the size of the EUT, estimation for source of the emission and general location within larger EUTS, measuring system sensitivity, etc.

C63.4-2009 requires that the measurement antenna is kept pointed at the source of the emission both in azimuth and elevation, with the polarization of the antenna oriented for maximum response. That means that if the directional radiation pattern of the EUT results in a maximum emission at an upwards angle from the EUT, when a directional antenna is used to make the measurement it will be necessary for it to be pointed towards the source of the emission within the EUT. This can be done by either pointing the antenna at an angle towards the source of the emission, or by rotating the EUT, in both height and polarization, to maximize the measured emission. The emission must be kept within the illumination area of the 3 dB beamwidth of the antenna so that the maximum emission from the EUT is measured.

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

Radiated emissions test characteristics	
Frequency range	30 MHz - 4,000 MHz
Test distance	3 m*
Test instrumentation resolution bandwidth	120 kHz (30 MHz - 1,000 MHz)
	1 MHz (1000 MHz - 4,000 MHz)
Receive antenna scan height	1 m - 4 m
Receive antenna polarization	Vertical/horizontal

* According to Section 15.31 (f) (1): At frequencies at or above 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance other than what is specified provided: measurements are not made in the near field except where it can be shown that near field measurements are appropriate due to the characteristics of the device; and it can be demonstrated that the signal levels needed to be measured at the distance employed can be detected by the measurement equipment. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20dB/decade (inverse linear-distance for field strength measurements; inverse-linear-distance-squared for power density measurements).

8.4.4 Calculation of the field strength

The field strength is calculated by the following calculation:

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor (without the use of a pre-amplifier)

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor – Pre-amplifier (with the use of a pre-amplifier)

Receiver Level : Receiver reading without correction factors
Correction Factor : Antenna factor + cable loss

For example:

The receiver reading is 32.7 dB μ V. The antenna factor for the measured frequency is +2.5 dB (1/m) and the cable factor for the measured frequency is 0.71 dB, giving a field strength of 35.91dB μ V/m.

The 35.91dB μ V/m value can be mathematically converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

Level in μ V/m = Common Antilogarithm (35.91/20) = 39.8

For test distance other than what is specified, but fulfilling the requirements of Section 15.31 (f) (1) the field strength is calculated by adding additionally an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade (inverse linear distance for field strength measurements).

EUT: BSD3.0
 FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

8.4.5 Result

TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATION BELOW 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209)										
Frequency MHz	Bandwidth Type of detector kHz	Noted receiver level dBμV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	Level corrected dBμV/m	Limit dBμV/m	Margin dB	Polaris. EUT / antenna H xx° / H	Antenna height cm
	120 / QPK		3		0				H, V/H, V	100-400
	120 / QPK		3		0				H, V/H, V	100-400
	120 / QPK		3		0				H, V/H, V	100-400
	120 / QPK		3		0				H, V/H, V	100-400
	120 / QPK		3		0				H, V/H, V	100-400
*No emissions detected										
Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB										

Remark: *¹ Noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.0dBμV @ 10m distance (0.009 MHz – 30 MHz)

Remark: * Peak Limit according to Section 15.35 (b).

The equipment passed the conducted tests	Yes*	No	N.t.
--	------	----	------

Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
-----------------------------------	-----	----	----------

N.t.* See page no. 37

Date: 2013-09-30

Vers. no. 1.13

EUT: BSD3.0
 FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATION ABOVE 30 MHz (Section 15.205, 15.209)

Frequency MHz	Bandwidth Type of detector kHz	Noted receiver level dBμV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	AV Correction factor dB	Level corrected dBμV/m	Limit dBμV/m	Margin dB	Polaris. EUT / antenna H xx° / H	Antenna height cm
30.0000	100, PK	≤ 3.5	3	-2.60 ^{*5}	0	0	0.9	40.0	39.1	H,V/H,V	100-400
88.0000	100, PK	≤ 3.5	3	-10.80 ^{*5}	0	0	-7.3	40.0	47.3	H,V/H,V	100-400
216.0000	100, PK	≤ 3.5	3	-10.30 ^{*5}	0	0	-6.8	43.5	50.3	H,V/H,V	100-400
960.0000	100, PK	≤ 3.5	3	8.50 ^{*5}	0	0	12.0	43.5	31.5	H,V/H,V	100-400
1700.000	1000, PK	≤ 4.5	3	3.80 ^{*6}	0	0	8.3	54.0	45.7	H,V/H,V	100-400
1805.500	1000/PK	≤ 10	3	9.5 ^{*6}	0	0	19.5	54.0	34.5	H,V/H,V	100-400
2250.000	1000, PK	≤ 10	3	8.00 ^{*6}	0	0	18.0	54.0	36.0	H,V/H,V	100-400
4000.000	1000, PK	≤ 10	3	8.40 ^{*6}	0	0	18.4	54.0	35.6	H,V/H,V	100-400
5000.000	1000, PK	≤ 10	3	9.10 ^{*6}	0	0	19.4	54.0	34.6	H,V/H,V	100-400
7500.000	1000, PK	≤ 14	3	12.9 ^{*6}	0	0	26.9	54.0	27.1	H,V/H,V	100-400
8300.000	1000, PK	≤ 14	3	14.80 ^{*6}	0	0	28.8	54.0	25.2	H,V/H,V	100-400

*** All other emissions are lower than the noise level of the measuring equipment!**

Measurement uncertainty ± 4 dB

Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

 Remark: ^{*1} noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBμV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)

 Remark: ^{*2} noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBμV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)

 Remark: ^{*3} noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBμV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)

 Remark: ^{*4} noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBμV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)

 Remark: ^{*5} for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz

 Remark: ^{*6} for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

The equipment passed the conducted tests	Yes*	No	N.t.
--	------	----	------

Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
-----------------------------------	-----	----	----------

N.t.* See page no. 37

Date: 2013-09-30

Vers. no. 1.13

8.5 Fundamental frequencies / Field strength limits

8.5.1 Regulation

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the field strength of emissions from intentional radiators operated within these frequency bands shall comply with the following:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength of fundamental (microvolts/meter)	Field strength of harmonics (microvolts/meter)
902-928	50	500
2400-2483.5	50	500
5725-5875	50	500
24.0-24.25	250	2500

(b) Fixed, point-to-point operation as referred to in this paragraph shall be limited to systems employing a fixed transmitter transmitting to a fixed remote location. Point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information are not allowed. Fixed, point-to-point operation is permitted in the 24.05-24.25 GHz band subject to the following conditions:

(1) The field strength of emissions in this band shall not exceed 2500 millivolts/meter.

(2) The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal shall be maintained within $\pm 0.001\%$ of the operating frequency over a temperature variation of -20 degrees to +50 degrees C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 degrees C. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

(3) Antenna gain must be at least 33 dBi. Alternatively, the main lobe beamwidth must not exceed 3.5 degrees. The beamwidth limit shall apply to both the azimuth and elevation planes. At antenna gains over 33 dBi or beamwidths narrower than 3.5 degrees, power must be reduced to ensure that the field strength does not exceed 2500 millivolts/meter.

(c) Field strength limits are specified at a distance of 3 meters.

(d) Emissions radiated outside of the specified frequency bands, except for harmonics, shall be attenuated by at least 50 dB below the level of the fundamental or to the general radiated emission limits in § 15.209, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

(e) As shown in § 15.35(b), for frequencies above 1000 MHz, the field strength limits in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. For point-to-point operation under paragraph (b) of this section, the peak field strength shall not exceed 2500 millivolts/meter at 3 meters along the antenna azimuth.

EUT: BSD3.0
 FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

8.5.2 Test equipment

Type	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
Test fixture	Dudde	---	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
Magnetic loop antenna (9 kHz - 30 MHz)	Schwarzbeck FMZB 1516 (23)	---	05/2013	05/2016	Dudde
OATS	Dudde (104)	---	10/2012	10/2014	Dudde
Pre-amplifier (100kHz - 1.3GHz)	Hewlett Packard 8447 E (166a)	1726A00705	01/2012	01/2014	Dudde
Horn antenna (2.0-14.0 GHz)	Schwarzbeck BBHA 9120 C (169)	305	09/2012	09/2015	Dudde
Mixer WR15 V-Band (50-75 GHz)	OM Labs MA2744A (295a)	V41027-1	03/2013	03/2016	Dudde
Mixer WR22 Q-Band (33-50 GHz)	OM Labs MA2742A (269a)	Q40512-1	03/2013	03/2016	Dudde
Mixer WR10 W-Band (75-110 GHz)	OM Labs MA2746A (296a)	W40706-2	03/2013	03/2016	Dudde
Pre-amplifier (1GHz - 18GHz)	Narda (345)	---	01/2012	01/2014	Dudde
Receiver (9 kHz -40.0 GHz) (40.0 GHz -110 GHz)	Anritsu Spectrum Analyzer MS2668 (359a)	6200163244	05/2011	05/2014	Rohde & Schwarz
Gain Horn antenna (33-50 GHz)	Dorado GH-22-25 (383)	040810	04/2012	04/2015	Dorado
Gain Horn antenna (50-75 GHz)	Dorado GH-15-25 (384)	031003	04/2012	04/2015	Dudde
Gain Horn antenna (75-110 GHz)	Dorado GH-10-25 (385)	040808	04/2012	04/2014	Dudde
Bilog antenna (30- 1000 MHz)	Schwarzbeck VULP 9168 (406)	---	04/2011	04/2014	Schwarzbeck
Logt. Per, Antenne (1- 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck STLP 9148 (445)	---	09/2012	09/2015	Schwarzbeck
Horn antenna (15.0-40.0 GHz)	Schwarzbeck BBHA 9170 (442)	BBHA9170378	09/2011	09/2014	Schwarzbeck
Harmonic Mixer E-Band 60-90 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz FSZ-90 (501)	100062	03/2013	03/2016	Rohde & Schwarz
Signal Analyzer (9 kHz -30.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz FSV 30 (502)	100932	02/2013	02/2016	Rohde & Schwarz
Harmonic Mixer U-Band (40-60 GHz)	Farran FSZ-60 (515)	100037	03/2013	03/2016	Farran
Gain Horn antenna (40-60 GHz)	Dorado GH-19-20 (518)	070106	03/2013	03/2016	Dudde

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

Cable List

Cable no.	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
RF- cable	Kabelmetal 18m [N]	K1a	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 104 2m [APC]	K17a	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 104 2m [APC]	K18a	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Aircell 0.5m [BNC]	K40	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 104 Suhner [N] 1 m	K52	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Aircell 1m [BNC/N]	K56	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 100 Suhner [N] 1 m	K61	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 106 Suhner 6,4m [N]	K74	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 106 Suhner 6,4m [N]	K75	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 13 m [N]	K144	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 8m [SMA]	K145	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 8m [SMA]	K146	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde

8.5.3 Test procedure

The EUT and this peripheral (when additional equipment exists) are placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above the ground. The turn table would be allowed to rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The test distance between the EUT and the receiving antenna are 3m. To find the maximum emission, the polarization of the receiving antenna are changed in horizontal and vertical polarization, the position of the EUT was changed in different orthogonal determinations.

ANSI C63.4: 2009 Section 8 “Radiated emission measurements”

Measurement procedures for electric field radiated emissions above 1 GHz are covered in Clause 8 of ANSI C63.4-2009. The C63.4-2009 measurement procedure consists of both an exploratory test and a final measurement. The exploratory test is critical to determine the frequency of all significant emissions. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum is monitored. Variations in antenna height, antenna orientation, antenna polarization, EUT azimuth, and cable or wire placement is explored to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit.

The final measurements are made based on the findings in the exploratory testing. When making exploratory and final measurements it is necessary to maximize the measured radiated emission. Subclause 8.3.1.2 of C63.4-2009 states that the measurement is to be made “while keeping the antenna in the ‘cone of radiation’ from that area and pointed at the area both in azimuth and elevation, with polarization oriented for maximum response.” We consider the “cone of radiation” to be the 3 dB beamwidth of the measurement antenna.

While the “bore-sighting” technique is not explicitly mentioned in C63.4-2009, it is a useful technique for measurements using a directional antenna, such as a double-ridged waveguide antenna. Several precautions must be observed, including: knowledge of the beamwidth of the antenna and the resulting illumination area relative to the size of the EUT, estimation for source of the emission and general location within larger EUTS, measuring system sensitivity, etc.

C63.4-2009 requires that the measurement antenna is kept pointed at the source of the emission both in azimuth and elevation, with the polarization of the antenna oriented for maximum response. That means that if the directional radiation pattern of the EUT results in a maximum emission at an upwards angle from the EUT, when a directional antenna is used to make the measurement it will be necessary for it to be pointed towards the source of the emission within the EUT. This can be done by either pointing the antenna at an angle towards the source of the emission, or by rotating the EUT, in both height and polarization, to maximize the measured emission. The emission must be kept within the illumination area of the 3 dB beamwidth of the antenna so that the maximum emission from the EUT is measured.

Radiated emissions test characteristics	
Frequency range	9 kHz - 100,000 MHz
Test distance	10m, 3 m*
Test instrumentation resolution bandwidth	9 kHz (20 kHz – 30 MHz)
	120 kHz (30 MHz - 1,000 MHz)
	1 MHz (1000 MHz - 100,000 MHz)
Receive antenna height	1 m (20 kHz – 30 MHz)
Receive antenna polarization	0° - 90° (20 kHz – 30 MHz)
Receive antenna scan height	1 m - 4 m (30 MHz - 15,000 MHz)
	1 m – 2.5 m (18,000 MHz - 40,000 MHz)
Receive antenna polarization	vertical/horizontal (30 MHz - 100,000 MHz)

*According to Section 15.31 (f) (1): At frequencies at or above 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance other than what is specified provided: measurements are not made in the near field except where it can be shown that near field measurements are appropriate due to the characteristics of the device; and it can be demonstrated that the signal levels needed to be measured at the distance employed can be detected by the measurement equipment. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20dB/decade (inverse linear-distance for field strength measurements; inverse-linear-distance-squared for power density measurements).

8.5.4 Calculation of the average correction factor

The average correction factor is computed by analyzing the "worst case" on time in any 100msec time period and using the formula: Corrections Factor + 20*log (worst case on time/100msec). Analysis of the remote transmitter worst case on time in any 100msec time period is an on time of 50msec, therefore the correction factor is 20*log (50/100) = - 6 dB. The maximum correction factor to be applied is 20 dB per section 15.35 of the FCC rules.

8.5.5 Calculation of the field strengths

The field strength is calculated by the following calculation:

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor (without the use of a pre-amplifier)

Corrected Level = Receiver Level + Correction Factor – Pre-Amplifier (with the use of a pre-amplifier)

Receiver Level : Receiver reading without correction factors

Correction Factor : Antenna factor + cable loss

For example:

The receiver reading is 32.7 dBμV. The antenna factor for the measured frequency is +2.5 dB (1/m) and the cable factor for the measured frequency is 0.71 dB, giving a field strength of 35.91dBμV/m.

The 35.91dBμV/m value can be mathematically converted to its corresponding level in μV/m.

Level in μV/m = Common Antilogarithm (35.91/20) = 39.8

For test distance other than what is specified, but fulfilling the requirements of Section 15.31 (f) (1) the field strength is calculated by adding additionally an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade (inverse linear distance for field strength measurements).

EUT: BSD3.0
 FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

8.5.7 Result

BSD3.0 SG1

FUNDAMENTAL EMISSIONS (Section 15.249)										
Frequency GHz	Bandwidth Type of detector kHz	Noted receiver level dBμV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	Level corrected dBμV/m	Peak Limit dBμV/m	Margin dB	Polaris. EUT / antenna H xx° / H	Antenna height cm
24.0548	1000 / PK	90.9	3	18.6	0	109.5	127.9	18.4	H 3°/V	167
24.1420	1000 / PK	89.8	3	19.1	0	108.9	127.9	19.0	H 3°/V	167
24.2443	1000 / PK	87.3	3	19.6	0	106.9	127.9	21.0	H 3°/V	167
24.0543	1000 / PK	74.0	3	18.6	0	92.6	127.9	35.3	H 0°/H	165
24.1400	1000 / PK	72.1	3	19.1	0	91.2	127.9	36.7	H 0°/H	165
24.2418	1000 / PK	68.5	3	19.6	0	88.1	127.9	39.8	H 0°/H	165

Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB

Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

Remark: *¹ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBμV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)

Remark: *² noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBμV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)

Remark: *³ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBμV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)

Remark: *⁴ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBμV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)

Remark: *⁵ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz

Remark: *⁶ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

Remark: *⁷ for periodic operated transmitter

The equipment passed the conducted tests	Yes	No	N.t.
--	-----	----	------

Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
-----------------------------------	-----	----	----------

N.t.* See page no. 37

EUT: BSD3.0
 FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

BSD3.0 SG1

FUNDAMENTAL EMISSIONS (Section 15.249)

Frequency GHz	Bandwidth Type of detector kHz	Noted receiver level dBμV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	Level corrected dBμV/m	Average Limit dBμV/m	Margin dB	Polaris. EUT / antenna H xx° / H	Antenna height cm
24.0548	1000 / AV	69.4	3	18.6	0	88.0	107.9	19.9	H 3°/V	167
24.1420	1000 / AV	68.7	3	19.1	0	87.8	107.9	20.1	H 3°/V	167
24.2443	1000 / AV	67.9	3	19.6	0	87.5	107.9	20.4	H 3°/V	167

Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB

Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

Remark: *¹ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBμV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)

Remark: *² noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBμV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)

Remark: *³ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBμV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)

Remark: *⁴ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBμV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)

Remark: *⁵ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz

Remark: *⁶ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

Remark: *⁷ for periodic operated transmitter

The equipment passed the conducted tests	Yes	No	N.t.
--	-----	----	------

Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
-----------------------------------	-----	----	----------

N.t.* See page no. 37

Date: 2013-09-30

Vers. no. 1.13

EUT: BSD3.0
 FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

BSD3.0 SG2

FUNDAMENTAL EMISSIONS (Section 15.249)

Frequency GHz	Bandwidth Type of detector kHz	Noted receiver level dBμV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	Level corrected dBμV/m	Peak Limit dBμV/m	Margin dB	Polaris. EUT / antenna H xx° / H	Antenna height cm
24.0553	1000 / PK	91.3	3	18.6	0	109.9	127.9	18.0	H 3°/V	167
24.1400	1000 / PK	90.4	3	19.1	0	109.5	127.9	18.4	H 3°/V	167
24.2463	1000 / PK	88.8	3	19.6	0	108.2	127.9	19.7	H 3°/V	167
24.0568	1000 / PK	73.7	3	18.6	0	92.3	127.9	35.6	H 0°/H	164
24.1430	1000 / PK	72.6	3	19.1	0	91.7	127.9	36.2	H 0°/H	164
24.2448	1000 / PK	70.1	3	19.6	0	89.7	127.9	38.2	H 0°/H	164

Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB

Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

Remark: *¹ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBμV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)

Remark: *² noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBμV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)

Remark: *³ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBμV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)

Remark: *⁴ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBμV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)

Remark: *⁵ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz

Remark: *⁶ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

Remark: *⁷ for periodic operated transmitter

The equipment passed the conducted tests	Yes	No	N.t.
Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.

N.t.* See page no. 37

Date: 2013-09-30

Vers. no. 1.13

EUT: BSD3.0
 FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

BSD3.0 SG2

FUNDAMENTAL EMISSIONS (Section 15.249)

Frequency GHz	Bandwidth Type of detector kHz	Noted receiver level dBμV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	Level corrected dBμV/m	Average Limit dBμV/m	Margin dB	Polaris. EUT / antenna H xx° / H	Antenna height cm
24.0553	1000 / AV	68.8	3	18.6	0	87.4	107.9	20.5	H 3°/V	167
24.1400	1000 / AV	68.0	3	19.1	0	87.1	107.9	20.8	H 3°/V	167
24.2463	1000 / AV	68.3	3	19.6	0	87.9	107.9	20.0	H 3°/V	167

Measurement uncertainty: ± 4 dB

Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth

Remark: *¹ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBμV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)

Remark: *² noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBμV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)

Remark: *³ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBμV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)

Remark: *⁴ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBμV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)

Remark: *⁵ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz

Remark: *⁶ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

Remark: *⁷ for periodic operated transmitter

The equipment passed the conducted tests	Yes	No	N.t.
--	-----	----	------

Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
-----------------------------------	-----	----	----------

N.t.* See page no. 37

Date: 2013-09-30

Vers. no. 1.13

EUT: BSD3.0
 FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

BSD3.0 SG1

HARMONICS (Section 15.249)

Frequency GHz	Bandwidth Type of detector kHz	Noted receiver level dBμV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	Level corrected dBμV/m	Peak Limit dBμV/m	Margin dB	Polaris. EUT / antenna H xx° / H	Antenna height cm
48.1099	1000 / PK	67.2	0.5	17.2	-15.5	68.9	87.9	19.0	H 5°/H	105
48.2857	1000 / PK	67.2	0.5	17.4	-15.5	69.1	87.9	18.8	H 5°/H	105
48.4635	1000 / PK	68.1	0.5	17.6	-15.5	70.2	87.9	17.7	H 5°/H	105
48.4895	1000 / PK	67.4	0.5	17.8	-15.5	69.7	87.9	18.2	H 5°/H	105
72.1643	1000 / PK	49.6	0.5	18.7	-15.5	52.8	87.9	35.1	H 5°/H	107
72.3501	1000 / PK	47.6	0.5	18.8	-15.5	50.9	87.9	37.0	H 5°/H	107
72.5479	1000 / PK	48.3	0.5	19.0	-15.5	51.8	87.9	36.1	H 5°/H	107
72.7357	1000 / PK	49.0	0.5	19.2	-15.5	52.7	87.9	35.2	H 5°/H	107
Measurement uncertainty 40 GHz to 60 GHz: ± 5 dB										
Measurement uncertainty 60 GHz to 90 GHz: ± 6 dB										
Measurement uncertainty 90 GHz to 140 GHz: ± 7 dB										
Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth										

Remark: *¹ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBμV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)

Remark: *² noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBμV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)

Remark: *³ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBμV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)

Remark: *⁴ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBμV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)

Remark: *⁵ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz

Remark: *⁶ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz

Remark: *⁷ for periodic operated transmitter

The equipment passed the conducted tests	Yes	No	N.t.
--	-----	----	------

Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
-----------------------------------	-----	----	----------

N.t.* See page no. 37

EUT: BSD3.0
 FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

BSD3.0 SG2

HARMONICS (Section 15.249)

Frequency MHz	Bandwidth Type of detector kHz	Noted receiver level dBμV	Test distance m	Correction factor dB	Distance extrapol. factor dB	Level corrected dBμV/m	Peak Limit dBμV/m	Margin dB	Polaris. EUT / antenna H xx° / H	Antenna height cm
48.1119	1000 / PK	66.9	0.5	17.2	-15.5	68.6	87.9	19.3	H 5°/H	105
48.2637	1000 / PK	67.4	0.5	17.4	-15.5	69.3	87.9	18.6	H 5°/H	105
48.4036	1000 / PK	67.5	0.5	17.6	-15.5	69.6	87.9	18.3	H 5°/H	105
48.4815	1000 / PK	66.9	0.5	17.8	-15.5	69.2	87.9	18.7	H 5°/H	105
72.1663	1000 / PK	46.2	0.5	18.7	-15.5	49.4	87.9	38.5	H 5°/H	107
72.3501	1000 / PK	45.4	0.5	18.8	-15.5	48.7	87.9	39.2	H 5°/H	107
72.5499	1000 / PK	45.3	0.5	19.0	-15.5	48.8	87.9	39.1	H 5°/H	107
72.7357	1000 / PK	46.8	0.5	19.2	-15.5	50.5	87.9	37.4	H 5°/H	107
Measurement uncertainty 40 GHz to 60 GHz: ± 5 dB										
Measurement uncertainty 60 GHz to 90 GHz: ± 6 dB										
Measurement uncertainty 90 GHz to 140 GHz: ± 7 dB										
Bandwidth = the measuring receiver bandwidth										

Remark: *¹ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 3.5dBμV @ 3m distance (30 – 1,000 MHz)
 Remark: *² noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 4.5dBμV @ 3m distance (1,000 – 2,000 MHz)
 Remark: *³ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 10dBμV @ 3m distance (2,000 – 5,500 MHz)
 Remark: *⁴ noise floor noise level of the measuring instrument ≤ 14dBμV @ 3m distance (5,500 – 14,500 MHz)
 Remark: *⁵ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 100 kHz and 1,000 MHz
 Remark: *⁶ for using a pre-amplifier in the range between 1.0 GHz and 18.0 GHz
 Remark: *⁷ for periodic operated transmitter

The equipment passed the conducted tests	Yes	No	N.t.
--	-----	----	------

Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Page no.
-----------------------------------	-----	----	----------

N.t.* See page no. 37

8.6 Bandwidth (20 dB)

(c) Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§15.217 through 15.257 and in Subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

8.6.1 Test equipment

Type	Manufacturer/ Model no.	Serial no.	Last calibration	Next calibration	Calibration executed by
Test fixture	Dudde	---	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
Low noise signal generator (10kHz – 5.4GHz)	Marconi Instruments 2042 (6)	119347/003	01/2012	01/2014	Dudde
Frequency counter (10MHz -26.5GHz)	Hewlett & Packard 5351A Microwave frequency counter (130)	2432A00054	09/2011	09/2014	Rohde & Schwarz
Receiver (9 kHz –18.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz Spectrum Analyzer FSL 18 (171a)	100.117	09/2012	09/2014	Rohde & Schwarz
Signal Analyzer (9 kHz –30.0 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz FSV 30 (502)	100932	02/2013	02/2016	Rohde & Schwarz
RF- cable	Sucoflex 104 P Suhner 2,13m [APC 3.5]	K17a	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex 104 P Suhner 2,13m [APC 3.5]	K18a	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 8m [SMA]	K145	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde
RF- cable	Sucoflex Suhner 8m [SMA]	K146	03/2013	03/2014	Dudde

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

8.6.2 Test procedure

ANSI C63.4-2009 Section 13.1.7 Occupied bandwidth measurements. The bandwidth is measured at an amplitude level reduced from the reference level by a specified ratio. The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical. Once the reference level is established, the equipment is conditioned with typical modulating signals to produce worst-case (i.e., the widest) bandwidth. In order to measure the modulated signal properly, a resolution bandwidth that is small compared to the bandwidth required by the procuring or regulatory agency shall be used on the measuring instrument. However, the 6 dB resolution bandwidth of the measuring instrument shall be set to a value greater than 5 % of the bandwidth requirements.

8.6.3 20 dB bandwidth limit

The 20 dB bandwidth limit = 200 MHz

8.6.4 Result

The maximum measured 20 dB bandwidth is: 195.63 MHz (BSD3.0 SG1)

The maximum measured 20 dB bandwidth is: 195.48 MHz (BSD3.0 SG2)

The equipment passed e conducted tests	Yes	No	N.t.
Further test results are attached	Yes	No	Annex no. 3

N.t.* See page no. 37

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

9. Additional information to the test report

Remarks

N.t. ¹	Not tested, because the antenna is part of the PCB
N.t. ²	Not tested, because the EUT is directly battery powered
N.t. ³	Not tested, because not applicable to the EUT
N.t. ⁴	Not tested, because not ordered

EUT: BSD3.0
FCC ID: NBG011719A

Date of issue: 2013-10-02

End of test report