

SAR Evaluation Report

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF FCC OET BULLETIN 65 SUPPLEMENT C

FOR

850/900/1800/1900/2100 MHZ USB MODEM

MODEL: AC881U

FCC ID: N7NMC8781U

REPORT NUMBER: 07U11027-6

ISSUE DATE: MAY 17, 2007

Prepared for

SIERRA WIRELESS, INC. 13811 WIRELESS WAY RICHMOND, BC V6V 3A4 CANADA

Prepared by

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Revision	History
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Rev.	Issued date	Revisions	Revised By
	May 17, 2007	Initial issue	Sunny Shih

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

DATES OF TEST: May 15 and 16, 2007

APPLICANT:	SIERRA WIRELESS, INC.
ADDRESS:	13811 WIRELESS WAY, RICHMOND, BC V6V 3A4 CANADA
FCC ID:	N7NMC8781U
MODEL:	AC881U
DEVICE CATEGORY:	Portable Device
EXPOSURE CATEGORY:	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

850/900/1800/1900/2100 MHz USB Modem is installed in three host laptop for SAR Testing in 850 and 1900MHz US bands.

Note: This device contains 900/1800/2100 MHz functions that are not operational in U.S. territories.

Test Sample is a:	Production unit					
Host Laptops:	Panasonic CF-29Toshiba SatelliteCompaq Presario I	R3000				
Rule Parts	Frequency Range [MHz]	The Highest SAR Values [1g	_mW/g]			
FCC 22H	824.2 - 848.8	Host devices Panasonic CF-29 Toshiba Satellite Compaq Presario R3000	SAR values 0.641 0.572 0.440			
FCC 24E	1850.20 - 1909.8	Host devices Panasonic CF-29 Toshiba Satellite Compaq Presario R3000	SAR values 0.960 0.515 0.306			

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST (DUT) DESCRIPTION

850/900/1800/1900/2100 MHz USB Modem is installed in three host laptop for SAR Testing in 850 and 1900MHz US bands.

Note: This device contains 900/1800/2100 MHz functions that are not operational in U.S. territories.

Normal operation:	Lap-held position				
Duty cycle:	GPRS/EGPRS: 1 slot: 12.5% 2 slots: 25% 3 slots: 37.5% 4 slots: 50% UMTS: 100%				
Host Device(s):	Panasonic CF-29 Toshiba Satellite Compaq Presario R3000				
Power supply:	Supply from USB port, assisted by LI – Polymer Battery, Model: AirCard ® USB Modem, 3.7Vdc, 380mAh				

2 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

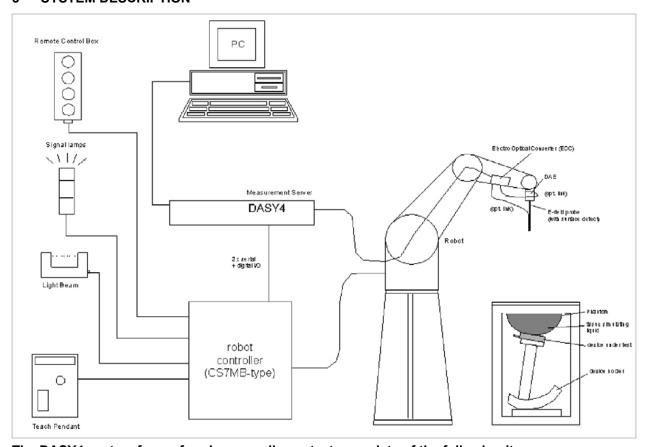
The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, CA 94538 USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."



CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.

No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



DATE: May 17, 2007

The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

3.1 COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients		Frequency (MHz)								
(% by weight)	45	50	83		915 `		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

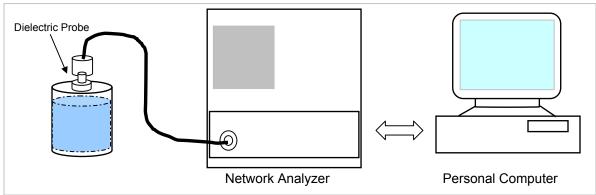
Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized, 16 M Ω + resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

4 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETERS CHECK

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within \pm 5% of the values given in the table below.

DATE: May 17, 2007



Set-up for liquid parameters check

Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantom (for 150 – 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz)

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE Standard 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE Standard 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	He	ad	Во	ody
raiget i requeitey (ivii iz)	ϵ_{r}	σ (S/m)	ε _r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)

4.1 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETER CHECK RESULT

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 835 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 22°C; Relative humidity = 50% Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Simulating Liq		ulating Liquid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)			1 diameters	ivicasureu		Deviation (70)	Lillit (70)
835	21	15	e'	54.0746	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	54.0746	55.2	-2.04	± 5
033	21	2	e"	20.6242	Conductivity (σ):	0.95804	0.97	-1.23	± 5

DATE: May 17, 2007

Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 22.0 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 21.0 deg C

May 15, 2007 08:00 AM

•		
Frequency	e'	e"
80000000.	54.1868	20.8718
805000000.	54.2011	20.8091
810000000.	54.2344	20.7679
815000000.	54.2179	20.7277
82000000.	54.2154	20.6937
825000000.	54.1884	20.6519
83000000.	54.1419	20.6452
835000000.	54.0746	20.6242
84000000.	54.0085	20.6031
845000000.	53.9042	20.5639
850000000.	53.8251	20.5594
855000000.	53.7343	20.5488
86000000.	53.6283	20.5228
865000000.	53.5286	20.5380
87000000.	53.4234	20.5341
875000000.	53.3546	20.5382
880000000.	53.2941	20.5605
885000000.	53.2185	20.5674
89000000.	53.1856	20.6001
895000000.	53.1977	20.5838
900000000.	53.1657	20.6000

The conductivity (σ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta} e'' = 2 \pi f \varepsilon_{\theta} e''$$

where
$$f = target f * 10^6$$

 $\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 1900 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 22°C; Relative humidity = 45% Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

S	imulating Lic	quid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)			1 drameters	Mcasurcu		Deviation (70)	Littile (70)
1900	21	15	e'	53.3157	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	53.3157	53.3	0.03	± 5
1900	21		e"	14.3462	Conductivity (σ):	1.51639	1.52	-0.24	± 5

Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 22.0 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 21.0 deg C

May 16, 2007 07:43 AM

May 10, 2001 01.40 AM		
Frequency	e'	e"
1710000000.	53.8806	13.7154
1720000000.	53.8731	13.7477
1730000000.	53.9064	13.7602
1740000000.	54.0102	13.7752
1750000000.	54.0579	13.8217
1760000000.	54.0306	13.8213
1770000000.	53.9710	13.8710
1780000000.	53.8469	13.9073
1790000000.	53.7215	13.9604
1800000000.	53.5862	14.0160
1810000000.	53.4892	14.0539
1820000000.	53.4290	14.0894
1830000000.	53.4503	14.1482
1840000000.	53.5005	14.1918
1850000000.	53.5578	14.2651
1860000000.	53.5888	14.3028
1870000000.	53.5667	14.3080
1880000000.	53.5213	14.2980
1890000000.	53.4306	14.3086
1900000000.	53.3157	14.3462
1910000000.	53.1738	14.3955

The conductivity (σ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta} e'' = 2 \pi f \varepsilon_{\theta} e''$$

where
$$f = target f * 10^6$$

 $\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$

5 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV3-SN: 3531 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the
 center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the
 long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and
 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.
 For 5 GHz band The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5 x 5 x 7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=7.5mm; dz=5mm). For 5 GHz band Special 8x8x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=4.3mm; dz=3mm)
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 4 mm.
 For 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.0mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR Values for body-tissue

In the table below, the numerical reference SAR values of a SPEAG validation dipoles placed below the flat phantom filled with body-tissue simulating liquid are given. The reference SAR values were calculated using the finite-difference time-domain method and the geometry parameters.

Dipole Type	Distance (mm)	Frequency (MHz)	SAR (1g) [W/kg]	SAR (10g) [W/kg]	SAR (peak) [W/kg]
D450V2	15	450	5.01	3.36	7.22
D835V2	15	835	9.71	6.38	14.1
D900V2	15	900	11.1	7.17	16.3
D1450V2	10	1450	29.6	16.6	49.8
D1800V2	10	1800	38.5	20.3	67.5
D1900V2	10	1900	39.8	20.8	69.6
D2000V2	10	2000	40.9	21.2	71.5
D2450V2	10	2450	51.2	23.7	97.6

Note: All SAR values normalized to 1 W forward power.

5.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

System Validation Dipole: D835V2 SN:4d002

Date: May 15, 2007

Room Ambient Temperature = 22°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body Simulating Liquid		SAR (mW/g)		Normalize	Target	Deviation	Lim it	
f (MHz)	Temp.(°C)	Depth (cm)	SAR (mw/g)		to 1 W	rarget	(%)	(%)
835	21	15	1 g	2.39	9.56	9.71	-1.54	± 10
033	21	13	10g	1.58	6.32	6.38	-0.94	± 10

System Validation Dipole: D1900V2 SN:5d043

Date: May 16, 2007

Room Ambient Temperature = 22°C; Relative humidity = 45%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

	Bod	y Simulating	g Liquid	SAR (mW/g)		Normalize	Target	Deviation	Lim it
	f (MHz)	Temp.(°C)	Depth (cm)	SAR (mw/g)		to 1 W	(%)	(%)	
I	1900	21	15	1 g	10.30	41.2	39.8	3.52	± 10
L	1900 21	13	10g	5.42	21.68	20.8	4.23	± 10	

6 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE

A summary of the procedure follows:

- a) A measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location is used as a reference value for assessing the power drop of the DUT. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test, and then again at the end of the test.
- b) The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the DUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 15 mm x 15 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the DUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
 - For 5 GHz band The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 2.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the DUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the DUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- c) Around this point, a volume of X=Y= 30 and Z=21 mm is assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:
 - For 5 GHz band Around this point, a volume of X=Y=24 and Z=20 mm is assessed by measuring 7 x 7 x 9 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:
 - (i) The data at the surface are extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order is calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - (ii) The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g and 10 g) are computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"- condition (in x, y and z-direction). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) are interpolated to calculate the averages.
 - (iii) All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.
 - (iv) The SAR value at the same location as in Step (a) is again measured to evaluate the actual power drift.

6.1 DASY4 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 1.2 mm for an EX3DV3 probe type).

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

For 5 GHz band – Same as above except the Zoom Scan measures 7 x 7 x 9 points.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

7 PROCEDURE USED TO ESTABLISH TEST SIGNAL

The following setting is used to configure the CMU200 to establish the link for SAR testing.

Service selection → Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. → off

Main Service → Packet Data
Network Support → GSM+GPRS

Slot Config → 33 dBm for GSM850 and 30 dBm for GSM1900

27 dBm for GPRS850 and 26 dBm for GPRS1900

Conducted power:

GSM850

Channel	Frequency	GPRS			
	(MHz)	1 slot 2 slots		3 slots	4 slots
		Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)
128	824.2	32.1	32.1	29.2	26.3
192	837.0	32.1	32.1	29.1	26.2
251	848.8	32.1	32.0	29.1	26.2

GSM850

Channel	Frequency	EGPRS			
	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
		Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)
128	824.2	27.3	27.3	27.3	27.3
192	837.0	27.3	27.3	27.2	27.3
251	848.8	27.2	27.2	27.2	27.2

GSM1900

Channel	Frequency	GPRS			
	(MHz)	1 slot 2 slots		3 slots	4 slots
		Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)
512	1850.2	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.3
661	1880.0	29.7	29.9	29.7	29.6
810	1909.8	29.8	29.8	29.7	29.7

GSM1900

Channel	Frequency	EGPRS			
	(MHz)	1 slot 2 slots		3 slots	4 slots
		Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)
512	1850.2	26.5	26.5	26.4	26.4
661	1880.0	26.8	26.8	26.7	26.7
810	1909.8	26.8	26.8	26.8	26.8

WCDMA + HSDPA Procedure

The following settings were used to configure the Radio Communication Tester, CMU200.

- Connection
- Dedicated Chan (CS): RMC
- Band Select:
 - Band VI for US Cell Band
 - Band II for US PCS Band
 - Band I for 2100MHz band
- Network
- Requested UE Data
 - Authentication: Off
 - Security: Off
 - IMEI: ON
 - RLC Reestablish: Off
- BS Signal
- Node –B Setting
 - RF Channel Downlink
 - Band VI: 4357 / 4407 / 4458
 - o Band II: 9662 / 9800 / 9938
 - o Band I: 10562 / 10700 / 10838
- Circuit Switched
 - RMC Setting
 - o Reference Channel Type: 12.2Kbps
 - o Test Mode: Loop Mode 2
 - o Channel Data Source DTCH: All One
 - Signaling RAB Setting
 - SRB Cell DCH: 13.6 Kbps
- UE Signal
- Analyzer Setting
 - RF Channel Uplink:
 - o Band VI: 4132 / 4182 / 4233
 - o Band II: 9262 / 9400 / 9538
 - o Band I; 9612 / 9750 / 9888
 - UE power Control
 - Max Allowed UE Power: 25
- UE Gain Factor
 - HSDPA (for WCDMA + HSDPA mode only)
 - o βc: 9
 - o βd: 15
 - o ∆ACK: 5
 - o ∆NACK: 5
 - o ΔCQI: 2

RF Output Power Measurement Results - for RMC Channel Type

Channel Type: 12.2K RMC

Cell Band

Channel	Frequency	Ch Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
4132	826.4	22.5
4182	836.4	22.6
4233	846.6	22.7

PCS Band

Channel	Frequency	Ch Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
9262	1852.4	22.4
9400	1880.0	22.4
9538	1907.6	22.4

RF Output Power Measurement Results - for 12.2k RMC HSDPA Channel Type

12.2k RMC + HSDPA

Cell Band

Channel	Frequency	Ch Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
4132	826.4	22.6
4182	836.4	22.5
4233	846.6	22.6

PCS Band

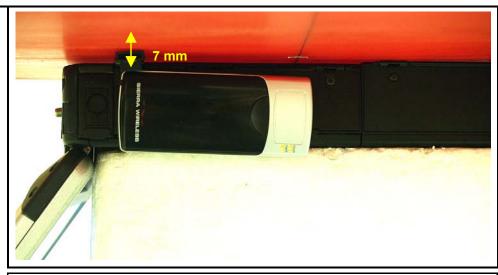
Channel	Frequency	Ch Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
9262	1852.4	22.7
9400	1880.0	22.6
9538	1907.6	22.6

8 SAR MEASURMENT RESULTS

8.1 CELL BAND

8.1.1 PANASONIC CF-29

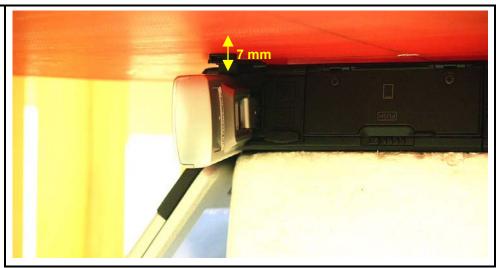
8.1.1.1 **POSITION 1**



GPRS 2 Slots				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
128 192 251	824.20 837.00 848.80	0.481	-0.171	0.500
WCDMA				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
4132 4182 4233	826.40 836.40 846.60	0.285	-0.125	0.293

- The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10[^](-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) The battery was fully charged in accordance with manufacture's instructions prior to SAR measurements.
- 4) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.1.1.2 **POSITION 2**

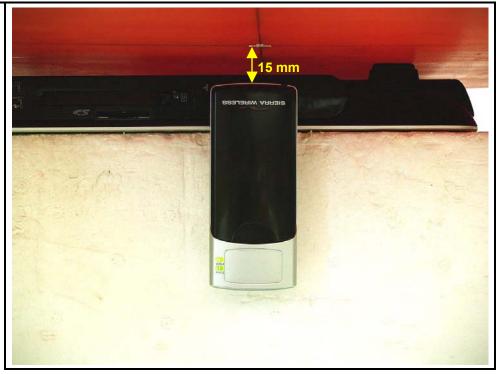


GPRS 2 Slots	GPRS 2 Slots						
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)			
128	824.20						
192	837.00	0.641	0.000	0.641			
251	848.80						
EGPRS							
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR Power Drift 1g (mW/g) (dB)		Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)			
128	824.20						
192	837.00	0.225	-0.203	0.236			
251	848.80						
WCDMA	•						
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)			
4132	826.40		i				
4182	836.40	0.411	0.000	0.411			
4233	846.60						
WCDMA + HS	DPA						
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)			
4132	826.40						
4182	836.40	0.413	0.000	0.413			
4233	846.60						

- The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10[^](-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) The battery was fully charged in accordance with manufacture's instructions prior to SAR measurements.
- 4) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.1.2 TOSHIBA SATELLITE

8.1.2.1 VERTICAL

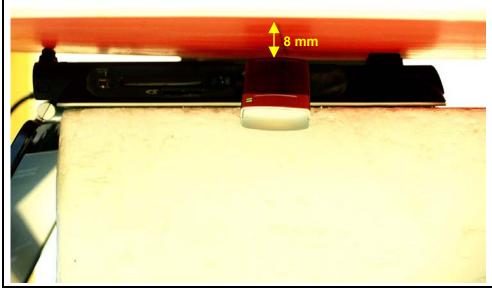


DATE: May 17, 2007

GPRS 2 Slots						
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)		
128	824.20		0.400	0.004		
192	837.00	0.089	-0.100	0.091		
251	848.80					
WCDMA						
Channel	Channel f (MHz) Me		Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)		
4132	826.40					
4182	836.40	0.072	0.000	0.072		
4233	846.60					

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) The battery was fully charged in accordance with manufacture's instructions prior to SAR measurements.
- 4) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.1.2.2 HORIZONTAL



GPRS 2 Slots						
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)		
128	824.20					
192	837.00	0.572	0.000	0.572		
251	848.80					
EGPRS						
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR Power Dri		Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)		
128	824.20					
192	837.00	0.241	-0.140	0.249		
251	848.80					
WCDMA						
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)		
4132	826.40		• •	= 1		
4182	836.40	0.137	-0.126	0.141		
4233	846.60					
WCDMA + HS	DPA					
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)		
4132	826.40		_	_		
4182	836.40	0.139	-0.138	0.143		
4233	846.60					

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) The battery was fully charged in accordance with manufacture's instructions prior to SAR measurements.
- 4) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.1.3 COMPAQ PRESARIO

8.1.3.1 **VERTICAL**

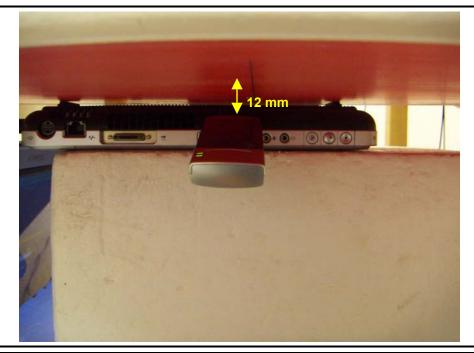


DATE: May 17, 2007

GPRS 2 Slots						
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)		
128	824.20					
192	837.00	0.037	0.000	0.037		
251	848.80					

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) The battery was fully charged in accordance with manufacture's instructions prior to SAR measurements.
- 4) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.
- 5) WCDMA mode was skipped due to significantly lower output power

8.1.3.2 HORIZONTAL



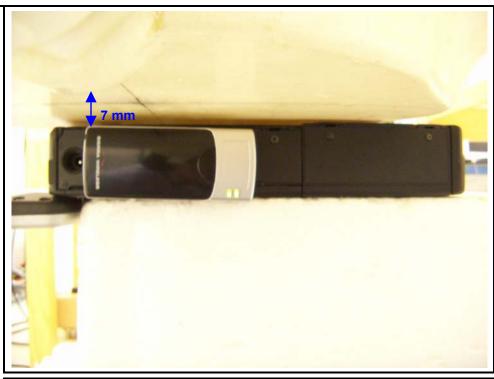
GPRS 2 Slots						
Channel f (MHz)		Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)		
128 192	824.20 837.00	0.430	-0.099	0.440		
251	848.80					
WCDMA						
Channel	Channel f (MHz) Me		Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)		
4132 4182 4233	826.40 836.40 846.60	0.266	-0.136	0.274		

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) The battery was fully charged in accordance with manufacture's instructions prior to SAR measurements.
- 4) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.2 PCS BAND

8.2.1 PANASONIC CF-29

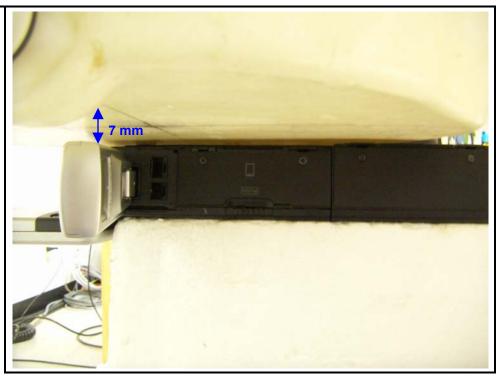
8.2.1.1 POSITION 1



GPRS 4 Slots					
Channel	f (MHz) Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)		Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)	
512	1850.20	0.678	0.000	0.678	
661	1880.00	0.766	0.000	0.766	
810	1909.80	0.960	0.960 0.000		
WCDMA					
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR	Power Drift	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR	
	. ()	1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g)	
9262	1852.40				
9400	1880.00	0.489	0.000	0.489	
9538	1907.60				

- The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10[^](-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) The battery was fully charged in accordance with manufacture's instructions prior to SAR measurements.
- 4) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.2.1.2 **POSITION 2**



GPRS 4 Slots						
Channel	f (MHz)	f (MHz) Measured SAR Power D 1g (mW/g) (dB)		Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)		
512	1850.20	0.000	0.000	0.000		
661	1880.00	0.693	0.000	0.693		
810	1909.80					
WCDMA						
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)		
9262	1852.40					
9400	1880.00	0.390	0.000	0.390		
9538	1907.60					

- The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) The battery was fully charged in accordance with manufacture's instructions prior to SAR measurements.
- 4) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.2.2 TOSHIBA SATELLITE

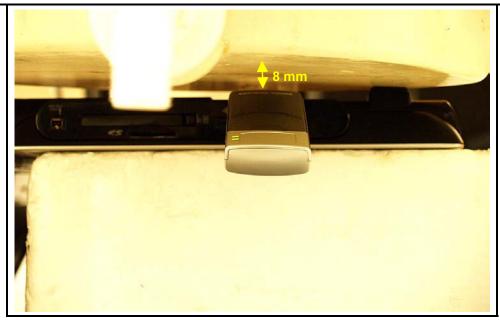
8.2.2.1 VERTICAL



GPRS 4 Slots						
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR Power Dri 1g (mW/g) (dB)		Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)		
512	1850.20	0.440		0.440		
661	1880.00	0.112	0.000	0.112		
810	1909.80					
WCDMA						
Channel	Channel f (MHz) M		Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)		
9262	1852.40					
9400	1880.00	0.087	-0.097	0.089		
9538	1907.60					

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) The battery was fully charged in accordance with manufacture's instructions prior to SAR measurements.
- 4) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.2.2.2 HORIZONTAL



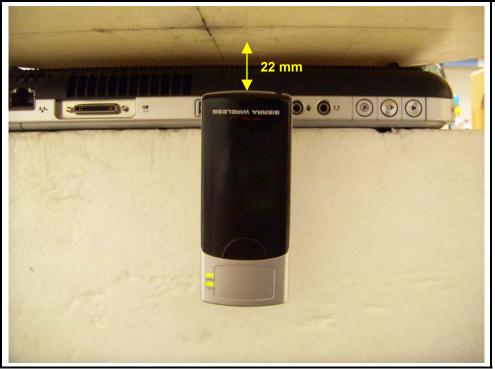
GPRS 4 Slots							
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)			
512	1850.20						
661	1880.00	0.515	0.000	0.515			
810	1909.80						
EGPRS 4 Slot	ts						
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)					
512	1850.20						
661	1880.00	0.285	0.000	0.285			
810	1909.80						
WCDMA							
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)			
9262	1852.40	, J,	•	<u> </u>			
9400	1880.00	0.362	0.000	0.362			
9538	1907.60						
WCDMA + HS	DPA						
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)			
9262	1852.40						
9400	1880.00	0.345	-0.168	0.359			
9538	1907.60						

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) The battery was fully charged in accordance with manufacture's instructions prior to SAR measurements.
- Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.2.3 COMPAQ PRESARIO

8.2.3.1 **VERTICAL**

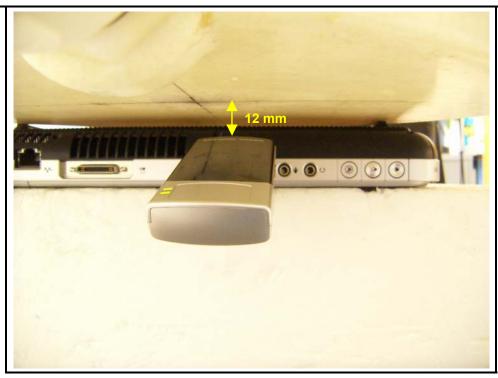
The following position was skipped due to low SAR values.



Notes:

1) WCDMA mode was skipped due to significantly lower output power

8.2.3.2 HORIZONTAL



GPRS 4 Slots					
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR Power Drift 1g (mW/g) (dB)		Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)	
512	1850.20	2 225	0.450	0.000	
661	1880.00	0.295	-0.158	0.306	
810	1909.80				
WCDMA					
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)	
9262	1852.40				
9400	1880.00	0.195	-0.120	0.200	
9538	1907.60				

- The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) The battery was fully charged in accordance with manufacture's instructions prior to SAR measurements.
- 4) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

9 MEASURMENT UNCERTAINTY

9.1 MEASURMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR 300 MHz - 3000 MHz

Uncertainty component	Tol. (±%)	Probe	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Std. Ur	nc.(±%)
Oncertainty component	101. (±76)	Dist.	DIV.	G (1g)	Ci (10g)	Ui (1g)	Ui(10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	4.80	N	1	1	1	4.80	4.80
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	1.92	1.92
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	3.92	3.92
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.71	2.71
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Readout Electronics	1.00	Ν	1	1	1	1.00	1.00
Response Time	0.80	R	1.732	1	1	0.46	0.46
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.50	1.50
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	1.59	R	1.732	1	1	0.92	0.92
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.00	0.00
Probe Positioner Mechnical Tolerance	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.23	0.23
Probe Positioning With Respect to Phantom Shell	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.67	1.67
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for							
max. SAR evaluation	3.90	R	1.732	1	1	2.25	2.25
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	1.10	N	1	1	1	1.10	1.10
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.60	3.60
Power and SAR Drift Measurement	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.89	2.89
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.31	2.31
Liquid Conductivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24
Liquid Conductivity - Meas.	8.60	N	1	0.64	0.43	5.50	3.70
Liquid Permittivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41
Liquid Permittivity - Meas.	3.30	Ν	1	0.6	0.49	1.98	1.62
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			11.44	10.49
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)			K=2			22.87	20.98

Notesfor table

1. Tol. - tolerance in influence quaitity

2. N - Nomal

3. R - Rectangular

4. Div. - Divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty

5. Ci - is te sensitivity coefficient

10 EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer Type/Medal		Carial Number	Cal. Due date		
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	MM	DD	Year
Robot - Six Axes	Stäubli	RX90BL	N/A			N/A
Robot Remote Control	Stäubli	CS7MB	3403-91535			N/A
DASY4 Measurement Server	SPEAG	SEUMS001BA	1041			N/A
Probe Alignment Unit	SPEAG	LB (V2)	261			N/A
SAM Phantom (SAM1)	SPEAG	TP-1185	QD000P40CA			N/A
SAM Phantom (SAM2)	SPEAG	TP-1015	N/A			N/A
Electronic Probe kit	HP	85070C	N/A			N/A
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES-6	US39173569	2	14	2008
E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3552	5	30	2007
Thermometer	ERTCO	639-1S	1718	11	7	2007
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3 V1	427	11	16	2007
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d002	1	23	2008
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D900V2	108	2	22	2008
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d043	1	29	2008
Signal Generator	R&S	SMP 04	DE34210	10	9	2007
Power Meter	Giga-tronics	8651A	8651404	4	3	2008
Power Sensor	Giga-tronics	80701A	1834588	4	17	2008
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	D072701-5			N/A
Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	106291	4	16	1008
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M835	N/A	Withir	1 24 h	rs of first test
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M1900	N/A	Withir	1 24 h	rs of first test

11 PHOTOS

DUT





Host Device - Panasonic CF-29





Host Device - Toshiba Satellite





Host Device - Compaq Presario R3000





12 ATTACHMENTS

No.	Contents	No. Of Pages
1	System Performance Check Plots	4
2-1	SAR Test Plots – Cell Band	16
2-2	SAR Test Plots – PCS Band	14
3	Certificate of E-Field Probe - EXDV4SN3552	9
4	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D835V2 SN:4d002	9
5	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D1900V2 SN:5d043	9

END OF REPORT