

SAR Evaluation Report

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF FCC OET BULLETIN 65 SUPPLEMENT C

FOR

850/900/1800/1900 MHZ QUADBAND MODULE

MODEL: MC8765

FCC ID: N7NMC8765

REPORT NUMBER: 06U10664-1

(Co-Tx with BT and WLAN)

ISSUE DATE: OCTOBER 23, 2006

Prepared for

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Prepared by

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LAB CODE:200065-0

Revision History

Rev.	Issued date	Revisions	Revised By
	October 23, 2006	Initial issue, base on 06U10631-3 CCS SAR report.	HS

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

DA	DATES OF TEST: October 2, 3, 4, 18 and 19, 2006						
APPLICANT:	SIERRA WIRELESS INC						
ADDRESS:	13811 WIRELESS WAY, RICHMOND, BC V6V 3A4 CANADA						
FCC ID:	N7NMC8765						
MODEL:	MC8765						
DEVICE CATEGORY:	Portable Device						
EXPOSURE CATEGORY:	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure						

850/900/1800/1900 MHz QuadBand Module installed into Lenovo ThinkPad X60 Tablet which includes collocation with WLAN FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L and Bluetooth FCC ID: MCLJ07H081.

Note: This device contains 900/1800 MHz bands that are not operational in US territories. This report is applicable to 850 and 1900 MHz bands.

Test Sample is a:	Production unit	Production unit							
Host Laptop	Lenovo ThinkPad X60 Tab	novo ThinkPad X60 Tablet							
Rule Parts	Frequency Range [MHz]	The Highest Collocations SAR Values [1g_mW/g]							
22H	824.2-848.8	0.861							
24E	1850.2-1909.8	0.710							

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

Approved & Released For CCS By:

Hsin-Fa Shih

Hsin Fu Shih Senior Engineer Compliance Certification Services Tested By:

Winay Dorouch

Ninous Davoudi EMC Engineer Compliance Certification Services

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1 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DESCRIPTION

850/900/1800/1900 MHz QuadBand Module installed into Lenovo ThinkPad X60 Tablet which includes collocation with WLAN FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB72-L and Bluetooth FCC ID: MCLJ07H081.

Note: This device contains 900/1800 MHz bands that are not operational in US territories. This report is applicable to 850 and 1900 MHz bands.

GPRS Multi-slot Classes:	Class 10 (2up, 3 down) for both GPRS and EGPRS
Normal operation:	Lenovo Lap-held position
Duty cycle:	25% both GPRS and EGPRS modes 100% for WCDMA
Normal operation:	Lap-held position and/or under arm
Host Device(s):	Lenovo ThinkPad X60 Tablet
Antenna(s)	Wistron Neweb Corp. PIFA Antenna, P/N: 60.4Q423.001
Power supply:	Power supplied through the laptop computer (host device).

2 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

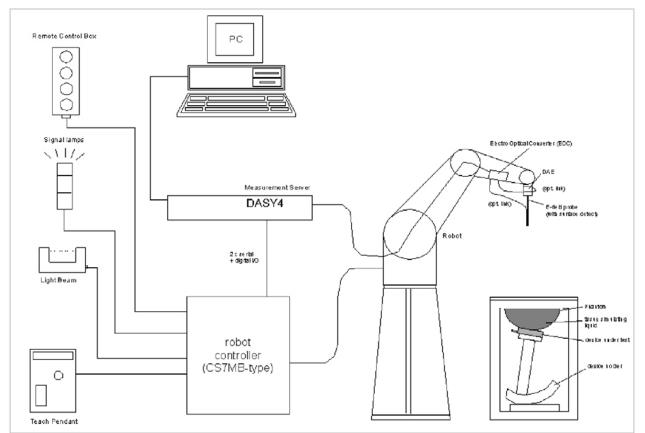
The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."



CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.

No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

3.1 COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR TISSUE SIMULATIG LIQUIDS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients		Frequency (MHz)								
(% by weight)	4	50	83	35	915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

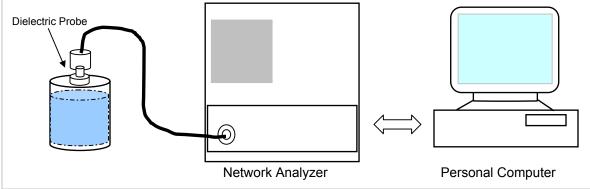
Water: De-ionized, 16 M Ω + resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

4 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETERS CHECK

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within \pm 5% of the values given in the table below.



Set-up for liquid parameters check

Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantom (for 150 – 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz)

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE Standard 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE Standard 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	He	ad	Bo	dy
raiget i requency (minz)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	ε _r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)

4.1 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETER CHECK RESULT

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 835 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

S	imulating Lic	quid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)			Parameters	weasureu		Deviation (%)	LIIIII (70)
835	22	15	e'	53.8506	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	53.8506	55.2	-2.44	± 5
000	22	10	e"	20.6732	Conductivity (σ):	0.96031	0.97	-1.00	± 5
Liquid Ch									
	•		leg	J. C; Liqu	id temperature: 22.0 o	deg C			
	,	05:18 PM							
Frequence		e'			e"				
8000000	00.	54	.18	368	20.8718				
8050000	00.	54	.13	337	20.8104				
8100000	00.	54	.11	160	20.7989				
8150000	00.	54	.05	502	20.7598				
8200000	00.	53	.99	957	20.7338				
8250000	00.	53	.93	356	20.7047				
8300000	00.	53	.89	962	20.6684				
8350000	00.	53	.85	506	20.6732				
8400000	00.	53	.77	786	20.6329				
8450000	00.	53	.76	603	20.6170				
8500000	00.	53	.71	106	20.6019				
8550000	00.	53	.64	153	20.5712				
8600000	00.	53	.60)12	20.5652				
8650000	00.	53	.54	138	20.5215				
8700000	00.	53	.50)87	20.5339				
8750000	00.	53	.43	395	20.5379				
8800000	00.	53	.40	063	20.5494				
8850000	00.	53	.32	231	20.5379				
8900000	00.	53	.29	974	20.5361				
8950000	00.	53	.25	528	20.5102				
9000000	00.	53	.22	219	20.4636				
The cond	luctivity (σ) can be	giv	en as:					
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta}$	e"=2πj	fε₀e"							
where f									
EO	= 8.854 *	* 10 ⁻¹²							

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 835 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

S	imulating Lic	quid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)			Falameters	Measureu		Deviation (70)	Linin (70)
835	22	15	e'	54.4764	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	54.4764	55.2	-1.31	± 5
			e"	20.8178	Conductivity (σ):	0.96703	0.97	-0.31	± 5
Liquid Ch	neck								
Ambient	temperat	ure: 23.0 c	leg	J. C; Liqu	id temperature: 22.0 o	deg C			
October (03, 2006	04:27 PM							
Frequence	су	e'			e"				
8000000	00.	54	.76	650	20.9629				
8050000	00.	54	.75	570	20.9395				
8100000	00.	54	.73	305	20.8944				
8150000	00.	54	.67	755	20.8769				
8200000	00.	54	.61	148	20.8560				
8250000	00.	54	.56	602	20.8332				
8300000	00.	54	.50)28	20.8450				
8350000	00.	54	.47	764	20.8178				
8400000	00.	54	.45	543	20.8000				
8450000	00.	54	.35	539	20.7460				
8500000	00.	54	.31	194	20.7769				
8550000	00.	54	.28	357	20.7206				
8600000	00.	54	.20)32	20.7048				
8650000	00.	54	.13	314	20.6853				
8700000	00.	54	.08	367	20.6772				
8750000	00.	54	.03	321	20.6411				
8800000	00.	53	.98	336	20.6456				
8850000	00.	53	.93	345	20.6185				
8900000	00.	53	.88	399	20.6006				
8950000	00.	53	.90)23	20.5919				
9000000	00.	53	.85	521	20.5555				
The cond	luctivity (σ) can be	giv	en as:					
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta}$	e"=2πj	fε₀e"							
where f									
E	= 8.854 *	• 10 ⁻¹²							

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 835 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

S	imulating Lic	quid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)			Falameters	Measureu			Linint (70)
835	22	15	e'	54.4519	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	54.4519	55.2	-1.36	± 5
		.0	e"	20.8709	Conductivity (σ):	0.96950	0.97	-0.05	± 5
Liquid Ch	neck								
Ambient	temperat	ure: 23.0 d	leg	J. C; Liqu	id temperature: 22.0 (deg C			
October 7	18, 2006	05:23 PM							
Frequence	су	e'			e"				
8000000	00.	54	.76	671	21.0647				
8050000	00.	54	.75	548	20.9969				
8100000	00.	54	.68	326	20.9963				
8150000	00.	54	.66	659	20.9590				
8200000	00.	54	.61	184	20.9274				
8250000	00.	54	.55	523	20.9029				
8300000	00.	54	.50)73	20.8877				
8350000	00.	54	.45	519	20.8709				
8400000	00.	54	.41	168	20.8469				
8450000	00.	54	.36	670	20.8395				
8500000	00.	54	.30)39	20.7937				
8550000	00.	54	.25	561	20.7859				
8600000	00.	54	.19	964	20.7721				
8650000	00.	54	.17	716	20.7344				
8700000	00.	54	.10)81	20.7333				
8750000	00.	54	.06	642	20.7247				
8800000	00.	54	.01	157	20.7287				
8850000	00.	53	.96	645	20.7232				
8900000	00.	53	.90)53	20.7209				
8950000	00.	53	.88	354	20.6825				
9000000	00.	53	.85	561	20.6584				
The cond	luctivity (σ) can be	giv	en as:					
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta}$	e"=2πj	fε₀e"							
where f									
EO	= 8.854 *	* 10 ⁻¹²							

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 1900 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

S	imulating Lie	quid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)			T arameters	Ivicasureu		Deviation (70)	Liitiit (70)
1900	22	15	e'	53.8416	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	53.8416	53.3	1.02	± 5
1000	22	10	e"	13.8394	Conductivity (σ):	1.46282	1.52	-3.76	± 5
Liquid Ch	neck								
Ambient	temperat	ure: 23.0 d	leg	J. C; Liqu	id temperature: 22.0 d	deg C			
October (03, 2006	09:22 PM							
Frequence		e'			e"				
1710000	000.	54	.47	787	13.1383				
1720000		54	.45	507	13.1772				
1730000	000.	54	.42	224	13.2089				
1740000	000.	54	.36	658	13.2652				
1750000	000.	54	.32	273	13.3097				
1760000	000.	54	.28	372	13.3411				
1770000	000.	54	.25	580	13.3781				
1780000	000.	54	.22	222	13.4136				
1790000	000.	54	.18	898	13.4462				
1800000		54	.17	700	13.4863				
1810000	000.	54	.13	331	13.5050				
1820000	000.	54	.11	19	13.5428				
1830000	000.	54	.06	656	13.5669				
1840000	000.	54	.03	349	13.6137				
1850000	000.	53	.99	943	13.6554				
1860000	000.	53	.96	609	13.6905				
1870000	000.	53	.94	134	13.7444				
1880000	000.	53	.89	978	13.7658				
1890000	000.	53	.87	756	13.8061				
1900000	000.	53	.84	1 16	13.8394				
1910000	000.	53	.78	396	13.8902				
The cond	luctivity (σ) can be	giv	en as:					
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta}$	e''=2πj	fε₀e"							
where f									
EO	= 8.854 *	* 10 ⁻¹²							

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 1900 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 42%

Measured by: Sunny Shih

S	imulating Lie	quid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)			T arameters	Measureu		Deviation (70)	Linit (70)
1900	22	15	e'	53.5749	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	53.5749	53.3	0.52	± 5
1000	22	10	e"	14.2586	Conductivity (σ):	1.50713	1.52	-0.85	± 5
Liquid Ch	neck								
			g. (C; Liquid	temperature: 22 deg	С			
		12:00 PM							
Frequence	-)	e'		e"					
1750000		54.1736		13.50					
1760000		54.0818		13.61					
1770000		54.0388		13.69					
1780000		54.0213		13.74					
1790000		54.0581		13.79					
1800000		54.0528		13.84					
1810000		54.0293		13.86					
1820000		53.9811		13.81					
1830000		53.9854		13.77					
1840000		53.9553		13.83					
1850000		53.8660		13.94					
1860000		53.7239		14.04					
1870000		53.5959		14.07					
1880000		53.5504		14.10					
1890000		53.5706		14.17					
1900000		53.5749		14.25					
1910000		53.5711		14.27					
1920000		53.5772		14.22					
1930000		53.6399		14.20					
1940000		53.6376		14.26					
1950000	000. 8	53.5636		14.32	13				
The cond	luctivity (σ) can be	giv	en as:					
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta}$	e''=2πj	fɛ₀e"							
where f									
ε ₀	= 8.854 *	* 10 ⁻¹²							

5 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV3-SN: 3531 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole. For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5 x 5 x 7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=7.5mm; dz=5mm).
 For 5 GHz band Special 8x8x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=4.3mm; dz=3mm)
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 4 mm.
 For 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.0mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR Values for body-tissue

In the table below, the numerical reference SAR values of a SPEAG validation dipoles placed below the flat phantom filled with body-tissue simulating liquid are given. The reference SAR values were calculated using the finite-difference time-domain method and the geometry parameters.

Dipole Type	Distance (mm)	Frequency (MHz)	SAR (1g) [W/kg]	SAR (10g) [W/kg]	SAR (peak) [W/kg]
D450V2	15	450	5.01	3.36	7.22
D835V2	15	835	9.71	6.38	14.1
D900V2	15	900	11.1	7.17	16.3
D1450V2	10	1450	29.6	16.6	49.8
D1800V2	10	1800	38.5	20.3	67.5
D1900V2	10	1900	39.8	20.8	69.6
D2000V2	10	2000	40.9	21.2	71.5
D2450V2	10	2450	51.2	23.7	97.6

Note: All SAR values normalized to 1 W forward power.

System Validation Dipole: D835V2 SN:4d002

Date: October 2, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body Simulating Liquid		SAR (mW/q)		Normalize	Target	Deviation	Lim it	
f(MHz)	Temp.(°C)	Depth (cm)	JAN	(111 00 / g)	to 1 W	Target	(%)	(%)
835	22	15	1 g	2.46	9.84	9.71	1.34	± 10
000	22	15	10g	1.62	6.48	6.38	1.57	± 10

Date: October 3, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Bod	y Simulating	g Liquid	SAR (mW/q)		Normalize	Target	Deviation	L im it
f(MHz)	Temp.(°C)	Depth (cm)	SAK	(111 VV / g)	to 1 W	raiyet	(%)	(%)
835	22	15	1 g	2.48	9.92	9.71	2.16	± 10
000	22	10	10g	1.63	6.52	6.38	2.19	± 10

Date: October 18, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

Normalize Body Simulating Liquid Deviation Lim it SAR (mW/g) Target d (%) (%) f(MHz) Temp. (°C) Depth (cm) to 1 W 2.48 9.92 9.71 2.16 1 g ± 10 835 22 15 1.64 6.56 2.82 6.38 10g ± 10

System Validation Dipole: D1900V2 SN:5d043

Date: October 3, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body Simulating Liquid		SAR (mW/g)		Normalize	Target	Deviation	Lim it	
f(MHz)	Temp.(°C)	Depth (cm)	SAN	(111 VV / g)	to 1 W	Target	(%)	(%)
1900	22	15	1 g	9.46	37.84	39.8	-4.92	± 10
1900	22	10	10g	5.04	20.16	20.8	-3.08	± 10

Date: October 19, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 42%

Measured by: Sunny Shih

Bod	y Simulating	g Liquid	SAR (mW/g)		SAR (mW/a) Normalize		Deviation	L im it
f(MHz)	Temp.(°C)	Depth (cm)	SAN	(111 VV / g)	d to 1 W	Target	(%)	(%)
1900	22	15	1 g	9.75	39	39.8	-2.01	± 10
1900	22	15	10g	5.2	20.8	20.8	0.00	± 10

6 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE

A summary of the procedure follows:

- a) A measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location is used as a reference value for assessing the power drop of the EUT. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test, and then again at the end of the test.
- b) The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 15 mm x 15 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

For 5 GHz band - The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 2.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

c) Around this point, a volume of X=Y= 30 and Z=21 mm is assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

For 5 GHz band - Around this point, a volume of X=Y=Z=30 mm is assessed by measuring 8 x 8 x 8 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

- (i) The data at the surface are extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order is calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- (ii) The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g and 10 g) are computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"- condition (in x, y and z-direction). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) are interpolated to calculate the averages.
- (iii) All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.
- (iv) The SAR value at the same location as in Step (a) is again measured to evaluate the actual power drift.

6.1 DASY4 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 1.2 mm for an EX3DV3 probe type).

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures $5 \times 5 \times 7$ points within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

For 5 GHz band – Same as above except the Zoom Scan measures 8 x 8 x 8 points.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a onedimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

7 PROCEDURE USED TO ESTABLISH TEST SIGNAL

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test. The following setting is used to prepare the EUT in GSM850/1900MHz bands for the SAR test. Agilent 8960 series 10 E5515C, Wireless Communication Test Set is used to control the EUT and measure the output power.

The following setting was used to establish the signal.

System Config:	GSM/GPRS Mo E1968A	obile Test A.06.31
Call Parms:	ВСН → ТСН →	Cell Band: GSM850/PCS Traffic Band: GSM850/PCS Traffic Channel: 128/192/251 or 512/661/810 MS Tx Level: 3 (33dBm) for cell band; 3 (30 dBm) for PCS band MultiSlot Config: 2up, 3down
	PDTCH ->	Traffic Band: GSM850/PCS Traffic Channel: 128/192/251 or 512/661/810 MS Tx Level: 6 (27dBm) for cell band; 5 (26 dBm) for PCS band Coding Scheme: CS-4 MultiSlot Config: 2up, 3down
Control:	Active Cell ->	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS

GSM850, GPRS						
Channel	Frequency	Power				
	(MHz)	(dBm)				
128	824.2	32.15				
192	837.0	32.20				
251	848.8	32.12				

GSM1900, GPRS

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
512	1850.2	29.76
661	1880.0	29.69
810	1909.8	29.24

GSM850, EGPRS

<u> </u>		
Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
128	824.2	27.89
192	837.0	27.73
251	848.8	27.70

GSM1900, EGPRS

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
512	1850.2	27.53
661	1880.0	27.42
810	1909.8	27.43

The following settings were used to configure the Wireless Communications Test Set, Agilent 8960 Series 10, E5515C.

Application: WCDMA Mobile Test

Channel Type: 12.2k RMC

Paging Service: RB Test Mode

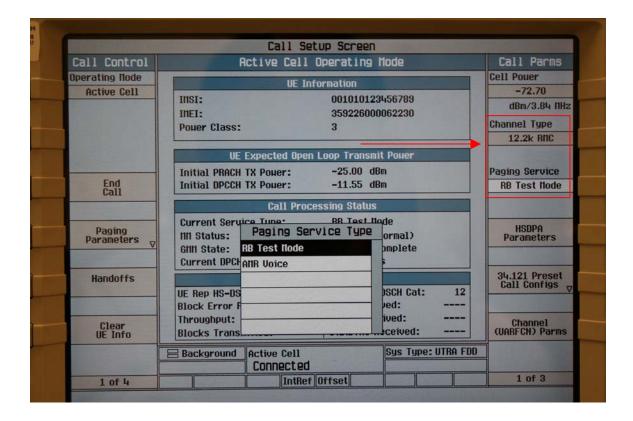
DL DTCH Data: All Ones

UL CL Power Ctrl Parameters: All Up bits

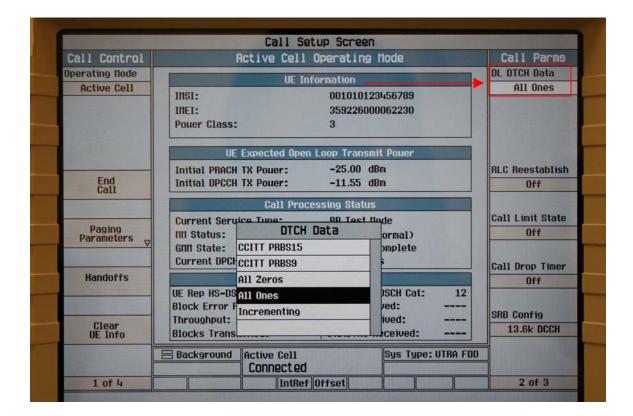
	System Co	onfig Screen	
Control	Configura	tion Summary	Utilities
Instrument Setup	The second	nt Information Nobile Test	Nessage Log
Format Suitch ⊽	Format: UCDIA GPIB Address: 14 Lan IP Address: 130.29. Subnet Ilask: 255.255	A.09.06 189.33	
Application Selection	Default Gateway: Last Calibration: 29 Jun Serial Number: GB4616	2006	
A STREET WAR	Options Installed	License Status	License Status Detail
RF IN/OUT Amptd Offset	002 RF Source 2 003 Flexible Radio Link	WCDMA TA L WCDMA Video Call N HSDPA Test Modes L Fast Device Tune N	
RF Output Port			
RF In/Out		F10 Lists All Applications	AL PLATING
	Background Active Cell Connected	Sys Type: UTRA FDD	
1 of 2		Offset	1 of 2

Channel Type: 12.2k RMC

Paging Service: RB Test Mode



DL DTCH Data: All Ones



UL CL Power Ctrl Parameters: All Up bits

	Call Setup Screen		
Call Control	Active Cell Operating M	ode	Call Parms
	UE Information		UE Target Pouer
	Inst: 0010101234 InE1: 3592260000 Pouer Class: 3		-5 dBm
	UE Expected Open Loop Transmit Initial PRACH TX Pouer: -25.00 dBn Initial DPCCH TX Pouer: -11.55 dBn	1	Ctrl Parameters,
	UL CL Power Ctrl Parameters UL CL Power Ctrl Mode	Value All Up bits	
	UL CL Pouer Ctrl Algorithm	Тио	Send Step Up TPC Bit Pattern
			Send Step Doun TPC Bit Pattern
Close Menu			Receiver Control
	Background Active Cell Connected	Sys Type: UTRA FDD	
in the second	IntRef Offset	REDSCHOOL DISCONTINUES IN THE RESERVE	3 of 3

Conducted powers were measured prior to SAR measurement:

W-CDMA850

The cable assembly insertion loss of 8.30 dB (including 8.0 dB pad and 0.3 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

Channel	Freauencv (MHz)	Power (dBm)
4132	826.40	23.88
4182	836.40	23.94
4233	846.60	23.91

W-CDMA1900

The cable assembly insertion loss of 8.47 dB (including 8 dB pad and 0.3 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

Channel	Freauencv (MHz)	Power (dBm)
9262	1852.40	23.95
9400	1880.00	23.19
9538	1907.60	23.90

8 SAR MEASURMENT RESULTS

8.1 CELL BAND

8.1.1 EDGE POSITION – PRIMARY PORTRAIT

The highest reported SAR value at this configuration is: 0.183 W/kg (GSM GPRS mode, channel 192, 837 MHz), please see CCS SAR Report 06U10631-3 (WWAN) and 06U10634-4 (WLAN).



Module	Mode	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g)	Total SAR ³ 1g (mW/g)
WWAN	GPRS	837	0.183	0.000	0.183	N/A
	b	2437	0.355	-0.071	0.361	0.544
	g	2437	0.293	-0.137	0.302	0.485
	HT20	2437	0.327	-0.124	0.336	0.519
	HT40	2437	0.246	0.000	0.246	0.429
WLAN	а	5260	0.148	0.000	0.148	0.331
WLAN	HT20	5260	0.677	-0.008	0.678	0.861
	HT40	5260	0.615	0.000	0.615	0.798
	а	5785	0.178	0.000	0.178	0.361
	HT20	5785	0.153	0.000	0.153	0.336
	HT40	5785	0.189	0.000	0.189	0.372

Notes:

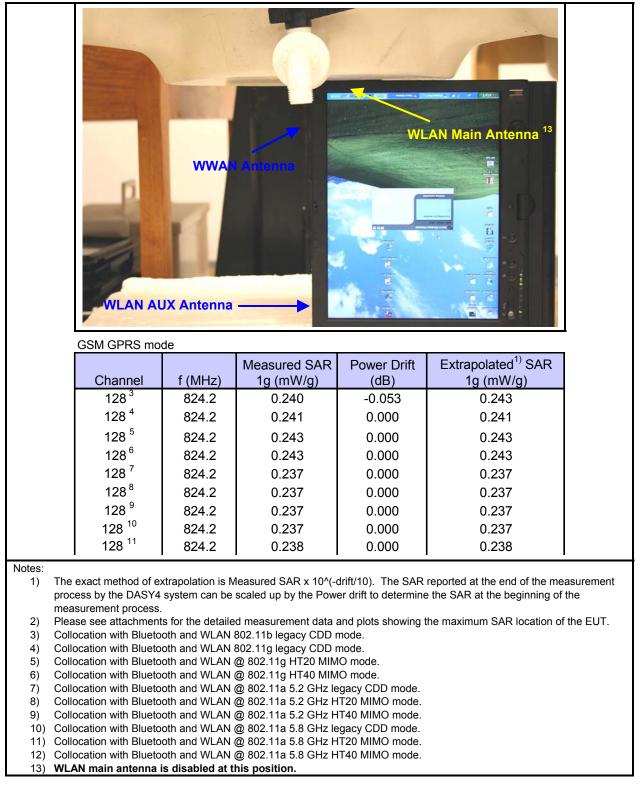
 The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.

2) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

3) Total SAR is evaluated with sum of the SAR values from each band frequency.

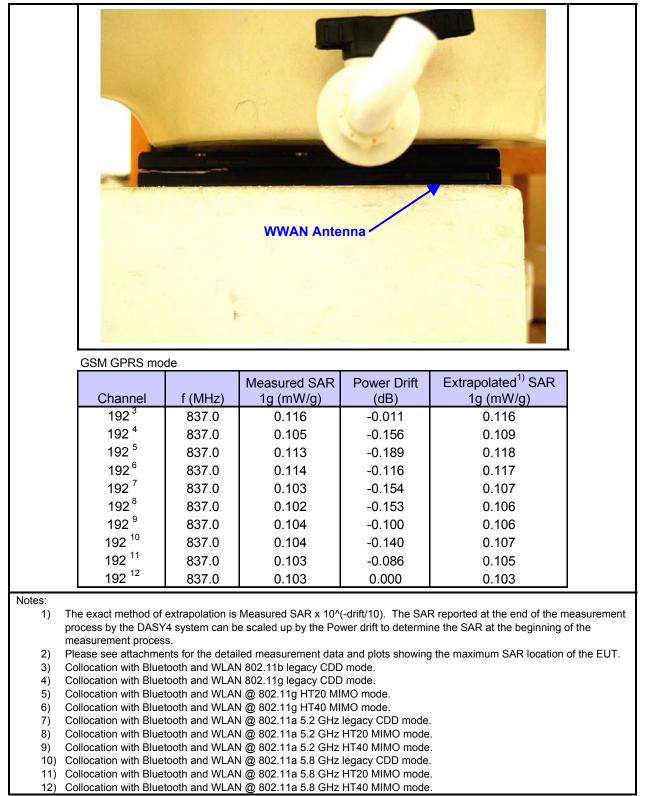
8.1.2 EDGE POSITION – SECONDARY PORTRIAT

The highest reported SAR value at this configuration is: 0.285 W/kg (GSM GPRS mode, channel 128, 824.2 MHz), please see CCS SAR Report 06U10631-3.



8.1.3 LAP HELD POSITION

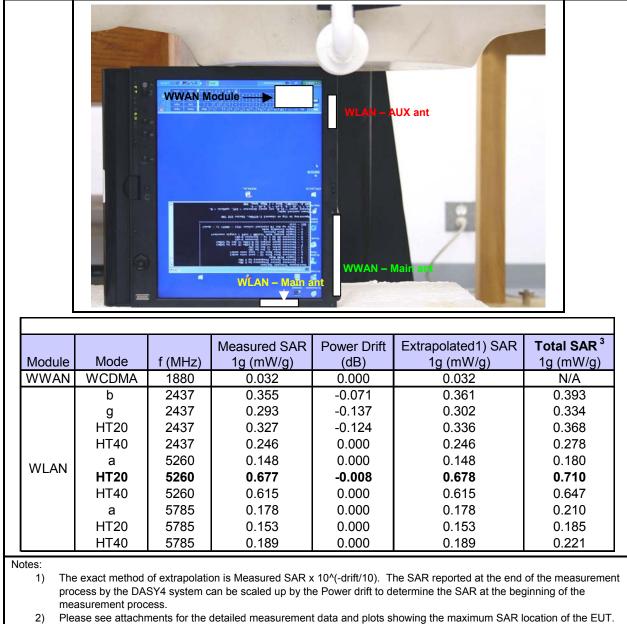
The highest reported SAR value at this configuration is: 0.122 W/kg (GSM GPRS mode, channel 192, 837 MHz), please see CCS SAR Report 06U10631-3.



8.2 PCS BAND

8.2.1 EDGE POSITION – PRIMARY PORTRAIT

The highest reported SAR value at this configuration is: 0.032 W/kg (WCDMA mode, channel 9400, 1880 MHz), please see CCS SAR Report 06U10631-3 (WWAN) and 06U10634-4 (WLAN).



3) Total SAR is evaluated with sum of the SAR values from each band frequency.

8.2.2 LCD EDGE POSITION – SECONDARY PORTRIAT

The highest reported SAR value at this configuration is: 0.129 W/kg (WCDMA mode, channel 9400, 1880 MHz), please see CCS SAR Report 06U10631-3.

VIWAN Antenna VIWAN Antenna VIAN Automa							
	WCDMA						
	Charact	£ (NALI_)	Measured SAR	Power Drift	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR		
	Channel 9538 ³	f (MHz) 1907.6	1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g) 0.148		
	9538 9538 ⁴	1907.6 1907.6	0.148 0.150	0.000 0.000	0.148		
	9538 ⁵						
	9538 ⁶ 9538 ⁶	1907.6	0.153	0.000	0.153		
	9538 ⁷ 9538 ⁷	1907.6 1007.6	0.148	0.000	0.148		
	9538 ⁸	1907.6	0.149	0.000	0.149		
	9538 ⁹ 9538 ⁹	1907.6	0.150	0.000	0.150		
	9538 ⁻¹⁰ 9538 ⁻¹⁰	1907.6	0.152	0.000	0.152		
	9538 9538 ¹¹	1907.6 1907.6	0.150 0.150	0.000 0.000	0.150 0.150		
	9538 ¹²	1907.6 1907.6	0.150	0.000	0.155		
Netoci	9000	1907.0	0.100	0.000	0.100]	
 Notes: 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10[^](-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. 2) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT. 3) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11b legacy CDD mode. 4) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g legacy CDD mode. 5) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11g HT20 MIMO mode. 6) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11g HT20 MIMO mode. 7) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz legacy CDD mode. 8) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz legacy CDD mode. 9) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz legacy CDD mode. 10) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz legacy CDD mode. 11) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT20 MIMO mode. 12) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT20 MIMO mode. 13) WLAN main antenna is disabled at this position. 							

8.2.3 LAP HELD POSITION

The highest reported SAR value at this configuration is: 0.358 W/kg (WCDMA mode, channel 9262, 1852.4 MHz), please see CCS SAR Report 06U10631-3.

	WWAN Antenna							
	GSM GPRS					1]		
			Measured SAR	Power Drift	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR			
	Channel	f (MHz)	1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g)			
	9262 ³	1852.4	0.318	0.000	0.318			
	9262 ⁴	1852.4	0.307	-0.114	0.315			
	9262 ⁵	1852.4	0.298	-0.075	0.303			
	9262 ⁶	1852.4	0.296	0.000	0.296			
	9262 ⁷	1852.4	0.296	0.000	0.296			
	9262 ⁸	1852.4	0.294	0.000	0.294			
	9262 ⁹	1852.4	0.292	0.000	0.292			
	9262 ¹⁰	1852.4	0.293	0.000	0.293			
	9262 ¹¹	1852.4	0.292	0.000	0.292			
	9262 ¹²	1852.4	0.290	0.000	0.290			
1) Th pro- me 2) Ple 3) Co 4) Co 5) Co 6) Co 7) Co 8) Co 9) Co 10) Co	 process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11b legacy CDD mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g legacy CDD mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11g HT20 MIMO mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11g HT40 MIMO mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11g HT40 MIMO mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz legacy CDD mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT20 MIMO mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT20 MIMO mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT20 MIMO mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT20 MIMO mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT20 MIMO mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT20 MIMO mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT20 MIMO mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT40 MIMO mode. Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN @ 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT40 MIMO mode. 							

9 MEASURMENT UNCERTAINTY

9.1 MEASURMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR 300 MHz - 3000 MHz

Lincortainty component	Tol. (±%)	Probe Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Std. Unc.(±%)	
Uncertainty component						Ui (1g)	Ui(10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	4.80	Ν	1	1	1	4.80	4.80
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	1.92	1.92
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	3.92	3.92
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.71	2.71
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Readout Electronics	1.00	Ν	1	1	1	1.00	1.00
Response Time	0.80	R	1.732	1	1	0.46	0.46
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.50	1.50
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	1.59	R	1.732	1	1	0.92	0.92
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.00	0.00
Probe Positioner Mechnical Tolerance	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.23	0.23
Probe Positioning With Respect to Phantom Shell	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.67	1.67
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for							
max. SAR evaluation	3.90	R	1.732	1	1	2.25	2.25
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	1.10	N	1	1	1	1.10	1.10
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60	Ν	1	1	1	3.60	3.60
Power and SAR Drift Measurement	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.89	2.89
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.31	2.31
Liquid Conductivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24
Liquid Conductivity - Meas.	8.60	N	1	0.64	0.43	5.50	3.70
Liquid Permittivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41
Liquid Permittivity - Meas.	3.30	Ν	1	0.6	0.49	1.98	1.62
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			11.44	10.49
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)			K=2			22.87	20.98
Notesfor table							
1. Tol tolerance in influence quaitity							
2. N - Nomal							
3. R - Rectangular							
4. Div Divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty							

5. Ci - is te sensitivity coefficient

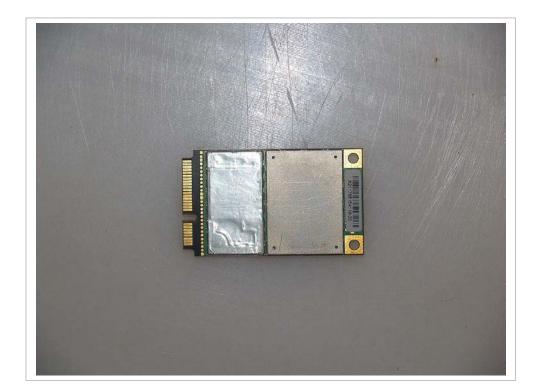
10 EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Cal. Due date
Robot - Six Axes	Stäubli	RX90BL	N/A	N/A
Robot Remote Control	Stäubli	CS7MB	3403-91535	N/A
DASY4 Measurement Server	SPEAG	SEUMS001BA	1041	N/A
Probe Alignment Unit	SPEAG	LB (V2)	261	N/A
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES-6	US39173569	2/9/07
Electronic Probe kit	Hewlett Packard	85070C	N/A	N/A
E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3552	5/30/07
Thermometer	ERTCO	639-1S	1718	1/11/07
SAM Phantom (SAM1)	SPEAG	TP-1185	QD000P40CA	N/A
SAM Phantom (SAM2)	SPEAG	TP-1015	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	558	1/20/07
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d002	1/23/08
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d043	1/29/08
Power Meter	Giga-tronics	8651A	8651404	12/27/06
Power Sensor	Giga-tronics	80701A	1834588	12/27/07
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G	0360	N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	D072701-5	N/A
Radio Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU 200	838114/032	3/21/07
Radio Communication Tester	Agilent	E1968A	GB46160222	1/29/2007
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M835	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M1900	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test

11 PHOTOS

DUT





Laptop mode

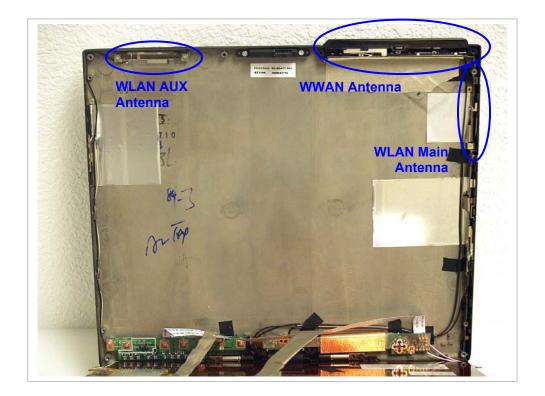


Tablet mode

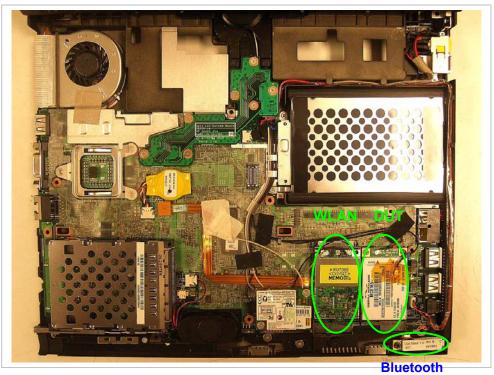


Antenna Location





DUT Location



12 ATTACHMENTS

No.	Contents	No. Of Pages
1	System Performance Check Plots	10
2-1	Co-Tx SAR Test Plots – Cell band	27
2-2	Co-Tx SAR Test Plots – PCS Band	21
3	Certificate of E-Field Probe - EXDV4SN3552	9
4	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D835V2 SN:4d002	9
5	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D1900V2 SN:5d043	9

END OF REPORT