

SAR Evaluation Report

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF FCC OET BULLETIN 65 SUPPLEMENT C IC RSS 102 ISSUE 1 : 1999

FOR

850/900/1800/1900/2100 MHZ 5-BAND MINI CARD MODULE

MODEL: MC8755

FCC ID: N7NMC8755

REPORT NUMBER: 06U10291-1

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Prepared for

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Revision History

Rev.	Issued date	Revisions	Revised By
	May 15, 2006	Initial issue	HS

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

DATES OF TEST: May 10 and 11, 2006							
APPLICANT:	Sierra Wireless, Inc.						
ADDRESS:	13811 Wireless Way Richmond, British Columbia V6V 3A4, Canada						
FCC ID:	N7NMC8755						
MODEL:	MC8755						
DEVICE CATEGORY:	Portable Device						
EXPOSURE CATEGORY:	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure						

850/900/1800/1900/2100 MHz 5-Band Mini Card installed into 14" & 15" R Notes Laptops, which include collocation with WLAN (Gwinette, FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB6).

Note: This device contains 900/1800/2100 MHz bands that are not operational in US territories. This report is applicable to 850 and 1900 MHz bands.

Test Sample is a:	Production unit							
Host Laptops	R Note 14" and 15"							
FCC Rule Parts	Frequency Range [MHz]	The Highest SAR Values [1g_mW/g]	Collocation SAR Values [1g_mW/g]					
22H	824.7-848.31	0.124	0.130					
24E	1851.25-1908.75	0.208	0.218					

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

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1 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DESCRIPTION

850/900/1800/1900/2100 MHz 5-Band Mini Card is installed on 14" & 15" R Notes Laptops, which include collocation with WLAN (Gwinette, FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB6).								
Note: This device contains 900/1800/2100 MHz bands that are not operational in US territories. This report is applicable to 850 and 1900 MHz bands.								
Normal operation: Lap-held position								
Duty cycle: 25% for GPRS mode								
Host Device(s): R Notes 14" and 15"								
Antenna(s)	Tyco Holding (Bermuda) VII Ltd. Dual Meander (Planner Inverted F Antenna)							
Power supply: Power supplied through the laptop computer (host device).								

2 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

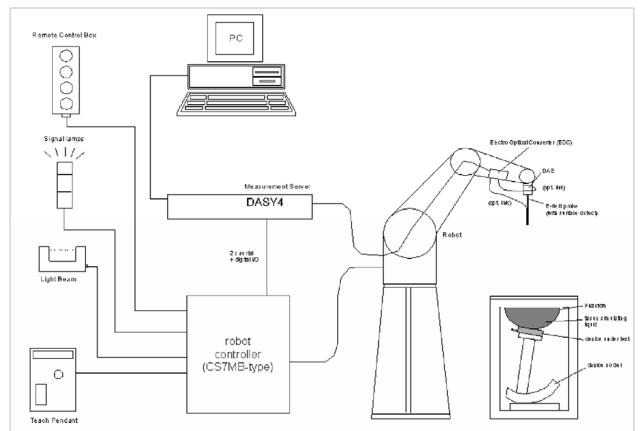
The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."



CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.

No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

3.1 COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR TISSUE SIMULATIG LIQUIDS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients		Frequency (MHz)								
(% by weight)	4	50	83	35	· 9′	15	19	00	2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

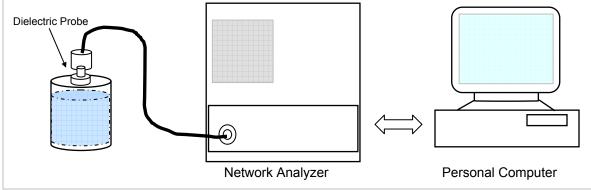
Water: De-ionized, 16 M Ω + resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

4 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETERS CHECK

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within \pm 5% of the values given in the table below.



Set-up for liquid parameters check

Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantom (for 150 – 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz)

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE Standard 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE Standard 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Н	ead	Bo	dy
rarget requency (winz)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	ε _r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	<mark>55.2</mark>	<mark>0.97</mark>
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	<mark>53.3</mark>	<mark>1.52</mark>
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)

4.1 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETER CHECK RESULT

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 835 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

S	imulating Liqu	uid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)			raiget	Medodred	Deviation (70)	Ennic (70)
835	22	15	с"	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	55.2	53.0240	-3.94	± 5
		10	20.6652	Conductivity (o):	0.97	0.95994	-1.04	± 5
Liquid Che	eck							
	•		g. C; Liqu	id temperature: 22.0 d	deg C			
May 11, 20								
Frequency		e'		e"				
80000000	0.	53.3	523	20.7887				
80500000	0.	53.30	046	20.7965				
81000000	0.	53.24	440	20.7639				
81500000	0.	53.24	450	20.7603				
82000000	0.	53.18	346	20.7226				
82500000	0.	53.10)24	20.6986				
83000000	0.	53.03	397	20.6792				
83500000	0.	53.02	240	20.6652				
84000000	0.	52.96	668	20.6551				
84500000	0.	52.88	371	20.6100				
85000000	0.	52.82	261	20.6128				
85500000	0.	52.79	913	20.5955				
86000000	0.	52.73	373	20.5530				
86500000	0.	52.6	537	20.5434				
87000000	0.	52.6	158	20.5385				
87500000	0.	52.54	497	20.5124				
88000000	0.	52.52	262	20.5129				
88500000	0.	52.4	564	20.4993				
89000000		52.42		20.4717				
89500000		52.40		20.4713				
90000000		52.30		20.4362				
The condu	ıctivity (σ)	can be giv	en as:					
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta} \mathbf{e}$	"=2πfε	₀e″						
where $f =$								
E Ø =	= 8.854 * 1	0 ⁻¹²						

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 1900 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

S	Simulating Liqu			Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)			Ŭ			. ,
1900	22	15	с"	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	53.3	51.1477	-4.04	± 5
			14.0222	Conductivity (σ):	1.52	1.48214	-2.49	± 5
Liquid Che	eck							
•		e: 23.0 deg	g. C; Liqu	id temperature: 22.0 (deg C			
May 10, 20	006 08:41	AM			-			
Frequency	/	e'		e"				
17100000	00.	51.83	338	13.3331				
17200000	00.	51.79	983	13.3717				
17300000	00.	51.7	701	13.4079				
17400000	00.	51.70	081	13.4393				
17500000	00.	51.6	788	13.4909				
17600000	00.	51.64	412	13.5209				
17700000	00.	51.60	082	13.5757				
17800000		51.54	487 13.5956					
17900000		51.52						
18000000		51.50						
18100000		51.40		13.7057				
18200000		51.43		13.7374				
18300000		51.38		13.7614				
18400000		51.34		13.8032				
18500000		51.3 ⁻		13.8516				
18600000		51.28		13.8785				
18700000		51.22		13.9285				
18800000		51.20		13.9671				
18900000		51.10		13.9888				
<mark>19000000</mark>		51.14		14.0222				
19100000	00.	51.09	973	14.0565				
The condu	ıctivity (σ)	can be giv	en as:					
	,	Ū.						
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta} e$	•							
where f =								
E Ø =	= 8.854 * 10	0-12						

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 1900 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

	Simulating Liquid			Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)						_
1900	22	15	с"	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	53.3	51.3488	-3.66	± 5
			14.3431	Conductivity (σ):	1.52	1.51606	-0.26	± 5
Liquid Che	eck							
Ambient te	emperature	e: 23.0 deg	g. C; Liqu	id temperature: 22 de	eg C			
May 11, 20	006 10:06	AM						
Frequency	/	e'		e"				
17100000	00.	52.12	213	13.6194				
17200000	00.	52.07	781	13.6332				
17300000	00.	52.03	367	13.6603				
17400000	00.	51.98	313	13.6987				
17500000	00.	51.93	346	13.7628				
17600000	00.	51.87	782	13.8207				
17700000	00.	51.82	235	13.8954				
17800000	00.	51.77	766 13.9246					
17900000	00.	51.76	524	13.9734				
18000000	00.	51.74	459	13.9956				
18100000	00.	51.69	994	14.0180				
18200000	00.	51.68	308	14.0207				
18300000	00.	51.65	547	14.0335				
18400000	00.	51.62	258	14.0702				
18500000	00.	51.58	353	14.1242				
18600000	00.	51.52	281	14.1892				
18700000	00.	51.44	496	14.2271				
18800000	00.	51.40)58	14.2779				
18900000	00.	51.36	558	14.3187				
19000000	00.	51.34	488	14.3431				
19100000	00.	51.30	019	14.3835				
The condu	ıctivity (σ)	can be giv	en as:					
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta} e^{2}$	"=2πfε	<i>₀</i> e″						
where $f =$								
E _{()} =	= 8.854 * 10	J''						

5 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV3-SN: 3531 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole. For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5 x 5 x 7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=7.5mm; dz=5mm).
 For 5 GHz band Special 8x8x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=4.3mm; dz=3mm)
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 4 mm.
 For 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.0mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR Values for body-tissue

In the table below, the numerical reference SAR values of a SPEAG validation dipoles placed below the flat phantom filled with body-tissue simulating liquid are given. The reference SAR values were calculated using the finite-difference time-domain method and the geometry parameters.

Dipole Type	Distance (mm)	Frequency (MHz)	SAR (1g) [W/kg]	SAR (10g) [W/kg]	SAR (peak) [W/kg]
D450V2	15	450	5.01	3.36	7.22
D835V2	15	835	<mark>9.71</mark>	<mark>6.38</mark>	14.1
D900V2	15	900	11.1	7.17	16.3
D1450V2	10	1450	29.6	16.6	49.8
D1800V2	10	1800	38.5	20.3	67.5
D1900V2	10	1900	<mark>39.8</mark>	<mark>20.8</mark>	69.6
D2000V2	10	2000	40.9	21.2	71.5
D2450V2	10	2450	51.2	23.7	97.6

Note: All SAR values normalized to 1 W forward power.

5.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

System Validation Dipole: D835V2 SN:4d002

Date: May 11, 2006

Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body	Body Simulating Liquid Mrasur		Mrasured	Target .	Doviation[%]	Limit [%]	
f(MHz)	Temp.[°C]	Depth [cm]	1 g	Normalized to 1 W	Target_1g	arget_1g Deviation[%]	
			2.43	9.72	9.71	0.10	± 10
835	22	15	10g	Normalized to 1 W	Target_10g	Deviation[%]	Limit [%]
			1.6	6.4	6.38	0.31	± 10

System Validation Dipole: D1900V2 SN:5d043

Date: May 10, 2006

Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body	ly Simulating Liquid Mra			Mrasured		Deviation[%]	Limit [%]
f(MHz)	Temp.[°C]	Depth [cm]	1 g	Normalized to 1 W	Target_ _{1g}	Deviation[%]	L IIII IL [%]
			10.20	40.8	39.8	2.51	± 10
1900	22	15	10g	Normalized to 1 W	Target_10g	Deviation[%]	Limit [%]
			5.36	21.44	20.8	3.08	± 10

Date: May 11, 2006

Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Body	Body Simulating Liquid Mrasured		Mrasured		Mrasured		Target_1g	Deviation[%]	Limit [%]
f(MHz)	Temp.[蚓]	Depth [cm]	1 g	Normalized to 1 W	Target_1g	Deviation[%]			
			10.40	41.6	39.8	4.52	? 10		
1900	22	15	10g	Normalized to 1 W	Target_10g	Deviation[%]	Limit [%]		
			5.49	21.96	20.8	5.58	? 10		

6 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE

A summary of the procedure follows:

- a) A measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location is used as a reference value for assessing the power drop of the EUT. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test, and then again at the end of the test.
- b) The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 15 mm x 15 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

For 5 GHz band - The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 2.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

c) Around this point, a volume of X=Y= 30 and Z=21 mm is assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

For 5 GHz band - Around this point, a volume of X=Y=Z=30 mm is assessed by measuring 8 x 8 x 8 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

- (i) The data at the surface are extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order is calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- (ii) The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g and 10 g) are computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"- condition (in x, y and z-direction). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) are interpolated to calculate the averages.
- (iii) All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.
- (iv) The SAR value at the same location as in Step (a) is again measured to evaluate the actual power drift.

6.1 DASY4 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 1.2 mm for an EX3DV3 probe type).

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures $5 \times 5 \times 7$ points within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

For 5 GHz band – Same as above except the Zoom Scan measures 8 x 8 x 8 points.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a onedimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

7 PROCEDURE USED TO ESTABLISH TEST SIGNAL

The manufacturer supplied a special driving program (Procomm Plus) by using the following commands to turn the transmitter on and change the channels and bands:

MC8755_TX_GSM850_xxx

MC8755_TX_EDGE850_xxx

MC8755_TX_GSM1900_xxx

MC8755_TX_EDGE1900_xxx

Conducted powers were measured prior to SAR measurement.

GSM850 [GPRS Class: Class 10 (2 slot)]

The cable assembly insertion loss of 10.58 dB (including 9.81 dB pad and 0.77dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

GPRS mode

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
128	824.2	31.82
192	837.0	31.91
251	848.8	32.07

EGPRS (EDGE) mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
128	824.2	26.84
192	837.0	26.67
251	848.8	26.64

GSM1900 [GPRS Class: Class 10 (2 slot)]

The cable assembly insertion loss of 10.7 dB (including 10.02 dB pad and 0.86 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

GPRS mode

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
512	1850.20	28.92
661	1880.00	29.87
810	1909.80	29.04

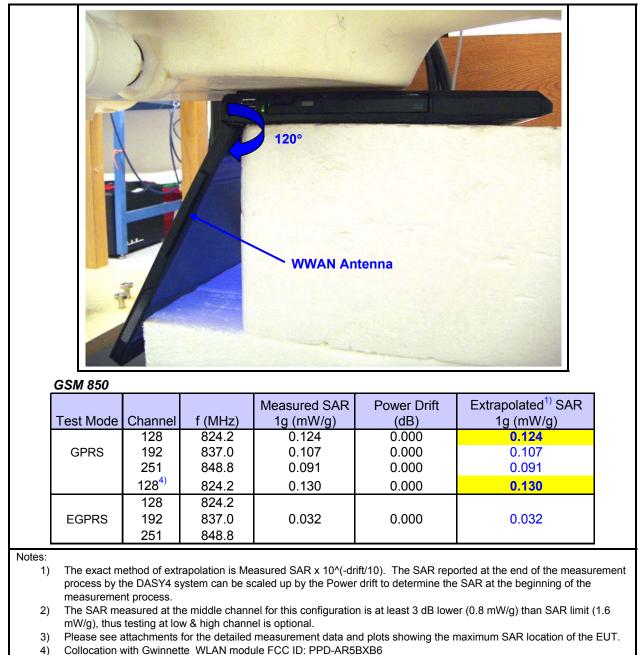
EGPRS (EDGE) mode

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
512	1850.20	26.11
661	1880.00	26.02
810	1909.80	25.87

8 SAR MEASURMENT RESULTS

This device contains 900/1800/2100 MHz bands that are not operational in US territories. This report is applicable to 850 and 1900 MHz bands.

8.1 R NOTE 14"





GSM 1900

			Measured SAR	Power Drift	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR
Test Mode	Channel	f (MHz)	1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g)
	512	1850.2	0.208	0.000	0.208
GPRS	661	1880.0	0.170	0.000	0.170
	810	1909.8	0.114	0.000	0.114
	512 ⁴⁾	1850.2	0.213	0.000	0.213
	512	1850.2			
EGPRS	661	1880.0	0.091	0.000	0.091
	810	1909.8			

Notes:

 The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.

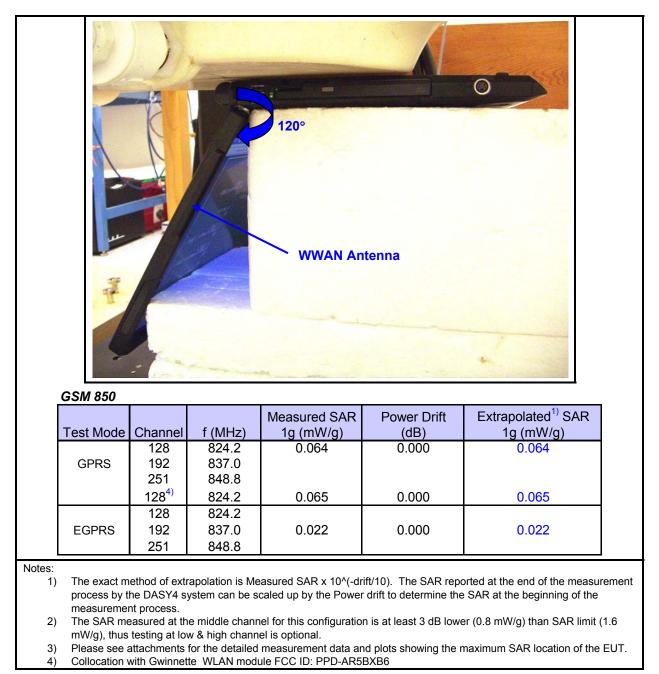
2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.

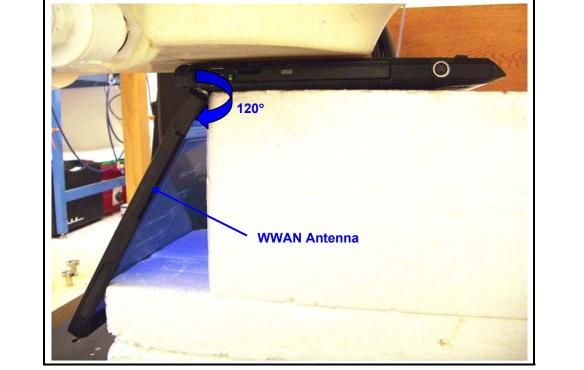
3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

4) Collocation with Gwinnette WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB6

8.2 R NOTE 15"

Spot check is performed based on the worst results from the R Note 14".





GSM 1900

			Measured SAR	Power Drift	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR
Test Mode	Channel	f (MHz)	1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g)
	512	1850.2	0.075	0.000	0.075
GPRS	661	1880.0			
	810	1909.8			
	512 ⁴⁾	1850.2	0.080	0.000	0.080
	512	1850.2			
EGPRS	661	1880.0	0.026	0.000	0.026
	810	1909.8			

Notes:

 The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.

2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.

3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

4) Collocation with Gwinnette WLAN module FCC ID: PPD-AR5BXB6

9 **MEASURMENT UNCERTAINTY**

9.1 **MEASURMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR 300 MHz - 3000 MHz**

Uncertainty component		Probe	Div.	$Ci(1\sigma)$	Ci (10cr)	Std. Ur	າc.(±%)
Uncertainty component	Tol. (±%)	Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Ui (1g)	Ui(10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	4.80	Ν	1	1	1	4.80	4.80
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	1.92	1.92
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	3.92	3.92
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.71	2.71
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Readout Electronics	1.00	Ν	1	1	1	1.00	1.00
Response Time	0.80	R	1.732	1	1	0.46	0.46
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.50	1.50
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	1.59	R	1.732	1	1	0.92	0.92
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.00	0.00
Probe Positioner Mechnical Tolerance	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.23	0.23
Probe Positioning With Respect to Phantom Shell	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.67	1.67
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for							
max. SAR evaluation	3.90	R	1.732	1	1	2.25	2.25
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	1.10	Ν	1	1	1	1.10	1.10
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.60	3.60
Power and SAR Drift Measurement	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.89	2.89
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.31	2.31
Liquid Conductivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24
Liquid Conductivity - Meas.	8.60	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	5.50	3.70
Liquid Permittivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41
Liquid Permittivity - Meas.	3.30	Ν	1	0.6	0.49	1.98	1.62
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			11.44	10.49
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)			K=2			22.87	20.98
Notesfor table	•						•
1. Tol tolerance in influence quaitity							
2. N - Nomal							
3. R - Rectangular							
4. Div Divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty							

5. Ci - is te sensitivity coefficient

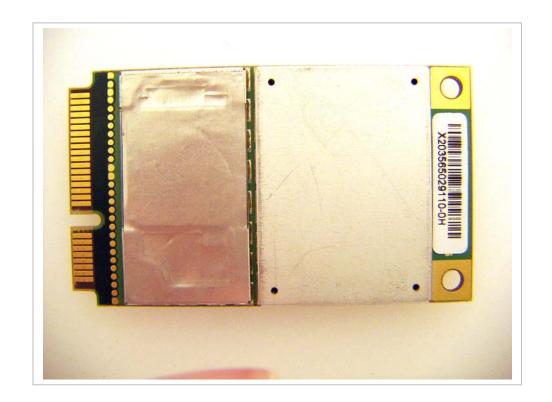
10 EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Cal. Due date
Robot - Six Axes	Stäubli	RX90BL	N/A	N/A
Robot Remote Control	Stäubli	CS7MB	3403-91535	N/A
DASY4 Measurement Server	SPEAG	SEUMS001BA	1041	N/A
Probe Alignment Unit	SPEAG	LB (V2)	261	N/A
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES-6	US39173569	2/9/07
Electronic Probe kit	Hewlett Packard	85070C	N/A	N/A
E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV3	3531	7/21/06
Thermometer	ERTCO	639-1S	1718	1/11/07
SAM Phantom (SAM1)	SPEAG	TP-1185	QD000P40CA	N/A
SAM Phantom (SAM2)	SPEAG	TP-1015	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	558	1/20/07
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d002	1/23/08
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d043	1/29/08
Power Meter	Giga-tronics	8651A	8651404	12/27/06
Power Sensor	Giga-tronics	80701A	1834588	12/27/07
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	D072701-5	N/A
Radio Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU 200	838114/032	3/21/07
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M835	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M1900	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test

11 PHOTOS

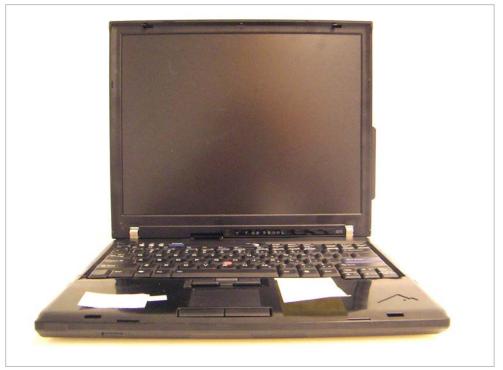
EUT





Host Laptops

R Note 14"

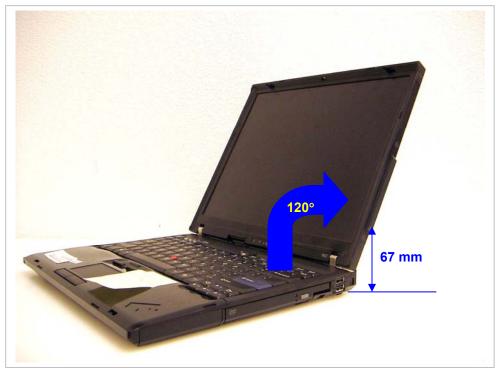


R Note 15"

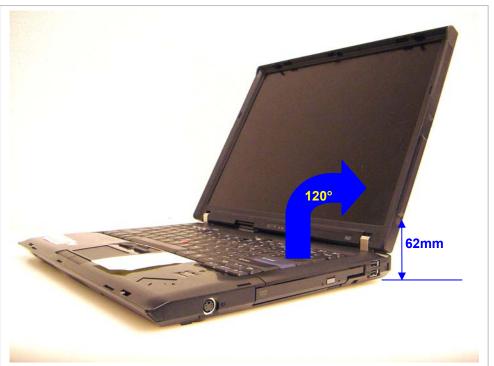


Lap Held Position (normal position)

R Note 14"

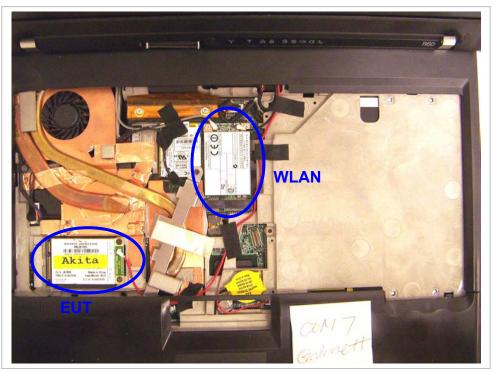


R Note 15"

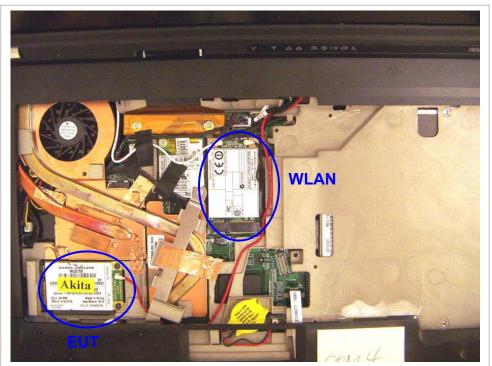


EUT Location in Host Laptops

R Note 14"



R Note 15"



Antenna Location

R Note 14"





12 ATTACHMENTS

No.	Contents	No. Of Pages
1	System Performance Check Plots	6
2-1	SAR Test Plots-14 inch	12
2-2	SAR Test Plots-15 inch	8
3	Certificate of E-Field Probe - EX3DV3SN3531	10
4	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D835V2 SN:4d002	9
5	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D1900V2 SN:5d043	9

END OF REPORT