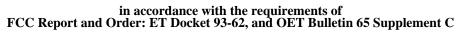


Report No.: T101210003-SF FCC ID: N7NMC8355-L

Date of Issue: January 19, 2011

IC: 2417C-MC8355

ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 / RSS-102





IC Report and Order: SSI/DRB-TP-D01-030

FCC/IC TEST REPORT

For

MC8355 WWAN PCI Express Mini card tested inside of Lenovo Laptop PC Model: TP00019A

Trade Name: Sierra Wireless

Model: MC8355 FCC ID: N7NMC8355-L IC: 2417C-MC8355

Issued to

Sierra Wireless Incorporated 13811 Wireless Way, Richmond, BC, V6V 3A4 Canada

Issued by

Compliance Certification Services Inc.
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1. CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

Applicant: Sierra Wireless Incorporated

13811 Wireless Way, Richmond, BC, V6V 3A4 Canada

Date of Issue: January 19, 2011

Equipment Under Test: MC8355 WWAN PCI Express Mini card

Trade Name: Sierra Wireless

Model Number: MC8355

Date of Test: December 27, 2010 ~ March 13, 2011

Device Category: PORTABLE DEVICES

Exposure Category: GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE

APPLICABLE STANDARDS							
STANDARD							
FCC	FCC OET 65 Supplement C						
IC	IC RSS-102						
Deviation	n from Applicable Standard						
	None						
	TEST RESULT						
No non-compliance noted							

The device was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01). The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

The device was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IC RSS-102. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Approved by: Tested by:

Rex Lai Anson Lu Section Manager Test Engineer

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

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Date of Issue: January 19, 2011

2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product	MC8355 WWAN PCI Express Mini card
Trade Name	Sierra Wireless
Model Number	MC8355
Model Discrepancy	N/A
FCC ID and	FCC ID: N7NMC8355-L
IC Certification Number	IC: 2417C-MC8355
Host Equipment	Lenovo Laptop PC, Model: TP00019A
Frequency Range	GPRS/EDGE850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz GPRS/EDGE1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPAband V: 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA band II: 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPAband IV: 1712.4 ~ 1752.6 MHz 1xRTT 850: 824.7 MHz to 848.31 MHz 1xRTT 1900: 1851.25 MHz to1908.75 MHz 1xEVDO 850: 824.7 MHz to 848.31 MHz 1xEVDO 1900: 1851.25 MHz to1908.75 MHz
Max. O/P Power: (Average)	GPRS850: 26.29 dBm / EDGE850: 20.92 dBm GPRS1900: 23.18 dBm / EDGE1900: 19.83 dBm WCDMA band V: 23.91 dBm HSDPA band V: 23.43 dBm / HSUPA band V: 23.19 dBm WCDMA band IV: 24.57 dBm HSDPA band IV: 24.09 dBm / HSUPA band IV: 24.34 dBm WCDMA band II: 24.13 dBm HSDPA band II: 23.54 dBm / HSUPA band II: 23.21 dBm 1xRTT 850: 23.79 dBm / 1xRTT 1900: 23.88 dBm 1xEVDO Rel0 850: 23.64 dBm / 1xEVDO Rel0 1900: 23.73 dBm 1xEVDO RelA 850: 23.87 dBm / 1xEVDO RelA 1900: 23.94 dBm
Max. SAR (1g):	GPRS850: 0.715 W/kg / EDGE850: 0.258 W/kg GPRS1900: 1.090 W/kg / EDGE1900: 0.341 W/kg WCDMA band V: 0.697 W/kg HSDPA band V: 0.465 W/kg / HSUPA band V: 0.502 W/kg WCDMA band IV: 1.170 W/kg HSDPA band IV: 1.070 W/kg / HSUPA band IV: 1.100 W/kg WCDMA band II: 1.290 W/kg HSDPA band II: 1.290 W/kg HSDPA band II: 1.100 W/kg / HSUPA band II: 1.020 W/kg 1xRTT 850: 0.430 W/kg / 1xRTT 1900:1.290 W/kg 1xEVDO Rel 0 850: 0.453 W/kg / 1xEVDO Rel 0 1900: 1.260 W/kg 1xEVDO Rev A 850: 0.587 W/kg / 1xEVDO Rev A 1900: 1.250 W/kg
Modulation Technique	GPRS: GMSK / WCDMA: QPSK
Antenna Specification	Antenna type: WWAN main antenna: PIFA antenna WWAN aux antenna: PIFA antenna
Battery	1) model no: 42T4878 2) model no: 42T4882 3) model no: 42T4880 4) model no: 42T4904

Remark: The sample selected for test was prototype that approximated to production product and was provided by manufacturer.

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3. REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED

3.1 REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED BY THE FCC

Date of Issue: January 19, 2011

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996 [1]. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 mW/g for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6]. According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

3.2 REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED BY THE IC

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996 [1]. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 mW/g for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6]. According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

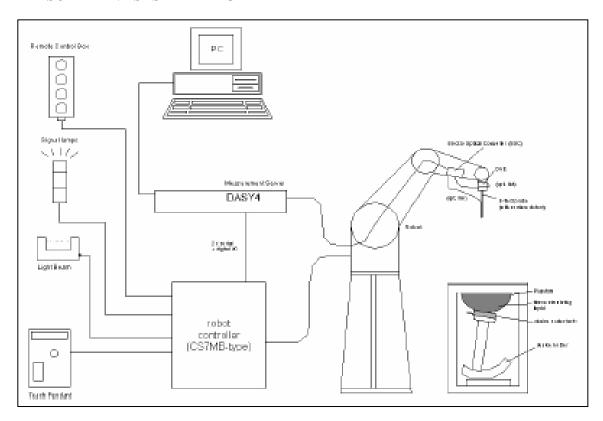
4. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4/DAST5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m) which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than \pm 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4-SN: 3665 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure with accuracy of better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528 and EN50361.

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4.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM DIAGRAM



The DASY4/DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (St¨aubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4/DAST5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.

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4.2 SYSTEM COMPONENTS

DASY4/DASY5 Measurement Server



The DASY4/DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 166MHz low-power Pentium, 32MB chip disk and 64MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE3 electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY4/DASY5 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.



The PC-operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with two expansion slots which are reserved for future applications. Please note that the expansion slots do not have a standardized pinout and therefore only the expansion cards provided by SPEAG can be inserted. Expansion cards from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server. Calibration: No calibration required.

Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



EX3DV4 Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements

Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration: Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-3000 MHz.

Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800

CF-Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request.

Frequency: 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity: ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

 \pm 0.5 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range: $10 \ \mu W/g \ to > 100 \ mW/g$; Linearity: $\pm \ 0.2 \ dB$

(noise: typically $< 1 \mu W/g$)



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Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Report No.: T101210003-SF Date of Issue: January 19, 2011

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

Application: High precision dosimetric measurements in any

exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with

precision of better 30%.



Interior of probe

SAM Phantom (V4.0)

Construction: The shell corresponds to the specifications of

the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-200X, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

Shell Thickness: $2 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ **Filling Volume:** Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: Height: 810mm; Length: 1000mm; Width:

500mm

SAM Phantom (ELI4) Description

Construction: Phantom for compliance testing of handheld

and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4/DASY5.5 and higher and is compatible with all SPEAG

dosimetric probes and dipoles

Shell Thickness: 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: Major ellipse axis: 600 mm

Minor axis: 400 mm 500mm





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Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

Construction: In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0 or Twin SAM, the Mounting

Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different

phantom locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).



System Validation Kits for SAM Phantom (V4.0)

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun Enables measurement of

feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance

holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 450, 900, 1800, 2450, 5800 MHz **Return loss:** > 20 dB at specified validation position **Power capability:** > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

Dimensions: D450V2: dipole length: 270 mm; overall height: 330 mm

D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm D900V2: dipole length: 148.5 mm; overall height: 340 mm D1800V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm D1900V3: dipole length: 67.0 mm; overall height: 300 mm D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300 mm



System Validation Kits for ELI4 phantom

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun Enables measurement of

feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance

holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 450, 900, 1800, 2450, 5800 MHz

Return loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position **Power capability:** > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

Dimensions: D450V2: dipole length: 270 mm; overall height: 330 mm

D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm D900V2: dipole length: 148.5 mm; overall height: 340 mm D1800V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm D1900V3: dipole length: 67.0 mm; overall height: 300 mm D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300 mm



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5. EVALUATION PROCEDURES

DATA EVALUATION

The DASY4/DAST5 post processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}

Conversion factor ConvF_i
 Diode compression point dcp_i

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

- Density ho

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp_i = Diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \bullet ConvF}}$$

H-field probes:
$$H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$$

with V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $Norm_i$ = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E0field Probes

ConvF = Sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = Carrier frequency (GHz)

Ei = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m Hi = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

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The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

 H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

• Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

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Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4/DAST5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to **15 mm by 15 mm** and can be edited by a user.

Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures 7x7x9 points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

• Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY4/DAST5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

• Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.

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SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1529 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g.

The DASY4/DAST5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- · maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x9 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 441 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

Boundary effect

For measurements in the immediate vicinity of a phantom surface, the field coupling effects between the probe and the boundary influence the probe characteristics. Boundary effect errors of different dosimetric probe types have been analyzed by measurements and using a numerical probe model. As expected, both methods showed an enhanced sensitivity in the immediate vicinity of the boundary. The effect strongly depends on the probe dimensions and disappears with increasing distance from the boundary. The sensitivity can be approximately given as:

$$S \approx S_o + S_b exp(-\frac{z}{a})cos(\pi \frac{z}{\lambda})$$

Since the decay of the boundary effect dominates for small probes (a $<<\lambda$), the cos-term can be omitted. Factors Sb (parameter Alpha in the DASY4/DAST5 software) and a (parameter Delta in the DASY4/DAST5 software) are assessed during probe calibration and used for numerical compensation of the boundary effect. Several simulations and measurements have confirmed that the compensation is valid for different field and boundary configurations.

This simple compensation procedure can largely reduce the probe uncertainty near boundaries. It works well as long as:

- the boundary curvature is small
- the probe axis is angled less than 30_ to the boundary normal
- the distance between probe and boundary is larger than 25% of the probe diameter
- the probe is symmetric (all sensors have the same offset from the probe tip)

Since all of these requirements are fulfilled in a DASY4/DAST5 system, the correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is performed in a fully automated manner via the measurement data extraction during postprocessing.

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6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

DASY4:

UN	CERTAINTY B	UDGE ACCORI	OING TO IE	EEE P152	8	
Error Description	Uncertainty Value ±%	Probability distribution	Divisor	C ₁ 1g	Standard unc.(1g/10g) ±%	V ₁ or V _{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe calibration	±4.8	normal	1	1	±4.8	8
Axial isotropy of probe	±4.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-Cp)^{1/2}$	±1.9	8
Sph. Isotropy of probe	±9.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	±3.9	8
Probe linearity	±4.5	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.7	8
Detection Limit	±0.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.6	8
Boundary effects	±8.5	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±4.8	8
Readoutelectronics	±1.0	normal	1	1	±1.0	8
Response time	±0.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.5	8
Integration time	±1.2	rectangular	√3	1	±0.8	8
Mech Constrains of robot	±0.5	rectangular	√3	1	±0.2	8
Probe positioning	±2.7	rectangular	√3	1	±1.7	8
Extrap. And integration	±4.0	rectangular	√3	1	±2.3	8
RF ambient conditiona	±0.54	rectangular	√3	1	±0.43	8
Test Sample Related						
Device positioning	±2.2	normal	1	1	±2.23	11
Device holder uncertainty	±5	normal	1	1	±5.0	7
Power drift	±5	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.9	8
Phantom and Set up						
Phantom uncertainty	±4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.3	8
Liquid conductivity	±5	rectangular	√3	0.6	±1.7	8
Liquid conductivity	±5	rectangular	√3	0.6	±3.5/1.7	8
Liquid permittivity	±5	rectangular	√3	0.6	±1.7	8
Liquid permittivity	±5	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	±1.7	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty					±12.14/11.76	
Coverage Factor for 95%		kp=2				
Expanded Standard Uncertainty					±24.29/23.51	

Table: Worst-case uncertainty for DASY4 assessed according to IEEE P1528.

The budge is valid for the frequency range 300 MHz to 6G Hz and represents a worst-case analysis.

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Dasy5:

UNCE	RTAINTY B	SUDGE ACCO	PRDING T	O IEEE I	P1528	1
Error Description	Uncertainty Value ±%	Probability distribution	Divisor	C ₁ 1g	Standard unc.(1g/10g) ±%	V ₁ or V _{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe calibration	±5.9	normal	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial isotropy of probe	±4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-Cp)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Sph. Isotropy of probe	±9.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Probe linearity	±4.7	rectangular	√3	1	±2.7	∞
Detection Limit	±1.0	rectangular	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Boundary effects	±1.0	rectangular	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readoutelectronics	±0.3	normal	1	1	±0.3	∞
Response time	±0.8	rectangular	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration time	±2.6	rectangular	√3	1	±1.5	∞
Probe positioning	±0.4	rectangular	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Extrap. And integration	±4.0	rectangular	√3	1	±2.3	∞
RF ambient conditiona	±3.0	rectangular	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF ambient conditiona	±3.0	rectangular	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device positioning	±2.9	normal	1	1	±2.9	145
Device holder uncertainty	±3.6	normal	1	1	±3.6	5
Power drift	±5.0	rectangular	√3	1	±2.9	∞
Phantom and Set up						
Phantom uncertainty	±4.0	rectangular	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity	±5.0	rectangular	√3	0.6	±1.8/1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity	±1.5	rectangular	√3	0.6	±0.6	∞
Liquid permittivity	±5.0	rectangular	√3	0.6	±1.7/1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity	±1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	±0.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty					±10.375/±10.112	
Coverage Factor for 95%		kp=2				
Expanded Standard Uncertainty					±20.75/±19.23	

Table: Worst-case uncertainty for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE P1528.

The budge is valid for the frequency range 300 MHz to 6G Hz and represents a worst-case analysis.

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7. EXPOSURE LIMIT

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles

0.4 8.0 2.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles

0.08 1.6 4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any

1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the

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shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg

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8. TYPICAL COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR LIQUID TISSUE PHANTOMS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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Ingredients					Frequen	ey (MHz)				
(% by weight)	45	50	83	35	9:	15	19	00	24	50
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: $99^+\%$ Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: $98^+\%$ Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized, $16~\text{M}\Omega^+$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose DGBE: $99^+\%$ Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1, 1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

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9. MEASUREMENT RESULTS

9.1 TEST LIQUID CONFIRMATION

SIMULATING LIQUIDS PARAMETER CHECK

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within \pm 5% of the values given in the table below. 5% may not be easily achieved at certain frequencies. Under such circumstances, 10% tolerance may be used until more precise tissue recipes are available

IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 RECOMMENDED TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528

Target Frequency	Не	ead	Bod	ly
(MHz)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ(S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	45.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

SIMULATING LIQUIDS PARAMETER CHECK RESULTS

Date: December 27, 2010 **Ambient condition:** Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulatinf Liquid			Daramatara	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[0/1
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Parameters	rarget	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
835 MHz	23.60	15.00	Permitivity:	55.20	55.40	0.36	±5
033 M H Z	23.00	13.00	Conductivity:	0.97	0.940	-3.09	± 5

Date: December 31, 2010 **Ambient condition:** Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulatinf Liquid			Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Farameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
835 MHz	23.60	15.00	Permitivity:	55.20	53.40	-3.26	±5
633 MHZ	23.00	13.00	Conductivity:	0.97	0.950	-2.06	± 5

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Date: Januar	y 18, 2011	Ambient	condition: Te	mperatur	e 24.6°C; R	elative humidit	y: 53%
Body Simulatinf Liquid			Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Farameters	Target	Measureu	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
835 MHz	23.60	15.00	Permitivity:	55.20	55.00	-0.36	±5
033 M H Z	23.00	13.00	Conductivity:	0.97	0.950	-2.06	± 5

Date: January 12, 2011 **Ambient condition:** Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulatinf Liquid			Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Farameters	raiget	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
835 MHz	22.60	15.00	Permitivity:	55.20	54.00	-2.17	±5
633 MHZ	23.60	13.00	Conductivity:	0.97	0.980	1.03	± 5

Date: December 29, 2010 **Ambient condition:** Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulating Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth (cm)	Farameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
1900 MHz	23.60	15.00	Permitivity:	53.30	51.50	-3.38	± 5
1900 MHZ	23.00	15.00	Conductivity:	1.52	1.51	-0.66	± 5

Date: January 04, 2011 **Ambient condition:** Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulating Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth (cm)	Parameters	Target	Wieasured	Deviation[%]	Lilliteu[%]
1900 MHz 23.60	22 60	15.00	Permitivity:	53.30	53.50	0.38	± 5
	23.00	15.00	Conductivity:	1.52	1.50	-1.32	± 5

Date: January 13, 2011 **Ambient condition:** Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulating Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth (cm)	Parameters	rarget	Wieasured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
1900 MHz 23.60	22 60	15.00	Permitivity:	53.30	52.50	-1.50	± 5
	15.00	Conductivity:	1.52	1.55	1.97	± 5	

Date: January 18, 2011 **Ambient condition:** Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

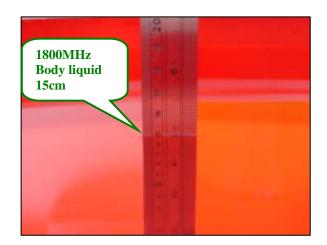
Body Simulating Liquid		Doromatars	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth (cm)	Parameters	rarget	Wieasured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
1900 MHz	23.60	15.00	Permitivity:	53.30	51.70	-3.00	± 5
			Conductivity:	1.52	1.52	0.00	± 5



Page 19 Rev. 00 **Date:** March 13, 2011 **Ambient condition:** Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulating Liquid		Doromotoro	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth (cm)	Parameters	Target	Wieasured	Deviation[%]	Lilliteu[%]
1800 MHz	23.60	15.00	Permitivity:	53.30	51.50	-3.38	± 5
	23.60		Conductivity:	1.52	1.49	-1.97	± 5

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9.2 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4/DAST5 system with an E-field probe EX3DV4 SN:3578 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx = 5 mm, dy = 5 mm, dz = 5 mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm.
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR values

The reference SAR values were using measurement results indicated in the dipole calibration document (see table below)

Frequency (MHz)	1g SAR	10g SAR	Local SAR at Surface (Above Feed Point)	Local SAR at Surface (y = 2cm offset from feed point)
900	10.3	6.57	16.4	5.4
1800	38.2	20.3	69.5	6.8
2450(Body)	51.4	24.2	128.8	N/A

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

Dipole: D835V2-SN: 4d015

Date: December 27, 2010 **Ambient condition:** Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulatinf Liquid		Daramatara	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Parameters	Target	Wicasuicu	Deviation[%]	Limiteu[%]
835.00 23.60		23.60 15.00	Permitivity:	55.20	55.40	0.36	±5
	23.60		Conductivity:	0.97	0.94	-3.09	± 5
			1g SAR:	9.85	10.00	1.52	± 5

ps. 1g SAR is equal 4x2.5(250mW forward power SAR value)

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Dipole: D835V2-SN: 4d015

Date: December 31, 2010 **Ambient condition:** Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulatinf Liquid		Daramatara	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Parameters	rarget	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
			Permitivity:	55.20	53.40	-3.26	±5
835.00	23.60	15.00	Conductivity:	0.97	0.95	-2.06	± 5
			1g SAR:	9.85	9.80	-0.51	± 5

ps. 1g SAR is equal 4x2.4(250mW forward power SAR value)

Dipole: D835V2-SN: 4d015

Date: January 12, 2011 Ambient condition: Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulatinf Liquid		Daramatara	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Parameters	rarget	Wieasuieu	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
			Permitivity:	55.20	54.00	-2.17	±5
835.00	23.60	15.00	Conductivity:	0.97	0.98	1.03	± 5
			1g SAR:	9.85	9.80	-0.51	± 5

ps. 1g SAR is equal 4x2.45(250mW forward power SAR value)

Dipole: <u>D835V2-SN:</u> 4d015

Date: January 18, 2011 Ambient condition: Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulatinf Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Parameters	Target	Wicasuicu	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
835.00 23.60		15.00	Permitivity:	55.20	55.00	-0.36	±5
	23.60		Conductivity:	0.97	0.95	-2.06	± 5
			1g SAR:	9.85	9.72	-1.32	± 5

ps. 1g SAR is equal 4x2.43(250mW forward power SAR value)

Dipole: D1900V2 SN: 5d056

Date: December 29, 2010 **Ambient condition:** Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulatinf Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Parameters	Target	Wicasuicu	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
1900.00	23.60	15.00	Permitivity:	53.30	51.50	-3.38	±5
			Conductivity:	1.52	1.51	-0.66	± 5
			1g SAR:	39.80	39.52	-0.70	± 5

ps. 1g SAR is equal 4x9.88(250mW forward power SAR value)

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Dipole: D1900V2 SN: 5d056

Date: January 04, 2011 Ambient condition: Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulatinf Liquid		Darameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Parameters	rarget	Wicasuicu	Deviation[70]	Limited[%]
			Permitivity:	53.30	53.50	0.38	±5
1900.00	23.60	15.00	Conductivity:	1.52	1.50	-1.32	± 5
			1g SAR:	39.80	41.20	3.52	± 5

ps. 1g SAR is equal 4x10.3(250mW forward power SAR value)

Dipole: D1900V2 SN: 5d056

Date: January 13, 2011 Ambient condition: Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulatinf Liquid		Daramatars	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Parameters	Target	Wieasuieu	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
			Permitivity:	53.30	52.50	-1.50	±5
1900.00	23.60	15.00	Conductivity:	1.52	1.55	1.97	± 5
			1g SAR:	39.80	40.40	1.51	± 5

ps. 1g SAR is equal 4x10.1(250mW forward power SAR value)

Dipole: D1900V2 SN: 5d056

Date: January 18, 2011 **Ambient condition:** Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulatinf Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Farameters	Target	Measureu	Deviation[%]	Limiteu [%]
			Permitivity:	53.30	51.70	-3.00	±5
1900.00	1900.00 23.60	15.00	Conductivity:	1.52	1.52	0.00	± 5
			1g SAR:	39.80	40.40	1.51	± 5

ps. 1g SAR is equal 4x10.1(250mW forward power SAR value)

Dipole: D1800V2 SN: 2d062

Date: March 13, 2011 Ambient condition: Temperature 24.6°C; Relative humidity: 53%

Body Simulatinf Liquid		Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]		
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Depth [cm]	Farameters	Target	Measureu	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]	
		Permitivity:	53.30	51.50	-3.38	±5		
1800.00	23.60	15.00	Conductivity:	1.52	1.49	-1.97	± 5	
			1g SAR:	38.80	39.32	1.34	± 5	

ps. 1g SAR is equal 4x9.83(250mW forward power SAR value)

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9.3 EUT TUNE-UP PROCEDURES AND TEST MODE

Software used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode was programmed.

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- o The output power (dBm) of the measured channel was measured before and after SAR test.
- During SAR test, the highest output channel per band measured first.
- The EUT is a Tablet computer and there are six configuration modes during SAR testing: 1)Notebook mode \(2)Lap Head \(3)Primary Landscape \(4)Primary Portrait \(5)Secondary Landscape(disable via software) \(6)Secondary Portrait.
- There are four batteries for SAR testing(model no: 42T4878, 42T4882, 42T4880, 42T4904), and model no 42T4904 is the worst.
- This EUT screen can't rotation 180° (Secondary Landscape, disable via software), can rotation 90° and 270° (Left).

GSM 850 / GPRS 850 / EDGE 850

Network Support: GSM only / GPRS/EDGE

Main Service: Circuit Switched / Packet data / Packet data

Power Setting: 33dBm / 33dBm / 27dBm

Class: 10 (2 Up / 3 Down)

GSM 1900 / GPRS 1900 / EDGE 1900

Network Support: GSM only / GPRS/EDGE

Main Service: Circuit Switched / Packet data / Packet data

Power Setting: 30dBm / 30dBm / 26dBm

Class: 10 (2 Up / 3 Down)

Output powers are measured as below:

The respectively maximum output powers of each RF modes are as below:

GPRS/EDGE output power (Average)(dBm)

channel		Power				
Cila	illei	GPRS EDGE				
	Ch 128	26.07	20.92			
850 band	Ch 190	25.99	20.80			
	Ch 251	26.29	20.79			
	Ch 512	23.18	19.59			
1900 band	Ch 661	22.83	19.29			
	Ch 810	23.14	19.83			

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9.4 RF POWER OUTPUT FOR UMTS REL99

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 V8.7.0 specification. The EUT supports power Class 3, which has a nominal maximum output power of 24 dBm (+1.7/-3.7) 12.2kps RMC is used for this testing. Power control set to All bits up. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

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	Mode	Rel99
	Subtest	-
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	HSDPA FRC	Not Applicable
	HSUPA Test	Not Applicable
WCDMA General	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
Settings	βс	Not Applicable
Settings	βd	Not Applicable
	βес	Not Applicable
	βc/βd	8/15
	βhs	Not Applicable
	βed	Not Applicable

Band	UL Ch	DL Ch	Fraguenay	Conducted output power (dBm)
Dallu	OL CII	DL CII	Frequency	Average
	9262	9662	1852.4	24.13
UMTS1900 (Band II)	9400	9800	1880	23.97
(Bana n)	9538	9938	1907.6	23.76
LI STEGOSO	4132	4357	826.4	23.88
UMTS850 (Band V)	4182	4407	836.4	23.91
(Build 1)	4233	4458	846.6	23.84
III (FEG.1000	1312	1537	1712.4	24.33
UMTS1800 (Band IV)	1412	1637	1732.4	24.57
(2	1513	1738	1752.6	24.47

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9.5 RF POWER OUTPUT FOR UMTS REL 6 HSDPA

The following Sub-Tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in section 5.2A of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 V8.7.0 specification. All TX RMS and Peak power requirements for Power Class 3 were met according to table 5.2AA.5 and achieved through the outlined test procedure in section 5.2AA.4.2. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

	Mode	Rel6 HSDPA	Rel6 HSDPA	Rel6 HSDPA	Rel6 HSDPA		
	Subtest	1	2	3	4		
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1					
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC					
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1					
	HSUPA Test	Not Applicable					
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 2					
General	βс	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15		
Settings	βd	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15		
	βec	-	-	-	-		
	βc/βd	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4		
	βhs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15		
	βed	Not Applicable	Not Applicable				
	DACK	8	8				
	DNAK	8					
HSDPA	DCQI	8					
Specific Settings	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3					
	CQI Feedback (Table 5.2B.4)	4ms					
	CQI Repetition Factor (Table 5.2B.4)	2	·	·			
	Ahs = βhs/βc	30/15					

Result

Band	Subtest	UL Ch	DL Ch	Frequency	Conducted output power (dBm)
Danu	Sublest	OL CII	DE CII	rrequericy	Average
		9262	9662	1852.4	23.54
	1	9400	9800	1880.0	23.32
		9538	9938	1907.6	23.44
		9262	9662	1852.4	23.51
	2	9400	9800	1880.0	23.22
UMTS1900		9538	9938	1907.6	23.39
(Band II)		9262	9662	1852.4	22.97
	3	9400	9800	1880.0	23.72
		9538	9938	1907.6	22.81
	4	9262	9662	1852.4	22.95
		9400	9800	1880.0	22.68
		9538	9938	1907.6	22.78
		4132	4357	826.4	23.39
	1	4182	4407	836.4	23.43
		4233	4458	846.6	23.35
		4132	4357	826.4	23.31
	2	4182	4407	836.4	23.38
UMTS850		4233	4458	846.6	23.28
(Band V)		4132	4357	826.4	22.83
	3	4182	4407	836.4	22.88
		4233	4458	846.6	22.81
		4132	4357	826.4	22.78
	4	4182	4407	836.4	22.83
		4233	4458	846.6	22.79

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Band	Subtest	UL Ch	DL Ch	Frequency	Conducted output power (dBm)
				, ,	Average
		1312	1537	1712.4	23.19
	1	1412	1637	1732.4	24.09
		1513	1738	1752.6	23.45
		1312	1537	1712.4	23.11
	2	1412	1637	1732.4	24.02
UMTS1800		1513	1738	1752.6	23.33
(Band IV)		1312	1537	1712.4	22.75
	3	1412	1637	1732.4	23.65
		1513	1738	1752.6	23.02
		1312	1537	1712.4	22.62
	4	1412	1637	1732.4	23.57
		1513	1738	1752.6	22.97

9.6 RF POWER OUTPUT UMTS REL 6 HSPA (HSDPA & HSUPA)

The following 5 Sub-Tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in section 5.2B of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 V8.7.0 specification. All TX RMS and Peak power requirements were met according to table 5.2B.5 and achieved through the outlined test procedure in section 5.2B.4.2. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

below:	Mode	Rel6 HSUPA	Rel6 HSUPA	Rel6 HSUPA	Rel6 HSUPA	Rel6 HSUPA				
	Subtest	1	2	3	4	5				
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1								
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC								
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1								
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopb	ack							
14/05144	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2								
WCDMA General	βc	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15				
Settings	βd	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	15/15				
Settings	βес	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	24/15				
	βc/βd	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	15/15				
	βhs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	30/15				
				47/15						
	βed	1309/225	94/75	47/15	56/75	134/15				
	DACK	8								
	DNAK	8								
HSDPA	DCQI	8								
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3								
Settings	CQI Feedback (Table 5.2B.4) 4ms									
Octungs	CQI Repetition Factor (Table									
	5.2B.4) 2									
	Ahs = βhs/βc	30/15								
	D E-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7				
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0				
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21				
	ETFCI (from 34.121 Table									
	C.11.1.3)	75	67	92	71	81				
	Associated Max UL Data Rate									
1101154	kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9				
HSUPA Specific Settings		E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18			E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO 23 E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI PO 5 E-TFCI PO 6 E-TFCI PO 6 E-TFCI PO 6 E-TFCI PO 7 E-TFCI PO 7					
	Reference E_TFCIs	E-TFCI PO 23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO 26 E-TFCI 81								

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REL 6 HSPA (HSDPA & HSUPA)

Band	Subtest	UL Ch	DL Ch	Frequency	Conducted output power (dBm)
Bariu	Sublesi	OL CII	DL CII	Frequency	Average
		9262	9662	1852.4	23.21
	1	9400	9800	1880.0	23.09
		9538	9938	1907.6	23.07
		9262	9662	1852.4	21.15
	2	9400	9800	1880.0	21.05
		9538	9938	1907.6	21.02
		9262	9662	1852.4	22.02
UMTS1900 (Band II)	3	9400	9800	1880.0	21.98
(20.10.11)		9538	9938	1907.6	21.95
		9262	9662	1852.4	21.11
	4	9400	9800	1880.0	20.98
		9538	9938	1907.6	20.93
	5	9262	9662	1852.4	23.11
		9400	9800	1880.0	23.01
		9538	9938	1907.6	22.95
	1	4132	4357	826.4	23.19
		4182	4407	836.4	23.12
		4233	4458	846.6	22.78
		4132	4357	826.4	21.08
	2	4182	4407	836.4	21.02
		4233	4458	846.6	20.72
		4132	4357	826.4	22.12
UMTS850 (Band V)	3	4182	4407	836.4	22.17
(= ,		4233	4458	846.6	21.82
		4132	4357	826.4	21.02
	4	4182	4407	836.4	20.97
		4233	4458	846.6	20.75
		4132	4357	826.4	23.12
	5	4182	4407	836.4	23.09
		4233	4458	846.6	22.66

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REL 6 HSPA (HSDPA & HSUPA)

Band	Subtest	UL Ch	DL Ch	Fraguanay	Conducted output power (dBm)
Dariu	Sublesi	OL CII	DL CII	Frequency	Average
		1312	1537	1712.4	23.77
	1	1412	1637	1732.4	24.34
		1513	1738	1752.6	23.62
		1312	1537	1712.4	22.12
	2	1412	1637	1732.4	22.38
		1513	1738	1752.6	21.68
	3	1312	1537	1712.4	22.81
UMTS1800 (Band IV)		1412	1637	1732.4	23.29
,		1513	1738	1752.6	22.65
		1312	1537	1712.4	22.03
	4	1412	1637	1732.4	22.42
		1513	1738	1752.6	21.56
		1312	1537	1712.4	23.68
	5	1412	1637	1732.4	24.30
		1513	1738	1752.6	23.58

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9.7 RF POWER OUTPUT FOR 1XRTT(CDMA)

- Test for Reverse/Forward TCH RC1, Reverse/Forward TCH RC2, and RC3 Reverse FCH and demodulation of RC 3, 4 and 5.
 - a. Set up a call using Fundamental Channel Test Mode 1 (RC1, SO 2) with 9600 bps data rate only.

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- b. As per C.S0011 or TIA/EIA-98-F Table 4.4.5.2-1, set the test parameters as shown in Table 4-1.
- Send continuously '0' power control bits to the Gobi2000 Module.
- Measure the output power at Gobi2000 Module antenna connector as recorded on the power meter with values corrected for cables losses.
- e. Repeat step b through d for Fundamental Channel Test Mode:
 - i. RC1, SO55
 - ii. RC2, SO9
 - iii. RC2, SO55
 - iv. RC3, SO55
- Test for RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH0 and demodulation of RC 3, 4 and 5.
 - a. Set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3, SO 32) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH0 data rate.
 - b. As per C.S0011 or TIA/EIA-98-F Table 4.4.5.2-2, set the test parameters as shown in Table 4-2.
 - Send alternating '0' and '1' power control bit to the Gobi2000 Module
 - d. Determine the active channel configuration. If the desired channel configuration is not the active channel configuration, increase Îor by 1 dB and repeat the verification. Repeat this step until the desired channel configuration becomes active.
 - Measure the output power at the Gobi2000 Module antenna connector.
 - Decrease Îor by 0.5 dB.
 - g. Determine the active channel configuration. If the active channel configuration is the desired channel configuration, measure the output power at the Gobi2000 Module antenna connector.
 - h. Repeat step f and g until the output power no longer increases or the desired channel configuration is no longer active. Record the highest output power achieved with the desired channel configuration active.
 - i. Repeat step a through h ten times and average the result.

	Те	st Case	Cellular ba	nd Channel P	ower(dBm)	PCS band Channel Power(dBm)		
mode	FWD	REV	1013	384	777	25	600	1175
	RC/TAP	RC/TAP	1013	304	111	25	000	
	RC1	RC1(SO2)	23.62	23.66	23.70	23.76	23.74	23.43
	RC1	RC1(SO55)	23.71	23.68	23.73	23.76	23.64	23.59
1xRTT	RC2	RC2(SO9)	23.66	23.68	23.71	23.73	23.70	23.67
IXINT	RC2	RC2(SO55)	23.73	23.70	23.76	23.84	23.79	23.57
	RC3	RC3(SO55)	23.75	23.74	23.79	23.88	23.81	23.59
	RC3	RC3(SO32)	23.69	23.70	23.72	23.81	23.73	23.49

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a. FTAP

- Select Test Application Protocol to FTAP
- Set FTAP Rate to 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
- Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
- Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
- · Send continuously '0' power control bits
- · Measure the power at Gobi2000 Module antenna connector

b. RTAP

- Select Test Application Protocol to RTAP
- · Set RTAP Rate to 9.6 kbps
- Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
- Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
- · Send continuously '0' power control bits
- Measure the power at Gobi2000 Module antenna connector
- Repeat above steps for RTAP Rate = 19.2 kbps, 38.4 kbps, 76.8 kbps and 153.6 kbps respectively

	Test Case		Cellular band Channel			PCS band Channel		
mode			Power(dBm)			Power(dBm)		
	FWD REV RC/TAP RC/TAP		1013	384	777	25	600	1175
	FTAP Rate= 307kbps (2 slot, QPSK)	RTAP rate=9.6kbps	23.55	23.58	23.61	23.59	23.68	23.38
1xEVDO Rev 0		RTAP rate=19.2kbps	23.51	23.54	23.56	23.60	23.69	23.36
		RTAP rate=38.4kbps	23.48	23.50	23.51	23.57	23.67	23.34
		RTAP rate=76.8kbps	23.57	23.61	23.64	23.64	23.73	23.41
		RTAP rate=153.6kbps	23.54	23.57	23.60	23.61	23.71	23.37

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.9 RF POWER OUTPUT FOR 1XEV-DO REV A

a. FETAP

- · Select Test Application Protocol to FETAP
- Set FETAP Rate to 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
- Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
- Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
- · Send continuously '0' power control bits
- · Measure the power at Gobi2000 Module antenna connector

b. RETAP

- · Select Test Application Protocol to RETAP
- F-Traffic Format -> 4 (1024, 2, 128) Canonical (307.2k, QPSK)
- · Set R-Data Pkt Size to 128
- Protocol Subtype Config -> Release A Physical Layer Subtype -> Subtype 2
 - ->PL Subtype 2 Access Channel MAC Subtype -> Default (Subtype 0)

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- Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
 - ->ACK R-Data After -> Subpacket 0 (All ACK)
- Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
- · Send continuously '0' power control bits
- Measure the power at Gobi2000 Module antenna connector
- Repeat above steps for R-Data Pkt Size = 256, 512, 768, 1024, 1536, 2048, 3072, 4096, 6144, 8192, 12288 respectively.

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Compliance Certification Services Inc.

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	Test Case		Cellular band Channel Power(dBm)			PCS band Channel Power(dBm)		
mode	FWD RC/TAP	REV RC/TAP	1013	384	777	25	600	1175
		RETAP - payload size = 128	23.86	23.74	23.81	23.91	23.72	23.41
	FETAP Rate=	RETAP - payload size = 256	23.81	23.75	23.79	23.89	23.68	23.43
		RETAP - payload size = 512	23.84	23.77	23.83	23.85	23.71	23.43
		RETAP - payload size = 768	23.82	23.71	23.76	23.92	23.72	23.44
		RETAP - payload size = 1024	23.86	23.75	23.78	23.88	23.64	23.38
1xEVDO	307.2k, QPSK/ ACK	RETAP - payload size = 1536	23.80	23.72	23.73	23.87	23.68	23.37
Rev A	channel is	RETAP - payload size = 2048	23.85	23.76	23.81	23.92	23.71	23.42
	at all the slots	RETAP - payload size = 3072	23.82	23.71	23.82	23.91	23.68	23.39
		RETAP - payload size = 4096	23.87	23.79	23.84	23.94	23.73	2345
		RETAP - payload size = 6144	23.84	23.78	23.82	23.87	23.64	23.38
		RETAP - payload size = 8192	23.83	23.72	23.75	23.93	23.71	23.42
		RETAP - payload size = 12288	23.80	23.77	23.75	23.85	23.64	23.36

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9.10 SAR MEASUREMENTS RESULTS

Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Date of Issue: January 19, 2011

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Test mode: **GPRS 850**, **2Up3Dn** Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

1 1							
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequ	uency	Liquid	SAR (1g)	Limit (W/kg)	
		Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)		
Notebook mode	Fixed	251	848.8	23.6	0.074		
Lap Held	Fixed	251	848.8	23.6	0.212		
Primary Landscape	Fixed	251	848.8	23.6	0.053	1.6	
Primary Portrait	Fixed	251	848.8	23.6	0.223		
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	251	848.8	23.6	0.715		

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

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Bottom Flat position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Test mode: **EGPRS 850**, **2Up3Dn** Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

		1	1 1				
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency		Liquid	SAR (1g)	Limit	
EO I I OSITION		Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Notebook mode	Fixed	128	824.2	23.6	0.035		
Lap Held	Fixed	128	824.2	23.6	0.121		
Primary Landscape	Fixed	128	824.2	23.6	0.049	1.6	
Primary Portrait	Fixed	128	824.2	23.6	0.107		
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	128	824.2	23.6	0.258		

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

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Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape
Fact mode: CPPS 1900, 2Up3Dp

Test mode: GPRS 1900, 2Up3Dn Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm								
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency		Liquid	SAR (1g)	Limit		
		Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
Notebook mode	Fixed	512	1850.2	23.6	0.070			
Lap Held	Fixed	512	1850.2	23.6	0.059			
Primary Landscape	Fixed	512	1850.2	23.6	0.128			
Primary Portrait	Fixed	512	1850.2	23.6	0.107	1.6		
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	512	1850.2	23.6	1.090			
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	661	1880.0	23.6	0.982			
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	810	1909.8	23.6	1.060			
	e refer to atta	chment for the re	esult presentation	n in plot format.	L			

voics. 1) I lease teret to attachment for the result presentation in plot format

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Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Test mode: **EGPRS 1900**, **2Up3Dn** Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

				_ op or q		
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency		Liquid	SAR (1g)	Limit
		Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Notebook mode	Fixed	810	1909.8	23.6	0.108	
Lap Held	Fixed	810	1909.8	23.6	0.011	
Primary Landscape	Fixed	810	1909.8	23.6	0.140	1.6
Primary Portrait	Fixed	810	1909.8	23.6	0.086	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	810	1909.8	23.6	0.341	

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

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Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Landscape

Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Test mode: WCDMA band V, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm Frequency Liquid SAR (1g) Limit **EUT Position** Antenna (W/kg) (W/kg) Temp_°C Channel MHzNotebook Fixed 4182 0.040 836.4 23.6 mode Lap Held Fixed 4182 836.4 23.6 0.218 Primary Fixed 4182 836.4 23.6 0.0381.6 Landscape Primary Fixed 4182 836.4 23.6 0.137 Portrait Secondary Fixed 4182 836.4 23.6 0.697

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

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Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Test mode: **HSDPA band V**, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency		Liquid	SAR (1g)	Limit
	Antenna	Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Notebook mode	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.6	0.047	
Lap Held	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.6	0.173	
Primary Landscape	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.6	0.043	1.6
Primary Portrait	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.6	0.137	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.6	0.465	

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

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Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Test mode: **HSUPA band V**, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

			1 1			
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency		Liquid	SAR (1g)	Limit
	Antenna	Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Notebook mode	Fixed	4132	826.4	23.6	0.040	
Lap Held	Fixed	4132	826.4	23.6	0.180	
Primary Landscape	Fixed	4132	826.4	23.6	0.037	1.6
Primary Portrait	Fixed	4132	826.4	23.6	0.149	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	4132	826.4	23.6	0.502	

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

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Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

Test mode: WCDMA band II, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm Frequency Liquid SAR (1g) Limit **EUT Position** Antenna (W/kg) (W/kg) Temp_°C Channel MHz Notebook Fixed 9262 1852.4 23.6 0.015 mode Lap Held Fixed 9262 1852.4 23.6 0.155 **Primary** Fixed 9262 1852.4 23.6 0.108 Landscape Primary Fixed 9262 1852.4 23.6 0.156 1.6 Portrait Secondary Fixed 9262 1852.4 23.6 1.290 Portrait Secondary 9400 1880.0 23.6 Fixed 1.210 Portrait Secondary Fixed 9538 1907.6 23.6 0.980 Portrait

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Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Test mode: **HSDPA band II**, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency		Liquid	SAR (1g)	Limit
	Amemia	Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Notebook mode	Fixed	9262	1852.4	23.6	0.118	
Lap Held	Fixed	9262	1852.4	23.6	0.131	
Primary Landscape	Fixed	9262	1852.4	23.6	0.085	
Primary Portrait	Fixed	9262	1852.4	23.6	0.169	1.6
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	9262	1852.4	23.6	1.100	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	9400	1880.0	23.6	1.040	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	9538	1907.6	23.6	0.852	
IL	_		_			

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

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Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Test mode: **HSUPA band II**, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

EUT Position	A	Frequency		Liquid	SAR (1g)	Limit
	Antenna	Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Notebook mode	Fixed	9262	1852.4	23.6	0.081	
Lap Held	Fixed	9262	1852.4	23.6	0.078	
Primary Landscape	Fixed	9262	1852.4	23.6	0.102	
Primary Portrait	Fixed	9262	1852.4	23.6	0.172	1.6
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	9262	1852.4	23.6	1.020	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	9400	1880.0	23.6	1.010	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	9538	1907.6	23.6	0.810	
Notes: 1) Pleas	e refer to atta	chment for the r	esult presentation	n in plot format		·

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

Test mode: WCDMA band IV, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm							
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency		Liquid	SAR (1g)	Limit	
	Amemia	Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Notebook mode	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	0.018		
Lap Held	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	0.278		
Primary Landscape	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	0.252		
Primary Portrait	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	0.229	1.6	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	1312	1712.4	23.6	1.080		
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	1.110		
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	1513	1752.6	23.6	1.170		
·		•	•	-	•		

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Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Test mode: **HSDPA band IV**, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

		*	1 1			
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequ	uency	Liquid Temp_°C	SAR (1g)	Limit
	Antenna	Channel	MHz		(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Notebook mode	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	0.125	
Lap Held	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	0.257	
Primary Landscape	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	0.224	
Primary Portrait	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	0.218	1.6
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	1312	1712.4	23.6	1.010	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	1.010	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	1513	1752.6	23.6	1.070	
NT : 1\ D1		1	•			

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

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Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Test mode: **HSUPA band IV**, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

		,	1 1			
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency		Liquid	SAR (1g)	Limit
	Antenna	Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Notebook mode	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	0.076	
Lap Held	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	0.252	
Primary Landscape	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	0.220	
Primary Portrait	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	0.223	1.6
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	1312	1712.4	23.6	0.964	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	1412	1732.4	23.6	1.010	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	1513	1752.6	23.6	1.100	
11. 71		1				

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

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Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Test mode: **CDMA Cellular**, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

		<u> </u>	1 1			
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency		Liquid	SAR (1g)	Limit
EOT TOSITION		Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Notebook mode	Fixed	777	848.31	23.6	0.058	
Lap Held	Fixed	777	848.31	23.6	0.204	
Primary Landscape	Fixed	777	848.31	23.6	0.063	1.6
Primary Portrait	Fixed	777	848.31	23.6	0.118	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	777	848.31	23.6	0.430	

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

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Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Test mode: **CDMA PCS**, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

					* *	
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency		Liquid	SAR (1g)	Limit
	Amemia	Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Notebook mode	Fixed	25	1851.25	23.6	0.075	
Lap Held	Fixed	25	1851.25	23.6	0.130	
Primary Landscape	Fixed	25	1851.25	23.6	0.102	
Primary Portrait	Fixed	25	1851.25	23.6	0.112	1.6
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	25	1851.25	23.6	1.290	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	600	1880.0	23.6	1.160	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	1175	1908.75	23.6	1.020	

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

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Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Test mode: EVDO_Rel 0 Cellular , Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm								
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency		Liquid	SAR (1g)	Limit		
EUT FOSILIOII	Amemia	Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
Notebook mode	Fixed	777	848.31	23.6	0.032			
Lap Held	Fixed	777	848.31	23.6	0.215			
Primary Landscape	Fixed	777	848.31	23.6	0.042	1.6		
Primary Portrait	Fixed	777	848.31	23.6	0.168			
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	777	848.31	23.6	0.453			
Notes: 1) Pleas	e refer to atta	achment for the r	esult presentation	n in plot format.				

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Body position:

Portrait Secondary

Portrait

Fixed

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Landscape

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Test mode: **EVDO_Rel 0 PCS**, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm Frequency Liquid SAR (1g) Limit **EUT Position** Antenna (W/kg) (W/kg) Temp_°C Channel MHz Notebook 600 Fixed 1880.0 23.6 0.057 mode Lap Held Fixed 600 1880.0 23.6 0.136 **Primary** Fixed 600 1880.0 23.6 0.074 Landscape Primary Fixed 600 1880.0 23.6 0.087 1.6 Portrait Secondary Fixed 25 1851.25 23.6 1.260 Portrait Secondary 600 1880.0 23.6 Fixed 1.150

1908.75

23.6

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

1175

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1.100

Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Landscape

Fixed

Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Test mode: **EVDO_Rev A Cellular**, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm Frequency Liquid SAR (1g) Limit **EUT Position** Antenna (W/kg) (W/kg) Temp_°C Channel MHz Notebook Fixed 1013 824.7 23.6 0.041 mode Lap Held Fixed 1013 824.7 23.6 0.206 Primary Fixed 1013 824.7 23.6 0.039 1.6 Landscape Primary Fixed 1013 824.7 23.6 0.222 Portrait Secondary

23.6

824.7

lotes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

1013

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0.587



Body position:

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Notebook mode

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Lap Held

Please see separate Test setup photos. Please see separate Test setup photos.

Primary Portrait

Please see separate Test setup photos.

Secondary Portrait

Primary Landscape

Test mode: EVDO_Rev A PCS, Crest Factor=1

Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

Frequency
Channel MHz

Liquid
Temp_°C

(W/kg)

Limit
(W/kg)

EUT POSITION	Amemia	Channel	MHz	Temp_°C	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Notebook mode	Fixed	25	1851.25	23.6	0.132	
Lap Held	Fixed	25	1851.25	23.6	0.092	
Primary Landscape	Fixed	25	1851.25	23.6	0.084	
Primary Portrait	Fixed	25	1851.25	23.6	0.147	1.6
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	25	1851.25	23.6	1.250	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	600	1880.0	23.6	1.190	
Secondary Portrait	Fixed	1175	1908.75	23.6	1.110	

Notes: 1) Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

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Body	position:
	P 0021121

Please see separate Test setup photo report.

Test mode: GPRS 850 , 2Up3Dn Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm								
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequ Channel	iency MHz	Liquid Temp_°C	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)		
25mm	Fixed	251	848.8	23.6	0.212	1.6		
Test mode: EGPRS 1900, 2Up3Dn Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm								
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency Channel MHz		Liquid Temp_°C	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)		
25mm	Fixed	512	1850.2	23.6	0.508	1.6		
Test mode: WCDMA band V, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm								
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequ Channel	uency MHz	Liquid Temp_°C	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)		
25mm	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.6	0.180	1.6		
Test mode: HSDPA band II , Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm								
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency Channel MHz		Liquid Temp_°C	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)		
25mm	Fixed	9262	1852.4	23.6	0.474	1.6		
Test mode: WCDMA band IV, Crest Factor=1 Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm								
EUT Position	Antenna	Frequency Channel MHz		Liquid Temp_°C	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)		
25mm	Fixed	1513	1752.6	23.6	0.593	1.6		
Notes: 1) Pleas	e refer to atta	chment for the r	esult presentatio	n in plot format.	1			

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10. EUT PHOTOS

Please see separate Test setup photo report.

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11. EQUIPMENT LIST & CALIBRATION STATUS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration Cycle(days)	Calibration Due
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E8358A	US40260243	365	07/05/2011
Electronic Probe kit	Hewlett Packard	85070D	N/A	N/A	N/A
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1012009	365	03/28/2011
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0917072	365	03/09/2011
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360131	365	03/03/2011
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C 8960	MY48363204	365	10/06/2011
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	SPEAG	DAE4	877	365	02/16/2011
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	SPEAG	DAE4	558	365	07/13/2011
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	SPEAG	DAE4	1249	365	02/10/2012
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3665	365	03/24/2011
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3554	365	09/21/2011
835 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d015	730	11/18/2012
1900 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d018	730	06/14/2012
1800 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1800V2	2d062	730	05/25/2012
2450 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	728	730	05/26/2012
Probe Alignment Unit	SPEAG	LB (V2)	348	N/A	N/A
Robot	Staubli	RX90B L	F02/5T69A1/A/01	N/A	N/A
SAM Twin Phantom V4.0	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Devices Holder	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head/ Muscle 835 MHz	CCS	H/M 835A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head/ Muscle 1800 MHz	CCS	H/M 1800A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head/ Muscle 1900 MHz	CCS	H/M 1900A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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12. FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at
☐ No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.
☐ No. 11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Industrial Park, Taipei Hsien 248, Taiwan.
☐ No. 199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

13. REFERENCES

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14. ATTACHMENTS

Exhibit	Content
1	System Performance Check Plot 0314 revised
2	SAR Test Plots 0314 revised
3	Probe_EX3DV4_sn3665_20100325c
4	Probe_EX3DV4_sn3554_ 20100922c
5	Dipole_D835V2_sn4d015_20101119c
6	Dipole_D1900V2_sn5d056_20101125c
7	Dipole_D1800v2_sn2d062_20100526c

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END OF REPORT

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