



SAR Evaluation Report

**IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF
FCC OET BULLETIN 65 SUPPLEMENT C**

FOR

PCA, EVDO MINI-PCI EXPRESS CARD CDMA MODEM

MODEL: MC5725

FCC ID: N7N-MC5725-L

REPORT NUMBER: 07U10962-4

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Prepared for

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NVLAP LAB CODE 200065-0

Revision History

Rev.	Issued date	Revisions	Revised By
--	April 16, 2007	Initial issue	Sunny Shih

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)**DATES OF TEST:** April 11 and 12, 2007

APPLICANT: ADDRESS:	Sierra Wireless Inc. 2290 Cosmos Ct. Carlsbad, CA 92010
FCC ID: MODEL:	N7N-MC5725-L MC5725
DEVICE CATEGORY: EXPOSURE CATEGORY:	Portable Device General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

PCA,EVDO Mini-PCI Express Card CDMA Modem is installed in Lenovo ThinkPad X61 Tablet Series along with Bluetooth Module FCC ID: MCLJ07H081.

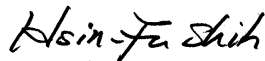

Test Sample is a:	Production unit		
Hose Device:	Lenovo ThinkPad X61 Tablet Series		
Rule Parts	Frequency Range [MHz]	The Highest SAR Values [1g_mW/g]	Collocation SAR Values [1g_mW/g]
FCC 22H	824.7 - 848.31	0.307	0.280
FCC 24E	1851.25 - 1908.75	0.295	0.305

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST (DUT) DESCRIPTION

PCA,EVDO Mini-PCI Express Card CDMA Modem is installed in Lenovo ThinkPad X61 Tablet Series along with Bluetooth Module FCC ID: MCLJ07H081.	
Normal operation:	Lap-held position, and underarm position
Accessory:	N/A
Earphone/Headset Jack:	N/A
Duty cycle:	100%
Host Device(s):	Lenovo ThinkPad X61 Tablet Series
Antenna(s)	Winstron NeWeb Corp. Pt#60.4Q423.001
Power supply:	Power supplied through the laptop computer (host device).

2 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, CA 94538 USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

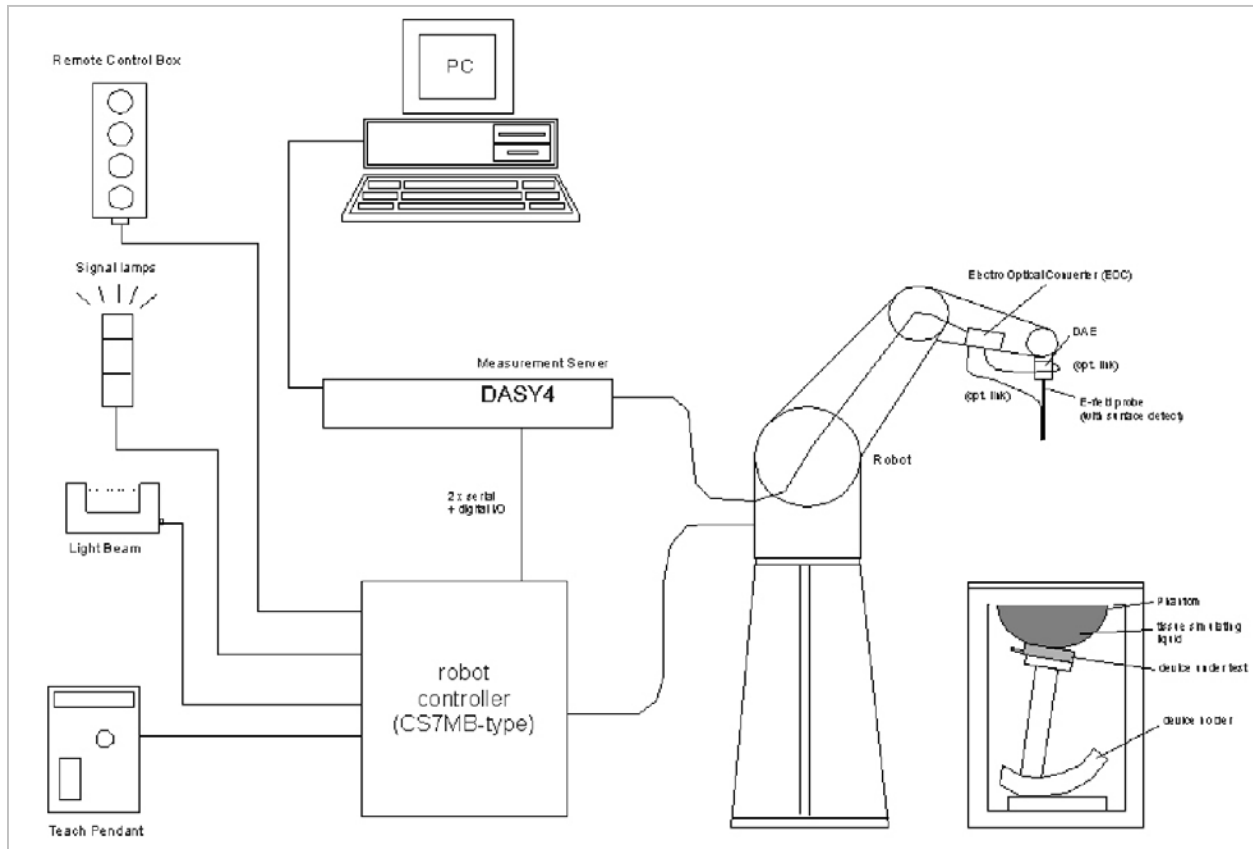


NVLAP LAB CODE 200065-0

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3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

3.1 COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ+ resistivity

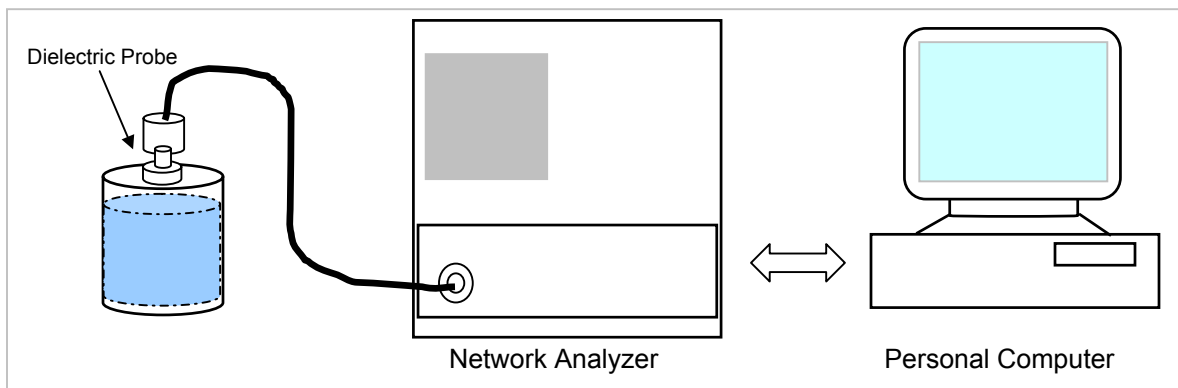
HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

4 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETERS CHECK

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the values given in the table below.



Set-up for liquid parameters check

Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantom (for 150 – 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz)

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE Standard 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE Standard 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

4.1 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETER CHECK RESULT

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 835 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 22°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Simulating Liquid			Parameters		Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)	
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)							
835	21	15	e'	52.7504	Relative Permittivity (ε _r):	52.7504	55.2	-4.44	± 5
			e"	20.5440	Conductivity (σ):	0.95431	0.97	-1.62	± 5

Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 22.0 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 21.0 deg C

April 11, 2007 08:05 AM

Frequency	e'	e''
800000000.	52.9687	20.6608
805000000.	52.9193	20.6598
810000000.	52.8905	20.6181
815000000.	52.8694	20.5963
820000000.	52.8392	20.5778
825000000.	52.8146	20.5574
830000000.	52.7706	20.5110
835000000.	52.7504	20.5440
840000000.	52.7033	20.4992
845000000.	52.6510	20.4675
850000000.	52.6160	20.4514
855000000.	52.5655	20.4197
860000000.	52.5254	20.3845
865000000.	52.4273	20.3923
870000000.	52.3763	20.3511
875000000.	52.3249	20.3634
880000000.	52.2434	20.3764
885000000.	52.1850	20.3914
890000000.	52.1037	20.4255
895000000.	52.0577	20.3839
900000000.	51.9732	20.3884

The conductivity (σ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon'' = 2 \pi f \epsilon_0 \epsilon''$$

where $f = \text{target } f * 10^6$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$$

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 1900 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 22°C; Relative humidity = 40%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Simulating Liquid			Parameters			Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)							
1900	21	15	e'	54.0265	Relative Permittivity (ε _r):	54.0265	53.3	1.36	± 5
			e''	14.6575	Conductivity (σ):	1.54929	1.52	1.93	± 5

Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 22.0 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 21.0 deg C

April 12, 2007 07:31 AM

Frequency	e'	e''
1710000000.	55.0845	13.6991
1720000000.	54.9465	13.6633
1730000000.	54.7992	13.6708
1740000000.	54.7195	13.7107
1750000000.	54.6328	13.8171
1760000000.	54.5666	13.9435
1770000000.	54.5488	14.0875
1780000000.	54.5545	14.1699
1790000000.	54.6185	14.2265
1800000000.	54.6655	14.2489
1810000000.	54.6673	14.2105
1820000000.	54.6417	14.1448
1830000000.	54.5864	14.1065
1840000000.	54.4952	14.1168
1850000000.	54.3599	14.2060
1860000000.	54.1939	14.2949
1870000000.	54.0548	14.3899
1880000000.	53.9820	14.4577
1890000000.	53.9955	14.5714
1900000000.	54.0265	14.6575
1910000000.	54.0750	14.7045

The conductivity (σ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 e'' = 2 \pi f \epsilon_0 e''$$

where $f = \text{target } f * 10^6$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$$

5 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV3-SN: 3531 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.
For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5 x 5 x 7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=7.5mm; dz=5mm).
For 5 GHz band - Special 8x8x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=4.3mm; dz=3mm)
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 4 mm.
For 5 GHz band - Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.0mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW $\pm 3\%$.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR Values for body-tissue

In the table below, the numerical reference SAR values of a SPEAG validation dipoles placed below the flat phantom filled with body-tissue simulating liquid are given. The reference SAR values were calculated using the finite-difference time-domain method and the geometry parameters.

Dipole Type	Distance (mm)	Frequency (MHz)	SAR (1g) [W/kg]	SAR (10g) [W/kg]	SAR (peak) [W/kg]
D450V2	15	450	5.01	3.36	7.22
D835V2	15	835	9.71	6.38	14.1
D900V2	15	900	11.1	7.17	16.3
D1450V2	10	1450	29.6	16.6	49.8
D1800V2	10	1800	38.5	20.3	67.5
D1900V2	10	1900	39.8	20.8	69.6
D2000V2	10	2000	40.9	21.2	71.5
D2450V2	10	2450	51.2	23.7	97.6

Note: All SAR values normalized to 1 W forward power.

5.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS**System Validation Dipole: D835V2 SN:4d002**

Date: April 11, 2007

Room Ambient Temperature = 22°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body Simulating Liquid			SAR (mW/g)		Normalized to 1 W	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)						
835	21	15	1g	2.35	9.4	9.71	-3.19	± 10
			10g	1.56	6.24	6.38	-2.19	± 10

System Validation Dipole: D1900V2 SN:5d043

Date: April 12, 2007

Room Ambient Temperature = 22°C; Relative humidity = 40%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body Simulating Liquid			SAR (mW/g)		Normalized to 1 W	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)						
1900	21	15	1g	10.40	41.6	39.8	4.52	± 10
			10g	5.47	21.88	20.8	5.19	± 10

6 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

A summary of the procedure follows:

- a) A measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location is used as a reference value for assessing the power drop of the DUT. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test, and then again at the end of the test.
- b) The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the DUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 15 mm x 15 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the DUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

For 5 GHz band - The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 2.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the DUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the DUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

- c) Around this point, a volume of X=Y= 30 and Z=21 mm is assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

For 5 GHz band - Around this point, a volume of X=Y=24 and Z=20 mm is assessed by measuring 7 x 7 x 9 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

- (i) The data at the surface are extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order is calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- (ii) The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g and 10 g) are computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"- condition (in x, y and z-direction). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal – algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) are interpolated to calculate the averages.
- (iii) All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.
- (iv) The SAR value at the same location as in Step (a) is again measured to evaluate the actual power drift.

6.1 DASY4 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 1.2 mm for an EX3DV3 probe type).

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

For 5 GHz band – Same as above except the Zoom Scan measures 7 x 7 x 9 points.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

7 PROCEDURE USED TO ESTABLISH TEST SIGNAL

3G-CDMA2000 1xRTT

This procedure assumes the Agilent 8960 Test Set has the following applications installed and with valid license.

<u>Application</u>	<u>Rev. License</u>
CDMA2000 Mobil Test	B.10.11, L

1xRTT

- Call Setup > Shift & Preset
- Protocol Rev > 6 (IS-2000-0)
- Radio Config (RC) > RC3 (Fwd3, Rvs3)
- FCH Service Option (SO) Setup > 32 (+ F-SCH)
- Traffic Data Rate > Full
- TDSO SCH Info > F-SCH Parameters > F-SCH Data Rate > 153.6 kbps
> R-SCH Parameters > R-SCH Data Rate > 153.6 kbps
- Cell Info > Cell Parameters > System ID (SID) > 8
> Network ID (NID) > 65535

Once "Active Cell" show "Connected" then change "Rvs Power Ctrl" from "Active bits" to "**All Up bits**" to get the maximum power.

Worst-case Measurement Result @ Low, Middle and High Channel

Cellular Band

Radio Configuration (RC)	Service Option (SO)	Channel	Frequency	Output Power (dBm)
				Average
RC3 (Fwd3, Rvs3)	SO32 (+F-SCH)	1013	824.70	24.80
		384	836.52	24.90
		777	848.31	24.95

PCS Band

Radio Configuration (RC)	Service Option (SO)	Channel	Frequency	Output Power (dBm)
				Average
RC3 (Fwd3, Rvs3)	SO32 (+F-SCH)	25	1851.25	24.90
		600	1880.00	24.80
		1175	1908.75	24.80

3G-CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Release 0 (Rel 0)

This procedure assumes the Agilent 8960 Test Set has the following applications installed and with valid license.

<u>Application</u>	<u>Rev, License</u>
1xEV-DO Terminal Test	A.06.06, L

FTAP

- Call Setup > Shift & Preset
- Protocol Rev > 0 (1xEV-DO)
- Application Config > Enhanced Test Application Protocol > FTAP
- FTAP Rate > 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
- Access Network Info > Cell Parameters > Sector ID > 00000000 > Subnet Mask > 0
- Generator Info > Termination Parameters > Max Forward Packet Duration > 16 Slots
- Rvs Power Ctrl > All Up bits (to get the maximum power)

RTAP

- Call Setup > Shift & Preset
- Protocol Rev > 0 (1xEV-DO)
- Application Config > Enhanced Test Application Protocol > RTAP
- RTAP Rate > 153.6 kbps
- Access Network Info > Cell Parameters > Sector ID > 00000000 > Subnet Mask > 0
- Generator Info > Termination Parameters > Max Forward Packet Duration > 16 Slots
- Rvs Power Ctrl > All Up bits (to get the maximum power)

Worst-case Measurement Result @ Low, Middle and High Channel

Cellular Band - RTAP				Cellular Band - FTAP			
Channel	f (MHz)	RTAP Rate	Conducted power (dBm)	Channel	f (MHz)	FTAP Rate	Conducted power (dBm)
			Average				Average
1013	824.70	153.6	24.80	1013	824.70	307.2 kbps (2 slot, QPSK)	24.45
384	836.52		24.92	384	836.52		24.50
777	848.31		24.86	777	848.31		24.43

PCS Band - RTAP				PCS Band - FTAP			
Channel	f (MHz)	RTAP Rate	Conducted power (dBm)	Channel	f (MHz)	FTAP Rate	Conducted power (dBm)
			Average				Average
25	1851.25	153.6	24.80	25	1851.25	307.2 kbps (2 slot, QPSK)	24.65
600	1880.00		24.84	600	1880.00		24.56
1175	1908.75		24.80	1175	1908.75		24.50

3G-CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Release 0 (Rel 0)

Preliminary Measurement Results @ Middle channel

Cellular Band - RTAP					Cellular Band - FTAP				
Channel	f (MHz)	RTAP Rate	Conducted power (dBm)		Channel	f (MHz)	FTAP Rate	Conducted power (dBm)	
			Average	Peak				Average	Peak
384	836.52	9.6	24.66	29.85	384	836.52	307.2 kbps (2 slot, QPSK)	24.60	29.53
		19.2	24.72	29.87					
		38.4	24.75	29.90					
		76.8	24.78	30.00					
		153.6	24.92	30.01					

PCS Band - RTAP					PCS Band - FTAP				
Channel	f (MHz)	RTAP Rate	Conducted power (dBm)		Channel	f (MHz)	FTAP Rate	Conducted power (dBm)	
			Average	Peak				Average	Peak
600	1880.00	9.6	24.63	29.01	600	1880.00	307.2 kbps (2 slot, QPSK)	24.63	29.09
		19.2	24.64	29.03					
		38.4	24.70	29.11					
		76.8	24.75	29.28					
		153.6	24.84	29.30					

3G-CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Revision A (Rev A)

This procedure assumes the Agilent 8960 Test Set has the following applications installed and with valid license.

Application Rev. License
 1xEV-DO Terminal Test A.06.06, L

FETAP

- Call Setup > Shift & Preset
- Protocol Rev > A (1xEV-DO-A)
- Application Config > Enhanced Test Application Protocol > FETAP
- FTAP Rate > 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
- Protocol Subtype Config > Release A Physical Layer Subtype > Subtype 0
- Access Network Info > Cell Parameters > Sector ID > 00000000 > Subnet Mask > 0
- Generator Info > Termination Parameters > Max Forward Packet Duration > 16 Slots
- Rvs Power Ctrl > All Up bits (to get the maximum power)

RETAP

- Call Setup > Shift & Preset
- Protocol Rev > A (1xEV-DO-A)
- Application Config > Enhanced Test Application Protocol > RETAP
- F-Traffic Format > 4 (1024, 2, 128) Canonical (307.2k, QPSK)
- R-Data Pkt Size > 4096 (for PCS band), 4096 (for Cellular band)
- Protocol Subtype Config > Release A Physical Layer Subtype > Subtype 2
 > PL Subtype 2 Access Channel MAC Subtype > Default (Subtype 0)
- Access Network Info > Cell Parameters > Sector ID > 00000000 > Subnet Mask > 0
- Generator Info > Termination Parameters > Max Forward Packet Duration > 16 Slots
 > ACK R-Data After > Subpacket 0 (All ACK)
- Rvs Power Ctrl > All Up bits (to get the maximum power)

Worst-case Measurement Result @ Low, Middle and High Channel

Cellular Band - RETAP				Cellular Band - FETAP			
Channel	f (MHz)	R-Data Pkt Size	Conducted power (dBm)	Channel	f (MHz)	FTAP Rate	Conducted power (dBm)
			Average				Average
1013	824.70	4096	24.85	1013	824.70	307.2 (2 slot)	24.45
384	836.52		24.95	384	836.52		24.46
777	848.31		24.79	777	848.31		24.40

PCS Band - RETAP				PCS Band - FETAP			
Channel	f (MHz)	R-Data Pkt Size	Conducted power (dBm)	Channel	f (MHz)	FTAP Rate	Conducted power (dBm)
			Average				Average
25	1851.25	4096	24.95	25	1851.25	307.2 (2 slot)	24.45
600	1880.00		24.92	600	1880.00		24.44
1175	1908.75		24.90	1175	1908.75		24.42

3G-CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Revision A (Rev A)

Preliminary Measurement Results @ Middle channel

Cellular Band - RETAP					Cellular Band - FETAP				
Channel	f (MHz)	R-Data Pkt Size	Conducted power (dBm)		Channel	f (MHz)	FTAP Rate	Conducted power (dBm)	
			Average	Peak				Average	Peak
384	836.52	128	23.90	30.14	384	836.52	307.2 (2 slot)	24.40	
		256	24	30.21			307.2 (4 slot)	24.37	
		512	24.10	30.28					
		768	24.27	30.33					
		1024	24.28	30.14					
		1536	24.32	30.35					
		2048	24.40	30.14					
		3072	24.70	30.56					
		4096	24.95	30.66					
		6144	23.60	30.37					
		8192	23.60	30.40					
		12288	23.70	30.38					

PCS Band - RETAP					PCS Band - FETAP				
Channel	f (MHz)	R-Data Pkt Size	Conducted power (dBm)		Channel	f (MHz)	FTAP Rate	Conducted power (dBm)	
			Average	Peak				Average	Peak
600	1880.00	128	24.10	28.91	600	1880	307.2 (2 slot)	24.40	
		256	24.16	29.20			307.2 (4 slot)	24.38	
		512	24.32	28.90					
		768	24.35	28.77					
		1024	24.50	28.76					
		1536	24.58	28.83					
		2048	24.60	28.86					
		3072	24.75	29.13					
		4096	24.92	29.29					
		6144	24.64	29.26					
		8192	24.68	29.24					
		12288	24.70	29.27					

8 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS**8.1 CELL BAND****8.1.1 PRIMARY LANDSCAPE**

CDMA2000 1XRTT				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.013	0.000	0.013
384	836.52			
777	848.31			
CDMA2000 1XEVD0 Rel 0				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.013	0.000	0.013
384	836.52			
777	848.31			
CDMA2000 1XEVD0 Rev A				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.013	0.000	0.013
384	836.52			
777	848.31			

Notes:

1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10[^](-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.

2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.

3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.1.2 SECONDARY LANDSCAPE

WWAN at this position is disabled.

**Notes:**

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is $\text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.1.3 PRIMARY PORTRAIT

CDMA2000 1XRTT				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.043	-0.162	0.045
384	836.52			
777	848.31			
CDMA2000 1XEVDO Rel 0				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.039	-0.134	0.040
384	836.52			
777	848.31			
CDMA2000 1XEVDO Rev A				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.045	-0.170	0.047
384	836.52			
777	848.31			

Notes:

1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.

2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.

3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.1.4 SECONDARY PORTRAIT

CDMA2000 1XRTT				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.189	0.000	0.189
384	836.52			
777	848.31			
CDMA2000 1XEVD0 Rel 0				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.177	0.000	0.177
384	836.52			
777	848.31			
CDMA2000 1XEVD0 Rev A				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.177	0.000	0.177
384	836.52			
777	848.31			

Notes:

1) The exact method of extrapolation is $\text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.

2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.

3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.1.5 LAP HELD

CDMA2000 1XRTT				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.297	0.000	0.297
384	836.52			
777	848.31			
CDMA2000 1XEVD0 Rel 0				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.302	-0.076	0.307
384	836.52	0.307	0.000	0.307
777	848.31	0.232	0.000	0.232
384⁴⁾	836.52	0.280	0.282	0.262
CDMA2000 1XEVD0 Rev A				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.230	-0.252	0.244
384	836.52			
777	848.31			

Notes:

1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10[^](-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.

2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.

3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.


4) Collocation with Bluetooth module.

8.2 PCS BAND**8.2.1 PRIMARY LANDSCAPE**

CDMA2000 1XRTT				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
25	1851.25			
600	1880.00	0.008	0.000	0.008
1175	1908.75			
CDMA2000 1XEVDO Rel 0				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
25	1851.25			
600	1880.00	0.015	-0.193	0.016
1175	1908.75			
CDMA2000 1XEVDO Rev A				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
25	1851.25			
600	1880.00	0.013	0.000	0.013
1175	1908.75			
Notes: 1) The exact method of extrapolation is $\text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional. 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.				

8.2.2 SECONDARY LANDSCAPE

WWAN at this position is disabled.

		
<p>Notes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x $10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.		

8.2.3 PRIMARY PORTRAIT

CDMA2000 1XRTT				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
25	1851.25			
600	1880.00	0.212	0.000	0.212
1175	1908.75			
CDMA2000 1XEVD0 Rel 0				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
25	1851.25			
600	1880.00	0.205	-0.002	0.205
1175	1908.75			
CDMA2000 1XEVD0 Rev A				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
25	1851.25			
600	1880.00	0.214	-0.045	0.216
1175	1908.75			
Notes: 1) The exact method of extrapolation is $\text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional. 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.				

8.2.4 SECONDARY PORTRAIT

CDMA2000 1XRTT				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
25	1851.25	0.295	0.000	0.295
600	1880.00	0.290	0.000	0.290
1175	1908.75	0.187	0.000	0.187
25 ⁴⁾	1851.25	0.305	0.000	0.305
CDMA2000 1XEVDORel 0				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
25	1851.25	0.266	-0.143	0.275
600	1880.00			
1175	1908.75			
CDMA2000 1XEVDORev A				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
25	1851.25	0.267	-0.177	0.278
600	1880.00			
1175	1908.75			

Notes:

1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.

2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.

3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

4) Collocation with Bluetooth module.

8.2.5 LAP HELD

CDMA2000 1XRTT				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
25 600 1175	1851.25 1880.00 1908.75	0.233	-0.513	0.262
CDMA2000 1XEVDORel 0				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
25 600 1175	1851.25 1880.00 1908.75	0.235	-0.194	0.246
CDMA2000 1XEVDORev A				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g)
25 600 1175	1851.25 1880.00 1908.75	0.244	-0.190	0.255

Notes:

1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.

2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.

3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

9 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

9.1 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR 300 MHz – 3000 MHz

Uncertainty component	Tol. (±%)	Probe Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Std. Unc.(±%)	
						Ui (1g)	Ui(10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	4.80	N	1	1	1	4.80	4.80
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	1.92	1.92
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	3.92	3.92
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.71	2.71
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Readout Electronics	1.00	N	1	1	1	1.00	1.00
Response Time	0.80	R	1.732	1	1	0.46	0.46
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.50	1.50
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	1.59	R	1.732	1	1	0.92	0.92
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.00	0.00
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.23	0.23
Probe Positioning With Respect to Phantom Shell	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.67	1.67
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	3.90	R	1.732	1	1	2.25	2.25
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	1.10	N	1	1	1	1.10	1.10
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.60	3.60
Power and SAR Drift Measurement	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.89	2.89
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.31	2.31
Liquid Conductivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24
Liquid Conductivity - Meas.	8.60	N	1	0.64	0.43	5.50	3.70
Liquid Permittivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41
Liquid Permittivity - Meas.	3.30	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.98	1.62
Combined Standard Uncertainty	RSS					11.44	10.49
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)	K=2					22.87	20.98
Notesfor table							
1. Tol. - tolerance in influence quaity							
2. N - Nomal							
3. R - Rectangular							
4. Div. - Divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty							
5. Ci - is te sensitivity coefficient							

10 EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Cal. Due date		
				MM	DD	Year
Robot - Six Axes	Stäubli	RX90BL	N/A			N/A
Robot Remote Control	Stäubli	CS7MB	3403-91535			N/A
DASY4 Measurement Server	SPEAG	SEUMS001BA	1041			N/A
Probe Alignment Unit	SPEAG	LB (V2)	261			N/A
SAM Phantom (SAM1)	SPEAG	TP-1185	QD000P40CA			N/A
SAM Phantom (SAM2)	SPEAG	TP-1015	N/A			N/A
Electronic Probe kit	HP	85070C	N/A			N/A
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES-6	US39173569	2	14	2008
E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3552	5	30	2007
Thermometer	ERTCO	639-1S	1718	11	7	2007
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3 V1	427	11	16	2007
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d002	1	23	2008
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d043	1	29	2008
Signal Generator	R&S	SMP 04	DE34210	10	9	2007
Power Meter	HP	438A	3513U04320	9	4	2007
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	D072701-5			N/A
Radio Communication Tester	Agilent	E5515C	GB46160222	6	29	2007
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M835	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test		
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M1900	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test		

11 PHOTOS

DUT

Lenovo ThinkPad X61 Tablet Series

DUT Location

Antenna Location

12 ATTACHMENTS

No.	Contents	No. Of Pages
1	System Performance Check Plots	4
2-1	SAR Test Plots – Cell Band	16
2-2	SAR Test Plots – PCS Band	16
3	Certificate of E-Field Probe - EXDV4SN3552	9
4	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D835V2 SN:4d002	9
5	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D1900V2 SN:5d043	9

END OF REPORT