

SAR Evaluation Report

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF FCC OET BULLETIN 65 SUPPLEMENT C

FOR

EXPRESS MINI-PCI USB WIRELESS CDMA MODEM MODULE

Model: MC5720

FCC ID: N7N-MC5720

REPORT NUMBER: 06U10632-4B

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Prepared for

SIERRA WIRELESS 2290 COSMOS CT CARLSBAD CA 92009 UNITED STATES

Prepared by

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LAB CODE:200065-0

Revision History

Rev.	Issued date	Revisions	Revised By
	October 12, 2006	Initial issue	HS
В	October 20, 2006	 Additional SAR data for PRIMARY PORTRAIT configuration and removed the data related to collocations. 	HS
		Updated system performance check plots due to additional SAR test.	
		 Updated SAR test plots and removed the plots related to collocations. 	

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

DATES OF	TEST: October 10, 11 and 18 -19, 2006	

APPLICANT:	SIERRA WIRELESS
ADDRESS:	2290 COSMOS CT CARLSBAD CA 92009, UNITED STATES
FCC ID:	N7N-MC5720
MODEL:	MC5720
DEVICE CATEGORY:	Portable Device
EXPOSURE CATEGORY:	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Express MINI-PCI USB Wireless CDMA Modem Module is installed in Lenovo ThinkPad X60 Tablet.										
Test Sample is a:	st Sample is a: Production unit									
Host Laptops:	Lenovo ThinkPad X60 Tab	let								
		The Highest								
		SAR Values [1g_mW/g]								
Rule Parts	Frequency Range [MHz]									
22H	824.7 – 848.31	0.183								
24E	1851.25 – 1908.75	0.436								

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

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1 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DESCRIPTION

Express MINI-PCI USB W	Express MINI-PCI USB Wireless CDMA Modem Module is installed in Lenovo ThinkPad X60 Tablet.								
Normal operation: Lap-held position, and underarm position									
Accessory:	N/A								
Earphone/Headset Jack:	N/A								
Duty cycle:	100%								
Host Device(s):	Lenovo ThinkPad X60 Tablet								
Antenna(s)	Wistron Neweb Corp. PIFA Antenna, P/N: 60.4Q423.001								
Power supply:	Power supplied through the laptop computer (host device).								

2 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

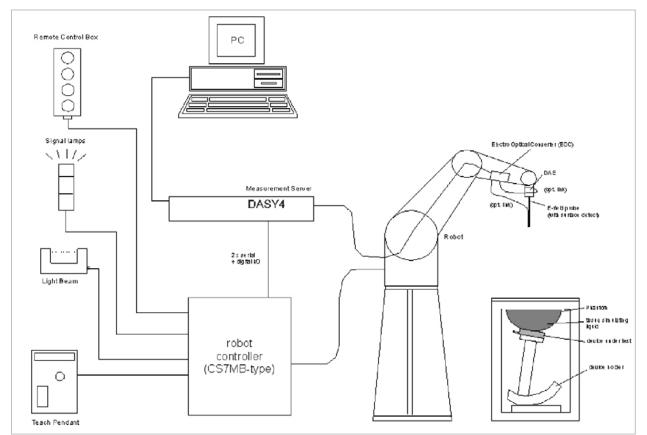
The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."



CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.

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3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

3.1 COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR TISSUE SIMULATIG LIQUIDS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients		Frequency (MHz)								
(% by weight)	4	50	83	35	· 9′	15	19	00	2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

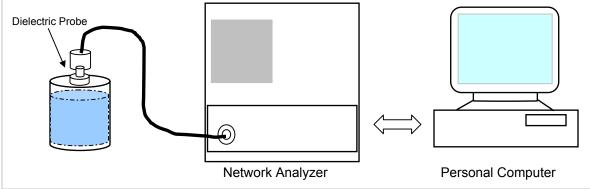
Water: De-ionized, 16 M Ω + resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

4 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETERS CHECK

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within \pm 5% of the values given in the table below.



Set-up for liquid parameters check

Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantom (for 150 – 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz)

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE Standard 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE Standard 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Bo	ody	
rarget requercy (Miriz)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)

4.1 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETER CHECK RESULT

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 835 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

S	imulating Lie	quid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (癈)	Depth (cm)			Falameters	weasureu		Deviation (76)	
835	22	15	e'	54.6536	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	54.6536	55.2	-0.99	?5
000		10	e"	21.0282	Conductivity (σ):	0.97680	0.97	0.70	? 5
Liquid Ch									
	•		leg	J. C; Liqu	id temperature: 22.0 o	deg C			
October '	10, 2006	04:35 PM							
Frequence	су	e'			e"				
8000000	00.	54	.97	794	21.1487				
8050000	00.	54	.93	332	21.1146				
8100000	00.	54	.91	188	21.1032				
8150000	00.	54	.86	680	21.0824				
8200000	00.	54	.81	166	21.0566				
8250000	00.	54	.78	355	21.0681				
8300000	00.	54	.72	232	21.0522				
8350000	00.	54	.65	536	21.0282				
8400000	00.	54	.62	250	21.0223				
8450000	00.	54	.55	540	20.9885				
8500000	00.	54	.50	046	20.9798				
8550000	00.	54	.44	189	20.9518				
8600000	00.	54	.40)25	20.8883				
8650000	00.	54	.34	130	20.8734				
8700000	00.	54	.29	939	20.8548				
8750000	00.			386	20.8175				
8800000				915	20.7987				
8850000	00.			397	20.7926				
8900000				761	20.7807				
8950000				792	20.7218				
9000000				109	20.7161				
The cond	luctivity (σ) can be	giv	en as:					
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta}$	e"=2πj	fε₀e"							
where f									
EO	= 8.854 *	* 10 ⁻¹²							

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 835 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

S	imulating Lie	quid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (癈)	Depth (cm)			T arameters	Measureu		Deviation (70)	
835	22	15	e'	54.4519	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	54.4519	55.2	-1.36	? 5
			e"	20.8709	Conductivity (σ):	0.96950	0.97	-0.05	? 5
Liquid Ch	neck								
Ambient	temperat	ure: 23.0 c	leg	J. C; Liqu	id temperature: 22.0	deg C			
October [•]	18, 2006	05:23 PM							
Frequence	су	e'			e"				
8000000	00.	54	.76	671	21.0647				
8050000	00.	54	.75	548	20.9969				
8100000	00.	54	.68	326	20.9963				
8150000	00.	54	.66	659	20.9590				
8200000	00.	54	.61	184	20.9274				
8250000	00.	54	.55	523	20.9029				
8300000	00.	54	.50)73	20.8877				
8350000	00.	54	.45	519	20.8709				
8400000	00.	54	.41	168	20.8469				
8450000	00.	54	.36	670	20.8395				
8500000	00.	54	.30)39	20.7937				
8550000	00.	54	.25	561	20.7859				
8600000	00.	54	.19	964	20.7721				
8650000	00.	54	.17	716	20.7344				
8700000	00.	54	.10)81	20.7333				
8750000	00.	54	.06	642	20.7247				
8800000	00.	54	.01	157	20.7287				
8850000	00.	53	.96	645	20.7232				
8900000	00.	53	.90)53	20.7209				
8950000	00.	53	.88	354	20.6825				
9000000	00.	53	.85	561	20.6584				
The cond	luctivity (σ) can be	giv	en as:					
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta}$	e''=2πj	fε₀e"							
where f									
EO	= 8.854 *	* 10 ⁻¹²							

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 1900 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23 °C; Relative humidity = 42 %

Measured by: Sunny Shih

S	imulating Lic	quid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (癈)	Depth (cm)			T arameters	weasureu		Deviation (70)	
1900	22	15	e'	53.9854	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	53.9854	53.3	1.29	? 5
1000		10	e"	14.1546	Conductivity (σ):	1.49613	1.52	-1.57	? 5
Liquid Cł	neck								
Ambient	temperat	ure: 23 de	g.	C; Liquid	temperature: 22 deg	С			
October	11, 2006	01:03 PM							
Frequend	су	e'			e"				
1750000	000.	54	.47	734	13.5386				
1760000	000.	54	.43	335	13.5689				
1770000	000.	54	.42	262	13.6041				
1780000	000.	54	.4(005	13.6370				
1790000	000.	54	.4(004	13.6879				
1800000	000.	54	.36	699	13.7437				
1810000	000.	54	.31	158	13.7950				
1820000	000.	54	.26	645	13.8183				
1830000	000.	54	.20	063	13.8520				
1840000	000.	54	.16	687	13.8896				
1850000	000.	54	.13	317	13.9417				
1860000	000.	54	.07	795	13.9787				
1870000	000.	54	.03	387	14.0019				
1880000	000.	54	.02	240	14.0232				
1890000	000.	54	.0	192	14.0686				
1900000	000.	53	.98	354	14.1046				
1910000	000.	53	.94	450	14.1546				
1920000	000.	53	.89	916	14.1732				
1930000	000.	53	.86	617	14.2066				
1940000	000.	53	.8	179	14.2464				
1950000	000.	53	.76	643	14.2778				
The cond	luctivity (σ) can be	giv	en as:					
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta}$	e''=2πj	fε₀e"							
where f									
EO	= 8.854 *	· 10 ⁻¹²							

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 1900 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 42%

Measured by: Sunny Shih

Si	imulating Lie	quid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (癈)	Depth (cm)			Parameters	Measured		Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
1900	22	15	e'	53.5749	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	53.5749	53.3	0.52	? 5
1000		10	e"	14.2586	Conductivity (o):	1.50713	1.52	-0.85	? 5
Liquid Ch									
			g. (C; Liquid	temperature: 22 deg	С			
		12:00 PM							
Frequenc	,	e'		e"					
1750000		54.1736		13.50					
1760000		54.0818		13.61					
17700000		54.0388		13.69					
1780000		54.0213		13.74					
17900000 18000000		54.0581 54.0528		13.79					
18100000		54.0526 54.0293		13.848 13.862					
1820000		53.9811		13.80					
18300000		53.9854		13.77					
1840000		53.9553		13.83					
18500000		53.8660		13.94					
18600000		53.7239		14.04					
18700000		53.5959		14.07					
18800000		53.5504		14.10					
18900000		53.5706		14.17					
1900000		53.5749		14.25	86				
1910000) 000. t	53.5711		14.27	26				
1920000) 000. <u></u>	53.5772		14.22	94				
1930000) 000. <u></u>	53.6399		14.20	55				
1940000		53.6376		14.26	55				
1950000)00. ł	53.5636		14.32	13				
The cond	uctivity (σ) can be	giv	en as:					
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta}$	e"=2πj	fε₀e"							
where f									
EO	= 8.854 *	* 10 ⁻¹²							

5 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV3-SN: 3531 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.
 For 5 GHz band The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5 x 5 x 7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=7.5mm; dz=5mm).
 For 5 GHz band Special 8x8x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=4.3mm; dz=3mm)
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 4 mm.
 For 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.0mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR Values for body-tissue

In the table below, the numerical reference SAR values of a SPEAG validation dipoles placed below the flat phantom filled with body-tissue simulating liquid are given. The reference SAR values were calculated using the finite-difference time-domain method and the geometry parameters.

Dipole Type	Distance (mm)	Frequency (MHz)	SAR (1g) [W/kg]	SAR (10g) [W/kg]	SAR (peak) [W/kg]
D450V2	15	450	5.01	3.36	7.22
D835V2	15	835	9.71	6.38	14.1
D900V2	15	900	11.1	7.17	16.3
D1450V2	10	1450	29.6	16.6	49.8
D1800V2	10	1800	38.5	20.3	67.5
D1900V2	10	1900	39.8	20.8	69.6
D2000V2	10	2000	40.9	21.2	71.5
D2450V2	10	2450	51.2	23.7	97.6

Note: All SAR values normalized to 1 W forward power.

5.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

System Validation Dipole: D835V2 SN:4d002

Date: October 10, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body Simulating Liquid		SAR (mW/g)		Normalize	Target	Deviation	Lim it	
f(MHz)	Temp.(癈)	Depth (cm)	SAR (m w /g)		to 1 W	Target	(%)	(%)
835 22	15	1 g	2.50	10	9.71	2.99	? 10	
	15	10g	1.65	6.6	6.38	3.45	? 10	

Date: October 18, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 40%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body Simulating Liquid		SAR (mW/g)		Normalize	Target	Deviation	Lim it	
f(MHz)	Temp.(癈)	Depth (cm)	SAR (mvv/g)		to 1 W	Target	(%)	(%)
835 22	15	1 g	2.48	9.92	9.71	2.16	? 10	
	15	10g	1.64	6.56	6.38	2.82	? 10	

System Validation Dipole: D1900V2 SN:5d043

Date: October 11, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 42 %

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Measured by: Sunny Shih
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Body Simulating Liquid		SAR (mW/g)		Normalize	Target	Deviation	Lim it	
f(MHz)	Temp.(癈)	Depth (cm)	SAR (m w /g)		d to 1 W	Taryet	(%)	(%)
1900 22	15	1 g	9.64	38.56	39.8	-3.12	? 10	
	15	10g	5.14	20.56	20.8	-1.15	? 10	

Date: October 19, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 42%

Measured by: Sunny Shih

Body Simulating Liquid		SAR (mW/q)		Normalize	Target	Deviation	Lim it
f(MHz)	Temp.(癈)	Depth (cm)			to 1 W	(%)	(%)
1900 22	15	1 g	9.75	39	39.8	-2.01	? 10
	15	10g	5.2	20.8	20.8	0.00	? 10

6 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE

A summary of the procedure follows:

- a) A measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location is used as a reference value for assessing the power drop of the EUT. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test, and then again at the end of the test.
- b) The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 15 mm x 15 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

For 5 GHz band - The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 2.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

c) Around this point, a volume of X=Y= 30 and Z=21 mm is assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

For 5 GHz band - Around this point, a volume of X=Y=Z=30 mm is assessed by measuring 8 x 8 x 8 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

- (i) The data at the surface are extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order is calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- (ii) The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g and 10 g) are computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"- condition (in x, y and z-direction). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) are interpolated to calculate the averages.
- (iii) All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.
- (iv) The SAR value at the same location as in Step (a) is again measured to evaluate the actual power drift.

6.1 DASY4 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 1.2 mm for an EX3DV3 probe type).

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures $5 \times 5 \times 7$ points within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

For 5 GHz band – Same as above except the Zoom Scan measures 8 x 8 x 8 points.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a onedimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

7 PROCEDURE USED TO ESTABLISH TEST SIGNAL

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

Agilent 8960 Communication Test Set was used to control the channel and measure the conducted power. The cable loss of 0.4 dB (Cell band) and 0.6 dB (PCS band) were entered as an offset in the Agilent 8960 Communication Test Set to mmeasure the channel power.

The following setting was used during test for 1x RTT RC3 SO32 (+F-SCH):

Call Parms

Radio config: FWD3, RVS3

Service option: SO32 (+F-SCH)

Pwr Ctrl Parms: Active bits (Select "All Up bits" after linked to get maximum power) Protocol Rev.: 6 (IS-2000-0)

CDMA2000 1xRTT Cell Band

Channel	Frequency	Channel Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
1013	824.70	24.50
384	836.52	24.30
777	848.31	23.80

CDMA2000 1xRTT PCS Band

Channel	Frequency	Channel Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
25	1851.25	24.50
600	1880.00	23.90
1175	1908.75	24.10

The following setting was used during test for 1xEV-DO Rev.0

Call Parms:

Application Config: RTAP

FTAP Rate: 307.2 Kbps

RTAP Rate: 153.6 Kbps

Pwr Ctrl Parms: Active bits (Select "All Up bits" after linked to get maximum power) Protocol Rev.: 0 (1xEV-DO)

Call Control:

AT Max Power: 23 dBm/1.23 MHz

CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Cell Band

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Power (dBm)
1013	824.70	24.50
384	836.52	24.30
777	848.31	23.80

CDMA2000 1xEV-DO PCS Band

Channel	Frequency	Channel Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
25	1851.25	24.90
600	1880.00	24.60
1175	1908.75	24.20

8 SAR MEASURMENT RESULTS

The following positions are skipped.

LCD EDGE POSITION – PRIMARY LANDSCAPE

Primary Landscape is skipped since SAR values are too low.

Photos are confidential, please see a seperate file

LCD EDGE POSITION – SECONDARY LANDSCAPE

Primary Landscape is skipped since WWAN is disabled at this position.

Photos are confidential, please see a seperate file	

8.1 CELL BAND

	Photos are confidential, please see a seperate file						
	1xRTT - RC3	SO32 (+F-SC	(H) Measured SAR	Power Drift	Extrapolated1) SAR		
	Channel	f (MHz)	1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g)		
	1013 384 777	824.70 836.52 848.31	0.062	0.000	0.062		
	1xEV DO						
	Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g)		
	1013 384 777	824.70 836.52 848.31	0.066	0.000	0.066		
 Notes: 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10[^](-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurem process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. 2) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EL 							

8.1.2 EDGE POSITION – SECONDARY PORTRIAT

	Photos are	e confidential, plea	ise see a sepe	rate file
	<u> 2033 (te s</u>	<u>~µ</u>)		
1xRTT - RC3	SO32 (+F-S0		Power Drift	Extrapolated1) SAR
1xRTT - RC3 Channel		CH) Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g)
Channel 1013	f (MHz) 824.70	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g)
Channel 1013 384	f (MHz) 824.70 836.52	Measured SAR		
Channel 1013	f (MHz) 824.70	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g)
Channel 1013 384 777	f (MHz) 824.70 836.52	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g) 0.169
Channel 1013 384 777 1xEV DO Channel	f (MHz) 824.70 836.52 848.31 f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.169 Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	(dB) 0.000	1g (mW/g) 0.169 Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g)
Channel 1013 384 777 1xEV DO Channel 1013	f (MHz) 824.70 836.52 848.31 f (MHz) 824.70	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.169 Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.144	(dB) 0.000 Power Drift (dB) -0.094	1g (mW/g) 0.169 Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.147
Channel 1013 384 777 1xEV DO Channel	f (MHz) 824.70 836.52 848.31 f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.169 Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	(dB) 0.000 Power Drift (dB)	1g (mW/g) 0.169 Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g)

measurement process.

2) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.1.3 LAP HELD POSITION

		Photos are	e confidential, plea	ise see a seper	ate file	
	<u>1xRTT - RC3 S</u>		Measured SAR	Power Drift	Extrapolated1) SAR	
	Channel 1013	f (MHz) 824.70	1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g)	
	384 777	824.70 836.52 848.31	0.063	-0.163	0.065	
	1xEV DO					
	Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g)	
	1013	824.70	0.064	-0.275	0.068	
	384 777	836.52 848.31	0.066 0.081	-0.100 0.000	0.067 0.081	
pro me	ocess by the DASY asurement process	4 system can b s.	e scaled up by the Po	wer drift to determin	R reported at the end of the m he the SAR at the beginning o the maximum SAR location	of the

8.2 PCS BAND

	Photos are confidential, please see a seperate file					
	1xRTT - RC3	<u>5052 (+7-50</u>	Measured SAR	Power Drift	Extrapolated1) SAR	
	Channel	f (MHz)	1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g)	
	25 600 1175	1851.25 1880.00 1908.75	0.042	0.000	0.042	
	1xEV DO					
	Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g)	
	25 600 1175	1851.25 1880.00 1908.75	0.045	-0.119	0.046	
pr	ocess by the DASY easurement proces	4 system can b s.	e scaled up by the Po	wer drift to determin	R reported at the end of the m ne the SAR at the beginning o g the maximum SAR location	of the

8.2.2 EDGE POSITION – SECONDARY PORTRIAT

	Photos are confidential, please see a seperate file						
		Photos are confidential, please see a seperate file					
	1xRTT - RC3	SO32 (+F-S(CH)				
			Measured SAR	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated1) SAR		
	Channel 25	f (MHz) 1851.25	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g)		
	Channel 25 600 1175	f (MHz)	Measured SAR				
	Channel 25 600	f (MHz) 1851.25 1880.00	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.088	(dB) -0.026	1g (mW/g)		
	Channel 25 600 1175 1xEV DO	f (MHz) 1851.25 1880.00 1908.75	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.088 Measured SAR	(dB) -0.026 Power Drift	1g (mW/g) 0.088 Extrapolated1) SAR		
	Channel 25 600 1175 1xEV DO Channel	f (MHz) 1851.25 1880.00 1908.75 f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.088 Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	(dB) -0.026 Power Drift (dB)	1g (mW/g) 0.088 Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g)		
	Channel 25 600 1175 1xEV DO Channel 25	f (MHz) 1851.25 1880.00 1908.75 f (MHz) 1851.25	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.088 Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.091	(dB) -0.026 Power Drift (dB) 0.000	1g (mW/g) 0.088 Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.091		
	Channel 25 600 1175 1xEV DO Channel 25 600	f (MHz) 1851.25 1880.00 1908.75 f (MHz) 1851.25 1880.00	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.088 Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.091 0.092	(dB) -0.026 Power Drift (dB) 0.000 0.000	1g (mW/g) 0.088 Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.091 0.092		
	Channel 25 600 1175 1xEV DO Channel 25	f (MHz) 1851.25 1880.00 1908.75 f (MHz) 1851.25	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.088 Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.091	(dB) -0.026 Power Drift (dB) 0.000	1g (mW/g) 0.088 Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.091		
otes: 1)	Channel 25 600 1175 1xEV DO Channel 25 600 1175	f (MHz) 1851.25 1880.00 1908.75 f (MHz) 1851.25 1880.00 1908.75	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.088 Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.091 0.092 0.096	(dB) -0.026 Power Drift (dB) 0.000 0.000 -0.081	1g (mW/g) 0.088 Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g) 0.091 0.092		

measurement process.

2) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

8.2.3 LAP HELD POSITION

	Photos are confidential, please see a seperate file					
	1xRTT - RC3	SO32 (+F-SC	CH)			
			Measured SAR	Power Drift	Extrapolated1) SAR	
	Channel	f (MHz)	1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g)	
	25 600 1175	1851.25 1880.00 1908.75	0.377	0.000	0.377	
	1xEV DO					
	Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated1) SAR 1g (mW/g)	
	25	1851.25	0.427	-0.087	0.436	
	600	1880.00	0.378	-0.155	0.392	
	1175	1908.75	0.298	0.000	0.298	
pro me	ocess by the DASY easurement process	4 system can b s.	e scaled up by the Po	wer drift to determine	R reported at the end of the m ne the SAR at the beginning o the maximum SAR location of	of the

9 MEASURMENT UNCERTAINTY

9.1 MEASURMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR 300 MHz - 3000 MHz

Uncertainty component		Probe	Div.	$C:(4\pi)$	C: (10m)	Std. Unc.(?)	
Uncertainty component	Tol. (?)	Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Ui (1g)	Ui(10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	4.80	Ν	1	1	1	4.80	4.80
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	1.92	1.92
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	3.92	3.92
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.71	2.71
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Readout Electronics	1.00	Ν	1	1	1	1.00	1.00
Response Time	0.80	R	1.732	1	1	0.46	0.46
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.50	1.50
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	1.59	R	1.732	1	1	0.92	0.92
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.00	0.00
Probe Positioner Mechnical Tolerance	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.23	0.23
Probe Positioning With Respect to Phantom Shell	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.67	1.67
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for							
max. SAR evaluation	3.90	R	1.732	1	1	2.25	2.25
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	1.10	Ν	1	1	1	1.10	1.10
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60	Ν	1	1	1	3.60	3.60
Power and SAR Drift Measurement	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.89	2.89
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.31	2.31
Liquid Conductivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24
Liquid Conductivity - Meas.	8.60	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	5.50	3.70
Liquid Permittivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41
Liquid Permittivity - Meas.	3.30	Ν	1	0.6	0.49	1.98	1.62
Combined Standard Uncertainty	RSS					11.44	10.49
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)			K=2			22.87	20.98
Notesfor table							
1. Tol tolerance in influence quaitity							
2. N - Nomal							
3. R - Rectangular							
4. Div Divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty							

5. Ci - is te sensitivity coefficient

10 EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Robot - Six AxesStäubliRX90BLN/AN/ARobot Remote ControlStäubliCS7MB3403-91535N/ADASY4 Measurement ServerSPEAGSEUMS001BA1041N/AProbe Alignment UnitSPEAGLB (V2)261N/AS-Parameter Network AnalyzerAgilent8753ES-6US391735692/9/07Electronic Probe kitHewlett Packard85070CN/AN/AE-Field ProbeSPEAGEX3DV435525/30/07
DASY4 Measurement ServerSPEAGSEUMS001BA1041N/AProbe Alignment UnitSPEAGLB (V2)261N/AS-Parameter Network AnalyzerAgilent8753ES-6US391735692/9/07Electronic Probe kitHewlett Packard85070CN/AN/A
Probe Alignment UnitSPEAGLB (V2)261N/AS-Parameter Network AnalyzerAgilent8753ES-6US391735692/9/07Electronic Probe kitHewlett Packard85070CN/AN/A
S-Parameter Network AnalyzerAgilent8753ES-6US391735692/9/07Electronic Probe kitHewlett Packard85070CN/AN/A
Electronic Probe kit Hewlett Packard 85070C N/A N/A
E-Field Probe SPEAG EX3DV4 3552 5/30/07
Thermometer ERTCO 639-1S 1718 1/11/07
SAM Phantom (SAM1) SPEAG TP-1185 QD000P40CA N/A
SAM Phantom (SAM2) SPEAG TP-1015 N/A N/A
Data Acquisition ElectronicsSPEAGDAE45581/20/07
System Validation Dipole SPEAG D835V2 4d002 1/23/08
System Validation Dipole SPEAG D1900V2 5d043 1/29/08
Power Meter Giga-tronics 8651A 8651404 12/27/06
Power Sensor Giga-tronics 80701A 1834588 12/27/07
Amplifier Mini-Circuits ZVE-8G 0360 N/A
Amplifier Mini-Circuits ZHL-42W D072701-5 N/A
Radio Communication Tester Rohde & Schwarz CMU 200 838114/032 3/21/07
Radio Communication Tester Agilent E1968A GB46160222 1/29/2007
Simulating LiquidCCSM835N/AWithin 24 hrs of first test
Simulating LiquidCCSM1900N/AWithin 24 hrs of first test

11 PHOTOS

DUT

Photos are confidential, please see a seperate file

Host laptop – Normal Mode

Photos are confidential, please see a seperate file

Host laptop – Tablet Mode

Antenna Location

Photos are confidential, please see a seperate file

DUT Location

Photos are confidential, please see a seperate file

12 ATTACHMENTS

No.	Contents	No. Of Pages
1	System Performance Check Plots	8
2-1	SAR Test Plots – Cell Band	12
2-2	SAR Test Plots – PCS Band	11
3	Certificate of E-Field Probe - EXDV4SN3552	9
4	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D835V2 SN:4d002	9
5	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D1900V2 SN:5d043	9

END OF REPORT