



# SAR Evaluation Report

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF  
FCC OET BULLETIN 65 SUPPLEMENT C

FOR

EXPRESS MINI-PCI USB WIRELESS CDMA MODEM MODULE

Model: MC5720

FCC ID: N7N-MC5720

REPORT NUMBER: 06U10566-1B

ISSUE DATE: OCTOBER 9, 2006

*Prepared for*

**SIERRA WIRELESS  
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LAB CODE:200065-0

**Revision History**

Rev.	Issued date	Revisions	Revised By
--	October 6, 2006	Initial issue	HS
B	October 9, 2006	Typo on page 27 of 37	ND

**CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)**

**DATES OF TEST:** October 4, 5, and 6, 2006

APPLICANT: ADDRESS:	SIERRA WIRELESS 2290 COSMOS CT CARLSBAD CA 92009, UNITED STATES
FCC ID: MODEL:	N7N-MC5720 MC5720
DEVICE CATEGORY: EXPOSURE CATEGORY:	Portable Device General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Express MINI-PCI USB Wireless CDMA Modem Module is installed in ThinkPad R60 and ThinkPad Z62t.

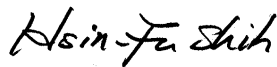
Test Sample is a:	Production unit				
Host Laptops:	ThinkPad R60 ThinkPad Z62t				
Rule Parts	Frequency Range [MHz]	The Highest SAR Values [1g_mW/g]		Collocation SAR Values [1g_mW/g]	
		R60	Z62t	R60	Z62t
22H	824.7 – 848.31	0.043	0.070	0.044	0.073
24E	1851.25 – 1908.75	0.162	0.072	0.172	0.078

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

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**1 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DESCRIPTION**

Express MINI-PCI USB Wireless CDMA Modem Module is installed in ThinkPad R60 and ThinkPad Z62t.	
Normal operation:	Lap-held position
Accessory:	N/A
Earphone/Headset Jack:	N/A
Duty cycle:	100%
Host Device(s):	ThinkPad R60 and ThinkPad Z62t
Antenna(s)	Thinkpad R60: Tyco Holding (Bermuda) VII Ltd., Designator: 1770412-1. Thinkpad z62t: Foxconn Hon Hai Precision IND. Co., Ltd (R.O.C). Designator: WDAN-LQBV2003-DF
Power supply:	Power supplied through the laptop computer (host device).

## 2 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

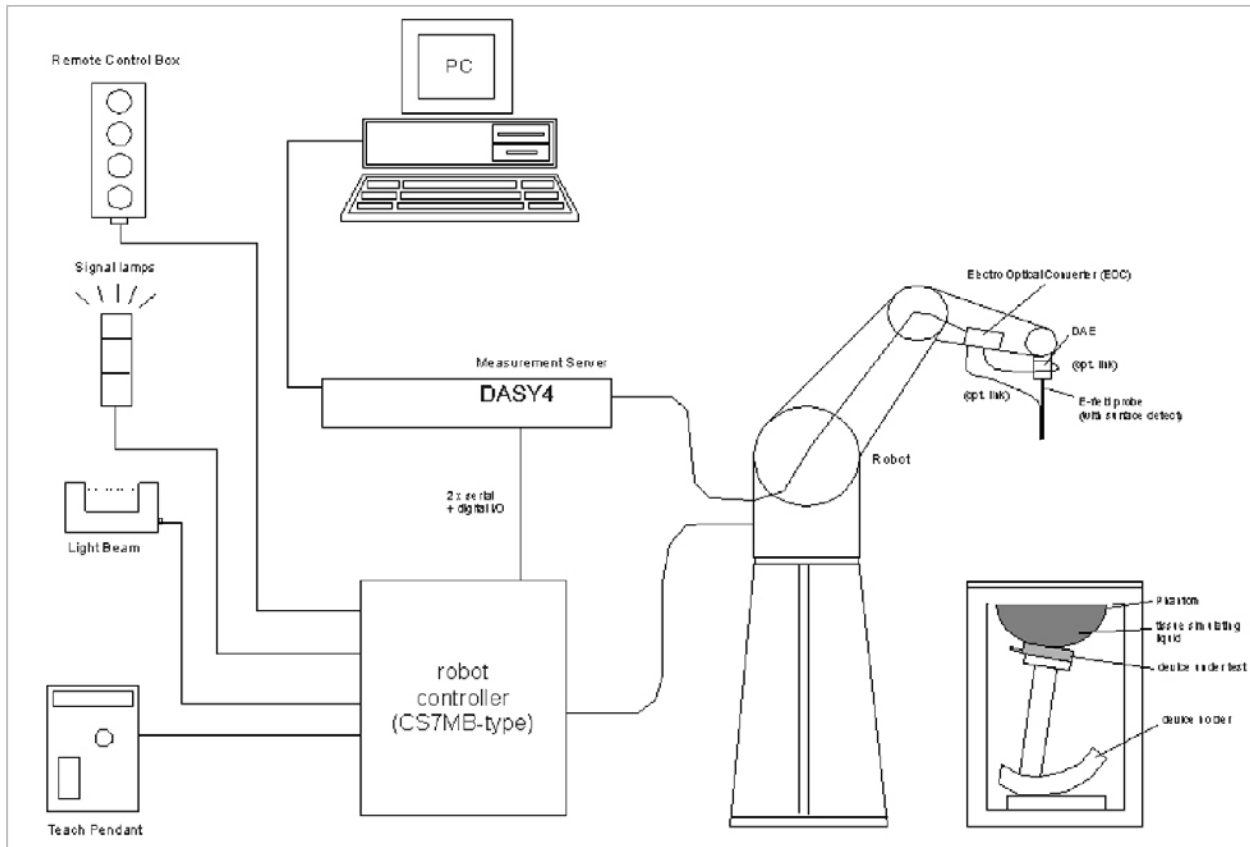
The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."



CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <http://www.ccsemc.com>.

No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

### 3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



#### The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

### 3.1 COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR TISSUE SIMULATIG LIQUIDS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ+ resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

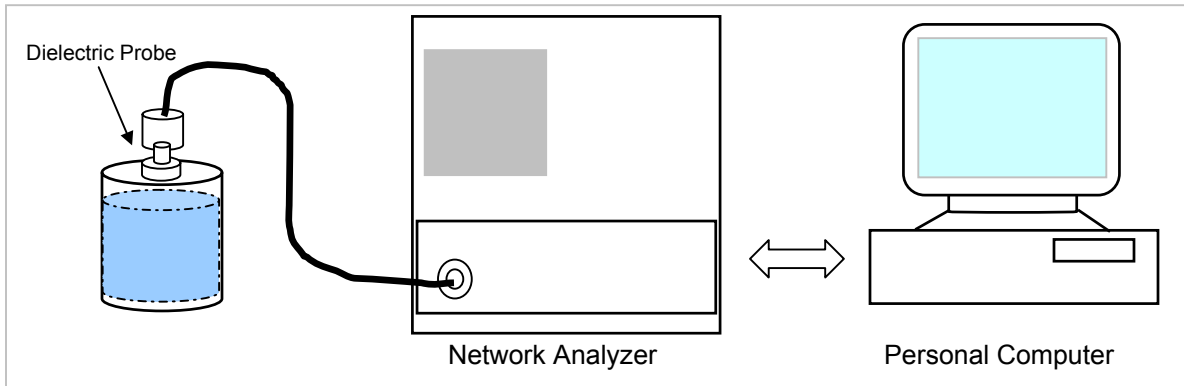
DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether



**4 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETERS CHECK**

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within  $\pm 5\%$  of the values given in the table below.



Set-up for liquid parameters check

**Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantom (for 150 – 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz)**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE Standard 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE Standard 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	<b>55.2</b>	<b>0.97</b>
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	<b>53.3</b>	<b>1.52</b>
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

( $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ )

**4.1 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETER CHECK RESULT**

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 835 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 42%

Measured by: Sunny Shih

Simulating Liquid			Parameters		Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)	
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)							
835	22	15	e'	53.8472	Relative Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> ):	53.8472	55.2	-2.45	± 5
			e"	20.7845	Conductivity (σ):	0.96548	0.97	-0.47	± 5

Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 23 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 22 deg C

October 05, 2006 01:37 PM

Frequency	e'	e"
750000000.	54.7280	21.1494
755000000.	54.6569	21.1366
760000000.	54.5942	21.1093
765000000.	54.5502	21.0291
770000000.	54.4584	21.0127
775000000.	54.4483	20.9921
780000000.	54.4002	20.9267
785000000.	54.3575	20.9407
790000000.	54.2853	20.9648
795000000.	54.2241	20.9508
800000000.	54.1606	20.9264
805000000.	54.1154	20.9186
810000000.	54.0442	20.8976
815000000.	54.0023	20.8609
820000000.	53.9627	20.8126
825000000.	53.8882	20.7884
830000000.	53.8535	20.7944
<b>835000000.</b>	<b>53.8472</b>	<b>20.7845</b>
840000000.	53.7815	20.7304
845000000.	53.7058	20.7352
850000000.	53.6827	20.7316

The conductivity (σ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 e'' = 2 \pi f \epsilon_0 e''$$

where  $f = \text{target } f * 10^6$

$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 1900 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 45%

Measured by: **Ninous Davoudi**

Simulating Liquid			Parameters		Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)	
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)							
1900	22	15	e'	53.5337	Relative Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> ):	53.5337	53.3	0.44	± 5
			e"	13.9639	Conductivity (σ):	1.47598	1.52	-2.90	± 5

Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 23.0 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg C

October 04, 2006 08:51 PM

Frequency	e'	e"
1710000000.	54.1937	13.2703
1720000000.	54.1598	13.3011
1730000000.	54.1222	13.3423
1740000000.	54.0906	13.3750
1750000000.	54.0377	13.4188
1760000000.	54.0098	13.4633
1770000000.	53.9794	13.5065
1780000000.	53.9395	13.5361
1790000000.	53.8985	13.5705
1800000000.	53.8779	13.6129
1810000000.	53.8437	13.6418
1820000000.	53.8184	13.6741
1830000000.	53.7762	13.7179
1840000000.	53.7359	13.7532
1850000000.	53.7005	13.7915
1860000000.	53.6701	13.8330
1870000000.	53.6432	13.8640
1880000000.	53.5830	13.9043
1890000000.	53.5660	13.9414
<b>1900000000.</b>	<b>53.5337</b>	<b>13.9639</b>
1910000000.	53.4965	13.9986

The conductivity (σ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 e'' = 2 \pi f \epsilon_0 e''$$

where  $f = \text{target } f * 10^6$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$$

## 5 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ .

### System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV3-SN: 3531 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.  
For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5 x 5 x 7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=7.5mm; dz=5mm).  
For 5 GHz band - Special 8x8x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=4.3mm; dz=3mm)
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 4 mm.  
For 5 GHz band - Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.0mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW $\pm 3\%$ .
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

### Reference SAR Values for body-tissue

In the table below, the numerical reference SAR values of a SPEAG validation dipoles placed below the flat phantom filled with body-tissue simulating liquid are given. The reference SAR values were calculated using the finite-difference time-domain method and the geometry parameters.

Dipole Type	Distance (mm)	Frequency (MHz)	SAR (1g) [W/kg]	SAR (10g) [W/kg]	SAR (peak) [W/kg]
D450V2	15	450	5.01	3.36	7.22
D835V2	15	835	<b>9.71</b>	<b>6.38</b>	14.1
D900V2	15	900	11.1	7.17	16.3
D1450V2	10	1450	29.6	16.6	49.8
D1800V2	10	1800	38.5	20.3	67.5
D1900V2	10	1900	<b>39.8</b>	<b>20.8</b>	69.6
D2000V2	10	2000	40.9	21.2	71.5
D2450V2	10	2450	51.2	23.7	97.6

Note: All SAR values normalized to 1 W forward power.

**5.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS**

**System Validation Dipole: D835V2 SN:4d002**

Date: October 5, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 42%

Measured by: Sunny Shih

Body Simulating Liquid			SAR (mW/g)		Normalized to 1 W	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)						
835	22	15	1g	2.47	9.88	9.71	1.75	± 10
			10g	1.63				

**System Validation Dipole: D1900V2 SN:5d043**

Date: October 4, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 45%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body Simulating Liquid			SAR (mW/g)		Normalized to 1 W	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)						
1900	22	15	1g	9.55	38.2	39.8	-4.02	± 10
			10g	5.09				

## 6 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

A summary of the procedure follows:

- a) A measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location is used as a reference value for assessing the power drop of the EUT. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test, and then again at the end of the test.
- b) The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 15 mm x 15 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

For 5 GHz band - The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 2.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

- c) Around this point, a volume of X=Y= 30 and Z=21 mm is assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

For 5 GHz band - Around this point, a volume of X=Y=Z=30 mm is assessed by measuring 8 x 8 x 8 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

- (i) The data at the surface are extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order is calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- (ii) The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g and 10 g) are computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"- condition (in x, y and z-direction). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal – algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) are interpolated to calculate the averages.
- (iii) All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.
- (iv) The SAR value at the same location as in Step (a) is again measured to evaluate the actual power drift.

## 6.1 DASY4 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

### Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 1.2 mm for an EX3DV3 probe type).

### Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

### Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

For 5 GHz band – Same as above except the Zoom Scan measures 8 x 8 x 8 points.

### Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

### Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

## 7 PROCEDURE USED TO ESTABLISH TEST SIGNAL

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

Agilent 8960 Communication Test Set was used to control the channel and measure the conducted power. The cable loss of 0.4 dB (Cell band) and 0.6 dB (PCS band) were entered as an offset in the Agilent 8960 Communication Test Set to measure the channel power.

The following setting was used during test for 1x RTT RC3 SO32 (+F-SCH):

### Call Parm

Radio config: FWD3, RVS3

Service option: SO32 (+F-SCH)

Pwr Ctrl Parm: Active bits (Select "All Up bits" after linked to get maximum power)

Protocol Rev.: 6 (IS-2000-0)

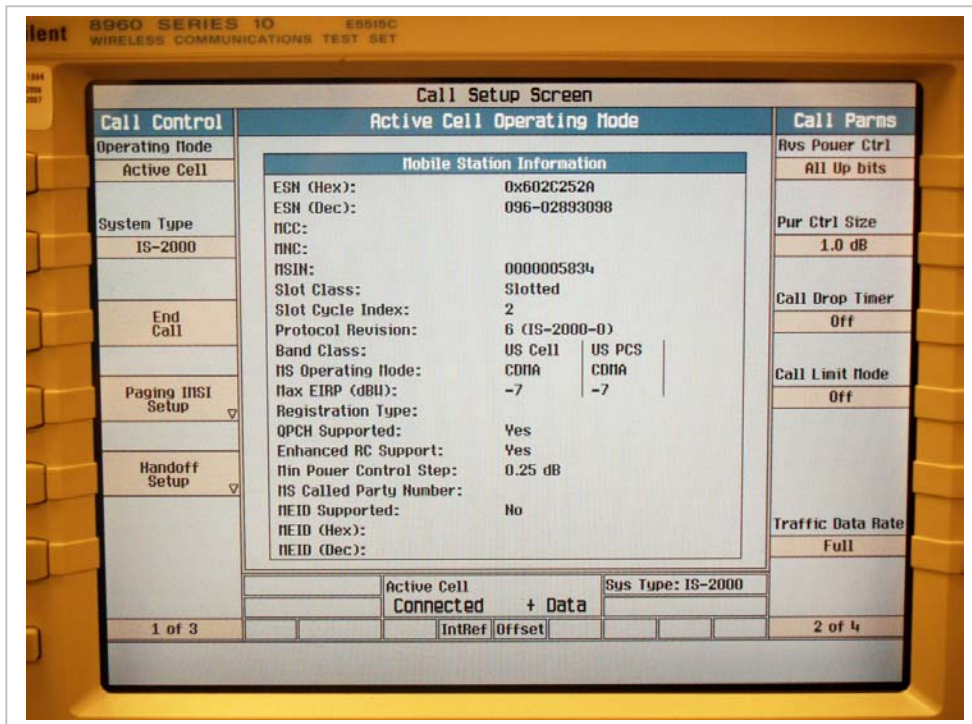
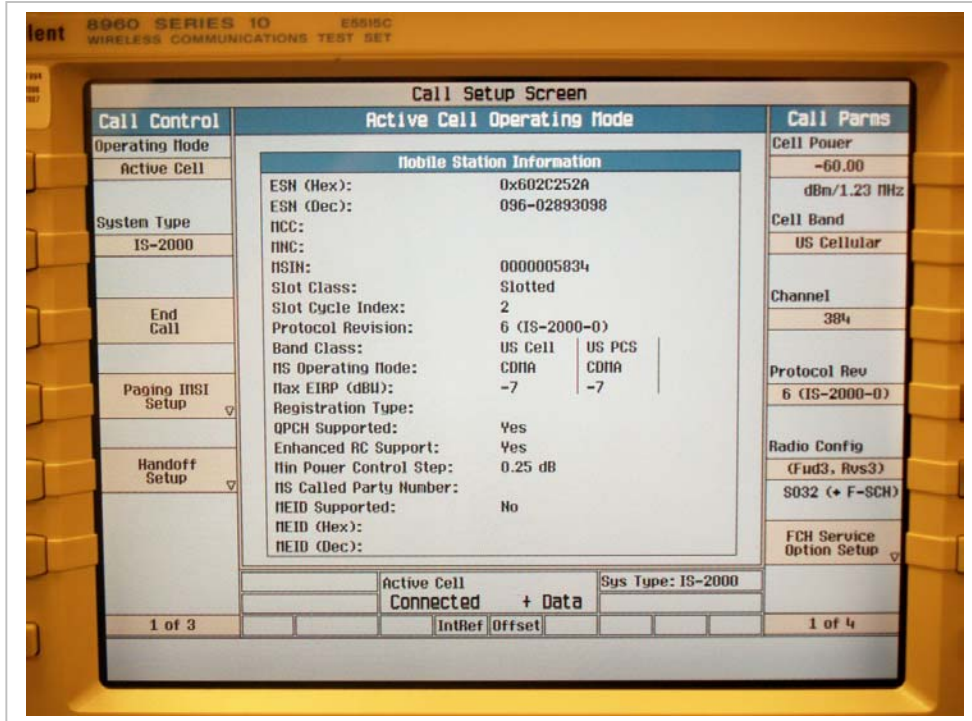
### CDMA2000 1xRTT Cell Band

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Power (dBm)
1013	824.70	24.50
384	836.52	24.30
777	848.31	23.80

### CDMA2000 1xRTT PCS Band

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Power (dBm)
25	1851.25	24.50
600	1880.00	23.90
1175	1908.75	24.10





The following setting was used during test for 1xEV-DO Rev.0

**Call Parm:**

Application Config: RTAP

FTAP Rate: 307.2 Kbps

RTAP Rate: 153.6 Kbps

Pwr Ctrl Parm: Active bits (Select "All Up bits" after linked to get maximum power)

Protocol Rev.: 0 (1xEV-DO)

**Call Control:**

Cell Parameters → Sector ID, Upper (Hex): 00000000

Sector ID, Lower (Hex): 00000000

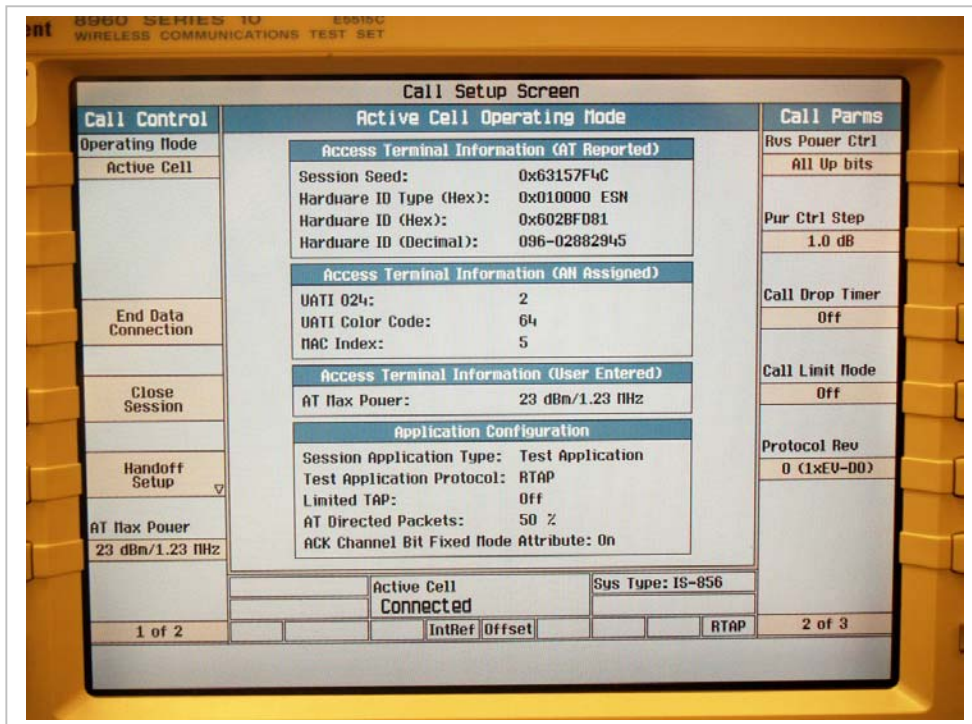
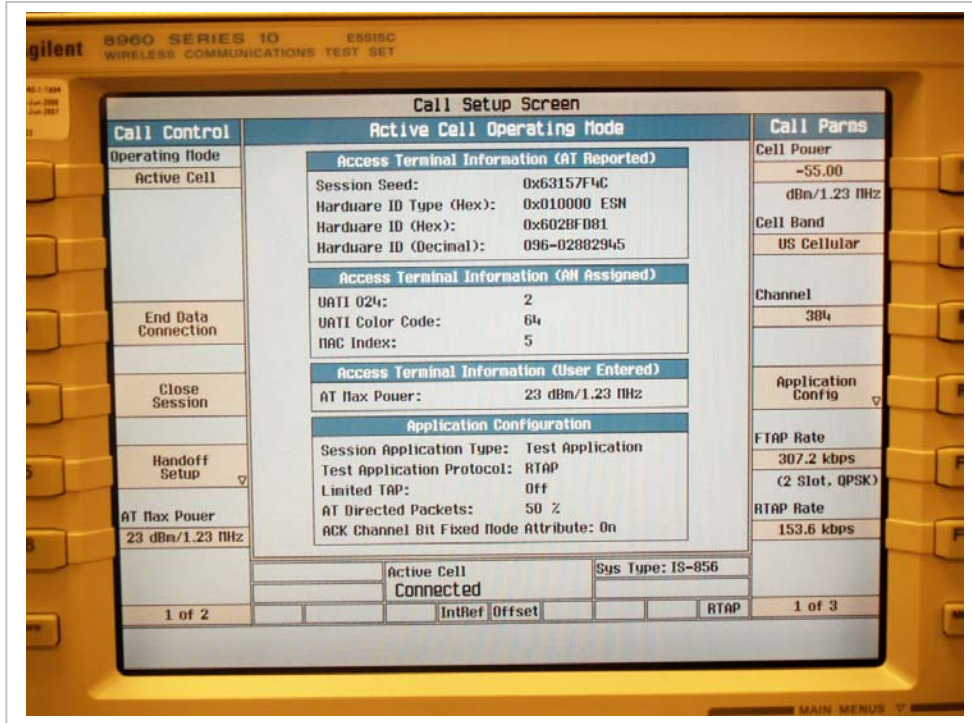
AT Max Power: 23 dBm/1.23 MHz

**CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Cell Band**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Power (dBm)
1013	824.70	24.50
384	836.52	24.30
777	848.31	23.80

**CDMA2000 1xEV-DO PCS Band**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Power (dBm)
25	1851.25	24.90
600	1880.00	24.60
1175	1908.75	24.20



**8 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS**

**8.1 THAIPAD Z62T LAPTOP**

**8.1.1 CELL BAND – LAP HELD POSITION**



<b>1XRTT</b>				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.063	-0.049	0.064
384	836.52			
777	848.31			
<b>1XEVD0</b>				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.053	-0.109	0.054
384	836.52	0.067	-0.136	0.069
<b>777</b>	<b>848.31</b>	<b>0.069</b>	<b>-0.110</b>	<b>0.070</b>

Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10<sup>^(-drift/10)</sup>. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

**8.1.2 CELL BAND – LAP HELD POSITION (CO-TX)**



<b>1xEv-Do</b>				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
777 <sup>1</sup>	848.31	0.070	-0.213	0.073
777 <sup>2</sup>	848.31	0.067	0.000	0.067
777 <sup>3</sup>	848.31	0.065	0.000	0.065
777 <sup>4</sup>	848.31	0.067	-0.079	0.068
777 <sup>5</sup>	848.31	0.066	-0.184	0.069
777 <sup>6</sup>	848.31	0.067	-0.237	0.071
777 <sup>7</sup>	848.31	0.066	0.000	0.066
777 <sup>8</sup>	848.31	0.067	0.000	0.067
777 <sup>9</sup>	848.31	0.066	0.000	0.066
777 <sup>10</sup>	848.31	0.067	0.000	0.067

Notes:

- 1) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11b legacy mode
- 2) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g legacy mode
- 3) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g HT20 MIMO mode
- 4) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g HT40 MIMO mode
- 5) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.2 GHz legacy mode
- 6) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT20 MIMO mode
- 7) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT40 MIMO mode
- 8) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.8 GHz legacy mode
- 9) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.8 GHz HT20 MIMO mode
- 10) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.8 GHz HT40 MIMO mode

**8.1.3 PCS BAND – LAP HELD POSITION**



<b>1xRTT</b>				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
25	1851.25	0.067	-0.003	0.067
600	1880.00	0.069	0.000	0.069
1175	1908.75	0.065	0.000	0.065
<b>1xEVDO</b>				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
<b>25</b>	<b>1851.25</b>	<b>0.072</b>	<b>0.000</b>	<b>0.072</b>
600	1880.00	0.069	-0.137	0.071
1175	1908.75	0.071	0.000	0.071

Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is  $\text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$ . The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

**8.1.4 PCS BAND – LAP HELD POSITION (CO-TX)**



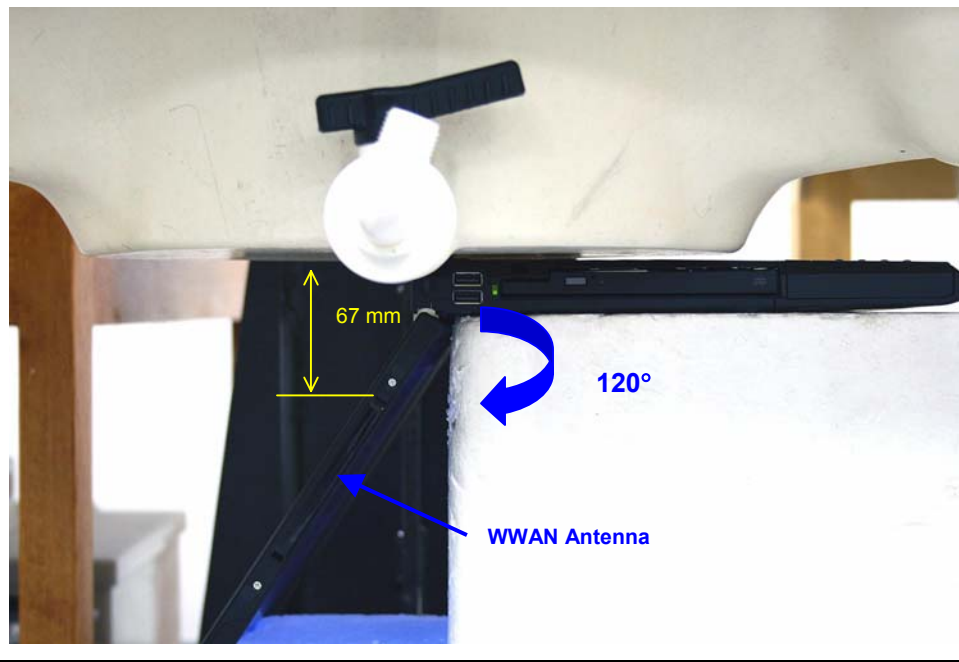
<b>1xEv-Do</b>				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
25 <sup>1</sup>	1851.25	0.078	0.000	0.078
25 <sup>2</sup>	1851.25	0.075	0.000	0.075
25 <sup>3</sup>	1851.25	0.076	0.000	0.076
25 <sup>4</sup>	1851.25	0.075	0.000	0.075
25 <sup>5</sup>	1851.25	0.075	0.000	0.075
25 <sup>6</sup>	1851.25	0.075	0.000	0.075
25 <sup>7</sup>	1851.25	0.074	0.000	0.074
25 <sup>8</sup>	1851.25	0.076	0.000	0.076
25 <sup>9</sup>	1851.25	0.078	0.000	0.078
25 <sup>10</sup>	1851.25	0.078	0.000	0.078

Notes:

- 1) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11b legacy mode
- 2) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g legacy mode
- 3) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g HT20 MIMO mode
- 4) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g HT40 MIMO mode
- 5) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.2 GHz legacy mode
- 6) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT20 MIMO mode
- 7) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT40 MIMO mode
- 8) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.8 GHz legacy mode
- 9) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.8 GHz HT20 MIMO mode
- 10) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.8 GHz HT40 MIMO mode

**8.2 THAIPAD R60 LAPTOP**

**8.2.1 CELL BAND – LAP HELD POSITION**



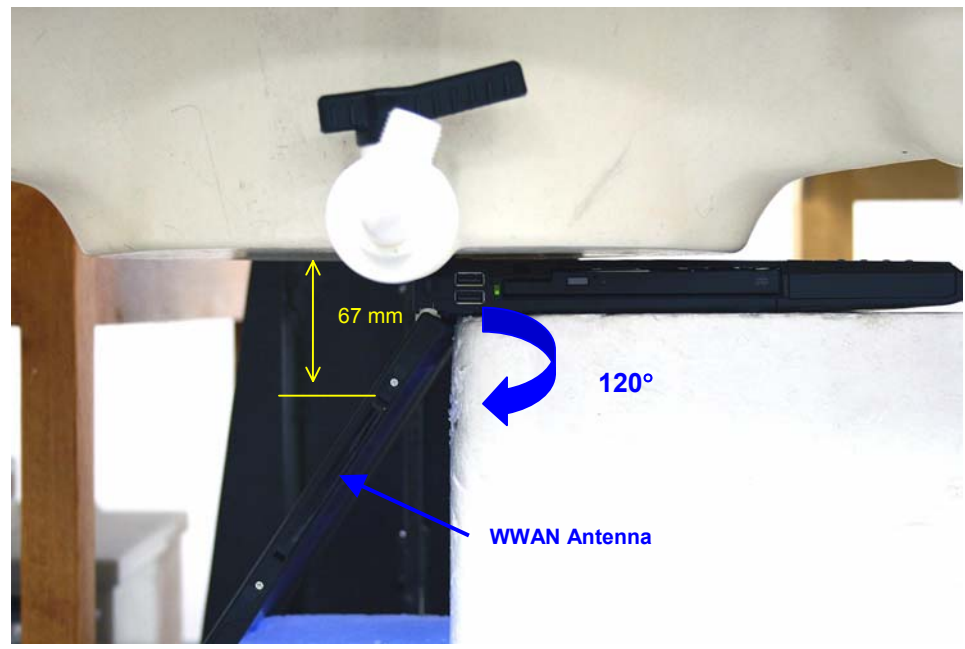
<b>1XRTT</b>				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.034	-0.153	0.035
<b>384</b>	<b>836.52</b>	<b>0.041</b>	<b>-0.173</b>	<b>0.043</b>
777	848.31	0.034	0.000	0.034
<b>1XEVD0</b>				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70			
384	836.52	0.040	-0.093	0.041
777	848.31			

Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is  $\text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$ . The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.



**8.2.2 CELL BAND – LAP HELD POSITION (CO-TX)**

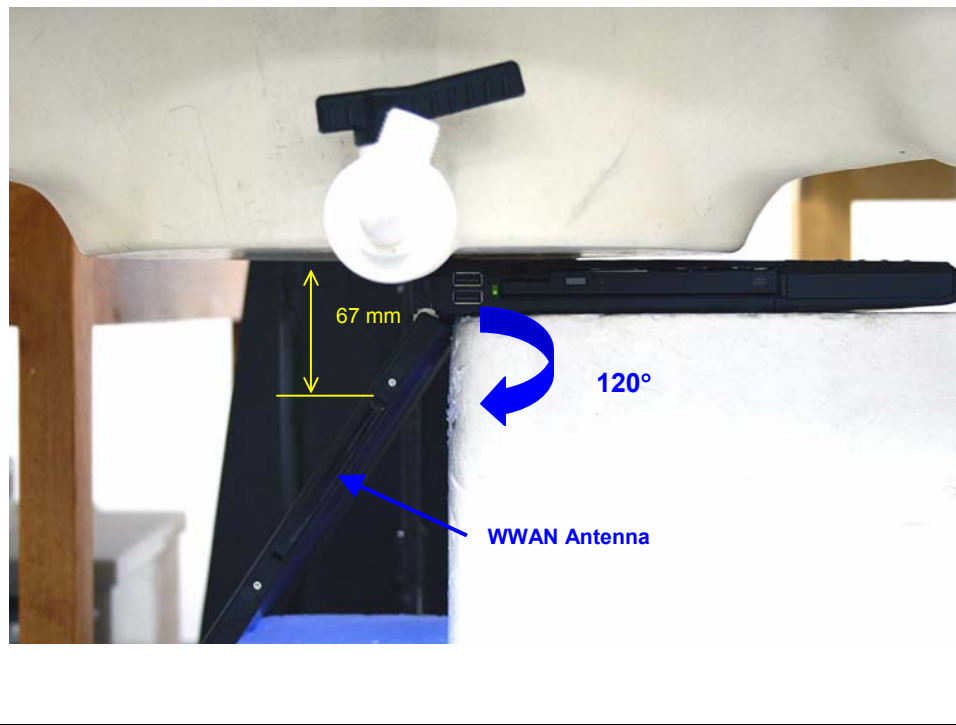


<b>1xRTT</b>				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
384 <sup>1</sup>	836.52	0.041	0.000	0.041
384 <sup>2</sup>	836.52	0.042	0.000	0.042
<b>384<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>836.52</b>	<b>0.043</b>	<b>-0.143</b>	<b>0.044</b>
384 <sup>4</sup>	836.52	0.043	-0.118	0.044
384 <sup>5</sup>	836.52	0.038	-0.190	0.039
384 <sup>6</sup>	836.52	0.038	0.000	0.038
384 <sup>7</sup>	836.52	0.038	-0.190	0.040
384 <sup>8</sup>	836.52	0.038	-0.156	0.039
384 <sup>9</sup>	836.52	0.039	-0.122	0.040
384 <sup>10</sup>	836.52	0.038	-0.105	0.039

Notes:

- 1) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11b legacy mode
- 2) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g legacy mode
- 3) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g HT20 MIMO mode
- 4) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g HT40 MIMO mode
- 5) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.2 GHz legacy mode
- 6) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT20 MIMO mode
- 7) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT40 MIMO mode
- 8) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.8 GHz legacy mode
- 9) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.8 GHz HT20 MIMO mode
- 10) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.8 GHz HT40 MIMO mode

**8.2.3 PCS BAND – LAP HELD POSITION**

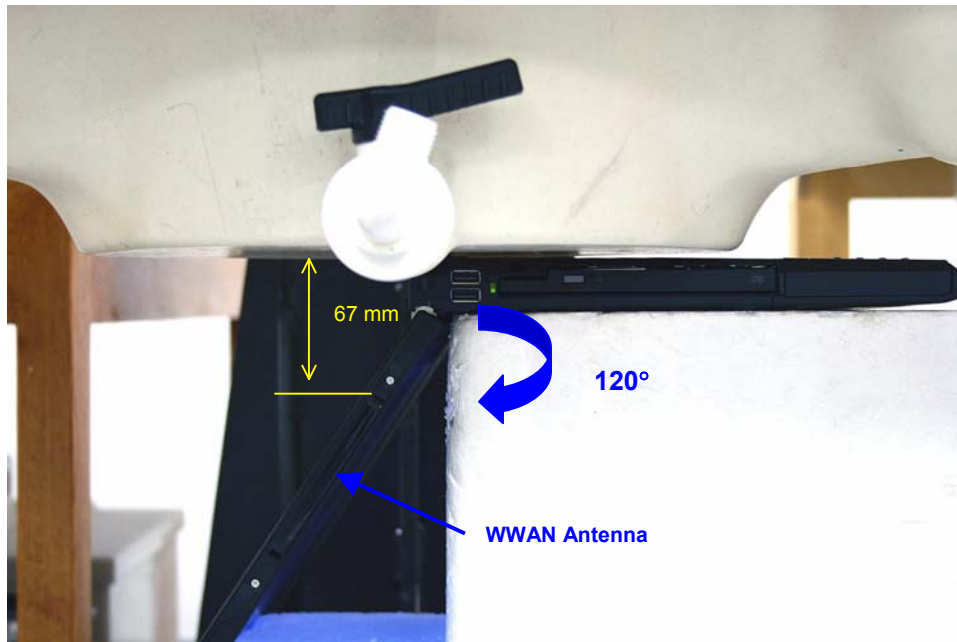


<b>1xRTT</b>				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
25	1851.25	0.124	0.000	0.124
600	1880.00			
1175	1908.75			
<b>1xEVDO</b>				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
<b>25</b>	<b>1851.25</b>	<b>0.154</b>	<b>-0.221</b>	<b>0.162</b>
600	1880.00	0.129	0.000	0.129
1175	1908.75	0.105	0.000	0.105

Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is  $\text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$ . The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

**8.2.4 PCS BAND – LAP HELD POSITION (CO-TX)**



<b>1xEv-Do</b>				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated <sup>1)</sup> SAR 1g (mW/g)
25 <sup>1</sup>	1851.25	0.172	0.000	0.172
25 <sup>2</sup>	1851.25	0.163	-0.052	0.165
25 <sup>3</sup>	1851.25	0.159	-0.102	0.163
25 <sup>4</sup>	1851.25	0.161	-0.006	0.161
25 <sup>5</sup>	1851.25	0.156	0.000	0.156
25 <sup>6</sup>	1851.25	0.145	0.000	0.145
25 <sup>7</sup>	1851.25	0.145	0.000	0.145
25 <sup>8</sup>	1851.25	0.146	0.000	0.146
25 <sup>9</sup>	1851.25	0.143	0.000	0.143
25 <sup>10</sup>	1851.25	0.144	0.000	0.144

Notes:

- 1) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11b legacy mode
- 2) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g legacy mode
- 3) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g HT20 MIMO mode
- 4) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11g HT40 MIMO mode
- 5) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.2 GHz legacy mode
- 6) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT20 MIMO mode
- 7) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.2 GHz HT40 MIMO mode
- 8) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.8 GHz legacy mode
- 9) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.8 GHz HT20 MIMO mode
- 10) Collocation with Bluetooth and WLAN 802.11a 5.8 GHz HT40 MIMO mode

**9 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

**9.1 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR 300 MHz – 3000 MHz**

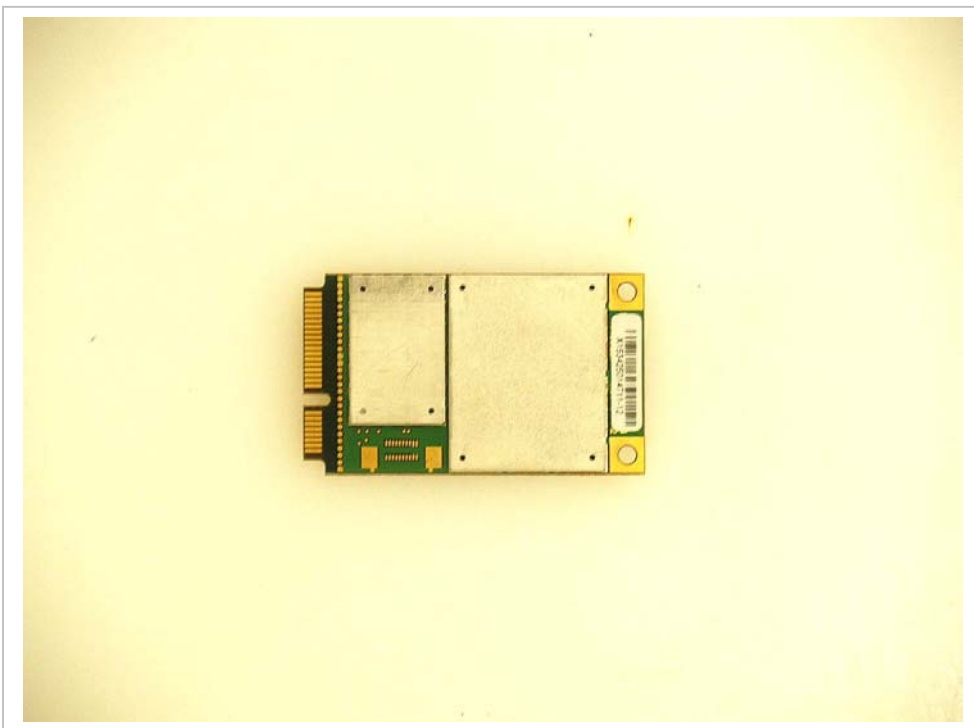
Uncertainty component	Tol. (±%)	Probe Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Std. Unc.(±%)	
						Ui (1g)	Ui(10g)
<b>Measurement System</b>							
Probe Calibration	4.80	N	1	1	1	4.80	4.80
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	1.92	1.92
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	3.92	3.92
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.71	2.71
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Readout Electronics	1.00	N	1	1	1	1.00	1.00
Response Time	0.80	R	1.732	1	1	0.46	0.46
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.50	1.50
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	1.59	R	1.732	1	1	0.92	0.92
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.00	0.00
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.23	0.23
Probe Positioning With Respect to Phantom Shell	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.67	1.67
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	3.90	R	1.732	1	1	2.25	2.25
<b>Test sample Related</b>							
Test Sample Positioning	1.10	N	1	1	1	1.10	1.10
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.60	3.60
Power and SAR Drift Measurement	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.89	2.89
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.31	2.31
Liquid Conductivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24
Liquid Conductivity - Meas.	8.60	N	1	0.64	0.43	5.50	3.70
Liquid Permittivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41
Liquid Permittivity - Meas.	3.30	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.98	1.62
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>			RSS			11.44	10.49
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)</b>			K=2			22.87	20.98
Notes for table							
1. Tol. - tolerance in influence quantity							
2. N - Nomal							
3. R - Rectangular							
4. Div. - Divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty							
5. Ci - is te sensitivity coefficient							

**10 EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION**

<u>Name of Equipment</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Type/Model</u>	<u>Serial Number</u>	<u>Cal. Due date</u>
Robot - Six Axes	Stäubli	RX90BL	N/A	N/A
Robot Remote Control	Stäubli	CS7MB	3403-91535	N/A
DASY4 Measurement Server	SPEAG	SEUMS001BA	1041	N/A
Probe Alignment Unit	SPEAG	LB (V2)	261	N/A
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES-6	US39173569	2/9/07
Electronic Probe kit	Hewlett Packard	85070C	N/A	N/A
E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3552	5/30/07
Thermometer	ERTCO	639-1S	1718	1/11/07
SAM Phantom (SAM1)	SPEAG	TP-1185	QD000P40CA	N/A
SAM Phantom (SAM2)	SPEAG	TP-1015	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	558	1/20/07
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d002	1/23/08
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d043	1/29/08
Power Meter	Giga-tronics	8651A	8651404	12/27/06
Power Sensor	Giga-tronics	80701A	1834588	12/27/07
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G	0360	N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	D072701-5	N/A
Radio Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU 200	838114/032	3/21/07
Radio Communication Tester	Agilent	E1968A	GB46160222	1/29/2007
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M835	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M1900	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test

11 PHOTOS

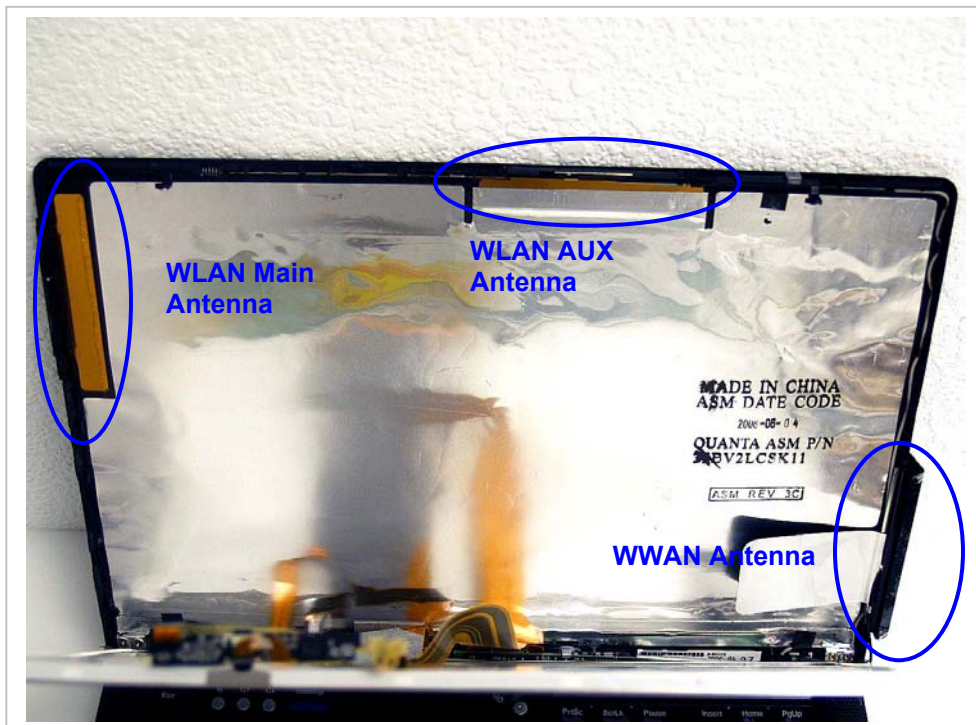
DUT



Host device – ThinkPad Z62t

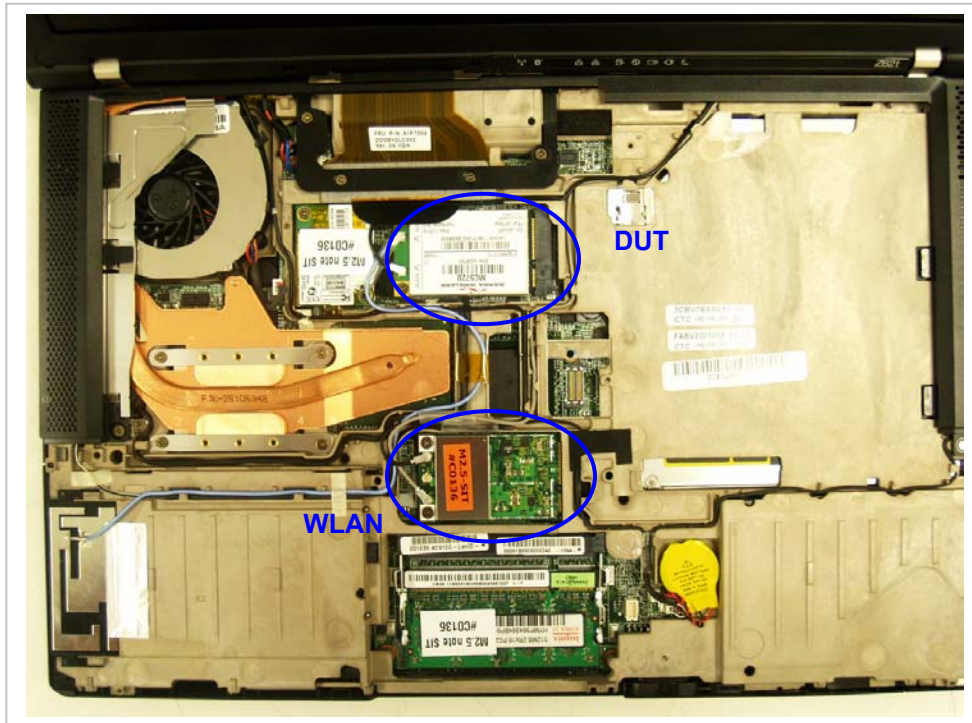


Antenna Location – ThinkPad Z62t





DUT Location – ThinkPad Z62t



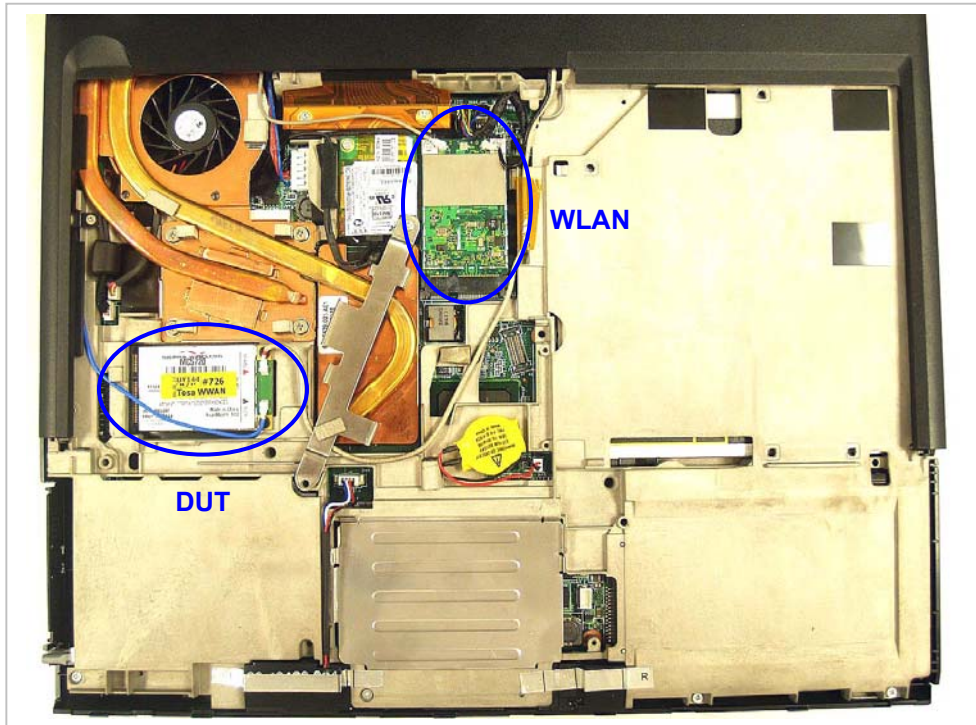
**Host Device – ThinkPad R60**



Antenna Location – Thinkpad R60



DUT Location – Thinkpad R60



**12 ATTACHMENTS**

<b>No.</b>	<b>Contents</b>	<b>No. Of Pages</b>
1	System Performance Check Plots	4
2-1	SAR Test Plots – ThinkPad Z62t	32
2-2	SAR Test Plots – ThinkPad R60	37
3	Certificate of E-Field Probe - EXDV4SN3552	9
4	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D835V2 SN:4d002	9
5	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D1900V2 SN:5d043	9

**END OF REPORT**