



SAR Evaluation Report

**IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF
FCC OET BULLETIN 65 SUPPLEMENT C**

FOR

**EXPRESS MINI-PCI USB WIRELESS CDMA 1XEV-DO MODULE
INSTALLED INTO FOUR LENOVO LAPTOPS**

FCC ID: N7N-MC5720

REPORT NUMBER: 06U10282-3

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PREPARED FOR

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Revision History

| Rev. | Issued date | Revisions | Revised By |
|------|--------------|---------------|------------|
| -- | May 22, 2006 | Initial issue | HS |

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

DATES OF TEST: May 15, 16, 17 and 18, 2006

| | |
|--|--|
| APPLICANT: ADDRESS: | Sierra Wireless Inc. 2290 Cosmos Court, Carlsbad, CA 92009, USA |
| FCC ID: MODEL(s): | N7N-MC5720 BV2-C5, BV2-C4, BW2-C7, BW2-C6 |
| DEVICE CATEGORY: EXPOSURE CATEGORY: | Portable Device General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure |

Express Mini-PCI USB Wireless CDMA 1xEV-DO Module MC5720 installed into four Lenovo laptops

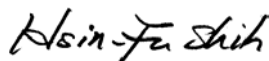
| Test Sample is a: | Production unit | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Lenovo Laptops: | 1. M2 / Z61t Note - LCD material: Aluminum Frame, Model: BV2-C5 2. M2 / Z61t Note - LCD material: Carbon fiber Frame, Model: BV2-C4 3. W2 / Z61M Note - LCD material: Aluminum Frame, Model: BW2-C7 4. W2 / Z61M Note - LCD material: Carbon fiber Frame, Model: BW2-C6 | | | | | |
| FCC Rule Parts | Frequency Range [MHz] | The Highest 1g SAR Values (mW/g) | | | Collocation 1g SAR Values (mW/g) | |
| | | <u>Lenovo laptops</u> | <u>1xRTT</u> | <u>1xEV-DO</u> | <u>1xRTT</u> | <u>1xEV-DO</u> |
| 22H | 824.7-848.31 | 1. M2 Note- AI | 0.094 | 0.094 | 0.090 | 0.095 |
| | | 2. M2 Note- CF | 0.104 | 0.107 | 0.102 | 0.108 |
| | | 3. W2 Note- AI | 0.055 | 0.055 | 0.054 | 0.057 |
| | | 4. W2 Note- CF | 0.051 | 0.054 | 0.052 | 0.055 |
| 24E | 1851.25-1908.75 | <u>Lenovo laptops</u> | <u>1xRTT</u> | <u>1xEV-DO</u> | <u>1xRTT</u> | <u>1xEV-DO</u> |
| | | 1. M2 Note- AI | 0.152 | 0.158 | 0.150 | 0.167 |
| | | 2. M2 Note- CF | 0.111 | 0.116 | 0.111 | 0.116 |
| | | 3. W2 Note- AI | 0.101 | 0.105 | 0.099 | 0.099 |
| | | 4. W2 Note-CF | 0.062 | 0.062 | 0.060 | 0.063 |

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

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1 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DESCRIPTION

| | |
|---|--|
| Express Mini-PCI USB Wireless CDMA 1xEV-DO Module MC5720 installed into four Lenovo laptops | |
| Normal operation: | Lap-held position |
| Duty cycle: | 100% |
| Host Device(s): | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. M2 / Z61t Note - LCD material: Aluminum Frame, Model: BV2-C5 2. M2 / Z61t Note - LCD material: Carbon fiber Frame, Model: BV2-C4 3. W2 / Z61M Note - LCD material: Aluminum Frame, Model: BW2-C7 4. W2 / Z61M Note - LCD material: Carbon fiber Frame, Model: BW2-C6 |
| Antenna(s): | <p>M2 / Z61t: Foxconn Hon Hai Precision IND. Co. Ltd. (R.O.C.), Dual Planner Inverted F Antenna, Designator: WDAN-LQBV2003-DF</p> <p>W2 / Z61M: Foxconn Hon Hai Precision IND. Co. Ltd. (R.O.C.), Dual Planner Inverted F Antenna, Designator: WDAN-LQBW2003</p> |
| Power supply: | Power supplied through the laptop computer (host device). |

2 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

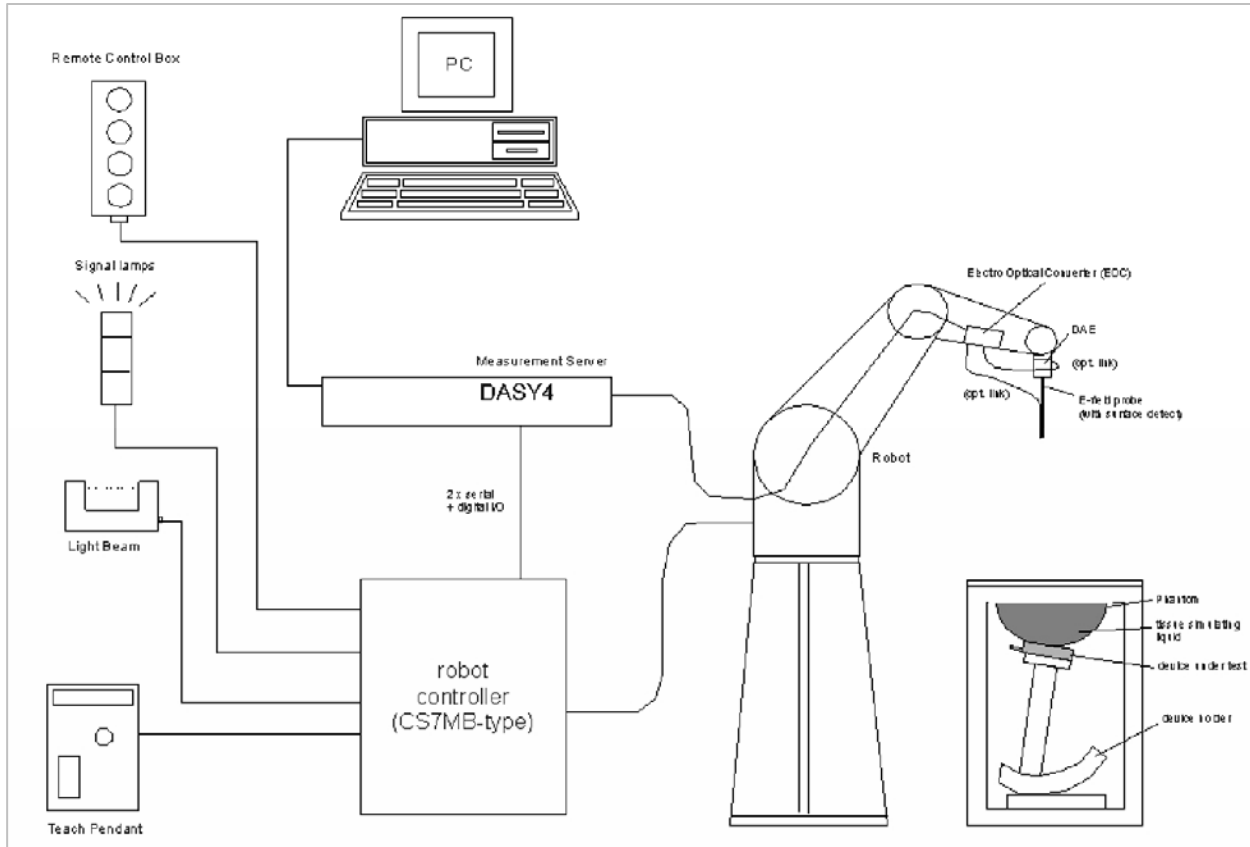
The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."



CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <http://www.ccsemc.com>.

No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

3.1 COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR TISSUE SIMULATIG LIQUIDS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

| Ingredients (% by weight) | Frequency (MHz) | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|
| | 450 | | 835 | | 915 | | 1900 | | 2450 | |
| Tissue Type | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body |
| Water | 38.56 | 51.16 | 41.45 | 52.4 | 41.05 | 56.0 | 54.9 | 40.4 | 62.7 | 73.2 |
| Salt (NaCl) | 3.95 | 1.49 | 1.45 | 1.4 | 1.35 | 0.76 | 0.18 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.04 |
| Sugar | 56.32 | 46.78 | 56.0 | 45.0 | 56.5 | 41.76 | 0.0 | 58.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| HEC | 0.98 | 0.52 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.21 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Bactericide | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.27 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Triton X-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 36.8 | 0.0 |
| DGBE | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 44.92 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 26.7 |
| Dielectric Constant | 43.42 | 58.0 | 42.54 | 56.1 | 42.0 | 56.8 | 39.9 | 54.0 | 39.8 | 52.5 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 0.85 | 0.83 | 0.91 | 0.95 | 1.0 | 1.07 | 1.42 | 1.45 | 1.88 | 1.78 |

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ+ resistivity

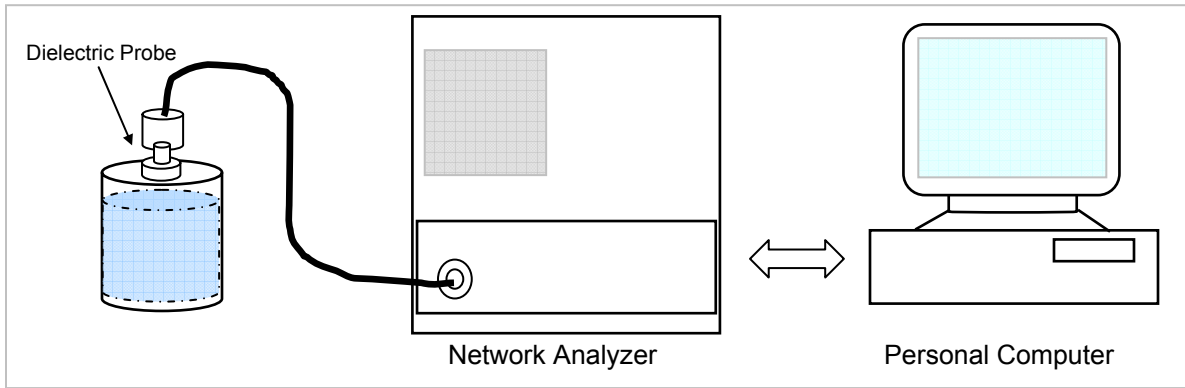
HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

4 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETERS CHECK

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the values given in the table below.



Set-up for liquid parameters check

Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantom (for 150 – 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz)

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE Standard 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE Standard 1528.

| Target Frequency (MHz) | Head | | Body | |
|------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| | ϵ_r | σ (S/m) | ϵ_r | σ (S/m) |
| 150 | 52.3 | 0.76 | 61.9 | 0.80 |
| 300 | 45.3 | 0.87 | 58.2 | 0.92 |
| 450 | 43.5 | 0.87 | 56.7 | 0.94 |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 55.2 | 0.97 |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 55.0 | 1.05 |
| 915 | 41.5 | 0.98 | 55.0 | 1.06 |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 54.0 | 1.30 |
| 1610 | 40.3 | 1.29 | 53.8 | 1.40 |
| 1800 – 2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 53.3 | 1.52 |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 52.7 | 1.95 |
| 3000 | 38.5 | 2.40 | 52.0 | 2.73 |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 48.2 | 6.00 |

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

4.1 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETER CHECK RESULT

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 835 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

| Simulating Liquid | | | Parameters | | Target | Measured | Deviation (%) | Limit (%) |
|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--------|----------|---------------|-----------|
| f (MHz) | Temp. (°C) | Depth (cm) | ε' | Relative Permittivity (ε _r): | 55.2 | 52.7858 | -4.37 | ± 5 |
| 835 | 22 | 15 | 20.5204 | Conductivity (σ): | 0.97 | 0.95322 | -1.73 | ± 5 |

Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 23.0 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg C

May 15, 2006 09:51 AM

| Frequency | ε' | ε'' |
|------------|---------|---------|
| 800000000. | 53.1040 | 20.6594 |
| 805000000. | 53.0739 | 20.6513 |
| 810000000. | 53.0143 | 20.6198 |
| 815000000. | 52.9928 | 20.6145 |
| 820000000. | 52.9370 | 20.5878 |
| 825000000. | 52.8787 | 20.5513 |
| 830000000. | 52.8208 | 20.5591 |
| 835000000. | 52.7858 | 20.5204 |
| 840000000. | 52.7103 | 20.5185 |
| 845000000. | 52.6422 | 20.5032 |
| 850000000. | 52.6047 | 20.5095 |
| 855000000. | 52.5768 | 20.4801 |
| 860000000. | 52.4886 | 20.4301 |
| 865000000. | 52.4376 | 20.4204 |
| 870000000. | 52.3725 | 20.4268 |
| 875000000. | 52.3411 | 20.3785 |
| 880000000. | 52.2769 | 20.3534 |
| 885000000. | 52.2367 | 20.3615 |
| 890000000. | 52.1871 | 20.3419 |
| 895000000. | 52.1509 | 20.3278 |
| 900000000. | 52.1200 | 20.3118 |

The conductivity (σ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon'' = 2 \pi f \epsilon_0 \epsilon''$$

where $f = \text{target } f * 10^6$

$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 835 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

| Simulating Liquid | | | Parameters | | Target | Measured | Deviation (%) | Limit (%) |
|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--------|----------|---------------|-----------|
| f (MHz) | Temp. (°C) | Depth (cm) | ε" | Relative Permittivity (ε _r): | 55.2 | 53.0488 | -3.90 | ± 5 |
| 835 | 22 | 15 | 20.6124 | Conductivity (σ): | 0.97 | 0.95749 | -1.29 | ± 5 |

Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 23.0 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg C

May 18, 2006 09:44 AM

| Frequency | e' | e" |
|------------|---------|---------|
| 800000000. | 53.3897 | 20.7984 |
| 805000000. | 53.3313 | 20.7759 |
| 810000000. | 53.2888 | 20.7314 |
| 815000000. | 53.2544 | 20.7235 |
| 820000000. | 53.1706 | 20.6831 |
| 825000000. | 53.1410 | 20.6517 |
| 830000000. | 53.0718 | 20.6457 |
| 835000000. | 53.0488 | 20.6124 |
| 840000000. | 52.9941 | 20.5798 |
| 845000000. | 52.8959 | 20.5742 |
| 850000000. | 52.8860 | 20.5694 |
| 855000000. | 52.8213 | 20.5306 |
| 860000000. | 52.7518 | 20.5048 |
| 865000000. | 52.6809 | 20.5014 |
| 870000000. | 52.6590 | 20.5118 |
| 875000000. | 52.6054 | 20.4916 |
| 880000000. | 52.5632 | 20.4990 |
| 885000000. | 52.5093 | 20.5003 |
| 890000000. | 52.4598 | 20.5105 |
| 895000000. | 52.4374 | 20.4791 |
| 900000000. | 52.3850 | 20.4491 |

The conductivity (σ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 e'' = 2 \pi f \epsilon_0 e''$$

where $f = \text{target } f * 10^6$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$$

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 1900 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

| Simulating Liquid | | | Parameters | | Target | Measured | Deviation (%) | Limit (%) |
|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--------|----------|---------------|-----------|
| f (MHz) | Temp. (°C) | Depth (cm) | ε" | Relative Permittivity (ε _r): | 53.3 | 51.4019 | -3.56 | ± 5 |
| 1900 | 22 | 15 | 14.1865 | Conductivity (σ): | 1.52 | 1.49950 | -1.35 | ± 5 |

Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 23.0 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg C

May 16, 2006 09:37 AM

| Frequency | e' | e" |
|-------------|---------|---------|
| 1710000000. | 52.1050 | 13.4990 |
| 1720000000. | 52.0765 | 13.5230 |
| 1730000000. | 52.0466 | 13.5697 |
| 1740000000. | 52.0019 | 13.6175 |
| 1750000000. | 51.9581 | 13.6505 |
| 1760000000. | 51.9115 | 13.6861 |
| 1770000000. | 51.8922 | 13.7352 |
| 1780000000. | 51.8359 | 13.7756 |
| 1790000000. | 51.7996 | 13.8033 |
| 1800000000. | 51.7790 | 13.8431 |
| 1810000000. | 51.7421 | 13.8610 |
| 1820000000. | 51.7035 | 13.9126 |
| 1830000000. | 51.6529 | 13.9142 |
| 1840000000. | 51.6154 | 13.9583 |
| 1850000000. | 51.5747 | 14.0126 |
| 1860000000. | 51.5442 | 14.0475 |
| 1870000000. | 51.4970 | 14.0937 |
| 1880000000. | 51.4711 | 14.1253 |
| 1890000000. | 51.4162 | 14.1541 |
| 1900000000. | 51.4019 | 14.1865 |
| 1910000000. | 51.3570 | 14.2144 |

The conductivity (σ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 e'' = 2 \pi f \epsilon_0 e''$$

where $f = \text{target } f * 10^6$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$$

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 1900 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 45%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

| Simulating Liquid | | | Parameters | | Target | Measured | Deviation (%) | Limit (%) |
|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--------|----------|---------------|-----------|
| f (MHz) | Temp. (°C) | Depth (cm) | ε" | Relative Permittivity (ε _r): | | | | |
| 1900 | 22 | 15 | | | 53.3 | 51.7171 | -2.97 | ± 5 |
| | | | 14.1339 | Conductivity (σ): | 1.52 | 1.49395 | -1.71 | ± 5 |

Liquid Check

Ambient temperature: 23.0 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg C

May 17, 2006 09:16 AM

| Frequency | e' | e" |
|-------------|---------|---------|
| 1710000000. | 52.4500 | 13.4477 |
| 1720000000. | 52.4099 | 13.4718 |
| 1730000000. | 52.3778 | 13.5075 |
| 1740000000. | 52.3274 | 13.5404 |
| 1750000000. | 52.3027 | 13.6063 |
| 1760000000. | 52.2348 | 13.6432 |
| 1770000000. | 52.2034 | 13.7041 |
| 1780000000. | 52.1562 | 13.7390 |
| 1790000000. | 52.1254 | 13.7567 |
| 1800000000. | 52.1004 | 13.7876 |
| 1810000000. | 52.0438 | 13.8168 |
| 1820000000. | 52.0031 | 13.8330 |
| 1830000000. | 51.9868 | 13.8713 |
| 1840000000. | 51.9417 | 13.8988 |
| 1850000000. | 51.8912 | 13.9671 |
| 1860000000. | 51.8303 | 14.0127 |
| 1870000000. | 51.7766 | 14.0275 |
| 1880000000. | 51.7494 | 14.0622 |
| 1890000000. | 51.7335 | 14.0835 |
| 1900000000. | 51.7171 | 14.1339 |
| 1910000000. | 51.6895 | 14.1658 |

The conductivity (σ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 e'' = 2 \pi f \epsilon_0 e''$$

where $f = \text{target } f * 10^6$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$$

5 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV3-SN: 3531 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.
For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5 x 5 x 7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=7.5mm; dz=5mm).
For 5 GHz band - Special 8x8x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=4.3mm; dz=3mm)
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 4 mm.
For 5 GHz band - Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.0mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW $\pm 3\%$.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR Values for body-tissue

In the table below, the numerical reference SAR values of a SPEAG validation dipoles placed below the flat phantom filled with body-tissue simulating liquid are given. The reference SAR values were calculated using the finite-difference time-domain method and the geometry parameters.

| Dipole Type | Distance (mm) | Frequency (MHz) | SAR (1g) [W/kg] | SAR (10g) [W/kg] | SAR (peak) [W/kg] |
|-------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| D450V2 | 15 | 450 | 5.01 | 3.36 | 7.22 |
| D835V2 | 15 | 835 | 9.71 | 6.38 | 14.1 |
| D900V2 | 15 | 900 | 11.1 | 7.17 | 16.3 |
| D1450V2 | 10 | 1450 | 29.6 | 16.6 | 49.8 |
| D1800V2 | 10 | 1800 | 38.5 | 20.3 | 67.5 |
| D1900V2 | 10 | 1900 | 39.8 | 20.8 | 69.6 |
| D2000V2 | 10 | 2000 | 40.9 | 21.2 | 71.5 |
| D2450V2 | 10 | 2450 | 51.2 | 23.7 | 97.6 |

Note: All SAR values normalized to 1 W forward power.

5.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

System Validation Dipole: D835V2 SN:4d002

Date: May 15, 2006

Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

| Body Simulating Liquid | | | Mrasured | | Target _{1g} | Deviation[%] | Lim it [%] |
|------------------------|------------|------------|----------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------|
| f (MHz) | Temp. [°C] | Depth [cm] | 1g | Normalized to 1 W | | | |
| 835 | 22 | 15 | 2.41 | 9.64 | 9.71 | -0.72 | ± 10 |
| | | | 10g | Normalized to 1 W | Target _{10g} | Deviation[%] | Limit [%] |
| | | | 1.59 | 6.36 | 6.38 | -0.31 | ± 10 |

Date: May 18, 2006

Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

| Body Simulating Liquid | | | Mrasured | | Target _{1g} | Deviation[%] | Lim it [%] |
|------------------------|------------|------------|----------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------|
| f (MHz) | Temp. [°C] | Depth [cm] | 1g | Normalized to 1 W | | | |
| 835 | 22 | 15 | 2.42 | 9.68 | 9.71 | -0.31 | ± 10 |
| | | | 10g | Normalized to 1 W | Target _{10g} | Deviation[%] | Limit [%] |
| | | | 1.6 | 6.4 | 6.38 | 0.31 | ± 10 |

System Validation Dipole: D1900V2 SN:5d043

Date: May 16, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 50%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

| Body Simulating Liquid | | | Mrasured | | Target _{1g} | Deviation[%] | Lim it [%] |
|------------------------|------------|------------|----------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------|
| f (MHz) | Temp. [°C] | Depth [cm] | 1g | Normalized to 1 W | | | |
| 1900 | 22 | 15 | 10.00 | 40 | 39.8 | 0.50 | ± 10 |
| | | | 10g | Normalized to 1 W | Target _{10g} | Deviation[%] | Limit [%] |
| | | | 5.33 | 21.32 | 20.8 | 2.50 | ± 10 |

Date: May 17, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 45%

Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

| Body Simulating Liquid | | | Mrasured | | Target _{1g} | Deviation[%] | Lim it [%] |
|------------------------|------------|------------|----------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------|
| f (MHz) | Temp. [°C] | Depth [cm] | 1g | Normalized to 1 W | | | |
| 1900 | 22 | 15 | 10.20 | 40.8 | 39.8 | 2.51 | ± 10 |
| | | | 10g | Normalized to 1 W | Target _{10g} | Deviation[%] | Limit [%] |
| | | | 5.38 | 21.52 | 20.8 | 3.46 | ± 10 |

6 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

A summary of the procedure follows:

- a) A measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location is used as a reference value for assessing the power drop of the EUT. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test, and then again at the end of the test.
- b) The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 15 mm x 15 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

For 5 GHz band - The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 2.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

- c) Around this point, a volume of X=Y= 30 and Z=21 mm is assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

For 5 GHz band - Around this point, a volume of X=Y=Z=30 mm is assessed by measuring 8 x 8 x 8 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

- (i) The data at the surface are extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order is calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- (ii) The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g and 10 g) are computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"- condition (in x, y and z-direction). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal – algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) are interpolated to calculate the averages.
- (iii) All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.
- (iv) The SAR value at the same location as in Step (a) is again measured to evaluate the actual power drift.

6.1 DASY4 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 1.2 mm for an EX3DV3 probe type).

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

For 5 GHz band – Same as above except the Zoom Scan measures 8 x 8 x 8 points.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

7 PROCEDURE USED TO ESTABLISH TEST SIGNAL

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

Agilent 8960 Communication Test Set was used to control the channel and measure the conducted power. The cable loss of 0.4 dB (Cell band) and 0.6 dB (PCS band) were entered as an offset in the Agilent 8960 Communication Test Set to measure the channel power.

The following setting was used during test for 1x RTT RC3 SO32 (+F-SCH):

Call Parm

Radio config: FWD3, RVS3

Service option: SO32 (+F-SCH)

Pwr Ctrl Parm: Active bits (Select "All Up bits" after linked to get maximum power)

Protocol Rev.: 6 (IS-2000-0)

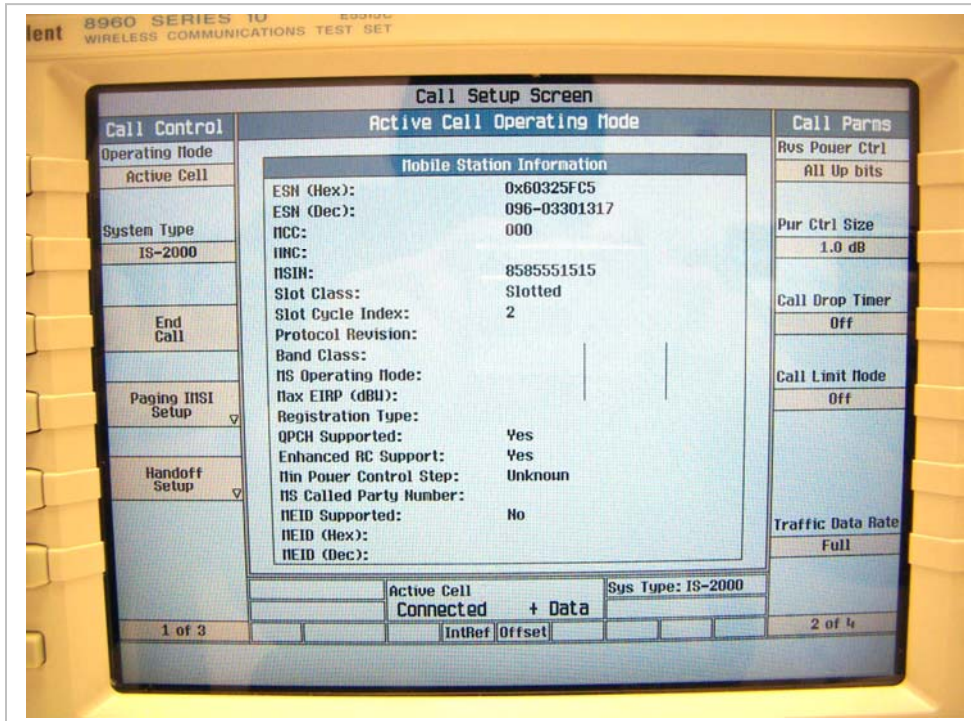
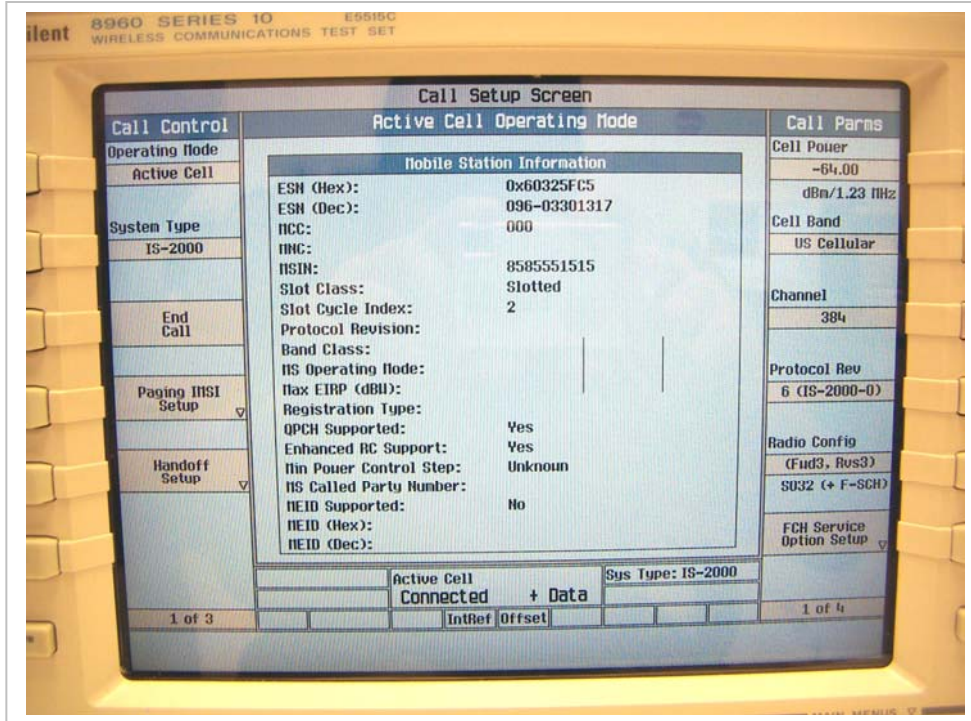
CDMA2000 1xRTT Cell Band

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Channel Power (dBm) |
|---------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1013 | 824.70 | 24.50 |
| 384 | 836.52 | 24.30 |
| 777 | 848.31 | 23.80 |

CDMA2000 1xRTT PCS Band

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Channel Power (dBm) |
|---------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 25 | 1851.25 | 24.50 |
| 600 | 1880.00 | 23.90 |
| 1175 | 1908.75 | 24.10 |

Agilent settings for 1x RTT RC3 SO32 (+F-SCH)



The following setting was used during test for 1xEV-DO Rev.0

Call Parm:

Application Config: RTAP

FTAP Rate: 307.2 Kbps

RTAP Rate: 153.6 Kbps

Pwr Ctrl Parm: Active bits (Select "All Up bits" after linked to get maximum power)

Protocol Rev.: 0 (1xEV-DO)

Call Control:

Cell Parameters → Sector ID, Upper (Hex): 00800580

Sector ID, Lower (Hex): 00000000

AT Max Power: 23 dBm/1.23 MHz

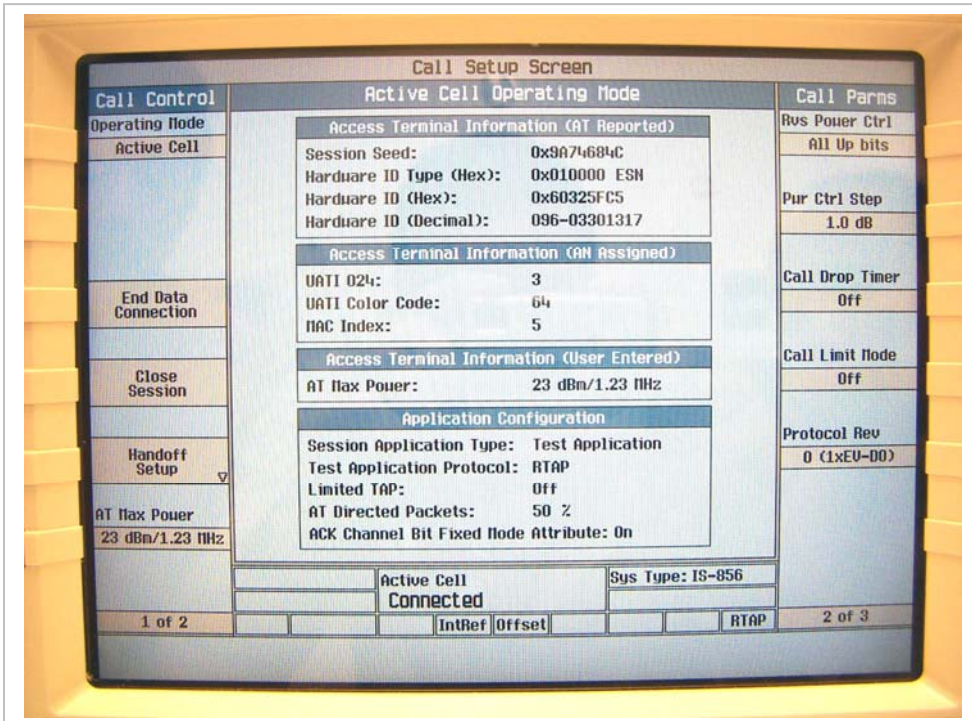
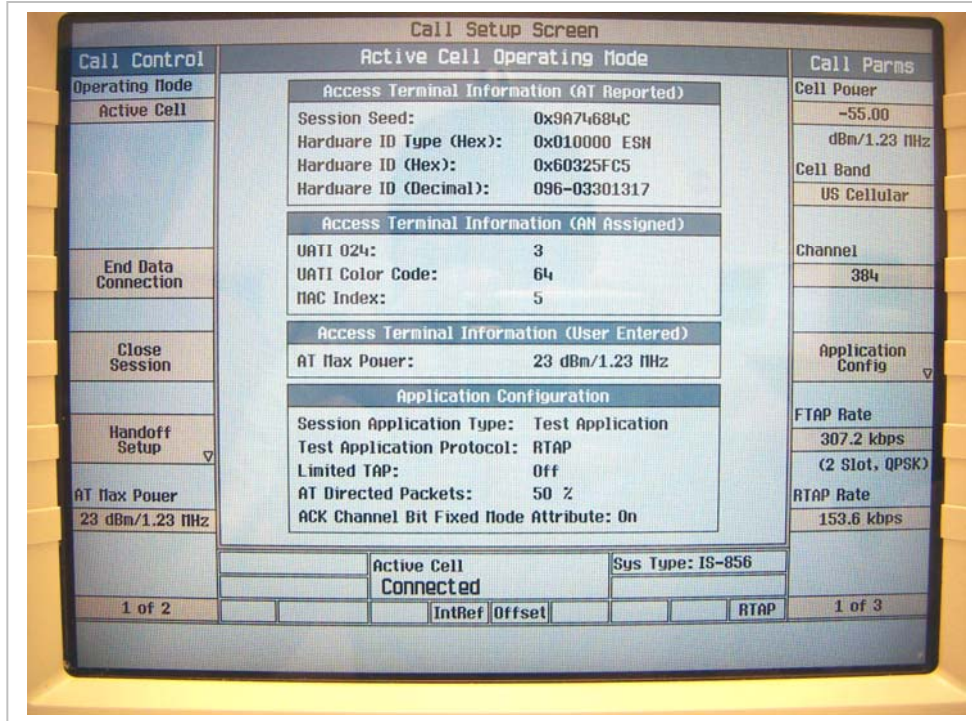
CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Cell Band

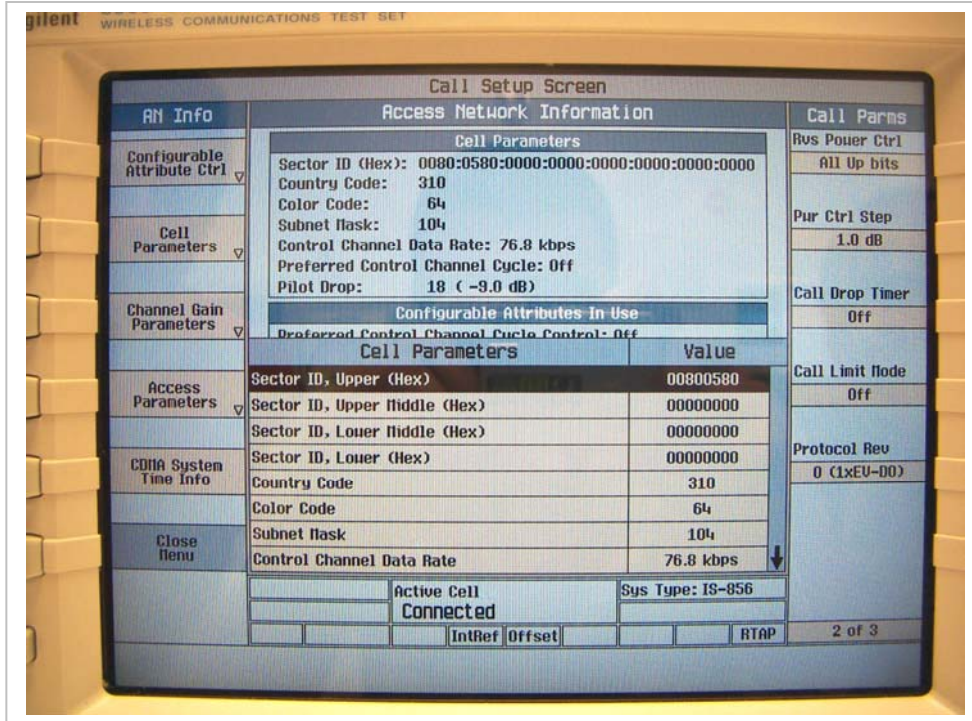
| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Channel Power (dBm) |
|---------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1013 | 824.70 | 24.50 |
| 384 | 836.52 | 24.30 |
| 777 | 848.31 | 23.80 |

CDMA2000 1xEV-DO PCS Band

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Channel Power (dBm) |
|---------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 25 | 1851.25 | 24.90 |
| 600 | 1880.00 | 24.60 |
| 1175 | 1908.75 | 24.20 |

Agilent Settings for 1xEV-DO Rev.0





8 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

8.1 M2 / Z61t Note (LCD material: Aluminum Frame)

8.1.1 CDMA 2000 1xRTT



CDMA2000 1xRTT Cell Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|-------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 1013 | 824.70 | 0.083 | 0.000 | 0.083 |
| 384 | 836.52 | 0.092 | -0.070 | 0.094 |
| 777 | 848.31 | 0.079 | 0.000 | 0.079 |
| 384 ⁴⁾ | 836.52 | 0.090 | 0.000 | 0.090 |

CDMA2000 1xRTT PCS Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 25 | 1851.25 | 0.152 | 0.000 | 0.152 |
| 600 | 1880.00 | 0.106 | -0.140 | 0.109 |
| 1175 | 1908.75 | 0.110 | 0.000 | 0.110 |
| 25 ⁴⁾ | 1851.25 | 0.150 | 0.000 | 0.150 |

Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10[^](-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.
- 4) Collocation with Intel WLAN module FCC ID: PD9LEN3945ABG

8.1.2 CDMA 2000 1xEV-DO



CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Cell Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|-------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 1013 | 824.70 | 0.089 | 0.000 | 0.089 |
| 384 | 836.52 | 0.094 | 0.000 | 0.094 |
| 777 | 848.31 | 0.082 | 0.000 | 0.082 |
| 384 ⁴⁾ | 836.52 | 0.095 | 0.000 | 0.095 |

CDMA2000 1xEV-DO PCS Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 25 | 1851.25 | 0.154 | -0.113 | 0.158 |
| 600 | 1880.00 | 0.110 | -0.078 | 0.112 |
| 1175 | 1908.75 | 0.114 | -0.019 | 0.114 |
| 25 ⁴⁾ | 1851.25 | 0.160 | -0.177 | 0.167 |

Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10[^](-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.
- 4) Collocation with Intel WLAN module FCC ID: PD9LEN3945ABG

8.2 M2 / Z61t NOTE (LCD material: CARBON FIBER FRAME)

Spot check is performed based on the worst results from M2 / Z61t Note with Aluminum frame.

8.2.1 CDMA 2000 1xRTT



CDMA2000 1xRTT Cell Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|-------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 1013 | 824.70 | | | |
| 384 | 836.52 | 0.104 | 0.000 | 0.104 |
| 777 | 848.31 | | | |
| 384 ⁴⁾ | 836.52 | 0.102 | 0.000 | 0.102 |

CDMA2000 1xRTT PCS Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 25 | 1851.25 | 0.111 | 0.000 | 0.111 |
| 600 | 1880.00 | | | |
| 1175 | 1908.75 | | | |
| 25 ⁴⁾ | 1851.25 | 0.111 | 0.000 | 0.111 |

Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10[^](-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.
- 4) Collocation with Intel WLAN module FCC ID: PD9LEN3945ABG

8.2.2 CDMA 2000 1xEV-DO



CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Cell Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|-------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 1013 | 824.70 | | | |
| 384 | 836.52 | 0.107 | 0.000 | 0.107 |
| 777 | 848.31 | | | |
| 384 ⁴⁾ | 836.52 | 0.106 | -0.081 | 0.108 |

CDMA2000 1xEV-DO PCS Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 25 | 1851.25 | 0.116 | 0.000 | 0.116 |
| 600 | 1880.00 | | | |
| 1175 | 1908.75 | | | |
| 25 ⁴⁾ | 1851.25 | 0.116 | 0.000 | 0.116 |

Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is $\text{Measured SAR} \times 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.
- 4) Collocation with Intel WLAN module FCC ID: PD9LEN3945ABG

8.3 W2 / Z61M NOTE (LCD material: ALUMINUM FRAME)

8.3.1 CDMA 2000 1xRTT



CDMA2000 1xRTT Cell Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|-------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 1013 | 824.70 | 0.052 | 0.000 | 0.052 |
| 384 | 836.52 | 0.054 | -0.083 | 0.055 |
| 777 | 848.31 | 0.043 | -0.144 | 0.044 |
| 384 ⁴⁾ | 836.52 | 0.054 | 0.000 | 0.054 |

CDMA2000 1xRTT PCS Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|-------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 25 | 1851.25 | 0.051 | -0.069 | 0.052 |
| 600 | 1880.00 | 0.101 | 0.000 | 0.101 |
| 1175 | 1908.75 | 0.090 | -0.092 | 0.092 |
| 600 ⁴⁾ | 1880.00 | 0.099 | 0.000 | 0.099 |

Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10[^](-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.
- 4) Collocation with Intel WLAN module FCC ID: PD9LEN3945ABG

8.3.2 CDMA 2000 1xEV-DO



CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Cell Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|-------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 1013 | 824.70 | 0.052 | -0.001 | 0.052 |
| 384 | 836.52 | 0.055 | 0.000 | 0.055 |
| 777 | 848.31 | 0.043 | -0.024 | 0.043 |
| 384 ⁴⁾ | 836.52 | 0.056 | -0.137 | 0.057 |

CDMA2000 1xEV-DO PCS Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|-------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 25 | 1851.25 | 0.052 | -0.119 | 0.053 |
| 600 | 1880.00 | 0.104 | -0.032 | 0.105 |
| 1175 | 1908.75 | 0.086 | 0.000 | 0.086 |
| 600 ⁴⁾ | 1880.00 | 0.096 | -0.145 | 0.099 |

Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10[^](-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.
- 4) Collocation with Intel WLAN module FCC ID: PD9LEN3945ABG

8.4 W2 / Z61M NOTE (LCD material: CARBON FIBER FRAME)

Spot check is performed based on the worst results from W2 / Z61M Note with Aluminum frame.

8.4.1 CDMA 2000 1xRTT



CDMA2000 1xRTT Cell Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|-------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 1013 | 824.70 | | | |
| 384 | 836.52 | 0.051 | 0.000 | 0.051 |
| 777 | 848.31 | | | |
| 384 ⁴⁾ | 836.52 | 0.052 | -0.005 | 0.052 |

CDMA2000 1xRTT PCS Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|-------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 25 | 1851.25 | | | |
| 600 | 1880.00 | 0.059 | -0.170 | 0.062 |
| 1175 | 1908.75 | | | |
| 600 ⁴⁾ | 1880.00 | 0.060 | 0.000 | 0.060 |

Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^{^(-drift/10)}. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.
- 4) Collocation with Intel WLAN module FCC ID: PD9LEN3945ABG

8.4.2 CDMA 2000 1xEV-DO



CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Cell Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|-------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 1013 | 824.70 | | | |
| 384 | 836.52 | 0.054 | 0.000 | 0.054 |
| 777 | 848.31 | | | |
| 384 ⁴⁾ | 836.52 | 0.054 | -0.062 | 0.055 |

CDMA2000 1xEV-DO PCS Band

| Channel | f (MHz) | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Power Drift (dB) | Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR 1g (mW/g) |
|-------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 25 | 1851.25 | | | |
| 600 | 1880.00 | 0.062 | 0.000 | 0.062 |
| 1175 | 1908.75 | | | |
| 600 ⁴⁾ | 1880.00 | 0.063 | 0.000 | 0.063 |

Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^{^(-drift/10)}. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.
- 4) Collocation with Intel WLAN module FCC ID: PD9LEN3945ABG

9 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

9.1 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR 300 MHz – 3000 MHz

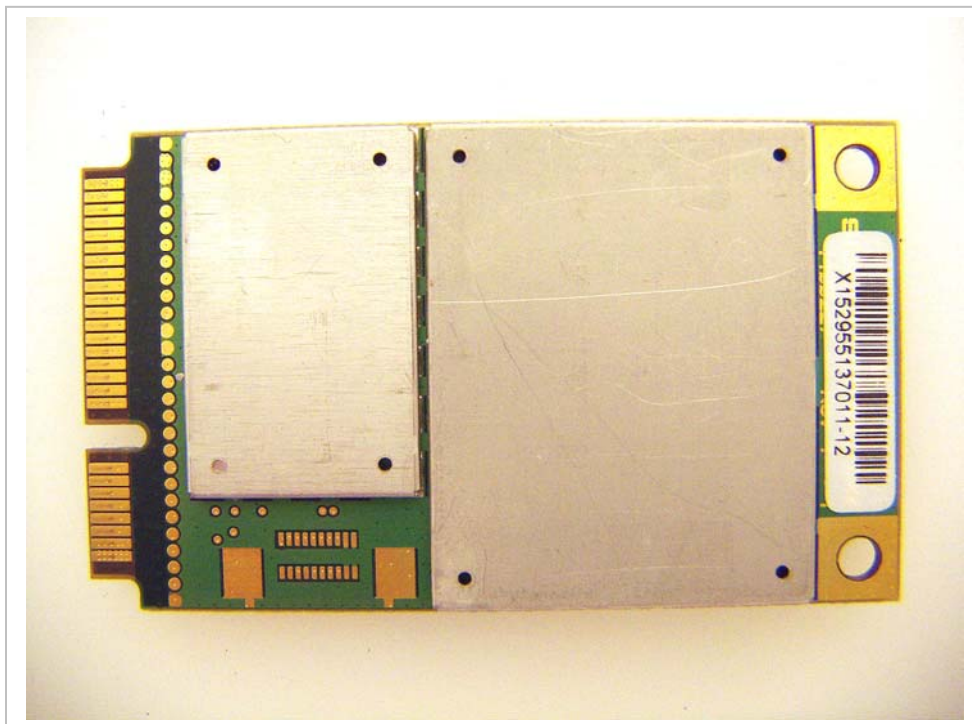
| Uncertainty component | Tol. (±%) | Probe Dist. | Div. | Ci (1g) | Ci (10g) | Std. Unc.(±%) | |
|--|-----------|-------------|-------|---------|----------|---------------|---------|
| | | | | | | Ui (1g) | Ui(10g) |
| Measurement System | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 4.80 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4.80 | 4.80 |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.70 | R | 1.732 | 0.707 | 0.707 | 1.92 | 1.92 |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 9.60 | R | 1.732 | 0.707 | 0.707 | 3.92 | 3.92 |
| Boundary Effects | 1.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.58 | 0.58 |
| Linearity | 4.70 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.71 | 2.71 |
| System Detection Limits | 1.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.58 | 0.58 |
| Readout Electronics | 1.00 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Response Time | 0.80 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.46 | 0.46 |
| Integration Time | 2.60 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.50 | 1.50 |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Noise | 1.59 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.92 | 0.92 |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections | 0.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance | 0.40 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 0.23 | 0.23 |
| Probe Positioning With Respect to Phantom Shell | 2.90 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 1.67 | 1.67 |
| Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation | 3.90 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.25 | 2.25 |
| Test sample Related | | | | | | | |
| Test Sample Positioning | 1.10 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.10 | 1.10 |
| Device Holder Uncertainty | 3.60 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.60 | 3.60 |
| Power and SAR Drift Measurement | 5.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.89 | 2.89 |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | 4.00 | R | 1.732 | 1 | 1 | 2.31 | 2.31 |
| Liquid Conductivity - Target | 5.00 | R | 1.732 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.85 | 1.24 |
| Liquid Conductivity - Meas. | 8.60 | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 5.50 | 3.70 |
| Liquid Permittivity - Target | 5.00 | R | 1.732 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.73 | 1.41 |
| Liquid Permittivity - Meas. | 3.30 | N | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.98 | 1.62 |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | RSS | | | 11.44 | 10.49 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval) | | | K=2 | | | 22.87 | 20.98 |
| Notes for table | | | | | | | |
| 1. Tol. - tolerance in influence quantity | | | | | | | |
| 2. N - Normal | | | | | | | |
| 3. R - Rectangular | | | | | | | |
| 4. Div. - Divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty | | | | | | | |
| 5. Ci - is the sensitivity coefficient | | | | | | | |

10 EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

| <u>Name of Equipment</u> | <u>Manufacturer</u> | <u>Type/Model</u> | <u>Serial Number</u> | <u>Cal. Due date</u> |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Robot - Six Axes | Stäubli | RX90BL | N/A | N/A |
| Robot Remote Control | Stäubli | CS7MB | 3403-91535 | N/A |
| DASY4 Measurement Server | SPEAG | SEUMS001BA | 1041 | N/A |
| Probe Alignment Unit | SPEAG | LB (V2) | 261 | N/A |
| S-Parameter Network Analyzer | Agilent | 8753ES-6 | US39173569 | 2/9/07 |
| Electronic Probe kit | Hewlett Packard | 85070C | N/A | N/A |
| E-Field Probe | SPEAG | EX3DV3 | 3531 | 7/21/06 |
| Thermometer | ERTCO | 639-1S | 1718 | 1/11/07 |
| SAM Phantom (SAM1) | SPEAG | TP-1185 | QD000P40CA | N/A |
| SAM Phantom (SAM2) | SPEAG | TP-1015 | N/A | N/A |
| Data Acquisition Electronics | SPEAG | DAE4 | 558 | 1/20/07 |
| System Validation Dipole | SPEAG | D835V2 | 4d002 | 1/23/08 |
| System Validation Dipole | SPEAG | D1900V2 | 5d043 | 1/29/08 |
| Power Meter | Giga-tronics | 8651A | 8651404 | 12/27/06 |
| Power Sensor | Giga-tronics | 80701A | 1834588 | 12/27/07 |
| Amplifier | Mini-Circuits | ZHL-42W | D072701-5 | N/A |
| Radio Communication Tester | Rohde & Schwarz | CMU 200 | 838114/032 | 3/21/07 |
| Simulating Liquid | CCS | M835 | N/A | Within 24 hrs of first test |
| Simulating Liquid | CCS | M1900 | N/A | Within 24 hrs of first test |

11 PHOTOS

MC5720 CDMA2000 MODEM MODULE



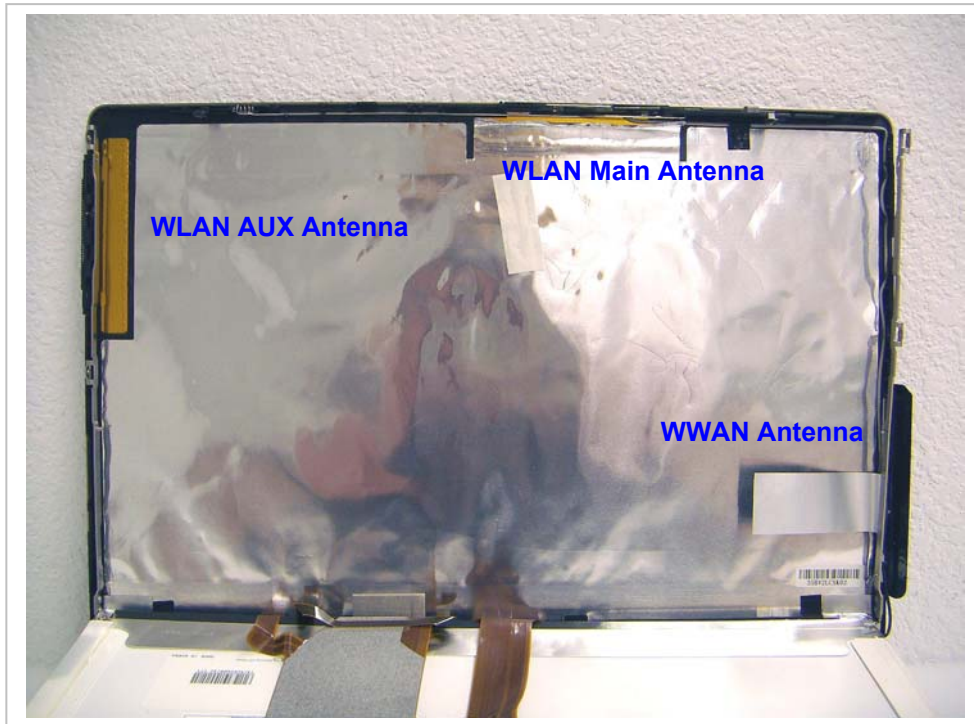
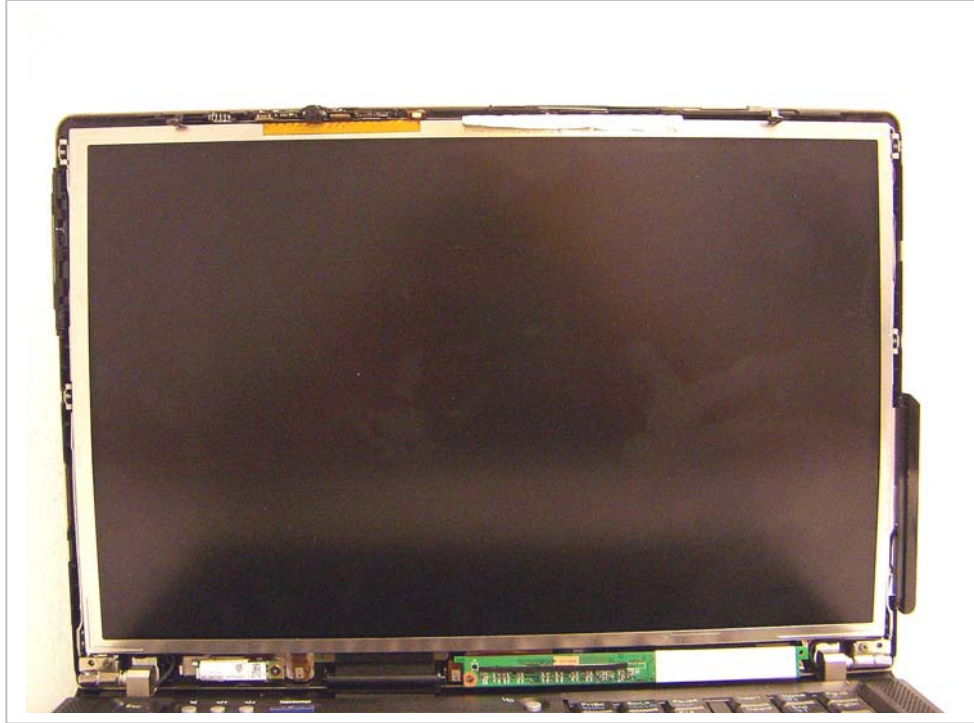
M2 / Z61t Note with Carbon fiber frame



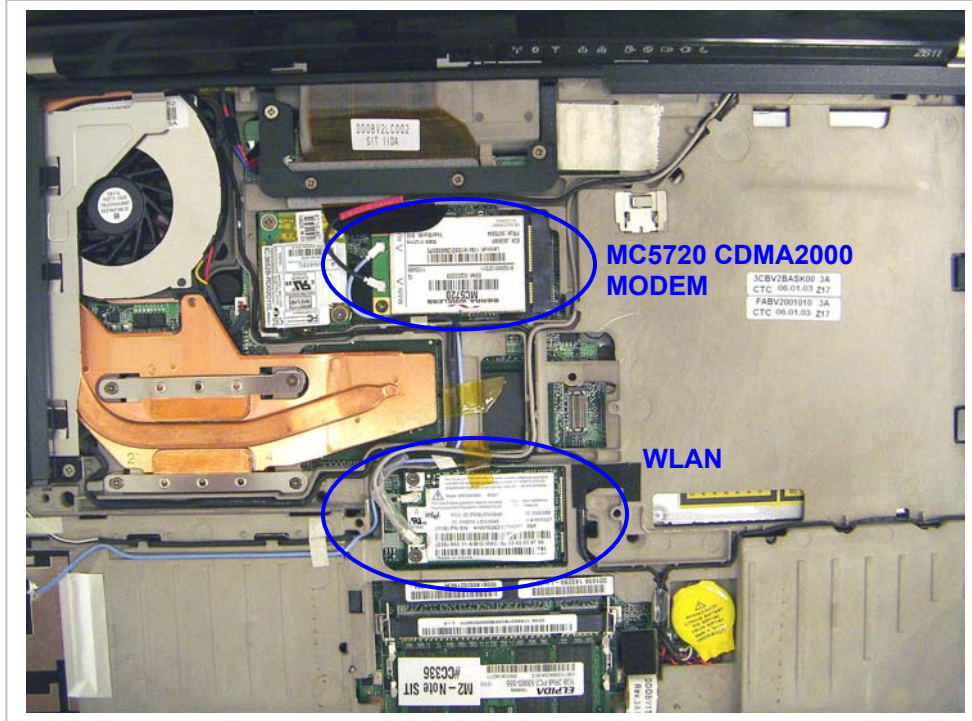
M2-Note with Aluminum frame



Antenna location- M2 Note with Aluminum frame



MC5720 location- M2-Note Aluminum frame



W2-Note with Carbon fiber frame



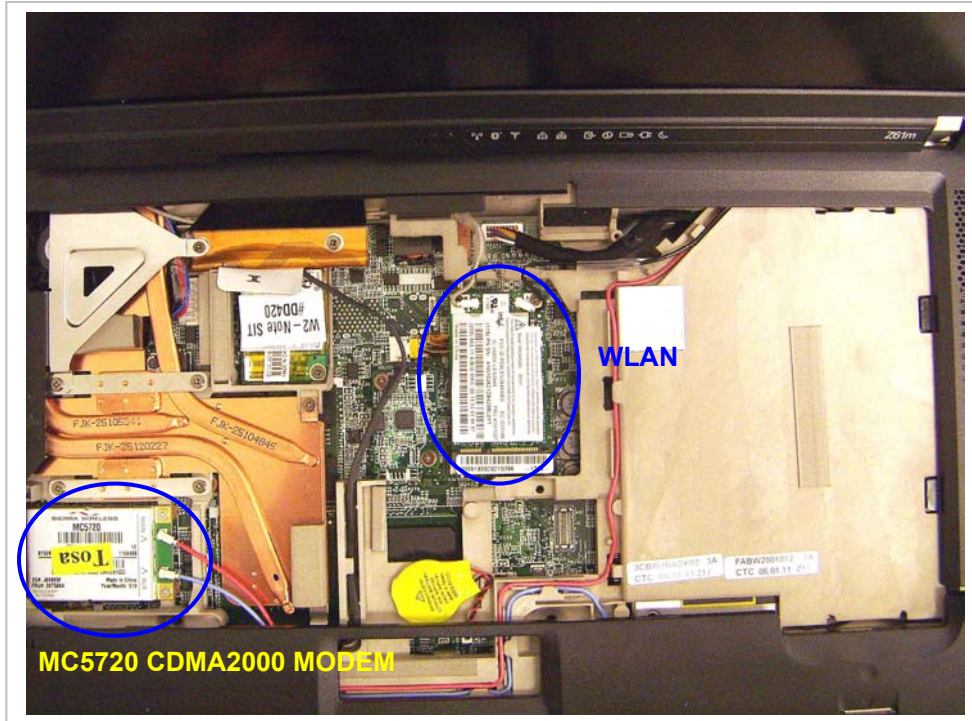
W2-Note with Aluminum frame



Antenna location- W2 Note with Aluminum frame



MC5720 location- W2 Note with Aluminum frame



12 ATTACHMENTS

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| 4 | Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D835V2 SN:4d002 | 9 |
| 5 | Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D1900V2 SN:5d043 | 9 |

END OF REPORT